

# Office of Law Enforcement Standards (OLES)



# OLES:

*Developing Standards for*

**C**hemical

**B**iological

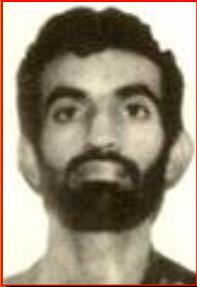
**R**adiological

**N**uclear

**E**xplosive

*Response Equipment*





# TERRORISM









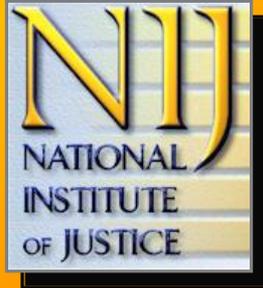
CENTRAL PARK  
NEW YORK CITY



# Office of Law Enforcement Standards (OLES)

NLST

# Office of Law Enforcement Standards



**Performance Standards**



**Test Methods & Procedures**

**Technical Reports**



**User Guides**



# Office of Law Enforcement Standards



**Weapons and Protective Systems**

**Detection, Inspection and Enforcement  
Technologies**

**Chemical Systems and Materials**

**Forensic Sciences**

**Public Safety Communications  
Standards**

# 1998

Department of Defense &  
Department of Justice  
commission

**InterAgency Board for  
Equipment Standardization  
& Interoperability  
(IAB)**

# IAB

Develops & Maintains

# STANDARD EQUIPMENT LIST (SEL)

*Essential Items for responding to*

**Chemical Biological Radiological**  
**Nuclear Explosive**  
*terrorist attacks*

# IAB



## MEDICAL

## PERSONAL PROTECTIVE & OPERATIONAL EQUIPMENT

## SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

## INTEROPERABLE COMMUNICATIONS & INFORMATION SYSTEMS

## DETECTION & DECONTAMINATION

## STANDARDS



# IAB



## MEDICAL



## PERSONAL PROTECTIVE & OPERATIONAL EQUIPMENT



## DETECTION & DECONTAMINATION



## STANDARDS



# National Fire Protection Association

- 69,000 professional & 80 trade association members
- 100+ years of standards experience
- Members include largest group of First Responders



# National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health

- Division of Centers for Disease Control & Prevention
- Among missions: public protection against airborne hazards
- Federal authority for approving respiratory protective devices



# IAB



## MEDICAL



## PERSONAL PROTECTIVE & OPERATIONAL EQUIPMENT



## DETECTION & DECONTAMINATION



## STANDARDS



# IAB STANDARD EQUIPMENT LIST



# IAB

**"Most commodity SubGroups have realized that all equipment that falls in the individual equipment categories will not provide suitable levels of field performance."**

**1999 IAP Annual Report**

# IAB

**"The importance of this SubGroup cannot be overstated ... It is critical that compatibility issues of equipment are addressed now, through nationally recognized standards, before the advent of multi-agency, multi-jurisdictional WMD incidents."**

**1999 IAP Annual Report**

# IAB

**"Standard requirements need to be developed to ensure adequate levels of performance by all domestic preparedness equipment."**

**1999 IAP Annual Report**

# Office of Law Enforcement Standards



## Developing

- Performance Standards
- Test Methods & Procedures
- Technical Reports
- User Guides

since 1971

# Office of Law Enforcement Standards

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- **Member, IAB Standards Coordination Committee**
- **IAB's Executive Agent**
- **Arbiter, Coordinator & Administrator**

# Office of Law Enforcement Standards

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## Qualifications

- **Technical Arm, NIJ's Office of Science & Technology**
- **Working partner with Federal, state & local public safety organizations**

# Office of Law Enforcement Standards



## Qualifications

- **Produced 200+ standards, test methods, technical reports, and user guides**
- **History of effective team building**

# CBRNE Equipment Standards

## TECHNICAL CHALLENGES

- Existing standards are inadequate hybrids of industrial/military standards
- Terrorist CBRNE agents differ greatly from most industrial hazards
- Domestic terrorist situations differ significantly from battlefield situations

# CBRNE Equipment Standards

## TECHNICAL CHALLENGES

- **Developing equipment contingent on identifying & quantifying exposures**
- **Systematic identification and measurement are lacking**
- **Some necessary detection technologies are unavailable**

**CBRNE Equipment Standards**

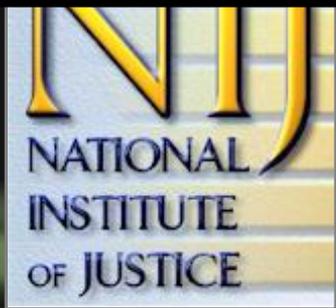
***IAB PRIORITY***

**Standards for  
Personal Protection  
Equipment  
(PPE)**

# CBRNE Equipment Standards

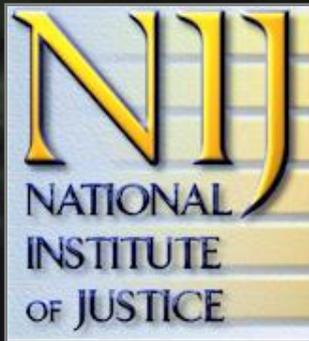


**First Objective:** Develop standards for CBRNE respiratory devices



# CBRNE Equipment Standards

- Memorandum of Understanding signed by 4 federal partners



- Reapportioned funds



- Appointed project manager

# National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health

- Assigned lead technical role
- Developing overall plan
- Gathering threat assessment data
- Quantifying threats

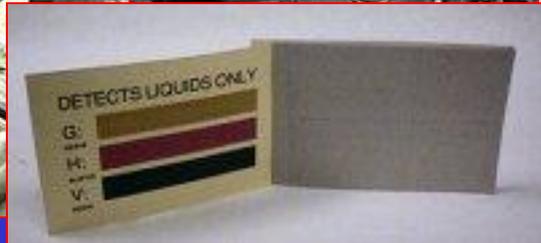
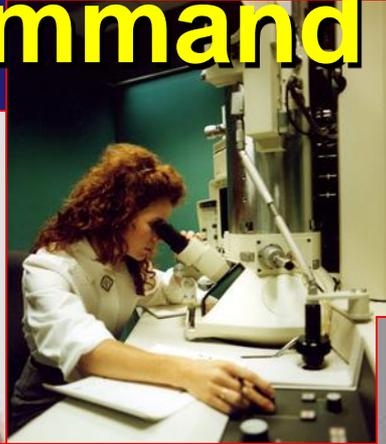


# National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health

- Identifying applicable standards
- Developing final performance standards & test procedures
- Adapting certification program to accommodate CBRNE

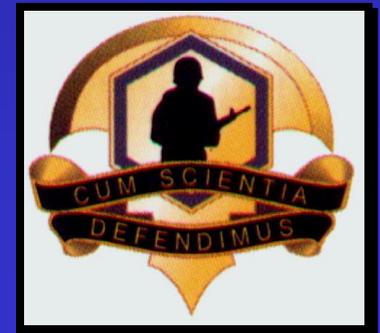


# U.S. Army Soldier Biological, Chemical Command (SBCCOM)



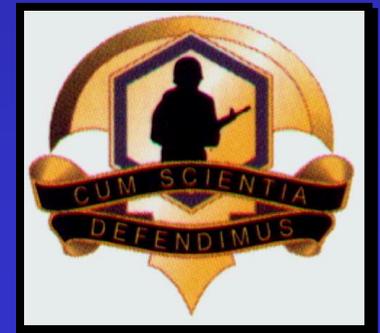
# U.S. Army Soldier Biological, Chemical Command (SBCCOM)

- Supports NIOSH's efforts
- Completes world-class team
- Analyzes threat assessment data
- Identifies likely CBRNE agents & delivery systems



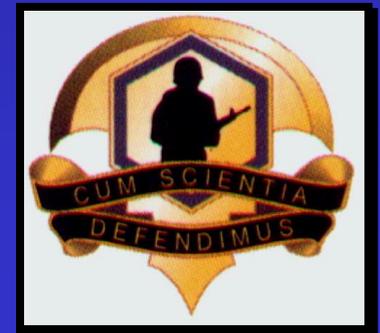
# U.S. Army Soldier Biological, Chemical Command (SBCCOM)

- Assesses existing standards
- Performs vital laboratory research
- Develops key criteria & test methods
- Conducts warfare agent tests against standards



# U.S. Army Soldier Biological, Chemical Command (SBCCOM)

- Publishes database in support of user guides
- Serves as independent testing laboratory



# Office of Law Enforcement Standards

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- **OBJECTIVES**
- **MILESTONES**
- **TIMETABLES**

# NIOSH-SBCCOM TEAM: 2001

- Specific hazard exposures
- Respiratory exposures
- Non-respiratory exposures, PPE, detection equipment



# NIOSH

- Set CBRNE respirator certification standards
  - Conducting discussions
  - Analyzing current standards
  - Determining greatest needs of First Responders



# NIOSH

- Complete gas & organic vapor chemical laboratory
- Propose guidelines for selecting test subjects
- Establish approval policy for SCBA respirators



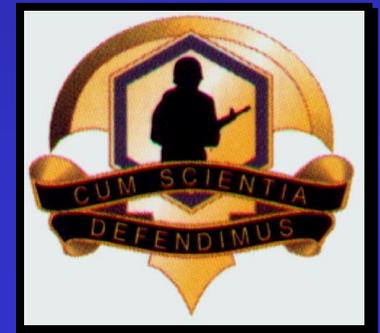
# NIOSH

- Publish user guides
  - Evaluate current analytical methods
  - Develop sizing system
  - Draft report on respiratory filter degradation



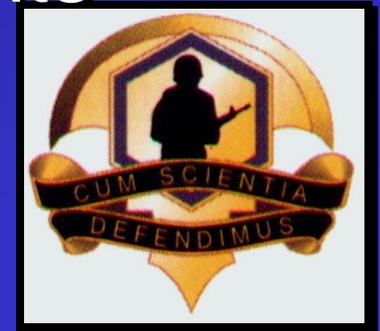
# SBCCOM

- Define sensitivity of chemical agent detectors
- Assess available detection technologies
- Develop ranking matrix
- Review test methods for detectors and non-respiratory PPE



# SBCCOM

- Support development of standards for chemical agent detectors & PPE
- Support development of user guides
- Recommend test requirements
- Begin validating test methods



# IAB

- Accepted early results of respiratory standards effort
- Accepted strategy for standards development
- Will apply strategy, if successful, to all CBRNE equipment standards efforts



## USER GUIDE SERIES

- Existing CBRNE Equipment
- Five Volumes
- Print & CD-ROM
- Covers PPE, detection, decontamination, and communications

# Office of Law Enforcement Standards



## 3.3.3 High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC)

High performance liquid chromatography is most useful in the detection and identification of large and low weight chemical agents such as nerve agents. In the detection and identification of biological agents, HPLC is used for compounds that do not easily volatilize and are analyzed without using gas chromatography. HPLC instruments are available in a variety of configurations such as flow-backpack, skin-Elmer, Shimadzu, and Varian, and is shown in Figures 3-15, 3-16, 3-17, and 3-18. As with GCs, HPLC instruments can be equipped with a variety of detectors such as ultraviolet-visible (uV-Vis) spectrometers, mass spectrometers, fluorescence detectors. Two limitations to the fielding of HPLCs are power requirements (120V house current) and high purity solvent. An HPLC unit available.

# USER GUIDE SERIES

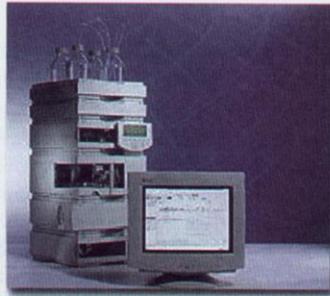


Figure 3-15. Hewlett Packard HP1000 HPLC System



Figure 3-17. Shimadzu LC-10 HPLC System

**Table 3-3. Handheld Portable Detection Equipment (CA)**  
May 2000

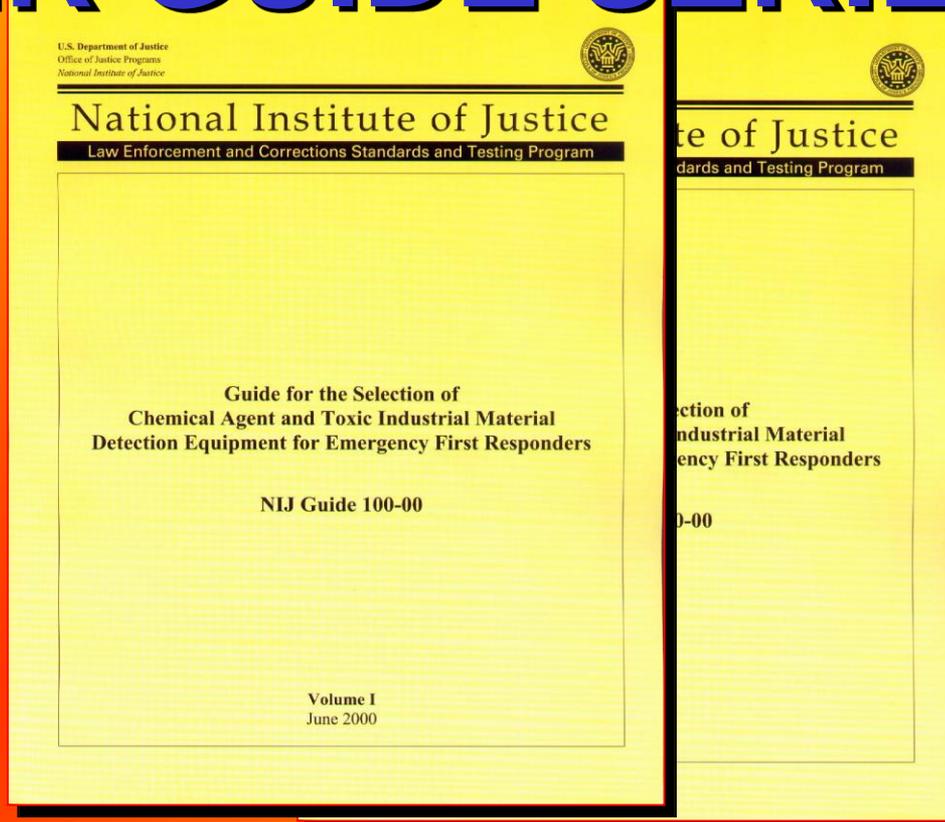
Detector Name	Chemical Agents Detected	Time Detected	Sensitivity	Resistance to Interferents	Response Time	Start-Up Time	Detection States	Alarm Capability	Portability	Battery Needs	Power Capabilities	Environment	Durability	Unit Cost	Operator Safety
MiniRae 2000	●	TBD	○	TBD	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	TBD	●	●	●
P2C Chemical Agent Detector	●	○	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	○	●	●
SA Passport II PID Monitor	●	TBD	○	TBD	TBD	●	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	○	●	TBD
Advanced Portable Detector (APD) 2000	●	○	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	TBD	○	●	●
SET INDIV Individual Nerve Agent Detector	●	○	●	●	○	●	○	TBD	NA	NA	●	●	TBD	●	●

Figure 3-18. Varian ProStar Analytical HPLC System

# Office of Law Enforcement Standards



## USER GUIDE SERIES





## COMPUTER-BASED ASSESSMENT TOOL

- Three scenarios
- Probable agents & delivery systems
- Probable exposures
- Based on SBCCOM models



# ACHIEVEMENTS

Management Structure

World-Class Team

Development Strategy

First Responder  
Resources

Heightened Awareness

