

# THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES WASHINGTON, D.C. 20201

AUG - 8 2006

The Honorable Richard Cheney President of the United States Senate Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Mr. President:

Pursuant to the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 and 42 C.F.R. Part 83, a petition was filed on behalf of workers from the Ames Laboratory in Iowa to be added to the Special Exposure Cohort (SEC).

On June 15, 2006, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) presented its findings on the petition evaluation to the Advisory Board on Radiation and Worker Health ("the Board") at the Board meeting in Washington, D.C. On July 6, 2006, I received the Board's recommendation concerning this petition.

Based upon consideration of the deliberations, findings, and recommendations of the Board and concurrence by the Director, NIOSH, and also by the Director, CDC, I have designated the following class for addition to the SEC:

Department of Energy (DOE) employees or DOE contractor or subcontractor employees who worked at the Ames Laboratory in one or more of the following facilities/locations: Chemistry Annex 1 (also known as "the old women's gymnasium" and "Little Ankeny"), Chemistry Annex 2, Chemistry Building (also known as "Gilman Hall"), Research Building, or the Metallurgical Building (also known as "Harley Wilhelm Hall") from January 1, 1942, through December 31, 1954, for a number of work days aggregating at least 250 work days, or in combination with work days within the parameters (excluding aggregate work day requirements) established for one or more classes of employees in the SEC, and who were monitored or should have been monitored.

The criteria and findings upon which this designation is based are provided in the enclosed report.

Please call me if you have any further questions regarding this matter.

Sincerely,

Michael O. Leavitt



# THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES WASHINGTON, D.C. 20201

AUG - 8 2006

The Honorable J. Dennis Hastert Speaker of the House of Representatives Washington, D.C. 20515

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# HHS Designation of Additional Members of the Special Exposure Cohort under the

Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act

Designating a Class of Employees from

Ames Laboratory Ames, Iowa



#### I. Designation

I, Michael O. Leavitt, Secretary of Health and Human Services ("the Secretary"). designate the class of employees defined in Section II of this report for addition to the Special Exposure Cohort (SEC), as authorized under the Energy Employees Occupational Illness Compensation Program Act of 2000 (EEOICPA), 42 U.S.C. § 7384q.

AUG - 8 2006

Date

Michael O. Leavitt

### II. Employee Class Definition

Department of Energy (DOE) employees or DOE contractor or subcontractor employees who worked at the Ames Laboratory in one or more of the following facilities/locations: Chemistry Annex 1 (also known as "the old women's gymnasium" and "Little Ankeny"), Chemistry Annex 2, Chemistry Building (also known as "Gilman Hall"), Research Building, or the Metallurgical Building (also known as "Harley Wilhelm Hall") from January 1, 1942 through December 31, 1954 for a number of work days aggregating at least 250 work days, or in combination with work days within the parameters (excluding aggregate work day requirements) established for one or more classes of employees in the SEC, and who were monitored or should have been monitored.

## III. Designation Criteria and Recommendations

Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 7384q, for the class defined in Section II of this report, the Secretary has determined, and the Advisory Board on Radiation and Worker Health ("the Board") has recommended, that

- (1) it is not feasible to estimate with sufficient accuracy the radiation dose that the class received, and
- (2) there is a reasonable likelihood that such radiation dose may have endangered the health of members of the class.

The SEC final rule states in 42 C.F.R. § 83.13(c)(1) that it is feasible in two situations to estimate the radiation dose that the class received with sufficient accuracy. First, the rule states that radiation doses may be estimated with sufficient accuracy if NIOSH has established that it has access to sufficient information to estimate the maximum radiation dose for every type of cancer for which radiation doses are reconstructed that could have been incurred under plausible circumstances by any member of the class. Alternatively, radiation doses may be estimated with sufficient accuracy if NIOSH has established that it has access to sufficient information to estimate the radiation doses of members of the class more precisely than a maximum dose estimate.

The Board, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 7384q, advised the Secretary to designate the class as an addition to the SEC in a letter dated July 5, 2006 and received by the Secretary on July 6, 2006.

#### IV. Designation Findings

#### Feasibility of Estimating Radiation Doses with Sufficient Accuracy

The Secretary established the feasibility determination for the class of employees covered by this report upon the findings summarized below.

- (1) The sum of information from the available resources is not sufficient to document or estimate the potential maximum internal and external exposure to members of the class under plausible circumstances during the period of radiological operations at the Ames Laboratory.
- (2) Although NIOSH has determined that doses from exposures to uranium production and casting can be reconstructed, exposures resulting from production and casting of thorium metal during 1953 and 1954 cannot be reconstructed.
- (3) Pursuant to 42 C.F.R. § 83.13(c)(1), NIOSH determined that there is insufficient information either to estimate the maximum radiation dose for every type of cancer for which radiation doses are reconstructed that could have been incurred under plausible circumstances by any member of the class, or to estimate the radiation doses of members of the class more precisely than a maximum dose estimate.
- (4) NIOSH determined that it is possible to reconstruct or bound the occupational required medical doses.

#### Health Endangerment

The Secretary established the health endangerment determination for the class of employees covered by this report upon the findings summarized below.

(1) Pursuant to 42 C.F.R. § 83.13(c)(3). NIOSH established that there is a reasonable likelihood that such radiation doses may have endangered the health of members of the class. Pursuant to 42 C.F.R. § 83.13(c)(3)(ii), NIOSH specified a minimum duration of employment to satisfy this health endangerment criterion as "having been employed for a number of work days aggregating at least 250 work days within the parameters established for this class or in combination with work days within the parameters (excluding aggregate work day requirements) established for one or more other classes of employees in the Cohort."

- (2) The evidence indicates that some workers may have accumulated substantial chronic dose as a result of episodic occupational exposure to radionuclides, combined with external exposures to gamma, beta, and potentially neutron radiation.
- (3) NIOSH did not identify any evidence from the petitioners or from other resources that would establish that the class was exposed to radiation during a discrete incident likely to have involved exceptionally high level exposures, such as a nuclear criticality incident, as defined under 42 C.F.R. § 83.13(c)(3)(i).
- (4) The Board concurred with the finding of NIOSH that the health of the class may have been endangered and defined the class according to the 250-work day requirement specified under 42 C.F.R. § 83.13(c)(3)(ii). The Board continues to evaluate the potential of discrete incidents that could have involved exceptionally high exposures to radiation and issues related to workers who may not meet the 250-work day requirement described above, and the Board may make additional future recommendations accordingly.

## V. Effect and Effective Date of Designation

The Secretary submits this report on designation of one additional class to the SEC for review by Congress, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §§ 7384l(14)(C)(ii) and 7384q(c)(2)(A), as amended by the Ronald W. Reagan National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2005, Pub. L. No. 108-375 (codified as amended in scattered sections of 42 U.S.C.). Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 7384l(14)(C)(ii), as amended by the Ronald W. Reagan National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2005, Pub. L. No. 108-375 (codified as amended in scattered sections of 42 U.S.C.), the designation in this report will become effective 30 days after the date of this report's submission to Congress 'unless Congress otherwise provides.'

# VI. Administrative Review of Designation

The health endangerment determination of the designation provided in this report may be subject to an administrative review within HHS, pursuant to 42 C.F.R. § 83.18(a). On the basis of such a review, if the Secretary decides to expand the class of employees covered by this designation, the Secretary would transmit a supplementary report to Congress providing the expanded employee class definition and the criteria and findings on which the decision was based.