1	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
2	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA	
3		
4	ERIC WESTON, : $((\zeta))$	
5	Plaintiff, :	
6	VS. : NO. RG 08-426405	
7	ASBESTOS CORPORATION LIMITED, : et al.	
8	Defendante	
9	Defendants.	
10	VOLUME II	
11		
12	VIDEOTAPE DEPOSITION OF JOHN KELSE	
	DATE: Wednesday, August 26, 2009	
HELD AT: Marriott Stanford		
14	TILLE THE TIGHT OF G	
15	243 Tresser Boulevard	
10	Stamford, Connecticut 06901	
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15	and an entrope tring a trade
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STIPULATIONS

It is stipulated by counsel for the parties that all objections are reserved until the time of trial, except those objections as are directed to the form of the question.

It is stipulated and agreed between counsel for the parties that the proof of the authority of the Notary before whom this deposition is taken is waived.

It is further stipulated that any defects in the Notice are waived.

It is further stipulated that the reading and signing of the deposition transcript by the witness may be signed before any Notary Public.

PROCEEDINGS

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the videotaped deposition of John Kelse taken by the plaintiff in the matter of Weston versus Asbestos Corporation Limited, et al. This case is filed in the Superior Court of California, Docket Number RG 08-426405.

This deposition is being held at 243
Tresser Boulevard, Stamford, Connecticut on
August 26, 2009. My name is Jacob Brandon
from Brandon Smith Reporting and Video
with offices in Hartford, Connecticut. The
court reporter is Marian Cummings from
Brandon Smith Reporting and Video with
offices in Hartford, Connecticut.

We're now going on the record at 10:19 a.m. Counsel will now state their appearances, for the record, please, after which the court reporter will swear in the witness.

MS. ABRAMS: Denise Abrams and Will Ruiz for the plaintiff.

MR. RADCLIFFE: Tom Radcliffe for R.T. Vanderbilt Company, Inc.

MR. LEE: Simon Lee from Siegel

1	McCambridge on behalf of DAP,
2	Incorporated.
3	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Anybody on the
4	phone?
5	MR. DAVIS: Good morning. Mark Davis
6	for Kaiser Gypsum Company, Inc. with the
7	law firm of Hassard Bonnington.
8	MR. EPSTEIN: Morning. Mark T.
9	Epstein of McKenna, Long & Aldridge, LLP,
10	appearing for Certainteed Corporation.
11	MR. CHON: Richard Chon from Perkins
12	Coie for Georgia-Pacific.
13	MR. JACKSON: Warren Jackson for
14	Cyprus Amax Minerals Company.
15	MS. GILLEN: Linn Gillen, Foley &
16	Mansfield on behalf of Calavares Asbestos
17	Limited and the University of California
18	Regents.
19	MR. DONATON: Adam Donaton with
20	Walsworth, Franklin, Bevins & McCall
21	representing W.W. Henry and the Henry
22	company.
23	MR. DEANE: Jeffrey Deane of Selman
24	Breitman for RT Vanderbilt Company, Inc.
25	JOHN KELSE,

(after being first duly sworn or affirmed, 1 2 was examined and testified as follows:) DIRECT EXAMINATION 3 BY MS. ABRAMS: 4 5 Good morning, Mr. Kelse. Q. 6 Α. Good morning. 7 Q. As you know, we are here on the 8 second day of your deposition as the person 9 most qualified and custodian of records for 10 the R.T. Vanderbilt Company in this case. 11 understand you're here in that capacity? 12 Α. I understand I'm here to answer the 13 questions as best I can. 14 Q. Well, sir, let me show you again 15 the Notice of Deposition. We have a copy of 16 it here, which was attached to the first 17 volume of your deposition which is the reason 18 that you're here to talk to us today. And you 19 have been designated for bringing documents 20 and discussing 76 categories of documents. 21 MR. RADCLIFFE: That's not accurate. 22 BY MS. ABRAMS: 23 Q. Excuse me, 56 categories of person 24 most qualified information with the exception 25 of two categories of information that

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 info
 that
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Mr. Thompson has been designated for regarding Mouldene and correspondence with Johns Manville, and I think several categories of information regarding sales, and other than that, you have been brought here today pursuant to this notice.

Have you in the interim between your last deposition and this deposition reviewed the Notice of Deposition in this case and why don't you show him a copy of the notice.

MR. RADCLIFFE: I'm going to object to that very long predicate as not being a question and being a statement by counsel for plaintiff as not being accurate and not part of the question. The question is compound. Go ahead and answer.

A. Whether or not I had seen this document?

BY MS. ABRAMS:

Q. We can start there. Have you seen that document before? We showed it to you at your last deposition and asked if you had seen it and you said no, so I'm asking in the interim, have you reviewed that Notice of Deposition for which you're being produced

1 today?

- A. No. My understanding is I'm here to respond to questions that pertain to technical aspects of the case because I do keep all of the technical records in my office from an occupational health standpoint since it's my job at the company.
- **Q.** I move to strike the response and ask you again, Mr. Kelse. Between the time that we first met and your first deposition and today, have you reviewed the notice of deposition in front of you?
 - A. No.
- Q. Have you in any other way learned of the categories of information that you have been designated as the person most qualified here today to speak on behalf of the R.T. Vanderbilt Company?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, vague, ambiguous.

A. The attorneys have explained to me that my role is to explain as best I can what I know from my technical records and my experience at Vanderbilt on the issues that relate to this case.

- . .

- Q. So other than your role in the technical aspects of the issues as you understand them that relate to this case, did you do anything or talk to anyone to become educated or learn about information that is being asked in the notice of deposition?
- A. Well, I've been involved over the last week with Mr. Radcliffe in the sense of going through my records and files. And it was explained to me that that exercise was to extract information that would be pertinent to the case. My role was to show the attorneys where the records were kept, basically what the records were, and they proceeded to copy them.
- Q. Where did you show them the records were?
 - A. At my office.
 - Q. Inside your own office?
- A. Inside my own office and adjacent areas to my office.
 - Q. What adjacent areas?
- A. There's a fax machine and a copy machine area that's just 20 feet away where there's a bank of file cabinets and a couple

- of file cabinets are devoted to information that pertains to New York State Talc.
- Q. Did you show the attorneys a locked room with historical files in it?
- A. There is a room probably 40 feet or so away where we had some old records, I think probably a couple of file drawers, two or three file drawers of records.
- Q. Did you show that room to your attorneys?
 - A. Yes, I did.
- Q. What else is in that room besides two to three file drawers?
- A. Records that pertain to New York
 State Talc. The others are patent files and
 research and development on chemical products
 and things of that nature.
 - Q. Did you look in those files?
- A. Well, there would be no need to look in those files for those are files for other types, we sell over 700 products.
- Q. So is it fair to say that you did not search for files regarding Mouldene talc and the patenting or any other information, research information in those files for

1 Mouldene talc? 2 MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, misstates 3 prior testimony. Α. 4 Well, the files that pertain to New 5 York State Talc which would incorporate 6 information relative to Mouldene would be in 7 the files that I indicated. They wouldn't be 8 anywhere else. 9 Q. Did you find a file called Mouldene 10 talc patent information in the New York State Talc files? 11

- A. Patent information?
- Q. Correct.

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- A. No, that wouldn't be in those files because I'm risk, I'm not patent.
- **Q.** But there are a set of files in that room that contain patent information, correct?
 - A. I don't know one way or another.
- Q. Didn't you just testify that there is a bank of files in there and some of the information in the files includes patent information?
 - A. Yes, on some 6- or 700 products.
 - Q. Understood. And is it fair to say,

1	sir, that you did not search those files for	
2	any information on Mouldene?	
3	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, vague	
4	ambiguous, misstates prior testimony.	
5	A. I don't really know how to answer.	
6	I keep files on risk. I don't keep files on	
7	patents.	
8	Q. Sir, does the R.T. Vanderbilt	
9	Company keep files on patents?	
10	A. Of course.	
11	Q. Did you search any R.T. Vanderbilt	
12	files for the patent for Mouldene?	
13	A. No.	
14	Q . Is it fair to say, sir, that in the	
15	interim, the last period of time between your	
16	last deposition and this deposition, the only	
17	files you searched and the only place that you	
18	directed your attorneys was to information	
19	regarding your work and your files?	
20	MR. RADCLIFFE:	
21	Objection, misstates	
22	A. I directed them to the files that I	
23	know contain information relative to New York	
24	State Talc from a risk perspective.	
25	Q. And that is the only information	

that you disclosed, the files for New York
State Talc from a risk perspective; is that
correct?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, vague and ambiguous.

- A. Those are the files that I'm responsible for keeping, yes.
- Q. And with respect to any other department of the RT Vanderbilt Company or any other area that might bear on this case, that may be in files at the RT Vanderbilt Company, but may not be in your technical files or your files with respect to risk management, you left that to somebody else to determine and take care of; is that right?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, argumentative.

A. I really don't know how to answer that question. I maintain information on New York State Talc as part of my files as I maintain risk information for any of our other products that exist. And to the extent that questions arise as to the mineral composition of talc and the risk associated with that talc, as best we have information, I am the

- keeper of that information, that's my job, that's what I keep. What other people keep in their files and what they have in their file, I can't imagine why that type of information would be anywhere else other than with me.
- Q. Well, you don't have patent information, correct?
 - A. Nor would it apply to me, no.
- Q. And in your opinion, it doesn't apply to the case; is that right?
- A. I don't have an opinion one way or the other about it. It's just not something that I'm responsible for or particularly interested in.
- Q. So if it was out of your area of expertise, then is it fair to say you didn't look for it or talk to anyone else with respect to finding documents for this case or educating yourself on information that might be outside your area?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, compound, misstates prior testimony, assumes facts not in evidence.

A. I would be interested in information that pertains to my area of

responsibility, period.

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Q. Let me ask you something, sir. If you were told that you were going to be the representative of the company in a certain area and you were going to speak for the company, in speaking for the company would you rely solely on yourself to determine what you should say and what you might have to gather up in order to do that?

- A. I would rely only on my best knowledge or understanding of the issues of the question that you pose to me. I would try to answer it as fully and completely as I could and that's all I can do.
- Q. I'm not talking about in the litigation matter. I'm talking about if you were speaking on behalf of the company, for example, on an corporate matter, would you talk to other corporate individuals to determine the range of information that you would need to make that effort?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections.

A. I would defer -- if I were asked questions on issues that I was not responsible for or knowledgeable about or if I felt there

were others who knew more about that subject, like patents or quality or other issues, I would defer to those individuals to speak about their area of expertise because I think you would get more complete information that way than have me make assumptions and -- so in other words, I would want the person who knew the most about that topic to be the person you speak to.

- Q. Who would you consult to learn about historical information on patents?
- A. Patents, the employee that did most of the patents unfortunately is deceased. I think her name was Rasma (phonetic) Balodis, B-A-L-O-D-I-S, and I believe she passed away seven or eight years ago.
 - Q. Where were her files kept?
- A. They were kept in what was known as the R & D library and then they were subsequently moved into these banks of files, into this locked room that you mentioned before, which is a room just off the old R & D library.
- Q. And who is responsible for her files at this time?

- A. At this time, I don't know for certain so I'd rather not say.
- Q. That's something you could find out if you asked somebody?
 - A. Sure.
- Q. And what else is in the room, and I'm assuming this is the room you told us about that has a key and you have the key; is that correct?
- A. I have the key, other people have the key.
- Q. What else is in that room besides the New York State files on New York State Talc and the historical files on patents, what else is in there?
- A. There's several bookcases that contain some reference materials mainly related to rubber chemicals, journals and things of that sort that are used by the rubber chemists. That's probably the biggest product line of the company are rubber chemicals. There's also reference and journals and documents linked that are used by chemists in the area of lubricants, things of that nature, ceramic information because the

- company is broken up into these various product lines.
- Q. Do you keep formulas, do you know, for other customer products?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection to form, vague and ambiguous.

- A. Well, for every product, all six or seven hundreds of them, for every product there's a chemical structure and that's available in the product literature.
- Q. Perhaps I wasn't clear. For example, if a company was making a product that included a New York State Talc component to it, would you -- let me finish my question -- would you have any formulas or batch information regarding their product and how they use the talc in their product?
- A. I can say that generally we wouldn't, but I cannot swear that we might not because our research and development group and our sales group are technical or research and development, obviously, would be and they do interface with customers and they do discuss the application and uses of our products and their formulations and so forth. More often

than not, ultimate formulations are -- by customers are proprietary, they keep them to themselves.

- **Q**. If there were files from a customer that had that information, where would those be kept?
- A. If such information existed, they would be kept in the R & D departments that were linked to that particular product line, such as the rubber lab or the lubricant lab.
- **Q.** Did you search any R & D files for information on customers that may have used Mouldene in their products?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, vague and ambiguous.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

- Q. Do you understand the question?
- A. I do. That would not be -- that would not be an area that I would have any interest in.
- Q. Well, whether you're interested in it or not, did you search for any files in the R & D department that may have pertained to the use of Mouldene in a customer's product?
 - A. Well, my area is risk so my area is

1 no

not product applications.

2

Could you read the question back and please

Move to strike as nonresponsive.

4

answer the question.

Q.

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(Whereupon, the court reporter read back the previous question.)

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A. And the answer is no for the reason I gave you.

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Q. Who would have access to those files, if they existed?

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A. Certainly the research and development personnel responsible for those product lines.

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Q. Well, who would that be, who was in charge?

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A. The company's broken up into different sales group. I think I mentioned that once before, so you would have -- the largest department would be the rubber department. So there is a sales manager that heads the rubber department.

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Q. Who is that?

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A. I don't think it's Ken Kelly any

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longer. I'm not sure. I would have to check.

Beyond

1 specialty products? 2 I'm not sure we even have a 3 specialties department anymore. It used to be 4 a fellow by the name of McCausland (phonetic) 5 and Jim McCausland also died four or five 6 years ago. 7 Q. And where are his files kept? 8 Α. They would be in the sales area of 9 the company. 10 Q. Did you check at all with any of 11 the sales people in searching for documents in 12 response to our notice asking for documents? 13 MR. RADCLIFFE: Excuse me, could you 14 read back that question? 15 (Whereupon, the court reporter read back the 16 previous question.) 17 Objection. MR. RADCLIFFE: 18 the scope of the designations for this Go ahead. 19 witness. Α. 20 No. 21 Q. 22

Do you know if anyone at the R.T. Vanderbilt Corporation has searched for any records regarding Mouldene or any Mouldene customer information or other information in the sales department at the R.T. Vanderbilt

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Corporation?

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MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objection.

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A. I'm not aware of any.

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Q. You -- just going back to this locked room that you have a key, you, I believe, in your prior deposition you said that there was a locked file that said see John Kelse and you're the only one that had the key to that, do you remember that

9

10 testimony?

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A. Yes, I do.

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Q. What was that file?

13 14 A. Those are -- there are two file cabinets, five drawers in each, and old

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records on dealing with New York State Talc

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risk aspect of it, mineralogy aspect of it,

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reference documents linked, you know, to that

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subject, most of which I have working copies

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in my own office for so these are more

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historical, but that's what was in those two

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file cabinets. So they -- because they were

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not really working files, documents that I

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refer to or really use because I have the originals or because I have copies in my

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office, so it was just the storage for those

types of records so that's what's in those two file cabinets.

- Q. So that's ten file drawers, sir?
- A. Well, they're not all full with that. I've put other information in some of those drawers to get them out of my office and make room to expand some of the talc files in my own office, so it's no longer that many drawers. It's maybe four, four or five, and these were drawers that I directed the attorneys to, I believe that they copied the material in those records.
- Q. You mentioned that -- I believe you mentioned last time that you had questionnaires and underlying data information I believe for the Honda study, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- **Q.** Did you direct your attorneys to that information?
 - A. I did.

- Q. Was that in the locked drawers that we're talking about?
 - A. No, that was in my office.
- Q. And did that information get copied and produced?

A. Yes, they got copied. You'll have to ask the attorneys if it was produced.

MS. ABRAMS: Just for the record, at this point we have no idea what was produced because it was produced on disk and we have not been able to obtain hard copies here, so with respect to anything that was produced yesterday on disk, we reserve our right to redepose the witness on any of that information and any new information.

And I just also state for the record that in meeting and conferring with Mr. Chusid last week, we explained that if we were to get any new documents we needed them by last Friday and if we were to get anything here at the deposition we needed it in hard copy so that we could review it and we did not get that. And I understand that there's been an effort made to get us information, but in terms of deposing the witness, it's unavailable to us to review at the moment.

MR. RADCLIFFE: I understand that you met and conferred with Mr. Chusid last

week. I don't know if your description is accurate or not. I'm happy to tell you for the specific documents that you've just requested, I'm happy to tell you where they are located on the CD that I provided to you so that you can look at them right now, if you wish.

MS. ABRAMS: Are you saying you have an index of the documents?

MR. RADCLIFFE: I do not. I just happen to know the particular file number for those documents. I happen to know the particular file numbers for a number of documents, but that's one of which I know.

MS. ABRAMS: As I said, I reserve the right to redepose the witness after I can properly review the information that's been given to us and not waste a lot of time sitting here trying to look on a computer at probably hundreds of pages.

MR. RADCLIFFE: Mr. Ruiz is here, you don't have to do it. We want to get finished. I understand your reservation. I don't agree with it.

MS. ABRAMS: You don't have to agree

with it.

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BY MS. ABRAMS:

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questionnaires for the Honda study? Was it a

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How many pages are on the Q. file drawer full?

No, I would say it's the backup data that I had in the file which included those and everything else that I had that pertained to the Honda study is a stack of paper from here to about here, so I'm indicating of about five or six inches.

> MS. ABRAMS: Thank you. Why don't you -- we'll take you up on your offer. You can let us know where those documents are, if possible.

MR. RADCLIFFE: OKAY. Your files that are named JK04DR02F001, that contains the Honda study. And then there are backup data. That contains -- that's approximately 159 pages. That contains a copy of the Honda study and various backup information. And the files that follow that, 002, 003 and a couple, there are additional backup documents that may have been used in the Honda study.

MS. ABRAMS: Thank you.

MR. RUIZ: Can you tell me which disk that is?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Yes, that would be CD

BY MS. ABRAMS:

two.

- **Q.** Mr. Kelse, anything else in the 10 drawers that you have the key to that we've been talking about?
- A. There's nothing that I know that hasn't been copied. I pointed out the file drawers and records that pertain to New York State Talc and I did observe the law firm copying those files.
- Q. Do you have correspondence files with -- that contain correspondence with Dr. Wylie?
- A. Those would be in several files, one of which is the chronological order of all the analytical reports and so that file was copied completely. I know that was, from what I understand, it was provided before, but you asked some questions about it, if it had been updated because it had been copied five years prior. So it was copied just last week so

- it's as up to date as what I have, but that's where there would be some reference and some correspondence with Dr. Wylie. I'm trying to think where else you might find that.
- Q. Do you have a file that just says
 Dr. Wylie or Ann Wylie on it?
 - A. I do, yes.
 - Q. Did you produce that file?
- A. I showed the attorneys where that -- where those files were.
- Q. How many files are there that are just Dr. Wylie files?
- A. It's just one file and the correspondence has to do with the analytical reports which is replicated in the chronological list. There's also when they copied the backup data for the Hull paper, I also had in that file drawer backup data for the cell study that we -- I think we discussed briefly at the last deposition, that's the Wylie Mossman, so it was a considerable amount of correspondence linked to that study which that was copied as well.
- Q. When you say backup data, was that with respect to the samples that you provided

for that study?

- A. It pertained to that and it pertained to data that was shared with Vanderbilt relative to particle sizing and characterization and other work that was done that went into the preparation of the published paper.
- Q. Do you -- last time we were talking, you mentioned that when you were first hired to work at R.T. Vanderbilt that one of the people that was actually on your hiring committee was Dennis Race, do you remember that?
- A. I mentioned that I had met Dennis
 Race at the time, whether he was on a hiring
 committee or not, I don't know if that's how
 he would describe it, but yes, I did meet him.
- Q. If I mischaracterized your testimony, I apologize, that's what I understood. Can you tell me -- and Dennis Race is an attorney with Akin Gump; is that right?
 - A. He is, yes.
- Q. And he's still an attorney for R.T. Vanderbilt?

- 1
- Yes. Α.
- 2
- Q. And he's been an attorney for R.T.
- 3
- Vanderbilt since before you got to R.T.
- 4
- Vanderbilt, correct?
- 5
- That's correct.
- 6
- And he's -- do you know when he Q. first started working for the R.T. Vanderbilt
- 7 8
- Company?
- 9
- Α. I don't.
- 10
- It's correct that Mr. Race is an Q.
- 11
 - attorney that has -- and without giving me any
- 12
- attorney-client information because I don't
- 13
- asbestos litigation matters; is that right?

want you to -- but you work with him on

15

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MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, vague and

16

Beyond the scope. ambiguous.

- 17
- I have communicated and worked with Α.

Mr. Race on all issues that pertain to New

- 18
- 19 York State Talc and not just litigation, but
- 20
- regulatory and legislative and scientific and
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- 22
- 23
- 24
- That includes asbestos litigation, Q.

every avenue that we have been involved in

- correct?
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MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections.

that I've been involved in.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

- 3.

- Q. I'm not saying it's the only thing you talk about, but it's one of the things you do.
 - A. It's certainly not.
- Q. He does have that role as well as other roles?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objection.

- A. To the extent that I get involved in cases involving New York State Talc, he's aware of it and sometimes he'll be the first person to tell me that this is a case and you'll be contacted by the attorneys and that sort of thing.
- **Q.** So far as you know, he is involved in the asbestos litigation and knows about this case, correct?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections.

- A. Well, if you remember from my last deposition you know it's like waving a red flag in front of a bull when you use the term asbestos, right, we don't have any asbestos in the talc, whatever you want to call it.
- Q. I apologize for raising the red flag. Let me ask you this question, with

respect to cases where the R.T. Vanderbilt
Corporation has been sued by people alleging
exposure to asbestos and asbestos-related
diseases, Mr. Race is someone who is involved
in that litigation, correct?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objection.

- A. He is aware of it, exactly what his involvement is, I'm not really familiar. I know he's always involved as you would expect he would be.
 - Q. Why would you expect that?
- A. Because he's an attorney and he's been working with the Vanderbilt company over this whole span of years and I think they look to Mr. Race for overviews as to what's going on in the legal arena.

MR. RADCLIFFE: I'm going to object and move to strike as speculative and lack of foundation for that response and the prior one.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

- **Q.** Do you know the composition of the board of directors of the R.T. Vanderbilt Corporation?
 - A. No, I don't.

1 Q. Do you know if Mr. Race serves on the board of directors of the R.T. Vanderbilt 2 3 Corporation? Α. He is, yes. Q. 5 So he's currently a board member? 6 Α. I know that, yeah. 7 Q. And do you know any other board 8 members that come to mind? 9 Well, certainly Hugh Vanderbilt, Α. the CEO, certainly Paul Vanderbilt, I believe 10 11 the CFO chief financial officer, Joe Dinaro 12 (phonetic) and quite frankly, beyond that, I'm 13 It's changed over time. 14 Q. You are obviously a salaried 15 employee of the R.T. Vanderbilt Corporation? 16 Α. Yes. 17 Q. Do you own stock in the 18 corporation? 19 Α. No. 20 Q. Do you have stock options? 21 Yes, there is a stock option for Α. 22 salaried employees. 23 Q. And what is the nature of that 24

option?

Α.

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Well, as I understand it and I'm

not an expert at it, but there's a certain portion or set amount of stock that's set aside for and that stock stays static and as employee's salary, salaried employees at certain salary rankings retire or leave the company, they have to sell that stock back to this pool and then it's redistributed to the remaining pool of individuals that are eligible for that stock.

So it's -- and I think that's the way the agreement works. So in other words, when I retire, whatever I have and I don't even know what it is, is then sold back to the company at whatever the rate is at the time I retire and then that same number of stocks are distributed to others that are in the pool.

- Q. So in other words, when you retire, part of your retirement is going to be a benefit from the sale of your stock option that is based on the value of the stock at the time you retire; is that right?
 - A. That's my understanding, yes.
- Q. Was that stock option available and a benefit when you first hired in in 1985?
 - A. Yes, I believe it was.

1 Q. So that's available to all salaried 2 R.T. Vanderbilt employees at least since 1985, 3 so far as you know? Objection. Calls for 4 MR. RADCLIFFE: 5 speculation. BY MS. ABRAMS: 6 7 Q. Correct? 8 Α. That's my understanding. Do you know whether the amount of 9 Q. 10 your stock option, the amount of stock you --11 for your option, does that vary between 12 employees or is there a flat rate per 13 employee? Do you have any idea how that 14 works? 15 Α. It's predicated on your rank, first 16 of all, it's only available for managers and 17 above and it's also linked to the number of years of service, so it will vary from person 18 19 to person. 20 Q. Do you -- is it ever the case 21 that -- strike that. Do you receive annual bonuses from the R.T. Vanderbilt Corporation? 22 23 Not as a strict rule, but Α.

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generally, yes.

Q.

So it's not part of the deal, but

1 over time you have gotten a bonus, for the 2 most part, every year? 3 MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, assumes 4 facts not in evidence, vague and 5 ambiguous. 6 Α. When the company has the funds to 7 do that then they do and when they don't, they don't. 8 9 Q. And over the last 10 years have you 10 received bonuses every year? 11 Α. I have, yes. 12 Q. How about over the last 20 years, do you recall any years when you did not 13 14 receive a bonus? 15 Α. I believe there were a couple of 16 years when no one did. 17 Q. Do you remember approximately when that was? 18 19 Α. No, I don't. 20 Q. Was that in the 1980s? 21 I don't recall. It has a lot to do Α. 22 with the sales, obviously. 23 Q. And during any time in your work at 24 the R.T. Vanderbilt Company from 1985 until 25 the present, other than your annual bonus did

you ever receive any special bonuses that didn't come on an annual basis?

- A. No, I haven't.
- Q. Do you know if employees receive other kinds of bonuses other than annual bonuses?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, calls for speculation.

- A. I'm not aware of any. I don't know.
- **Q.** Have you gotten any special awards from your employment at R.T. Vanderbilt from the company?
 - A. No.
- Q. Now, we -- I want to turn your attention to what is stamped WES 00001 to WES 001361 and I'll represent to you that that is a set of documents that were produced to the plaintiff in this case in sometime around mid July. And I want to know if you have had an opportunity to review that set of documents and whether you can attest, sir, that these are business records of the company that are kept in the regular course of the company's business?

Objection, compound,

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MR. RADCLIFFE: vague, ambiguous.

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BY MS. ABRAMS:

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Q. And why don't you have an opportunity to look through these documents

because I'm going to ask you to authenticate that these are true and correct copies, every

single one of them, of R.T. Vanderbilt

Company's business records unless your counsel

wants to stipulate to that. You can go ahead

and take a look at them, one at a time.

- A. Well, if I recognize these as documents from my files, I'll tell you that. If I don't recognize them, then I don't recognize them.
 - Q. That's fine.
- A. That doesn't necessarily mean they may not have been in my blizzard of files.
- Q. Well, you've been produced as the custodian of these records and if there's a different custodian of the records who needs to come in here and authenticate them as business records, then we need to see that person.

MR. RADCLIFFE: There's no different

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custodian of records. Mr. Kelse is the custodian of records -- let me withdraw that and say Mr. Kelse is the custodian of the records for the categories for which he If those documents has been designated. fall within categories for which he has been designated, he is the person to answer your questions, but I also think you should define what business records mean because that has yet to be defined.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

Q. The question is still pending.

> MR. RUIZ: In the letter where you guys parsed out who was going to answer what, you only referred to persons most qualified. You didn't refer to custodians I think we said the of record. The problem is we had more correspondence. document requests than we did categories.

> MR. RADCLIFFE: And they didn't match up.

MR. RUIZ: Right, because we had specific documents we requested.

MR. RADCLIFFE: What we did say was that Mr. Kelse was the custodian of records

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for the documents, the categories --

MS. ABRAMS: We can notice the custodian of records for every single piece of paper that you've produced, if you want us to do that, we'll do it, or you can stipulate that these are documents that were kept in the regular course of business that were made at or around the time of the document and that they are true and correct copies of those records, if you'd like to stipulate to that, we can avoid that, but at one point or another, someone from the R.T. Vanderbilt Corporation is going to have to attest that every single piece of paper that you've produced is a business record and is admissible at trial. And if you don't want to do that the easy way, we'll just do it the hard way and you can bring someone here because we'll notice the deposition and you can bring them out to California, it's up to you.

MR. RADCLIFFE: I don't think that those are my only choices and we have designated someone to respond to your custodian of records designation and that

is Mr. Kelse for the categories for which he is responsible. There are other categories for which Mr. Vanderbilt has been designated.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

- Q. The sales records, so other than that, the sales records which are included in there, there's several page of sales records. You can skip over those, if you like.
- A. These right at the top is an agreement.

MR. RADCLIFFE: That's already been taken care of.

Q. Excuse me, can I have that one?

MR. RADCLIFFE: There's already been questions and answers on that one.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

Q. Is this agreement are you stipulating that the agreement which is WES 001 through WES 0040 -- 41 is a true and correct copy of business records kept, a document kept in the ordinary course of business?

MR. RADCLIFFE: I'll stipulate that the documents in your hands, including the

1 asset purchase agreement and the letter were marked individually as exhibits for 2 3 Mr. Vanderbilt's deposition for which he is 4 the custodian of records and that you asked 5 him questions about whether or not they 6 were true and accurate and he responded on the record while we were in California two 7 8 weeks ago, whenever it was. MS. ABRAMS: I don't believe we asked 9 10 him if they were records kept in the ordinary course of business of the R.T. 11 12 Vanderbilt Corporation, did we? 13 MR. RADCLIFFE: I think that -- it's 14 my recollection that you did, but I think 15 Mr. Ruiz has his transcript. 16 BY MS. ABRAMS: 17 Q. Do you know whether these -- do you 18 have these records in your file? 19 No, those, I do not. Α. 20 Q. So you can't attest to anything, 21 okay? 22 Well, I can attest to these, these 23 are in my files. 24 MR. RADCLIFFE: What you need to do instead of saying "these," what you need to 25

do is read the numbers at the bottom right-1 2 hand corner and you can say 6 through 20 or 3 whatever. 4 Α. So you want to sit here and go 5 through this right now? MR. RADCLIFFE: That's what she wants 6 7 to do. BY MS. ABRAMS: 8 9 Q. May I help you, please? 10 Α. This group here is from my files. 11 Q. Let me ask the questions, okay? 12 Α. Sure. You want the whole stack? 13 Q. No, you keep the stack. 14 document number 43, 44, 45 all up through 56, 15 these are documents that these are true and 16 correct copies of documents that you've kept 17 in your own personal files? 18 Α. Yes. 19 At the R.T. Vanderbilt Corporation? Q. 20 Α. Yes. 21 And these are records that you keep Q. 22 in the ordinary course of your business with the R.T. Vanderbilt Corporation? 23 24 Α. Linked to my job, yes.

And these were made at or time of

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Q.

1 the date of the document, you didn't create 2 them today or yesterday? 3 Α. No. Q. 4 So this first document for, 5 example, September 23rd, 1987, that's when 6 that was written; is that right? 7 Α. I believe so. 8 Q. And that's true for all of these 9 documents? These aren't things that are new, 10 these were business records that were kept at 11 the time they were made, correct? 12 Yes. Α. 13 MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection. Compound, 14 vague and ambiguous. 15 MS. ABRAMS: Did you get the answer? 16 THE COURT REPORTER: Yes. 17 BY MR. ABRAMS: You can keep the sales records, sir. 18 Q. 19 Α. That's what these are. It looks 20 like the next group of files, the next group 21 of files are part of that analytical, chronological analytical history file that I 22 mentioned a number of times. 23 24 Q. Can I have that, please?

Hold on. I'm not finished putting

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Α.

these together. This is going to be a tall one, should be a tall one, if it was complete.

Q. I'll tell you what, why don't we go off the record and take a five-minute break and let you go through that whole stack, okay?

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record at 11:08.

(A brief recess was taken.)

MR. ZAPALA: Hi, this is Al Zapala, I'm checking in.

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the beginning of Tape Number 2. We're back on the record at 12:06.

(Whereupon, the court reporter read back the previous question.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

Q. Back on the record, Mr. Kelse, and you have spent the last hour looking at every single page of the first set of documents that was produced by the R.T. Vanderbilt Corporation to determine whether each and every page of those documents was a document -- a true and correct copy of a document that was kept by the R.T. Vanderbilt Corporation in the regular course of their

1 business made at or around the time that the document was created. Can you tell 2 3 me, sir, can you read the first number on the 4 document there. WES --5 Α. -- 000069. 6 MR. RADCLIFFE: Let me just object. 7 MS. ABRAMS: Let me finish my question, please. 8 9 MR. RADCLIFFE: You made a question 10 and I'm going to make an objection to it. 11 The first question was a long predicate, I disagree with it, incorrect statement of 12 13 facts. It's compound. 14 MS. ABRAMS: 15 16

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MS. ABRAMS: can you read the question back, please, because I wasn't finished with my question. I would appreciate it if you would let me finish the question and then you can make your objection. So let's get on the record that question that's pending and let me finish the question.

(Whereupon, the court reporter read back the previous question.)

Q. Mr. Kelse, did you spend the last hour looking at every single page of the

1 documents of the stack in front of you which 2 was the first production of the R.T. 3 Vanderbilt Corporation of documents? Α. 4 Yes, I did. 5 MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, incorrect 6 statement of facts. Go ahead. 7 BY MS. ABRAMS: 8 Q. Did you look at every single page 9 of that stack in front of you? 10 Α. Yes. 11 Q. Can you give me the first number on 12 the top of that stack? 13 Α. WES 000069. 14 **Q** . And can you give me the last 15 number, please? 16 Α. The last number WES 001361. 17 Q. And with the exception of several 18 documents we're going to talk about, is every 19 single one of those documents in that series, 20 WES 000069 through 1361 a document, a true and 21 correct copy of a document kept by the R.T. 22 Vanderbilt Corporation in the regular course 23 of its business and a document that was made 24 at or around the time that it says on the 25 document that it was created?

Objection, vague, 1 MR. RADCLIFFE: 2 ambiguous, compound, incorrect statement of 3 facts. BY MS. ABRAMS: 4 5 Q. Do you understand the question? 6 Α. I believe so. 7 Q. And is that correct, other than the exceptions which we're going to talk about --8 9 Α. Yes, it is. 10 Q. -- every one of those documents is 11 a business record of the R.T. Vanderbilt 12 Corporation that you found in your files? 13 MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections. BY MS. ABRAMS: 14 15 Q. Can you answer the question? 16 Α. I recognize them all, yes. Thank you. Now, let's talk about 17 Q. 18 the exceptions that you tagged. Which documents did you tag, sir? 19 20 Α. I tagged a couple of documents that 21 I didn't recognize --22 Q. All right. 23 Α. -- as being in my files. 24 Q. Why don't you give me the first 25 document that you recognize -- that you don't

1 recognize? 2 Okay, and I'll try to keep these in 3 order for you. 4 Q. I'll take those from you. What's the Bate number on that? 5 6 Α. This is WES 000363. 7 And how many pages, what's the last Q. page of that document you don't recognize? 8 9 Α. The last page would be WES 000372. 10 Q. Okay, can I have that. Thank you. 11 This is entitled Analytical Report on Ceiling 12 Samples Taken From Apartment Winston Towers, 13 Cliffside Park, New Jersey; is that correct? 14 That's what this says, yes? I just want to 15 identify it for the record. 16 Α. I didn't recognize it. 17 Q. That's what the document is, 18 though? MR. RADCLIFFE: He doesn't have it in 19 20 front of him. 21 Α. That's what it says, yes. 22 Q. Can you read for us the first page 23 of that? 24 Α. Analytic report on ceiling samples 25 taken from Apartment 25 through -19 of Winston

1 Towers, Cliffside Park, New Jersey. 2 Q. Thank you. And what's the next 3 document that you don't recognize? 4 Α. Actually. 5 Q. And strike that. Do you know where 6 this document came from, WES 363? It came from my files, I just don't 7 Α. 8 recognize it. This one? 9 Q. Okay. 10 This one appears to be linked to 11 that and this is a Report of Investigation 12 dated 1993. Do you want the number? 13 Q. Please. WES 0000643. 14 Α. 15 Q. And 644, correct? The two page are 16 643 and 644? 17 Α. Yes. 18 Q. And other than that, these are all 19 business records that you kept in the regular 20 course of your business as the risk manager 21 for the R.T. Vanderbilt Corporation, correct? 22 Α. I recognize them as being in my 23 files, yes. 24 Q. And then, I'm sorry, I think you

have one more tag on there?

1 Α. Yes, there was one other. 2 is -- these look like computer printouts. 3 This is WES 000972 through 990. These are tox line printouts --4 5 Α. Yes. 6 Q. -- you don't recognize? 7 Α. I don't. 8 Q. Do you know where they came from? 9 Α. Again, they could be in my file, I 10 just didn't recognize them. 11 Q. These are reports of studies? 12 Α. Abstracts of published papers. 13 Q. Do you know whether you have the 14 actual papers in your files for those 15 abstracts? 16 Α. I would have to look through each 17 of these. I may have some, I may not have 18 others. Do you want me to do that? 19 Q. We can maybe do that later, but you 20 don't recognize the abstracts? 21 Α. I don't recognize the abstracts. And are there any other documents 22 Q. 23 that you cannot attest are business records of 24 the corporation?

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Α.

No, all the rest are familiar to

me.

Q. Thank you, sir. Now, this next production, the second production of documents was in three sections. The first section is WES 001362 through 1742 and these appear to be files regarding International Talc Company.

Can you tell me if you recognize these files? And I'll represent to you that we received these last Friday so they were recently produced. Did they come out of your file that you mentioned, International Talc files that you told us about?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection to the form of the question. It's compound. Predicate is a statement, it's not a question. It's incorrect.

- A. So you want me to look through these and tell you whether I recognize these?
- Q. That's right, and if these are records from your files that you mentioned. Why don't we go off the record for a minute.

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record at 12:17.

(A brief recess was taken).

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're back on the

record at 12:35. 1 BY MS. ABRAMS: 2 3 Q. Mr. Kelse, you've had an opportunity to look at Bates stamp number 1362 4 5 through 1742 which appear to be records of 6 International Talc: is that correct? That's correct. 7 Α. 8 Q. And are those true and correct 9 copies of records that you have kept in your 10 file as a risk manager for the R.T. Vanderbilt 11 Company? 12 MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, vague and 13 ambiguous. 14 Α. I don't recognize them. Those are 15 not records that I keep. 16 Q. Those are not records that you can 17 recognize or can authenticate for us? Α. That's correct. 18 19 Q. Bates stamp 1743 through 1969, 20 these are mineralogical studies, do you 21 recognize these? 22 Α. With the exception of one document, 23 I recognize them all. 24 MR. RADCLIFFE: You have two tabs in 25 there.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

- Q. This is Bates 1824 and it's entitled Asbestos Selected Cancer, is that the one you don't recognize?
 - A. I don't.
- Q. And that is 1824 through 1835. You don't believe this was kept in your file, sir?
- A. I don't recognize it. I couldn't tell you whether it was there or not.
- Q. Okay. And we also tagged Bates
 1891 through 1894 and some blank pages and
 I'll represent to you that the next number in
 the series is 1905. So this would be the
 documents 1891 through 1905.

This is a Bureau of Mines Report of
Investigation in 1979 entitled Relationship of
Mineral Habit to Size Characteristics for
Tremolite Cleavage Fragments and Fibers by
William Campbell, Eric Steel, Robert Virta and
Michael Eisner. Do you actually recognize
this study as one that you have in your
possession?

- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. This document here is not a complete document; is that correct?

1	A. Right.
2	Q. Some of the pages are blank?
3	A. Yes.
4	Q. And I ask your attorney if you
5	would provide the complete document. You have
6	the complete document, correct?
7	MR. RADCLIFFE: It's been provided.
8	It's on the CD that I've given to
9	you.
10	THE WITNESS: Yes.
11	MS. ABRAMS: Thank you.
12	MR. RADCLIFFE: Probably several
13	times.
14	BY MS. ABRAMS:
15	Q. Other than that, you recognize all
16	the documents in that series 1743 through 1969
17	with the exception of the asbestos selected
18	cancer document?
19	A. I do.
20	Q. And these are all true and correct
21	copies of documents that you keep in your own
22	files as business records?
23	A. Yes.
24	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, vague and
25	ambiguous.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

- Q. And they were created at the time that the writings on the documents indicate; is that correct?
 - A. Yes, as indicated.
- Q. Mr. Kelse, the rest of this production starting with 1970 are workers' compensation files. Do you keep workers' compensation files in your office?
 - A. Some.
- Q. And do you know whether these files were copied from your office, do you have any idea, one way or the other?
- A. If that stack is from last week, they were, yes.
- Q. Do you keep redacted copies of workers' compensation files in your office, in order words, where the names and Social Security numbers and other information is blocked out?
 - A. I do not.
- Q. So the files in your office are complete files that have all the information in an unredacted form; is that right?
 - A. Yes.

And we have -- there's 1 MS. ABRAMS: 2 been an offer made by Mr. Radcliffe that he 3 will look through the workers' compensation 4 files and let us know if he'll stipulate to 5 business records by September 11th. 6 MR. RADCLIFFE: Correct. 7 BY MR. ABRAMS: And we will consider that offer and 8 Q. 9 at least forego for this deposition your going 10 through every single one of those files, 11 okay? 12 Α. Thank you. 13 MS. ABRAMS: With that, I think we'll 14 break for lunch. 15 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record at 16 12:40. 17 (A luncheon recess was taken.) 18 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're back on the 19 record at 1:51. BY MS. ABRAMS: 20 Good afternoon, Mr. Kelse. 21 Q. 22 Α. Afternoon. We're back from lunch and I would 23 Q. 24 like now to move on to the exhibits that you 25 produced at your last deposition and ask you,

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I've brought the exhibits with me, we got them from the court reporter. I'll ask you if you could just take a look at that set of documents which were attached to your prior deposition and let us know if those were your records that you kept in the regular course of your business and that they were made at or around about the time indicated on the document. I believe last time you did tell us those were your records, you went through your files and you brought them?

- A. Yes, I did.
- Q. So can you verify for us that those are business records of the R.T. Vanderbilt Company?
 - A. Three copies of the same thing.
- Q. We marked what you brought. Can I see that?
- A. That's what it looks like. I'd better take a quick look.
- Q. Are those your business records sir?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And all of these documents were created at or around the time indicated on the

documents?

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- Α. Yes.
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- Q. Today your counsel handed me a
- stack of pages which I'm going to now mark for
- 5 this record. The first document is entitled
 - Workers Comp Mesothelioma Deaths Claimed.
 - second page of that document is workers'
 - comp, WC Non Malignant Pulmonary claims GTC
 - and this is a four page document. Can you
 - take a look at that and let me know if that's
 - something that was produced in your file?
 - Α. Yes, it is and actually, the table
- you have is an extension of this.
 - Q. So let's add these next two pages
 - and mark that whole stack as an exhibit.
 - Α. Right, they actually go like this.
 - Q. All right.
 - Α. I think that's the complete
 - package.
 - Q. So this is going to be Exhibit 9 to
 - the deposition and it's a seven-page document.
 - (Exhibit Number 9 was marked for identification.)
 - BY MS. ABRAMS:
 - Q. And where did you find that
- document, sir, Exhibit 9 in your files? 25

Α. Where -- in -- the file was labeled 1 2 Compensation Claims. 3 Q. And is this the entirety of that 4 file? 5 Α. No. no. it's not. 6 Q. What else is in that file? 7 There were four mesothelioma Α. 8 compensation claims which were copied last 9 week and there are -- there was a summary list 10 which was part of that. 11 Other than these pages, there's a Q. 12 summary list? 13 Α. That is the summary list. 14 Q. Okay, so this -- you have produced 15 the summary list? 16 Α. You have it there. Yes, anything else in the file that 17 Q. 18 you haven't produced, other than the claims 19 themselves? 20 MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, vague and 21 ambiguous. 22 Α. No, I indicated which were the 23 compensation files that were taken out and 24 they were copied and included in that was the 25

summary table, the list that I gave you, and

the files of the mesothelioma claims,
information that I had on those, and that's
what was in the file.

- **Q.** So it's your understanding that Exhibit 9 that I'm holding right now was also copied in the production?
 - A. Yes, it was in the file.
- **Q.** And is there a particular reason why you also brought this with you today?
- A. Other than it's -- I like to try to have summary papers rather than -- so I brought it because if we did discuss any of these, that would be helpful for me to reference.
- **Q.** Okay. Next is a Emanuel Rubin,
 November 6, 2006 letter to you, Mr. Kelse, and
 this is a four-page document which we'll mark
 as Exhibit 10.

Would you take a look at that and we can mark it in a minute. Was that also in the file that you're speaking about?

- A. Yes, it was.
- Q. Okay, and is this a summary -- strike that. Did you send certain information to Dr. Rubin for his review?

1	A. I sent him the files that we had on
2	the four mesothelioma workman's comp cases
3	which were the same as what was produced to
4	you.
5	Q. Did you send Dr. Rubin a version of
6	the files that were redacted or unredacted?
7	In other words, were there black marks that
8	marked out the names and the information of
9	the people or were they sent to Dr. Rubin
10	without black marks on them?
11	A. They were unredacted, without the
12	black marks.
13	(Exhibit Number 10 was marked for
14	identification.)
15	BY MS. ABRAMS:
16	Q. Is it correct, sir, that Dr. Rubin
17	is not a treating physician for any of those
18	individuals?
19	A. That's correct.
20	Q. And he is your consultant?
21	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, vague and
22	ambiguous.
23	BY MS. ABRAMS:
24	Q. Strike that. Who is Dr. Rubin and
25	why did you send him the information?

- A. Dr. Rubin is a pathologist who we consulted on for advice regarding the content of the four mesothelioma claims, the files that we sent to him.
- Q. Did you send Dr. Rubin actual pathology?
 - A. When it was available.
 - Q. How did you get the pathology?
- A. I think it was only one case where there was actually tissue available. I don't believe he looked at the tissue unless he states it in his letter. There was another pathologist who did look in one case at tissue and Dr. Rubin reviewed her analysis.
 - Q. What pathologist was that?
- A. I would have to look at the file. He may have mentioned her name, she was in London, Ontario.
 - Q. Perhaps you can review the record.
- O A. Sure. Dr. Bertha Garcia,

 1 G-A-R-C-I-A
 - Q. And do you know why Dr. Rubin selected Dr. Garcia to review the pathology?
 - A. Dr. Rubin didn't select Dr. Garcia to review the pathology, that was done prior

to Dr. Rubin doing the report.

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- Q. Who selected Dr. Garcia to review the pathology?
- A. I sent that file to Dr. Morgan,
 Keith Morgan, in London, Ontario Hospital and
 Dr. Morgan selected that pathologist
 apparently because he knew her.
 - Q. Who is Dr. Morgan?
 - A. He's a pulmonary specialist.
- Q. What is his role? Is he a treating doctor for any of these people?
 - A. No.
 - Q. What is his role?
- A. He's a physician that we knew of.

 He had formerly worked at NIOSH as the

 director or their pulmonary division in

 Morgantown, I believe.
- Q. So you retained Dr. Morgan to review information for R.T. Vanderbilt Company?
 - A. To review that file, yes.
 - Q. That one particular file?
- A. I think there were two files. I think these were cases, were two cases in 1995. Those were the two files.

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Q.

A. He reviewed the files to advise me as to his impressions of the files as to whether or not the cases appear to have been properly diagnosed to begin with and any other information he saw in the file because we needed assistance of someone was qualified to

render an opinion for purposes of the workers

compensation cases, correct?

He reviewed these cases in order to

- **Q.** Did you utilize that opinion in any way in objecting to the workers' compensation claim of the claimant?
- A. I would have to look at the dates, but I believe the claims had already been awarded. It was not a part of that process.
- Q. So you didn't submit Dr. Morgan's report to the compensation people?
 - A. No.

review those files.

- Q. And it wasn't part of any appeal?
- A. No, as I recall, it wasn't.
- **Q.** Did you ever use Dr. Morgan to render opinions for purposes of disputing workers' compensation claims?
 - A. No.

- **Q.** Have you reviewed the workers' compensation files that were produced to my office prior to your testimony today?
 - A. I've seen them, yes.
- Q. If I told you that there were reports from Dr. Morgan that were in the workers' compensation files, you would assume -- your testimony is that those would not have been submitted to the claims board, those would have been for R.T. Vanderbilt's own in-house use?
 - A. That's my knowledge, yes.
- Q. In order to -- well, strike that.

 How did you get the pathology in one of these cases in order to have someone review it?
- A. Well, in the two cases in 1995, we actually asked for releases for the medical records which we obtained signed releases and we used them for the medical records that the -- that were pertinent to the claim.
- Q. Who did you ask to release the information?
- A. I think -- well, in the files that were copied, those release forms, a copy of the release form is there and the release form

is a release form to Vanderbilt.

information? Who released the information to

Who did you ask to obtain release

you?

A. In one case I believe it was the individual while he was still alive and then the other I believe it was his wife.

- Q. What did you tell the individual who was still alive and his wife that you were -- why were you seeking that information?
- A. Because we wanted to know as much about the diagnosis as possible. We felt that it would be important for the company to understand that and, even more importantly, it would be important information to also share with the individual to the extent that it was any different information than he already had so it would have been shared with him.
- Q. And it's correct, is it not,
 Mr. Kelse, that in each one of those cases
 where you asked the claimant or his spouse to
 release information, ultimately you used that
 information to dispute the worker's claim for
 compensation?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection,

argumentative.

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BY MS. ABRAMS:

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Q. That's true, isn't it?

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Α. Actually, it's not. I don't recall

using the information to dispute any of those claims.

So it's your testimony here today Q. that the R.T. Vanderbilt Company or its carrier did not dispute any of the claims where you sought information from the claimant's personal information and medical information by authorization?

> MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, argumentative, misstates previous testimony, assumes facts not in evidence, calls for speculation.

Α. The most recent case that involved in 2005, the insurance carrier did contest it and it was -- eventually it was awarded regardless, but I don't recall our using any information we collected in respect to contesting that claim. Most of the issue there was other or competing risk, other types of work.

> MS. ABRAMS: Could you read the

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answer back, please?

(Whereupon, the court reporter read back the previous answer.)

BY MS. ABRAMS:

Well, you disputed the claim, Q. correct?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections.

- Α. For the reason that I stated.
- Q. Did you dispute the claim, sir?
- Α. The carrier disputed the claim.
- Q. The carrier disputed the claim in a case where you asked for information from the claimant or the spouse of the claimant and you represented that it was because you were interested in finding out more about their disease correct?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, argumentative, misstates previous testimony.

Α. Well, in terms of last case, actually, that one case, the data that was presented in the medical records our medical consultants felt that it was sufficient that, in fact, it was a confirmed mesothelioma. So our own records, you know, confirmed it.

Move to strike as nonresponsive. Did you dispute the claim, sir?

- The carrier disputed the claim.
- And did you tell the individual who you sought information from, the worker, or did you tell the spouse of the worker who had died that in giving you information that the R.T. Vanderbilt Company or its carrier might ultimately dispute their workers' compensation

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, argumentative, misstates previous testimony, assumes facts not in evidence.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

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Q. Did you or did you not tell them that?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objection.

- Α. I did not tell them that.
- Q. In fact, sir, wasn't that a real possibility, at the time that you asked for an authorization from a worker or the spouse of a deceased worker that you needed information in their medical file that ultimately for one reason or another the R.T. Vanderbilt Company

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or its carrier might actually dispute their workers' compensation claim? Wasn't that a possibility at the time?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, calls for speculation, assumes facts not in evidence argumentative.

- A. It certainly was not our -- that was not why we asked for the information. We were essentially trying to learn as much as we could about the case.
- Q. Move to strike as nonresponsive.

 Could you read the question back to the witness, please?

(Whereupon, the court reporter read back the previous question.)

MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections.

- A. Well, my answer to that is it's not something that actually occurred to us. We were interested in the information. We were not thinking of it in terms of using it to dispute a compensation claim and in that case, to the best of my knowledge, it wasn't used in that way.
- Q. Sir, how many workers' compensation claims have been filed against the R.T.

- Vanderbilt Company for cancer related alleged asbestos exposures?
 - A. Do you have the list?

- Q. And I'm showing you Exhibit 9.
- A. Right, I think I have a copy of it here.
 - Q. Why don't you just take Exhibit 9.
- A. Okay. As I've indicated here there's -- to my knowledge there are seven.
 - Q. Seven mesothelioma claims?
- A. No, no, four mesothelioma claims and three claims related to lung cancer.
- Q. Well, let's start with the four mesothelioma claims, sir. In each one of those claims did R.T. Vanderbilt or its insurance carrier for one reason or another dispute that R.T. Vanderbilt was liable for that claim?
- A. I don't know about the first three. I do know the last one was contested for the reason that I stated. The other three, I would have to go back and look in the records to see whatever the insurance carrier's documents reflected in that regard.
 - Q. Let me ask it this way: Do you

know of any workers' compensation claim where it was claimed that a mesothelioma was caused from exposure to asbestos by the R.T. Vanderbilt company that R.T. Vanderbilt or its carrier did not dispute the claim?

A. Well, R.T. Vanderbilt is really not disputing claims, the carriers are disputing claims. I don't know if that is a routine process for them or not. They are able to gain access to every claim -- to those records to defend their circumstance. They can hire their own independent medical review expert, if they wish.

It is sort of running on its own track. The carriers more or less run on their own track. They will call us and ask for information, such as their employment history, things of that nature, but very often, all of that sort of operates in a separate sphere and you find out that a claim has been paid that you had no idea was even submitted.

So you get claims runs and you'll see a name and date and it will have a status, open, closed, contested and very often that's the

1 only notice that the company will see.

Q. Move to strike as nonresponsive.

Could you read the question back, please?

(Whereupon, the court read back the

BY MS. ABRAMS:

previous question.)

- Q. Do you know of any such claim?
 MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections.
- A. Well, again I'm having a hard time answering it for a number of reasons. One is there's no asbestos.
- Q. If you can't answer it, just say you can't answer it. Can you answer the question? Do you know of any claim where either the carrier or R.T. Vanderbilt did not dispute the claim when there was an allegation of exposure to asbestos from R.T. Vanderbilt's product for a mesothelioma? Can you answer that question?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, different question, vague, ambiguous, compound, assumes facts not in evidence.

A. I don't, other than that one case I mentioned. I don't know the status of whether they were contested or not. I can tell you

- they should have been, whether they were or not, I would have to look at the file.
- Q. And it's correct, Mr. Kelse, that you told the carriers in every instance that you knew of to dispute the claim because it's R.T. Vanderbilt's position that there isn't any asbestos in their product and it doesn't cause mesothelioma, isn't that construct?
- A. It's more than a position, that is our understanding.
- Q. And that's your directive to the carrier, isn't it, sir?
- A. Well, it's hard to have a disease that people associate with asbestos when you don't have that exposure.
- Q. Move to strike as nonresponsive.
 Could you read the question back, please?
 (Whereupon, the court reporter read back the previous question.)
- A. The carrier would contest a case based on that. If you don't have -- if an allegation of asbestos exists because they're saying it's associated with exposure to your talc and you don't have asbestos in your talc, I would expect the carrier to dispute that

claim, that association.

Q. So that's correct, all of the -the carrier disputes every claim for an
allegation of asbestos exposure for
mesothelioma from R.T. Vanderbilt's product at
the direction of R.T. Vanderbilt, isn't that
right?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, argumentative.

- A. I don't think I said that we directed them. I think I said that they operate pretty much independently. Sometimes we don't even know whether a claim has been settled until we see it.
 - Q. A mesothelioma claim?
- A. The last claim we were aware of, the others we heard about later.
- Q. If that's your testimony here that you did not hear about the mesothelioma claims until they were decided?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, argumentative, misstates facts.

A. The last one no, we were very actively involved in the last one because the individual was alive, he's filed a claim. It

was an active suit. The one prior to that was an individual 87-year-old gentleman who died two years before we even knew there was a claim. That claim was petitioned by his wife. We had no awareness of it until we saw it on a loss run two years later.

- Q. And what did you do about that?
- A. The same thing that we did with the claims in 1995, we tried to collect as much information as possible because we think it's important to know the circumstances of the case.
- Q. And what did you do about the claims?
- A. I don't recall what we did about them. I was, again, more interested in the characteristics of the case, was the diagnosis correct or not correct or did you know or not know, what was his work history, could this have been something that may be linked to other types of work, yes or no.

These were the types of questions that we would want to look at, obviously, because if you don't have answers to those questions, that's a serious medical issue and

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you would hate to think that exposure to your talc would produce that type of an end point disease and we would be very concerned if we felt that that was the case.

If the evidence pointed in that direction, that would be extremely concern -- a major concern so that's why these cases were important to us, we need to know.

Q. Move to strike as nonresponsive.
Could you read the question back, please.

(Whereupon, the court reporter read back the previous question.)

- A. I don't recall doing anything about the claims.
- Q. So when you found out that the comp carrier, the compensation carrier, had paid out claims for mesothelioma deaths after the fact, you didn't do anything to try to dispute the claims, object to the claims, talk to the carrier and instruct them otherwise, nothing?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Object to the form, argumentative, compound, assumes facts not in evidence.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

Q. Is that your testimony?

- A. I do not recall doing anything in terms of going back to the comp carriers and asking them to open cases and contest them.
- Q. Do you remember the name of the individual where you obtained information on that individual? Do you remember Mr. Evans?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Is that a claim that was filed that you knew about at the time and obtained information on that individual?
- A. No, that's not the one I was referring to. I don't know if we knew it at the time or not, I'd have to look at the file.
- Q. Did you not on September 30, 1994 write a letter to Dr. Paleo stating that you've contacted Mr. Evans to receive permission to have access to his medical records and this is -- I'll give you that letter to refresh your recollection.

MR. RADCLIFFE: Is there a Bates stamp on that?

MS. ABRAMS: There is not.

- A. Yes, that's correct. I copied Mr. Evans as well.
 - Q. And you sought that medical

1 information in 1994? 2 Α. I did. 3 Q. And that was prior to the time that 4 Mr. Evans was deceased; is that correct? 5 I believe that's correct. I think 6 that was 1995 when he died. 7 Q. And is that a case where the R.T. 8 Vanderbilt Company or its carrier disputed 9 that claim? 10 Α. I believe they disputed it. 11 in one of the cases they had an independent 12 medical review done and they provided 13 information on the composition of the talc and 14 the general issues of the health studies and 15 so forth to that physician that the carriers 16 were using. 17 So you assisted, sir, in the 18 carrier's attempt to dispute a claim by 19 Mr. Evans who died of mesothelioma; is that 20 correct? 21 MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, 22 argumentative. 23 Α. I provided information I had that I 24 thought would be pertinent to it, yes. 25 Q. Who is Dr. Paleo who you wrote this

1 letter to who is in Ogdensburg, New York? Was
2 that his treating physician?

A. Well, I hate to speculate, but that's --

- Q. Perhaps you might want to look at the letter then.
- A. Well, the name, that's who we would have asked for medical records from would be someone who would have those medical records which would have to be a treating physician.
- Q. And in this letter, Mr. Kelse, in 1994 you wrote to Dr. Paleo, "The company is aware that overexposure to its talc dust, indeed, any mineral dust, can result in adverse pulmonary affects. We are therefore concerned about reports we have received about Mr. Evans' pulmonary condition, wish to be informed on this condition and to assist in any way we can. On behalf of all our talc miners and millers we feel we have a commitment to do so." Did you write that, sir, in this letter? Would you like to see it?
- A. It's my letter. Yes, I did write that.

- Q. And then you wrote, It is our hope to obtain a copy of Mr. Evans' medical record, along with available tissue samples for review by Brian, B-O-E-H-L-E-C-K-E, Bohlecke, M.D., our pulmonary medical advisor and a pathologist familiar with histology, possibly associated with this case. Whatever is learned, and it says form, but I think you meant from, this review will certainly be shared with you, Mr. Evans or any additional parties Mr. Evans might later designate. Did you write that, sir?
 - A. Yes, I did.
- Q. And that was in September 30th, 1994, correct?
 - A. If that's the date, yes.
- Q. And it's correct, sir, that you disputed Mr. Evans' claim of mesothelioma caused by asbestos from the R.T. Vanderbilt Company? That's correct, you disputed that claim?

MR. RADCLIFFE:

Objection, argumentative, assumes facts not in evidence, misstates prior testimony.

A. I would have to look at the file to

1 see what the carriers disputed, but certainly 2 Vanderbilt would always dispute an association 3 with asbestos because there isn't any in the 4 talc and obviously we would dispute that 5 aspect of it. 6 Q. And you obtained this information 7 and provided it to the carrier, didn't you, 8 sir, in Mr. Evans' case? 9 MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, assumes 10 facts not in evidence. 11 Again, I would have to look at the 12 file. I know I did that. I'm not sure 13 whether it was in Mr. Evans' case or one other or it may have been in all of them. I just 14 15 have to look. I would want to do that. 16 would want to be sure that everyone involved 17 in the case would have all the information. MS. ABRAMS: Let's mark that as 18 Exhibit 11, please. 19 20 (Exhibit Number 11 was marked for 21 identification.) 22 BY MS. ABRAMS: 23 Q. Are you familiar with the case of 24 Robert Rice, sir?

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Α.

Yes.

Q. Did you seek information from 1 Mr. Rice's treating physicians in August of 2 3 2005? If you have correspondence to that 4 Α. effect, then I would have to say yes. 5 6 Q. Do you recall anything about 7 seeking information regarding Mr. Rice's 8 medical history at the time that you learned 9 of his death? 10 Α. Yes. And are you aware that he died of 11 Q. 12 mesothelioma? 13 That's what I believe the death 14 certificate said. Is he one of the claims that you've 15 Q. 16 directed us to in the Exhibit 9, first page? 17 He is. Α. 18 Q. Do you know which is his claim? 19 this the 2005 claim of the 74-year-old? 20 Α. No, it would be the -- I believe 21 he died --22 Q. I'm sorry, 2001. 23 Α. That would be his. 24 Q. I apologize. So that would be the

86-year-old died in 2001?

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A. Correct.

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- Q. Sir, if you don't mind, could you please next to 2001 -- could you write the name Rice there so we know who that is there we're talking about?
 - A. (Witness writing.)
- Q. With respect to Mr. Evans, do you know which is his claim? This letter was written September 1994, do you know when he died?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And when was that?
 - A. 1995.
- **Q**. And could you please write Evans down there so we know who we're talking about there. Do you know the identity of the other people that are listed on that page?
 - A. I do.
 - **Q**. Who are they, sir?
- A. 1995, the first one, that's Larry
 Malbeuf.
 - Q. Could you write Malbeuf down there, please?
- A. I have to remember. How that was spelled, B-E --

1 M-E-L-B-U-E-F, if I'm not Q. 2 mistaken. And how about the other claim, who 3 is that? 4 Α. 2005 who is the only one left, I think this one I would remember. Can I look 5 6 at the file real quick? MR. RADCLIFFE: Is it Mr. LaBow? 7 8 THE WITNESS: Yes. 9 BY MS. ABRAMS: That's Mr. LaBow? 10 Q. 11 Α. Right. That was 2005? 12 Q. 13 Α. Right. In fact, in Mr. LaBow's case didn't 14 Q. 15 you review the information from the carrier regarding Mr. LaBow? Do you recall that? 16 17 MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, 18 argumentative, assumes facts not in 19 evidence. I did see documents from the 20 Α. 21 carrier, sure. 22 And the carrier or R.T. Vanderbilt Q. 23 or both obtained the assistance of 24 Dr. Boehlecke to review that case; is that

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correct?

1	A. Yes.
2	Q. Do you retain Dr. Boehlecke to
3	review that case?
4	A. Yes, he's our pulmonary consultant.
5	Q. He's not the carrier's consultant,
6	he's the R.T. Vanderbilt consultant, correct?
7	A. Correct.
8	Q. And, in fact, has Dr. Boehlecke
9	reviewed every single one of these claims on
10	this list, to your knowledge?
11	A. He's aware of them. I don't know
12	that I would say reviewed them. He's a
13	pulmonary consultant and I was working with
14	Dr. Baylik to try to to work with a
15	pathologist that would be would be familiar,
16	more familiar with mesothelioma than he might
17	be.
18	MS. ABRAMS: I'm sorry. Could you
19	read the answer back, please?
20	(Whereupon, the court reporter read
21	back the previous answer.)
22	BY MS. ABRAMS:
23	Q. So it's your testimony that
24	Dr. Boehlecke is not that familiar with
25	mesothelioma?

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MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, argumentative. Assumes facts not in evidence.

- A. I don't know how familiar he is or he's obviously more familiar with it than I am, but you'd have to talk to him to know how familiar.
- Q. Well, do you consult with -- strike that. Do you consult with Dr. Boehlecke for other reasons, other than in mesothelioma cases?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. What types of cases do you believe that you consult with him on?
- A. Well, we consult with him because he's our pulmonary consultant that we have used since 1985 or 1984 to review our pulmonary surveillance data from the plants. It's not a case issue, it's more the status of the pulmonary condition of our talc workers that he has reviewed every two years since 1985.
- Q. So he looks at company annual or bi-annual medical surveillance information; is that right?

- A. The pulmonary aspect of that, yes.
- Q. How often is that data collected?
- A. Every two years.
- Q. Every two years, what other physicians do you consult with to interpret that data for you, other than Dr. Boehlecke?
- A. The way the surveillance program is set up, each employee has a chest x-ray and which is read very shortly after it's taken by the hospital radiologist and that's done during a clinical. If there are issues then you need to immediately act on those.

And then at some point subsequent to that, it could be several weeks, it could be a month or so, Dr. Baylik will also look at the chest x-rays independently and that's with some of the chest x-rays. There's also pulmonary function tests that we take every two years and those are interpreted by the pulmonary function technician and Dr. Baylik will look at those when he also looks at the chest x-rays. And that's how that works.

Q. Where does R.T. Vanderbilt
Corporation have its employees go to have
their medical screenings done?

1 Α. It's been done, there's a hospital in Gouverneur, New York, E.J. Noble 2 3 Hospital, I think that's the name of the 4 hospital. 5 Q. And is that the hospital that R.T. 6 Vanderbilt Corporation has used for its 7 medical screenings since at least the time you 8 got there? 9 Α. For its x-rays, pulmonary 10 function, hearing tests, yes. 11 Q. Do you know how long R.T. 12 Vanderbilt has been using the Noble hospital? 13 I don't know the exact date that 14 they started. They were using E.J. Noble 15 Hospital for those types of tests prior to my 16 arrival, but exactly when they started, I'm 17 not sure. 18 Q. Do you know how much share of stock 19 that the R.T. Vanderbilt Corporation currently 20 owns in E.J. Noble Hospital? 21 MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, 22 argumentative, assumes facts not in 23 evidence. 24 Α. I have no idea. 25 MR. RADCLIFFE: You have to wait

1 until I finish my objection before you talk. 2 3 THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. 4 BY MS. ABRAMS: 5 Q. Go ahead and answer the question. 6 Α. I have no idea. 7 You're not aware that they own any Q. stock in the hospital? 8 9 I'm not. Α. 10 Do you know -- are you aware that Q. 11 the International Talc company owned a hundred 12 percent of the stock of the E.J. Noble 13 Hospital at one point in time? 14 Α. No. 15 Q. Do you know whether the R.T. 16 Vanderbilt Company, when it acquired 17 International Talc, whether it acquired any 18 ownership in the E.J. Noble Hospital? 19 Α. I have no idea. Do you know any of the people who 20 Q. 21 are members of board of the E.J. Noble 22 Hospital? 23 Α. I think Dana Putman, the current plant manager, is a member of that board. 24 25 Q. Anyone else that you know of?

1	A. That's the only one that I know.
2	Q. Do you know prior to Mr. Putman's
3	joining the board of the E.J. Noble Hospital
4	any other R.T. Vanderbilt employees that were
5	members of the board of the E.J. Noble
6	Hospital?
7	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and
8	answered.
9	A. I'm not aware of any others.
10	Q. Are you aware that Mr. Erdman
11	served on the board of E.J. Noble Hospital?
12	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and
13	answered.
14	A. No, not one way or the other.
15	MS. ABRAMS: I just want to state for
16	the record that because we're marking
17	exhibits that Mr. Kelse brought, I want to
18	just be clear that Exhibit 11 is not an
19	exhibit that Mr. Kelse brought, it's
20	something that I have added to the record.
21	MR. RADCLIFFE: I'm not sure I agree
22	with that. Are you making the affirmative
23	statement that that document is not in the
24	records that we provided to you?
25	MS. ABRAMS: Yeah, it's in my files.

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I don't believe it's in your record. not a Bates stamped document. It may be in the records, but I don't have it as a Bates stamped document so I'm kind of at a loss of how to say it's yours when you didn't Bates stamp it if you gave it to me, but it did not come with you today, Mr. Kelse? Ι had it in my own files and it's not one of the two files or the workers' compensation claims that were produced in the last two Whether it exists on the productions. three disks that you gave me that we have not been given hard copies of, I have no You can search it. idea. It's a September 30th, 1994 letter.

MR. RADCLIFFE: For which plant?

MS. ABRAMS: Here, you can keep your hands on it for a few minutes so that you can find it.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

Q. Now, let's go back on the record and just ask you while we're talking about workers' compensation claims is it your testimony, sir, that Mr. Malbeuf, Mr. Evans, Mr. Rice and Mr. LaBow are the only mesothelioma cases that

you know of that came out of the R.T. 1 2 Vanderbilt mines or concerns in Upstate New 3 York? 4 MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection to the form, vague, argumentative. 5 6 Α. They're the only workman's comp 7 cases that I'm aware of. 8 Q. Are you aware of other people who 9 have died from mesothelioma that had prior occupational employment at R.T. Vanderbilt or 10 11 International Talc? 12 Α. Yes. 13 Q. How are you aware of those cases? 14 Α. They were recorded as you would 15 expect they would be in the mortality studies 16 that were done of Upstate New York Talc 17 workers, the most recent being the Honda 18 So up until 1990 which was the vital 19 status cutoff for that study, there were two mesothelioma cases recorded in that study. 20 21 Q. And what were their names? 22 Α. I don't -- I don't know. 23 Q. Do you have the death certificates 24 for those cases?

I don't believe so.

25

Α.

I do know we

copied the -- what base data we had from that study, but I don't know whether those were there or not.

- Q. Did you -- and you provided that data to us recently, in the production you gave us, the data from the Honda study?
 - A. What I had, yes
- **Q.** So any information you have about those mesotheliomas we would now have in our possession, so far as you know.
 - A. As far as I know.
- Q. So in addition to the four mesotheliomas, Mr. Evans, Mr. LaBow, Mr. Rice, and Mr. Malbeuf, you're aware of two additional cases prior to 1990, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. What about cases after 1990, are you aware of any of those?
- A. There was one that we were presented with during a case in New Jersey and that was a couple of years ago that we had had no record of.
- Q. There was a case in New Jersey of a New York State Talc worker that you had no record of, what case was that?

1 Α. The legal case? 2 Q. I'm sorry? 3 Α. That was the Hersh case. Q. So Mr. Hersh died of mesothelioma? 4 5 MR. RADCLIFFE: Object, vague and 6 ambiguous. I think you're not talking 7 about the same case or --8 BY MS. ABRAMS: 9 Are we talking about the Hersh case 10 right now? 11 Α. I mentioned it because during that 12 case, we were presented with a death 13 certificate from a talc worker. 14 Q. I'm sorry, so in the course of the 15 Hersh case in New Jersey you learned of a talc worker's death from mesothelioma in Upstate 16 17 New York that you didn't know about before? 18 Α. That's correct. 19 Q. Do you remember that person's name? 20 I don't have it. Α. 21 Q. Do you remember the date of his 22 death? 23 Α. I believe it was 1994. 24 Q. Was that Mr. Bickford? 25 Α. I believe that's correct, yes.

- 1 Q. 2 3 Α. 4 Q. 5 6 7 8 mining facilities? 10 Q. 11 12 13 14 15 Α. 16 Q. 17 you're aware of? 18 Α. 19 Q. 20 21 22 Α. 23 24 Q.
 - And where did Mr. Bickford work, was that for Gouverneur Talc, if you recall?
 - He did, yes.
 - Are you aware of any other mesothelioma deaths where there's an allegation that someone worked at either Gouverneur Talc or International Talc owned
 - Allegation or fact?
 - Either one. What do you know of that may lead you to believe that someone may have worked at one of the Gouverneur Talc facilities or the International Talc who is now alleging they have mesothelioma?
 - I would have to say none.
 - So there's no other cases that
 - From Gouverneur Talc, no.
 - Or International Talc or any International Talc held facilities, are you aware of any mesotheliomas?
 - I'm not aware of any from -specifically from International Talc, no.
 - Do you know of a Mr. Donald Lozo?
 - Α. No.

Q. You've never heard of Mr. Lozo? 1 2 Α. No. 3 Q. And you never heard that he died of 4 mesothelioma in August of 2005? Α. No. 5 Q. 6 Do you know where the Carbola talc mine is? 7 Α. No. 8 Do you know that that's a -- that 9 Q. was an International Talc owned mine? 10 11 Α. No. 12 And are you aware that that Q. potentially is the same as Mine 3? 13 14 MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection to form, argumentative, assumes facts not in 15 evidence. 16 17 Α. No. And you've never heard of Mr. Lozo? 18 Q. 19 Α. No, I've not. And you've not heard that 20 Q. Mr. Lozo's sister also died of mesothelioma? 21 22 Α. No. And his mother died of 23 Q. mesothelioma? 24 25 Α. No.

- Q. You never heard that. Have you -are you aware of any spouses or family members
 of workers at International Talc or Gouverneur
 Talc that died of mesothelioma that may not
 have filed workers' compensation claims?
 - A. No, I'm not aware of any.
- Q. Are you aware of a worker who died of mesothelioma -- strike that. Are you aware of a worker who died of a quote, unquote pleural tumor in May of 2001 who filed a workers' compensation claim against the R.T. Vanderbilt Company?
- A. I would need a little more information. I would need a name and so forth.
- Q. I would love to give you a name, but I don't have one to give you because I have a redacted document. Did you ever hear of anyone in 2001 dying of a pleural tumor? We know from the Honda study, for example, that someone died of a pleural tumor before 1990, correct?
- A. I would have to look if that's what it says.
 - Q. And then, but you have not counted

1	in your list anyone who died of a pleural
2	tumor in 2001 as a mesothelioma, correct?
3	A. I don't think pleural tumor
4	necessarily means mesothelioma. I mean,
5	you'd have to ask a medical expert, but that's
6	my understanding.
7	Q. And this was a pleural tumor
8	secondary to talcum exposure on the death
9	certificate, just for the record.
10	MR. RADCLIFFE: Object, move to
11	strike.
12	BY MS. ABRAMS:
13	Q. Mr. Kelse, have you ever heard the
14	name Brent Gale?
15	A. I have heard the name, but it's a
16	name I've heard. I can't you'll have to
17	help me.
18	Q. Is Brent Gale someone who died of
19	mesothelioma in 2007?
20	A. Not that I'm aware of.
21	Q. You're not aware of Mr. Gale's
22	workers' compensation case?
23	A. I don't recall any other workman's
24	compensation case that involved mesothelioma.
25	Q. And you're not aware that

1 Mr. Gale's father also died from lung related 2 injury from working with the Gouverneur Talc 3 Company? 4 MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, assumes facts not in evidence. 6 Α. No. 7 Q. How about Lynn Charter, do you know 8 that name? Α. No, that's not familiar to me. 10 Q. So in terms of your analysis that 11 the R.T. Vanderbilt talc in Upstate New York 12 does not cause mesothelioma, you have taken 13 into account four workers' comp claims filed against R.T. Vanderbilt, correct? 14 15 MR. RADCLIFFE: 16 Objection, argumentative, assumes facts not 17 in evidence, misstates prior testimony. 18 Α. They exist. 19 And two comp claims -- strike Q. 20 And two mesotheliomas that were part of 21 the Honda study, so for a total of six mesotheliomas, it's your testimony that based 22 23 on that understanding you do not have any 24 doubt in your mind that the material that came 25 out of the ground from International Talc or

1	R.T. Vanderbilt Talc mines, you have no doubt
2	that that does not cause mesothelioma; is that
3	correct?
4	MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objection
5	A. That's correct. I believe that's
6	correct.
7	Q. And that would include Mine No. 3,
8	correct?
9	A. I have no evidence of anything from
10	Mine No. 3.
11	Q. Well, we know it contained
12	asbestiform talc, but it's your testimony here
13	today that any mesothelioma that came from
14	exposure to asbestiform talc from the
15	International Talc mines would not be caused
16	by that exposure, correct?
17	A. All the data that I have that speak
18	to talc fibers, some of which is asbestiform
19	would say it doesn't.
20	Q. So that's a correct statement then,
21	correct?
22	A. That would be, yes.
23	Q. And even if 20 mesotheliomas were
24	reported out of the Gouverneur Talc and
25	International Tale mines that would still be

your determination, correct?

2

MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections.

3

It would depend on the 4 characteristics of each case. If they were

Α.

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reasonably linked, if there was a question 6 about the link, if it was a reasonable

7

association, I would be very concerned about

8

it.

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Q. Mr. Kelse, has there ever been a

10 case that you've seen where you believe that

there was a reasonable interpretation that any

fiber that came from either an International

Talc mine or an R.T. Vanderbilt Gouverneur

Talc mine caused or contributed to that

15 mesothelioma?

16

Α. Not based on the health studies

17

that I'm familiar with.

18

Q. That's not what I asked you, sir.

19

Could you read the question back?

20

(Whereupon, the court reporter read back the previous question.)

21 22

Α. I think the answer that I said was

23

no.

Q. And if you saw 20 more

24 25

mesotheliomas coming out of the mines, your

answer wouldn't change, would it?

- A. It would depend on the characteristics of each case. If the characteristics of case were such that it was reasonably linked to that exposure I would be very concerned. I've not seen that.
- Q. And what, in your mind, would reasonably link an exposure to a mine worker who mined for a period of time and then got mesothelioma, what would you need to see?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, calls for speculation, argumentative.

A. Well, there are basically four things. Number one, you'd have to feel very reasonably secure that the diagnosis was correct in the first place, particularly diagnoses that are more than 10 or 15 years old. There are papers written on the reliability of that diagnosis have become much better in more recent years, my understanding, but that's number one.

So that's one of the reasons why we ask for tissue samples and additional information so that we could confirm whether these were properly diagnosed in the first place. That's

not unreasonable to do because very often
there has been, especially in the past that's
been a problem. So you need to cross that off
first.

The second thing you have to obviously look to see is whether or not the person actually had exposure to your material. In all these cases since they worked for the talc company, that would have been met, they did have that exposure.

The third thing that you would need to look for is the latency, is the latency consistent with what you would expect for a causal association from the time of exposure to the time of manifestation of the disease.

An example of that would be mesothelioma case that was first actually reported by NIOSH who discounted that mesothelioma case as being causally linked to the talc exposure because latency was too short. So while you would count that as one, researchers did not, for that reason.

And fourth, very importantly, you would have to also look at the person's entire work history, all of his exposures, and if other

work sites, other exposures did for certain or likely included exposure to asbestos, that would be very important to understand because the talc has been tested against asbestos and it doesn't act in the same way on pleural tissue. And it's not present in the product in the first place. So those are the considerations that you would make.

Q. Well, if it's not present in the product then what difference does it makes if there are 30 40 mesotheliomas coming out of the mine?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, argumentative, assumes facts not in evidence, calls for speculation.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

Q. Does it make any difference?
MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections.

A. It doesn't -- whatever a disease end point is, you want to make -- you want to do a causal association to figure out what it is that produced that disease end point, sometimes it's not one thing, sometimes it may be combinations of things. It's very difficult to tease out, but there are certain

basic principles that researchers follow to try to determine whether an end point disease is reasonably associated with an exposure or not.

When I look at those general principles and rules and compare them against the experience that we have here, I feel that those mesotheliomas don't meet those four criteria that I described to you. Several of the cases we felt were probably not diagnosed correctly, people could argue that, but the evidence that we have would suggest to us that it wasn't.

In almost every of the four comp claims there were also competing risks where it was either likely or known that an individual actually did have asbestos exposure. And then that type of biologic end point is totally inconsistent with all of the research that's been done on the talc, the animal studies, the cell study, even the lung cancers epi studies is inconsistent with it.

Q. I move to strike as nonresponsive.

Could you read the question back, please?

(Whereupon, the court reporter read

1 back the previous question.) 2 3 Α. 4 5 6 7 8 it. 9 Q. 10 11 12 13 14 would that be? 15 16 argumentative. BY MS. ABRAMS: 17 Q. 18 If you know. 19 MR. RADCLIFFE: 20 21 22 Α. 23

24

25

MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections. Well, you're drawing -- there's a difference between numbers and causal association and I don't know how to have this discussion with you. If causal association to you is simply numbers, then we can't discuss Is there any point at which you would see so many mesotheliomas coming out of the mines that it might actually indicate to you that there was some causal relationship? Would that be 50 or a hundred or how many MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, Objection, argumentative, calls for speculation, assumes facts not in evidence. I wouldn't use numbers to do that, I would say the more numbers, the more higher the indication is that there may be a causal

association, I'll grant you that. As the

. 9

numbers go up, it's more and more likely that there's causal association.

But what we're talking about here, you know, you look at these individual cases and not one of them meet all four of those criteria that I mentioned to you. And even though you may say it's unresponsive, exposure to that dust has been tested for just that type of potential and it doesn't act that -- so the biologic plausibility isn't there and it doesn't contain asbestos.

So when you've got those things, if you had asbestos in a material and people were exposed to it for sure, you had an appropriate latency, you had a mesothelioma that was reasonably confirmed to exist, if you had all that going for you, you could then say that mesothelioma was in all likelihood caused by that exposure. Not in one case can you say that about this talc.

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Zero minutes left.

MS. ABRAMS: I guess it's time to change the tape.

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record, 2:58.

1 (A brief recess was taken.) 2 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the 3 beginning of Tape Number three. We're back 4 on at 3:03. MS. ABRAMS: Move to strike as 5 6 nonresponsive from the point of, and you 7 may say this is unresponsive but --8 continuing. And I'm not ready to go off 9 the record yet. I just have a few more 10 questions and then we can go off the 11 record. 12 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: It will take about 13 three minutes. 14 MS. ABRAMS: That's fine. 15 MR. RADCLIFFE: Well, we're off the 16 record. 17 MS. ABRAMS: No, we're not. 18 (A brief recess was taken.) 19 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the 20 beginning of Tape Number 3. We're back on 21 the record at 3:03. BY MS. ABRAMS: 22 23 Mr. Kelse, let's just continue for Q. 24 just a few more minutes before we take a 25 break. You mentioned latency and your

1	understanding is that you need a 15-year
2	latency, is that your idea of a latency for
3	mesothelioma?
4	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, beyond the
5	scope.
6	A. I don't believe that's what I
7	said. I think I said that that case in the
8	NIOSH study reported a 15-year latency which
9	they felt was inadequate. It was too short.
10	Q . Did that worker have prior exposure
11	at New York State Talc mines that were not
12	Gouverneur talc mines?
13	A. I don't recall.
14	Q. You don't recall?
15	A. No.
16	Q. Did Vanderbilt supply the
17	employment information and years of employment
18	to NIOSH for their study?
19	A. They would have, yes.
20	Q . And they supplied only the years of
21	employment for Gouverneur Talc, is that right?
22	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection,
23	argumentative, assumes facts not in
24	evidence.
25	A. I am not familiar with all the

I am not familiar with all the

information that was provided to NIOSH during the first effort. So I don't know exactly how complete and thorough the information was in the files.

- Q. Are there files on that in your office?
 - A. No, there are not.
- Q. Those don't exist anymore so far as you know?
 - A. As far as I know.
- Q. You mentioned that their work history at other sites has to be looked at to see if there's asbestos exposure at other sites, correct? You said that?
- A. That's correct. I can give you an example.
 - Q. Just yes or no.
 - A. Yes.
- **Q.** And in some cases you've written on Exhibit 9 that some of these people had possible exposure to brakes, correct?
- A. That's indicated on their application forms in terms of their prior work history.
 - Q. And your understanding is that

exposure to brake dust is an asbestos 1 2 exposure, is that what you're stating here 3 today? Α. 4 It could be. 5 Q. Well, do you know one way or the 6 other? 7 Α. No. 8 And so you've written that down Q. 9 here, but you don't really know that that's a 10 possible exposure, correct? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, calls for 11 speculation. 12 13 I know it's possible. Α. 14 Q. Have you talked to any experts 15 about whether exposure to brake dust is an 16 exposure to asbestos? 17 I've read some articles and I know 18 there's some controversy about it. 19 And whose articles have you read 20 about that? I don't know the -- I'm not someone 21 22 who memorizes every author's name and title, 23 but I can get you a couple, if you'd like. 24 Q. Well, I want know what's in your

files, the people that you rely on that you

- look to for this information. Do you have information in your files about whether or not exposure to brake dust causes mesothelioma?
- A. I have articles that discusses various types of asbestos, chrysotile being one, and whether -- in the course of many of those discussions they do discuss brake pads and epi studies done on mechanics and things of that nature.
 - Q. Are those in a file?
- A. I have a file of reference materials.
 - Q. What's the title of the file?
- A. Well, it would be generally reference materials, but it would be broken down into -- I have one on smoking and things of that nature.
 - Q. And you have one on brakes?
- A. No. not brakes.
- Q. What is the one with the brake information called?
- A. It would be general asbestos linked articles and papers.
 - Q. Did you produce that file?
 - A. I didn't produce reference

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Q. I ask that you produce that file to your attorneys.

MR. RADCLIFFE: I object. I don't think you've requested it.

MS. ABRAMS: I think we did.

MR. RADCLIFFE: If you can point out to me --

MS. ABRAMS: I'm sure we can find it somewhere on our hundreds of --

MR. RADCLIFFE: It's not a matter of trying to find it --

MS. ABRAMS: We'll meet and confer with you. I'm asking you to produce it to your lawyer and then he can decide whether to give it to us or not.

MR. RADCLIFFE: Again, I object to that request. Mr. Kelse is under no obligation to produce that file. Go ahead.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

Q. Mr. Kelse, you mentioned that -you started to talk about the study showed
with respect to talc that it doesn't act that
way, right? Do you remember that testimony,
it doesn't act like asbestos? Just do you

remember that testimony?

- A. That's right.

- Q. Now, can you tell me exactly, not everything in the studies or the whole thing about what they say, I'm just going to ask you can you tell me the names of the studies or the authors of every study that you rely on to determine that talc doesn't act the same way, just the author or the names?
- A. Okay, and I'll preface that with and I saw the papers in the document.
 - Q. I knew you couldn't do it.
- A. I can't help myself. It's human animal cell, human studies would be the epidemiologic study, the most recent being the Honda study. And then the Gamble case control study and then the -- there are two studies by Steve Lamm, one Vermont-New York comparison and another one entitled short-term worker exposure. Another study by Tabishaw and then of course the very first, the NIOSH 1980 Technical Report for which they did a short update, I think, in 1997 or something of that sort. So I think that's a total of seven human studies specific to Vanderbilt talc.

1 Q. Do you have those all in a file 2 called human studies or something to that 3 effect? Α. I do. 4 What's the file called? Q. 5 It's called Human Studies Specific 6 Α. to Vanderbilt Talc. 7 Q. 8 Do you have anything else in that file besides those studies? 9 10 Α. Those are human studies, then there's a section for animal studies. 11 12 Q. What animal studies do you have? The animal studies include 13 Α. 14 Stanton, 72 materials, Smith, those are the two animal studies. 15 16 Q. Okay. And then there's a cell study. 17 Α. Q. Cell, C-E-L-L? 18 19 Α. C-E-L-L, correct, and that's the Wylie Mossman. 20 21 Q. Is that the only one in that? 22 Α. Only cell study, yes. 23 Q. Are those all the studies that you rely on for the statement that talc doesn't 24

act the same way as asbestos?

Q.

Are there studies that are not

specific to Vanderbilt talc in that category? 1 2 Α. The answer is yes. 3 Q. And what is that? 4 Α. In terms of human studies there's 5 two studies of gold miners in North Dakota 6 Homestake Mine, one study by NIOSH Harlan 7 Amandus. 8 Q. The gold miners in North Dakota, 9 what's the name of that study or author? 10 Α. Homestake. 11 Q. Okay. 12 Α. And the second one was done by McDonald. 13 Q. 14 Okay. 15 Α. Those are two human epidemiology 16 studies of gold miners. 17 Q. Did you produce those to us? 18 Α. Yes, I saw those in your stack and they were copied last week again. 19 20 Q. What else do you have? 21 Α. Then there was epidemiology 22 studies, human studies of Taganite workers, 23 iron ore workers, Mesabi Range in Minnesota. 24 Q. Do you know the name of that study

25

or the author?

- A. There were, I believe, three of those studies; Cooper did two, Clark Cooper. I don't know who did the third. We can look that up. You do have them in the papers.
 - Q. Okay. Any others?
- A. Those are the two human studies dealing with non speciform ampiboles, that's the link.
 - Q. Any other animal studies?
- A. Animal studies, there's a study by Addison Davis, don't know the date. It's in the part of your file that was copied last week as well that dealt with testing three tremolite asbestos samples against three non asbestiform or prismatic tremolite materials of different -- three prismatic tremolite samples were of somewhat different morphologies from granular to acicular.
- Q. Let's try not get into the details, okay?
 - A. Heaven forbid.
- Q. Just try to get a list. So there's a Addison Davis study of tremolite, is that a good way to summarize that?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. And are there any other animal studies?
- A. There are -- there's a study by Wagner, don't ask me for the date. I know you have copies of this.
 - Q. Okay.
- A. There's studies by Pott, P-O-T-T.

 Again, they would be in the file. This is a good memory quiz for me.
 - Q. Terrific memory.
- A. I think there may be one or two more that do escape me at the moment, but they are in my file.
- **Q.** And what about cell studies, are there others?
- A. There are three or four that I put in the file, yeah. The majority of them actually were produced by Brooke Mossman or her students. Palakar I think is one, P-A-K-A-L-A-R.
- Q. Okay. Does that pretty much summarize the information that you used other than the mineral studies to determine that talc acts differently than asbestos?
 - A. The minerals in our mixed talc

product act differently. If you say talc there's a whole other army of -- a whole other range of studies that deal with just talc, the mineral talc itself.

Q. Can we say that those are the studies you rely on to say that Vanderbilt talc and International talc, including talc from Mine 3 that was Mouldene talc do not cause mesothelioma or act the same way as asbestos, can we say it that way?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, vague and ambiguous.

A. I would qualify it just a little. I can only speak for Vanderbilt talc which is the talc that Vanderbilt was responsible for, and to the extent that it included talc from Talcville, which was owned by International at one time, I would say the same for that because the mineral composition was tested in these studies or linked to them. Beyond any other talc mines that International may have operated that Vanderbilt did not operate, for which I don't know what the mineral composition is, I cannot speak for that.

Q. Vanderbilt operated and was

responsible for Mine No. 3 at one point in time that produced Mouldene, correct?

A. That's correct.

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, vague and ambiguous.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

- Q. Is it your testimony that the Mouldene that was produced by Vanderbilt from Mine No. 3 does not cause mesothelioma, based on all of the studies that you just told us about?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And other than the mineral studies, are there any other studies that you rely on to make that representation?
- A. Help me -- what do you mean by mineral studies? You mean the two things -- mineralogy, is there asbestos there, yes or no, or health, which are you talking about?
- Q. Well, I'm just talking about the animal cell and epidemiological studies, are there any others that you rely on for that representation other than the ones that you've told us about?
 - A. That I just gave you, off the top

1 of my head, no.

- Q. And is it fair to say that not one of those studies specifically tested Mouldene talc, is that fair?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. That's correct?
- A. Well, I hesitate. There's a reason I hesitate. I gave you the cell study, that's a talc fiber concentrate. We talked about this at the last deposition. That's reason I brought it with me.
- Q. You believe the Wylie Mossman cell study was testing Mouldene?
- A. It's the closest you would come.

 It's very, very close because it is the fiber concentrate from that mine and there was actually another sample, it was an intermediate. There was FD-4 which was a typical talc product generated from, not from Talcville like a Nytal. Then there was an intermediate fiber tested and that was fibercal which also was another grade from Talcville. And then there was a fiber concentrate which was as the name implies a concentration of talc fiber extracted from the

- ore from that same mine. So to the extent that that's where Mouldene came from, it is very close, if not the same.
- Q. Well, it's your testimony that the cell study that Wylie Mossman did tested or used fiber from Mine No. 3, is that what you're saying?
 - A. For certain.
- Q. Okay. Other than that study, all the other studies that you're relying on do not address the specific fiber from Mine No. 3; is that right?
- A. Actually, that's not right. To the extent that the other studies involve talc from the other mines and that talc also contained the same type of talc fiber, then that talc fiber was tested in those tests as well.
 - Q. Which other mines --
 - A. I can give you an example.
- **Q.** Which other mines contain the same talc fiber as Mine No. 3 that Gouverneur Talc was mining?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection. He didn't finish his answer.

1	BY MS. ABRAMS:
2	Q. I'm sorry, I didn't mean to
3	interrupt you.
4	A. No, that's okay.
5	Q. Were you finished?
6	A. No, I wasn't.
7	Q. Please finish your answer. Do you
8	want to finish your answer or do you want to
9	move on and answer my question?
10	A. Well, maybe what we might do is why
11	don't you ask read back your question because
12	I do tend to ramble.
13	MR. RADCLIFFE: Well, you were saying
14	I will give you an example.
15	MS. ABRAMS: Thank you. Could you
16	read the question back, please?
17	(Whereupon, the court reporter read back the
18	previous question.
19	BY MS. ABRAMS:
20	Q. I'll ask it again. Which other
21	Gouverneur Talc mines contain the same fiber
22	as International Talc Mine No. 3?
23	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, vague and
24	ambiguous, assumes facts not in evidence.
25	Go ahead.

- A. My understanding that you will find the same type of talc fiber, but to a much lesser extent in the Arnold pit mine.
- Q. Okay. Now, I want to let you take a break because I've been keeping you way too long. I just want to make sure I'm finished with that topic.

Let me just ask you this: In your files do you have any studies that don't support your position that the talc operates the same way -- doesn't operate the same way as asbestos, animal studies, cell studies, epidemiological studies, do you have any of those in your file?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, compound, vague and ambiguous, including double negatives.

- A. The health studies that I have, the ones that I listed to you, do not feel a single one shows that same effect.
- Q. Okay, I asked a bad question, let me ask it again. I understand that --

 $\label{eq:MR.RADCLIFFE:Objection sustained} \begin{tabular}{ll} MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection sustained \\ then. \end{tabular}$

BY MS. ABRAMS:

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Q. Exactly. You have provided for us the studies that you have that support your position and R.T. Vanderbilt's position that talc doesn't operate the same way as asbestos. What I'm asking you now is do you have studies that do support the position that asbestos and talc have similarities and do act the same way with respect to human health, and that would be epidemiological studies, animal studies or cell studies?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, compound, vague, ambiguous.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

Q. Whether or not you personally believe that -- the conclusions of the studies. And all I want to know is yes or no, do you have such a thing?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objection.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

- Q. Yes or no.
- A. I don't -- I'm not going to say yes or no. I'm going to tell you flat out the studies that I listed to you are all the studies that are available that speak to Vanderbilt talc, period. Good, bad and

1	indifferent, they all tell us it doesn't act
2	in the same way.
3	MR. RADCLIFFE: Does that mean no,
4	you don't have any studies that are the
5	opposite?
6	BY MS. ABRAMS:
7	Q. I didn't say the opposite, but that
8	don't support that position. Do you have
9	anything in your files?
10	A. The NIOSH study suggested that the
11	excess lung cancer that they recorded was
12	causally associated with exposure to the talc.
13	Q. Any others?
14	A. No.
15	Q. Are there any researchers that you
16	know of that don't agree with you and do
17	believe that there is a relationship between
18	talc exposure and mesothelioma?
19	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, calls for
20	speculation, beyond the scope
21	BY MS. ABRAMS:
22	Q. If you know.
23	MR. RADCLIFFE: Beyond the scope of
24	the designated testimony.
25	A. I don't know what researchers think

now. I don't know the people who helped create the original NIOSH technical report which now has a disclaimer on it that says we're not responsible or don't stand by this anymore. So I don't know if that can be interpreted as NIOSH no longer feels that way or not.

It would suggest to me that they don't or they have questions about it. Other than that, there has been nobody else that has studied Vanderbilt talc specifically that concluded the way NIOSH did. Everyone else in every other study and all the other evaluations and analysis of that data suggests other than what NIOSH suggested in 1980.

Q. Move to strike to the extent it's nonresponsive. With respect to talc generally, are you aware of studies or scientists that believe that talc acts like asbestos and causes mesothelioma?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections.

A. I assume when you say talc you're talking about --

MR. RADCLIFFE: No assumptions, don't speculate.

BY MR. ABRAMS:

Α...

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- **Q.** Do you understand the question?
- A. Well, you said talc.
- Q. Do you understand the question? I can rephrase it.
- A. Yeah, I don't think I can answer it, actually.
- **Q**. You can't answer whether there are scientists that actually support the idea that exposure to talc contributes to the development of mesothelioma?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections.

- A. Well, I can tell you that there has been studies of talc, IARC has a monograph on talc. And they do not consider talc as a carcinogen or as capable of causing mesothelioma.
- Q. Mr. Kelse, I'm not asking you for other studies that support your position.

 What I'm asking you is whether you are aware of scientists or studies that support the alternative, that talc, exposure to talc, does contribute to the development of mesothelioma? Are you aware of any scientists or studies that support that position?

1 MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections, asked and answered and compound. 2 3 BY MS. ABRAMS: 4 Q. And if you don't know of 5 any, that's fine, just say so. 6 MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objection. 7 Α. I would have to -- I know there 8 are, there have been a couple of researchers 9 who feel that there is a possible association. 10 Q. Who are they? 11 Α. There was New York State, Vienna 12 was the head of the New York State Health 13 Department that looked at mesothelioma rates in New York State published on that. 14 15 Q. Is there a study that's published? 16 Α. Yeah, an old study. 17 Q. Do you know what year that was? 18 Α. No, I can get that for you. 19 Q. Do you have that study? 20 Α. I do. 21 Q. Did you produce it to us? 22 Α. No, because it's a general New York 23 State type study, it's not Vanderbilt talc 24 miners or anything.

So in other words, you did not

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Q.

produce to us any general studies, only studies about specifically Vanderbilt talc, is that a fair statement?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, assumes facts not in evidence, argumentative.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

- Q. Is that true?
- A. Well, we actually just talked about studies that are specific to Vanderbilt talc and then we talked about studies that were linked to that issue because of the commonality of the mineral issue and --
- Q. So you did produce to us the studies that you believe support the position that talc is not associated with the development of mesothelioma, but you did not produce studies or scientists or research that doesn't support that position, correct?
- A. I'm sorry, actually in that file and this was copied last week, in that file I also had a study by Kleinfeld and there was also there was a case study, it was called the Hull paper.
 - Q. The Hull paper?
 - A. Right, and that was in the file as

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not specific to Vanderbilt, but that has some
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      linkage.
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          Q.
                But you didn't produce the Vienna
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      study?
                You know what, I think that's in
          Α.
      there too, but I will check. If it's not,
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      you're welcome to it.
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          Q.
                Thank you. Would you give that to
      your attorney, if you would?
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          Α.
                Sure.
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                So there's Vienna, there's
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      Kleinfeld and there's Hull, are there any
      other studies?
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                       MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and
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                 answered.
                Not that I'm aware of.
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          Α.
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          Q.
                Are you aware of Dr. Abraham's
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      work?
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          Α.
                Yes.
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          Q.
                Do you have his study?
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          Α.
                Well, I think that's the Hull
22
      paper.
                       That's the same as the Hull
23
          Q.
                Okay.
              How about Dr. Stopford, never heard of
24
      paper.
25
      him?
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- A. He's in North Carolina. I think he's a toxicologist.
- Q. Do you have his studies in your file?
- A. I'm not aware that he produced any studies.
 - Q. How do you know about him?
- A. He is a consultant for I think the Arts and Crafts Institute, so he would be asked by his association to comment on various materials that arts and crafts people might use.
- Q. So in answer to my question about researchers who have an alternate opinion from yours and believe that there is a relationship between exposure to talc and the development of mesothelioma, you would answer potentially to look at Dr. Vienna, Dr. Kleinfeld, Stopford and Hull, Abraham? Are there any others, whether or not they have published are of that opinion?
 - MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and answered. Compound, assumes facts not in evidence. Argumentative.
 - A. Well, I'll be happy to give you

1	what paper I have on Dr. Stopford because I
2	don't think that's how he concluded.
3	Q. Are there others that do conclude
4	that, that you know of?
5	A. I'm trying to think, not off the
6	top of my head. The ones I mentioned are the
7	ones that come to mind.
8	MR. RADCLIFFE: I think it's now
9	about 10 minutes after you said we w0ould
10	take a break.
11	MS. ABRAMS: Let's take a break.
12	MR. RADCLIFFE: It's been way too
13	long.
14	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record at
15	3:32.
16	(A brief recess was taken.)
17	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're back on the
18	record at 3:52.
19	BY MS. ABRAMS:
20	Q. Mr. Kelse, I'm looking at what
21	we've marked as Exhibit 9. The first page is
22	the workers' comp mesothelioma deaths claimed
23	or the WC, that's workers' comp, right?
24	A. Yes.
25	Q. The next page of that at the top

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- says WC Non Malignant Pulmonary Claims GTC, and these span from 1992 until 2009. Do you have that document in front of you?
- A. Yes, and this is attached to it so it actually expands from about 1970 or '65 through 2009.
- Q. And you've redacted the names of all these claimants; is that right?
 - A I did, yes.
- Q. The first two pages -- the pages, the claims filed on the last two pages range from 1962 to 1980, correct?
- A. File dates, yes, looks like 1980 is it.
- Q. Can you tell me, the first three pages of this set have injury date information, is that the claim date, the file date?
- A. Yeah, that's the date that on the form it says date of injury so.
- Q. That's the file date, so these range from 1986 all the way up to 2009 and then it says See continuing list as of 5-85 and 10-82, where is that continuing list?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection,

compound, misstates prior testimony, assumes facts not in evidence. Also the predicate is not a part of the question.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

- Q. Do you see that statement?
- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. That list is not here, is it?
- A. I'm confused by that. I think what I meant by typing that in was trying to refer to the continuing list, continuing going back in time rather than forward, but it's confusing because I typed in 5-31-85.
- Q. This last two pages refer to cases 1962 through 1980, correct?
 - A. That's -- yes, that's right.
- Q. And these next three pages in front ago from 1986 to 2009, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- **Q.** So we don't have claims from 1980 to 1986 reflected in these documents, is that fair?
- A. Not reflected, but I don't know whether that's because there were no claims that I had a record of or for those years or whether there were claims, but I just didn't

have the records for them.

Q. Okay. And what file did you get these documents out of?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and answered.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

Q. Let me just say, would you look back in that file and see if that information is included in your file and give it to your attorney if it is?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, it's been provided. If we have it, it's in the file that you have, on mine it is at least.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

- **Q.** Would you do that, sir?
- A. I'll check again. I remember how I put this together, though, and they were from the available data that was in the file so if there's a three, four, five year gap, it's either because I don't have the data or there were no claims, no pulmonary claims for those years.
- Q. If you would look at the page
 that -- the second page of the set, it says WC
 Non Malignant Pulmonary Claims. If you look

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under claim descriptions in that column there are several entries that say none?

- A. None, that's right.
- Q. Does that mean you have no information about what the allegation for disease was?
- A. It means that there was no claim description that would suggest that there was a pulmonary claim for that year. There were certainly comp claims, but none of them involved pulmonary claims.
- Q. So you included comp claims, but also if they were not pulmonary, you didn't put in here what they were?
- A. This list is for non malignant pulmonary claims, so that would be any claim for a pulmonary injury that was not lung cancer or mesothelioma.
- Q. So under 2007 where it says none, that's some pulmonary injury, but you don't know what it is, is that fair?
- A. No, it's just none recorded for that year, no one filed a claim.
 - Q. I see. There were no claims?
 - A. Exactly.

Q.

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1993, 1995, 1995, 2001 and 2005. The last four entries are the same cases that you've reflected on the first page of mesotheliomas, correct?

Now, for the cancers you have listed cancers

of the pulmonary tract claims, 1972, 1996,

Thank you for clarifying that.

- Α. That's correct.
- Q. So is it your information, sir, that there were only three cancer claims with respect to all Gouverneur Talc workers ever?
- According to my records. I was looking at them actually yesterday, and I was having a hard time actually even knowing whether to put them in because they were actually talcosis claims, but then the individual eventually died of lung cancer and there was discussion of linkage between talcosis contributing to lung cancer, which I don't quite see what that is, but whatever that link is, somehow or other it ended up getting an award. So I didn't really know quite how, but it did deal with a lung cancer so I listed it.

MR. RADCLIFFE: I object to vague and

1	ambiguous, misstates prior testimony.
2	BY MS. ABRAMS:
3	Q. Did you include lung cancer claims
4	where talcosis was not also claimed?
5	A. I include the claims that where
6	lung cancer was part of the claim information.
7	Q. Did you need to see talcosis claim
8	to include it in this list is my question?
9	A. No.
10	Q. And so it's your testimony that so
11	far as you know, there have only been three
12	lung cancer workers' comp claims out of the
13	Gouverneur Talc Mines?
14	A. As far as I know, yes.
15	Q. And these records reflect
16	Gouverneur Talc and not International Talc,
17	correct?
18	A. That's correct.
19	Q. And in previous submissions in the
20	production, did you notice that there were 67
21	workers' comp claims by International Talc
22	workers at the time that that facility was
23	purchased by R.T. Vanderbilt?
24	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, assumes
25	facts not in evidence, calls for

speculation.

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Α. I did not see those records.

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- Q. The next group of documents is a -which I'll mark as Exhibit 12 is a three-page document called note to file. Did you prepare that document?
 - Α. Yes, I did.
 - Q. Can you tell us what this is?
- During our last deposition, you asked for a number of documents and you asked for did I check this file or that file and so forth. So in response to that, I did want to follow up. I was sure that what I reported was accurate, but I thought I would go ahead and follow up anyway and that's what this is, is a note to the file that essentially addresses what I believed you were asking me at the last deposition and I had to say no, I didn't check this or I didn't check that so this was an effort to in good faith to check these things.
- Q. So you called Dana Putman, the plant manager at Gouverneur Talc; is that correct?
 - Α. That's correct.

- Q. And I notice that you asked him about various kinds of files. Did you ask him if anywhere at the -- at the old International Talc facility that is now currently owned by Gouverneur Talc, R.T. Vanderbilt, whether they had any historical International Talc records?
- A. I did. I think I made a note to that effect at the very bottom.
 - Q. And would you read that note to us?
- A. I also confirmed the absence of IT, International records pertaining to dust data or insurance in their records, meaning Gouverneur Talc's records.
- Q. Other than dust data or insurance records, did you ask if they had any other historical records for International Talc?
 - A. No.
- **Q.** Did you ask Mr. Putman, sir, if they had any International Talc historical records at the plant?
 - A. No.
 - MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and answered.
 - A. No, I asked for these records

because they're risk linked, that's what I do. 1 2 So the only records that you asked 3 him to look for were dust data or insurance 4 records of International Talc Company, 5 correct? Α. That's correct 6 7 Q. You went to Dr. Thompson's lab 8 files, does Dr. Thompson maintain a lab at the 9 R.T. Vanderbilt facility? 10 No, he doesn't. Α. 11 So this was an old lab that he used Q. 12 to use: is that correct? 13 Α. That's correct. 14 Q. Is that someone else's lab right 15 now? 16 Yes, it is. Α. 17 Q. Whose lab is that? 18 Α. Peter Cuillo. 19 Q. Could you spell that name? C-U-I-L-L-O. 20 Α. And when you say you did a random 21 Q. 22 search in your notes for Dr. Thompson's lab 23 files, what did you look for?

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I went to his file cabinet that

was -- I knew was there from his days, opened

the drawers to get a sense of what records he had, whether those records were familiar to me or different than what I had already maintained in my centralized repository of documents. And paging through the files, I saw nothing that I didn't already have or that wasn't pertinent to the issue of risk or the composition of New York State talc.

- Q. What was in -- what kind of files did he have?
- A. Actually, he did have files where there were copies of analytical reports, but they were the same ones that I had in my chronological lists that were copied by the attorneys.
- Q. What other types of files did he have?
- A. He had some records of sending samples out which also were the same as those that appear in my analytical folders.
- Q. Did he have any files from International Talc?
 - A. I didn't see any.
- Q. Did you look in all of his file cabinets?

Α. 1 I looked through, I pulled the 2 drawer. 3 Q. So it's only one drawer? 4 Α. No, I pulled a couple. 5 Q. How many drawers did he have in there? 6 7 Α. I don't know, it was just one 8 cabinet and maybe three. 9 Q. Did he have a file on Mouldene talc? 10 11 Α. I didn't see that. 12 Do you know whether or not he has a Q. 13 file on Mouldene talc? 14 MR. RADCLIFFE: Don't speculate. 15 I didn't see it. You can ask him. Α. 16 Q. Well, he doesn't have -- I'm asking you what's in the filing cabinet of the R.T. 17 18 Vanderbilt Company. Are you certain that 19 there was not a file in that, in his files 20 that said Mouldene talc on it? 21 MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and 22 answered. 23 I don't know one way or another, I Α. didn't see it. 24 25 Q. Did you look for it?

- A. I looked for anything that I thought was pertinent to this and I didn't see anything that was. That would have been one that would have been. I do know they have -- and I mentioned this at the last deposition, there is -- that's where the sample came from. It's still held in that laboratory, the material itself.
- Q. You mentioned a can that had a wrapping on it?
 - A. Right.
- Q. And I believe you said it said Mouldene on it?
 - A. It did, yes.
 - Q. Did you find that can?
- A. I know where it is, yes, it's in that lab.
- Q. Did you take a sample from that can to produce to us today?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And does that -- what does that say on it for identification purposes?
- A. It says Mouldene and it's S-158 or I'll -- whatever the number is that's on the tag. It's the same as the material that was

sent to Dr. Wylie for analysis, that one-sheet 1 2 analysis that we discussed. 3 Q. So was that can sealed? Α. 4 Yes. 5 Q. Did you open the can? 6 Α. I opened it to take a sample months 7 and months ago. I haven't opened it in 8 months, just for that sample. So Mr. Kelse, is it your testimony 9 10 today that months and months ago you took a 11 sample of the material that was in the 12 Mouldene can out of the can? 13 MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, argumentative, assumes facts not in 14 15 evidence, misstates the prior testimony. 16 It was not months and months, it 17 was at least a month and a half, two months 18 ago I believe I took the sample. 19 Q. What did you do with it? 20 Α. I labeled it and kept it. Did you send it out for testing? 21 Q. 22 I send it to Hawkins & Parnell. Α. 23 Did they send it out for testing? Q. Α. 24 I'm not sure.

Have you ever seen the results of

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Q.

- any testing from that sample of Mouldene talc?
 - A. No, I have not.

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- Q. Did you reopen that can and get another sample to bring with you for this deposition?
- A. No, I took a cut of that. I always keep a retained sample of anything that I send.
- Q. So please explain to me again exactly what you did. You took material out of the can several months ago and what did you do with it?
 - A. Sent it to Hawkins & Parnell.
 - **Q**. All of it?
- A. No, I took a cut and I kept a sample.
 - Q. How did you take a cut?
- A. I had two bags, took it out of the primary container. I put one in one bag and then I took out of the primary container and put it in the second bag, label them the same way and I made a notation on the bag that I kept that this was a cut of the sample that was sent to Hawkins & Parnell.
 - Q. Where did you put that bag, the one

you kept?

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- A. I have it, it's in my office.
- Q. So this was a powdery material, not a rock?
 - A. No, it was the product.
 - Q. It's a powder material?
 - A. Sure, yes.
- Q. And is it your testimony that you do not know from any source the results of the testing of the sample of that Mouldene that was sent to Hawkins & Parnell?
 - A. No, I don't.
 - Q. How did you seal that material up?
- A. The original container or the samples?
- **Q.** Both.
- A. Well, the original container is in a metal box and so the lid is metal, so I pressed that back down. The sample bags are typical plastic sample bags. We tear the top off and then there's little tabs that you roll down and fold over.
 - Q. And sealed?
- A. Yes, it's a sample bag specifically made for that type of sample.

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- Q. Did you wear any protective equipment when you opened the tin and put the sample in the bag?
 - A. For a tiny little scoopful, no.
- Q. For any reason, did you wear any gloves?
- A. Did I wear any gloves, no. What I did was I took a piece -- this is the way I do it, tear it off, it was clean, fold it, scoop it, drop it, throw that away. If it's another sample or another material, you use another sheet, fold it, take it, drop it, throw it away.
- Q. Did you use the same sheet to get the two scoops out of the can, if you recall?
- A. No, actually I used two, two slips of paper. Arguably, I didn't need to do that, but I did.
- Q. And did you wear any face protection when you got the material?
- A. I'm an industrial hygienist. I don't think that that would have been an exposure that would have put me into any jeopardy, so I did not.
 - Q. So that physical sample is labeled

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- A. -- 57 or 58. I would have to --
- Q. All right. You mentioned that you also had a sample from the 1992 abatement that was done in, I believe, Upstate New York, do you remember that testimony?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Did you do anything with that sample to bring any of that material?
- A. What I did was -- I don't know if you have this or not.
 - Q. What are you looking at, sir?
 - A. What this is, is --
 - Q. Can you show me?
- A. Sure. Is during the last deposition you wanted samples, not only that, but I think you even asked for any other materials that have been sent out for testing or something of that nature. And I do, as I just said, I retain samples of material that I send out and so the attorneys asked me to go into my -- into the file drawer where I maintain those cut samples and to basically go through them and put a collection together of all the samples I had and list what those

1 samples were and who they were sent to and 2 what product grade and so forth. included in that the Mouldene sample that 4 Dr. Wylie looked at and the reason I was 5 looking at that, I was wondering if I took any 6 of the material from that other, that removal 7 project that we talked about in 19 -- whenever 8 that was, '82 or '88 or something. 9 MS. ABRAMS: This document, 10 Mr. Radcliffe, are you producing this 11 because I didn't have this in mine? 12 MR. RADCLIFFE: I didn't have it this 13 morning so I didn't make a copy of it. 14 You're welcome to a copy of it. 15 MS. ABRAMS: Let's mark this as the 16 next exhibit. 17 (Exhibit Number 12 was marked for 18 identification.) 19 (Exhibit Number 13 was marked for 20 identification.) 21 BY MS. ABRAMS: 22 Q. Now, let's go back to the 1992 23 abatement where you had written a note to the 24 file and we asked you about that last time and 25 you brought the note to the file, but you

1 didn't produce the file. Did you produce the 2 entire abatement file to your attorneys? 3 Α. I did. 4 Q. Did they --You can have another copy of it, 5 Α. 6 but I know they copied it and sent it to you, 7 but here's yet other. 8 MR. RADCLIFFE: The only caveat to 9 that is I'll note that I have a color 10 photocopy of the picture which that's black 11 and white, you can read it, but I have a color one that I still have to send to you. 12 13 BY MS. ABRAMS: Q. 14 Thank you. You had several 15 pictures that you talked to us about? 16 Α. It's on that one page, if you notice. 17 18 Q. All of them are on the page? 19 Α. Yeah, I lined them up. 20 So we'll mark this as the next in 21 order which is Note to File and then there are 22 several pages after that. (Exhibit Number 14 was marked for 23 24 identification.) 25 BY MS. ABRAMS:

1 Q. Mr. Kelse, is this the entire 2 content of your file regarding the 1992 3 abatement? Α. It's the 12, 13 pages that I 5 mentioned that I had not provided to you 6 originally because I mistakenly thought it 7 wasn't pertinent, but --Q. This material cost \$7,500 to 8 transport and dispose of, correct? 10 Correct. Α. And that was taken from -- where 11 Q. 12 was this? Where did this occur? The plant, there was a plant in 13 Α. 14 Syracuse. 15 Q. In New York? 16 Α. Yes. And the disposal, they took it all 17 Q. 18 the way to West Virginia to dispose of it, to put it into a hazardous waste dump; is that 19 20 right? 21 Α. That's what it says. 22 Q. Okay. And this waste transporter 23 permit says that they were transporting asbestos containing waste, is that correct? 24

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Α.

That's what it says.

1 Q. Do you know where -- you had this 2 material in your file, correct? 3 Α. The Mouldene file, correct. 4 Q. And you had a baggie in that same file? 5 6 Α. Yes. 7 Q. Prior to last week, had that ever 8 been tested by you? Did you send it out to 9 anyone or give it to your attorneys? 10 Α. No, I did not. 11 Q. What did you do with that baggie? 12 Α. It's still in the file. 13 Q. Did you take a sample to give to 14 us? 15 Α. I did not, if it's not on that 16 list, that's why I was looking at it, I was 17 trying to remember whether I took a sample of 18 that or not. It would say so. I don't believe that's the case. 19 This two page list, when did you 20 21 create this list that's Exhibit 13? Right, at some point last week, I 22 think it was Wednesday or Thursday. 23 24 Q. How did you create it? What did

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you use to compile it?

- 1 At the request of the attorneys I Α. 2 pulled the file drawer where I have my retained samples and I've many retained 4 samples, not just talc, but from other mineral 5 products as well, but I pulled all the talc 6 ones, took them into my office and made cuts 7 so that I would have a sample for each of 8 And on the labels, whenever I sent these. these samples to anyone and the date, I reflected it on the cover so as I did it, I 10 11 typed in the information so that it would be a 12 complete package.
 - Q. So where did you get the information that the Mouldene sample, the origin date was 1975?
 - A. It was on the container. I couldn't think of any other place where I would get that. It was on the container.
 - **Q**. And it says in 1998 part of that was sent to Ann Wylie, correct?
 - A. That's correct.

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- **Q.** And in July 2009 what is HPP York?
- A. It's Hawkins & Parnell.
- Q. In August 2009, M. Gunter, what does that mean?

on Exhibit 13?

1	A. That's correct.
2	Q. And they involve many different
3	kinds of R.T. Vanderbilt talc other than
4	Mouldene talc, correct?
5	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection,
6	argumentative, vague and ambiguous.
7	BY MS. ABRAMS:
8	Q. Is that correct?
9	A. That's right.
10	Q. And there's only one entry for
11	Mouldene, correct, the subject of this
12	litigation?
13	A. That's all I had.
14	Q. Is that all you had?
15	A. That one container in
16	Dr. Thompson's office, that's the only source
17	of that product that I'm aware of.
18	Q. What about the baggie in your
19	hold on let me ask my question what
20	about the baggie in your file that was part of
21	the 1992 abatement?
22	A. That would be another sample, yes.
23	Q. You don't know whether that's
24	Mouldene though, do you?
25	A. To the extent that it came out of a

bag that said Mouldene, that's all I can say.

- Q. The next document that I want to mark as Exhibit 15 is a letter to Terry Losee from Allan Harvey, did you bring that with you? Your attorney gave that to me, I believe.
 - A. 1983, this would have been one of those documents that would have appeared in my product correspondence file that we discussed. We did go through that product correspondence file for the names of the companies that you gave me.
 - **Q.** And this is a letter from -- to Georgia-Pacific from Mr. Harvey; is that correct?
 - A. Yes, that's what it says.
 - Q. Let's mark that.

(Exhibit Number 15 was marked for identification.)

BY MS. ABRAMS:

- **Q**. Is that the only other document you found in a Georgia-Pacific file?
 - A. Yes, it was.
- Q. That was all? Was that in a file that said Georgia-Pacific?

- A. It was in the file that I described at the last deposition which is I have all of the correspondence with customers asking about the composition of talc by -- in chronological order so everything prior to -- so each folder is a year. So we looked in every folder that was earlier than 1990 for any correspondence linked to Georgia-Pacific, that's what we found.
- **Q.** And then I believe that the rest of these documents pertain to information you got out of a file about DAP, can you take a look and just confirm that for me?
 - A. Same file.

MR. RADCLIFFE: Look at them all, don't just assume.

- A. Okay. These would be in my file.
- Q. And those are the business records of R.T. Vanderbilt Corporation?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. You -- do you maintain files from customers where there have been OSHA citations?
- A. If they're sent to us and we're made aware of them, I would keep those types

1 of records, yes. Do you have other files other than 2 this DAP file where there have been OSHA 3 citations for R.T. Vanderbilt product constituents? 5 MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, calls for 6 7 speculation. There's one that comes to mind. Α. 8 9 had to do with a company by the name of Borg 10 Warner, I think. 11 Q. Where was that? Well, before my time, Borg Werner. 12 Α. 13 Q. Do you know where, though? 14 Α. Where it was, no, I don't. 15 Q. Do you know of any other OSHA 16 citations other than Borg Warner and the DAP 17 citation? 18 Α. No, I don't. And who would keep those records, 19 Q. if they existed? 20 I would have them. I would be -- I 21 Α. inherited those types of records from my 22 23 predecessor. 24 This exhibit, let's mark it as 16,

the DAP documents. Let's mark as 17 a

document with a handwritten note at the top, 1 2 Status as I understand it, Watson versus RTV. 3 Would you mark that, please. 4 (Exhibit Number 16 was marked for 5 identification.) (Exhibit Number 17 was marked for 6 identification.) 7 8 Q. Do you have this two-page document in front of you, that's now Exhibit 17? 9 10 Α. Yes, I do. Are these your handwritten notes? 11 Q. 12 Α. Yes. 13 Q. And whose typewritten notes are 14 these? 15 Α. They're mine as well. 16 Q. Why did you put this together? 17 Α. 18

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A. When I read through the draft deposition from a couple of weeks ago, as I read through I wrote down the requests that you made, what you had asked me. And then I -- from that those notes, I typed this out and then my -- this was actually an action plan to try to address each of the issues that you raised.

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talc analytical reports and check for any additional in Dr. Thompson's files and you mentioned that you did that?

- A. Yes.
- Q. Second is all underlying data pertaining to the Honda study, that's something that you provided?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. The R.T. Vanderbilt talc health files maintained by Kelse, what are those?
- A. The ones we earlier discussed, those that are specific to Vanderbilt, non RTV specific, but linked, and what we didn't discuss, any formal overviews of the health science base as it pertains to these issues, but those were copied and provided to you.
 - Q. Have you finished your answer?
 - A. Yeah.
- Q. Available maps, did you provide any more available maps?
- A. I don't know what was provided. I did have this available which I thought was quite good. It's a single page and I think really gives you a good sense of where these various mines are located. And with this map

which was in a file with some records and maps, there was also these two pages which I thought were also helpful. I showed them to our attorney who informed me that they had also found these same two and provided them, but you're welcome to them.

Q. Are these copies that you're able to give us and we're able to attach as an exhibit or we can try to make copies of them?

MR. RADCLIFFE: You have a copy of them yesterday from Dr. Thompson, same documents. They were marked as an exhibit to the deposition although you marked them as two different exhibits, they actually are one.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

- Q. These are documents that are kept in the regular course of R.T. Vanderbilt business?
 - A. Sure, yes.
- Q. And if I knew the exhibit numbers I wouldn't have a problem, but I don't, so --
- A. You're welcome to those. I think I can find other copies.
 - Q. I'm just going to mark all this as

Exhibit 18.

(Exhibit Number 18 was marked for identification.)

BY MS. ABRAMS:

Q. The next --

MR. RADCLIFFE: Excuse me. Since we had some discussion off the record I just want to indicate on the record that

Mr. Kelse indicated to me that he can stay until five o'clock.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

- Q. The next is, number five is

 Dr. Thompson to Mr. Fiederlein memo, includes

 reference to his Talcville analysis. What did

 you bring there or what did you do for that?
- A. I believe this was also provided through the attorneys, but I have an extra copy. This is the paper for some reason I couldn't find at the last deposition. It includes a reference to Talcville, item three or four.
- Q. Let's just mark this as number 19. (Exhibit Number 19 was marked for identification.)

BY MS. ABRAMS:

1 Q. Exhibit 19 is also a document dated 2 May 31st, 1990, Mr. G.L. Fiederlein from C.S. 3 Thompson and this is a document that you kept 4 in the regular course of business for R.T. 5 Vanderbilt? Α. 6 Yes. 7 Q. And it was created at or around the 8 time of the date on the document? 9 Α. Yes. 10 Q. You -- the next was the remaining 11 Mouldene bag removal disposal project in 1992 12 and sample of that Mouldene K/-200 and you have a notation that you copied -- documents 13 14 copied, including improved copy of bag label 15 photo. This says the sample also, doesn't it? 16 It does list that. 17 Q. And you didn't produce the sample, 18 did you? 19 MR. RADCLIFFE: We haven't produced 20 any samples yet, although we're willing to 21 do so. 22 BY MS. ABRAMS: 23 Q. Are you -- Mr. Kelse, will you 24 provide for us a copy -- strike that.

Mr. Kelse, will you provide for us a

sample of the material that you have in your 1 2 office K-100 Mouldene? 3 MR. RADCLIFFE: I'm going to object 4 to that request. I need to make sure it's an appropriate sample to provide from a 5 6 legal standpoint. So whether Mr. Kelse is willing to do so or not, I don't want it to 7 be taken as a binding agreement on behalf 8 9 of the company. BY MS. ABRAMS: 10 Well, let's just clarify. To your 11 Q. 12 knowledge, that's one of only two existing samples of Mouldene talc that R.T. Vanderbilt 13 14 has in its possession, correct? 15 Α. To my knowledge. 16 Q. And as far as you know, there 17 aren't any others? 18 Α. As far as I know. 19 Q. And they come from different time 20 periods and different material or bags? Objection, compound, 21 MR. RADCLIFFE: 22 assumes facts not in evidence.

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- know the age of the bags that were removed from that plant. I don't know at what time they -- how long they sat in their warehouse or from what year they came.
- Q. The next entry on Exhibit 17 is check GTC for any asbestos analytical reports pertaining to Mouldene and confirm the nature of the files at GTC relative to dust risks, and did you do that?
- A. I did, and we discussed that a little earlier in respect to the note to the file.
- Q. You checked the quality department to confirm that their files don't contain records of talc risk customer injuries not in your file already?
 - A. I did.

- Q. Did you look for files regarding NL Industries?
 - A. No, I did not.
- Q. Were you asked to look for files regarding NL Industries?
- A. I don't recall. If you did, I don't remember.
 - Q. Do you have files regarding NL

Industries?

- A. I don't know, I would have to look.
- **Q.** We would ask that you look as that was part of the request and provide that to your attorney.

MR. RADCLIFFE: We're going to object on the grounds that you're assuming he didn't look for it.

MS. ABRAMS: I'm sorry, he just said he didn't look for it.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

- Q. Did you look for NL Industries, sir? You've testified that you didn't look for NL Industries and your list on number nine does not reflect NL Industries.
- A. That's right, that's why I hesitate. These were the companies that I asked my secretary to look in the file and pull out and show to me.
- Q. So your secretary looked for the files.
 - A. She did, I did as well.
- Q. And you have not asked anyone to look for NL Industries, correct?
 - A. When I looked through the -- I must

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have missed it from the deposition, I didn't pick up that request.

- **Q.** Okay. So again, I ask that you look for that and provide that information to your attorney.
 - A. And that would be pre 1990?
- Q. No, that's NL Industries, no date.
 And did you only produce pre 1990 information?
- A. That was what was indicated in the deposition, I believe.
- Q. The notice asked for some information pre 1990 and other information that was not limited to time. Did you only limit all of the information to 1990 or before?
- A. I did, I took it from the deposition.
- Q. For all of the entities listed in number nine, do you believe that you have in your files information that post dates 1990 that you did not produce?
 - A. I know for DAP.
- Q. Okay. And are there any others that you believe that you may have information, for example, Georgia-Pacific?

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- Α. I don't know.
- 2
- Q. United States Gypsum.
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Α. There may be, but I have to check. I know for certain DAP, maybe Gypsum.

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others, I don't know.

Q.

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information as it was requested and give that

I ask that you look for that

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information to your attorney, sir. Next category is internal RTV memoranda

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regarding the first OSHA asbestos standard in 1972. Why did you list that?

asbestos standard or something of that sort

and I think I recall saying or as I read in

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12 Α. We discussed it in respect to what

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was Vanderbilt's -- something along the lines 14 of what was Vanderbilt's position on the

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- the deposition that based on the files that I have seen, the first discussion on the asbestos standard, there was no earlier discussion than 1972 and that discussion reflected to me a recognition by R.T. Vanderbilt that there was something, you know,

that they objected to the standard and

confused by it and intended to look into it.

And these were internal memoranda that spoke to that impression that we discussed at the deposition. And I know that those were copied from a file that was entitled Talc Documents 1984 back or key documents 1984 back, and so when you go to 1972, you'll see a number of documents that were submitted to you that reflect what I described in that deposition.

- Q. Did you have your entire key talc documents file copied and produced?
 - A. Yes.
- **Q.** Now, I'd like to go back to what's been marked as Exhibit 12, which is your note to the file on the work that you did and talk about the next entry, 8-24-09. You apparently talked to Konrad Rieger; is that right?
 - A. That's correct.
- **Q.** And where does Mr. Rieger, where is his office?
- A. Right over -- he's on the next floor over me.
- **Q.** What is CPS-183 that you mention in the first paragraph?

1 Α. That's the designation of that 2 sample, the fiber concentrate. 3 Q. Do you have CPS-183? 4 Α. Yes, I think it's listed fiber 5 concentrate. It was the one that was used in the Wylie Mossman study. 6 7 Q. So on Exhibit 13, L fiber 8 concentrate 1996, that's CPS-183? 9 Yeah, I think it should say that, Α. if I'm not mistaken. 10 Why don't you look at that. 11 Q. 12 It doesn't say that, but that's Α. 13 what it is. 14 Q. Are you certain of that? 15 Α. Yes. 16 Q. Would you mark that on there and 17 write CPS-183? (Witness writing). 18 Α. And Mr. Rieger reported some 19 Q. 20 uncertainty to you about what that sample 21 contained, didn't he? 22 No, he reported some uncertainty 23 about its origin. In other words, was it from 24 an outcrop material on the soil or did they

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concentrate it from an actual product from

Talcville, like say a fibercal or even a Mouldene.

Q. He didn't know the answer to that dilemma, did he?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Object, argumentative, vague and ambiguous.

- A. He didn't know for certain.
- Q. Okay. And he didn't have any record of what that was either, correct?
 - A. No, he didn't.
- Q. So the particular material that Dr. Wylie used in her cell study, was that CPS-183?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And it's correct that as far as
 Mr. Rieger described to you, he could not for
 sure say exactly how that sample originated?
- A. As I indicated here, he felt it was more likely, contrary to what I thought, he felt it was more likely a concentrate from one of the high fiber products from that mine because it's a lot easier to concentrate it once it's already a powder than to take something and then break it down from there and they were used to doing that type of

concentration so he felt that's the more likely scenario.

- Q. Move to strike as nonresponsive.
 Could you read the question back, please?
 (Whereupon, the court reporter read back the previous question.)
 - A. Well, directly I'd have to say no.
- Q. You talked to the quality department?
 - A. Yes, I did.
- Q. And you provided for us a graph on the next page, Notifications August '08 to August '09. Why did you pick August '08 to August '09?
- A. Well, I asked them for a sampling of a graph that they routinely put together which essentially reflects the number of customer communications. And the reason I asked for it is it breaks it down into categories of information that that department would maintain files on. And as I described to you in the last deposition, quality department is as the name implies, it's after you know damaged goods, out of spec, bag ripped, that type of thing and those are the

types of files that they maintain. They would not maintain risk files.

- Q. Do you know, sir, if under the category customer request that would include customer complaints?
- A. Well, I asked him specifically if they had ever seen or -- and I looked in the file where they maintain the customer inquiries, and if they ever recall ever seeing anyone asking about the risk of New York State talc or the composition of New York State in regard to whether it contained asbestos or not and they just looked at me and said why would -- of course not.
- Q. Move to strike as nonresponsive.

 Could you read the question back and while
 you're reading the question back we can change
 the tape.

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record, 4:47.

(A brief recess was taken.)

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: It's the beginning of Tape Number 4. We're back on the record at 4:50.

MS. ABRAMS: Could you read the

1 question back, please? 2 (Whereupon, the court reporter read 3 back the previous question.) BY MS. ABRAMS: 4 5 Q. Do you know? 6 Α. No, I don't know exactly what that 7 would entail. 8 Q. Does R.T. Vanderbilt keep a record and chart the extent of customer complaints 9 10 for a particular product, to your knowledge? 11 Α. I've seen this graph and it's --12 and I've seen graphs with various products 13 listed so that's the extent of my knowledge 14 that I must keep some records along that line 15 by product type. 16 Q. Did you ever see a graph about 17 Mouldene? 18 Α. No. 19 Q. Did you see one about Nytal? 20 Α. No. Q. How about IT 3X? 21 22 Α. No. 23 Q. How about any talc products from Upstate New York? 24

None that I recall.

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Α.

- Q. What types of files do they keep that you have seen?
- A. They're listed on the graph.

 Actually have tabs that are broken down in those same categories.
- Q. I'm sorry, let me rephrase the question, not what's on that graph. Have you seen graphs or information about customer complaints about any R.T. Vanderbilt talc products?
 - A. No.
- Q. And do you know whether R.T.
 Vanderbilt compiles that information in any form?
- A. For the quality department a bag broke or something like that, yes, that's what that department does.
- Q. Do they chart that out in a form that's called customer complaints? Is there somewhere that they register customer complaints for the talc products that are created out of Upstate New York?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, assumes facts not in evidence.

A. The type graph I'm used to seeing

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which they present once a month at a staff meeting is a reflection of what I produced to you by type of complaint. Over the years on a couple of occasions quality managers had a graph in which he's broken down product areas because they're interested in which products are seem to be presenting the biggest transportation issues or container breakage or shelf life or spec changes, things of that I don't recall ever seeing any mention of talc on any on those. How they produce those, I have no idea.

Sir, could you find the E-Tek report that's dated 1984 in your -- let me find it for you. This was in the documents that you provided to us today and it's in this -- in Exhibit 16. The document is headed June 4th, 1984. It's a letter to Mr. Donald Miller from general manager DAP, Inc. regarding sample results, from C-Tek and it starts on October 17, 1984 C-Tek performed a general industrial hygiene survey at your location. Could you read the paragraph starting The main concern up until Sample results, please, sir? just read that for all

1 of us.

A. "The main concern is with the health hazard potential associated with the Vanderbilt IT 3X talc. Although not strictly an asbestos containing product, it is largely an asbestiform product and highly fibrous.

At the present time, the significance of that distinction is in dispute in the scientific community. From an insurance standpoint, it is C-Tek's opinion that both asbestos and asbestiform talc should be handled with equal care in the workplace because none of the DAP products using IT 3X talc are friable in finished form. The potential for cancer related product liability claims is nil."

- Q. Were you at the Hartford during the time this was written in 1984?
 - A. I was.
- Q. And was it your position at the Hartford that from an insurance standpoint as with C-Tek both asbestos and asbestiform talc should be handled with equal care in the workplace?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection,

argumentative.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

- Q. Did you have that opinion?
- A. We did not take a position on that other than what I described to you at the last deposition which was we were not going to comment on that issue because the science was beyond us.
- Q. Sir, I'll try to quickly move through some other matters. I want to just follow up from when you were here at your last deposition. You mentioned that you had extensive files relating to mineral analysis and composition of Vanderbilt talc, including a mineral file used in prior cases that contains all of Vanderbilt's analytical reports in chronological order. Did you supply that to us now?
 - A. Yes.
- **Q.** And did you supply them as you had them in chronological order, to the best of your knowledge?
- A. I know it was done last week because they copied it in exactly the order it was in my file.

Q. And you described that as large enough to fill the drawer of a file cabinet?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, argumentative, misstates the prior testimony.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

- Q. Is that basically what you supplied?
- A. If I said that, that was overblown. It's about as high as that stack so that wouldn't be a file cabinet. I kept it in a file cabinet with data, but also with health data which we already discussed so --
- Q. Whatever was in that file drawer you did produce?
 - A. Oh, yes.
- Q. You mentioned that the file had summaries and CVs of those who wrote summaries and observations from the reports. Did you provide CVs, if you had them?
- A. Where they were available, where they were appended to a study, they would have been copied and provided to you.
- Q. And you provided the 2001 Mine Safety Health Administration report?

Α. Yes.

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Q. Just bear with me, I'm just going through my notes from your last deposition for

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a minute.

You mentioned regarding International Talc's insurance coverage that Jim McDonald might know, did you talk to Mr. McDonald?

- Α. No.
- Did you make any attempt to Q. determine whether R.T. Vanderbilt has insurance coverage for International Talc as on your list of things to do?
 - Α. No.
- Q. And do you believe Mr. McDonald would be the best person to ask of that -- for that information?
 - I believe so, but I could be wrong. Α.
- Q. Regarding the sample that you discussed with Mr. Rieger, would you agree with me that Mr. Rieger is the person who would be most knowledgeable and qualified to discuss about that sample specifically?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, calls for speculation, assumes facts not in evidence, argumentative.

1	A. Again, I don't know. I reported
2	what he reported to me so.
3	Q. He's the one with the first-hand
4	knowledge of that?
5	A. That's why I spoke to him.
6	Q. But he's the one with the first-
7	hand knowledge with respect to what happened
8	with that sample as far as you know?
9	MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections
10	BY MS. ABRAMS:
11	Q. Correct?
12	A. He would be the one with first-hand
13	information?
14	Q. Yes.
15	A. As he did the concentrate, yes.
16	Q. Now, Mouldene was discontinued as a
17	product as of sometime in 1976 or
18	'77, correct, as far as you know?
19	A. That's what I understand.
20	Q. And R.T. Vanderbilt never produced
21	that product again; is that correct?
22	A. That's my understanding.
23	Q. And R.T. Vanderbilt closed Mine No.
24	3, correct?
25	A. Yes.

1	Q. They don't mine out of there
2	anymore?
3	A. That's correct.
4	Q. They didn't mine out of there in
5	1985, correct, when you went and joined the
6	company?
7	A. That's right.
8	Q. They didn't mine out of there in
9	1987?
10	A. Not that I was aware of.
11	Q. They didn't mine out of there in
12	1989; is that right?
13	A. I know they didn't produce any
14	products from that mine, that's my
15	understanding.
16	MR. RADCLIFFE: My computer is
17	telling me that it's one minute after
18	five.
19	BY MS. ABRAMS:
20	Q. So far as you know, was there any
21	reason to sample test or otherwise evaluate
22	the constituent elements of Mouldene talc
23	after 1977 with respect to the R.T. Vanderbilt
24	Corporation?
25	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection,

1	argumentative, misstates prior testimony.
2	A. Not that I would be aware of.
3	Q. With your indulgence, why don't I
4	get through what we did at the last deposition
5	which shouldn't take more than five or ten
6	minutes, then we can go.
7	MR. RADCLIFFE: If it's going to be
8	10 minutes by everybody's clock, that's
9	fine.
10	MS. ABRAMS: I'll do my very best.
11	MR. RADCLIFFE: Very best and ten
12	minutes are not
13	MS. ABRAMS: You can be the judge,
14	how's that?
15	MR. RADCLIFFE: Good, case dismissed.
16	BY MS. ABRAMS:
17	Q. We talked about the Fiederlein
18	memo.
19	MR. RADCLIFFE: Which has been
20	provided.
21	BY MS. ABRAMS:
22	Q. Yes. You talked to Dr. Thompson,
23	according to your testimony, before you had
24	your deposition, do you recall that testimony?
25	A. I recall talking to Dr. Thompson

Objection, vague and

Aiken Welch Court Reporters

J. Kelse, V. II

8/26/09

- A. It's a document on analytical issues, essentially why is it that people have mischaracterized the minerals in Vanderbilt talc as asbestos, why is that, what's the issue, what are the strengths and weaknesses, the various analytical protocols relative to that error.
- Q. Did you ever talk to Dr. Thompson about this case, particularly about Mouldene?
- A. I did talk to him about the memo that he wrote to Paul Vanderbilt in which he described his analysis of those five talcs from IT. Essentially it was is this you know your recollection. I did that because I thought I would be asked about it.
- Q. Did you talk to him about anything else at that meeting?
- A. No, just his recollection of what he described in that memo and how accurate he felt that it was.
- Q. And that was the only thing you discussed at that entire meeting?
- A. Well, that and the project that I mentioned before.
 - Q. Did you in your customer -- in the

customer files you -- did you specifically
look to see if National Gypsum, GeorgiaPacific, DAP or anyone else had asked for a
confirmation that there was no asbestos in the
talc, regardless of time period?

- A. Well, unfortunately, I did it from 1990 back thinking that that -- I don't know why I had that stuck in my head.
- Q. Just to let you know, I think that was a reasonable mistake on your part, sir, because there were several categories and some of them were limited to 1990 and others weren't, so if that was ambiguous or unclear, then that's probably what happened there. So I hear you that you only looked to 1990. So you wouldn't know, as you sit here, whether there was anything after 1990?
- A. Other than what I just mentioned.

 I know there's DAP and that's the only one I'm certain of. I would have to look.
- Q. Did you look in -- do you have a Johns Manville file?
- A. Another by year, I would have to look.
 - Q. So in order to find anything about

any discussions, you would have to go to every yearly file and look for the individual's, the individual entity per year, in that year?

- A. Yeah, whatever correspondence ensued during that year, a copy of that correspondence would be in the file and some years there's hardly anything in it, and other years there's a lot, so they're not all -- they're quite variable.
 - Q. How far back do those files go?
- A. They go back to when I started 1985 and then I do have a file that says pre '85 in which I put whatever I inherited from my predecessor which is where I think the documents came from for, was it Georgia-Pacific, or I forget, it was 1984. So that would have come from that older file.
 - Q. DAP.
 - A. DAP.
- Q. So sir, from pre 1985 all the way up through 1990, you have researched all the names with the exception NL and Johns Manville which you didn't know to look for; is that right?
 - A. That's correct, as I indicated.

- Q. And then from 1990 forward in those years you didn't look for those for anything?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And do you have, sir, in your own files any file, not in date order, but a file that has information about Johns Manville other than what might be in those chronological files?
 - A. I have -- I don't.
- Q. Did you -- when you looked in Mr. Thompson's lab, look for a file that had to do with Johns Manville?
- A. Oh, I'm sorry, there are so many files and so many papers. I mentioned a file that said key talc documents, 1984 back. And I know that there was an interchange with Johns Manville before my time and I believe material relative to that interchange in a meeting, I guess, and some correspondence back and forth is in that file and that file was produced.
- Q. Okay. Did you look in under Thompson's files for files regarding Johns Manville?
 - A. I didn't. I didn't see any.

- Q. You would have noticed if it was there?
- A. Yeah, if there was something that said Johns Manville, they would have caught my eye, but then I would have checked to see if it was what I already had.
- Q. And that didn't happen because it wasn't there, right?
 - A. Right.
- Q. Are you aware that the R.T.

 Vanderbilt Company is no longer mining talc

 from the Arnold pit and the Gouverneur mines?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. When did they stop mining talc?
- A. At the end of -- I think it was the end of 2007 or no, it was the end of 2008.
- Q. In the documents that you provided for us in the surveys and assessments regarding the Arnold pit, there's information that says that there are reserves of ore in the Arnold pit that can last for hundreds of years, are you aware of that?
- A. I've heard something along that line, but I have no direct recollection of any document that said that. I've heard people

1 say the ore was pretty extensive. 2 So it's correct that mining didn't 3 stop in the Arnold pit because the ore was depleted there, that's right, isn't it? 4 5 Α. That's my understanding, yes. Q. 6 But the R.T. Vanderbilt company 7 closed up shop in the Gouverneur area and no 8 longer mines there; is that right? 9 MR. RADCLIFFE: 10 Objection, argumentative, misstates prior 11 testimony. 12 Α. No longer mines talk there. 13 Q. That's right. They continue to 14 mine the product that -- whose name I have a real problem with, it's called Wollastonite, 15 16 correct? Yes, that's right. 17 Α. 18 Q. And that's a product that has a 19 different mineralogical makeup than the Nytal products, correct? 20 21 Α. Completely different. 22 Q. And it's completely different than 23 Mouldene, isn't it?

And in fact, it doesn't have fibers

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Α.

Q.

Absolutely.

in it, does it?

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MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, calls for speculation.

- Α. Do you mean -- what do you mean by -- I'm sorry to do this. What do you mean by fiber, three to one, longer than five, is that what you're calling fiber or anything that's elongated?
- Let me ask you then, does it have any material in it that is longer than five microns with a greater than a three to one aspect ratio, to your knowledge?
- Well, I sample it, so Wollastonite is a cicular material, it's very cicular. It's needle-like. So when you grind it up you will get aerosol particulate, some of which will be, have a three to one, some of which not too much would be longer than five, but they're pretty thick.
 - Q. What's the percentage?
- All -- I don't know, probably 5 to 10 percent, if that.
- Q. And that material does not have any asbestiform talc in it, isn't that correct?
 - Α. Not to my knowledge. I've never

seen it.

- Q. And does it have any anthophyllite?
- A. Not to my knowledge, I've never had that reported, never saw it.
 - Q. Does it have any tremolite?
- A. I've never seen that reported in it either.
- Q. And it doesn't have any fibrous talc in it, does it?
- A. No, it's from another area miles and miles from that talc belt.
- Q. Have you seen any studies, animal, cell or epidemiological on that material showing that it causes cancer?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and answered, vague, ambiguous.

A. There are a number of studies on Wollastonite. Every single one demonstrates that it has no greater risk than a nuisance dust and the reason for that is it's very soluble, it has a half life in the body of about two weeks.

MR. RADCLIFFE: It's 5:14.

MS. ABRAMS: You gave me four extra minutes. So let me state for the record,

1.

sir, that I believe we've gotten through quite a lot of your person most qualified C COR deposition.

We do probably need to ask you additional questions because I haven't finished today with the material that I brought regarding all the documents that you produced. I don't think I have a whole lot more on that part of the deposition, but I do reserve my right to continue the deposition and I do believe that your attorney had a few questions as well.

And with respect to the three disks of I don't know how many thousands of documents that may pertain to your custodial or person most qualified role, it remains to be seen whether we have questions and how many those would be. So with that, I would conclude for the day and note that the deposition will be continued at a later time that is mutually convenient to the parties.

MR. RADCLIFFE: I'll just say that there's no agreement that the deposition will be continued, although I do agree that

it is not finished because I have not been provided an opportunity to ask my questions.

MS. ABRAMS: And I will state, for the record, that it is 5:15. I'm prepared to stay here until midnight, if necessary, to finish my portion of what I have in front of me, but I understand that the witness needs to leave and so we will leave for the day.

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record, 5:16.

(Whereupon, the deposition was suspended at 5:16 p.m.)

1	JURAT
2	
3	I, JOHN KELSE, do hereby certify that the foregoing
4	testimony given by me on August 26, 2009, is true and
5	accurate, including any corrections noted on the
6	corrections page, to the best of my knowledge and
7	belief.
8	
9	
10	
11	JOHN KELSE
12	Atin said County of
13	, thisday of, 2009,
14	personally appeared JOHN KELSE, and he/she made oath
15	to the truth of the foregoing corrections by him/her
16	subscribed.
17	Before me,Notary Public.
18	My Commission Expires:
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

TRANSCRIPT CORRECTIONS	
REPORTER: MARIAN E. CUMMINGS, LSR	
CASE NUMBER: RG 08-426405	
CASE STYLE:	
ERIC WESTON	
VS.	
ASBESTOS CORPORATION LIMITED, ET AL.	
PAGE LINE CORRECTION REASON	
	·
NAME :	- -

Page 460 CERTIFICATE 2 STATE OF CONNECTICUT I, MARIAN E. CUMMINGS, a Licensed Shorthand Reporter/Notary Public within and for the State of Connecticut, do hereby certify that I reported the deposition of JOHN KELSE on August 26, 2009, at the Marriott Stamford, 243 Tresser Boulevard, Stamford, 5 Connecticut 06901. I further certify that the above-named deponent was by me first duly sworn to testify to the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth concerning his/her knowledge in the matter of the case of ERIC WESTON vs. ASBESTOS CORPORATION LIMITED, ET AL., now pending in the SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA. 10 I further certify that the within testimony was taken by me stenographically and reduced to typewritten form 11 under my direction by means of COMPUTER ASSISTED TRANSCRIPTION; and I further certify that said 12 deposition is a true record of the testimony given by said witness. 13 I further certify that I am neither counsel for, related to, nor employed by any of the parties to the action in which this deposition was taken; and 15 further, that I am not a relative or employee of any attorney or counsel employed by the parties hereto, 16 nor financially or otherwise interested in the outcome of the action. 17 WITNESS my hand and seal this day of 2009. 19 Marian E. Cummings, LSE 20 Notary Public 21 My Commission Expires: December 31, 2010 License Registration Number: 472 22 23 24 25

WC Mesothelioma Deaths Claimed:

	<u>DOD</u>	_	e at Yrs eath GT	at Jobs at CC GTC	Other <u>Work</u>	<u>Diagnosis</u>	Actual Asbestos <u>Exposure</u>
۲.	1995 molbe		40 (54-94)	Mill QC	Pre 4yrs Navy	Tissue re-analysis supports ademoca Vs meso. – 25 yrs Smoker – prostate	•
	1995 Evan	71 5	33 (54-87)	Mill, misc.	Pre 4 yrs municipal Repairman	Questionable - MD feels more likely ma from underlying lun Cardio-pulmonary a	g C. exposures
	2001 Rick	86	20 (56-76)	Mine, scraper, mucker	Pre. 15 yrs other area mines	Sparse Med. data, no tissue, learned about in 2004.	Definite asb. exp. In scraper brake padsGTC
R,	2005 La Bow	74	34 (64-97)	Mill, wheeler mill op.	Pre. 2 yrs army demolition, 10yrs auto garagebrake work	Confirmed	Very prob. army demolition bldgs/ bridges. Very likely during brake work in 50's. Known asb. Pads on wheeler -GTC



WC Nonmalignant Pulmonary Claims: GTC

As of April 21, 2009

		Claim	
Injury Dat	e Claim description	<u>Status</u>	Name
2009	Alleg. Lung disease –dust Alleg. Lung disease – dust	open open	
2008_	Alleg. Lung disease - dust Alleg. Lung disease - dust Alleg. Lung disease - dust	No Action open	
	Alleg. Lung disease – dust Alleg. Lung disease – dust Alleg. Lung disease – dust Alleg. Lung disease – dust	partial Awd	
	Alleg. Lung disease – dust	Canceled	
2007	NONE		
2006	Alleg. Asbestosis	Awarded (medical only)	
2005	Lung disease & asbestosis	Awarded	
2004	Alleg. Occ. Lung Disease	Denied	
2003	Talcosis	Awarded	
2002	NONE		
2001	NONE		
2000	NONE		
1999	NONE		
1998	NONE		
1997	Alleg. Occ. Lung/heart	Open	
1996	Alleg. Dust disease Exposure to Dust	Denied Open	
	Alleg. Dust disease Alleg. Dust disease	Denied Open	

	Talcosis/pneumoconiosis Pneumoconiosis	Awarded Denied
1994	NONE	
1993	Pol. Dust disease	Awarded
1992	Pol. Dust disease	Denied
	Pol. Dust disease	Denied
	Pol. Dust disease	Denied
		claim
Injury D	ate Claim description	Status
1991	Pul. Dust claim	awarded
	Pul Dust Claim	awarded
	Pul Dust claim	denied
	Pul Dust claim	denied
	Pul Dust claim	denied
	Pul. Dust claim	denied
	Pul. Dust claim	awarded
	Pul. Dust claim	denied
1990	COPD	awarded
	Pul. Dust claim	awarded
	Pul. Dust claim	awarded
	Pul. Dust claim	denied
	66 66	awarded
	66	denied
	66 66	denied
	66 66	awarded
1989	Occ. Disease lungs	awarded
	Pul. Dust claim	awarded
	66 66	denied
	66	denied
	66 66	awarded
	46 66	denied
	66	awarded
	66 66	awarded
	66	denied

44	"	denied
66		awarded
66	"	awarded
66	66	denied
66	66	denied
66	66	denied
66	66	awarded
66	66	awarded
66	66	awarded
"	66	denied
66	66	awarded

Injury Date	Claim description	Claim <u>Status</u>
1988	Pul. Dust Claim	awarded
1987	pneumoconiosis Talcosis	awarded awarded
1986	Talcosis	awarded

See Continuing lists: as of 5/31/85 and 10/82

Cancers of the Pulmonary tract Claims

1972	Talcosis & pos asb contributed To lung cancer (allegedly)	awarded
1996	Talcosis contributed to lung Cancer (allegedly)	awarded
1993	Talcosis contrib. to lung C.	awarded
1995	Alleg. Meso	awarded
1995	Alleg. Meso	awarded
2001	Alleg. Meso	awarded
2005	Conf. Meso	awarded

GOUVERNEUR TA. CO., INC.

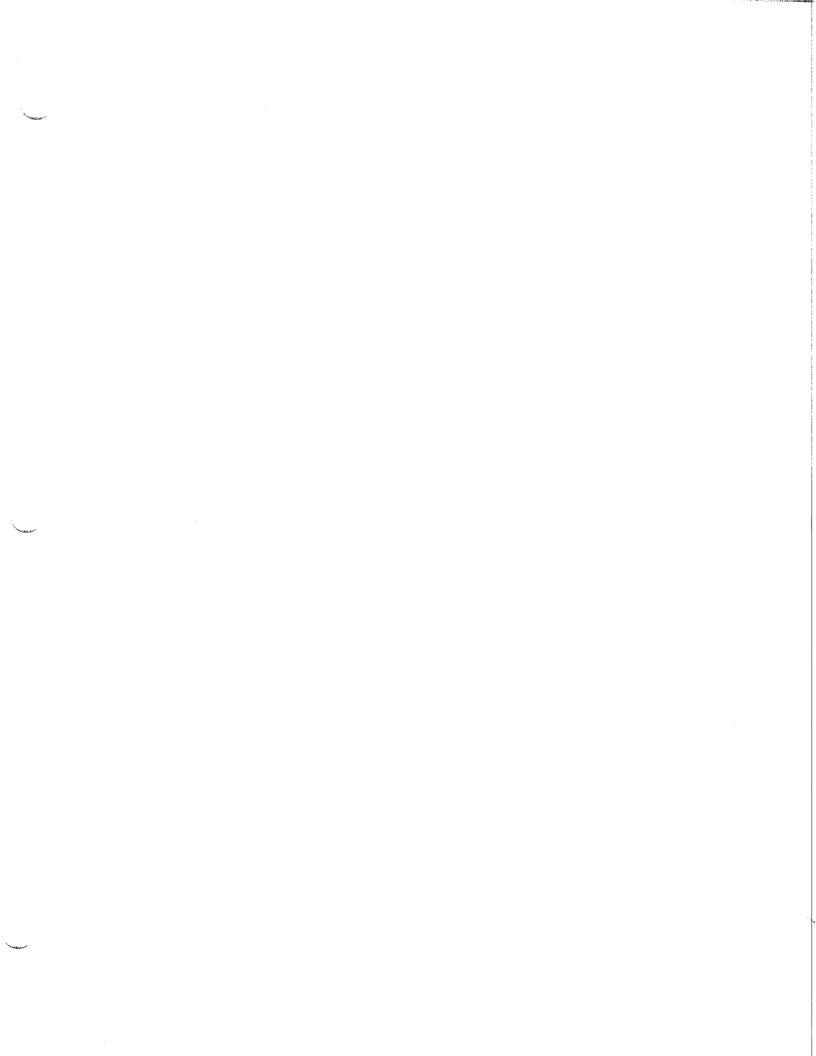
RECORD OF CLOSED AND PENDING WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION DUST DISEASES OF THE LUNGS CASES

	100000		12 121(221(0			201, 5052 5			<u> </u>
NÄME	HIRE DATE	DISABLE OR\ RETIRE DATE	FILE DATE	PAYMENT START	AWARD DATE	PERCENT DISABLED	WEEKLY PAYMENT	DATE DECEASED	TYPE DISEASE TO LUNGS
	07/11/49	11/06/49	04/23/62	07/20/60	03/25/65	100	\$ 50,00	08/21/61	Silicosis
	07/20/48	08/27/68	07/26/68	08/31/70	09/09/70	100	70.00	11/10/78	Pulmonary Fibrosis
	06/25/49	01/01/72	06/14/71	03/15/71	04/04/72	100	80.00	08/11/79	Chronic Bronchitis, Talcos & Pulmonary Emphysema
	07/28/54	08/24/71	09/01/71	08/24/71	01/26/72	100 :	80.00		Chronic Bronchitis, Talcos: & Pulmonary Emphysema
	08/31/48	03/01/72	03/24/72	02/11/72	12/13/72	100	80.00		Talcosis
	08/29/50	02/01/72	01/18/73	11/15/72	05/24/74	100	80.00		Talcosis
	01/25/56	10/03/72	04/11/72	01/22/73	02/07/73	100	80.00	10/13/73	Talcosis
Tallers and	08/24/48	03/01/73	03/15/73	02/26/73	07/09/74	100	80.00		Talcosis
	05/13/5	07/01/76	01/15/74	02/16/77	10/30/80		90.00		Talcosis
	i2/17/5	1 06/01/74	09/13/74	11/01/73	02/10/76	100	80.00		Talcosis
	09/17/6		1	.06/03/74	04/26/78	100	80.00		Chronic Bronchitis, Talcos: & Pulmonary Emphysema
	Electric 1974-75		05/23/75	11/16/74	12/03/75	100	95.00		Talcosis
	07/20/5		1	10/30/75	12/15/76	100	95.00		Talcosis
	08/22/5	04/22/67 0 Term.	07/06/77	11/09/77	07/29/80		60.00		P.P.D Talcosis
	04/19/5	2 09/05/69	08/25/77	05/03/76	04/19/79	40	48.13*	05/03/76	Talcosis
	06/11/7	4 08/30/77	01/16/78	08/31/77	06/18/79	50	80.00		Talcosis
	06/21/7	4 01/30/78	01/30/78	01/27/78	07/13/78	75	105.00	·	Talcosis
August 1	07/27/4	8 06/01/75	03/16/78	11/28/7	07/03/79)	71.11		P.P.D Talcosis
	11/23/5	1 08/17/77	03/20/78	08/01/77	11/25/80	,	57.00*	08/17/77	Pneumoconiosis
P.P.D = PERMA	NEUT PART	All DIGARTI	ruly high	4 44		· ·	_		

GOUVERNEUR TA. CO, INC.

RECORD OF CLOSED AND PENDING WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION DUST DISEASES OF THE LUNGS CASES

					COMPENSAT				, Octobro
NAME	HIRE DATE	DISABLE OR; RETIRE DATE	FILE DATE	PAYMENT . START	AWARD DATE	PERCENT DISABLED	WEEKLY PAYMENT	DATE DECEASED	TYPE DISEASE TO LUNGS
	07/01/48	03/01/77	06/26/78	03/01/77	04/16/80		\$ 95.00		P.P.D Talcosis
	02/12/63	11/21/78	11/21/78	11/21/78	10/24/79 10/31/80		95.00 67.17		P.P.D Pneumoconiosis
	08/31/53	09/01/75	01/09/79	09/28/78	01/18/80		89.50		P.P.D Talcosis
	09/14/53	07/29/78	02/16/79				<u> </u>	07/29/78	
	08/17/53	06/11/79	06/11/79	06/11/79	02/04/80	50	105.00	10/28/82	P.P.D Talcosis
	01/03/55	08/20/79	08/28/79	08/20/79	04/23/80	50	105.00		P.P.D Talcosis
	01/17/55	02/01/80	08/28/79	09/03/79	05/06/81	. 50	105.00		P.P.D Talcosis
	09/20/48	08/01/76	08/28/79]					
e de la companya de La companya de la co	04/12/54	08/01/78	10/03/79	08/01/78	06/27/80	50	105.00		P.P.D Talcosis
	06/20/5	03/01/76	12/19/80					07/25/80	
	09/23/64	4 08/01/81	09/11/80	08/07/80	07/23/81	50.	105.00	1,	P.P.D Talcosis
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Elizabeth and the state of the									
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EMANUEL RUBIN, M.D.

1505 Monk Road Gladwyne, PA 19035 610-642-7300 emanuel.rubin@jefferson.edu

November 8, 2006

John W. Kelse, Corporate IH Mgr. Corporate Risk Mgt. Department R. T. Vanderbilt Company, Inc. 30 Winfield Street P.O. Box 5150 Norwalk, Connecticut 06856-5150

Dear Mr. Kelse:

At your request I have reviewed four Workers' Compensation Claims alleging mesothelioma.

Lawrence Malbeuf

Mr. Malbeuf worked for R. T. Vanderbilt as a miller operator and laborer from August, 1954 to January, 1955, during which time he was involved in crushing talc. Subsequently until 1970 he worked in quality control, spending only five percent of his time in the mill. From 1970 until 1994 he worked 25% of his time in the mill as a supervisor of quality control and was assigned a respirator in 1974. He smoked a pack of cigarettes a day since age 16. Chest x-rays on 02/29/88 were described as showing scarring in the pulmonary parenchyma or pleura of both lower lobes. In a letter dated 12/01/94 Dr. Ashraf diagnosed cancer of the lung and a pleural effusion, with a mention of alleged mesothelioma. Mr. Malbeuf also suffered carcinoma of the prostate. A rightsided pleural effusion was noted on 03/22/94, and the PSA level was high. On 06/03/94 was PSA level was 9.7 and pleural fluid cytology was suspicious for adenocarcinoma. Biopsy on that date was reported to show malignant mesothelioma with calcified pleural plaques and "pulmonary ferruginous bodies." Dr. A. L. Katzenstein "felt that there was a mesothelioma present." Dr. W. K. C. Morgan attributes calcified pleural plaques to talc dust while working for R. T. Vanderbilt which did not become evident until mid or late 1980s. He cannot say whether the malignant effusion was caused by carcinoma of the lung or prostate, or whether it was a mesothelioma. In favor of a lung cancer was the presence of a nodule in the right middle lobe, which was not biopsied. Dr. Morgan notes

that Mr. Malbeuf may have been exposed to asbestos before beginning to work for R. T. Vanderbilt. Before he developed a pleural effusion, pulmonary function tests indicated a restrictive impairment, consistent with pulmonary fibrosis.

On 07/06/95 a letter from Dr. Bertha Garcia of University Hospital, London, Ontario, states that the cytology from two cell blocks were suggestive of adenocarcinoma. In a report dated 06/07/95, Dr. Garcia notes "immunohistochemical stains are equivocal." On 01/17/96 Dr. Brian Boehlecke, Associate Professor of Medicine at the University of North Carolina sees "nothing which specifically suggests a mesothelioma."

On 06/03/94 Mr. Malbeuf was admitted to St. Joseph's Hospital Health Center because of shortness of breath. The discharge diagnoses included pleural effusion, prostate cancer, and "malignant mesothelioma vs. benign asbestosis pleural disease." He was described as a 63-year old man with a 45-year history of smoking one pack of cigarettes a day. A Workers' Compensation Board Report dated 09/09/94, signed by Dr. Ashraf, lists "carcinoma lung, pleural effusion."

Mr. Malbeuf died on 09/06/95, and the Death Certificate lists the cause of death as mesothelioma.

Based on the information available to me, it is not possible to distinguish lung cancer from mesothelioma in this case, particularly in view of the long smoking history. If blocks of biopsy tissue are available, a careful immunohistochemical study would be advisable.

George Evans

Dr. W. K. C. Morgan, in a letter of 02/01/95, states that a Mr. Evans worked for R. T. Vanderbilt from 03/19/54 to 06/30/87. He worked briefly as a talc crusher and then in quality control, spending 20% of his time in a dusty area. He was given a respirator in 1974. Mr. Evans smoked a pack of cigarettes per day from the age of 18 to 43. The claims examiner stated that Mr. Evans' chest x-ray showed calcified pleural plaques consistent with prior exposure to asbestos or talc. A chest film on 08/05/81 mentions pulmonary fibrosis and a possibility of cardiomegaly. Emphysema was diagnosed on 02/18/86. Dr. Boehlecke described right-sided pieural thickening and possible fibrosis of the base of the left parenchyma on 02/18/86. Mr. Evans was admitted to a hospital in Ogdendsburg, New York on 05/06/94 because of right-sided pleural effusion, and a CT scan showed two masses in the right lung. A biopsy was diagnosed as fibrosis mesothelioma, but "the basis for this diagnosis is uncertain." However, the initial diagnosis was pulmonary carcinoma with a right pleural effusion. The pathology report by Dr. Roark is compatible with lung cancer and mesothelioma. Bilateral calcified pleural plaques were diagnosed at the Mayo Clinic on 07/14/94, which could be related either to inhalation of asbestos or talc. A note indicates Mr. Evans had smoked 45-pack years. His date of birth was 1924. A slight restrictive impairment was noted on pulmonary function tests on 09/15/81. Dr. Morgan concludes that Mr. Evans had pleural plaques and pleural calcification related to his exposure to talc. He believes the

malignancy is most likely lung cancer rather than mesothelioma. In a letter by Dr. Morgan dated 08/08/95 he notes that Mr. Evans died as a result of carcinoma of the lung, related to cigarette smoking.

Robert Rice

Mr. Rice died on 05/17/01. The Certificate of Death lists the immediate cause of death as respiratory failure secondary to pleural effusion due to pleural tumor. "Talcum exposure" is also noted. A letter from Carl B. Friedman, M.D. (01/03/03) notes that Mr. Rice was exposed to "non-asbestiform amphibole (sic) consistent with tremolite." He points out that the "carcinogenicity of these materials is not associated with an increasing risk factor for mesothelioma or lung cancer in cohorts inside and outside of the talc industry." Vanderbilt talc is composed of non-asbestiform tremolite from 40-60%.

An autopsy was restricted to the chest. Lesions secondary to talc pleurodesis were present. The lower lobe and medial aspect of the lung was encased by a large, firm, white nodular mass, adherent to the diaphragm. Bulky masses were noted over the medial and upper lung. Microscopically, both lungs contained ferruginous bodies "consistent with asbestos bodies." In some foci, four or five asbestos bodies were present per high-power field. The tumor that involved the right pleura and lung showed a diffuse proliferation of atypical pleomorphic cells with sarcomatous and epithelioid patterns, "consistent with diffuse, malignant mesothelioma." The decedent was 87 years old at the time of death. A Workers' Compensation Form noted that "the death was found related to exposure to talcum dust." It is more likely that Mr. Rice was exposed to asbestos.

Ray LaBow

On 02/02/05 Mr. LaBow was 73 years old. While in the Army from 1952-1954 he worked with dynamite and plastic explosives. He did mechanical work including brake adjustments as a service station attendant from 1956 to 1963. In 1964 he began employment with Gouverneur Talc from 1964 to 1997 (34 years). For 26 years he worked in a rotary mill operating a bulk loader. He smoked two packs of cigarettes per day for an approximate 76-pack year history. On 07/25/04 a CT scan had shown increased pleural thickening and an anterior mediastinal mass. He had previously been diagnosed with COPD. A note from Dr. Innaber on 07/15/04 stated that Mr. LaBow had significant exposure to asbestos and was on compensation for pleural thickening. On 08/05/04 a needle biopsy of the left upper lobe pleural-based mass was diagnosed by Dr. Abraham as consistent with mesothelioma. X-rays showed pleural plaques that were mildly calcified and bilateral lower lobe fibrotic changes with interstitial densitys. On 01/20/05 an anterior mediastinal mass was seen, together with an opacity at the right base.

Dr. Abraham noted that the tumor is predominantly an epithelial pattern malignancy. The tumor was positive for cytokeratin on both epithelial and spindle components, making it a biphasic mesothelioma. The tumor was positive for calretinin and WT-1 and stains for adenocarcinoma (CD15, CLA, B72.3, BerET4 and TTF-1) were negative. The

study by <u>Honda, et al.</u> of talc miners is reviewed in detail. Mesothelioma is probably related to asbestos exposure.

Please feel free to call upon me for any further information.

Sincerely,

Emanuel Rubin, M.D.



30 WINFIELD STREET, P.O. BOX 5150, NORWALK, CONNECTICUT 06856-5150 - [203] 853-1400 FAX (203) 853-1452 - CABLE "BILTVAN", NORWALK, CONNECTICUT - TWX 710-468-2940

September 30, 1994

Manuel C. Paleo, M.D. 215 Rensallear Avenue, Suite 303 Ogdensburg, NY 13669

Re: Mr. George Evans

Dear Dr. Paleo:

As his former employer we have contacted Mr. Evans and received his permission to access his medical records. A copy of the records release is attached. For many years the Gouverneur Talc Company has maintained an active medical surveillance program. Over the last ten years we have coordinated this program through a pulmonary specialist at The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill.

The company is aware that overexposure to its talc dust - indeed any mineral dust - can result in adverse pulmonary effects. We are therefore concerned about reports we have received about Mr. Evans' pulmonary condition, wish to be informed on this condition and to assist in any way we can. On behalf of all our talc miners and millers we feel we have a commitment to do so.

It is our hope to obtain a copy of Mr. Evans' medical record along with available tissue samples for review by Brian Boehlecke, M.D. (our pulmonary medical advisor) and a pathologist familiar with histology possibly associated with this case. Whatever is learned form this review will certainly be shared with you, Mr. Evans or any additional parties Mr. Evans might later designate.

If you could provide a copy of Mr. Evans' medical record pertaining to his pulmonary status and any related tissue samples available, we would be most grateful. Please forward this material to my attention. Please feel free to contact Dr. Boehlecke at 919-966-2532 or me at 203-853-1400 if we can clarify this request or help in any other way.

Very truly yours,

R. T. VANDERBILT COMPANY, INC.

John W. Kelse

for the like

Corporate Industrial Hygienist

Manager, Occupational Health & Safety

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Mr. George Evans Brian Boehlecke, M.D.

Mr. Dana Putman

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NOTE TO FILE:

<u>08/24/09</u> - Phone call to Dana Putman (GTC Plant Mgr.) regarding and all dust linked files maintained at the plant.

<u>Personnel Files:</u> Contents as described in my deposition. Prior employment from application form, record of jobs held and dates held. Any injury records and WC records for an employee is maintained in a notebook by name.

Medical Surveillance Files: Contents as described in my deposition. Per employee, chest x-ray reports, PFT's with questionnaires, copy of any dust monitoring result obtained on that employee and a copy of the employee summary notice of work related results per surveillance (every two years).

<u>Chest x-ray Packets:</u> As described in my deposition. Kept at the plant in folders by employee name. Employees given copies to use with their own physicians upon request though some originals have been lost over the years when not returned.

MSHA Related Records: As mandated – contains training plans and records (to include respiratory policy, housekeeping requirements, etc.). Copies of any dust sampling results from MSHA are kept but also sent to me for my central file. As described.

General Administrative Records: Asked if these would include any customer correspondence dealing with the mineral composition of the talc – specifically any inquiries as to the presence or absence of asbestos. As described, any such inquires are sent to Norwalk (Kelse). Dana reported no file would exist on this at the plant.

I also confirmed the absence of IT records pertaining to dust data or insurance in their records. I also asked if the Quality lab <u>ever</u> addressed the talc in respect to the identification of asbestos. As previously reported, it was confirmed that nothing beyond routine Quality testing is done in this lab (whiteness, oil absorption, viscosity in paint blends, etc.).

08/20/09 Dr. Thompson's Lab. Files.

Did a random search of Dr. Thompson's old lab files for indication of talc linked composition documents that were not familiar to me (in my files). I did not see any such documents.



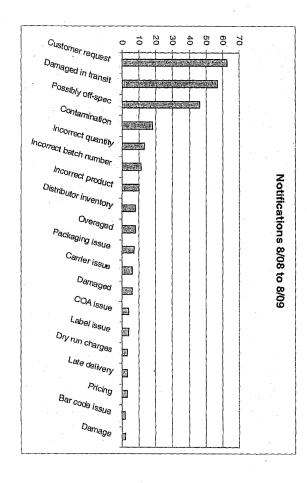
<u>08/24/09:</u> Further Discussion with Konrad Reiger (Ceramic Engineer) regarding the origin and preparation of the talc fiber concentrate (CPS 183) used in the Wylie/Mossman cell study.

Konrad reported that he was not sure if the original sample was from a high fiber outcrop from the Talceville mine (as I had thought) or it instead originated from one of the high fiber grades from that same mine. In either case, the sample did originate from Talceville as reported. Konrad felt it was most likely concentrated from one of the high fiber products (would more typically be used for this purpose if a concentrate was being sought).

Konrad did concentrate the talc fiber as noted in my deposition – he felt in late 1992. This produced a fiber concentrate of approx. 60% (noted in the published paper). The concentration process was different than I thought (it wasn't simply a floatation process). Basically, the material was wetted and sieved with the talc fiber remaining on the top of the screen. The residual was then dried on a metal screen with the static charge on the fibers causing them to clump or ball - these clumps were then air classified – blown from the top of the metal screen.

This fiber concentrate was given to Dr. Thompson who supplied it to Dr. Wylie for the cell study. It was noted in the paper that an "intermediate" talc fiber grade was used in the study as well – sample S-157. This sample was also provided by RTV and was identified as Fibertal #1 in our records (sample number on container). This sample was reported as containing 37% talc fiber and Fibertal was produced from the Talcville mine as well.

<u>08/25/09:</u> Visited the Quality Dept. (managed by Jerry Dvorneck) and asked if they maintained any files in which customer inquires might have been made about the composition of RTV talc (particularly in regard to the presence of absence of asbestos) — or any other documents linked to that matter. I did look through several files that contained customer complaints but found no evidence of such documents. It was reported, as stated in my deposition, that any such inquiry would immediately be sent to me if it was inadvertently sent to them — they did not recall seeing any such inquiries. Such inquiries would not be viewed as "quality" documents (past shelf life, broken containers, off-spec., etc.). Appended is a Quality dept. graph which depicts the categories of files/records they keep — note there is no category for "risk" linked issues.



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Talc Grade Retained Samples (RTV files)

Cuts of retained talc product samples were taken Aug. 20, 2009 and the distribution of these samples to investigators – as noted on the original sample containers (typically small bags) – is recorded below. Product samples originated from requests to Gouverneur Talc (talc plant) to forward designated product samples from product production.

			Date(s) Provided		
<u>Sample</u>	Grade/Prod.	Origin Date	to others	Recipients	
A	NYTAL 100	1998	Oct. 2007	C. Skinner	
			Nov. 2007	HP (P. York)	
			Aug. 2007	RJLee, Inc.	
В	NYTAL 300	2002	Mar. 2005	J. Addison	
			Nov. 2008	M. Gunter	
C	NYTAL 100	1998	June 2000	RJLee, Inc.	
D	NYTAL 200	1998	June 2000	RJLee, Inc.	
D	111 1AL 200	1770	Mar. 2005	J. Addison	
			Nov. 2009	M. Gunter	
${f E}$	IT 3X	1998	June 2000	RJLee, Inc.	
			July 2008	C. Skinner	
F	NYTAL 400	1998	June 2000	RJLee, Inc.	
			Mar. 2005	J. Addison	
			Aug. 2009	M. Gunter	
G	NYTAL 7700	1998	June 2000	RJLee, Inc.	
Н	NYTAL 3300	1998	June 2000	RJLee, Inc.	
I	NYTAL 300	1998	June 2000	RJLee, Inc.	
	(old IT 325)	- -	Oct. 2007	C. Skinner	
	,		Nov. 2007	HP (P. York)	



J	Mouldene	1975	1998 July 2009 Aug. 2009	A.Wylie HP (P. York) M. Gunter
K	Fibertal 2 (S-157)	1975	1996	A. Wylie
L	Fiber Concentrate	1996	1996	A. Wylie
M	IT – 3X (MCP-398)	1992	1992	A. Wylie F. Pooley
	, ,		1993 ?	RJLee, Inc. McCrone Lab.
N	NYTAL 3300	1997	1998	RJLee
0	Tremolite Conc. (C.P. 57 – cps 1204 NTP feeding study)	1980 (approx)	1980	NTP & BOM
P	Ceramitalc # 1	1994	1999 Feb. 2000 Nov. 2007	German Lab (?) RJLee HP (P York)
Q	NYTAL 100 HR	1994	2000 Feb. 2005	German Lab (?) J. Addison
R.	NYTAL 200	1994	2000 2001	German Lab (?) RJLee

Obtained from office storage by John Kelse RTV

Note to the File

Removal of 300 bags of MOULDENE Talc From Armstrong Mold Company - Syracuse, NY

On May 2, 1992 I visited Armstrong Mold Company to observe the removal of 300 bags of unused "Mouldene". Because this discontinued talc product had been improperly labeled as asbestos containing, a licensed abatement contractor was retained by the owner of this material to remove it from his premises as an asbestos containing material. Rather than bear the analytical costs involved in proving this material contains no asbestos and was mislabeled, it was decided to handle this material "as though it did" contain asbestos in the interest of cost containment.

Overseeing this removal project was Mr. Alan Avrich, who serves as the owner's occupational health and safety consultant. Mr. Avrich is licensed to oversee projects of this nature and was responsible for retaining the removal contractor and obtaining all state required certificates and the burial permit. As per standard operating procedure (mandated), this removal project involved the following basic steps:

- 1. Each paper Mouldene bag was placed in a prelabeled plastic bag and sealed after torn bags were patched with tape.
- 2. The removal contractors were the typical removal gear (i.e. full body coveralls and respirators). The area was properly vacuumed after the work.
- 3. Double wrapped bags were placed in a covered box trailer and taken to a secured landfill for burial in West Virginia.
- 4. During and after the bags were removed from the owner's warehouse, air samples were taken to confirm the absence of residual contamination in the warehouse area.

Prior to the rebagging, I inspected the bags and found about 5% to be in poor condition (some bags were torn). There was some evidence of spillage in the warehouse area. I took a sample from one of the bags to hold in the event future inquiries develop. This sample is labeled "K-100 (Mouldene)" and shall be filed with this record.

The removal project went smoothly and took approximately three hours. A listing of participants, phone numbers and license numbers was partially obtained on the removal date. A more complete listing shall be forwarded with the bill and retained in our files.

There was no evidence of any "hidden" agenda. I spoke with the owner of the metal casting facility who was not in the least concerned. In fact, Mr. Armstrong asked about the possible use of our talcs or our wollastonite in new processes he was considering (I left Randy Johnson's name and number for follow-up in that regard). The removal activity took place after work hours, there were no spectators, inquiries or any sign that this was anything other than a straight forward removal/disposal effort.



John W. Kelse Corporate Industrial Hygienist May 4, 1992 30 WINFIELD STREET, P.O. BOX 5150, NORWALK, CONNECTICUT 06856-5150 • (203) 853-1400 FAX (203) 853-1452 • CABLE: "BILTVAN", NORWALK, CONNECTICUT • TWX 710-468-2940

April 3, 1992

Avrich Mr. Alan Azrick RIMTECH 12 Deer Run Fulton, NY 13069

Dear Mr. Akrich:

Regarding our telephone conversation of March 27, 1992, I have enclosed assorted reference material. This material addresses both the nonasbestiform amphibole issue and our New York State tremolitic talc products.

As discussed, confusion over whether our tremolitic talcs (including "Mouldene") do or do not contain asbestos involves this general nonasbestiform amphibole issue as well as the ability to distinguish fibrous talc from anthophyllite asbestos. Nonasbestiform amphibole in these talc products is quite high (30-60%) though much lower for Mouldene. Talc fiber (and to a lessor degree transitional fibers that are both talc and anthophyllite) is quite low (1-2%). Such fibers, however, are generally more common in the "Mouldene" product. This higher fiber grade was discontinued in the early 1970's because sales decreased and confusion over "asbestos" content was too great. As I described, even the company believed this talc grade contained asbestos and labeled the bags as such for a brief period in the mid 1970's. Obviously when we believed asbestos to be present we had no problem saying so. Although we erred in this regard, we have been haunted by this mistake ever since.

The analytical problems inherent in the analysis of our talcs is great. It takes a high degree of mineralogical expertise to properly deal with this material. I believe some of the attached gives you some appreciation of why this is so. Over the years, despite initial protestation, many laboratories have learned this.

Given these circumstances and the fact that an "asbestos" label is incorrectly affixed to these bags, if you would prefer, we would pick up this material for you. If you would like to handle this in this way please contact our Plant Manager, Dana Putman (315) 287-0100 for specifics.

I appreciate your interest in the mineralogical aspects of this issue and trust you will find the enclosed material interesting. If I can answer any remaining questions for you regarding these issues, please do not hesitate to call.

Very truly yours,

R. T. VANDERBILT COMPANY, INC.

John W. Kelse

Corporate Industrial Hygienist

Manager, Occupational Health & Safety

JWK/sk

30 WINFIELD STREET, P.O. BOX 5150, NORWALK, CONNECTICUT 06856-5150 • (203) 853-1400 FAX (203) 853-1452 • CABLE: "BILTVAN", NORWALK, CONNECTICUT • TWX 710-468-2940

April 10, 1992

Mr. Alan Avrich RIMTECH 12 Deer Run Fulton, NY 13069

Dear Mr. Avrich:

As per our phone conversation of April 9, 1992, we believe your plans to dispose of your client's unwanted MOULDENE talc product as if it were an asbestos containing material (ACM) is appropriate. Although this talc does not contain asbestos, as explained in my letter of April 3, 1992, we believe a prudent approach is warranted, given the understandable concerns that may be raised whenever the word "asbestos" is involved. By retaining a licensed asbestos removal company as you suggest to handle this material as an ACM, we agree with you that unnecessary concern will be held to a minimum.

It is unfortunate this talc product was mislabeled and that unnecessary time and expense must now be sustained. Since the labeling error was ours, the R. T. Vanderbilt Company feels it is appropriate to reimburse your client for costs incurred in handling and disposing of this material as an ACM consistent with the price you quoted (approximately \$7,500). Please forward these disposal bills to my attention.

As per your request, please consider this correspondence as our approval for a leachate test (TCLP method) on this material as per landfill requirements. The content of our discontinued "MOULDENE" talc is reflected in Dr. Wylie's analysis - primarily fibrous talc, with smaller amounts of nonasbestiform tremolite and anthophyllite (5-10% of the material) with the remainder carbonate, platy talc, feldspar (trace) and quartz (likely <1%). This talc product, like all our talc products, is merely ground and contains mineral components only. Hence, the TCLP test should result in no leachates of concern.

If I can be of any further assistance, please feel free to call.

Very truly yours,

R. T. VANDERBILT COMPANY, INC.

John Kile

John W. Kelse

Corporate Industrial Hygienist

Manager, Occupational Health & Safety

JWK/sk

INTER-OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Date: May 11, 1992

To:

Mr. G. L. Fiederlein

From:

J. W. Kelse

Subject:

BILL FOR REMOVAL OF "MOULDENE" - May 2, 1992

Attached please find an invoice for \$7,500 which we agreed to pay for the removal and disposal of the captioned material. Would you please expedite payment on this so that we can close our file on this project.

As the cover letter (also attached) indicates, I have received full documentation on this project and shall establish a file. I would appreciate a copy of the check sent for this file.

Thank you for your interest and cooperation on this matter. Although this discontinued talc product is not an asbestos containing material (ACM), I believe our conservative approach minimized costs.

JWK/sk attachment

cc: Mr. H. B. Vanderbilt Sr.

May 08,92 18:24 No.002 P.02

RIMTECH

RISK MANAGEMENT CONSULTING SERVICES

FAXED 5/8/92 May 8, 1992

Mr. John W. Kelse, Manager Safety and Health R. T. Vanderbilt Company, Inc. 30 Winfield Street P.O. Box 5150 Norwalk, Connecticut 06856-5150

> Re: Asbestos Project - Mouldene Armstrong Mold Corp., N. Y. Invoice

Dear Mr. Kelse:

It was a pleasure meeting you on May 2, 1992 - I wish it could have been under different circumstances. Enclosed are requested copies of reports, permits and letters pertaining to the R.T. Vanderbilt "Mouldene" product that was at the Armstrong Mold Corporation facility in East Syracuse, New York.

The Bianchi Trison Corporation, waste hauler, letter confirms receipt of the "Mouldene" material removed from Armstrong. This material will be transported (mid-May schedule upon payment) to and disposed at the Meadowfill Landfill in West Virgina. A copy of the manifest, and any other disposal records, will be furnished by this company to us after project completion. The transporters permit lists this landfill on page 2 of 4.

The TCLP and removal project air monitoring results were acceptable as noted on the laboratory reports.

An invoice for the quoted \$ 7,500 price is attached. This invoice covers labor, laboratory fees, material costs, equipment charges, transportation, and disposal.

Should you have any questions, please let me know.

Sincerely,

Alan Avrich, CSP, CET, ARM

May 08,92 18:24 No.002 P.03

MANAGEMENT CONSULTING SERVICES

30 WINFIELD ST., P.O. BOX 5150 NORWALK, CONNECTICUT 06856-5150

ATTENTION: MR. JOHN KELSE

REMOVAL "MOULDENE" ACM FROM ARMSTRONG MOLD CORPORATION

EAST SYRACUSE, NEW YORK on May 2, 1992

DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES	AMOUNT
DESCRIPTION OF BERVICES	APROUNT
BAG PER NYS CODE RULE 56/OSHA REGULATIONS	
MOULDENE BAGS AT THE ABOVE LOCATION	
TRANSPORT AND DISPOSE MATERIAL	·
INCL LABOR, MATERIAL, LAB ANALYSIS	
TRANSPORT AND DISPOSAL COSTS	
PER LETTER AGREEMENT DATED 04/10/92	\$ 7500.00
PAYABLE UPON RECEIPT	
TO TRANSPORT AND DISPOSE	
TOTAL AMOUNT DUE THIS INVOICE	\$ 7500.00
TOTAL AMOUNT DOE THIS INVOICE	\$ /500.00.

RIMTECH

12 Deer Run, Fulton, New York 13069 (315) 593-6424 FAX (315) 593-1990

MEMO

OVERNIGHT DELIVERY 5/13/92

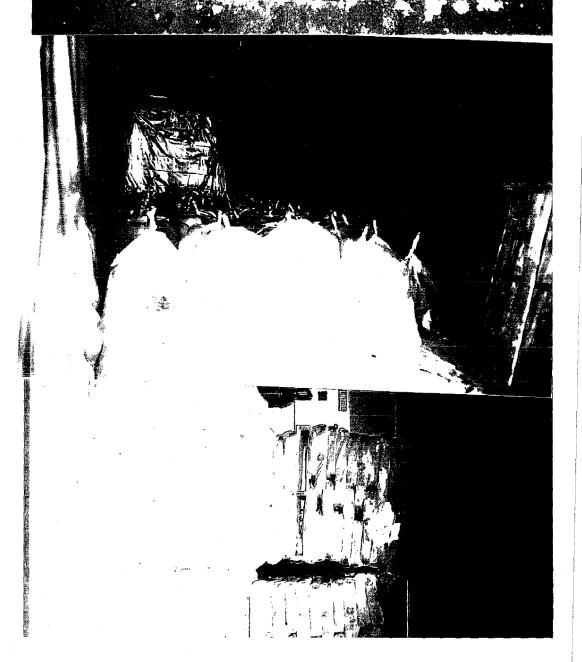
TO:	JOHN KELSE	
COMPANY:	R.T.VANDERBILT	
FROM:	ALAN AVRICH	
RE:	1. MOULDENE PROJECT	
	ARMSTRONG MOLD CORP.	

JOHN -

As discussed today, May 12th, I am enclosing an original copy of the invoice for this project and some photographs of the material, pre and post removal, and loaded trailer.

ALAN AVRICH, CSP, CET, ARM

Caution-Product Contains Asbeet Creation Opsi-Resting



RISK MANAGEMENT CONSULTING SERVICES

FAXED 5/8/92 May 8, 1992

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The TCLP and removal project air monitoring results were acceptable as noted on the laboratory reports.

An invoice for the quoted \$ 7,500 price is attached. This invoice covers labor, laboratory fees, material costs, equipment charges, transportation, and disposal.

Should you have any questions, please let me know.

Sincerely,

Alan Avrich, CSP, CET, ARM

RISK MANAGEMENT CONSULTING SERVICES

TO: R.T. VANDERBILT CO., INC. DATE: May 8, 1992

30 WINFIELD ST., P.O. BOX 5150 NORWALK, CONNECTICUT 06856-5150

ATTENTION: MR. JOHN KELSE

RE: REMOVAL "MOULDENE" ACM FROM ARMSTRONG MOLD CORPORATION

EAST SYRACUSE, NEW YORK on May 2, 1992

DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES	AMOUNT
BAG PER NYS CODE RULE 56/OSHA REGULATIONS MOULDENE BAGS AT THE ABOVE LOCATION TRANSPORT AND DISPOSE MATERIAL INCL LABOR, MATERIAL, LAB ANALYSIS TRANSPORT AND DISPOSAL COSTS	
PER LETTER AGREEMENT DATED 04/10/92 PAYABLE UPON RECEIPT TO TRANSPORT AND DISPOSE	\$ 7500.00
TOTAL AMOUNT DUE THIS INVOICE	\$ 7500.00

Please make check payable to "RIMTECH"

VVOICE DATE	INVOICE NUMBER	DES	CRIPTION	INVOICE AMOUNT	DISCOUNT	NET AMOUNT
5/08/92	050892	REMOVAL MO	ULDENE-ARMSTRON	7,500.00	-00	7,500.00
				·	**************************************	
ATE	5/14/92	VENDOR N	0. 13294		TOTAL	7,500.00
T. VANDEI	RBILT COMPANY	, Inc.			NO.15	1125
399	BANK, N.A. Park Avenue		R. T. VANDERBILT COMPANY, INC.			151125 F
New Y	ork, N.Y. 10043		30 WINFIELD NORWALK, (NO.15	1125 $\frac{1-8}{21}$
ATE	5/14/92		7,027,11222,1			***
PAY			****7,500.00****	*		DOLLARS
TO THE ORD	ER OF				****7,5	00.00
	RIMTECH		•	VOID AFT	ER 90 DAYS FROM D	DATE OF CHECK
:	12 DEER RUN			R. T.	VANDERBILT COM	IPANY, Inc.
l	FULTON, NY		13069-			Authorized Signatu
						Authorized Signatu

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RIMTECH - Alan Avrich TEL:1-315-593-1990

May 08,92

18:26 No.002 P.05

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

DIVISION OF HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES REGULATION . BUREAU OF PROGRAM AND TECHNICAL SUPPORT OF THE PROGRAM AND TECHNICAL SUPPORT 50 WOLF ROAD, ALBANY, NEW YORK 12233-7250

WASTE TRANSPORTER PERMIT

Pursuant to 6 NYCRR Part 364

. No. of Additional Sheets Attached

NYSDEC PERMIT NUMBER EPA TRANSPORTER ID NUMBER VEHICLE STATE & LICENSE NUMBER SEE LIST OF VEHICLES 7A-097 NYD980766497 **-**---THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT: BUSINESS NAME TRISON CORP MAILING ADDRESS 5908 BUTTERNUT DR COUNTY ZIP CODE EAST SYRACUSE ONONDAGA NY 13057 Having complied with the provisions of the Environmental Conservation Law Titles 3 and 15, of Article 27, is hereby authorized to engage in waste transporting within the State of New York in the manner described herein. TYPE OF WASTE AND LOCATION OF TREATMENT, STORAGE OR DISPOSAL FACILITY: TSOF # 1 INFORMATION WASTE WASTE DESCRIPTION 04307 N807 ASSESTOS WASTE (SEE CONDITIONS) NANTICOKE/BROOME CO SANIT KNAPP RD NY 13902 NANTICOKE TSDF # 2 INFORMATION WASTE WASTE DESCRIPTION

TSDF # 3 INFORMATION

NEWCO/NIAGARA RECYCLING 56TH ST/NIAGARA FALLS BLV

WASTE WASTE DESCRIPTION

NO11 OIL SOAKED DEBRIS

32511

NIAGARA

NO11 OIL SOAKED DEBRIS

SENECA MEADOWS INC

N807 ASBESTOS WASTE (SEE CONDITIONS)

1786 SALCMAN RD

N899 NON-HAZARDOUS WASTE(S) SPECIFY BELOW

WATERLOO

NY 13165

NY .14302

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4 PAGES PAGE 1 0 F

THIS PERMIT WILL EXPIRE AT MIDNIGHT _	MARCH	31	93	nd is subject to re	vocation at any time. This	permit is not tr	ansferrable.
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		New Yo	k State Department o	of Environmental C	onservation Representative	Management of the last of the	

NOTE: This Permit does not relieve the transporter of the responsibility of complying with any other applicable federal, state or local regulations. Please refer to warning notice on back of this Permit.

18:27 No.002 P.06 May 08,92

47-20-3 (5/90)---26a

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

DIVISION OF HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES REGULATION . . BUREAU OF PROGRAM AND TECHNICAL SUPPORT 50 WOLF ROAD, ALBANY, NEW YORK 12233-7250

WASTE TRANSPORTER PERMIT

NYSDEC PERMIT HUMBER 7 A = 097	EPA TRANSPORTER ID NUMBER NYD980766497	VEHICLE STATE & LICENSE NUMBER SEE LIST OF VEHICLES
THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT:	*	-
BUSINESS NAME BIANCHI TRISON CORP	. — Дентон, 17.7 г. донов, со выд со Серонов донов до донов до до до 17.4 г. д. д. д. 17.4 г. д. д. 17.4 г. д. д. 17.4 г. д. д. 17.4 г. д. 17	
MAILING ADDRESS 5908 BUTTERNUT DR		
CITY EAST SYRACUSE	COUNTY ONOND AG A	STATE ZIP CODE NY 13057
	of the Environmental Conservation Law Tit ransporting within the State of New York	tles 3 and 15, of Article 27, Is hereby authorized in the manner described herein.
TYPE OF WASTE AND LOCATION OF TREATM	A STATE OF THE STA	
TSDF # 4 INFORMATION	WASTE WASTE DESCRIPT	TION
00007	N807 ASBESTOS WASTE	E (SEE CONDITIONS)
MEADOWFILL CORPORTION ROUTE #2, BOX 68 BRIDGEPORT WY 2	6330	
TSDF # S INFORMATION	WASTE WASTE DESCRIPT	TION
00009 PRICHARD LANDFILL	N807 ASSESTOS WAST	E (SEE CONDITIONS)
5830 BIG SANDY RIVER S PRICHARD WV 2		
***** END OF TREATM	ENT, STORAGE OR DISPOSAL	FACILITY INFORMATION *****
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	BAGE Z OF 4 PAGE	S
THIS PERMIT WILL EXPIRE AT MIDNIGHT	RCH 31 93	and is subject to revocation at any time. This permit is not transferrable.

NOTE: This Permit does not relieve the transporter of the responsibility of complying with any other applicable Please refer to warning notice on back of this Permit.

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Representative

federal, state or local regulations.

May 08,92

18:28 No.002 P.07

47-20-3 (5/90)--- 26a

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION

DIVISION OF HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES REGULATION . BUREAU OF PROGRAM AND TECHNICAL SUPPORT 50 WOLF ROAD, ALBANY, NEW YORK 12233-7250

WASTE TRANSPORTER PERMIT

Pursuant to 6 NYCRR Part 364

No. of Additional Sheets Attached

NYSDEC PERMIT HUMBER 7A-097	EPA TRANSPORTER ID NUMBER NYD 980766497	VEHICLE STATE & LICENSE NUMBER SEE LIST OF VEHICLES
THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT:		
BUSINESS NAME BIANCHI TRISON CORP		
MAILING ADDRESS 5908 BUTTERNUT DR		· ·
CITY EAST SYRACUSE	COUNTY ONOND A G A	STATE ZIP CODE NY 13057
	of the Environmental Conservation Law Title transporting within the State of New York in	es 3 and 15, of Article 27, is hereby authorized the manner described herein.
25 ORGANIC	AZARDOUS WASTE REGULATION MATERIALS, INCLUDING SEV	ERAL VOLATILE SOLVENTS TO
BE AFFECTE	TY CHARACTERISTIC LIST. PO D BY THESE REGULATIONS. TO E FOR COMPLIANCE WITH 40	HE TRANSPORTER IS
TRANSPORTE	ONTAINING WASTES SHALL BE D AND DISPOSED OF IN ACCO TAL PROTECTION AGENCY (EP	ROANCE WITH THE U.S.
C40 CFR.61 OCCUPATION	S, TITLE 4C, PART 61, SUB A AND MI) AND THE U.S. D AL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMI	EPARTMENT OF LABOR -
	EGULATIONS (29 CFR 1910).	
CONDITION: TRANSPORTE	R IS NOT PERMITTED TO HAU	L HAZARDOUS WASTES.
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	TO SENECA MEADOWS MUST BE Lysis form (47-19-7) Prio	
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	PAGE 3 OF 4 PAGES	
THIS PERMIT WILL EXPIRE AT MIONIGHT	RCH 31 93	d is subject to revocation at any time. This permit is not transferrable
In witness whereof, the Department of Environmental Co	onservation has caused this permit to be executed on this	45 Shared 19 92
	New York State Department of	Environmental Conservation Representative

NOTE: This Permit does not relieve the transporter of the responsibility of complying with any other applicable federal, state or local regulations. Please refer to warning notice on back of this Permit.

May 08,92

18:29 No.002 P.08

NEW YORK STATE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION ... 47-20 X (5/90) -- 26à DIVISION OF HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES RECULATION . BUREAU OF PROGRAM AND TECHNICAL SUPPORT 50 WOLF ROAD, ALBANY, NEW YORK 12233-7250

WASTE TO ANSDODTED DEDMIT

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THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT: #USINESC NAME TAISON CORP MAILING ADDRESS 5908 BUTTERNUT DR CTY CTY CTY CTY CTY CTY CTY CTY CTY CT	
MAILING ADDRESS 1908 BUTTERNUT DR CITY EAST SYRACUSE COUNTY ON ON DAGA Having complied with the provisions of the Environmental Conservation Law Titles 3 and 1s, of Article 27, is he to engage in waste transporting within the State of New York in the manner described herein. TYPE OF WASTE AND LOCATION OF TREATMENT, STORAGE OR DISPOSAL FACILITY; 705338 DEMO15 DEMO13 DEMO17 DEMO16 DEMO19 25126S DEMO7 DEMO4 DEMO16 Z3866 **********************************	
COUNTY GNONDAGA STATE MY Asving complied with the provisions of the Environmental Conservation Law Titles 3 and 15, of Article 27, is her to engage in waste transporting within the State of New York in the manner described herein. TYPE OF WASTE AND LOCATION OF TREATMENT, STORAGE OR DISPOSAL FACILITY: 70533S DEMO15 DEMO13 DEMO17 DEMO16 DEMO16 DEMO19 25126S DEMO7 DEMO4 DEMO11 23867 ***********************************	
AST SYRACUSE QNONDAGA NY Taving complied with the provisions of the Environmental Conservation Law Titles 3 and 15, of Article 27, is he to engage in waste transporting within the State of New York in the manner described herein. TYPE OF WASTE AND LOCATION OF TREATMENT, STORAGE OR DISPOSAL FACILITY: TOS33S DEMO15 DEMO18 DEMO17 DEMO16 DEMO26 DEMO19 25126S DEMO7 DEMO4 DEMO11 23866 DEMO19 25126S DEMO7 DEMO4 DEMO11 23866 **********************************	
to engage in waste transporting within the State of New York in the manner described herein. TYPE OF WASTE AND LOCATION OF TREATMENT, STORAGE OR DISPOSAL FACILITY: 705338 DEM015 DEM016 DEM017 DEM016 DEM02 DEM019 25126S DEM07 DEM04 DEM011 2386 ***********************************	ZIP CODE 13057
TYPE OF WASTE AND LOCATION OF TREATMENT, STORAGE OR DISPOSAL FACILITY: OS338 DEMO15 DEMO18 DEMO17 DEMO16 DÊMO2 DEMO19 25126S DEMO7 DEMO4 DEMO11 2386 ***********************************	eby authoriz

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PAGE 4 OF 4 PAGES	
THIS PERMIT WILL EXPIRE AT MIDNIGHT MARCH 31 93 and is subject to revocation at any time. This per	mit is not transferra
In witness whereof, the Department of Environmental Conservation has caused this permit to be executed on the day of the	97

NOTE: This Permit does not relieve the transporter of the responsibility of complying with any other applicable federal, state or local regulations. Please refer to warning notice on back of this Permit.

May 08,92

18:29 No.002 P.09



1401 Erie Blvd, East Syracuse, NY 13210 Phone 315-478-2374 Fax 315-478-2107

TO: Rimtech Associates 12 Deer Run

DAYE: May 4, 1992

Fulton, New York 13069

Account #: 1809130

ATTENTION: Mr. Alan Avrich

Page 1 01 1

Arastrong Hold

LOG & SAMPLE NUMBER/LOCATION	DATE COLLECTED	DATE Analyzed	sample Type, v	TOTAL (1)	RESULTS (fiber/cc)
12191 AM52-1/NEAR PALLETTS 12192 AM52-2/HALLWAY TO MAIN OFFICES 12193 AM52-3/BLANK 12194 AM52-4/BLANK	05/02/92 05/02/92 05/02/92 05/02/92	05/03/92 05/03/92 05/03/92 05/03/92	E B B	2372 2352	0.007 0.009 acceptable acceptable

RP=Personal PST=Personal Short Term WA=Work Area E=Environmental PA=Pre-Abatement C=Clearance B=Blank

CES does warrant that laboratory or field services completed by its employees for this report were conducted in accordance with the environmental services and analytical industries recognized methods or standards. CES does not assume any other liabilities other than re-performance of work if completed services were determined to be deficient due to the negligence of CES. CES will not accept any liability in whole or in part as a result of data interpretation by the client.

NYSDOH LAB ID NO. 11246

1901 Eric Blud. East • Syractuse, MY 13210 Photop 315-406-2004 • Fax 315-478-2767

1 315 693 1990 → May 08,92

18:29 No.002 P.11

CES Certified Environmental Services, Inc.

1401 Erie Blvd. East Syracuse, NY 13210 Phone 315-478-2374 Fax 315-478-2107

9 77 E L

RIMTECH ASSOCIATES 12 DEER RUN FULTON, NEW YORK 13069

MAY 1, 1992

ATTN: MR. ALAN AVRICH

PROJECT : ARMSTRONG MOLD CLIENT ID: MOOLDENE SAMPLE

DATE COLLECTED: 04/22/1992

TIME COLLECTED: 1545

REPORT OF ANALYSES SAMPLE NO: 11580

Parameters	results	UNITE		
Arsenic, Total (As)	<1.0	mg/Kg		
Barium, Total (Ba)	132.	mg/Kg		
Cadmium, Total (Cd)	<0.50	mg/Kg		
Chromium, Total (Cr)	<1.0	mg/Kg		
Lead, Total (Pb)	<5.0	mg/Kg		
Mercury, Total (Hg)	<0.25	mg/Kg		
Selenium, Total (Se)	<0.25	mg/Kg		
Silver, Total (Ag)	<0.20	mg/Kg		

CES does warrant that laboratory or field services completed by its employees were conducted in accordance with the environmental services and analytical industries recognized methods or standards. CES does not assume any other liabilities other than re-performance of the work if the completed services were determined to be deficient due to the negligence of CES. CES will not accept any liability in whole or in part as a result of data interpretation by the client.

NYSDOH ELAP #11246

APPROVED BY:

Barbara La la como

	A.				
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4					

Mr. V. Carlson Mr. G. O'Brien



30 WINFIELD STREET. NORWALK, CONNECTICUT 06855 • (203) 853-1400 CABLE. "BILTVAN", NORWALK, CONNECTICUT • TWX 710-468-2940

January 4, 1983

Mr. Terry Losee GEORGIA PACIFIC CORPORATION Polymer Materials Division 100 Adams Boulevard Farmingdale, NY 11735

Dear Mr. Losee:

Our salesman George O'Brien has asked me to send you an update on the status of NYLTALS and the talc-asbestos situation.

Things have quieted down quite nicely these past few years in the area of OSHA regulation and enforcement. Although the asbestos standard has not been changed, our talc customers have had no problems with federal OSHA for almost four years. This lack of activity has resulted from our successful challenge of the methods OSHA had been using to analyze for asbestos. Analysts in the OSHA Salt Lake City laboratory now admit that the mineral particles found in Vanderbilt's talcs cannot be confirmed as asbestos by existing techniques.

To supplement our animal studies, we commissioned Dr. Tabershaw of Tabershaw Occupational Medicine Associates to run an epidimiological study of our talc miners and millers. The results of that study are reported in the enclosed publication. Together with the results of the animal study, we believe we now have good evidence that the NYTALS do not constitute an asbestos health hazard, and we believe OSHA recognizes this finding.

Please contact us if more information is needed.

Sincerely,

R. T. VANDERBILT COMPANY, INC.

Illan Dr. Hanney

Allan M. Harvey, Director Environmental Affairs

AMH: 1sm Enclosure





The Industrial Commission Of Ohio Division Of Safety & Hygiene 246 N. High St., Col., O. 43215

September 30, 1983

Mr. David L. Harrison Safety & Regulatory Affairs Coordinator DAP Inc. P.O. Box 277 Dayton, Ohio 45401

Dear Mr. Harrison:

We have received your letter dated September 22, 1983, expressing your disagreement with the asbestos section of our report concerning the industrial hygiene survey conducted at the Dayton plant on May 31, June 1, and June 3.

Analysis of the bulk samples of talc for asbestos content was conducted with polarized light dispersion staining microscopy by an accredited private laboratory—NATLSCO (National Loss Control Services Corporation). Please note that this is a different method from the phase contrast and X-ray diffraction methods used by OSHA in the past. Polarized light dispersion staining microscopy is a recognized method for asbestos identification and NATLSCO chemists report that their results are in line with those of the other labs participating in a round-robin survey conducted by the Research Triangle.

Please refer to our report page 2, paragraph 2. The controversy of the length-to-width ratio in asbestos determination between suppliers, who in general use a 25:1 ratio, and other laboratories who use the 3:1 ratio was mentioned previously. This controversy will probably continue.

Based on present information we do not feel our report is in error and do not intend to amend the report. However, we can assure you, as we assured Mary Gerard before beginning the survey, that the report is confidential. Attached is a copy of the Workers' Compensation Law of Ohio, Section 4123.27 which should make it clear that information obtained during the survey will not be made public.



If you have any further questions, please contact me at 1(800)282-3045.

Sincerely,

Marilyn Priddy
Acting Director of
Industrial Hygiene & Engineering

MP:gjb

§ 4123.27 Information not open to public nor available in court proceedings. (CC § 1465-46)

Information contained in the annual report provided for in section 4123.26 of the Revised Code, and such other information as may be furnished to the industrial commission by employers in pursuance of said section, is for the exclusive use and information of the commission in the discharge of its official duties, and shall not be open to the public nor be used in any court in any action or proceeding pending therein unless the commission is a party to such action or proceeding; but the information contained in said report may be tabulated and published by the commission in statistical form for the use and information of other state departments and the public. No person in the employ of the commission or of the department of industrial relations, except such as are authorized by the commission or the director of industrial relations, shall divulge any information secured by him while in the employ of the commission or the department of industrial relations in respect to the transactions, property, claim files, records, or papers of the commission or department of industrial relations or in respect to the business or mechanical, chemical, or other industrial process of any company, firm, corporation, person, association, partnership, or public utility to any person other than members of the commission or to the superior of such employee of the commission or of the department of industrial relations.

Notwithstanding the restrictions imposed by this section, the governor, select or standing committees of the general assembly, the auditor of state, the attorney general, or their designees, pursuant to the authority granted in Chapters 4121. and 4123. of the Revised Code may examine any records, claim files, or papers in possession of the commission or the bureau of workers' compensation. They also are bound by the privilege that attaches to these papers.

Whoever violates this section shall thereafter be disqualified from holding any appointment or employment with the commission or the department of industrial relations.

HISTORY: GC § 1465-46; 103 v 72(73), § 5; 109 v 181; 114 v 769, § I .EH 10-1-53); 136 v S 545. EH 1-17-77.

Cross-References to Related Sections

Improper use of stenographer's notes, RC § 2923.29. Penalty, RC § 4123.99(A).

Penalty for divulging information, RC § 4901.16. See RC § 4123.88 which refers to this section.

Research Aids

O-Jur2d: Work. Comp. §§ 138, 248, 258 Am-Jur: Records §§ 14-26

CASE NOTES AND OAG

1. Publication of an industrial directory by the industrial commission would not be in conflict with

this section [RC § 4123.27]: 1918 OAG vol.1, p.553.
2. Power of member of public to inspect records of industrial commission for audit or survey, discussed: 1939 OAG No.1071.

3. (1978) Apart from traditional privilege claims, RC \$\foat14123.27\$ does not prevent consideration of medical reports filed with a self-insured employer and relied upon by the employer in an employment discrimination action: Sutton v. National Distillers Products Co., 445 FSupp 1319.

§ 4123.28 Record of injuries; report.

Every employer in this state shall keep a record of all injuries and occupational diseases, fatal or otherwise, received or contracted by his employees in the course of their employment and resulting in seven days or more of total disability. Within a week after the occurrence of such an injury or death therefrom, and in the event of occupational disease or death therefrom, within one week after the occurrence of or diagnosis of or death from said occupational disease or of a report to such employer of such occupational disease or death, a report thereof shall be made in writing to the industrial commission upon blanks to be procured from the commission for that purpose. Such report shall state the name and nature of the business of the employer, the location of his establishment or place of work, the name, address, nature and duration of occupation of the injured, disabled, or deceased employee and, the time, the nature, and the cause of injury, occupational disease, or death, and such other information as is required by the commission.

The employer shall give a copy of each such report to the employee it concerns or his surviving dependents.

No employer shall refuse or neglect to make any report required by this section.

HISTORY: GC 8 1465-99; 103 v 72 (90), 8 52; 123 v 250 (260), 8 1; 128 v 743 (747), 6 1. Eff 11-2-59.

See provisions, § 3 of HB 470 (128 v 743 [771]) following RC § 4121.02.

Penalty, RC § 4123.99(B).

Text Discussion

See Young, Workmen's Comp (2d Ed) §§ 4.4, 13.12

Research Aids

O-Jur2d: Work. Comp. §§ 138, 258 Am-Jur: Work. Comp. § 326

Law Review

Legislative amendments to Ohio workmen's compensation in 1959, Oliver Schroeder, Jr. 20 OSLJ

CASE NOTES AND OAG

I. A report to the employer by the employee is necessary in order that the employer can comply with this section, requiring the employer to keep a record of all injuries and report them to the industrial commission and where a rule of the employer requires such a report, failure of an employee to re-



The Industrial Commission Of Ohio Division Of Safety & Hygiene 246 N. High St., Col., C. 43215

August 12, 1983

Mary Gerard
Safety Director
D.A.P.
855 North Third Street
Tipp City, Ohio 45371

Dear Ms. Gerard:

On May 31, June 1, and June 3 an industrial hygiene survey was conducted at the Dayton plant by this writer with the assistance of Bob Prim, Industrial Hygienist, and Don Bentley, Engineer. Sampling at the Tipp City plant was completed July 26, 1983 and will be the subject of a separate report.

Sampling and analytical methods used are discussed in Attachment 1. Analysis of all samples, excluding noise dosimetry, was conducted by an accredited laboratory. Data tables A-D have been organized according to the area sampled. The date of the survey is shown in the upper left-hand corner of these tables. The noise data is shown in tables E-G, date in upper right-hand corner.

As can be seen from the attached tables, for the most part, exposures were within acceptable limits established by the agencies referenced. (Attachment 2) These values represent exposures only under the conditions and production levels found during this survey and may vary considerably under other conditions, particularly in the winter months.

Caution must also be used in applying respirable "nuisance dust" standards to some of the chemicals which are handled by the compounders for which little, if any, toxicological information is available. Of concern specifically are the powdered preservatives and fungicides used, for which sampling methods are not yet available.

Of more immediate concern is the lab report of approximately 1-3% tremolite asbestos in a bulk sample of talc (Code 22) which was in use during the survey. The respirable dust values cannot be used to project asbestos exposure levels. Asbestos monitoring must be conducted in accordance with the OSHA regulation 29 CFR 1910.1001, (Attachment 3).

Due to the lack of local exhaust ventilation for compounding areas and due to the extreme health hazard posed by asbestos exposure, it is recommended that use of this particular talc be eliminated. As we understand the situation, there are several suppliers of Code 22, most of who state on material safety data sheets that the talc is non-fibrous. According to our conversation during the Tipp City survey, the talc in question was supplied by Vanderbilt. The lab reports an approximate $\frac{1}{2}$ 25% accuracy in determining the asbestos content of a talc bulk sample by polarized light staining microscopy. The chemist stated that the manufacturers generally are not using the criteria of a 3:1 length-to-diameter ratio in determining asbestos content, and thus their reports of asbestos content are generally lower.

If use of the Vanderbilt talc continues, initial monitoring of employee exposure is required by the current OSHA asbestos standard. The Director of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration recently described the 2.0 fibers per cubic centimeter permissible exposure limit (PEL) as "insufficient to prevent cancer, at least in some cases." He projected that revision of the PEL and issuance of a final rule should be completed later this year (1983).

In the interim and until initial monitoring results are available, it is recommended that, in areas where the asbestos-containing tale is in use, employee use of respirators approved for protection against toxic dust including asbestos (not the 3M 8710) become mandatory and that strict housekeeping practices for dust control be implemented. Dry sweeping of dust containing asbestos is prohibited. Clean-up methods include wet methods which prevent reintrainment of the dust after the water has evaporated or high-efficiency filtered vacuum systems. (Attachment 4 for illustration purposes only)

It is also recommended that since asbestos had been used to a much larger extent in the past, an effort be made to identify those employees who incurred exposure and to place them in a medical surveillance program. Such a program would include an annual or semi-annual physical examination, pulmonary function testing and chest X-rays. Implementation of such a program may lead to early detection, and thus early treatment, for asbestos-related disease, perhaps reducing the suffering and costs now associated with asbestosis and cancer. You may wish to contact the Kettering Lab of the University of Cincinnati College of Medicine, the Mt. Sinai School of Medicine in New York, or the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) in Cincinnati, Ohio, for information concerning a medical surveillance program.

The following paragraphs regarding asbestos have been summarized from several resources. Much additional information is available through contacting our Resource Center in Columbus, Ohio, at 1 (800) 282-3045.

Asbestos fibers find entry into the body by inhalation and ingestion. The fibers are retained in the body tissues throughout the lifetime of the host, even long after cessation of exposure. Fibers may migrate to other organs following retention in the lung. Asbestosis and certain malignancies are related to exposure to fibers of the asbestos minerals.

Asbestosis is a progressive restrictive pulmonary fibrosis associated with inhalation of asbestos fibers. Malignancies related to the inhalation and possibly ingestion of asbestos fibers by epidemiological studies include carcinomas of the lung, mesotheliomas of the pleura and peritoneum, and neoplasmos of other sites.

Asbestos has a synergistic effect with cigarette smoking in producing carcinoma of the lung. Asbestos workers who are smokers have over 90 times the risk of non-exposed non-smokers of contracting lung cancer.

Although respirator use is now considered voluntary in the compounding area, a physical exam to determine if an employee is capable of wearing a respirator is standard practice. Such a determination is required by the 1980 ANSI standard Z-88.2 paragraph 3.5.3 and is referenced in the OSHA standard 29 CFR 1910.134. In regard to your question on OSHA enforcement activity on this matter, the Industrial Hygiene Department of the OSHA Cincinnati Area Office was contacted but the details (company name, exposure levels) were not discussed. Mr. Dick Gilgrist stated the requirement for physicals was not generally cited without documentation of overexposures, however the situation would be evaluated on a case-by-case basis with factors such as working-force age, smoking history, history of cardiovascular disease, heat stress, and past exposure to toxic chemicals considered.

Regardless of Federal policy in enforcing or not enforcing this standard, the determination by a physician that an employee should not suffer additional cardiovascular or pulmonary stress or experience other physical problems before he or she is given a respirator to wear is important in protecting worker health and possibly in reducing future occupational disease claims. Such an exam also provides an excellent opportunity to review selection, fitting, cleaning and storage practices included in a respiratory protection program.

The nature of some of the materials handled in the Dayton plant presents the opportunity for the development of dermatitis. It was observed that cleaning of the Butyl-flex line was conducted by employees who were not wearing protective gloves. Solvents can defat the skin causing dryness, irritation and cracking which can be complicated by infection. Additionally, some solvents enter the bloodstream through the skin, the skin acting as a route of exposure.

Norval Phillips, a compounder, complained of a "poison-ivy" type rash after using Napocide N-40-D. According to the material safety data sheet this material is a skin irritant and "causes an increased tendency to become allergic." Apparently, the manufacturer is stating the fungicide is a sensitizer. We observed that Norval used disposable clothing, a dust mask, and gloves when adding Napocide to the batch. Such strict measures to prevent skin contact should be implemented among all compounders who handle Napocide and those exhibiting hypersensitivity should not be required to handle the material.

According to Patty's Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology, Vol. 1, the classification of dusts as nuisance or "inert" can be misleading and a more correct implication would be that such dusts do not cause pulmonary fibrosis, physical impairment or disease." Inert dusts do not produce fibrosis, but increased airway resistance can result from excessive mucous production stimulated by the deposition of inert particles on the surface of the upper airways. Although exposure to such dust may not be as potent a factor in causing chronic bronchitis and emphysema as cigarette smoke, there is some evidence according to Patty that "occupational dust" may at least contribute to chronic bronchitis.

The ability of the Napocide to cause allergic reactions illustrates our introductory cautionary statement concerning the classification of such materials in their dry form as "nuisance dust." In general, fungicides and preservatives must contain one or more biologically active ingredients in order to be effective.

The specific chemicals in use are listed below for ease of reference. The lab could not provide sampling method information for any of these:

Code 187	Dowacil 75		67.5%	1-(3 chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza- 1-azoniandomentane chloride
Code: 774	Troysan 174	-		2~[(hydroxy ethyl) amino] ethanol
Code C-795	Nuo Sept 95	_	24.5%	5-hydroxy methoxy methyl-1- aza-3,7-dioxabicyclo (3.3.0) octane
			17.7%	5-hydroxy methyl-1-aza-3,7- dioxabicyclo (3.3.0) octane
			7.8%	5-hydroxypoly [methylene oxy (74.% C_2 21% C_3 , 4% C_4 , 1% C_5)] methyl-1-aza-3,7-dioxabicyclo (3.3.0) octane
Code	Napocide N-40-D	_	40.4%	tetrachloroisophthalanitrile

The material safety data sheets provided little toxicological information for these chemicals, but all were listed as eye, skin, or respiratory irritants. Until information is available to the contrary, it should be assumed that inhalation of or skin contact with these materials may elicit a negative response in humans. Use of adequate protective equipment including protective clothing and gloves, respirators, and goggles is advised.

The noise levels were for the most part below an 8-hour time-weighted average of 85 dBA during the survey date. The exception was on the Panel Line where exposures were borderline, 86 dBA and 84 dBA for the operator and crew chief, respectively. Employees in this area should be included in a hearing conservation program as outlined in Attachment 5.

Control of compressed air noise from the straight tubing used to move parts along this packaging line might reduce employee exposure to a point where a hearing conservation program is not needed in this area. A longer sample is needed for the Butyl-flex packaging line.

Due to resource limitations, we cannot conduct an annual industrial hygiene survey; however, we will try to assist you in monitoring specific processes as requested. Our three-day survey did not enable us to sample several operations which are of interest. One of these is the premix compounding for Butyl-flex in which the "rubber hog" is used. The noise and dust from this operation was the subject of more than one complaint by employees. The operation was scheduled for June 3, 1983, but was cancelled when an employee did not report for the first shift.

In addition to the "rubber hog" other operations for which sampling is recommended include the following:

- 1. Cabosil transfer in small Flexiseal Room dust
- 2. Putty making of pipe joint and soil pipe cement dust
- Ceramic tile adhesive ammonia
- 4. Compounding of products which contain Code 586 for free crystalline silica.
- 5. Compounding of products which contain Code 803 (PVC acetate emulsion) formaldehyde. A grab sample taken with a Lion Formaldehyde Meter showed 17 ppm formaldehyde present in the head space of a drum of Code 803 immediately after the cover of the drum was lifted. The meter reading may have been falsely high due to interferences from alcohols; however, it does indicate employee exposure monitoring is warranted.

- 6. Six-stem packaging line in General Compounding for full shift noise exposure. This operation only ran a half day during our survey.
- 7. Filling lithocans, which are reported to be noisier than the paper-labeled cans.
- 8. Full-shift monitoring for Butyl-flex packaging line. A 135-minute sample was obtained due to scheduling difficulties.
- 9. Filling of epoxy products containing Cellosolve acetate (compounded in Tipp City) See Attachment 6.
- 10. Duratite 6000 compounding toluene
- 11. Because past sample results in General Compounding and other mixing areas were for total dust, it would be helpful to obtain additional total dust samples for comparison. However, given the choice between obtaining total dust samples and respirable dust samples in the limited time available, we chose to sample for respirable dust since this more accurately represents the amount of dust which enters the deeper portions of the lung. The filter contained in the 10mm nylon cyclone used is generally considered to capture particles of less than 10 microns in diameter which are defined as respirable.

It is interesting to note in Table A the large variation in the total dust sample and respirable dust sample obtained for the pigment weigher; $80.0~\text{mg/M}^3$ vs. $1.0~\text{mg/M}^3$, respectively. The total dust sample may have been tampered with, but the cyclone sample for respirable dust appeared normal. The total dust and respirable dust sample results for the spackling compounder are much closer in value; $2.2~\text{mg/M}^3$ and $1.4~\text{mg/M}^3$, respectively.

Please contact our Dayton District Office (513) 898-3206 if you need further assistance or have questions concerning this report. It was a pleasure to work with you and other D.A.P. employees.

Respectfully submitted,

Marilyn Priddy
Marilyn Priddy

Industrial Hygienist

MP:gjb



THE G THE

July 5, 1984

Mr. Gerald Garrett, CIH Continental Technical Services 9742 Skillman Avenue Dallas, TX 75243

> RE: Industrial Hygiene Survey Report

Dear Mr. Garrett:

AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

In regards to your report dated June 4, 1983, concerning the survey that was conducted at our Dallas facility, I as well as R.T. Vanderbilt, have the following comments:

On line Number One of the second page, it states that "it is largely an asbestos form product and highly fibrous." According to Vander-bilt, their tales have a fibrous tale range of zero to a maximum of 5 percent. The remainder is not fibrous.

In regards to categorizing talc with asbestos in regards to health hazards, it was agreed upon by all parties in the meeting that overexposure to talc can cause pneumoconiosis and that talc should be handled with care. I as well as Vanderbilt feel that placing talc alongside asbestos in regards to health effects is erroneous.

On the first line of the last paragraph on Page 3 it states that "However, to this date there have been no on-going epidemilogical studies showing a lack of cause and effect in the working population." The Stille-Tabershaw study and the Lamm report deal with the Health studies of miners exposed to fibrous talc. If fibrous talc exhibited a biological response similar to asbestos, it should have become evident. In addition, it would be evident in some of W.E. Smith's early studies with interpleural injections of talc in hamsters. A content of 5 percent fibrous talc would be enough to show a positive effect if it were indeed asbestos.

As for the statement that OSHA is still implicating Vanderbilt talcs in asbestos related citations, correspondence with Vanderbilt indicates that the last citation was 5 years ago in 1979. The basis for this statement was due to the article that appeared in BNA's Occupational Safety and Health Report, Volume 13, Number 41 on March 15, 1984.

I talked to R.T. Vanderbilt about this particular case and I was told that it stemmed from a citation in 1979. If my memory is correct, we had a brief conversation concerning this matter in April and I suggested that you contact Vanderbilt for further clarification. Evidently, you chose not to contact the company.

In regards to the analytical results, an error was made in either reporting or analysis. On Page 2 of Table I, Sample Number J1673 indicates a lead exposure of less than 12.77 mg/m^3 . We do not use lead in Dallas or in any of our products. If this were indeed true, it certainly exceeds the PEL.

As you can see, there is still considerable disagreement between all parties on some aspects involving the use of Vanderbilt's talc. If you have any questions or comments regarding this, please contact me or Alan Harvey of R.T. Vanderbilt.

Sincerely,

DAP Inc.

David L. Harrison Safety & Regulatory

Affairs Coordinator

DLH:efb

cc: Paul S. Pfeffer Beecham Inc.

bcc: R.K. Mommsen

J.R. Hall

D. Wilson

R. Twedell

M. Fogt



30 WINFIELD STREET, NORWALK, CONNECTICUT 06855 • (203) 853-1400 CABLE: "BILTVAN", NORWALK, CONNECTICUT • TWX 710-468-2940

May 4, 1984

DAP/ARNO 174 Bartley Drive Toronto, Ontario Canada M4A 1E3

Attention: Dr. Turkewitch

Dear Sirs:

Please find enclosed the requested documents concerning analysis of our industrial talcs.

The talc analyzed by Dr. Wylie is our IT-3X talc product, which has the same mineral components as NYTAL 200, 300, 400.

As reported by Dr. Wylie, IT-3X talc contains fibers of the pure mineral talc. These fibers, which are not asbestos and are not regulated as asbestos in the United States, are reported as "mineral fibers" in the OSHA letter.

You may be interested to know that OSHA has proposed (Federal Register, April 10, 1984) new definitions for asbestos that will have the effect of clearing up the confusion over the classification of the mineral particles in tremolitic talc. When these definitions are adopted we hope to be able to certify our talc as "asbestos free" without the reservations we made in our letter to Mr. Mommsen.

Please contact us if there is anything more we can add to this explanation.

Sincerely,

R. T. VANDERBILT COMPANY, INC.

Allan M. Harvey, Director Environmental Affairs

AMH:1sm Enclosure HITHS Upy



30 WINFIELD STREET, NORWALK, CONNECTICUT 06855 • (203) 853-1400 CABLE: "BILTVAN", NORWALK, CONNECTICUT • TWX 710-468-2940

June 27, 1984

Mr. David L. Harrison Safety and Regulatory Affairs Coordinator DAP, INCORPORATED P.O. Box 277 Dayton, Ohio 45401

Dear Dave:

Slim Thompson and I have the following comments on the C-tek report:

At the top of page 2, we take exception to the words "largely an asbestos from product and highly fibrous."

Our tales contain as a maximum only 5 percent of fibrous tale, and some contain zero. The rest is definitely nonfibrous.

We believe that we supplied enough medical data to show that fibrous talc should not necessarily be in the same category of hazard as asbestos, as C-tek believes on line 5 on page 2.

Also, if C-tek is referring to epidemiological studies of fibrous talc exposures, in the last 2 lines of page 3, we disagree that nothing is on going. The Stille-Tabershaw study and the Lamm report deal with the health studies of miners exposed to fibrous talc, as well as to the other ingredients in our talcs. If fibrous talc exhibited a biological response similar to asbestos, we believe it would become evident in these studies.

In addition, it would be evident in some of W. E. Smith's early studies with hamsters injected with New York State talcs, if fibrous talc was as toxic as asbestos. A content of 5% fibrous talc would be enough to show a positive effect if it were indeed asbestos. The same could be said for the Stanton studies.

On the top line of page 4, C-tek is wrong. None of our customers have been cited by Federal OSHA since late 1979, and the last 2 or 3 citations before that date were dismissed because OSHA could not support a finding of asbestos in our talcs.

Mr. David L.Harrison DAP, INCORPORATED June 27, 1984 Page 2

Slim or I would be pleased to discuss this report further with you or anyone else if needed.

Please contact us if we can be of further help.

Sincerely,

R. T. VANDERBILT COMPANY, INC.

Allan M. Harvey, Director Environmental Affairs

AMH:1sm



9742 Skillman Avenue Dallas, TX 75243

June 7,1984

David L. Harrison Safety & Regulatory Affairs Coodinator Dap Inc. P.O. Box 277 Dayton, Ohio 45401

Dear Mr. Harrison:

I am forwarding a draft of the industrial hygiene report of the Dallas Dap facility. The report discusses the findings of the survey performed there on October 17, 1983. I am not recommending any product substitutions as long as you can keep the fibrous talc out of the friable finished products. I will be releasing the report through normal distribution as soon as I hear from you.

Regards,

Gerald Garrett, CIH

Continental Technical Sorvices

GG/jm Enclosures: Mr. Douglas Miller General Manager Dap Inc. 13555 Jupiter Rd. Dallas, TX 75238

Dear Mr. Miller:

On October 17, 1983, Ctek performed a general industrial hygiene survey at your location. The survey was requested by the underwriters of the Continental Insurance Co.'s Special Risk Department to investigate employee exposures to noise, organic solvent vapors, and dusts. Factors effecting product liability were also noted. Because of the asbestos form fibrous talc discovered during the October survey, an additional meeting of Dap management, Ctek technical personnel, and representitives of the R.T. Vanderbilt Co. was held on March 9, 1984, at Ctek's Dallas Lab. The March meeting was held to clarify the health hazard potential of the Vanderbilt supplied talc.

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

With the exception of the talc used in various Dap caulks, sealants, cements, and glazing compounds, no significant health hazards were discovered at the Dallas facility. Some employee noise exposures were above 50% of the present OSHA noise standard, but none were above 100% of the standard. All effected employees participate in an adequate hearing conservation program. No excessive solvent or dust exposures were monitored.

The main concern is with the health hazard potential associated with the Vanderbilt IT-3X talc. Although not strictly an

asbestos containing product, it is largely an asbestos highly fibrous. Αt the and present significance of that distinction is in dispute the scientific community. From an insurance standpoint, Ctek's opinion that both asbestos and asbestos form talc should be handled with equal care in the work place. Because none of the Dap products using IT-3X talc are friable in finished form, the potential for cancer related product's liability claims is nil.

SAMPLE RESULTS

Table I shows results of air samples taken in the breathing zones of production employees. Samplers ran approximately 5 hours. Results are presented as 8 hour time-weighted averages based on the premise that exposures during the unsampled period were equal to those during the sampled period. Results are compared to both ACGIH TLV's and OSHA PEL's.

Table II shows results of the noise dosimeter survey. Results are presented as 8 hour TWA's and represent total noise exposures of sampled employees. R 'that are corrected for an 8 hour work day and compared to the present OSHA noise standard of 90 dB(A).

DISCUSSION

Employee exposures to organic solvent vapors associated with latex and butyl caulk production were all very low. Local and general dillution ventilation systems, in place, controlled vapor contamination of breathing air quite well. Clean up solvents also presented very little health hazard potential.

No employee sampled received a noise exposure greater than the

current 90dB(A) 8 hour OSHA PEL. Most exposures were between 50 and 100% of the standard. Employees falling into this category of noise exposure are required to participate in a modified hearing conservation program. The general points of the program are seen in Appendix I. Your present program does a good job in complying with the required OSHA program. Because no employee is over exposed to the standard, hearing protection will not be required, nor will engineering control studies.

Although some dry products containing significant free silica are required to be hand dumped into mixing systems, existing local ventilation controls on these systems do an excellent job of controlling dust up. Breathing zone air sample results for respirable free silica were less than 25% of the PEL and TLV.

The main health hazard concern is with asbestos form talc used in the products listed in Appendix II. Every one at the March meeting agreed that the talc in IT-3X can cause pneumoconiosis; however, the role of this dust in the production of lung cancer was arguable. The scientific community is about evenly split over this question. Although much of the data collected in the 60's & 70's seems to suggest the products resembling IT-3X are associated with elevated lung cancer risks in the effected working population, many studies actually dealt with asbestos contaminated talc.

Recent retrospective studies sponsored by the Vanderbilt Co. suggest no significant link between the working population at the mine site and lung cancer. The scientist at Vanderbilt also contend that the ACGIH listing of fiberous talc with fiberous asbestos is in error.

However to this date there have been no on going epidemilogical studies showing a lack of cause and effect in the working

population. OSHA is still implicating Vanderbilt talcs in asbestos related citations.

The only obvious characteristic of fiberous talc besides its morphology, is its controversial health hazard potential. Therefore it is Ctek's opinion that although fiberous talc may not be a human carcinogen, its should be treated as such until more information to the contrary is available.

This decision should not pose undue hardships on production requirements at the Dallas plant. Existing local ventlation on bag dumping operations appeared to control the fiber content of the breathing air satisfactorily.

Additional ventilation control or use of personal protective equipment will not be necessary, although use of toxic dust respirators should be considered an option. Worker exposures should be keep to a practically achievable minimum. Employees should be made aware of the hazard potential when using talc and handle it accordingly. A regular air monitoring program should be started to demonstrate that air contamination levels observed during the October survey represent day in and day out conditions. Every six months or yearly breathing zone air samples should be collected while employees work with fibrous talc. If exposures remain below the applicable PEL, no changes in protective equipment or local ventilation control will be required.

A product substitution for the fibrous talc, should be considered, but is not being recommended. Substitution will simplify health and safty proceedures but may complicate production requirements.

None of the existing products using fiberous talc present a

products liability risk based on the non friable nature of the finished products. Any future products should be considered off limits to fibrous talc make up if a friable hazard is likely to exist to the consuming public. This product restriction should include items such as interior spackling presently using calcium carbonate.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on sample results and observations, Ctek makes the following recommendations:

- 1) Continuation of the present hearing conservation program for existing and new employees.
- 2) Yearly or semi-annual breathing zone air sampling program to document employee exposures to fibrous talc.
- 3) The use of fibrous talc should be restricted to products that are non friable in finished form.

TABLE 1 - RESULT OF AIR SAMPLES TAKEN IN THE BREATHING ZONES OF PRODUCTION EMPLOYEES

COMPANY DAP INC.

SURVEY LOCATION DALLAS, TEXAS

SURVEY CONDUCTED BY GERALD GARRETT

AMPLE	EMPLOYEE NAME	JOB DESCRIPTION	SURVEY	EXPOSURE	PERION	CONTAMINANT	क्रम्या करा	·	
UMBER			DATE	START	STOP	CONTAMINANT	RESULTS	#LV	PEL
J1674	Ernest Holland	Glazing	10-17-83	10:02	15:00	Asbestos Form Talc	0.45 f/cc	2 f/cc	2 f/cc
J1680	Fred Eldridge	Compounding	10-17-83	12:10	15:53	Vinyl Acetate	<0.001	10 ppm	
J1673	Ernest Holland	Glaze Mixer	10-17-83	10:08	14:45	Chromium	<0.002 mg/M ³	0.5 mg/M ³	
						Lead	<12.77 mg/M3	.05 mg/M ³	·
J1677	Fred Eldridge				:	Total Weight	0.072 mg/M ³	10.0 mg/M ³	
01077	rreu Etartage	Compounding	10-17-83	10:05	15:53	Total Weight	0.17 mg/M3		0.77 mg/M3
14.670						% Free Silica	11%		
J1678	Robert Moore	Compounding	10-17-83	10:20	15:50	Total Weight	0.07 mg/M3		0.67 mg/M3
		*	{			% Free Silica	13%		
									• •
•									

CUSTOMER
DAP Inc

ADDRESS
5300 Huberville Rd

Dayton, OH 45431

MFG.

CONTACTS:

Dr. Tuhteh Habash, Q-C Mgr.

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	SALES MGR.	X	1.	
	R&D			
	MFG.			
	PLT. MGR.			_
	SALES/ SERVICE	\neg		

CALL REPORT

5-31-84 SALESMAN Chunat

PRODUCTS DISCUSSED:

IT -3X

PAR VEY

ACTION REQUIRED

SALES OBJECTIVE (SPECIFIC)

SUMMARY

Met Dr. Habash for first time. Her main concern about IT-3X is getting a statement that

ESTATIT-3X contains no asbestos. Reviewed with her Al Harvey's letter to her of Nov. 23, 1983 and Al'a letter to Mr. Mommsen of Dec. 20, 1983. Explained we were making every effort to clear up the matter of pashestos definition and referenced the Federal Register of April 10, 1984. I will send her a copy. She would appreciate any and all updates on this matter.

30 WINFIELD STREET, NORWALK, CONNECTICUT 06855 • (203) 853-1400 CABLE: "BILTVAN". NORWALK, CONNECTICUT • TWX 710-458-2940

December 20, 1983

Mr. Richard K. Mommsen Executive Vice-President DAP, INC. P.O. Box 277 Dayton, OHIO 45401

Dear Mr. Mommsen:

In response to your request for a statement regarding the possibility of finding asbestos in our IT-3X talc product, recently a noted mineralogist and microscopic expert who analyzed our talc did not observe anthophyllite or tremolite asbestos fibers. (Analysis upon request).

Similarly, the OSHA analytical laboratory in Salt Lake City, in the most recent analysis of our tales was unable to confirm the existence of asbestos using current analytical techniques. (Document upon request).

Our company has been involved in considerable litigation with OSHA over our products and over that agency's asbestos standard. We have contended, and are in fact convinced, that the OSHA asbestos standard is scientifically unsound and unconstitutionally vague. However, the standard has not yet been officially clarified or amended in a way that would allow us to make an unqualifed certification that our talcs are asbestos free.

Eventually we expect this matter of asbestos definition and analyses to be settled. At the present time Vanderbilt talc products continue to be sold and used in large volume without problems from the Federal regulatory agencies.

Moreover, extensive health studies sponsored by our company of our talc miners and millers, as well as animal studies, have confirmed that exposure to NYTAL products does not constitute an asbestos health hazard.

We trust this statement satisfies your request.

Sincerely,

R. T. VANDERBILT COMPANY, INC.

Allan M. Harvey, Director Environmental Affairs

Livitoninental

AMH:1sm



March 13, 1984

Mr. Alan Harvey R. T. Vanderbilt Company, Inc. 30 Winfield Street Norwalk, CT 06855

Dear Mr. Harvey:

Thank you for your assistance and cooperation that you gave me during the meeting that was held on March 9, 1984. I very much appreciated the effort that you and Dr. Thompson gave.

If you require any further information or assistance, please contact me.

Sincerely,

DAP Inc.

David L. Harrison Safety & Regulatory Affairs Coordinator

DLH/smi

520 WAKARA WAY SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84108

801 581-8267

November 21, 1983

ANALYTICAL REPORT

SUBMITTED TO:

David L. Harrison

SUBMITTED BY:

Bahareh Sahami

REFERENCE DATA:

Analysis of:

Asbestos

Identification No.:

84-233

Sample(s): 3

Analyses: 3

UBTL Laboratory No .:

CE-1625 through CE-1627

A visual estimation of the percentage of asbestos was made on the above numbered samples utilizing polarized light microscopy and dispersion staining techniques.

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS:

The following observations were made on samples CE-1625 and CE-1626:

- 1. Each sample contained 5% truly fibrous tale according to the NIOSH definition of 3:1 ratio with a noticable inner fibrous structure.
- 2. Approximately 50% of each sample was composed of talc which met the gross definition (3:1 ratio) of a fiber.
- 3. Less than 5% tremolite was observed. However, the tremolite observed did not meet the 3:1 definition of a fiber.

The results are tabulated on the following page(s).

Bahareh Sahami

Panel Battar

-d A HARVEY

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MEDICINE
BIOENGINEERING
CHEMISTRY
RESEARCH
DEVELOPMENT



				Date	11/22/83	
				UBTL Ider	ntification Number	84-233
Corporat	te/Agency	Name	DAP Inc.			
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			Dayton, Ohio	o 45401		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Attention	_David	L. Harri	son	Telep	hone	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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3	CE 1627		rease se	for to attack	Too Detected	- repor
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			Analysi	Bahareh	Sahami	
			Review	MI	:	
			Labora	fory/Supervisor		

January 19, 1984

Mr. Rand Potter UBTL University of Utah Research Institute 520 Wakara Way Salt Lake City, Utah 84108

Dear Mr. Potter:

I am enclosing a sample of talc, which we would like to have analyzed for mineral content, with specific attention to the determination of the presence or absence of asbestos. We would also appreciate a semiquantitative estimate of the principal mineral phases present.

Two other samples of talc are being sent to you by Dr. Ann Wylie of the University of Maryland for similar analyses.

I have spoken to Jack Holt regarding this project so he is aware of our needs.

Thank you for your attention.

Very truly yours,

C. S. Thompson, Manager Minerals, Ceramics & Paper Research & Development Division

CST: lag

Enclosure

cc: Mr. Jack Holt

University of Utah

bc: Mr. Gibbs

Mr. Harvey

UM H'S COPY

INTER-OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Date: March 1, 1984

To:

To File

From:

Mr. A. M. Harvey

Subject:

Willard Dixon - Ontario Advisory Council

Dr. David Muir, head of the Ontario Advisory Council commissioned by the Ministry of Health to determine whether or not the official Ontario asbestos definitions should be used in enforcement proceedings dealing with industrial talc, told me he had asked Willard Dixon of the OSHA Salt Lake City laboratory to meet with the Council but was refused permission by Thorne Auchter.

Dr. Murr's panel had recognized Dixon as an expert in the matter being investigated, so they wanted his scientific input in the area of talc and asbestos analysis. Apparently a visit by Dixon for this purpose was against OSHA policy. (It wasn't against NIOSH policy for Dement to present a paper before the Ontario Royal Commission on asbestos a few years ago, however).

Dr. Muir's panel still wants to meet with Dixon, and Dr. Muir asked me if I could influence Auchter in any way to authorize that visit. In view of Dixon's knowledge and attitude towards analysis of our talcs it would certainly be helpful to our cause for this discussion to take place.

Fortunately, Dr. Muir leans towards a recommendation to the Ministry that they don't use their definitions of asbestos in enforcement proceedings where talc is used. The obvious outcome of a recommendation of this nature is a further commission for the panel to come up with definitions and analytical methods suitable for industrial talc. In this case, Dixon's input would be invaluable. Any favorable (to us) action by the Ontario authorities would help in our efforts in the United States as well as in Europe, where Canada has strong influence.

Note: The Ontario Ministry of Health had been informed by their analytical group that some industrial talcs contained large quantities of asbestos. They are aware, however, (possibly through our efforts) that there has been a fair amount of controversy and resulting litigation in the United States when definitions used for asbestos regulation were used in enforcement proceedings involving industrial talc analyses. To settle the question, they commissioned Dr. Muir's panel to find out if they would run into legal problems in the court room by continuing to use the official asbestos definitions.

They might have already had trouble with suppliers like Canada Talc Industries, who supply talc containing a certain amount of tremolite.

File Willard Dixon - Ontario Advisory Council Page 2

Note:

Dr. Muir didn't take me up on my suggestion that Dr. Wylie could also provide the scientific expertise he wants. He seems intent on talking to Dixon only. This might result from Muir's knowledge that Dixon has been intimately involved in several court proceedings, and has had problems when he tried to use unscientific asbestos definitions.



AMH:1sm

cc: Dr. C. S. Thompson



February 27, 1984

Dr. Roger Hallstein C-Tek 9742 Skillman Dallas, TX 75243

RE: Talc Analysis

Dear Dr. Hallstein:

This is to confirm the meeting that will be held at C-Tek's facility on March 9, 1984 at 10:00 a.m. regarding the Talc Analysis. Mr. Richard Twedell, Manager of Manufacturing, and I will be representing DAP Inc.

Mr. Alan Harvey, Director of Environmental Affairs, and Dr. C.S. Thompson, Chief Mineralogist, will be representing R.T. Vanderbilt, Inc.

It is of my understanding that Mr. Alan Weckerling of Spectrum Labs will also attend.

Thank you for your cooperation and assistance in scheduling this meeting. If you have any questions or a scheduling conflict develops, please contact me.

Sincerely.

DAP Inc.

David L. Harrison Safety & Regulatory Affairs Coordinator

DLH/kmc

cc: R.K. Mommsen

D. Wilson

R. Twedell M. Fogt



February 27, 1984

Mr. Alan Harvey R.T. Vanderbilt Company, Inc. 30 Winfield Street Norwalk, CT 06855

Dear Mr. Harvey:

Attached is the confirming letter that was sent to C-Tek in regards to the meeting that is scheduled for March 9, 1984 at 10:00 a.m. In addition, I have the following information regarding the talc analysis that was performed.

I.T.3X Talc Lot # 8-25-83 X-ray diffraction and polarized light microscopy performed by C-Tek in Dallas. Results: 35-40% Asbestos Electron microscopy and polarized light microscopy performed by Spectrum Labs in Dallas. Results: Confirmed asbestos fibers.

I will contact you next week regarding the location and directions to the facility. If you have any questions or need any additional information, please contact me.

Sincerely,

DAP Inc.

David L. Harrison Safety & Regulatory Affairs Coordinator

DLH/kmc

cc: R.K. Mommsen

D. Wilson

R. Twedell

M. Fogt

Attachment

am # 5 WPY

cc: Mr. V. Carlson Mr. J. McCarthy



30 WINFIELD STREET, NORWALK, CONNECTICUT 06855 • (203) 853-1400 CABLE: "BILTVAN", NORWALK, CONNECTICUT • TWX 710-468-2940

November 23, 1983

Dr. Tuhfeh Habash 5300 Huberville Road Dayton, OHIO 45431

Dear Dr. Habash:

Enclosed is a Mineral Safety Data Sheet for our IT-3% talc product.

As is evident from the ingredient list the product does not contain asbestos.

There is a good chance that our mineralogist, Dr. C. S. Thompson, and I will be visiting DAP offices in the near future to discuss the matter of asbestos allegations concerning our talcs. Hopefully we will be able to meet with you at that time and answer any further questions you might have.

Sincerely,

R. T. VANDERBILT COMPANY, INC.

Allan M. Harvey, Director Environmental Affairs

AMH:1sm

Enclsoure

CUSTOMER
D. A. P. Inc.,
ADDRESS
855 North Third Street,
Tipp City, Objo),5371

Richard K. Mommsen - Exec. V.P.
Albert R. Hunt - V.P. Marketing &
Mfg. Distribution
Don Montgomery - Dir. Purchases
M.L, Fogt - Personnel Mgr.
Others including T.D. Dr. Hun C.
Al Harvey has all the names.

		C 1 5 19		an V	CALL REPORT
DIST	RIE	BUTION		_	DATE
SALES MGR.	X			1	December 7,1983
R & D	X	A. 151	WV	14	J.F.McCarthy
MFG.		5. TH	on	150H	/ PRODUCTS DISCUSSED:
PLT. MGR.					
SALES/ SERVICE					TT 3X Talc, Absence of Asbestos.
F/U DATE		·			

ACTION REQUIRED

SALES OBJECTIVE (SPECIFIC)

Visit by Dr. Slim Thompson, and Al Harvey to convince them that IT 3X is free of asbestos.

SUMMARY

As indicated above, called with our Slim Thompson, and Al Harvey.

Reference my TCR Nov. 10, and 11, covering abrupt discontinuance our IT 3X talc. Al and Slim covered the full matter, in their usual masterful style. Mommsen was the spokesman for their views, comments, and questions. He was very courteous to our group, and in essence, asks for a letter worded as strongly as we can this side of certification. Al and Slim will cover the revised letter with our legal staff and with Verg Carlson. The 18 minute film was videotaped and it was to all appearances very impressive to all of them.

Mr. Hunt noted he would like to have a brochure from us, covering the international scope of our sales and marketing to multiple industries, with a broad offering of raw materials. Beacham Ltd. parent Company would like to

Al and or Slim will have in depth details as needed, in their Report.

Dap. Day to Ohio.

has Come buck
ordered Carloud of the 17-3x

they had some problem with a state environmental agency about a month ago.

Jerry Danny



November 29, 1983

R.T. Vanderbilt Co., Inc. 30 Winfield Street Norwalk, CT. 06856 ATTN: Al Harvey and Dr. Thompson

Gentlemen:

Just a reminder of our meeting scheduled for 10:00 a.m. on December 7, 1983 to discuss IT3X Talc, DAP Code 22.

Sincerely,

DAP Inc.

Don H. Montgomery

Director of Purchasing

DHM/kmc

cc: R. Mommsen

D. Wilson

H. Choung

A. Hunt

D. Harrison



October 5, 1983

Mr. Alan M. Harvey Director, Environmental Affairs R.T. Vanderbilt Company, Inc. 30 Winfield Street Norwalk, Connecticut 06855

Dear Mr. Harvey:

I recently contacted you concerning the results of the Talc Analysis that was conducted by the Ohio Safety and Hygiene in conjunction with the Industrial Hygiene Survey. I corresponded with Ms. Marilyn Priddy of Safety and Hygiene, expressing our as well as Vanderbilt's disagreement with the results of the analysis, as well as with the analytical techniques utilized. At the end of the letter, I expressed a desire to have the report amended to exclude the section on Asbestos. I received a reply, a copy of which is enclosed, stating that they feel that their report is not in error and will not change the report.

Based on this information, do you have any ideas or recommendations on which way we should proceed on this matter? For your information, the Ohio Safety and Hygiene section of the Industrial Commission does not have any legal or enforcement capabilities in these situations. Of course, one of our concerns is the possibility of the contents of the report be divulged.

I would appreciate any assistance that you could give me on how I should proceed on this matter.

Sincerely,

DAP Inc.

David L. Harrison Safety & Regulatory Affairs Coordinator

DLH/kss enclosure September 22, 1983

Ms. Marilyn Priddy, Industrial Hygienist Industrial Commission of Ohio Division of Safety & Hygiene 246 N. High Street Columbus, Ohio 43215

RE: Industrial Hygiene Survey Dayton Facility

Dear Ms. Priddy:

I am writing in reference to the report on the Industrial Hygiene Survey that was conducted at the Dayton Facility on May 31, June 1 and June 3. I want to commend you on a thorough and comprehensive report that you prepared. However, there is one section of the report that DAP Incorporated disagrees with in its entirety, which is the section on Asbestos associated with Talc.

DAP Incorporated has a considerable history with Talc and its association with Asbestos with OSHA and our suppliers. On June 5, 1978, DAP was issued a citation from OSHA regarding the use of Talc, Asbestos in the Talc and the general safety requirements associated with Asbestos. The Talc was analyzed by OSHA and supposedly contained 0.6% Tremolite Asbestos. On June 27, 1978, DAP contested the citations as unreasonable based on a variety of information from our staff, Talc suppliers and independent studies on the Analytical Techniques for Asbestos Qualitative Analysis on Bulk Samples. Subsequently, after a series of meetings, transactions of information and a hearing, the OSHA Citation was withdrawn and vacated on November 3, 1978.

Our position as well as our suppliers is that the method for Asbestos content in Talc is erronious and not in conformance with the analysis of the same Talcs by the OSHA Laboratory in Salt Lake City. The sample that was obtained during your survey was analyzed to have a Tremolite Asbestos content in the range of 1 to 3%. This procedure utilized a polarized light staining microscopy technique. The OSHA procedures in Salt Lake utilizes both a phase contrast microscopy and a x-ray defraction technique. In 1978, the OSHA Lab analyzed the same Talc and determined an Asbestos content of 0.6%. Aside from the discrepency in the analytical results of the Asbestos content in the Talc, it is our position as well as the Talc manufacturers that the past and present analytical methods are not adequate for asbestos determination and they have led to the misidentification of Talc constituents as Asbestos. In 1974, OSHA reported that the Vanderbilt Talc had an Asbestos content in the range of 50 to 60% and as of 1978, this had dropped to 0.6%. This is attributed to the refinement of the analytical techniques. Due to controversy surrounding the techniques and by legal challenges, OSHA requested a study in 1977, to be performed by the National Bureau of Standards on the fiber content of eighty Talc samples using OSHA's analytical procedures. The study concluded that "the existing

OSHA procedure is useful only for determining fiber content and not Asbestos content."

Based on this information, we are very concerned about the possibility of having what we feel to be erronious information to be divulged and having to go through the legal proceedings again. I would like to discuss this matter with you to determine how the report could be amended to delete the Asbestos information.

Please contact me if you have any further questions or comments. Thank you for your assistance and cooperation.

Sincerely,

DAP Inc.

David L. Harrison Safety & Regulatory Affairs Coordinator

DLH/kss

cc: R. Mommsen

D. Wilson

M. Fogt

CALL REPORT

CUSTOMER Dicks, Armstron	g, Pontius, Inc.,
Corp. Hdqutrs Laboratories,	Tipp City, Ohio Dayton, Ohio

CONTACTS:

11/10 Sue Smith, Purchasing Dept. 11/11 Dr. Tussie Habasa Res. Dept.

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F/U DATE					

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SA	J.F		arthy	<i>r</i>		

PRODUCTS DISCUSSED:

IT 3X

NOV. 1 6 1983

ACTION REQUIRED

SALES OBJECTIVE (SPECIFIC)

SUMMARY

VIA TELEPHONE

Reference our Customer Service Dept. note to Verg Carlson, 11/7/83 telling of abrupt cancellation of two carloads of IT 3X, one for Baltimore Flant and one for the Dayton Flant. Sue Smith was at first as strangely evasive to me as she must have been to Customer Service. Persisted in making point that we are entitled to know what is the nature of your problem, and the right to try to help resolve same. She finally told me her directive came from this woman, Dr. Tussie Habasa, at Dayton R. & D. Labs.. Couldn't reach Habasa today, got hold of her on Friday, 11/11/83. She tried to clam up completely, indicating pozders from top level. Decided no more pussy footing on this so asked her if it pertains to the O.S.H.A. Asbestos Dust Standard, to which she had so admit, qualifying that it is only a temporary stoppage in use IT 3X, while they investigate for asbestos in our IT 3X. Advised her that we would like to have our Mr. Il Harvey contact her to cover this matter. I suspect our Montana friends, as she asked for a letter of certification from officers of our Company to wit we have absolutely no sbestos in our IT 3X talc. I shall have spoken to our Verg Carlson on this matter, irst thing Monday, Nov. 14.

willte - - 1930



June 19, 1984

Mr. Allan M. Harvey Director - Environmental Affairs R. T. Vanderbilt Company Inc. 30 Winfield Street Norwalk, CN 06855

RE: IH Survey Report

Dear Mr. Harvey:

Attached is a copy of the Dallas Industrial Hygiene Survey that was conducted in October, 1983. Would you please review the report and send me your comments.

Thank you for your assistance and cooperation.

Sincerely,

DAP Inc.

David L. Harrison Safety & Regulatory

Affairs Coordinator

DLH:efb Attachment

CUSTOMER	DW6-1-13 /	RECEIVED JAN 1 3 1989	CALL REPORT
ADDRESS, 0. BOY 277	DIST SALES MGR.	RIBUTION	DATE 1/6/84
DAYTON, OH. 45401	R & D MFG.		13-13ARNICH
SUE MILLER-PA	PLT. MGR. SALES/ SERVICE		PRODUCTS DISCUSSED: NYTHE 350
The Minal Depart	F/U DATE	YP. VIHWOERSI J. KELSE	is IT 3x

SALES OBJECTIVE (SPECIFIC)

SUE CALLED AND PEQUESTED AN UPDATE ON THE NYTAL-OSHA SIPUATION. SHE WAS CONCERNED IF OUR MEDS STATED WE ARE ASBESTOS FREE; I GAVE HER A BRIEF UPDATE, NOTING THAT OSHA BOES AGREE THAT OUR TALL IS NOW. ASBESTIFORM BUT 15 STILL CONSIDERING TO REGULATE AS AN ASBESTOS, SHE SAID SHE WOULD PASS THIS INFORMATION ON TO "ANOTHER PERSON" AT DAP WHO WAS DUESTIONING THE SITUATION, SHE ALSO PROLESTED WE FAX OUR CURPENT MSDS ON NYTHL 300 AND ITBY TO HER. (TITIS WAS DONE VIA REQUEST TO LYNN ON 19.) I ASUGO IF SHE WANTED EITHER MYSELF OR OUR ENVIRN. AFFAIRS DEPT. TO CONTACT THIS "OTHER PERSON" SHE SAID NOT AT THIS TIME, BUT SHE SAID SHE WOULD #938 ALSO PASS THIS OFFER ON.

•				; ;
				i
	•			
Name -				
				; ; ;

Watson vs RTV Kelse Deposition Aug. 10, 2009 – <u>Documents Requested</u>

1. All talc analytical reports that address asbestos content (present or absent) from Kelse file (chronological) – check for any additional in Dr. Thompson's file (old lab.).

Status: Entire file was again capied-last week. will/has been provided

2. All available underlying data pertaining to the Honda study to include long term employee dust level questionnaire available in Kelse file.

Status: Entire underlying data file available at RTV was apried last week will has been provided

3. All RTV talc health files maintained by Kelse. This includes studies specific to RTV talc, non-RTV studies that are linked and formal overviews of the health science base.

Status: Entire file was capiel-last week.

will/has been provided.

4. Available maps showing mining locations in the Balmat NY area.

Status: w:11/has been provided

5. Dr. Thompson to Mr. Feiderline memo – includes reference to his talcville analysis.

Status: w.11/has been praided

6. Remaining Mouldine bag removal/disposal project in 1992 documents and sample of that Mouldine (K-100).

Status: Documents copied-including improved copy of bag label photo. will/has been provided

7. Check GTC for any asbestos analytical reports pertaining to Mouldine. Also, confirm nature of files maintained at GTC relative to dust risks.

Status: Did voview the content a nature of dust linked vectors held at GTC winn Dana Putnom. Note to file reflects status. Essentially as earlier described (prior depo)



8. Check Quality Dept. to confirm their files contain no records of talc risk customer inquires not available in Kelse file.

Status: Did visit Pept. looked in files and dis ansel vecals they maintain. Inhumation reflected in Note to file.

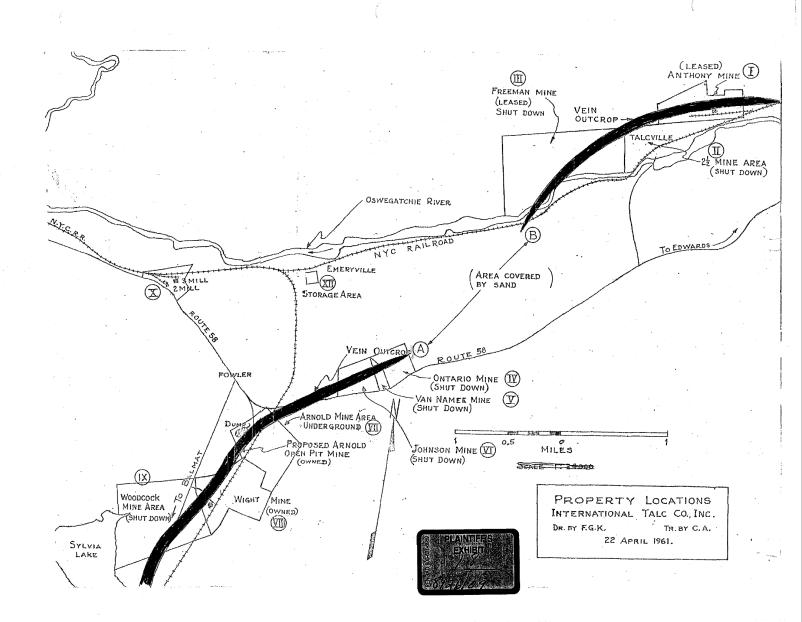
— as described in prior deposition.

9. Provide copies of any customer communications in Kelse file prior to 1990 on RTV talc for the following: US Gypsum, Kyser Gypsum, DAP, Georgia Pacific, Certanteed Corp. and Dowain.

Status: This file was checked and available correspondence to those companies was copied will/has been provided

10. Internal RTV memoranda regarding the first OSHA asbestos Std. in 1972.

Status: File containing this memoranda was apied (again) - last well will/has been provided



MILL

ITC PRODUCT

USE

	No. 2 Mill	- *·	IC, 2C, 1R, 3X, 151A, Loomite	Medium oil grade. Ore nearer hanging wall has higher oil absorption. Ceramic grades are 1C.	NYTAL 200
			ISIN, ISSUITE	2C and 1R. These grades do not have good press-	
-				ing characteristics of HDT but give good strength	
				in some applications. Loomite is also 3X - Initial supply was off-color ora with spec. of	
	1			98.5 thru 325 mesh and color 83-86. When this	
•			•	Supply was depleted, 3X material was supplied. DISCONTINUED last year.	
			•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2.1
•		, b.	FT (Fine Texture)	Higher oil and finer product than 3X. Popular before 325.	
		c.	80WSA (Originally made with scale ore)	DISCONTINUED. Less abrasive than 6N Fibre. Resembled Montana tales.	
		d.	HSK	Same as FT	 ,
	No. 3 Mill	→ *·	x	Low oil material. Demand is low	,
Arnold		ъ.	5x	High oil material	
Open	1	e,	10A	Low oil, original ceramic grade, Popular grade /	
Pit		• •	•	prior to HDT.	
	1			. •	•
	No. 6 Mill	æ••	325 (Fine fraction from Alpins Air Classifier)	Fine grind medium oil grade - most popular paint	NYTAL 300
	1		Alpins Air Classifier)	grade	
			•		. •
	No. 6N M111	÷*·	425	DISCONTINUED - processing difficulty	MYTAL 400
•	1	ъ.	525, 625 (Originally	DISCONTINUED - processing difficulties	*****
			made in Wheeler mill using steam. Most ra-		
	1		cently made using air		
			mifter for a 4 1/2 - 5		
			Hegman)	•	
	1	c.	P-725 (Originally made	DISCONTINUED - processing difficulties	
			with scale ore thru steam plant)	•	
			•		٠.
•		đ.	10AC (Alpine Air	Coarser than 10A with lower fired strength.	NYTAL 100
	· ·		Classifier Used) .	Used for hobby slip and molding clay. Varia- tion of HDT.	
		•		!	
•	No. 6 and 6N Mills		HDT (Coarse fraction from	Coarse fraction (approximately 60%) - Large	MYTAL 99
			Alpine Air Classifier)	tonnage ceramic grade product.	KILKE 33
•			•		
			·		
	No. 2 Mill		6N Fibre	Tanak Manana Ingana ang Kabupatèn ang Kabupatèn Ang	
		- "'		Lesst fibrous due to pebble mill grinding Used for vinyl flooring.	
		h	International "		
			International W	Least fibrous due to pebble mill grinding. Used in asphalt mixes for tighter mixes and	1
· ·	,			better indentation resistance.	
No. 3	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	٠.	Asbestine W	Least fibrous due to pebble mill grinding.	
Mine				•	
. ,		d.	No. 2 Fibre	Wheeler mill grinding. More fibrous than No. 1	
	• . •		•	Fibre. Good anti-slump properties. Used in caulking compounds, textured paint and stucco	
		٠.		coatings.	•
•.		٠,	Fibre PL	Same as No. 2 Fibra	
	•		Wassildan a		•
	· ,	¥.	Mouldena	Same as No. 2 Fibre - Used in planter molds	
	W- 2 W/11				•
1	No. 3 Mill	. 4.	International Fibre	Similar to No. 2 Fibre as noted above. Used in caulking compounds, textured paint and stucco	

INTERNATIONAL TAIC CO., INC.

GRA DES	DESCRIPTION
#1 FIBRE	This is a highly fibrous material that is made at #3 Mill from #3 Mine ore.
#2 FIBRE	This is somewhat better fiber than No. 1 and is made at the same Mill from the similar ores as No. 1 Fibre. Incidentally, both of these grades must be made in the fluid energy mill.
INT. FIBRE PL	Made from a specially selected fiber for Polypropylene plastics where heat stability is a factor.
425	This material is in effect a 5 Hegman, 40 - 45 oil material and is made through the Steam Plant from Arnold Pit ore.
525	This is a high oil 325 grade, +50 oil), with a Hegman in the neighborhood of 3+, and made from Arnold Pit ore. It is not being produced in any great quantity now, but as a substitute for MVA, it may have merit.
625	This grade has a Hegman of 5+ and an Oil Absorption of something over 55+. It must be made at the Steam Plant. It is impossible to make this grade with an Alpine Machine.
725	This material is a 5+ Hegman material, with at least 65 Oil, and is made from Arnold Pit Scale, using the Steam Plant. It cannot be made in the Alpine Machine.

INTER-OFFICE MEMORANDUM

Date: May 31, 1990

To:

Mr. G. L. Fiederlein

From:

C. S. Thompson

Subject:

Gouverneur Talc Company Ores

In response to your inquiry seeking confirmation from me regarding the absence of asbestos minerals in our GTC orebody, I can reconfirm that we have never found asbestos present in the deposit. It is important to note that only minor to trace amounts of the total pure mineral talc occurs in the fibrous/asbestiform habit. While this form of talc has some of the same physical (shape) characteristics as asbestos, it is clearly the mineral talc and is not asbestos. The great majority of the mineral talc present is normal platy talc. For mineralogical purposes the words "asbestiform" and "fibrous" are merely used as descriptive terms relating to the appearance of the mineral.

In attempting to make estimates ("guess-timates") of the fibrous talc content of the entire ore deposit I would like to make the following comments:

- 1. The ores thus far developed in the No. 1 Mine (underground) contain little, if any, fibrous talc, well under 1%.
- 2. The No. 2 Mine (Arnold open pit) ores are estimated to contain about 2% fibrous talc, which is rather randomly distributed throughout but is mainly present in the higher KU paint grade material.
- 3. The Talcville deposits (closed) were developed specifically to produce a high fiber material and to avoid whatever low fiber ores were present in the area. No conclusions, therefore, may be made as to the overall fiber content of the entire Talcville orebody.
- 4. I have no data on the ores that may exist between our operating mines or along the "talc belt" between the Arnold Pit and Talcville, so that any comments on their mineral content would not be meaningful.
- 5. The fibrous/asbestiform talc present in this ore deposit is predominantly pure mineral talc with very minor amounts of hybrid (mixed mineral) particles and is not asbestos. None of the other minerals present in our orebody are fibrous, asbestiform or asbestos. Neither we, nor our consultants have found asbestos in our ore or products.

CST/cac

cc: H.B. Vanderbilt, Sr.

CST



Weston v. Asb. Corp. Ltd., et al. Depo of J. Kelse, Vol. II 8/26/09

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CONDENSED TRANSCRIPT AND CONCORDANCE PREPARED BY:

AIKEN WELCH COURT REPORTERS One Kaiser Plaza, Suite 505 Oakland, CA 94612 Phone: (510) 451-1580

FAX: (510) 451-3797

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(1) IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	(1) APPEARANCES (cont'd)
(2) IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA	(2) Representing Defendant Georgia-Pacific Corp.:
(4) ERIC WESTON, :	RICHARD CHON, ESQ. (over speakerphone) Perkins Coie, LLP
(5) Plaintiff, :	Four Embarcadero Center, Suite 2400
(6) VS. : NO. RG 08-426405	(4) San Francisco, California 94111
(7) ASBESTOS CORPORATION LIMITED, :	(5) Representing Defendant DAP:
et al.	SIMON LEE, ESQ. Segal, McCambridge, Singer & Mahoney
Defendants.	830 Third Avenue, Suite 400
(9)	(7) New York, New York 10022
(10)	(8)
(11) VOLUME II	Representing Defendant Modern Plastics, Inc. (9) AL ZAPALA, ESQ. (over speakerphone)
VIDEOTAPE DEPOSITION OF JOHN KELSE	Herr & Zapala
(12)	(10) 152 North 3rd Street
DATE: Wednesday, August 26, 2009	San Jose, California 95112
HELD AT: Marriott Stanford	Also Present:
(14)	(12)
243 Tresser Boulevard	JEFFREY C. BROHEL, ESQ.
(15)	(13) Litigation Counsel, R.T. Vanderbilt
Stamford, Connecticut 06901	JACOB BRANDON, VIDEOGRAPHER
(17)	Brandon Smith Reporting & Video
Reporter: Marian E. Cummings, LSR #472	(16)
(18)	(17)
(19) (20)	(18) (19)
(21)	(20)
(22)	(21)
(23)	(22)
(24) (25)	(23) (24)
	(25)
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(1)	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	(1)	APPEARANCES (cont'd)	
(2) (3)	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA	(2)	Representing Defendant Georgia-Pacific Corp.: RICHARD CHON, ESQ. (over speakerphone)	
(4) (5)	ERIC WESTON, : Plaintiff, :	(3)	Perkins Coie, LLP	
(6) (7)	VS. : NO. RG 08-426405 ASBESTOS CORPORATION LIMITED, :	(4)	Four Embarcadero Center, Suite 2400 San Francisco, California 94111	
	et al.	(5)	Representing Defendant DAP: SIMON LEE, ESQ.	
(8)	: Defendants.	(6)	Segal, McCambridge, Singer & Mahoney	
(9) (10)		(7)	830 Third Avenue, Suite 400 New York, New York 10022	
(11)	VOLUME II	(8)	Representing Defendant Modern Plastics, Inc.	
(12)	VIDEOTAPE DEPOSITION OF JOHN KELSE	(9)	AL ZAPĂLA, ESQ. (over speakerphone)	
(13)	DATE: Wednesday, August 26, 2009	(10)	Herr & Zapala 152 North 3rd Street	
(14)	HELD AT: Marriott Stanford	(11)	San Jose, California 95112	
	243 Tresser Boulevard	(12)	Also Present:	
(15)	Stamford, Connecticut 06901	(12)	JEFFREY C. BROHEL, ESQ.	
(16) (17)		(13)	Litigation Counsel, R.T. Vanderbilt JACOB BRANDON, VIDEOGRAPHER	
(18)	Reporter: Marian E. Cummings, LSR #472		Brandon Smith Reporting & Video	
(19)		(15)		
(20)	BRANDON SMITH REPORTING SERVICE	(17)		
(21)		(18) (19)		
(22)	(800) 852-4589	(20)	•	
(23)	44 Capitol Avenue Six Landmark Square	(21)		
(24)	·	(23)		
(25)	Hartford, CT 06106 Stamford, CT 06901	(24)	·	
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(1)	STIPULATIONS	(1) McCambridge on behalf of DAP,
(2)		(2) Incorporated.
(3)	It is stipulated by counsel for the parties	(3) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Anybody on the
(4)	that all objections are reserved until the time of	(4) phone?
(5)	trial, except those objections as are directed to the	(5) MR. DAVIS: Good morning. Mark Davis
(6)	form of the question.	for Kaiser Gypsum Company, Inc. with the
(7)	It is stipulated and agreed between counsel	(7) law firm of Hassard Bonnington.
(8)	for the parties that the proof of the authority of the	(8) MR. EPSTEIN: Morning. Mark T.
(9)	Notary before whom this deposition is taken is waived.	(9) Epstein of McKenna, Long & Aldridge, LLP,
(10)	It is further stipulated that any defects in	appearing for Certainteed Corporation.
(11)	the Notice are waived,	(11) MR. CHON: Richard Chon from Perkins
(12)	It is further stipulated that the reading and	(12) Coie for Georgia-Pacific.
(13)	signing of the deposition transcript by the witness	MR. JACKSON: Warren Jackson for
(14)	may be signed before any Notary Public.	(14) Cyprus Amax Minerals Company.
(15)		(15) MS. GILLEN: Linn Gillen, Foley &
(16)		(16) Mansfield on behalf of Calavares Asbestos
(17)		(17) Limited and the University of California
(18)		(18) Regents.
(19)		(19) MR. DONATON: Adam Donaton with
(20)		(20) Walsworth, Franklin, Bevins & McCall
(21)		representing W.W. Henry and the Henry
(22)		(22) company.
(23)		MR. DEANE: Jeffrey Deane of Selman
(24)		Breitman for RT Vanderbilt Company, Inc.
(25)		(25) JOHN KELSE ,
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	Page /b/	Page 264
(1)	Page 262	Page 264
(1)	PROCEEDINGS	(after being first duly sworn or affirmed,
(2)	PROCEEDINGS THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the	(1) (after being first duly sworn or affirmed, (2) was examined and testified as follows:)
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(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21) (22) (23)	PROCEEDINGS THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the videotaped deposition of John Kelse taken by the plaintiff in the matter of Weston versus Asbestos Corporation Limited, et al. This case is filed in the Superior Court of California, Docket Number RG 08-426405. This deposition is being held at 243 Tresser Boulevard, Stamford, Connecticut on August 26, 2009. My name is Jacob Brandon from Brandon Smith Reporting and Video with offices in Hartford, Connecticut. The court reporter is Marian Cummings from Brandon Smith Reporting and Video with offices in Hartford, Connecticut. We're now going on the record at 10:19 a.m. Counsel will now state their appearances, for the record, please, after which the court reporter will swear in the witness. MS. ABRAMS: Denise Abrams and Will Ruiz for the plaintiff. MR. RADCLIFFE: Tom Radcliffe for	(after being first duly sworn or affirmed, was examined and testified as follows:) DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. ABRAMS: Q. Good morning, Mr. Kelse. A. Good morning. Q. As you know, we are here on the second day of your deposition as the person most qualified and custodian of records for the R.T. Vanderbilt Company in this case. You understand you're here in that capacity? A. I understand I'm here to answer the questions as best I can. Q. Well, sir, let me show you again the Notice of Deposition. We have a copy of it here, which was attached to the first volume of your deposition which is the reason that you're here to talk to us today. And you have been designated for bringing documents and discussing 76 categories of documents. MR. RADCLIFFE: That's not accurate. BY MS. ABRAMS: Q. Excuse me, 56 categories of person

(11)

(12)

(13)

(14)

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- Mr. Thompson has been designated for regarding (1)
- (2) Mouldene and correspondence with Johns
- Manville, and I think several categories of (3)
- (4) information regarding sales, and other than
- (5) that, you have been brought here today
- (6) pursuant to this notice.
- (7)Have you in the interim between your last
- (B) deposition and this deposition reviewed the
- (9) Notice of Deposition in this case and why
- don't you show him a copy of the notice. (10)
 - MR. RADCLIFFE: I'm going to object to that very long predicate as not being a question and being a statement by counsel for plaintiff as not being accurate and not
- (15)part of the question. The question is (16)compound. Go ahead and answer.
- (17) Whether or not I had seen this (18)document?
- BY MS. ABRAMS: (19)
- (20) Q. We can start there. Have you seen
- (21) that document before? We showed it to you at
- (22) your last deposition and asked if you had seen
- (23) it and you said no, so I'm asking in the
- (24)interim, have you reviewed that Notice of
- Deposition for which you're being produced (25)

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- today? (1)
- A. No. My understanding is I'm here (2)
- (3) to respond to questions that pertain to
- (4) technical aspects of the case because I do
- (5) keep all of the technical records in my office
- (6)from an occupational health standpoint since
- (7) it's my job at the company.
- (8) Q. I move to strike the response and
- (9) ask you again, Mr. Kelse. Between the time
- that we first met and your first deposition (10)
- and today, have you reviewed the notice of (11)
- deposition in front of you? (12)
- No. (13)A.

(19)

(20)

(22)

- (14) Q. Have you in any other way learned
- of the categories of information that you have (15)
- (16) been designated as the person most qualified
- here today to speak on behalf of the R.T. (17)
- (18) Vanderbilt Company?
 - MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, vague, ambiguous.
- (21) A. The attorneys have explained to me that my role is to explain as best I can what
- I know from my technical records and my (23)
- (24) experience at Vanderbilt on the issues that
- relate to this case. (25)

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- Q. So other than your role in the
- (2)technical aspects of the issues as you
- understand them that relate to this case, did (3)
- (4) you do anything or talk to anyone to become
- educated or learn about information that is (5)
- being asked in the notice of deposition? (6)
- (7)A. Well, I've been involved over the
- (8) last week with Mr. Radcliffe in the sense of
- (9) going through my records and files. And it
- (10)was explained to me that that exercise was to
- (11)extract information that would be pertinent to
- (12)the case. My role was to show the attorneys
- (13) where the records were kept, basically what
- (14)the records were, and they proceeded to copy
- (15)them.
- (16)Q. Where did you show them the records
- (17)were?

(19)

(20)

(22)

(25)

(1)

(2)

(7)

(10)

(17)

- (18) A. At my office.
 - Q. Inside your own office?
 - Inside my own office and adjacent
- (21)areas to my office.
 - Q. What adjacent areas?
- (23)There's a fax machine and a copy
- (24)machine area that's just 20 feet away where
 - there's a bank of file cabinets and a couple

- of file cabinets are devoted to information that pertains to New York State Talc.
- (3) Q. Did you show the attorneys a locked
- (4) room with historical files in it?
- (5) A. There is a room probably 40 feet or
- (6) so away where we had some old records, I think
 - probably a couple of file drawers, two or
- (8) three file drawers of records.
- (9) Q. Did you show that room to your
 - attorneys?
- (11) A. Yes, I did.
- What else is in that room besides (12)
- two to three file drawers? (13)
- (14)Records that pertain to New York
- (15)State Talc. The others are patent files and
- (16)research and development on chemical products
 - and things of that nature.
- (18) Did you look in those files?
- (19)Well, there would be no need to
- (20) look in those files for those are files for (21)other types, we sell over 700 products.
- (22)Q. So is it fair to say that you did
- (23)not search for files regarding Mouldene talc
- (24)and the patenting or any other information,
- (25)research information in those files for

	Page 269	Page 271
(1)	Mouldene talc?	that you disclosed, the files for New York
(2)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, misstates	(2) State Talc from a risk perspective; is that
(3)	prior testimony.	(3) correct?
(4)	A. Well, the files that pertain to New	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, vague and
(5)	York State Talc which would incorporate	(5) ambiguous.
(6)	information relative to Mouldene would be in	(6) A. Those are the files that I'm
(7)	the files that I indicated. They wouldn't be	(7) responsible for keeping, yes.
(8)	anywhere else.	(8) Q. And with respect to any other
(9)	Q. Did you find a file called Mouldene	(9) department of the RT Vanderbilt Company or any
(10)	talc patent information in the New York State	other area that might bear on this case, that
(11)	Talc files?	(11) may be in files at the RT Vanderbilt Company,
(12)	A. Patent information?	but may not be in your technical files or your
(13)	Q. Correct.	files with respect to risk management, you
(14)	A. No, that wouldn't be in those files	(14) left that to somebody else to determine and
(15)	because I'm risk, I'm not patent.	(15) take care of; is that right?
(16)	Q. But there are a set of files in	(16) MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection,
(17)	that room that contain patent information,	(17) argumentative.
(18)	correct?	(18) A. I really don't know how to answer
(19)	A. I don't know one way or another.	(19) that question. I maintain information on New
(20)	Q. Didn't you just testify that there	(20) York State Talc as part of my files as I
(21)	is a bank of files in there and some of the	(21) maintain risk information for any of our other
(22)	information in the files includes patent	(22) products that exist. And to the extent that
(23)	information?	questions arise as to the mineral composition
(24)	A. Yes, on some 6- or 700 products.	(24) of talc and the risk associated with that
(25)	Q. Understood. And is it fair to say,	(25) talc, as best we have information, I am the
		Andrew Control of the
	Page 270	Page 272
(1)	sir, that you did not search those files for	(1) keeper of that information, that's my job,
(2)	sir, that you did not search those files for any information on Mouldene?	keeper of that information, that's my job,that's what I keep. What other people keep in
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- (1) responsibility, period.
- (2) Q. Let me ask you something, sir. If
- (3) you were told that you were going to be the
- (4) representative of the company in a certain
- (5) area and you were going to speak for the
- (6) company, in speaking for the company would you
- (7) rely solely on yourself to determine what you
- (8) should say and what you might have to gather
- (9) up in order to do that?
- (10) A. I would rely only on my best
- (11) knowledge or understanding of the issues of
- (12) the question that you pose to me. I would try
- (13) to answer it as fully and completely as I
- (14) could and that's all I can do.
- (15) Q. I'm not talking about in the
- (16) litigation matter. I'm talking about if you
- (17) were speaking on behalf of the company, for
- (18) example, on an corporate matter, would you
- example, of all corporate matter, would ye
- (19) talk to other corporate individuals to
- (20) determine the range of information that you
- (21) would need to make that effort?
 - MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections.
- (23) A. I would defer -- if I were asked
- (24) questions on issues that I was not responsible
- (25) for or knowledgeable about or if I felt there

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- (1) were others who knew more about that subject,
- (2) like patents or quality or other issues, I
- (3) would defer to those individuals to speak
- (4) about their area of expertise because I think
- (5) you would get more complete information that
- (6) way than have me make assumptions and so in
- (7) other words, I would want the person who knew
- (8) the most about that topic to be the person you
- (9) speak to.

(22)

- (10) Q. Who would you consult to learn
- (11) about historical information on patents?
- (12) A. Patents, the employee that did most
- (13) of the patents unfortunately is deceased. I
- (14) think her name was Rasma (phonetic) Balodis,
- (15) B-A-L-O-D-I-S, and I believe she passed away
- D-A-L-O-D-1-5, and I believe she passed away
- (16) seven or eight years ago.
 - Q. Where were her files kept?
- (18) A. They were kept in what was known as
- (19) the R & D library and then they were
- (20) subsequently moved into these banks of files,
- (21) into this locked room that you mentioned
- (22) before, which is a room just off the old R & D
- (23) library.

(17)

- (24) Q. And who is responsible for her
- (25) files at this time?

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- A. At this time, I don't know for
- (2) certain so I'd rather not say.
- (3) Q. That's something you could find out
- (4) if you asked somebody?
 - A. Sure.
- (6) Q. And what else is in the room, and
- (7) I'm assuming this is the room you told us
- (8) about that has a key and you have the key; is
- (9) that correct?
 - A. I have the key, other people have
- (11) the key.
 - Q. What else is in that room besides
- the New York State files on New York State
- (14) Talc and the historical files on patents,
 - what else is in there?
- (16) A. There's several bookcases that
- (17) contain some reference materials mainly
- related to rubber chemicals, journals and
- (19) things of that sort that are used by the
- (20) rubber chemists. That's probably the biggest
- (21) product line of the company are rubber
- (22) chemicals. There's also reference and
- (23) journals and documents linked that are used by
- (24) chemists in the area of lubricants, things of
- (25) that nature, ceramic information because the

- company is broken up into these various product lines.
- Q. Do you keep formulas, do you know,
- (4) for other customer products?
 - MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection to form,
 - vague and ambiguous.
 - A. Well, for every product, all six or
 - seven hundreds of them, for every product
- (9) there's a chemical structure and that's
- (10) available in the product literature.
- (11) Q. Perhaps I wasn't clear. For
- example, if a company was making a product
- (13) that included a New York State Talc component
- (14) to it, would you -- let me finish my
- (15) question would you have any formulas or
- (16) batch information regarding their product and
- (17) how they use the talc in their product?
- (18) A. I can say that generally we
- (19) wouldn't, but I cannot swear that we might not
 - because our research and development group and
- (21) our sales group are technical or research and
- (22) development, obviously, would be and they do
- interface with customers and they do discuss
- (24) the application and uses of our products and
 - their formulations and so forth. More often

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- (1)than not, ultimate formulations are -- by
- customers are proprietary, they keep them to (2)
- themselves. (3)
- (4) Q. If there were files from a customer
- (5) that had that information, where would those
- be kept? (6)
- A. If such information existed, they (7)
- (8) would be kept in the R & D departments that
- (9) were linked to that particular product line,
- (10) such as the rubber lab or the lubricant lab.
- (11)Q. Did you search any R & D files for
- (12)information on customers that may have used
- (13)Mouldene in their products?
 - MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, vague and ambiguous.
- (16) BY MS. ABRAMS:
- (17) **Q.** Do you understand the question?
- A. I do. That would not be -- that (18)
- (19) would not be an area that I would have any
- (20) interest in.

(14)

(15)

- (21) Q. Well, whether you're interested in
- (22) it or not, did you search for any files in the
- (23) R & D department that may have pertained to
- (24) the use of Mouldene in a customer's product?
- (25) A. Well, my area is risk so my area is

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- (1)not product applications.
- (2) Q. Move to strike as nonresponsive.
- Could you read the question back and please (3)
- (4) answer the question.
 - (Whereupon, the court reporter read
- (6) back the previous question.)
- (7) A. And the answer is no for the reason
- (8) I gave you.

(5)

- (9) Q. Who would have access to those
- files, if they existed? (10)
- (11)A. Certainly the research and
- (12)development personnel responsible for those
- (13) product lines.
- (14)Q. Well, who would that be, who was in
- charge? (15)

(22)

- A. The company's broken up into (16)
- (17) different sales group. I think I mentioned
- (18)that once before, so you would have -- the
- largest department would be the rubber (19)
- department. So there is a sales manager that (20)
- (21) heads the rubber department.
 - Q. Who is that?
- (23)A. I don't think it's Ken Kelly any
- (24)longer. I'm not sure. I would have to check.
- (25)Q. Is this someone who is in charge of

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- (1)specialty products?
- (2) A. I'm not sure we even have a
- (3)specialties department anymore. It used to be
- a fellow by the name of McCausland (phonetic) (4)
- and Jim McCausland also died four or five (5)
- (6) years ago.

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- Q. And where are his files kept?
- They would be in the sales area of (8)
- (9) the company.
 - Q. Did you check at all with any of
- the sales people in searching for documents in (11)
- (12) response to our notice asking for documents? (13)
 - MR. RADCLIFFE: Excuse me, could you read back that question?

(Whereupon, the court reporter read back the

previous question.) MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection. Beyond

> the scope of the designations for this witness. Go ahead.

- No. A.
- Do you know if anyone at the R.T.
- (22)Vanderbilt Corporation has searched for any
- records regarding Mouldene or any Mouldene (23)
- (24) customer information or other information in
 - the sales department at the R.T. Vanderbilt

- Corporation? (1)
 - MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objection.
- (3)A. I'm not aware of any.
- (4) Q. You -- just going back to this
- locked room that you have a key, you, ! (5)
- (6) believe, in your prior deposition you said
- that there was a locked file that said see (7)
- (8) John Kelse and you're the only one that had
- (9) the key to that, do you remember that
- testimony? (10)
 - A. Yes, I do.
 - What was that file?
- (13)Those are -- there are two file
- (14) cabinets, five drawers in each, and old
- (15)records on dealing with New York State Talc
- (16)risk aspect of it, mineralogy aspect of it,
- (17)reference documents linked, you know, to that
- (18)subject, most of which I have working copies
- (19)in my own office for so these are more
- (20) historical, but that's what was in those two
- (21)file cabinets. So they -- because they were
- (22)
 - not really working files, documents that I
- (23)refer to or really use because I have the
- (24)originals or because I have copies in my
 - office, so it was just the storage for those

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	Page 281		Page 283
(1)	types of records so that's what's in those two	(1)	week. I don't know if your description is
(2)	file cabinets.	(2)	accurate or not. I'm happy to tell you for
(3)	Q. So that's ten file drawers, sir?	(3)	the specific documents that you've just
(4)	A. Well, they're not all full with	(4)	requested, I'm happy to tell you where they
(5)	that. I've put other information in some of	(5)	are located on the CD that I provided to
(6)	those drawers to get them out of my office and	(6)	you so that you can look at them right now,
(7)	make room to expand some of the talc files in	(7)	if you wish.
(8)	my own office, so it's no longer that many	(8)	MS. ABRAMS: Are you saying you have
(9)	drawers. It's maybe four, four or five, and	(9)	an index of the documents?
(10)	these were drawers that I directed the	(10)	MR. RADCLIFFE: I do not. I just
(11)	attorneys to, I believe that they copied the	(11)	happen to know the particular file number
(12)	material in those records.	(12)	for those documents. I happen to know the
(13)	Q. You mentioned that I believe you	(13)	particular file numbers for a number of
(14)	mentioned last time that you had	(14)	documents, but that's one of which I know.
(15)	questionnaires and underlying data information	(15)	MS. ABRAMS: As I said, I reserve the
(16)	I believe for the Honda study, correct?	(16)	right to redepose the witness after I can
(17)	A. That's correct.	(17)	properly review the information that's been
(18)	Q. Did you direct your attorneys to	(18)	given to us and not waste a lot of time
(19)	that information?	(19)	sitting here trying to look on a computer
(20)	A. I did.	(20)	at probably hundreds of pages.
(21)	Q. Was that in the locked drawers that	(21)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Mr. Ruiz is here,
(22)	we're talking about?	(22)	you don't have to do it. We want to get
(23)	A. No, that was in my office.	(23)	finished. I understand your reservation.
(24)	 Q. And did that information get copied 	(24)	I don't agree with it.
(25)	and produced?	(25)	MS. ABRAMS: You don't have to agree
	Page 282		Page 284
(1)	A. Yes, they got copied. You'll have	(1)	with it.
(2)	to ask the attorneys if it was produced.	(2)	BY MS. ABRAMS:
(3)	MS. ABRAMS: Just for the record, at	(3)	Q. How many pages are on the

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MS. ABRAMS: Just for the record, at this point we have no idea what was produced because it was produced on disk and we have not been able to obtain hard copies here, so with respect to anything that was produced yesterday on disk, we reserve our right to redepose the witness on any of that information and any new information.

And I just also state for the record that in meeting and conferring with Mr. Chusid last week, we explained that if we were to get any new documents we needed them by last Friday and if we were to get anything here at the deposition we needed it in hard copy so that we could review it and we did not get that. And I understand that there's been an effort made to get us information, but in terms of deposing the witness, it's unavailable to us to review at the moment.

MR. RADCLIFFE: I understand that you met and conferred with Mr. Chusid last

Q. How many pages are on the questionnaires for the Honda study? Was it a file drawer full?

A. No, I would say it's the backup data that I had in the file which included those and everything else that I had that pertained to the Honda study is a stack of paper from here to about here, so I'm indicating of about five or six inches.

MS. ABRAMS: Thank you. Why don't you -- we'll take you up on your offer. You can let us know where those documents are, if possible.

MR. RADCLIFFE: OKAY. Your files that are named JK04DR02F001, that contains the Honda study. And then there are backup data. That contains — that's approximately 159 pages. That contains a copy of the Honda study and various backup information. And the files that follow that, 002, 003 and a couple, there are additional backup documents that may have been used in the Honda study.

	Page 285	Page 287	-
(1)	MS. ABRAMS: Thank you.	(1) for that study?	
(2)	MR. RUIZ: Can you tell me which disk	(2) A. It pertained to that and it	
(3)	that is?	(3) pertained to data that was shared wit	h
(4)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Yes, that would be CD	(4) Vanderbilt relative to particle sizing a	
(5)	two.	(5) characterization and other work that	
(6)	BY MS. ABRAMS:	(6) that went into the preparation of the	
(7)	Q. Mr. Kelse, anything else in the 10	(7) published paper.	
(8)	drawers that you have the key to that we've	(8) Q. Do you last time we were	
(9)	been talking about?	(9) talking, you mentioned that when you we	ere
(10)	A. There's nothing that I know that	(10) first hired to work at R.T. Vanderbilt that	
(11)	hasn't been copied. I pointed out the file	one of the people that was actually on yo	our
(12)	drawers and records that pertain to New York	(12) hiring committee was Dennis Race, do y	ou
(13)	State Talc and I did observe the law firm	(13) remember that?	
(14)	copying those files.	(14) A. I mentioned that I had met Denn	is
(15)	Q. Do you have correspondence files	(15) Race at the time, whether he was on	a hiring
(16)	with that contain correspondence with	(16) committee or not, I don't know if that	s how
(17)	Dr. Wylie?	(17) he would describe it, but yes, I did me	et him.
(18)	A. Those would be in several files,	(18) Q. If I mischaracterized your	
(19)	one of which is the chronological order of all	(19) testimony, I apologize, that's what I	
(20)	the analytical reports and so that file was	(20) understood. Can you tell me - and Den	nis
(21)	copied completely. I know that was, from what	(21) Race is an attorney with Akin Gump; is t	hat
(22)	I understand, it was provided before, but you	(22) right?	
(23)	asked some questions about it, if it had been	(23) A. He is, yes.	
(24)	updated because it had been copied five years	(24) Q. And he's still an attorney for R.T.	
(25)	prior. So it was copied just last week so	(25) Vanderbilt?	
A SECURIOR STREET			
	Page 286	Page 288	
(1)	Page 286	Page 288	
(1)	it's as up to date as what I have, but that's	(1) A. Yes.	
(2)	it's as up to date as what I have, but that's where there would be some reference and some	(1) A. Yes. (2) Q. And he's been an attorney for R.T	
(2)	it's as up to date as what I have, but that's where there would be some reference and some correspondence with Dr. Wylie. I'm trying to	(1) A. Yes. (2) Q. And he's been an attorney for R.T. (3) Vanderbilt since before you got to R.T.	
(2)	it's as up to date as what I have, but that's where there would be some reference and some correspondence with Dr. Wylie. I'm trying to think where else you might find that.	(1) A. Yes. (2) Q. And he's been an attorney for R.T. (3) Vanderbilt since before you got to R.T. (4) Vanderbilt, correct?	
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	Page 289		Page 291
(1)	BY MS. ABRAMS:	(1)	Q. Do you know if Mr. Race serves on
(2)	Q. I'm not saying it's the only thing	(2)	the board of directors of the R.T. Vanderbilt
(3)	you talk about, but it's one of the things you	(3)	Corporation?
(4)	do.	(4)	A. He is, yes.
(5)	A. It's certainly not.	(5)	Q. So he's currently a board member?
(6)	Q. He does have that role as well as	(6)	A. I know that, yeah.
(7)	other roles?	(7)	Q. And do you know any other board
(8)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objection.	(8)	members that come to mind?
(9)	A. To the extent that I get involved	(9)	A. Well, certainly Hugh Vanderbilt,
(10)	in cases involving New York State Talc, he's	(10)	the CEO, certainly Paul Vanderbilt, I believe
(11)	aware of it and sometimes he'll be the first	(11)	the CFO chief financial officer, Joe Dinaro
(12)	person to tell me that this is a case and	(12)	(phonetic) and quite frankly, beyond that, I'm
(13)	you'll be contacted by the attorneys and that	(13)	not sure. It's changed over time.
(14)	sort of thing.	(14)	Q. You are obviously a salaried
(15)	Q. So far as you know, he is involved	(15)	employee of the R.T. Vanderbilt Corporation?
(16)	in the asbestos litigation and knows about	(16)	A. Yes.
(17)	this case, correct?	(17)	Q. Do you own stock in the
(18)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections.	(18)	corporation?
(19)	A. Well, if you remember from my last	(19)	A. No.
(20)	deposition you know it's like waving a red	(20)	Q. Do you have stock options?
(21)	flag in front of a bull when you use the term	(21)	A. Yes, there is a stock option for
(22)	asbestos, right, we don't have any asbestos in	(22)	salaried employees.
(23)	the talc, whatever you want to call it.	(23)	Q. And what is the nature of that
(24)	Q. I apologize for raising the red	(24)	option?
(25)	flag. Let me ask you this question, with	(25)	A. Well, as I understand it and I'm
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	Page 290		Page 292
(1)	Page 290 respect to cases where the R.T. Vanderbilt	(1)	Page 292 not an expert at it, but there's a certain
(1)	Page 290 respect to cases where the R.T. Vanderbilt Corporation has been sued by people alleging	(1)	Page 292 not an expert at it, but there's a certain portion or set amount of stock that's set
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и.,	Page 293	Page 295
(1)	Q. So that's available to all salaried	you ever receive any special bonuses that
(2)	R.T. Vanderbilt employees at least since 1985,	(2) didn't come on an annual basis?
(3)	so far as you know?	(3) A. No, I haven't.
(4)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection. Calls for	(4) Q. Do you know if employees receive
(5)	speculation.	(5) other kinds of bonuses other than annual
(6)	BY MS. ABRAMS:	(6) bonuses?
(7)	Q. Correct?	(7) MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, calls for
(8)	A. That's my understanding.	(8) speculation.
(9)	Q. Do you know whether the amount of	(9) A. I'm not aware of any. I don't
(10)	your stock option, the amount of stock you	(10) know.
(11)	for your option, does that vary between	(11) Q. Have you gotten any special awards
(12)	employees or is there a flat rate per	from your employment at R.T. Vanderbilt from
(13)	employees or is triefle a flat rate per employee? Do you have any idea how that	(13) the company?
(14)	works?	(14) A. No.
(15)	A. It's predicated on your rank, first	(15) Q. Now, we — I want to turn your
(16)	of all, it's only available for managers and	attention to what is stamped WES 00001 to WES
(17)	above and it's also linked to the number of	(17) 001361 and I'll represent to you that that is
(18)		(18) a set of documents that were produced to the
(19)	years of service, so it will vary from person to person.	plaintiff in this case in sometime around mid
(20)	Q. Do you is it ever the case	
(21)	that strike that. Do you receive annual	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
(22)		opportunity to review that set of documents
(23)	bonuses from the R.T. Vanderbilt Corporation?	and whether you can attest, sir, that these
(24)	A. Not as a strict rule, but generally, yes.	(23) are business records of the company that are (24) kept in the regular course of the company's
(25)	Q. So it's not part of the deal, but	(24) kept in the regular course of the company's business?
,,	a. Oo not part of the deal, but	Dustriess:
	Page 294	Page 296
(1)	Page 294 over time you have gotten a bonus, for the	Page 296 MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, compound,
(1)		[
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(2) .(3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21)	over time you have gotten a bonus, for the most part, every year? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, assumes facts not in evidence, vague and ambiguous. A. When the company has the funds to do that then they do and when they don't, they don't. Q. And over the last 10 years have you received bonuses every year? A. I have, yes. Q. How about over the last 20 years, do you recall any years when you did not receive a bonus? A. I believe there were a couple of years when no one did. Q. Do you remember approximately when that was? A. No, I don't. Q. Was that in the 1980s? A. I don't recall. It has a lot to do	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, compound, vague, ambiguous. BY MS. ABRAMS: Q. And why don't you have an opportunity to look through these documents because I'm going to ask you to authenticate that these are true and correct copies, every single one of them, of R.T. Vanderbilt Company's business records unless your counsel wants to stipulate to that. You can go ahead and take a look at them, one at a time. A. Well, if I recognize these as documents from my files, I'll tell you that. If I don't recognize them, then I don't recognize them. A. That doesn't necessarily mean they may not have been in my blizzard of files. Q. Well, you've been produced as the custodian of these records and if there's a different custodian of the records who needs
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	Page 297	-	Page 299
(1)	custodian of records. Mr. Kelse is the	(1)	is Mr. Kelse for the categories for which
(2)	custodian of records let me withdraw	(2)	he is responsible. There are other
(3)	that and say Mr. Kelse is the custodian of	(3)	categories for which Mr. Vanderbilt has
(4)	the records for the categories for which he	(4)	been designated.
(5)	has been designated. If those documents	(5)	BY MS. ABRAMS:
(6)	fall within categories for which he has	(6)	Q. The sales records, so other than
(7)	been designated, he is the person to answer	(7)	that, the sales records which are included in
(8)	your questions, but I also think you should	(8)	there, there's several page of sales records.
9)	define what business records mean because	(9)	You can skip over those, if you like.
.0)	that has yet to be defined.	(10)	A. These right at the top is an
1)	BY MS. ABRAMS:	(11)	agreement.
2)	Q. The question is still pending.	(12)	MR. RADCLIFFE: That's already been
3)	MR. RUIZ: In the letter where you	(13)	taken care of.
4)	guys parsed out who was going to answer	(14)	Q. Excuse me, can I have that one?
5)	what, you only referred to persons most	(15)	MR. RADCLIFFE: There's already been
6)	qualified. You didn't refer to custodians	(16)	questions and answers on that one.
7)	of record. I think we said the	(17)	BY MS. ABRAMS:
8)	correspondence. The problem is we had more	(18)	Q. Is this agreement are you
9)	document requests than we did categories.	(19)	stipulating that the agreement which is WES
0)	MR. RADCLIFFE: And they didn't match	(20)	001 through WES 0040 41 is a true and
1)	up.	(21)	correct copy of business records kept, a
2)	MR. RUIZ: Right, because we had	(22)	document kept in the ordinary course of
23)	~	(23)	business?
	specific documents we requested.		
(4) (5)	MR. RADCLIFFE: What we did say was that Mr. Kelse was the custodian of records	(24)	MR. RADCLIFFE: I'll stipulate that the documents in your hands, including the
			,
	Page 298	!	Page 300
(1)	for the documents, the categories	(1)	asset purchase agreement and the letter
2)	MS. ABRAMS: We can notice the	(2)	were marked individually as exhibits for
3)	custodian of records for every single piece	(3)	Mr. Vanderbilt's deposition for which he is
4)	of paper that you've produced, if you want	(4)	the custodian of records and that you asked
5)	us to do that, we'll do it, or you can	(5)	him questions about whether or not they
6)	stipulate that these are documents that	(6)	were true and accurate and he responded on
7)	were kept in the regular course of business	(7)	the record while we were in California two
8)	that were made at or around the time of the	(8)	weeks ago, whenever it was.
9)	document and that they are true and correct	(9)	MS. ABRAMS: I don't believe we asked
0)	copies of those records, if you'd like to	(10)	him if they were records kept in the
1)	stipulate to that, we can avoid that, but	(11)	ordinary course of business of the R.T.
.2)	at one point or another, someone from the	(12)	Vanderbilt Corporation, did we?
3)	R.T. Vanderbilt Corporation is going to	(13)	MR. RADCLIFFE: I think that it's
.4)	have to attest that every single piece of	(14)	my recollection that you did, but I think
.5)	paper that you've produced is a business	(15)	Mr. Ruiz has his transcript.
6)	record and is admissible at trial. And if	1	BY MS. ABRAMS:
		(16)	
7)	you don't want to do that the easy way,	(17)	Q. Do you know whether these do you
8)	we'll just do it the hard way and you can	(18)	have these records in your file?
9)	bring someone here because we'll notice the	(19)	A. No, those, I do not.
0)	deposition and you can bring them out to	(20)	Q. So you can't attest to anything,
1)	California, it's up to you.	(21)	okay?
	MR. RADCLIFFE: I don't think that	(22)	A. Well, I can attest to these, these
2)		1000	
	those are my only choices and we have	(23)	are in my files.
22) 23) 24)	those are my only choices and we have designated someone to respond to your	(24)	MR. RADCLIFFE: What you need to do

	Page 301	Page 303
(1)	do is read the numbers at the bottom right-	these together. This is going to be a tall
(2)	hand comer and you can say 6 through 20 or	one, should be a tall one, if it was complete.
(3)	whatever.	(3) Q. I'll tell you what, why don't we go
(4)	A. So you want to sit here and go	off the record and take a five-minute break
(5)	through this right now?	and let you go through that whole stack, okay?
(6)	MR. RADCLIFFE: That's what she wants	(6) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record at
(7)	to do.	(7) 11:08.
(8)	BY MS. ABRAMS:	(8) (A brief recess was taken.)
(9)	Q. May I help you, please?	(9) MR. ZAPALA: Hi, this is Al Zapala,
(10)	A. This group here is from my files.	(10) I'm checking in.
(11)	Q. Let me ask the questions, okay?	(11) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the
(12)	A. Sure. You want the whole stack?	beginning of Tape Number 2. We're back on
(13)	Q. No, you keep the stack. So	(13) the record at 12:06.
(14)	document number 43, 44, 45 all up through 56,	(Whereupon, the court reporter read
(15)	these are documents that these are true and	(15) back the previous question.
(16)	correct copies of documents that you've kept	(16) BY MS. ABRAMS:
(17)	in your own personal files?	(17) Q. Back on the record, Mr. Kelse, and
(18)	A. Yes.	you have spent the last hour looking at every
(19)	Q. At the R.T. Vanderbilt Corporation?	single page of the first set of documents that
(20)	A. Yes.	(20) was produced by the R.T. Vanderbilt
(21)	Q. And these are records that you keep	(21) Corporation to determine whether each and
(22)	in the ordinary course of your business with	every page of those documents was a
(23)	the R.T. Vanderbilt Corporation?	(23) document a true and correct copy of a
(24)	A. Linked to my job, yes.	document that was kept by the R.T. Vanderbilt
(25)	Q. And these were made at or time of	(25) Corporation in the regular course of their
	Page 302	Page 304
(1)		Page 304 (1) business made at or around the time that the
(1) (2)	the date of the document, you didn't create	T
		(1) business made at or around the time that the
(2)	the date of the document, you didn't create them today or yesterday?	 business made at or around the time that the document was created. Can you tell
(2)	the date of the document, you didn't create them today or yesterday? A. No.	 business made at or around the time that the document was created. Can you tell me, sir, can you read the first number on the
(2) (3) (4)	the date of the document, you didn't create them today or yesterday? A. No. Q. So this first document for,	 business made at or around the time that the document was created. Can you tell me, sir, can you read the first number on the document there, WES —
(2) (3) (4) (5)	the date of the document, you didn't create them today or yesterday? A. No. Q. So this first document for, example, September 23rd, 1987, that's when	 business made at or around the time that the document was created. Can you tell me, sir, can you read the first number on the document there, WES A 000069.
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(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18)	the date of the document, you didn't create them today or yesterday? A. No. Q. So this first document for, example, September 23rd, 1987, that's when that was written; is that right? A. I believe so. Q. And that's true for all of these documents? These aren't things that are new, these were business records that were kept at the time they were made, correct? A. Yes. MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection. Compound, vague and ambiguous. MS. ABRAMS: Did you get the answer? THE COURT REPORTER: Yes. BY MR. ABRAMS: Q. You can keep the sales records, sir.	document was created. Can you tell me, sir, can you read the first number on the document there, WES MR. RADCLIFFE: Let me just object. MS. ABRAMS: Let me finish my equestion, please. MR. RADCLIFFE: You made a question and I'm going to make an objection to it. The first question was a long predicate, I disagree with it, incorrect statement of facts. It's compound. MS. ABRAMS: can you read the question back, please, because I wasn't finished with my question. I would appreciate it if you would let me finish the question and then you can make your
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(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20)	the date of the document, you didn't create them today or yesterday? A. No. Q. So this first document for, example, September 23rd, 1987, that's when that was written; is that right? A. I believe so. Q. And that's true for all of these documents? These aren't things that are new, these were business records that were kept at the time they were made, correct? A. Yes. MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection. Compound, vague and ambiguous. MS. ABRAMS: Did you get the answer? THE COURT REPORTER: Yes. BY MR. ABRAMS: Q. You can keep the sales records, sir. A. That's what these are. It looks like the next group of files, the next group	document was created. Can you tell me, sir, can you read the first number on the document there, WES A000069. MR. RADCLIFFE: Let me just object. MS. ABRAMS: Let me finish my question, please. MR. RADCLIFFE: You made a question and I'm going to make an objection to it. The first question was a long predicate, I disagree with it, incorrect statement of facts. It's compound. MS. ABRAMS: can you read the question back, please, because I wasn't finished with my question. I would appreciate it if you would let me finish the question and then you can make your objection. So let's get on the record that question that's pending and let me finish
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21)	the date of the document, you didn't create them today or yesterday? A. No. Q. So this first document for, example, September 23rd, 1987, that's when that was written; is that right? A. I believe so. Q. And that's true for all of these documents? These aren't things that are new, these were business records that were kept at the time they were made, correct? A. Yes. MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection. Compound, vague and ambiguous. MS. ABRAMS: Did you get the answer? THE COURT REPORTER: Yes. BY MR. ABRAMS: Q. You can keep the sales records, sir. A. That's what these are. It looks like the next group of files are part of that analytical,	document was created. Can you tell me, sir, can you read the first number on the document there, WES A000069. MR. RADCLIFFE: Let me just object. MS. ABRAMS: Let me finish my question, please. MR. RADCLIFFE: You made a question and I'm going to make an objection to it. The first question was a long predicate, I disagree with it, incorrect statement of facts. It's compound. MS. ABRAMS: can you read the question back, please, because I wasn't finished with my question. I would appreciate it if you would let me finish the question and then you can make your objection. So let's get on the record that question that's pending and let me finish the question.
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BSA	Weston v. Asb. Corp. Ltd., et al.	Depo	of J. K
	Page 305	(3)	
(1)	documents of the stack in front of you which	(1)	reco
(2)	was the first production of the R.T.	(2)	Α.
(3)	Vanderbilt Corporation of documents?	(3)	orde
(4)	A. Yes, I did.	(4)	Q.
(5)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, incorrect	(5)	the E
(6)	statement of facts. Go ahead.	(6)	A.
(7)	BY MS. ABRAMS:	(7)	Q.
(8)	Q. Did you look at every single page	(8)	page
(9)	of that stack in front of you?	(9)	. A.
(10)	A. Yes.	(10)	Q.
(11)	 Q. Can you give me the first number on 	(11)	This
(12)	the top of that stack?	(12)	Sam
(13)	A. WES 000069.	(13)	Cliffs
(14)	Q. And can you give me the last	(14)	That
(15)	number, please?	(15)	iden
(16)	A. The last number WES 001361.	(16)	A.
(17)	Q. And with the exception of several	(17)	Q.
(18)	documents we're going to talk about, is every	(18)	thou
(19)	single one of those documents in that series,	(19)	
(20)	WES 000069 through 1361 a document, a true and	(20)	
(21)	correct copy of a document kept by the R.T.	(21)	A.
(22)	Vanderbilt Corporation in the regular course	(22)	Q.
(23)	of its business and a document that was made	(23)	of th
(24)	at or around the time that it says on the	(24)	A.
(25)	document that it was created?	(25)	take
	Page 306		
(1)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, vague,	(1)	Tow

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, vague, (2) ambiguous, compound, incorrect statement of (3)facts.

BY MS. ABRAMS: (4)

- (5) Q. Do you understand the question?
- I believe so. (6)
- (7) Q. And is that correct, other than the
- exceptions which we're going to talk about --(8)
- (9) Yes, it is.
- (10)Q. -- every one of those documents is
- (11)a business record of the R.T. Vanderbilt
- (12)Corporation that you found in your files?
- (13) MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections.

BY MS. ABRAMS: (14)

- (15)Q. Can you answer the question?
- A. I recognize them all, yes. (16)
- Q. Thank you. Now, let's talk about (17)
- the exceptions that you tagged. Which (18)
- (19) documents did you tag, sir?
- (20)A. I tagged a couple of documents that
- (21) ł didn't recognize --
- (22)Q. All right.
- (23) A. -- as being in my files.
- (24)Q. Why don't you give me the first
- document that you recognize -- that you don't (25)

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- oanize?
 - Okay, and I'll try to keep these in
- ler for you.
 - I'll take those from you. What's
- Bate number on that?
- This is WES 000363.
 - And how many pages, what's the last
- ge of that document you don't recognize?
 - The last page would be WES 000372.
- Okay, can I have that. Thank you.
- s is entitled Analytical Report on Ceiling
- mples Taken From Apartment Winston Towers,
- fside Park, New Jersey; is that correct?
 - at's what this says, yes? I just want to
- ntify it for the record.
 - I didn't recognize it.
 - That's what the document is.
- ugh?
 - MR. RADCLIFFE: He doesn't have it in front of him.
- That's what it says, yes.
 - Can you read for us the first page
- hat?

(2)

(4)

(9)

(14)

(24)

- Analytic report on ceiling samples
- en from Apartment 25 through -19 of Winston

- Towers, Cliffside Park, New Jersey.
 - Q. Thank you. And what's the next
- (3) document that you don't recognize?
 - A. Actually.
- (5) Q. And strike that. Do you know where
- (6) this document came from, WES 363?
- (7) A. It came from my files, I just don't
- (8) recognize it.
 - Q. Okay. This one?
- A. This one appears to be linked to (10)
- (11)that and this is a Report of Investigation
- (12)dated 1993. Do you want the number?
- Q. Please. (13)
 - A. WES 0000643.
- (15)Q. And 644, correct? The two page are
- (16)643 and 644?
- A. Yes. (17)
- (18)Q. And other than that, these are all
- (19) business records that you kept in the regular
- course of your business as the risk manager (20)
- for the R.T. Vanderbilt Corporation, correct? (21)
- (22)A. I recognize them as being in my
- (23)files, yes.
 - Q. And then, I'm sorry, I think you
- (25) have one more tag on there?

	Page 309	Page 311
(1)	A. Yes, there was one other. This	(1) record at 12:35,
(2)	is these look like computer printouts.	(2) BY MS. ABRAMS:
(3)	Q. This is WES 000972 through 990.	(3) Q. Mr. Kelse, you've had an
(4)	These are tox line printouts –	opportunity to look at Bates stamp number 1362
(5)	A. Yes.	(5) through 1742 which appear to be records of
(6)	Q you don't recognize?	(6) International Talc; is that correct?
(7)	A. I don't.	(7) A. That's correct.
(8)	Q. Do you know where they came from?	(8) Q. And are those true and correct
(9)	A. Again, they could be in my file, I	(9) copies of records that you have kept in your
(10)	just didn't recognize them.	(10) file as a risk manager for the R.T. Vanderbilt
(11)	Q. These are reports of studies?	(11) Company?
(12)	A. Abstracts of published papers.	(12) MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, vague and
(13)	Q. Do you know whether you have the	ambiguous.
(14)	actual papers in your files for those	(14) A. I don't recognize them. Those are
(15)	abstracts?	(15) not records that I keep.
(16)	A. I would have to look through each	(16) Q. Those are not records that you can
(17)	of these. I may have some, I may not have	recognize or can authenticate for us?
(18)	others. Do you want me to do that?	(18) A. That's correct.
(19)	Q. We can maybe do that later, but you	(19) Q. Bates stamp 1743 through 1969,
(20)	don't recognize the abstracts?	these are mineralogical studies, do you
(21)	A. I don't recognize the abstracts.	(21) recognize these?
(22)	Q. And are there any other documents	(22) A. With the exception of one document,
(23)	that you cannot attest are business records of	(23) I recognize them all.
(24)	the corporation?	(24) MR. RADCLIFFE: You have two tabs in
(25)	A. No, all the rest are familiar to	(25) there.
	*** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** **	
	Page 310	Page 312
(1)	Page 310 me.	Page 312 (1) BY MS. ABRAMS:
(1)		
	me.	(1) BY MS. ABRAMS:
(2)	me. Q. Thank you, sir. Now, this next	(1) BY MS. ABRAMS: (2) Q. This is Bates 1824 and it's
(2) (3)	me.Q. Thank you, sir. Now, this nextproduction, the second production of documents	(1) BY MS. ABRAMS: (2) Q. This is Bates 1824 and it's (3) entitled Asbestos Selected Cancer, is that the
(2) (3) (4)	me. Q. Thank you, sir. Now, this next production, the second production of documents was in three sections. The first section is	(1) BY MS. ABRAMS: (2) Q. This is Bates 1824 and it's (3) entitled Asbestos Selected Cancer, is that the (4) one you don't recognize?
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(2) (3) (4) (5) (6)	me. Q. Thank you, sir. Now, this next production, the second production of documents was in three sections. The first section is WES 001362 through 1742 and these appear to be files regarding International Talc Company.	 BY MS. ABRAMS: Q. This is Bates 1824 and it's entitled Asbestos Selected Cancer, is that the one you don't recognize? A. I don't. Q. And that is 1824 through 1835. You
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7)	me. Q. Thank you, sir. Now, this next production, the second production of documents was in three sections. The first section is WES 001362 through 1742 and these appear to be files regarding International Talc Company. Can you tell me if you recognize these	 BY MS. ABRAMS: Q. This is Bates 1824 and it's entitled Asbestos Selected Cancer, is that the one you don't recognize? A. I don't. Q. And that is 1824 through 1835. You don't believe this was kept in your file, sir?
 (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) 	me. Q. Thank you, sir. Now, this next production, the second production of documents was in three sections. The first section is WES 001362 through 1742 and these appear to be files regarding International Talc Company. Can you tell me if you recognize these files? And I'll represent to you that we	(1) BY MS. ABRAMS: (2) Q. This is Bates 1824 and it's (3) entitled Asbestos Selected Cancer, is that the (4) one you don't recognize? (5) A. I don't. (6) Q. And that is 1824 through 1835. You (7) don't believe this was kept in your file, sir? (8) A. I don't recognize it. I couldn't
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(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12)	me. Q. Thank you, sir. Now, this next production, the second production of documents was in three sections. The first section is WES 001362 through 1742 and these appear to be files regarding International Talc Company. Can you tell me if you recognize these files? And I'll represent to you that we received these last Friday so they were recently produced. Did they come out of your file that you mentioned, International Talc files that you told us about?	(1) BY MS. ABRAMS: (2) Q. This is Bates 1824 and it's (3) entitled Asbestos Selected Cancer, is that the (4) one you don't recognize? (5) A. I don't. (6) Q. And that is 1824 through 1835. You (7) don't believe this was kept in your file, sir? (8) A. I don't recognize it. I couldn't (9) tell you whether it was there or not. (10) Q. Okay. And we also tagged Bates (11) 1891 through 1894 and some blank pages and (12) I'll represent to you that the next number in
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(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14)	me. Q. Thank you, sir. Now, this next production, the second production of documents was in three sections. The first section is WES 001362 through 1742 and these appear to be files regarding International Talc Company. Can you tell me if you recognize these files? And I'll represent to you that we received these last Friday so they were recently produced. Did they come out of your file that you mentioned, International Talc files that you told us about? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection to the form of the question. It's compound. Predicate	(1) BY MS. ABRAMS: (2) Q. This is Bates 1824 and it's (3) entitled Asbestos Selected Cancer, is that the (4) one you don't recognize? (5) A. I don't. (6) Q. And that is 1824 through 1835. You (7) don't believe this was kept in your file, sir? (8) A. I don't recognize it. I couldn't (9) tell you whether it was there or not. (10) Q. Okay. And we also tagged Bates (11) 1891 through 1894 and some blank pages and (12) I'll represent to you that the next number in (13) the series is 1905. So this would be the (14) documents 1891 through 1905.
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15)	me. Q. Thank you, sir. Now, this next production, the second production of documents was in three sections. The first section is WES 001362 through 1742 and these appear to be files regarding International Talc Company. Can you tell me if you recognize these files? And I'll represent to you that we received these last Friday so they were recently produced. Did they come out of your file that you mentioned, International Talc files that you told us about? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection to the form of the question. It's compound. Predicate is a statement, it's not a question. It's incorrect. A. So you want me to look through	(1) BY MS. ABRAMS: (2) Q. This is Bates 1824 and it's (3) entitled Asbestos Selected Cancer, is that the (4) one you don't recognize? (5) A. I don't. (6) Q. And that is 1824 through 1835. You (7) don't believe this was kept in your file, sir? (8) A. I don't recognize it. I couldn't (9) tell you whether it was there or not. (10) Q. Okay. And we also tagged Bates (11) 1891 through 1894 and some blank pages and (12) I'll represent to you that the next number in (13) the series is 1905. So this would be the (14) documents 1891 through 1905. (15) This is a Bureau of Mines Report of (16) Investigation in 1979 entitled Relationship of (17) Mineral Habit to Size Characteristics for
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	Page 313	Page 315
(1)	A. Right.	(1) MS. ABRAMS: And we have there's
(2)	Q. Some of the pages are blank?	(2) been an offer made by Mr. Radcliffe that he
(3)	A. Yes.	(3) will look through the workers' compensation
(4)	Q. And I ask your attorney if you	files and let us know if he'll stipulate to
(5)	would provide the complete document. You have	(5) business records by September 11th.
(6)	the complete document, correct?	(6) MR. RADCLIFFE: Correct.
(7)	MR. RADCLIFFE: It's been provided.	(7) BY MR. ABRAMS:
(8)	It's on the CD that I've given to	(8) Q. And we will consider that offer and
(9)	you.	(9) at least forego for this deposition your going
(10)	THE WITNESS: Yes.	through every single one of those files,
(11)	MS. ABRAMS: Thank you.	(11) okay?
(12)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Probably several	(12) A. Thank you.
(13)	times.	(13) MS. ABRAMS: With that, I think we'll
(14)	BY MS. ABRAMS:	(14) break for lunch.
(15)	Q. Other than that, you recognize all	(15) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record at
(16)	the documents in that series 1743 through 1969	(16) 12:40.
(17)	with the exception of the asbestos selected	(A luncheon recess was taken.)
(18)	cancer document?	(18) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're back on the
(19)	A. Ido.	(19) record at 1:51.
(20)	Q. And these are all true and correct	(20) BY MS. ABRAMS:
(21)	copies of documents that you keep in your own	(21) Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Kelse.
(22)	files as business records?	(22) A. Afternoon.
(23)	A. Yes.	(23) Q. We're back from lunch and I would
(24)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, vague and	(24) like now to move on to the exhibits that you
(25)	ambiguous.	produced at your last deposition and ask you,
	Page 314	Page 316
(1)	-	
(1)	BY MS. ABRAMS:	(1) I've brought the exhibits with me, we got them
	BY MS. ABRAMS: Q. And they were created at the time	l've brought the exhibits with me, we got them from the court reporter. I'll ask you if you
(2)	BY MS. ABRAMS: Q. And they were created at the time that the writings on the documents indicate;	(1) I've brought the exhibits with me, we got them (2) from the court reporter. I'll ask you if you (3) could just take a look at that set of
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	Page 317		Page 319
(1)	documents?	(1)	the files of the mesothelioma claims,
(2)	A. Yes.	(2)	information that I had on those, and that's
(3)	Q. Today your counsel handed me a	(3)	what was in the file.
(4)	stack of pages which I'm going to now mark for	(4)	 Q. So it's your understanding that
(5)	this record. The first document is entitled	(5)	Exhibit 9 that I'm holding right now was also
(6)	Workers Comp Mesothelioma Deaths Claimed. The	(6)	copied in the production?
(7)	second page of that document is workers'	(7)	A. Yes, it was in the file.
(8)	comp, WC Non Malignant Pulmonary daims GTC	(8)	Q. And is there a particular reason
(9)	and this is a four page document. Can you	(9)	why you also brought this with you today?
(10)	take a look at that and let me know if that's	(10)	A. Other than it's I like to try to
(11)	something that was produced in your file?	(11)	have summary papers rather than so I
(12)	A. Yes, it is and actually, the table	(12)	brought it because if we did discuss any of
(13)	you have is an extension of this.	(13)	these, that would be helpful for me to
(14)	Q. So let's add these next two pages	(14)	reference.
(15)	and mark that whole stack as an exhibit.	(15)	Q. Okay. Next is a Emanuel Rubin,
(16)	A. Right, they actually go like this.	(16)	November 6, 2006 letter to you, Mr. Kelse, and
(17)	Q. All right.	(17)	this is a four-page document which we'll mark
(18)	A. I think that's the complete	(18)	as Exhibit 10.
(19)	package.	(19)	Would you take a look at that and we can
(20)	Q. So this is going to be Exhibit 9 to	(20)	mark it in a minute. Was that also in the
(21)	the deposition and it's a seven-page document.	(21)	file that you're speaking about?
(22)	(Exhibit Number 9 was marked for identification.)	(22)	A. Yes, it was.
(23)	BY MS. ABRAMS:	(23)	Q. Okay, and is this a summary
(24)	Q. And where did you find that	(24)	strike that. Did you send certain information
(25)	document, sir, Exhibit 9 in your files?	(25)	to Dr. Rubin for his review?
		1	
	Page 318		Page 320
(1)	A. Where in the file was labeled	(1)	A. I sent him the files that we had on
{2}	A. Where in the file was labeled Compensation Claims.	(2)	A. I sent him the files that we had on the four mesothelioma workman's comp cases
(2) (3)	A. Where in the file was labeledCompensation Claims.Q. And is this the entirety of that	(2)	A. I sent him the files that we had on the four mesothelioma workman's comp cases which were the same as what was produced to
(2) (3) (4)	A. Where in the file was labeledCompensation Claims.Q. And is this the entirety of that file?	(2) (3) (4)	A. I sent him the files that we had on the four mesothelioma workman's comp cases which were the same as what was produced to you.
(2) (3) (4) (5)	 A. Where in the file was labeled Compensation Claims. Q. And is this the entirety of that file? A. No, no, it's not. 	(2) (3) (4) (5)	 A. I sent him the files that we had on the four mesothelioma workman's comp cases which were the same as what was produced to you. Q. Did you send Dr. Rubin a version of
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- A. Dr. Rubin is a pathologist who we (1)
- consulted on for advice regarding the content (2)
- (3) of the four mesothelioma claims, the files
- (4) that we sent to him.
- Q. Did you send Dr. Rubin actual (5)
- (6) pathology?
- (7) A. When it was available.
- (8) How did you get the pathology?
- (9) A. I think it was only one case where
- (10) there was actually tissue available. I don't
- (11) believe he looked at the tissue unless he
- (12)states it in his letter. There was another
- (13) pathologist who did look in one case at tissue
- (14) and Dr. Rubin reviewed her analysis.
- (15)Q. What pathologist was that?
- (16) A. I would have to look at the file.
- (17)He may have mentioned her name, she was in
- (18)London, Ontario.
- (19)Q. Perhaps you can review the record.
- (20)A. Sure. Dr. Bertha Garcia.
- (21) G-A-R-C-I-A.
- (22) Q. And do you know why Dr. Rubin
- (23)selected Dr. Garcia to review the pathology?
- (24)A. Dr. Rubin didn't select Dr. Garcia
- to review the pathology, that was done prior (25)

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- (1) to Dr. Rubin doing the report.
- (2) Q. Who selected Dr. Garcia to review
- (3) the pathology?
- (4) A. I sent that file to Dr. Morgan,
- (5) Keith Morgan, in London, Ontario Hospital and
- (6) Dr. Morgan selected that pathologist
- (7) apparently because he knew her.
- (8) Q. Who is Dr. Morgan?
- (9) He's a pulmonary specialist.
- (10)Q. What is his role? Is he a treating
- (11)doctor for any of these people?
- A. No. (12)
- (13)Q. What is his role?
- He's a physician that we knew of. (14)
- (15)He had formerly worked at NIOSH as the
- (16)director or their pulmonary division in
- (17)Morgantown, I believe.
- (18)Q. So you retained Dr. Morgan to
- review information for R.T. Vanderbilt (19)
- (20)Company?
- (21)A. To review that file, yes.
- (22)Q. That one particular file?
- (23) A. I think there were two files. I
- (24) think these were cases, were two cases in
- (25)1995. Those were the two files.

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- Q. He reviewed these cases in order to
- render an opinion for purposes of the workers
- (3) compensation cases, correct?
- (4) A. He reviewed the files to advise me
 - as to his impressions of the files as to
- (6) whether or not the cases appear to have been
- (7)properly diagnosed to begin with and any other
- (8) information he saw in the file because we
- (9) needed assistance of someone was qualified to
- (10)review those files.
- (11)Q. Did you utilize that opinion in any
- (12)way in objecting to the workers' compensation
- claim of the claimant? (13)
- (14) A. I would have to look at the dates,
- (15)but I believe the claims had already been
- (16)awarded. It was not a part of that process.
- (17)Q. So you didn't submit Dr. Morgan's
- (18) report to the compensation people?
 - A. No.

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- Q. And it wasn't part of any appeal?
- (21)No, as I recall, it wasn't.
 - Q. Did you ever use Dr. Morgan to
- (23)render opinions for purposes of disputing
- workers' compensation claims? (24)
 - A. No.

- Q. Have you reviewed the workers' (1)
- (2) compensation files that were produced to my
- (3) office prior to your testimony today?
 - A. I've seen them, yes.
- (5) If I told you that there were
- (6) reports from Dr. Morgan that were in the
- (7) workers' compensation files, you would
- assume -- your testimony is that those would (8)
- not have been submitted to the claims board, (9)
- (10)those would have been for R.T. Vanderbilt's
- (11)own in-house use?
 - A. That's my knowledge, yes.
- (13) Q. In order to -- well, strike that.
- (14) How did you get the pathology in one of these
- (15) cases in order to have someone review it?
- (16) A. Well, in the two cases in 1995, we (17)actually asked for releases for the medical
- (18) records which we obtained signed releases and
- (19) we used them for the medical records that
- (20) the -- that were pertinent to the claim.
- (21)Q. Who did you ask to release the
- (22)information?
- (23) A. I think -- well, in the files that
 - were copied, those release forms, a copy of
 - the release form is there and the release form

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- (1) is a release form to Vanderbilt.
 - Q. Who did you ask to obtain release
- information? Who released the information to
- (4) you?
- (5) A. In one case I believe it was the
- (6) individual while he was still alive and then
- (7) the other I believe it was his wife.
- (8) **Q.** What did you tell the individual
- (9) who was still alive and his wife that you
- were -- why were you seeking that information?
- (11) A. Because we wanted to know as much
 (12) about the diagnosis as possible. We felt that
- about the diagnosis as possible. We felt that
- it would be important for the company to
- (14) understand that and, even more importantly, it
- (15) would be important information to also share
- (16) with the individual to the extent that it was
- (17) any different information than he already had
- (18) so it would have been shared with him.
- (19) Q. And it's correct, is it not,
- (20) Mr. Kelse, that in each one of those cases
- (21) where you asked the claimant or his spouse to
- release information, ultimately you used that
- (23) information to dispute the worker's claim for
- (24) compensation?

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MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection,

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argumentative.

(2) BY MS. ABRAMS:

- (3) Q. That's true, isn't it?
- (4) A. Actually, it's not. I don't recall
- (5) using the information to dispute any of those
- (6) claims.
 - Q. So it's your testimony here today
- (8) that the R.T. Vanderbilt Company or its
- (9) carrier did not dispute any of the claims
- where you sought information from the
- (11) claimant's personal information and medical
- (12) information by authorization?
 - MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection,
- (14) argumentative, misstates previous
- testimony, assumes facts not in evidence,
- (16) calls for speculation.
- (17) A. The most recent case that involved
- in 2005, the insurance carrier did contest it
- (19) and it was -- eventually it was awarded
- (20) regardless, but I don't recall our using any
- (21) information we collected in respect to
- (22) contesting that claim. Most of the issue
- there was other or competing risk, other types
- (24) **of work.**

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MS. ABRAMS: Could you read the

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answer back, please?

(Whereupon, the court reporter read back

(3) the previous answer.)

(4) BY MS. ABRAMS:

Q. Well, you disputed the claim,

(6) correct?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections.

- A. For the reason that I stated.
 - Q. Did you dispute the claim, sir?
 - The carrier disputed the claim.
- Q. The carrier disputed the claim in a
- case where you asked for information from the
- (13) claimant or the spouse of the claimant and you
- (14) represented that it was because you were
- represented that it was because you were
- interested in finding out more about their
- (16) disease, correct?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection,

argumentative, misstates previous

testimony.

- A. Well, in terms of last case,
- (21) actually, that one case, the data that was
 - presented in the medical records our medical
- (23) consultants felt that it was sufficient that,
- (24) in fact, it was a confirmed mesothelioma. So
 - our own records, you know, confirmed it. We

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- didn't dispute the diagnosis.
 - Q. Move to strike as nonresponsive.
- (3) Did you dispute the claim, sir?
 - A. The carrier disputed the claim.
 - Q. And did you tell the individual who
- (6) you sought information from, the worker, or
- (7) did you tell the spouse of the worker who had
- (8) died that in giving you information that the
- (9) R.T. Vanderbilt Company or its carrier might
- ultimately dispute their workers' compensation
- (11) claim?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection.

(13) argumentative, misstates previous

testimony, assumes facts not in evidence.

BY MS. ABRAMS:

Q. Did you or did you not tell them

that?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objection.

- A. I did not tell them that.
- (20) Q. In fact, sir, wasn't that a real
- possibility, at the time that you asked for an
- (22) authorization from a worker or the spouse of a
- (23) deceased worker that you needed information in
 - their medical file that ultimately for one
 - reason or another the R.T. Vanderbilt Company

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or its carrier might actually dispute their workers' compensation claim? Wasn't that a possibility at the time?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, calls for speculation, assumes facts not in evidence argumentative.

It certainly was not our -- that was not why we asked for the information. We were essentially trying to learn as much as we could about the case.

(11)Q. Move to strike as nonresponsive. (12)Could you read the question back to the witness, please? (13)

> (Whereupon, the court reporter read back the previous question.)

> > MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections.

Well, my answer to that is it's not something that actually occurred to us. We were interested in the information. We were not thinking of it in terms of using it to dispute a compensation claim and in that case, to the best of my knowledge, it wasn't used in that way.

Q. Sir, how many workers' compensation claims have been filed against the R.T.

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- Vanderbilt Company for cancer related alleged (1) asbestos exposures? (2)
- (3) Do you have the list? A.
- (4) Q. And I'm showing you Exhibit 9.
- (5) A. Right, I think I have a copy of it
- (6) here.

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- (7) Q. Why don't you just take Exhibit 9.
- (8) A. Okay. As I've indicated here
- (9) there's -- to my knowledge there are seven.
 - Q. Seven mesothelioma claims?
- (11)A. No, no, four mesothelioma claims (12)and three claims related to lung cancer.
- (1.3)Q. Well, let's start with the four
- mesothelioma claims, sir. In each one of (14)
- (15)those claims did R.T. Vanderbilt or its
- insurance carrier for one reason or another (16)
- dispute that R.T. Vanderbilt was liable for (17)
- that claim? (18)
- (19)A. I don't know about the first
- (20)three. I do know the last one was contested
- (21) for the reason that I stated. The other
- (22) three, I would have to go back and look in the
- (23)records to see whatever the insurance
- (24) carrier's documents reflected in that regard.
 - Q. Let me ask it this way: Do you

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- (1) know of any workers' compensation claim where
- (2)it was claimed that a mesothelioma was caused
- (3) from exposure to asbestos by the R.T.
- Vanderbilt company that R.T. Vanderbilt or its (4)
 - carrier did not dispute the claim?
- A. Well, R.T. Vanderbilt is really not (6)
- (7) disputing claims, the carriers are disputing
- claims. I don't know if that is a routine (8)
- process for them or not. They are able to (9)
- gain access to every claim -- to those records (10)
- (11)to defend their circumstance. They can hire
- (12) their own independent medical review expert,
- (13) if they wish.
- (14) It is sort of running on its own track.
- (15)The carriers more or less run on their own
- (16)track. They will call us and ask for
- information, such as their employment (17)
- history, things of that nature, but very (18)
- (19) often, all of that sort of operates in a
- (20) separate sphere and you find out that a claim
- has been paid that you had no idea was even (21)
- (22) submitted.

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- (23)So you get claims runs and you'll see a
- (24) name and date and it will have a status, open,
- closed, contested and very often that's the (25)

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- only notice that the company will see.
- Q. Move to strike as nonresponsive.
- (3) Could you read the question back, please?

(Whereupon, the court read back the previous question.)

BY MS. ABRAMS:

- (7) Q. Do you know of any such claim?
 - MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections.
- (9) Well, again I'm having a hard time
- (10)answering it for a number of reasons. One is (11)there's no asbestos.
- (12) Q. If you can't answer it, just say
- (13)you can't answer it. Can you answer the
- question? Do you know of any claim where (14)
- (15)either the carrier or R.T. Vanderbilt did not
- dispute the claim when there was an allegation (16)
- of exposure to asbestos from R.T. Vanderbilt's (17)
- product for a mesothelioma? Can you answer (18)
- that question? (19)
 - MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, different question, vague, ambiguous, compound, assumes facts not in evidence.
- (23) A. I don't, other than that one case I (24) mentioned. I don't know the status of whether
 - they were contested or not. I can tell you

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	Page 333
(1)	they should have been, whether they were or
(2)	not, I would have to look at the file.
{3}	Q. And it's correct, Mr. Kelse, that
(4)	you told the carriers in every instance that
(5)	you knew of to dispute the claim because it's
(6)	R.T. Vanderbilt's position that there isn't
(7)	any asbestos in their product and it doesn't
(8)	cause mesothelioma, isn't that construct?

- A. It's more than a position, that is our understanding.
- Q. And that's your directive to the (11)(12)carrier, isn't it, sir?
- (13)A. Well, it's hard to have a disease (14)that people associate with asbestos when you (15)don't have that exposure.
- (16)Q. Move to strike as nonresponsive. (17)Could you read the question back, please?

(Whereupon, the court reporter read back the previous question.)

A. The carrier would contest a case

based on that. If you don't have -- if an allegation of asbestos exists because they're saying it's associated with exposure to your talc and you don't have asbestos in your talc,

I would expect the carrier to dispute that

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(1) claim, that association. (2)

Q. So that's correct, all of the -the carrier disputes every claim for an allegation of asbestos exposure for mesothelioma from R.T. Vanderbilt's product at the direction of R.T. Vanderbilt, isn't that right?

> MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, argumentative.

A. I don't think I said that we directed them. I think I said that they operate pretty much independently. Sometimes we don't even know whether a claim has been settled until we see it.

Q. A mesothelioma claim?

A. The last claim we were aware of, the others we heard about later.

(18)Q. If that's your testimony here that you did not hear about the mesothelioma claims until they were decided?

> MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, argumentative, misstates facts.

A. The last one no, we were very actively involved in the last one because the individual was alive, he's filed a claim. It

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(1) was an active suit. The one prior to that was (2) an individual 87-year-old gentleman who died (3)two years before we even knew there was a (4) claim. That claim was petitioned by his wife. We had no awareness of it until we saw (5)(6) it on a loss run two years later.

Q. And what did you do about that?

A. The same thing that we did with the claims in 1995, we tried to collect as much information as possible because we think it's important to know the circumstances of the case.

Q. And what did you do about the claims?

(15)A. I don't recall what we did about (16)them. I was, again, more interested in the characteristics of the case, was the diagnosis (18) correct or not correct or did you know or not (19)know, what was his work history, could this (20) have been something that may be linked to (21) other types of work, yes or no.

These were the types of questions that we would want to look at, obviously, because if you don't have answers to those questions, that's a serious medical issue and

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(1)you would hate to think that exposure to your (2) talc would produce that type of an end point (3) disease and we would be very concerned if we (4) felt that that was the case.

If the evidence pointed in that direction, that would be extremely concern -- a major concern so that's why these cases were important to us, we need to know.

Move to strike as nonresponsive. Could you read the question back, please.

(Whereupon, the court reporter read back the previous question.)

A. I don't recall doing anything about the claims.

Q. So when you found out that the comp carrier, the compensation carrier, had paid out claims for mesothelioma deaths after the fact, you didn't do anything to try to dispute the claims, object to the claims, talk to the carrier and instruct them otherwise, nothing?

> MR. RADCLIFFE: Object to the form, argumentative, compound, assumes facts not in evidence.

(24)BY MS. ABRAMS:

Q. Is that your testimony?

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correct?

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(1)	A. I do not recall doing anything in	-
(2)	terms of going back to the comp carriers and	
(3)	asking them to open cases and contest them.	
(4)	Q. Do you remember the name of the	
(5)	individual where you obtained information on	
(6)	that individual? Do you remember Mr. Evans?	
(7)	A. Yes.	
(8)	Q. Is that a claim that was filed that	
(9)	you knew about at the time and obtained	
(10)	information on that individual?	
(11)	A. No, that's not the one I was	
(12)	referring to. I don't know if we knew it at	
(13)	the time or not, I'd have to look at the file.	
(14)	Q. Did you not on September 30, 1994	
(15)	write a letter to Dr. Paleo stating that	
(16)	you've contacted Mr. Evans to receive	
(17)	permission to have access to his medical	

(17) permission to have access to his medical records and this is – I'll give you that
(19) letter to refresh your recollection.
(20) MR. RADCLIFFE: Is there a Bates stamp on that?
(21) MS. ABRAMS: There is not.
(22) A. Yes, that's correct. I copied
(24) Mr. Evans as well.

Q. And you sought that medical

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information in 1994? (1)(2) A. I did. (3) And that was prior to the time that Mr. Evans was deceased; is that correct? (4) (5) A. I believe that's correct. I think (6) that was 1995 when he died. Q. And is that a case where the R.T. (7) (8) Vanderbilt Company or its carrier disputed (9) that claim? (10)A. I believe they disputed it. I know (11)in one of the cases they had an independent (12)medical review done and they provided (13) information on the composition of the talc and (14)the general issues of the health studies and (15)so forth to that physician that the carriers (16) were using. (17) Q. So you assisted, sir, in the (18)carrier's attempt to dispute a claim by

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, argumentative.

A. I provided information I had that I thought would be pertinent to it, yes.

 \mathbf{Q}_{\star} Who is Dr. Paleo who you wrote this

Mr. Evans who died of mesothelioma; is that

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(1) letter to who is in Ogdensburg, New York? Was

(2) that his treating physician?

A. Well, I hate to speculate, but

(4) that's --

(3)

(10)

(12)

Q. Perhaps you might want to look at

(6) the letter then.

A. Well, the name, that's who we would
 have asked for medical records from would be
 someone who would have those medical records

which would have to be a treating physician.

(11) Q. And in this letter, Mr. Kelse, in

1994 you wrote to Dr. Paleo, "The company is

aware that overexposure to its talc dust,

(14) indeed, any mineral dust, can result in

(15) adverse pulmonary affects. We are therefore

(16) concerned about reports we have received about

(17) Mr. Evans' pulmonary condition, wish to be

(18) informed on this condition and to assist in

(19) any way we can. On behalf of all our talc

(20) miners and millers we feel we have a

(21) commitment to do so." Did you write that,

(22) sir, in this letter? Would you like to see

(23) it?

(24) A. It's my letter. Yes, | did write

(25) that.

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Q. And then you wrote, it is our hope to obtain a copy of Mr. Evans' medical record, along with available tissue samples for review by Brian, B-O-E-H-L-E-C-K-E, Bohlecke, M.D.,

our pulmonary medical advisor and a

pathologist familiar with histology, possibly

associated with this case. Whatever is
 learned, and it says form, but I think you

(9) meant from, this review will certainly be

shared with you, Mr. Evans or any additional

(11) parties Mr. Evans might later designate. Did

(12) you write that, sir?

(13) A. Yes, I did.

Q. And that was in September 30th,

(15) **1994, correct?**

(14)

(16)

(22)

(23)

(24)

(25)

A. If that's the date, yes.

Q. And it's correct, sir, that you

disputed Mr. Evans' claim of mesotheliomacaused by asbestos from the R.T. Vanderbilt

(20) Company? That's correct, you disputed that

(21) **claim?**

MR. RADCLIFFE:

Objection, argumentative, assumes facts not in evidence, misstates prior testimony.

A. I would have to look at the file to

	Page 341	Page 343
(1)	see what the carriers disputed, but certainly	(1) A. Correct.
(2)	Vanderbilt would always dispute an association	(2) Q. Sir, if you don't mind, could you
(3)	with asbestos because there isn't any in the	please next to 2001 could you write the
(4)	talc and obviously we would dispute that	name Rice there so we know who that is there
(5)	aspect of it.	(5) we're talking about?
(6)	Q. And you obtained this information	(6) A. (Witness writing.)
(7)	and provided it to the carrier, didn't you,	(7) Q. With respect to Mr. Evans, do you
(8)	sir, in Mr. Evans' case?	(8) know which is his claim? This letter was
(9)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, assumes	(9) written September 1994, do you know when he
(10)	facts not in evidence.	(10) died?
(11)	A. Again, I would have to look at the	(11) A. Yes.
(12)	file. I know I did that. I'm not sure	(12) Q. And when was that?
(13)	whether it was in Mr. Evans' case or one other	(13) A. 1995.
(14)	or it may have been in all of them. I just	(14) Q. And could you please write Evans
(15)	have to look. I would want to do that. I	down there so we know who we're talking about
(16)	would want to be sure that everyone involved	there. Do you know the identity of the other
(17)	in the case would have all the information.	people that are listed on that page?
(18)	MS. ABRAMS: Let's mark that as	(18) A. I do.
(19)	Exhibit 11, please.	(19) Q. Who are they, sir?
(20)	(Exhibit Number 11 was marked for	(20) A. 1995, the first one, that's Larry
(21)	identification.)	(21) Malbeuf.
(22)	BY MS. ABRAMS:	(22) Q. Could you write Malbeuf down there,
(23)	Q. Are you familiar with the case of	(23) please?
(24)	Robert Rice, sir?	(24) A. I have to remember. How that was
(25)	A. Yes.	(25) spelled, B-E
	Page 342	Page 344
(1)	Q. Did you seek information from	(1) Q. M-E-L-B-U-E-F, if I'm not
(2)	Mr. Rice's treating physicians in August of	mistaken. And how about the other claim, who
(3)	2005?	(3) is that?
(4)	A. If you have correspondence to that	(4) A. 2005 who is the only one left, I
(5)	effect, then I would have to say yes.	(5) think this one I would remember. Can I look
(6)	 Q. Do you recall anything about 	(6) at the file real quick?
(7)	seeking information regarding Mr. Rice's	MR. RADCLIFFE: Is it Mr. LaBow?
(8)	medical history at the time that you learned	(8) THE WITNESS: Yes.
(9)	of his death?	(9) BY MS. ABRAMS:
(10)	A. Yes.	(10) Q. That's Mr. LaBow?
(11)	Q. And are you aware that he died of	(11) A. Right.
(12)	mesothelioma?	(12) Q. That was 2005?
(13)	A. That's what I believe the death	(13) A. Right.
(14)	certificate said.	(14) Q. In fact, in Mr. LaBow's case didn't
(15)	Q. Is he one of the claims that you've	you review the information from the carrier
(16)	directed us to in the Exhibit 9, first page?	regarding Mr. LaBow? Do you recall that?
(17)	A. He is.	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection,
(18)	Q. Do you know which is his claim? Is	argumentative, assumes facts not in
(19)	this the 2005 claim of the 74-year-old?	(19) evidence.
(20)	A. No, it would be the I believe	(20) A. I did see documents from the
(21)	he died	(21) carrier, sure.
(22)	Q. I'm sorry, 2001.	(22) Q. And the carrier or R.T. Vanderbilt
(23)	A. That would be his.	or both obtained the assistance of
		;
(24)	Q. I apologize. So that would be the	(24) Dr. Boehlecke to review that case; is that
(24)		;

(23)

(24)

(25)

that right?

Q. So he looks at company annual or

bi-annual medical surveillance information; is

BSA	vveston v. Asb. Corp. Ltd., et a	i. Depo	of J. Keise, vol. 11 8/26/09
	Page 345		Page 347
(1)	A. Yes.	(1)	A. The pulmonary aspect of that, yes.
(2)	Q. Do you retain Dr. Boehlecke to	(2)	Q. How often is that data collected?
(3)	review that case?	(3)	A. Every two years.
(4)	A. Yes, he's our pulmonary consultant.	(4)	Q. Every two years, what other
(5)	Q. He's not the carrier's consultant,	(5)	physicians do you consult with to interpret
(6)	he's the R.T. Vanderbilt consultant, correct?	(6)	that data for you, other than Dr. Boehlecke?
(7)	A. Correct.	(7)	A. The way the surveillance program is
(8)	Q. And, in fact, has Dr. Boehlecke	(8)	set up, each employee has a chest x-ray and
(9)	reviewed every single one of these claims on	(9)	which is read very shortly after it's taken by
(10)	this list, to your knowledge?	(10)	the hospital radiologist and that's done
(11)	A. He's aware of them. I don't know	(11)	during a clinical. If there are issues then
(12)	that I would say reviewed them. He's a	(12)	you need to immediately act on those.
(13)	pulmonary consultant and I was working with	(13)	And then at some point subsequent to that,
(14)	Dr. Baylik to try to to work with a	(14)	it could be several weeks, it could be a month
(15)	pathologist that would be would be familiar,	(15)	or so, Dr. Baylik will also look at the chest
(16)	more familiar with mesothelioma than he might	(16)	x-rays independently and that's with some of
(17)	be.	(17)	the chest x-rays. There's also pulmonary
(18)	MS. ABRAMS: I'm sorry. Could you	(18)	function tests that we take every two years
(19)	read the answer back, please?	(19)	and those are interpreted by the pulmonary
(20)	(Whereupon, the court reporter read	(20)	function technician and Dr. Baylik will look
(21)	back the previous answer.)	(21)	at those when he also looks at the chest
(22)	BY MS. ABRAMS:	(22)	x-rays. And that's how that works.
(23)	Q. So it's your testimony that	(23)	Q. Where does R.T. Vanderbilt
(24)	Dr. Boehlecke is not that familiar with	(24)	Corporation have its employees go to have
(25)	mesothelioma?	(25)	their medical screenings done?
	Page 346		Page 348
(1)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection,	(1)	A. It's been done, there's a hospital
(2)	argumentative. Assumes facts not in	(2)	in Gouverneur, New York, E.J. Noble
(3)	evidence.	(3)	Hospital, I think that's the name of the
(4)	A. I don't know how familiar he is or	(4)	hospital.
(5)	he's obviously more familiar with it than I	(5)	Q. And is that the hospital that R.T.
(6)	am, but you'd have to talk to him to know how	(6)	Vanderbilt Corporation has used for its
(7)	familiar.	(7)	medical screenings since at least the time you
(8)	Q. Well, do you consult with strike	(8)	got there?
(9)	that. Do you consult with Dr. Boehlecke for	(9)	A. For its x-rays, pulmonary
(10)	other reasons, other than in mesothelioma	(10)	function, hearing tests, yes.
(11)	cases?	(11)	Q. Do you know how long R.T.
(12)	A. Yes.	(12)	Vanderbilt has been using the Noble hospital?
(13)	Q. What types of cases do you believe	(13)	A. I don't know the exact date that
(14)	that you consult with him on?	(14)	they started. They were using E.J. Noble
(15)	A. Well, we consult with him because	(15)	Hospital for those types of tests prior to my
(16)	he's our pulmonary consultant that we have	(16)	arrival, but exactly when they started, I'm
(17)	used since 1985 or 1984 to review our	(17)	not sure.
(18)	pulmonary surveillance data from the plants.	(18)	Q. Do you know how much share of stock
(19)	It's not a case issue, it's more the status of	(19)	that the R.T. Vanderbilt Corporation currently
(20)	the pulmonary condition of our talc workers	(20)	owns in E.J. Noble Hospital?
(21)	that he has reviewed every two years since	(21)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection,
(22)	1985.	(22)	argumentative, assumes facts not in
	0 0 1 1 1 1	1	t at a constant

(23)

(24)

(25)

	Page 349	Page 351
(1)	until I finish my objection before you	(1) I don't believe it's in your record. it's
(2)	talk.	not a Bates stamped document. It may be in
(3)	THE WITNESS: I'm sorry.	the records, but I don't have it as a Bates
(4)	BY MS. ABRAMS:	stamped document so I'm kind of at a loss
(5)	Q. Go ahead and answer the question.	of how to say it's yours when you didn't
(6)	A. I have no idea.	(6) Bates stamp it if you gave it to me, but it
(7)	Q. You're not aware that they own any	(7) did not come with you today, Mr. Kelse? I
(8)	stock in the hospital?	(8) had it in my own files and it's not one of
(9)	A. I'm not.	(9) the two files or the workers' compensation
(10)	Q. Do you know are you aware that	claims that were produced in the last two
(11)	the International Talc company owned a hundred	(11) productions. Whether it exists on the
(12)	percent of the stock of the E.J. Noble	three disks that you gave me that we have
(13)	Hospital at one point in time?	not been given hard copies of, I have no
(14)	A. No.	idea. You can search it. It's a September
(15)	Q. Do you know whether the R.T.	(15) 30th, 1994 letter.
(16)	Vanderbilt Company, when it acquired	(16) MR. RADCLIFFE: For which plant?
(17)	International Talc, whether it acquired any	MS. ABRAMS: Here, you can keep your
(18)	ownership in the E.J. Noble Hospital?	(18) hands on it for a few minutes so that you
(19)	A. I have no idea.	(19) can find it.
(20)	Q. Do you know any of the people who	(20) BY MS. ABRAMS:
(21)	are members of board of the E.J. Noble	(21) Q. Now, let's go back on the record and
(22)	Hospital?	just ask you while we're talking about workers'
(23)	A. I think Dana Putman, the current	(23) compensation claims is it your testimony,
(24)	plant manager, is a member of that board.	sir, that Mr. Malbeuf, Mr. Evans, Mr. Rice and
(25)	Q. Anyone else that you know of?	(25) Mr. LaBow are the only mesothelioma cases that
	Done 250	Dog 252
(1)	Page 350 A That's the only one that I know	Page 352
(1)	A. That's the only one that I know.	you know of that came out of the R.T.
(2)	A. That's the only one that I know.Q. Do you know prior to Mr. Putman's	you know of that came out of the R.T. Vanderbilt mines or concerns in Upstate New
(2)	A. That's the only one that I know.Q. Do you know prior to Mr. Putman's joining the board of the E.J. Noble Hospital	 you know of that came out of the R.T. Vanderbilt mines or concerns in Upstate New York?
(2)	 A. That's the only one that I know. Q. Do you know prior to Mr. Putman's joining the board of the E.J. Noble Hospital any other R.T. Vanderbilt employees that were 	you know of that came out of the R.T. Vanderbilt mines or concerns in Upstate New York? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection to the
(2) (3) (4) (5)	A. That's the only one that I know. Q. Do you know prior to Mr. Putman's joining the board of the E.J. Noble Hospital any other R.T. Vanderbilt employees that were members of the board of the E.J. Noble	you know of that came out of the R.T. Vanderbilt mines or concerns in Upstate New York? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection to the form, vague, argumentative.
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(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8)	 A. That's the only one that I know. Q. Do you know prior to Mr. Putman's joining the board of the E.J. Noble Hospital any other R.T. Vanderbilt employees that were members of the board of the E.J. Noble Hospital? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and answered. 	you know of that came out of the R.T. Vanderbilt mines or concerns in Upstate New York? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection to the form, vague, argumentative. A. They're the only workman's comp cases that I'm aware of. Q. Are you aware of other people who
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(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9)	 A. That's the only one that I know. Q. Do you know prior to Mr. Putman's joining the board of the E.J. Noble Hospital any other R.T. Vanderbilt employees that were members of the board of the E.J. Noble Hospital? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and answered. A. I'm not aware of any others. Q. Are you aware that Mr. Erdman 	you know of that came out of the R.T. Vanderbilt mines or concerns in Upstate New York? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection to the form, vague, argumentative. A. They're the only workman's comp cases that I'm aware of. Q. Are you aware of other people who have died from mesothelioma that had prior
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(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11)	 A. That's the only one that I know. Q. Do you know prior to Mr. Putman's joining the board of the E.J. Noble Hospital any other R.T. Vanderbilt employees that were members of the board of the E.J. Noble Hospital? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and answered. A. I'm not aware of any others. Q. Are you aware that Mr. Erdman served on the board of E.J. Noble Hospital? 	you know of that came out of the R.T. Vanderbilt mines or concerns in Upstate New York? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection to the form, vague, argumentative. A. They're the only workman's comp cases that I'm aware of. Q. Are you aware of other people who have died from mesothelioma that had prior occupational employment at R.T. Vanderbilt or International Talc?
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12)	 A. That's the only one that I know. Q. Do you know prior to Mr. Putman's joining the board of the E.J. Noble Hospital any other R.T. Vanderbilt employees that were members of the board of the E.J. Noble Hospital? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and answered. A. I'm not aware of any others. Q. Are you aware that Mr. Erdman served on the board of E.J. Noble Hospital? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and 	you know of that came out of the R.T. Vanderbilt mines or concerns in Upstate New York? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection to the form, vague, argumentative. A. They're the only workman's comp cases that I'm aware of. Q. Are you aware of other people who have died from mesothelioma that had prior occupational employment at R.T. Vanderbilt or International Talc? A. Yes.
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(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15)	 A. That's the only one that I know. Q. Do you know prior to Mr. Putman's joining the board of the E.J. Noble Hospital any other R.T. Vanderbilt employees that were members of the board of the E.J. Noble Hospital? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and answered. A. I'm not aware of any others. Q. Are you aware that Mr. Erdman served on the board of E.J. Noble Hospital? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and answered. A. No, not one way or the other. MS. ABRAMS: I just want to state for 	you know of that came out of the R.T. Vanderbilt mines or concerns in Upstate New York? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection to the form, vague, argumentative. A. They're the only workman's comp cases that I'm aware of. Q. Are you aware of other people who have died from mesothelioma that had prior occupational employment at R.T. Vanderbilt or International Talc? A. Yes. A. Yes. A. They were recorded as you would expect they would be in the mortality studies
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16)	 A. That's the only one that I know. Q. Do you know prior to Mr. Putman's joining the board of the E.J. Noble Hospital any other R.T. Vanderbilt employees that were members of the board of the E.J. Noble Hospital? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and answered. A. I'm not aware of any others. Q. Are you aware that Mr. Erdman served on the board of E.J. Noble Hospital? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and answered. A. No, not one way or the other. MS. ABRAMS: I just want to state for the record that because we're marking 	you know of that came out of the R.T. Vanderbilt mines or concerns in Upstate New York? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection to the form, vague, argumentative. A. They're the only workman's comp cases that I'm aware of. Q. Are you aware of other people who have died from mesothelioma that had prior occupational employment at R.T. Vanderbilt or International Talc? A. Yes. A. Yes. A. They were recorded as you would expect they would be in the mortality studies that were done of Upstate New York Talc
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17)	 A. That's the only one that I know. Q. Do you know prior to Mr. Putman's joining the board of the E.J. Noble Hospital any other R.T. Vanderbilt employees that were members of the board of the E.J. Noble Hospital? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and answered. A. I'm not aware of any others. Q. Are you aware that Mr. Erdman served on the board of E.J. Noble Hospital? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and answered. A. No, not one way or the other. MS. ABRAMS: I just want to state for the record that because we're marking exhibits that Mr. Kelse brought, I want to 	you know of that came out of the R.T. Vanderbilt mines or concerns in Upstate New York? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection to the form, vague, argumentative. A. They're the only workman's comp cases that I'm aware of. Q. Are you aware of other people who have died from mesothelioma that had prior occupational employment at R.T. Vanderbilt or International Talc? A. Yes. A. Yes. A. They were recorded as you would expect they would be in the mortality studies that were done of Upstate New York Talc workers, the most recent being the Honda
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18)	 A. That's the only one that I know. Q. Do you know prior to Mr. Putman's joining the board of the E.J. Noble Hospital any other R.T. Vanderbilt employees that were members of the board of the E.J. Noble Hospital? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and answered. A. I'm not aware of any others. Q. Are you aware that Mr. Erdman served on the board of E.J. Noble Hospital? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and answered. A. No, not one way or the other. MS. ABRAMS: I just want to state for the record that because we're marking exhibits that Mr. Kelse brought, I want to just be clear that Exhibit 11 is not an 	you know of that came out of the R.T. Vanderbilt mines or concerns in Upstate New York? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection to the form, vague, argumentative. A. They're the only workman's comp cases that I'm aware of. Q. Are you aware of other people who have died from mesothelioma that had prior occupational employment at R.T. Vanderbilt or International Talc? A. Yes. A. They were recorded as you would expect they would be in the mortality studies that were done of Upstate New York Talc workers, the most recent being the Honda paper. So up until 1990 which was the vital
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(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21)	 A. That's the only one that I know. Q. Do you know prior to Mr. Putman's joining the board of the E.J. Noble Hospital any other R.T. Vanderbilt employees that were members of the board of the E.J. Noble Hospital? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and answered. A. I'm not aware of any others. Q. Are you aware that Mr. Erdman served on the board of E.J. Noble Hospital? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and answered. A. No, not one way or the other. MS. ABRAMS: I just want to state for the record that because we're marking exhibits that Mr. Kelse brought, I want to just be clear that Exhibit 11 is not an exhibit that Mr. Kelse brought, it's something that I have added to the record. MR. RADCLIFFE: I'm not sure I agree with that. Are you making the affirmative statement that that document is not in the 	you know of that came out of the R.T. Vanderbilt mines or concerns in Upstate New York? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection to the form, vague, argumentative. A. They're the only workman's comp cases that I'm aware of. Q. Are you aware of other people who have died from mesothelioma that had prior occupational employment at R.T. Vanderbilt or International Talc? A. Yes. A. They were recorded as you would expect they would be in the mortality studies that were done of Upstate New York Talc workers, the most recent being the Honda paper. So up until 1990 which was the vital status cutoff for that study, there were two mesothelioma cases recorded in that study. Q. And what were their names? A. I don't I don't know. Q. Do you have the death certificates
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21) (22)	 A. That's the only one that I know. Q. Do you know prior to Mr. Putman's joining the board of the E.J. Noble Hospital any other R.T. Vanderbilt employees that were members of the board of the E.J. Noble Hospital? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and answered. A. I'm not aware of any others. Q. Are you aware that Mr. Erdman served on the board of E.J. Noble Hospital? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and answered. A. No, not one way or the other. MS. ABRAMS: I just want to state for the record that because we're marking exhibits that Mr. Kelse brought, I want to just be clear that Exhibit 11 is not an exhibit that Mr. Kelse brought, it's something that I have added to the record. MR. RADCLIFFE: I'm not sure I agree with that. Are you making the affirmative 	you know of that came out of the R.T. Vanderbilt mines or concerns in Upstate New York? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection to the form, vague, argumentative. A. They're the only workman's comp cases that I'm aware of. Q. Are you aware of other people who have died from mesothelioma that had prior occupational employment at R.T. Vanderbilt or International Talc? A. Yes. A. They were recorded as you would expect they would be in the mortality studies that were done of Upstate New York Talc workers, the most recent being the Honda paper. So up until 1990 which was the vital status cutoff for that study, there were two mesothelioma cases recorded in that study. Q. And what were their names? A. I don't I don't know.

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- (1)copied the -- what base data we had from that (2)
 - study, but I don't know whether those were
- (3) there or not.
- (4) Q. Did you — and you provided that
- (5) data to us recently, in the production you
- (6) gave us, the data from the Honda study?
- (7) A. What I had, yes
- (8) Q. So any information you have about
- (9) those mesotheliomas we would now have in our
- possession, so far as you know. (10)
- (11) A. As far as I know.
- (12) So in addition to the four
- (13)mesotheliomas, Mr. Evans, Mr. LaBow, Mr. Rice,
- (14) and Mr. Malbeuf, you're aware of two
- (15)additional cases prior to 1990, correct?
- (16)A. That's correct.
- (17)Q. What about cases after 1990, are
- (18) you aware of any of those?
- (19) A. There was one that we were
- (20)presented with during a case in New Jersey and
- (21)that was a couple of years ago that we had had
- (22) no record of.
- (23) Q. There was a case in New Jersey of a
- (24)New York State Talc worker that you had no
- (25)record of, what case was that?

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- A. The legal case? (1)
- (2) Q. I'm sorry?
- A. That was the Hersh case. (3)
- (4)Q. So Mr. Hersh died of mesothelioma?
 - MR. RADCLIFFE: Object, vague and
- ambiguous. I think you're not talking (6)
- (7) about the same case or --
- (8) BY MS. ABRAMS:
- (9) Q. Are we talking about the Hersh case
- (10) right now?

(5)

- (11) A. I mentioned it because during that
- (12)case, we were presented with a death
- (13)certificate from a talc worker.
- (14)Q. I'm sorry, so in the course of the
- (15)Hersh case in New Jersey you learned of a talc
- (16) worker's death from mesothelioma in Upstate
- New York that you didn't know about before? (17)
- (18)A. That's correct.
- (19)Q. Do you remember that person's name?
- (20)A. I don't have it.
- Q. Do you remember the date of his (21)
- (22)death?
- (23)A. I believe it was 1994.
- Q. Was that Mr. Bickford? (24)
- (25)A. I believe that's correct, yes.

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- Q. And where did Mr. Bickford work, (1)
 - was that for Gouverneur Talc, if you recall?
- (3) He did, yes.
 - Q. Are you aware of any other
- (5) mesothelioma deaths where there's an
- (6) allegation that someone worked at either
- Gouverneur Talc or International Talc owned (7)
- (8) mining facilities?
 - A. Allegation or fact?
 - Q. Either one. What do you know of
- (11) that may lead you to believe that someone may
- have worked at one of the Gouverneur Talc (12)
- facilities or the International Talc who is (13)
- (14) now alleging they have mesothelioma?
 - I would have to say none.
- (16) Q. So there's no other cases that
 - vou're aware of?
- (18) A. From Gouverneur Talc, no.
 - Q. Or International Talc or any
- International Talc held facilities, are you (20)
- (21)aware of any mesotheliomas?
 - A. I'm not aware of any from --
- (23) specifically from International Talc, no.
 - Q. Do you know of a Mr. Donald Lozo?
- A. No. (25)

- You've never heard of Mr. Lozo? (1) Q.
 - A.
- And you never heard that he died of (3)
- (4) mesothelioma in August of 2005?
 - A. No.
- Do you know where the Carbola talc (6) Q.
- (7) mine is?
- (8) A.
- Do you know that that's a -- that (9)
 - was an International Talc owned mine?
- (11)
- And are you aware that that (12)
- potentially is the same as Mine 3? (13)
 - MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection to form,
 - argumentative, assumes facts not in
- evidence. (16)
 - No. A.
- (18)Q. And you've never heard of Mr. Lozo?
- (19)A. No, I've not.
 - Q. And you've not heard that
- Mr. Lozo's sister also died of mesothelioma? (21)
 - A. No.
- And his mother died of (23)
- mesothelioma? (24)
- (25)A. No.

	Page 357		Page 359
(1)	Q. You never heard that. Have you	(1)	Mr. Gale's father also died from lung related
(2)	are you aware of any spouses or family members	(2)	injury from working with the Gouverneur Talc
(3)	of workers at International Talc or Gouverneur	(3)	Company?
(4)	Talc that died of mesothelioma that may not	(4)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, assumes
(5)	have filed workers' compensation claims?	(5)	facts not in evidence.
(6)	A. No, I'm not aware of any.	(6)	A. No.
(7)	Q. Are you aware of a worker who died	(7)	Q. How about Lynn Charter, do you know
(8)	of mesothelioma strike that. Are you aware	(8)	that name?
(9)	of a worker who died of a quote, unquote	(9)	A. No, that's not familiar to me.
(10)	pleural tumor in May of 2001 who filed a	(10)	Q. So in terms of your analysis that
(11)	workers' compensation claim against the R.T.	(11)	the R.T. Vanderbilt talc in Upstate New York
(12)	Vanderbilt Company?	(12)	does not cause mesothelioma, you have taken
(13)	A. I would need a little more	(13)	into account four workers' comp claims filed
(14)	information. I would need a name and so	(14)	against R.T. Vanderbilt, correct?
(15)	forth.	(15)	MR. RADCLIFFE:
(16)	Q. I would love to give you a name,	(16)	Objection, argumentative, assumes facts not
(17)	but I don't have one to give you because I	(17)	in evidence, misstates prior testimony.
(18)	have a redacted document. Did you ever hear	(18)	A. They exist.
(19)	of anyone in 2001 dying of a pleural tumor?	(19)	Q. And two comp claims strike
(20)	We know from the Honda study, for example,	(20)	that. And two mesotheliomas that were part of
(21)	that someone died of a pleural tumor before	(21)	the Honda study, so for a total of six
(22)	1990, correct?	(22)	mesotheliomas, it's your testimony that based
(23)	A. I would have to look if that's what	(23)	on that understanding you do not have any
(24)	it says.	(24)	doubt in your mind that the material that came
(25)	Q. And then, but you have not counted	(25)	out of the ground from International Talc or
	Dogo 250	. 	Pegg 260
(2)	Page 358		Page 360
(1)	in your list anyone who died of a pleural	(1)	R.T. Vanderbilt Talc mines, you have no doubt
(2)	tumor in 2001 as a mesothelioma, correct?	(2)	that that does not cause mesothelioma; is that
(3)	A. I don't think pleural tumor	(3)	correct?
(4)	necessarily means mesothelioma. I mean,	(4)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objection.
(5)	you'd have to ask a medical expert, but that's	(5)	A. That's correct. I believe that's
(6)	my understanding.	(6)	correct.
(7)	Q. And this was a pleural tumor	(7)	Q. And that would include Mine No. 3,
(8)	secondary to talcum exposure on the death	(8)	correct?
(9)	certificate, just for the record.	(9)	A. I have no evidence of anything from
(10)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Object, move to	(10)	Mine No. 3.
(11)	strike. BY MS. ABRAMS:	(11)	Q. Well, we know it contained
(12)		(12)	asbestiform talc, but it's your testimony here
(13)	Q. Mr. Kelse, have you ever heard the name Brent Gale?	(13)	today that any mesothelioma that came from
(14)		(14)	exposure to asbestiform talc from the
(15)	A. I have heard the name, but it's a	(15)	International Talc mines would not be caused
(16)	name I've heard. I can't you'll have to	(16)	by that exposure, correct?
(17)	help me.	(17)	A. All the data that I have that speak
(18)	Q. Is Brent Gale someone who died of	(18)	to talc fibers, some of which is asbestiform
(19)	mesothelioma in 2007?	(19)	would say it doesn't.
(20)	A. Not that I'm aware of.	(20)	Q. So that's a correct statement then,
(21)	Q. You're not aware of Mr. Gale's	(21)	correct?
(22)	workers' compensation case?	(22)	A. That would be, yes.
(23)	A. I don't recall any other workman's	(23)	Q. And even if 20 mesotheliomas were
(24)	compensation case that involved mesothelioma.	(24)	reported out of the Gouverneur Talc and
(25)	Q. And you're not aware that	(25)	International Talc mines, that would still be
Dogo 2	857 to Page 360		

(22)

(23)

(24)

(25)

So that's one of the reasons why we ask

for tissue samples and additional information

so that we could confirm whether these were

properly diagnosed in the first place. That's

	Page 361		Page 363
(1)	your determination, correct?	(1) n	ot unreasonable to do because very often
(2)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections.	i	here has been, especially in the past that's
(3)	A. It would depend on the	ĺ	een a problem. So you need to cross that off
(4)	characteristics of each case. If they were		irst.
(5)	reasonably linked, if there was a question	1	The second thing you have to obviously
(6)	about the link, if it was a reasonable	i	ook to see is whether or not the person
(7)	association, I would be very concerned about	į.	ctually had exposure to your material. In
(8)	it.	i	Il these cases since they worked for the talc
(9)	Q. Mr. Kelse, has there ever been a	1	company, that would have been met, they did
(10)	case that you've seen where you believe that	i	nave that exposure.
(11)	there was a reasonable interpretation that any	!	The third thing that you would need to
(12)	fiber that came from either an International	1	
(13)	Talc mine or an R.T. Vanderbilt Gouverneur		ook for is the latency, is the latency
			consistent with what you would expect for a
(14)	Talc mine caused or contributed to that mesothelioma?	!	ausal association from the time of exposure the time of manifestation of the disease.
(15)		1	
(16)	A. Not based on the health studies	1	An example of that would be mesothelioma
(17)	that I'm familiar with.	i	ase that was first actually reported by NIOSH
(18)	Q. That's not what I asked you, sir.	1	who discounted that mesothelioma case as being
(19)	Could you read the question back?	4	ausally linked to the talc exposure because
(20)	(Whereupon, the court reporter read	- 1	atency was too short. So while you would
(21)	back the previous question.)	1	ount that as one, researchers did not, for
(22)	A. I think the answer that I said was)	hat reason.
(23)	no.	1	And fourth, very importantly, you would
(24)	Q. And if you saw 20 more		have to also look at the person's entire work
(25)	mesotheliomas coming out of the mines, your	(25) h	sistory, all of his exposures, and if other
	Page 362		Page 364
(1)	answer wouldn't change, would it?	(1) V	vork sites, other exposures did for certain or
(2)	A. It would depend on the		ikely included exposure to asbestos, that
(3)	characteristics of each case. If the	2	vould be very important to understand because
(4)	characteristics of case were such that it was	i	he talc has been tested against asbestos and
(5)	reasonably linked to that exposure I would be		t doesn't act in the same way on pleural
(6)	very concerned. I've not seen that.	1	issue. And it's not present in the product
(7)	Q. And what, in your mind, would	4	n the first place. So those are the
(8)	reasonably link an exposure to a mine worker	1	considerations that you would make.
(9)	who mined for a period of time and then got	1	Q. Well, if it's not present in the
(10)	mesothelioma, what would you need to see?	1	product then what difference does it makes if
(11)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, calls for		here are 30 40 mesotheliomas coming out of
(12)	speculation, argumentative.	į	he mine?
(13)	A. Well, there are basically four	(13)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection,
(14)		(14)	argumentative, assumes facts not in
	things. Number one, you'd have to feel very reasonably secure that the diagnosis was	(14)	evidence, calls for speculation.
(15)	•		•
(16)	correct in the first place, particularly		BY MS. ABRAMS:
(17)	diagnoses that are more than 10 or 15 years	(17)	Q. Does it make any difference?
(18)	old. There are papers written on the	(18)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections.
(19)	reliability of that diagnosis have become much	(19)	A. It doesn't whatever a disease
(20)	better in more recent years, my understanding,		end point is, you want to make you want to
(21)	but that's number one.	(21) d	lo a causal association to figure out what it

(22)

(23)

(24)

(25)

is that produced that disease end point,

difficult to tease out, but there are certain

be combinations of things. It's very

sometimes it's not one thing, sometimes it may

	Page 365	Page 367	
(1)	basic principles that researchers follow to	(1) numbers go up, it's more and more likely that	
(2)	try to determine whether an end point disease	(2) there's causal association.	
(3)	is reasonably associated with an exposure or	(3) But what we're talking about here, you	
(4)	not.	(4) know, you look at these individual cases and	
(5)	When I look at those general principles	not one of them meet all four of those	
(6)	and rules and compare them against the	(6) criteria that I mentioned to you. And even	
(7)	experience that we have here, I feel that	(7) though you may say it's unresponsive, exposure	
(8)	those mesotheliomas don't meet those four	(8) to that dust has been tested for just that	
(9)	criteria that I described to you. Several of	(9) type of potential and it doesn't act that	
(10)	the cases we felt were probably not diagnosed	(10) so the biologic plausibility isn't there and	
(11)	correctly, people could argue that, but the	(11) it doesn't contain asbestos.	
(12)	evidence that we have would suggest to us that	(12) So when you've got those things, if you	
(13)	it wasn't.	(13) had asbestos in a material and people were	
(14)	In almost every of the four comp claims	(14) exposed to it for sure, you had an appropriate	
(15)	there were also competing risks where it was	(15) latency, you had a mesothelioma that was	
(16)	either likely or known that an individual	reasonably confirmed to exist, if you had all	
(17)	actually did have asbestos exposure. And then	that going for you, you could then say that	
(18)	that type of biologic end point is totally	mesothelioma was in all likelihood caused by	
(19)	inconsistent with all of the research that's	(19) that exposure. Not in one case can you say	
(20)	been done on the talc, the animal studies, the	(20) that about this talc.	
(21)	cell study, even the lung cancers epi studies	(21) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Zero minutes left.	
(22)	is inconsistent with it.	(22) MS. ABRAMS: I guess it's time to	
(23)	Q. I move to strike as nonresponsive.	(23) change the tape.	
(24)	Could you read the question back, please?	(24) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the	
(25)	(Whereupon, the court reporter read	(25) record, 2:58.	
	Page 366	Page 368	
(1)	Page 366 back the previous question.)	Page 368 (A brief recess was taken.)	
(1) (2)	<u> </u>	-	
	back the previous question.)	(A brief recess was taken.)	
(2)	back the previous question.) MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections.	(A brief recess was taken.) (THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the	
(2)	back the previous question.) MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections. A. Well, you're drawing there's a	(A brief recess was taken.) (B THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the beginning of Tape Number three. We're back	
(2)	back the previous question.) MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections. A. Well, you're drawing there's a difference between numbers and causal	(A brief recess was taken.) (B THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the beginning of Tape Number three. We're back on at 3:03.	
(2) (3) (4)	back the previous question.) MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections. A. Well, you're drawing there's a difference between numbers and causal association and I don't know how to have this	(A brief recess was taken.) (B) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the beginning of Tape Number three. We're back on at 3:03. (C) MS. ABRAMS: Move to strike as	
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{1}	understanding is that you need a 15-year	(1)	exposure to brake dust is an asbestos
(2)	latency, is that your idea of a latency for	(2)	exposure, is that what you're stating here
(3)	mesothelioma?	(3)	today?
(4)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, beyond the	(4)	A. It could be.
(5)	scope.	(5)	Q. Well, do you know one way or the
	A. I don't believe that's what I	1	other?
(6)		(6)	
(7)	said. I think I said that that case in the	(7)	A. No.
(8)	NIOSH study reported a 15-year latency which	- (8)	Q. And so you've written that down
. (9)	they felt was inadequate. It was too short.	(9)	here, but you don't really know that that's a
(10)	Q. Did that worker have prior exposure	(10)	possible exposure, correct?
(11)	at New York State Talc mines that were not	(11)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, calls for
(12)	Gouverneur talc mines?	(12)	speculation.
(13)	A. I don't recall.	(13)	A. I know it's possible.
(14)	Q. You don't recall?	(14)	Q. Have you talked to any experts
(15)	A. No.	(15)	about whether exposure to brake dust is an
(16)	Q. Did Vanderbilt supply the	(16)	exposure to asbestos?
(17)	employment information and years of employment	(17)	A. I've read some articles and I know
(18)	to NIOSH for their study?	(18)	there's some controversy about it.
(19)	A. They would have, yes.	(19)	Q. And whose articles have you read
(20)	Q. And they supplied only the years of	(20)	about that?
(21)	employment for Gouverneur Talc, is that right?	(21)	A. I don't know the - I'm not someone
(22)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection,	(22)	who memorizes every author's name and title,
(23)	argumentative, assumes facts not in	(23)	but I can get you a couple, if you'd like.
(24)	evidence.	(24)	Q. Well, I want know what's in your
(25)	A. I am not familiar with all the	(25)	files, the people that you rely on that you
(23)	A. I diff for faithful with all the	(23)	mes, the people that you rely on that you
	Page 370		Page 372
(1)	information that was provided to NIOSH during	(1)	look to for this information. Do you have
(2)	the first effort. So I don't know exactly how	(2)	information in your files about whether or not
(3)	complete and thorough the information was in	(3)	exposure to brake dust causes mesothelioma?
(4)	the files.	(4)	A. I have articles that discusses
(5)	Q. Are there files on that in your	(5)	various types of asbestos, chrysotile being
(6)	office?	(6)	one, and whether in the course of many of
(7)	A. No, there are not.	(7)	those discussions they do discuss brake pads
(8)	Q. Those don't exist anymore so far as	(8)	and epi studies done on mechanics and things
(9)	you know?	(9)	of that nature.
(10)	A. As far as I know.	(10)	Q. Are those in a file?
(11)	Q. You mentioned that their work		
		(11)	
(12)	history at other sites has to be looked at to	(12)	materials.
(13)	see if there's asbestos exposure at other	(13)	Q. What's the title of the file?
(14)	sites, correct? You said that?	(14)	A. Well, it would be generally
(15)	A. That's correct. I can give you an	(15)	reference materials, but it would be broken
(16)	example.	(16)	down into I have one on smoking and things
(17)	Q. Just yes or no.	(17)	of that nature.
(18)	A. Yes.	(18)	Q. And you have one on brakes?
(19)	Q. And in some cases you've written on	(19)	A. No, not brakes.
(20)	Exhibit 9 that some of these people had	(20)	Q. What is the one with the brake
(21)	possible exposure to brakes, correct?	(21)	information called?
(22)	A. That's indicated on their	(22)	A. It would be general asbestos linked
(23)	application forms in terms of their prior work	(23)	articles and papers.
	e e	1	
(24)	history.	(24)	Q. Did you produce that file?
(24)	history. Q. And your understanding is that	(24)	Q. Did you produce that file? A. I didn't produce reference

	Page 373	Page 375
(1)	materials.	(1) Q. Do you have those all in a file
(2)	Q. I ask that you produce that file to	(2) called human studies or something to that
(3)	your attorneys.	(3) effect?
(4)	MR. RADCLIFFE: I object. I don't	(4) A. I do.
(5)	think you've requested it.	(5) Q. What's the file called?
(6)	MS. ABRAMS: I think we did.	(6) A. It's called Human Studies Specific
(7)	MR. RADCLIFFE: If you can point out	(7) to Vanderbilt Talc.
(8)	to me -	(8) Q. Do you have anything else in that
(9)	MS. ABRAMS: I'm sure we can find it	(9) file besides those studies?
(10)	somewhere on our hundreds of	(10) A. Those are human studies, then
(11)	MR. RADCLIFFE: It's not a matter of	there's a section for animal studies.
(12)	trying to find it	(12) Q. What animal studies do you have?
(13)	MS. ABRAMS: We'll meet and confer	(13) A. The animal studies include
(14)	with you. I'm asking you to produce it to	(14) Stanton, 72 materials, Smith, those are the
(15)	your lawyer and then he can decide whether	(15) two animal studies.
(16)	to give it to us or not.	(16) Q. Okay.
(17)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Again, I object to	(17) A. And then there's a cell study.
(18)	that request. Mr. Kelse is under no	(18) Q. Cell, C-E-L-L?
(19)	obligation to produce that file. Go ahead.	(19) A. C-E-L-L, correct, and that's the
(20)	BY MS. ABRAMS:	(20) Wylie Mossman.
(21)	Q. Mr. Kelse, you mentioned that	(21) Q. Is that the only one in that?
(22)	you started to talk about the study showed	(22) A. Only cell study, yes.
(23)	with respect to talc that it doesn't act that	(23) Q. Are those all the studies that you
(2.4)	way, right? Do you remember that testimony,	rely on for the statement that talc doesn't
(25)	it doesn't act like asbestos? Just do you	act the same way as asbestos?
	D 074	D 070
	Page 374	Page 376
(1)	remember that testimony?	(1) A. Those are the studies that I
(2)	A. That's right.	(2) partially rely on that the mineral
(2)	A. That's right.Q. Now, can you tell me exactly, not	(2) partially rely on that the mineral (3) composition
(2) (3) (4)	A. That's right.Q. Now, can you tell me exactly, not everything in the studies or the whole thing	 (2) partially rely on that the mineral (3) composition (4) Q. Other than mineral composition,
(2) (3) (4) (5)	A. That's right. Q. Now, can you tell me exactly, not everything in the studies or the whole thing about what they say, I'm just going to ask you	 (2) partially rely on that the mineral (3) composition (4) Q. Other than mineral composition, (5) that's fine.
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6)	A. That's right. Q. Now, can you tell me exactly, not everything in the studies or the whole thing about what they say, I'm just going to ask you can you tell me the names of the studies or	 partially rely on that the mineral composition Q. Other than mineral composition, that's fine. A. Okay, because there are other
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7)	A. That's right. Q. Now, can you tell me exactly, not everything in the studies or the whole thing about what they say, I'm just going to ask you can you tell me the names of the studies or the authors of every study that you rely on to	 (2) partially rely on that the mineral (3) composition (4) Q. Other than mineral composition, (5) that's fine. (6) A. Okay, because there are other (7) studies that involve the same type of minerals
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8)	A. That's right. Q. Now, can you tell me exactly, not everything in the studies or the whole thing about what they say, I'm just going to ask you can you tell me the names of the studies or the authors of every study that you rely on to determine that talc doesn't act the same way,	 (2) partially rely on that the mineral (3) composition (4) Q. Other than mineral composition, (5) that's fine. (6) A. Okay, because there are other (7) studies that involve the same type of minerals (8) that also speak to this.
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9)	A. That's right. Q. Now, can you tell me exactly, not everything in the studies or the whole thing about what they say, I'm just going to ask you can you tell me the names of the studies or the authors of every study that you rely on to determine that talc doesn't act the same way, just the author or the names?	 (2) partially rely on that the mineral (3) composition (4) Q. Other than mineral composition, (5) that's fine. (6) A. Okay, because there are other (7) studies that involve the same type of minerals (8) that also speak to this. (9) Q. We'll get to that after the break.
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9)	A. That's right. Q. Now, can you tell me exactly, not everything in the studies or the whole thing about what they say, I'm just going to ask you can you tell me the names of the studies or the authors of every study that you rely on to determine that talc doesn't act the same way, just the author or the names? A. Okay, and I'll preface that with	 (2) partially rely on that the mineral (3) composition (4) Q. Other than mineral composition, (5) that's fine. (6) A. Okay, because there are other (7) studies that involve the same type of minerals (8) that also speak to this. (9) Q. We'll get to that after the break. (10) A. But it's not exactly out of
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11)	A. That's right. Q. Now, can you tell me exactly, not everything in the studies or the whole thing about what they say, I'm just going to ask you can you tell me the names of the studies or the authors of every study that you rely on to determine that talc doesn't act the same way, just the author or the names? A. Okay, and I'll preface that with and I saw the papers in the document.	partially rely on that the mineral composition Q. Other than mineral composition, that's fine. A. Okay, because there are other studies that involve the same type of minerals that also speak to this. Q. We'll get to that after the break. A. But it's not exactly out of Vanderbilt's mine.
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12)	A. That's right. Q. Now, can you tell me exactly, not everything in the studies or the whole thing about what they say, I'm just going to ask you can you tell me the names of the studies or the authors of every study that you rely on to determine that talc doesn't act the same way, just the author or the names? A. Okay, and I'll preface that with and I saw the papers in the document. Q. I knew you couldn't do it.	(2) partially rely on that the mineral (3) composition (4) Q. Other than mineral composition, (5) that's fine. (6) A. Okay, because there are other (7) studies that involve the same type of minerals (8) that also speak to this. (9) Q. We'll get to that after the break. (10) A. But it's not exactly out of (11) Vanderbilt's mine. (12) Q. We'll get to that after the break,
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13)	A. That's right. Q. Now, can you tell me exactly, not everything in the studies or the whole thing about what they say, I'm just going to ask you can you tell me the names of the studies or the authors of every study that you rely on to determine that talc doesn't act the same way, just the author or the names? A. Okay, and I'll preface that with and I saw the papers in the document. Q. I knew you couldn't do it. A. I can't help myself. It's human	(2) partially rely on that the mineral (3) composition (4) Q. Other than mineral composition, (5) that's fine. (6) A. Okay, because there are other (7) studies that involve the same type of minerals (8) that also speak to this. (9) Q. We'll get to that after the break. (10) A. But it's not exactly out of (11) Vanderbilt's mine. (12) Q. We'll get to that after the break, (13) but just in terms of the human, animal and
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14)	A. That's right. Q. Now, can you tell me exactly, not everything in the studies or the whole thing about what they say, I'm just going to ask you can you tell me the names of the studies or the authors of every study that you rely on to determine that talc doesn't act the same way, just the author or the names? A. Okay, and I'll preface that with and I saw the papers in the document. Q. I knew you couldn't do it. A. I can't help myself. It's human animal cell, human studies would be the	(2) partially rely on that the mineral (3) composition (4) Q. Other than mineral composition, (5) that's fine. (6) A. Okay, because there are other (7) studies that involve the same type of minerals (8) that also speak to this. (9) Q. We'll get to that after the break. (10) A. But it's not exactly out of (11) Vanderbilt's mine. (12) Q. We'll get to that after the break, (13) but just in terms of the human, animal and (14) cell studies, have you given us all of that
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15)	A. That's right. Q. Now, can you tell me exactly, not everything in the studies or the whole thing about what they say, I'm just going to ask you can you tell me the names of the studies or the authors of every study that you rely on to determine that talc doesn't act the same way, just the author or the names? A. Okay, and I'll preface that with and I saw the papers in the document. Q. I knew you couldn't do it. A. I can't help myself. It's human animal cell, human studies would be the epidemiologic study, the most recent being the	(2) partially rely on that the mineral (3) composition (4) Q. Other than mineral composition, (5) that's fine. (6) A. Okay, because there are other (7) studies that involve the same type of minerals (8) that also speak to this. (9) Q. We'll get to that after the break. (10) A. But it's not exactly out of (11) Vanderbilt's mine. (12) Q. We'll get to that after the break, (13) but just in terms of the human, animal and (14) cell studies, have you given us all of that (15) information?
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16)	A. That's right. Q. Now, can you tell me exactly, not everything in the studies or the whole thing about what they say, I'm just going to ask you can you tell me the names of the studies or the authors of every study that you rely on to determine that talc doesn't act the same way, just the author or the names? A. Okay, and I'll preface that with and I saw the papers in the document. Q. I knew you couldn't do it. A. I can't help myself. It's human animal cell, human studies would be the epidemiologic study, the most recent being the Honda study. And then the Gamble case control	partially rely on that the mineral composition Q. Other than mineral composition, that's fine. A. Okay, because there are other studies that involve the same type of minerals that also speak to this. Q. We'll get to that after the break. A. But it's not exactly out of Vanderbilt's mine. Q. We'll get to that after the break, but just in terms of the human, animal and cell studies; have you given us all of that information? A. I saw them in your and they were
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17)	A. That's right. Q. Now, can you tell me exactly, not everything in the studies or the whole thing about what they say, I'm just going to ask you can you tell me the names of the studies or the authors of every study that you rely on to determine that talc doesn't act the same way, just the author or the names? A. Okay, and I'll preface that with and I saw the papers in the document. Q. I knew you couldn't do it. A. I can't help myself. It's human animal cell, human studies would be the epidemiologic study, the most recent being the Honda study. And then the Gamble case control study and then the — there are two studies by	(2) partially rely on that the mineral (3) composition (4) Q. Other than mineral composition, (5) that's fine. (6) A. Okay, because there are other (7) studies that involve the same type of minerals (8) that also speak to this. (9) Q. We'll get to that after the break. (10) A. But it's not exactly out of (11) Vanderbilt's mine. (12) Q. We'll get to that after the break, (13) but just in terms of the human, animal and (14) cell studies, have you given us all of that (15) information? (16) A. I saw them in your and they were (17) copied last week.
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18)	A. That's right. Q. Now, can you tell me exactly, not everything in the studies or the whole thing about what they say, I'm just going to ask you can you tell me the names of the studies or the authors of every study that you rely on to determine that talc doesn't act the same way, just the author or the names? A. Okay, and I'll preface that with and I saw the papers in the document. Q. I knew you couldn't do it. A. I can't help myself. It's human animal cell, human studies would be the epidemiologic study, the most recent being the Honda study. And then the Gamble case control study and then the — there are two studies by Steve Lamm, one Vermont-New York comparison	(2) partially rely on that the mineral (3) composition (4) Q. Other than mineral composition, (5) that's fine. (6) A. Okay, because there are other (7) studies that involve the same type of minerals (8) that also speak to this. (9) Q. We'll get to that after the break. (10) A. But it's not exactly out of (11) Vanderbilt's mine. (12) Q. We'll get to that after the break, (13) but just in terms of the human, animal and (14) cell studies, have you given us all of that (15) information? (16) A. I saw them in your and they were (17) copied last week. (18) Q. Are there any other studies in your
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19)	A. That's right. Q. Now, can you tell me exactly, not everything in the studies or the whole thing about what they say, I'm just going to ask you can you tell me the names of the studies or the authors of every study that you rely on to determine that talc doesn't act the same way, just the author or the names? A. Okay, and I'll preface that with and I saw the papers in the document. Q. I knew you couldn't do it. A. I can't help myself. It's human animal cell, human studies would be the epidemiologic study, the most recent being the Honda study. And then the Gamble case control study and then the — there are two studies by Steve Lamm, one Vermont-New York comparison and another one entitled short-term worker	(2) partially rely on that the mineral (3) composition (4) Q. Other than mineral composition, (5) that's fine. (6) A. Okay, because there are other (7) studies that involve the same type of minerals (8) that also speak to this. (9) Q. We'll get to that after the break. (10) A. But it's not exactly out of (11) Vanderbilt's mine. (12) Q. We'll get to that after the break, (13) but just in terms of the human, animal and (14) cell studies, have you given us all of that (15) information? (16) A. I saw them in your and they were (17) copied last week. (18) Q. Are there any other studies in your (19) files regarding human, animal or cell studies
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20)	A. That's right. Q. Now, can you tell me exactly, not everything in the studies or the whole thing about what they say, I'm just going to ask you can you tell me the names of the studies or the authors of every study that you rely on to determine that talc doesn't act the same way, just the author or the names? A. Okay, and I'll preface that with and I saw the papers in the document. Q. I knew you couldn't do it. A. I can't help myself. It's human animal cell, human studies would be the epidemiologic study, the most recent being the Honda study. And then the Gamble case control study and then the — there are two studies by Steve Lamm, one Vermont-New York comparison and another one entitled short-term worker exposure. Another study by Tabishaw and then	composition Q. Other than mineral composition, that's fine. A. Okay, because there are other studies that involve the same type of minerals that also speak to this. Q. We'll get to that after the break. A. But it's not exactly out of Vanderbilt's mine. Q. We'll get to that after the break, but just in terms of the human, animal and cell studies; have you given us all of that information? A. I saw them in your and they were copied last week. Q. Are there any other studies in your files regarding human, animal or cell studies that you haven't told us about?
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21)	A. That's right. Q. Now, can you tell me exactly, not everything in the studies or the whole thing about what they say, I'm just going to ask you can you tell me the names of the studies or the authors of every study that you rely on to determine that talc doesn't act the same way, just the author or the names? A. Okay, and I'll preface that with and I saw the papers in the document. Q. I knew you couldn't do it. A. I can't help myself. It's human animal cell, human studies would be the epidemiologic study, the most recent being the Honda study. And then the Gamble case control study and then the — there are two studies by Steve Lamm, one Vermont-New York comparison and another one entitled short-term worker exposure. Another study by Tabishaw and then of course the very first, the NIOSH 1980	composition Q. Other than mineral composition, that's fine. A. Okay, because there are other studies that involve the same type of minerals that also speak to this. Q. We'll get to that after the break. A. But it's not exactly out of Vanderbilt's mine. Q. We'll get to that after the break, but just in terms of the human, animal and cell studies; have you given us all of that information? A. I saw them in your and they were copied last week. Q. Are there any other studies in your files regarding human, animal or cell studies that you haven't told us about? A. That are specific to Vanderbilt
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21) (22)	A. That's right. Q. Now, can you tell me exactly, not everything in the studies or the whole thing about what they say, I'm just going to ask you can you tell me the names of the studies or the authors of every study that you rely on to determine that talc doesn't act the same way, just the author or the names? A. Okay, and I'll preface that with and I saw the papers in the document. Q. I knew you couldn't do it. A. I can't help myself. It's human animal cell, human studies would be the epidemiologic study, the most recent being the Honda study. And then the Gamble case control study and then the — there are two studies by Steve Lamm, one Vermont-New York comparison and another one entitled short-term worker exposure. Another study by Tabishaw and then of course the very first, the NIOSH 1980 Technical Report for which they did a short	composition Q. Other than mineral composition, that's fine. A. Okay, because there are other studies that involve the same type of minerals that also speak to this. Q. We'll get to that after the break. A. But it's not exactly out of Vanderbilt's mine. Q. We'll get to that after the break, but just in terms of the human, animal and cell studies, have you given us all of that information? A. I saw them in your and they were copied last week. Q. Are there any other studies in your files regarding human, animal or cell studies that you haven't told us about? A. That are specific to Vanderbilt talc?
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21)	A. That's right. Q. Now, can you tell me exactly, not everything in the studies or the whole thing about what they say, I'm just going to ask you can you tell me the names of the studies or the authors of every study that you rely on to determine that talc doesn't act the same way, just the author or the names? A. Okay, and I'll preface that with and I saw the papers in the document. Q. I knew you couldn't do it. A. I can't help myself. It's human animal cell, human studies would be the epidemiologic study, the most recent being the Honda study. And then the Gamble case control study and then the — there are two studies by Steve Lamm, one Vermont-New York comparison and another one entitled short-term worker exposure. Another study by Tabishaw and then of course the very first, the NIOSH 1980	composition Q. Other than mineral composition, that's fine. A. Okay, because there are other studies that involve the same type of minerals that also speak to this. Q. We'll get to that after the break. A. But it's not exactly out of Vanderbilt's mine. Q. We'll get to that after the break, but just in terms of the human, animal and cell studies; have you given us all of that information? A. I saw them in your and they were copied last week. Q. Are there any other studies in your files regarding human, animal or cell studies that you haven't told us about? A. That are specific to Vanderbilt

(25)

Q. Are there studies that are not

human studies specific to Vanderbilt talc.

(1)

(3)

(5)

(7)

(10)

(17)

(20)

(25)

(1)

(3)

(10)

(11)

(12)

(13)

(25)

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- (1) specific to Vanderbilt talc in that category?
- (2) A. The answer is yes.
- (3) Q. And what is that?
- (4) A. In terms of human studies there's
- (5) two studies of gold miners in North Dakota
- (6) Homestake Mine, one study by NIOSH Harlan
- (7) Amandus.
- (8) Q. The gold miners in North Dakota,
- (9) what's the name of that study or author?
- (10) A. Homestake.
- (11) **Q.** Okay.
- (12) A. And the second one was done by
- (13) McDonald.
- (14) **Q.** Okay.
- (15) A. Those are two human epidemiology
- (16) studies of gold miners.
- (17) Q. Did you produce those to us?
- (18) A. Yes, I saw those in your stack and
- (19) they were copied last week again.
- (20) Q. What else do you have?
- (21) A. Then there was epidemiology
- (22) studies, human studies of Taganite workers,
- (23) iron ore workers, Mesabi Range in Minnesota.
- (24) Q. Do you know the name of that study
- (25) or the author?

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- (1) A. There were, I believe, three of
- (2) those studies; Cooper did two, Clark Cooper.
- (3) I don't know who did the third. We can look
- that up. You do have them in the papers.
- (5) Q. Okay. Any others?
- (6) A. Those are the two human studies
- (7) dealing with non speciform ampiboles, that's
- (8) the link.
- (9) Q. Any other animal studies?
- (10) A. Animal studies, there's a study by
- (11) Addison Davis, don't know the date. It's in
- the part of your file that was copied last
- (13) week as well that dealt with testing three
- (14) tremolite asbestos samples against three non
- (15) asbestiform or prismatic tremolite materials
- (16) of different -- three prismatic tremolite
- (17) samples were of somewhat different
- (18) morphologies from granular to acicular.
- (19) Q. Let's try not get into the details,
- (20) okay?
- (21) A. Heaven forbid.
- (22) Q. Just try to get a list. So there's
- (23) a Addison Davis study of tremolite, is that a
- (24) good way to summarize that?
- (25) A. Yes.

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- Q. And are there any other animal
- (2) studies?
 - A. There are -- there's a study by
- (4) Wagner, don't ask me for the date. I know you
 - have copies of this.
- (6) **Q.** Okay.
 - A. There's studies by Pott, P-O-T-T.
- (8) Again, they would be in the file. This is a
- (9) good memory quiz for me.
 - Q. Terrific memory.
- (11) A. I think there may be one or two
- (12) more that do escape me at the moment, but they
- (13) are in my file.
- (14) Q. And what about cell studies, are
- (15) there others?
- (16) A. There are three or four that I put
 - in the file, yeah. The majority of them
- (18) actually were produced by Brooke Mossman or
- (19) her students. Palakar I think is
 - one, P-A-K-A-L-A-R.
- (21) Q. Okay. Does that pretty much
- (22) summarize the information that you used other
- (23) than the mineral studies to determine that
- (24) talc acts differently than asbestos?
 - A. The minerals in our mixed talc

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- product act differently. If you say talc
- (2) there's a whole other army of -- a whole other
 - range of studies that deal with just talc, the
- (4) mineral talc itself.
- (5) Q. Can we say that those are the
- (6) studies you rely on to say that Vanderbilt
- (7) talc and International talc, including talc
- (8) from Mine 3 that was Mouldene talc do not
- (9) cause mesothelioma or act the same way as
 - asbestos, can we say it that way?

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, vague and ambiguous.

- A. I would qualify it just a little.
- (14) I can only speak for Vanderbilt talc which is
- the talc that Vanderbilt was responsible for,
- (16) and to the extent that it included talc from
- (17) Talcville, which was owned by International at
- (18) one time, I would say the same for that
- (19) because the mineral composition was tested in
- (20) these studies or linked to them. Beyond any
- (21) other talc mines that International may have
- (22) operated that Vanderbilt did not operate, for
- (23) which I don't know what the mineral
- (24) composition is, I cannot speak for that.
 - Q. Vanderbilt operated and was

	Page 381	Page 383
(1)	responsible for Mine No. 3 at one point in	(1) ore from that same mine. So to the extent
(2)	time that produced Mouldene, correct?	(2) that that's where Mouldene came from, it is
(3)	A. That's correct.	(3) very close, if not the same.
(4)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, vague and	(4) Q. Well, it's your testimony that the
(5)	ambiguous.	(5) cell study that Wylie Mossman did tested or
(6)	BY MS. ABRAMS:	used fiber from Mine No. 3, is that what
(7)	Q. Is it your testimony that the	(7) you're saying?
(8)	Mouldene that was produced by Vanderbilt from	(8) A. For certain.
(9)	Mine No. 3 does not cause mesothelioma, based	(9) Q. Okay. Other than that study, all
(10)	on all of the studies that you just told us	(10) the other studies that you're relying on do
(11)	about?	not address the specific fiber from Mine No.
(12)	A. Yes.	(12) 3; is that right?
(13)	 Q. And other than the mineral studies, 	(13) A. Actually, that's not right. To the
(14)	are there any other studies that you rely on	(14) extent that the other studies involve talc
(15)	to make that representation?	(15) from the other mines and that talc also
(16)	A. Help me what do you mean by	(16) contained the same type of talc fiber, then
(17)	mineral studies? You mean the two things	(17) that talc fiber was tested in those tests as
(18)	mineralogy, is there asbestos there, yes or	(18) well.
(19)	no, or health, which are you talking about?	(19) Q. Which other mines
(20)	Q. Well, I'm just talking about the	(20) A. I can give you an example.
(21)	animal cell and epidemiological studies, are	(21) Q. Which other mines contain the same
(22)	there any others that you rely on for that	talc fiber as Mine No. 3 that Gouverneur Talc
(23)	representation other than the ones that you've	(23) was mining?
(24)	told us about?	(24) MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection. He didn't
(25)	A. That I just gave you, off the top	(25) finish his answer.
	Page 382	Page 384
(1)	Page 382 of my head, no.	Page 384 BY MS. ABRAMS:
(1)	_	_
	of my head, no.	(1) BY MS. ABRAMS:
(2)	of my head, no. Q. And is it fair to say that not one	(1) BY MS. ABRAMS: (2) Q. I'm sorry, I didn't mean to
(2)	of my head, no. Q. And is it fair to say that not one of those studies specifically tested Mouldene	(1) BY MS. ABRAMS: (2) Q. I'm sorry, I didn't mean to (3) interrupt you.
(2) (3) (4)	of my head, no. Q. And is it fair to say that not one of those studies specifically tested Mouldene talc, is that fair?	BY MS. ABRAMS: Q. I'm sorry, I didn't mean to interrupt you. A. No, that's okay.
(2) (3) (4) (5)	of my head, no. Q. And is it fair to say that not one of those studies specifically tested Mouldene talc, is that fair? A. Yes.	(1) BY MS. ABRAMS: (2) Q. I'm sorry, I didn't mean to (3) interrupt you. (4) A. No, that's okay. (5) Q. Were you finished?
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6)	of my head, no. Q. And is it fair to say that not one of those studies specifically tested Mouldene talc, is that fair? A. Yes. Q. That's correct?	(1) BY MS. ABRAMS: (2) Q. I'm sorry, I didn't mean to (3) interrupt you. (4) A. No, that's okay. (5) Q. Were you finished? (6) A. No, I wasn't.
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7)	of my head, no. Q. And is it fair to say that not one of those studies specifically tested Mouldene talc, is that fair? A. Yes. Q. That's correct? A. Well, I hesitate. There's a reason	(1) BY MS. ABRAMS: (2) Q. I'm sorry, I didn't mean to (3) interrupt you. (4) A. No, that's okay. (5) Q. Were you finished? (6) A. No, I wasn't. (7) Q. Please finish your answer. Do you
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8)	of my head, no. Q. And is it fair to say that not one of those studies specifically tested Mouldene talc, is that fair? A. Yes. Q. That's correct? A. Well, I hesitate. There's a reason I hesitate. I gave you the cell study,	(1) BY MS. ABRAMS: (2) Q. I'm sorry, I didn't mean to (3) interrupt you. (4) A. No, that's okay. (5) Q. Were you finished? (6) A. No, I wasn't. (7) Q. Please finish your answer. Do you want to finish your answer or do you want to
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(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21)	of my head, no. Q. And is it fair to say that not one of those studies specifically tested Mouldene talc, is that fair? A. Yes. Q. That's correct? A. Well, I hesitate. There's a reason I hesitate. I gave you the cell study, that's a talc fiber concentrate. We talked about this at the last deposition. That's reason I brought it with me. Q. You believe the Wylie Mossman cell study was testing Mouldene? A. It's the closest you would come. It's very, very close because it is the fiber concentrate from that mine and there was actually another sample, it was an intermediate. There was FD-4 which was a typical talc product generated from, not from Talcville like a Nytal. Then there was an intermediate fiber tested and that was fibercal which also was another grade from	G. I'm sorry, I didn't mean to interrupt you. A. No, that's okay. Q. Were you finished? A. No, I wasn't. Please finish your answer. Do you want to finish your answer or do you want to move on and answer my question? A. Well, maybe what we might do is why don't you ask read back your question because I do tend to ramble. MR. RADCLIFFE: Well, you were saying I will give you an example. MS. ABRAMS: Thank you. Could you read the question back, please? (Whereupon, the court reporter read back the previous question. BY MS. ABRAMS: Q. I'll ask it again. Which other Gouverneur Talc mines contain the same fiber as International Talc Mine No. 3?

(23)

(24)

(25)

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(1)	A. My understanding that you will find
(2)	the same type of talc fiber, but to a much
(3)	lesser extent in the Arnold pit mine.
(4)	Q. Okay. Now, I want to let you take
(5)	a break because I've been keeping you way too
(6)	long. I just want to make sure I'm finished
(7)	with that topic.
(8)	Let me just ask you this: In your files
(9)	do you have any studies that don't support
(10)	your position that the talc operates the same
(11)	way - doesn't operate the same way as
(12)	asbestos, animal studies, cell studies,
(13)	epidemiological studies, do you have any of
{14}	those in your file?
(15)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, compound,
(16)	vague and ambiguous, including double
(17)	negatives.
(18)	A. The health studies that I have,
(19)	the ones that I listed to you, do not feel a
(20)	single one shows that same effect.
(21)	Q. Okay, I asked a bad question, let
(22)	me ask it again. I understand that
(23)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection sustained
(24)	then.
(25)	BY MS. ABRAMS:
	Page 386
(1)	Constitution Variables and American

(1) Q. Exactly. You have provided for us (2) the studies that you have that support your position and R.T. Vanderbilt's position that (3) (4) talc doesn't operate the same way as asbestos. What I'm asking you now is do you (5) have studies that do support the position that (6)(7) asbestos and talc have similarities and do act (8) the same way with respect to human health, and (9) that would be epidemiological studies, animal (10)studies or cell studies? (11)MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, compound, (12)vague, ambiguous. (13)BY MS. ABRAMS: (14)Q. Whether or not you personally (15)believe that -- the conclusions of the (16)studies. And all I want to know is ves or no. (17)do you have such a thing? MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objection. (18) BY MS. ABRAMS: (19)(20)Q. Yes or no. (21)A. I don't -- I'm not going to say yes (22) or no. I'm going to tell you flat out the (23)studies that I listed to you are all the (24)studies that are available that speak to (25)Vanderbilt talc, period. Good, bad and

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indifferent, they all tell us it doesn't act (1) (2) in the same way. MR. RADCLIFFE: Does that mean no. (3) you don't have any studies that are the (4) (5) opposite? BY MS. ABRAMS: (6) (7) Q. I didn't say the opposite, but that (8) don't support that position. Do you have (9) anything in your files? (10) A. The NIOSH study suggested that the (11) excess lung cancer that they recorded was (12) causally associated with exposure to the talc. (13) Q. Any others? (14) No. (15)Q. Are there any researchers that you know of that don't agree with you and do (16)(17)believe that there is a relationship between (18)talc exposure and mesothelioma? (19) MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, calls for speculation, beyond the scope --(20)(21)BY MS. ABRAMS: (22)Q. If you know.

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A. I don't know what researchers think

the designated testimony.

MR. RADCLIFFE: Beyond the scope of

now. I don't know the people who helped (1) (2)create the original NIOSH technical report (3)which now has a disclaimer on it that says (4) we're not responsible or don't stand by this (5) anymore. So I don't know if that can be interpreted as NIOSH no longer feels that way (6) or not. (7)(8) It would suggest to me that they don't or (9) they have questions about it. Other than (10) that, there has been nobody else that has (11) studied Vanderbilt talc specifically that (12)concluded the way NIOSH did. Everyone else in (13)every other study and all the other (14) evaluations and analysis of that data suggests (15) other than what NIOSH suggested in 1980. (16)Q. Move to strike to the extent it's (17) nonresponsive. With respect to talc (18) generally, are you aware of studies or scientists that believe that talc acts like (19)(20)asbestos and causes mesothelioma? (21) MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections. (22) A. I assume when you say talc you're (23) talking about --(24) MR. RADCLIFFE: No assumptions, don't (25)speculate.

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(1)	BY MR. ABRAMS:	produce to us any general studies, only
(2)	Q. Do you understand the question?	studies about specifically Vanderbilt talc, is
(3)	A. Well, you said talc.	(3) that a fair statement?
(4)	Q. Do you understand the question? I	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, assumes
(5)	can rephrase it.	facts not in evidence, argumentative.
(6)	A. Yeah, I don't think I can answer	(6) BY MS. ABRAMS:
(7)	it, actually.	(7) Q. Is that true?
(8)	Q. You can't answer whether there are	(8) A. Well, we actually just talked about
(9)	scientists that actually support the idea that	(9) studies that are specific to Vanderbilt talc
(10)	exposure to talc contributes to the	(10) and then we talked about studies that were
(11)	development of mesothelioma?	(11) linked to that issue because of the
(12)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections.	(12) commonality of the mineral issue and
(13)	A. Well, I can tell you that there has	(13) Q. So you did produce to us the
(14)	been studies of talc, IARC has a monograph on	studies that you believe support the position
(15)	talc. And they do not consider talc as a	(15) that talc is not associated with the
(16)	carcinogen or as capable of causing	(16) development of mesothelioma, but you did not
(17)	mesothelioma.	produce studies or scientists or research that
(18)	Q. Mr. Kelse, I'm not asking you for	doesn't support that position, correct?
(19)	other studies that support your position.	(19) A. I'm sorry, actually in that file
(20)	What I'm asking you is whether you are aware	(20) and this was copied last week, in that file I
(21)	of scientists or studies that support the	(21) also had a study by Kleinfeld and there was
(22)	alternative, that talc, exposure to talc, does	(22) also there was a case study, it was called the
(23)	contribute to the development of	(23) Hull paper.
(24)	mesothelioma? Are you aware of any scientists	(24) Q. The Hull paper?
(25)	or studies that support that position?	(25) A. Right, and that was in the file as
	Page 390	Pane 302
(1)	Page 390 MR RADCUSEE: Same objections	Page 392
(1)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections,	not specific to Vanderbilt, but that has some
(2)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections, asked and answered and compound.	 (1) not specific to Vanderbilt, but that has some (2) linkage.
	MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections, asked and answered and compound. BY MS. ABRAMS:	 (1) not specific to Vanderbilt, but that has some (2) linkage. (3) Q. But you didn't produce the Vienna
(2) (3) (4)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections, asked and answered and compound. BY MS. ABRAMS: Q. And if you don't know of	not specific to Vanderbilt, but that has some linkage. Q. But you didn't produce the Vienna study?
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(2)(3)(4)(5)(6)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections, asked and answered and compound. BY MS. ABRAMS: Q. And if you don't know of any, that's fine, just say so. MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objection. A. I would have to I know there	 (1) not specific to Vanderbilt, but that has some (2) linkage. (3) Q. But you didn't produce the Vienna (4) study? (5) A. You know what, I think that's in (6) there too, but I will check. If it's not, (7) you're welcome to it.
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(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21) (22)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections, asked and answered and compound. BY MS. ABRAMS: Q. And if you don't know of any, that's fine, just say so. MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objection. A. I would have to I know there are, there have been a couple of researchers who feel that there is a possible association. Q. Who are they? A. There was New York State, Vienna was the head of the New York State Health Department that looked at mesothelioma rates in New York State published on that. Q. Is there a study that's published? A. Yeah, an old study. Q. Do you know what year that was? A. No, I can get that for you. Q. Do you have that study? A. I do. Q. Did you produce it to us? A. No, because it's a general New York	(1) not specific to Vanderbilt, but that has some (2) linkage. (3) Q. But you didn't produce the Vienna (4) study? (5) A. You know what, I think that's in (6) there too, but I will check. If it's not, (7) you're welcome to it. (8) Q. Thank you. Would you give that to (9) your attorney, if you would? (10) A. Sure. (11) Q. So there's Vienna, there's (12) Kleinfeld and there's Hull, are there any (13) other studies? (14) MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and (15) answered. (16) A. Not that I'm aware of. (17) Q. Are you aware of Dr. Abraham's (18) work? (19) A. Yes. (20) Q. Do you have his study? (21) A. Well, I think that's the Hull (22) paper.

(25)

him?

Q. So in other words, you did not

	Page 393		Page 395
(1)	A. He's in North Carolina. I think	(1)	says WC Non Malignant Pulmonary Claims GTC,
(2)	he's a toxicologist.	(2)	and these span from 1992 until 2009. Do you
(3)	Q. Do you have his studies in your	(3)	have that document in front of you?
(4)	file?	(4)	A. Yes, and this is attached to it so
	A. I'm not aware that he produced any	(5)	it actually expands from about 1970 or '65
(5)		(6)	
(6)	studies.		through 2009.
(7)	Q. How do you know about him?	(7)	Q. And you've redacted the names of
(8).	A. He is a consultant for I think the	(8)	all these claimants; is that right?
(9)	Arts and Crafts Institute, so he would be	(9)	A. I did, yes.
(10)	asked by his association to comment on various	(10)	Q. The first two pages – the pages,
(11)	materials that arts and crafts people might	(11)	the claims filed on the last two pages range
(12)	use.	(12)	from 1962 to 1980, correct?
(13)	Q. So in answer to my question about	(13)	A. File dates, yes, looks like 1980 is
(14)	researchers who have an alternate opinion from	(14)	it.
(15)	yours and believe that there is a relationship	(15)	Q. Can you tell me, the first three
(16)	between exposure to talc and the development	(16)	pages of this set have injury date
(17)	of mesothelioma, you would answer potentially	(17)	information, is that the claim date, the file
(18)	to look at Dr. Vienna, Dr. Kleinfeld, Stopford	(18)	date?
(19)	and Hull, Abraham? Are there any others,	{19}	A. Yeah, that's the date that on the
(20)	whether or not they have published are of that	(20)	form it says date of injury so.
(21)	opinion?	(21)	Q. That's the file date, so these
(22)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and	(22)	range from 1986 all the way up to 2009 and
(23)	answered. Compound, assumes facts not in	(23)	then it says See continuing list as of 5-85
(24)	evidence. Argumentative.	(24)	and 10-82, where is that continuing list?
(25)	A. Well, I'll be happy to give you	(25)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection,
	Page 394		Page 396
(1)	what paper I have on Dr. Stopford because I	(1)	compound, misstates prior testimony,
(2)	don't think that's how he concluded.	(2)	assumes facts not in evidence. Also the
(3)	Q. Are there others that do conclude	(3)	predicate is not a part of the question.
(4)	that, that you know of?	(4)	BY MS. ABRAMS:
(5)	A. I'm trying to think, not off the	(5)	Q. Do you see that statement?
(6)	top of my head. The ones I mentioned are the	(6)	A. Yes, I do.
(7)	ones that come to mind.	(7)	Q. That list is not here, is it?
(8)	MR. RADCLIFFE: I think it's now	1	
		(8)	•
(9)		(8)	A. I'm confused by that. I think what
(9) (10)	about 10 minutes after you said we w0ould	(9)	A. I'm confused by that. I think what I meant by typing that in was trying to refer
(10)	about 10 minutes after you said we w0ould take a break.	(9) (10)	A. I'm confused by that. I think what I meant by typing that in was trying to refer to the continuing list, continuing going back
(10) (11)	about 10 minutes after you said we w0ould take a break. MS. ABRAMS: Let's take a break.	(9) (10) (11)	A. I'm confused by that. I think what I meant by typing that in was trying to refer to the continuing list, continuing going back in time rather than forward, but it's
(10) (11) (12)	about 10 minutes after you said we w0ould take a break. MS. ABRAMS: Let's take a break. MR. RADCLIFFE: It's been way too	(9) (10) (11) (12)	A. I'm confused by that. I think what I meant by typing that in was trying to refer to the continuing list, continuing going back in time rather than forward, but it's confusing because I typed in 5-31-85.
(10) (11) (12) (13)	about 10 minutes after you said we w0ould take a break. MS. ABRAMS: Let's take a break. MR. RADCLIFFE: It's been way too long.	(9) (10) (11) (12) (13)	A. I'm confused by that. I think what I meant by typing that in was trying to refer to the continuing list, continuing going back in time rather than forward, but it's confusing because I typed in 5-31-85. Q. This last two pages refer to cases
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(10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17)	about 10 minutes after you said we w0ould take a break. MS. ABRAMS: Let's take a break. MR. RADCLIFFE: It's been way too long. THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record at 3:32. (A brief recess was taken.) THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're back on the	(9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17)	A. I'm confused by that. I think what I meant by typing that in was trying to refer to the continuing list, continuing going back in time rather than forward, but it's confusing because I typed in 5-31-85. Q. This last two pages refer to cases 1962 through 1980, correct? A. That's yes, that's right. Q. And these next three pages in front ago from 1986 to 2009, correct?
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Page 397 have the records for them. (1) (1) (2)Q. Okay. And what file did you get (2) (3) these documents out of? (3)(4) MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and (4) (5) answered. (5) (6)BY MS. ABRAMS: (6) (7) Q. Let me just say, would you look (7)correct? (8) back in that file and see if that information (8) A. is included in your file and give it to your (9) (9) (10) attorney if it is? (10) (11)MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, it's been (11)(12)provided. If we have it, it's in the file (12)(13) that you have, on mine it is at least. (13) BY MS. ABRAMS: (14) (14)(15)Q. Would you do that, sir? (15)(16)A. I'll check again. I remember how I (16)(17) put this together, though, and they were from (17)(18) the available data that was in the file so if (18)(19)there's a three, four, five year gap, it's (19)(20)either because I don't have the data or there (20)(21) were no claims, no pulmonary claims for those (21)(22)vears. (22)(23)Q. If you would look at the page (23)that -- the second page of the set, it says WC (24)(24)so I listed it. (25)Non Malignant Pulmonary Claims. If you look (25) Page 398 under claim descriptions in that column there (1) (1) are several entries that say none? (2) (2) (3) None, that's right. (3)(4)Does that mean you have no (4) information about what the allegation for (5) (5) disease was? (6) (6) (7) A. It means that there was no claim (7) (8) description that would suggest that there was (8) a pulmonary claim for that year. There were (9) (9) A. No. (10)certainly comp claims, but none of them (10)(11)involved pulmonary claims. (11)Q. So you included comp claims, but (12) (12)(13)also if they were not pulmonary, you didn't (13)put in here what they were? (14) (14)(15) A. This list is for non malignant (15)(16)pulmonary claims, so that would be any claim (16)(17)for a pulmonary injury that was not lung (17)correct? (18)cancer or mesothelioma. (18)Q. So under 2007 where it says none, (19) (19)(20) that's some pulmonary injury, but you don't (20) (21) know what it is, is that fair? (21) (22) (22)A. No, it's just none recorded for (23)that year, no one filed a claim. (23)

Page 399 Q. Thank you for clarifying that. Now, for the cancers you have listed cancers of the pulmonary tract claims, 1972, 1996, 1993, 1995, 1995, 2001 and 2005. The last four entries are the same cases that you've reflected on the first page of mesotheliomas, That's correct. So is it your information, sir, that there were only three cancer claims with respect to all Gouverneur Talc workers ever? A. According to my records. I was looking at them actually yesterday, and I was having a hard time actually even knowing whether to put them in because they were actually talcosis claims, but then the individual eventually died of lung cancer and there was discussion of linkage between talcosis contributing to lung cancer, which I don't quite see what that is, but whatever that link is, somehow or other it ended up getting an award. So I didn't really know quite how, but it did deal with a lung cancer MR. RADCLIFFE: I object to vague and Page 400 ambiguous, misstates prior testimony. BY MS. ABRAMS: Q. Did you include lung cancer claims where talcosis was not also claimed? I include the claims that-- where lung cancer was part of the claim information. Q. Did you need to see talcosis claim to include it in this list is my question? Q. And so it's your testimony that so far as you know, there have only been three lung cancer workers' comp claims out of the Gouverneur Talc Mines?

A. As far as I know, yes. Q. And these records reflect Gouverneur Talc and not International Talc, That's correct. And in previous submissions in the production, did you notice that there were 67 workers' comp claims by International Talc workers at the time that that facility was purchased by R.T. Vanderbilt? MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, assumes facts not in evidence, calls for

(24)

(25)

Exactly.

Q. I see. There were no claims?

(24)

BSA	Weston v. Asb. Corp. Ltd., et al.	Depo of J. Kelse, Vol. II 8/26/09	XMA
	Page 401	Page 403	
(1)	speculation.	(1) because they're risk linked, that's what I do.	
(2)	A. I did not see those records.	(2) Q. So the only records that you asked	
(3)	Q. The next group of documents is a	(3) him to look for were dust data or insurance	
(4)	which I'll mark as Exhibit 12 is a three-page	records of International Talc Company,	
(5)	document called note to file. Did you prepare	(5) correct?	
(6)	that document?	(6) A. That's correct.	
(7)	A. Yes, I did.	(7) Q. You went to Dr. Thompson's lab	
(8)	Q. Can you tell us what this is?	(8) files, does Dr. Thompson maintain a lab at the	
(9)	A. During our last deposition, you	(9) R.T. Vanderbilt facility?	
(10)	asked for a number of documents and you asked	(10) A. No, he doesn't.	
(11)	for did I check this file or that file and so	(11) Q. So this was an old lab that he used	
(12)	forth. So in response to that, I did want to	(12) to use: is that correct?	
(13)	follow up. I was sure that what I reported	(13) A. That's correct.	
(14)	was accurate, but I thought I would go ahead	(14) Q. Is that someone else's lab right	
(15)	and follow up anyway and that's what this is,	(15) now?	
(16)	is a note to the file that essentially	(16) A. Yes, it is.	
(17)	addresses what I believed you were asking me	(17) Q. Whose lab is that?	
(18)	at the last deposition and I had to say no, I	(18) A. Peter Cuillo.	-
(19)	didn't check this or I didn't check that so	(19) Q. Could you spell that name?	1
(20)	this was an effort to in good faith to check	(20) A. C-U-I-L-O.	
(21)	these things.	(21) Q. And when you say you did a random	
(22)	Q. So you called Dana Putman, the	(22) search in your notes for Dr. Thompson's lab	
(23)	plant manager at Gouverneur Talc; is that	(23) files, what did you look for?	1
(24)	correct?	(24) A. I went to his file cabinet that	
(25)	A. That's correct.	(25) was - I knew was there from his days, opened	j :
			-
	Page 402	Page 404	
(1)	Q. And I notice that you asked him	the drawers to get a sense of what records he	
(2)	about various kinds of files. Did you ask him	had, whether those records were familiar to m	e
(3)	if anywhere at the at the old International	(3) or different than what I had already	
(4)	Talc facility that is now currently owned by	(4) maintained in my centralized repository of	
(5)	Gouverneur Talc, R.T. Vanderbilt, whether they	(5) documents. And paging through the files, I	
(6)	had any historical International Talc	(6) saw nothing that I didn't already have or that	
(7)	records?	(7) wasn't pertinent to the issue of risk or the	
(8)	A. I did. I think I made a note to	(8) composition of New York State talc.	
(9)	that effect at the very bottom.	(9) Q. What was in — what kind of files	i
(10)	Q. And would you read that note to us?	(10) did he have?	1
(11)	A. I also confirmed the absence of IT,	(11) A. Actually, he did have files where	
(12)	International records pertaining to dust data	there were copies of analytical reports, but	:
(13)	or insurance in their records, meaning	they were the same ones that I had in my	
(14)	Gouverneur Talc's records.	(14) chronological lists that were copied by the	
(15)	Q. Other than dust data or insurance	(15) attorneys.	:
(16)	records, did you ask if they had any other	(16) Q. What other types of files did he	:
(17)	historical records for International Talc?	(17) have?	1
(18)	A. No.	(18) A. He had some records of sending	
(19)	Q. Did you ask Mr. Putman, sir, if	(19) samples out which also were the same as thos	se
(20)	they had any International Talc historical	(20) that appear in my analytical folders.	
(21)	records at the plant?	(21) Q. Did he have any files from	
(22)	A. No.	(22) International Talc?	

MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and

(23)

(24)

(25)

answered.

A. No, I asked for these records

A. I didn't see any.

cabinets?

Q. Did you look in all of his file

(23)

(24)

	Page 405
(1)	A. I looked through, I pulled the
(2)	drawer.
(3)	Q. So it's only one drawer?
(4)	A. No, I pulled a couple.
(5)	Q. How many drawers did he have in
(6)	there?
(7)	A. I don't know, it was just one
(8)	cabinet and maybe three.
(9)	Q. Did he have a file on Mouldene
(10)	talc?
(11)	A. I didn't see that.
(12)	Q. Do you know whether or not he has a
(13)	file on Mouldene talc?
(14)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Don't speculate.
(15)	A. I didn't see it. You can ask him.
(16)	Q. Well, he doesn't have I'm asking
(17)	you what's in the filing cabinet of the R.T.
(18)	Vanderbilt Company. Are you certain that
(19)	there was not a file in that, in his files
(20)	that said Mouldene talc on it?
(21)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and
{22}	answered.
(23)	A. I don't know one way or another, I
(24)	didn't see it.
(25)	Q. Did you look for it?
	Page 406

Page 406 A. I looked for anything that I (1) (2) thought was pertinent to this and I didn't see (3) anything that was. That would have been one that would have been. I do know they have --(4)(5) and I mentioned this at the last deposition, (6) there is -- that's where the sample came from. It's still held in that laboratory, the (7) (8) material itself. (9) Q. You mentioned a can that had a (10)wrapping on it? (11)A. Right. (12) And I believe you said it said Mouldene on it? (13) A. It did, yes. (14)Did you find that can? (15)(16)A. I know where it is, yes, it's in that lab. (17)(18)Q. Did you take a sample from that can to produce to us today? (19)(20)A. Yes. Q. And does that -- what does that say (21)(22)on it for identification purposes? (23) A. It says Mouldene and it's S-158 or (24)I'll -- whatever the number is that's on the (25)tag. It's the same as the material that was

Page 407

- (1) sent to Dr. Wylie for analysis, that one-sheet (2) analysis that we discussed.
- (3) Q. So was that can sealed?
- (4) Yes.

(5)

(13)

(14)

(15)

- Q. Did you open the can?
- (6) A. I opened it to take a sample months
- and months ago. I haven't opened it in (7)
- (8) months, just for that sample.
- (9) Q. So Mr. Kelse, is it your testimony today that months and months ago you took a (10)(11)sample of the material that was in the
- (12)
- Mouldene can out of the can?
 - MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, argumentative, assumes facts not in evidence, misstates the prior testimony.
- (16) It was not months and months, it (17) was at least a month and a half, two months (18)ago I believe I took the sample.
- Q. What did you do with it? (19)
- (20) A. I labeled it and kept it.
- (21) Q. Did you send it out for testing?
- (22)
- I send it to Hawkins & Parnell.
- (23) Did they send it out for testing?
- (24)I'm not sure.
- (25) Have you ever seen the results of

Page 408

- any testing from that sample of Mouldene talc? (1)
 - A. No, I have not.
- (3) Q. Did you reopen that can and get
- another sample to bring with you for this (4)
- deposition? (5)
- (6) A. No, I took a cut of that. I always
- keep a retained sample of anything that I (7)
- (8) send.

(2)

(13)

- (9) Q. So please explain to me again
- (10)exactly what you did. You took material out
- of the can several months ago and what did you (11)
- do with it? (12)
 - A. Sent it to Hawkins & Parnell.
- (14)Q. All of it?
- (15)A. No, I took a cut and I kept a
- (16)sample. (17)
 - Q. How did you take a cut?
- (18)A. I had two bags, took it out of the
- (19)primary container. I put one in one bag and
- (20)then I took out of the primary container and
- put it in the second bag, label them the same (21)
- (22)way and I made a notation on the bag that I
- (23) kept that this was a cut of the sample that
- (24)was sent to Hawkins & Parnell.
 - Q. Where did you put that bag, the one

	Page 409	Page 411
(1)	you kept?	(1) S-1
(2)	A. I have it, it's in my office.	(2) A 57 or 58. I would have to
(3)	Q. So this was a powdery material,	(3) Q. All right. You mentioned that you
(4)	not a rock?	also had a sample from the 1992 abatement that
(5)	A. No, it was the product.	was done in, I believe, Upstate New York, do
(6)	Q. It's a powder material?	(6) you remember that testimony?
(7)	A. Sure, yes.	(7) A. That's correct.
(8)	Q. And is it your testimony that you	(8) Q. Did you do anything with that
(9)	do not know from any source the results of the	(9) sample to bring any of that material?
(10)	testing of the sample of that Mouldene that	(10) A. What I did was I don't know if
(11)	was sent to Hawkins & Parnell?	
(12)		you have this or not. (12) Q. What are you looking at, sir?
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
(13)	Q. How did you seal that material up?	(13) A. What this is, is
(14)	A. The original container or the	Q. Can you show me?
(15)	samples?	(15) A. Sure. Is during the last
(16)	Q. Both.	deposition you wanted samples, not only that,
(17)	A. Well, the original container is in	but I think you even asked for any other
(18)	a metal box and so the lid is metal, so I	materials that have been sent out for testing
(19)	pressed that back down. The sample bags are	or something of that nature. And I do, as I
(20)	typical plastic sample bags. We tear the top	just said, I retain samples of material that I
(21)	off and then there's little tabs that you roll	send out and so the attorneys asked me to go
(22)	down and fold over.	(22) into my – into the file drawer where I
(23)	Q. And sealed?	maintain those cut samples and to basically go
(24)	A. Yes, it's a sample bag specifically	through them and put a collection together of
(25)	made for that type of sample.	(25) all the samples I had and list what those
		the first control of the control of
	Page 410	Page 412
(1)	Page 410 O. Did you wear any protective	Page 412 (1) samples were and who they were sent to and
(1)	Q. Did you wear any protective	samples were and who they were sent to and
(2)	Q. Did you wear any protective equipment when you opened the tin and put the	samples were and who they were sent to and what product grade and so forth. And I
(2) (3)	Q. Did you wear any protective equipment when you opened the tin and put the sample in the bag?	samples were and who they were sent to and what product grade and so forth. And I included in that the Mouldene sample that
(2) (3) (4)	Q. Did you wear any protective equipment when you opened the tin and put the sample in the bag?A. For a tiny little scoopful, no.	samples were and who they were sent to and what product grade and so forth. And I included in that the Mouldene sample that Dr. Wylie looked at and the reason I was
(2) (3) (4) (5)	 Q. Did you wear any protective equipment when you opened the tin and put the sample in the bag? A. For a tiny little scoopful, no. Q. For any reason, did you wear any 	samples were and who they were sent to and what product grade and so forth. And I included in that the Mouldene sample that Dr. Wylie looked at and the reason I was looking at that, I was wondering if I took any
(2) (3) (4) (5)	 Q. Did you wear any protective equipment when you opened the tin and put the sample in the bag? A. For a tiny little scoopful, no. Q. For any reason, did you wear any gloves? 	samples were and who they were sent to and what product grade and so forth. And I included in that the Mouldene sample that Dr. Wylie looked at and the reason I was looking at that, I was wondering if I took any of the material from that other, that removal
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(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9)	 Q. Did you wear any protective equipment when you opened the tin and put the sample in the bag? A. For a tiny little scoopful, no. Q. For any reason, did you wear any gloves? A. Did I wear any gloves, no. What I did was I took a piece — this is the way I do it, tear it off, it was clean, fold it, scoop it, drop it, throw that away. If it's another 	samples were and who they were sent to and what product grade and so forth. And I included in that the Mouldene sample that Dr. Wylie looked at and the reason I was looking at that, I was wondering if I took any of the material from that other, that removal project that we talked about in 19 whenever that was, '82 or '88 or something. MS. ABRAMS: This document, Mr. Radcliffe, are you producing this
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(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21) (22)	Q. Did you wear any protective equipment when you opened the tin and put the sample in the bag? A. For a tiny little scoopful, no. Q. For any reason, did you wear any gloves? A. Did I wear any gloves, no. What I did was I took a piece — this is the way I do it, tear it off, it was clean, fold it, scoop it, drop it, throw that away. If it's another sample or another material, you use another sheet, fold it, take it, drop it, throw it away. Q. Did you use the same sheet to get the two scoops out of the can, if you recall? A. No, actually I used two, two slips of paper. Arguably, I didn't need to do that, but I did. Q. And did you wear any face protection when you got the material? A. I'm an industrial hygienist. I don't think that that would have been an	samples were and who they were sent to and what product grade and so forth. And I included in that the Mouldene sample that Dr. Wylie looked at and the reason I was looking at that, I was wondering if I took any of the material from that other, that removal project that we talked about in 19 whenever that was, '82 or '88 or something. MS. ABRAMS: This document, Mr. Radcliffe, are you producing this because I didn't have this in mine? MR. RADCLIFFE: I didn't have it this morning so I didn't make a copy of it. You're welcome to a copy of it. MS. ABRAMS: Let's mark this as the next exhibit. (Exhibit Number 12 was marked for identification.) (Exhibit Number 13 was marked for identification.) BY MS. ABRAMS: Q. Now, let's go back to the 1992

(7)

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- (1) didn't produce the file. Did you produce the
- (2) entire abatement file to your attorneys?
- (3) A. I did.
- (4) **Q.** Did they --
- (5) A. You can have another copy of it,
- (6) but I know they copied it and sent it to you,
 - but here's yet other.
- (8) MR. RADCLIFFE: The only caveat to
- (9) that is I'll note that I have a color
- photocopy of the picture which that's black
- and white, you can read it, but I have a
- (12) color one that I still have to send to you.
- (13) BY MS. ABRAMS:
- (14) Q. Thank you. You had several
- (15) pictures that you talked to us about?
- (16) A. It's on that one page, if you
- (17) notice.
- (18) Q. All of them are on the page?
- (19) A. Yeah, I lined them up.
- (20) Q. So we'll mark this as the next in
- order which is Note to File and then there are
- (22) several pages after that.
- (Exhibit Number 14 was marked for
- (24) identification.)
- (25) BY MS. ABRAMS:

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- (1) **Q.** Mr. Kelse, is this the entire
- (2) content of your file regarding the 1992
- (3) abatement?
- (4) A. It's the 12, 13 pages that I
- (5) mentioned that I had not provided to you
- (6) originally because I mistakenly thought it
- (7) wasn't pertinent, but --
- (8) Q. This material cost \$7,500 to
- (9) transport and dispose of, correct?
- (10) A. Correct.
- (11) Q. And that was taken from -- where
- (12) was this? Where did this occur?
- (13) A. The plant, there was a plant in
- (14) Syracuse.
- (15) Q. In New York?
- (16) A. Yes.
- (17) **Q.** And the disposal, they took it all
- the way to West Virginia to dispose of it, to
- put it into a hazardous waste dump; is that
- (20) right?
- (21) A. That's what it says.
- (22) Q. Okay. And this waste transporter
- (23) permit says that they were transporting
- (24) asbestos containing waste, is that correct?
- (25) A. That's what it says.

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- (1) Q. Do you know where -- you had this
- (2) material in your file, correct?
- (3) A. The Mouldene file, correct.
 - Q. And you had a baggie in that same
- (5) file?

(4)

(7)

(10)

- (6) A. Yes.
 - Q. Prior to last week, had that ever
- (8) been tested by you? Did you send it out to
- (9) anyone or give it to your attorneys?
 - A. No, I did not.
- (11) Q. What did you do with that baggie?
- (12) A. It's still in the file.
- (13) Q. Did you take a sample to give to
- (14) us?
- (15) A. I did not, if it's not on that
- (16) list, that's why I was looking at it, I was
- (17) trying to remember whether I took a sample of
- (18) that or not. It would say so. I don't
- (19) believe that's the case.
- (20) Q. This two page list, when did you
- (21) create this list that's Exhibit 13?
- (22) A. Right, at some point last week, I
- (23) think it was Wednesday or Thursday.
- (24) Q. How did you create it? What did
- (25) you use to compile it?

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- (1) A. At the request of the attorneys I
- (2) pulled the file drawer where I have my
- (3) retained samples and I've many retained
- (4) samples, not just talc, but from other mineral
- (5) products as well, but I pulled all the talc
- ones, took them into my office and made cuts
- (7) so that I would have a sample for each of
- (8) these. And on the labels, whenever I sent
- (9) these samples to anyone and the date, I
- (10) reflected it on the cover so as I did it, I
- (11) typed in the information so that it would be a
- (12) complete package.
- (13) Q. So where did you get the
- (14) information that the Mouldene sample, the
- (15) origin date was 1975?

(16)

(22)

(24)

- A. It was on the container. I
- (17) couldn't think of any other place where I
- (18) would get that. It was on the container.
- (19) Q. And it says in 1998 part of that
- (20) was sent to Ann Wylie, correct?
- (21) A. That's correct.
 - Q. And in July 2009 what is HPP York?
- (23) A. It's Hawkins & Parnell.
 - Q. In August 2009, M. Gunter, what
- (25) does that mean?

(24)

(25)

Mouldene though, do you?

A. To the extent that it came out of a

	Page 417	Page 419
(1)	A. That means I gave a sample of that	(1) bag that said Mouldene, that's all I can say.
(2)	material to a mineralogist by the name of	(2) Q. The next document that I want to
(3)	Mickey Gunter.	(3) mark as Exhibit 15 is a letter to Terry Losee
(4)	Q. Which you just gave to him	(4) from Allan Harvey, did you bring that with
(5)	recently?	(5) you? Your attorney gave that to me, I
(6)	A. Yes.	(6) believe.
(7)	Q. When did you give it to him?	(7) A. 1983, this would have been one of
(8)	A. I think about a week and a half	those documents that would have appeared in my
(9)	ago, two weeks ago.	(9) product correspondence file that we
(10)	Q. Before your deposition?	(10) discussed. We did go through that product
(11)	A. I have to remember. I'll have to	(11) correspondence file for the names of the
(12)	look up when he visited, it may have been	(12) companies that you gave me.
(13)	before the deposition.	(13) Q. And this is a letter from to
(14)	Q. And even though we had talked at	(14) Georgia-Pacific from Mr. Harvey; is that
(15)	your last deposition about that sample of	(15) correct?
(16)	Mouldene talc from the 1992 abatement, you did	(16) A. Yes, that's what it says.
(17)	not bring any of that material or put it into	(17) Q. Let's mark that.
(18)	a sample bag to give to us, correct?	(18) (Exhibit Number 15 was marked for
(19)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection,	(19) identification.)
(20)	argumentative.	(20) BY MS. ABRAMS:
(21)	A. That's correct.	(21) Q. Is that the only other document you
(22)	Q. And is it fair to say that the	(22) found in a Georgia-Pacific file?
(23)	samples that you did bring or gave to your	(23) A. Yes, it was.
(24)	attorney in sample bags, those are all listed	(24) Q. That was all? Was that in a file
(25)	on Exhibit 13?	that said Georgia-Pacific?
	Page 418	Page 420
(1)	A. That's correct.	(1) A. It was in the file that I described
(2)	Q. And they involve many different	(2) at the last deposition which is I have all of
(3)	kinds of R.T. Vanderbilt talc other than	(3) the correspondence with customers asking about
(4)	Mouldene talc, correct?	the composition of talc by in chronological
(5)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection,	order so everything prior to so each folder
(6)	argumentative, vague and ambiguous.	(6) is a year. So we looked in every folder that
(7)	BY MS. ABRAMS:	(7) was earlier than 1990 for any correspondence
(8)	Q. Is that correct?	(8) linked to Georgia-Pacific, that's what we
(9)	A. That's right.	(9) found.
(10)	Q. And there's only one entry for	(10) Q. And then I believe that the rest of
(11)	Mouldene, correct, the subject of this	these documents pertain to information you got
(12)	litigation?	out of a file about DAP, can you take a look
(13)	A. That's all I had.	(13) and just confirm that for me?
(14)	Q. Is that all you had?	(14) A. Same file.
(15)	A. That one container in	(15) MR. RADCLIFFE: Look at them all,
(16)	Dr. Thompson's office, that's the only source	(16) don't just assume.
(16)	of that product that I'm account	(17) A. Okay. These would be in my file.
(17)	of that product that I'm aware of.	1
(17) (18)	Q. What about the baggie in your	(18) Q. And those are the business records
(17) (18) (19)	Q. What about the baggie in your hold on let me ask my question what	(18) Q. And those are the business records(19) of R.T. Vanderbilt Corporation?
(17) (18)	Q. What about the baggie in your hold on let me ask my question what about the baggie in your file that was part of	 (18) Q. And those are the business records (19) of R.T. Vanderbilt Corporation? (20) A. Yes.
(17) (18) (19) (20) (21)	Q. What about the baggie in your hold on let me ask my question what about the baggie in your file that was part of the 1992 abatement?	 Q. And those are the business records of R.T. Vanderbilt Corporation? A. Yes. Q. You – do you maintain files from
(17) (18) (19) (20)	Q. What about the baggie in your hold on let me ask my question what about the baggie in your file that was part of	 (18) Q. And those are the business records (19) of R.T. Vanderbilt Corporation? (20) A. Yes.

(24)

A. If they're sent to us and we're

made aware of them, I would keep those types

	Page 421	Page 423
(1)	of records, yes.	(1) talc analytical reports and check for any
(2)	Q. Do you have other files other than	additional in Dr. Thompson's files and you
(3)	this DAP file where there have been OSHA	(3) mentioned that you did that?
(4)	citations for R.T. Vanderbilt product	(4) A. Yes.
(5)	constituents?	(5) Q. Second is all underlying data
(6)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, calls for	(6) pertaining to the Honda study, that's
(7)	speculation.	(7) something that you provided?
(8)	A. There's one that comes to mind. It	(8) A. Yes.
(9)	had to do with a company by the name of Borg	(9) Q. The R.T. Vanderbilt talc health
(10)	Warner, I think.	(10) files maintained by Kelse, what are those?
(11)	Q. Where was that?	(11) A. The ones we earlier discussed.
(12)	A. Well, before my time, Borg Werner.	those that are specific to Vanderbilt, non RTV
(13)	Q. Do you know where, though?	(13) specific, but linked, and what we didn't
(14)	A. Where it was, no, I don't.	discuss, any formal overviews of the health
(15)	Q. Do you know of any other OSHA	(15) science base as it pertains to these issues,
(16)	citations other than Borg Warner and the DAP	(16) but those were copied and provided to you.
(17)	citation?	(17) Q. Have you finished your answer?
(18)	A. No, I don't.	(18) A. Yeah.
(19)		
(20)	Q. And who would keep those records, if they existed?	Q. Available maps, did you provide any more available maps?
	A. I would have them. I would be I	
(21)		· ·
(22)	inherited those types of records from my	did have this available which I thought was
(24)	predecessor.	quite good. It's a single page and I think (24) really gives you a good sense of where these
(25)	Q. This exhibit, let's mark it as 16, the DAP documents. Let's mark as 17 a	3
(23)	the DAP documents. Lets mark as 17 a	(25) various mines are located. And with this map
	Page 422	Page 424
(1)	Page 422 document with a handwritten note at the top,	Page 424 which was in a file with some records and
(1)	_	
	document with a handwritten note at the top,	which was in a file with some records and
(2)	document with a handwritten note at the top, Status as I understand it, Watson versus RTV.	which was in a file with some records and maps, there was also these two pages which I
(2) (3)	document with a handwritten note at the top, Status as I understand it, Watson versus RTV. Would you mark that, please.	which was in a file with some records and maps, there was also these two pages which I thought were also helpful. I showed them to
(2) (3) (4)	document with a handwritten note at the top, Status as I understand it, Watson versus RTV. Would you mark that, please. (Exhibit Number 16 was marked for	which was in a file with some records and maps, there was also these two pages which I thought were also helpful. I showed them to our attorney who informed me that they had
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(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20)	document with a handwritten note at the top, Status as I understand it, Watson versus RTV. Would you mark that, please. (Exhibit Number 16 was marked for identification.) (Exhibit Number 17 was marked for identification.) Q. Do you have this two-page document in front of you, that's now Exhibit 17? A. Yes, I do. Q. Are these your handwritten notes? A. Yes. Q. And whose typewritten notes are these? A. They're mine as well. Q. Why did you put this together? A. When I read through the draft deposition from a couple of weeks ago, as I read through I wrote down the requests that you made, what you had asked me. And then I from that those notes, I typed this out	which was in a file with some records and maps, there was also these two pages which I thought were also helpful. I showed them to our attorney who informed me that they had also found these same two and provided them, but you're welcome to them. Q. Are these copies that you're able to give us and we're able to attach as an exhibit or we can try to make copies of them? MR. RADCLIFFE: You have a copy of them yesterday from Dr. Thompson, same documents. They were marked as an exhibit to the deposition although you marked them as two different exhibits, they actually are one. BY MS. ABRAMS: Q. These are documents that are kept in the regular course of R.T. Vanderbilt business? A. Sure, yes. Q. And if I knew the exhibit numbers I
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21)	document with a handwritten note at the top, Status as I understand it, Watson versus RTV. Would you mark that, please. (Exhibit Number 16 was marked for identification.) (Exhibit Number 17 was marked for identification.) Q. Do you have this two-page document in front of you, that's now Exhibit 17? A. Yes, I do. Q. Are these your handwritten notes? A. Yes. Q. And whose typewritten notes are these? A. They're mine as well. Q. Why did you put this together? A. When I read through the draft deposition from a couple of weeks ago, as I read through I wrote down the requests that you made, what you had asked me. And then I from that those notes, I typed this out and then my this was actually an action	which was in a file with some records and maps, there was also these two pages which I thought were also helpful. I showed them to our attorney who informed me that they had also found these same two and provided them, but you're welcome to them. Q. Are these copies that you're able to give us and we're able to attach as an exhibit or we can try to make copies of them? MR. RADCLIFFE: You have a copy of them yesterday from Dr. Thompson, same documents. They were marked as an exhibit to the deposition although you marked them as two different exhibits, they actually are one. BY MS. ABRAMS: Q. These are documents that are kept in the regular course of R.T. Vanderbilt business? A. Sure, yes. Q. And if I knew the exhibit numbers I wouldn't have a problem, but I don't, so —
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21) (22)	document with a handwritten note at the top, Status as I understand it, Watson versus RTV. Would you mark that, please. (Exhibit Number 16 was marked for identification.) (Exhibit Number 17 was marked for identification.) Q. Do you have this two-page document in front of you, that's now Exhibit 17? A. Yes, I do. Q. Are these your handwritten notes? A. Yes. Q. And whose typewritten notes are these? A. They're mine as well. Q. Why did you put this together? A. When I read through the draft deposition from a couple of weeks ago, as I read through I wrote down the requests that you made, what you had asked me. And then I from that those notes, I typed this out and then my this was actually an action plan to try to address each of the issues that	which was in a file with some records and maps, there was also these two pages which I thought were also helpful. I showed them to our attorney who informed me that they had also found these same two and provided them, but you're welcome to them. Q. Are these copies that you're able to give us and we're able to attach as an exhibit or we can try to make copies of them? MR. RADCLIFFE: You have a copy of them yesterday from Dr. Thompson, same documents. They were marked as an exhibit to the deposition although you marked them as two different exhibits, they actually are one. BY MS. ABRAMS: Q. These are documents that are kept in the regular course of R.T. Vanderbilt business? A. Sure, yes. Q. And if I knew the exhibit numbers I wouldn't have a problem, but I don't, so — A. You're welcome to those. I think I
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Page 425	Page 427
Exhibit 18.	(1) sample of the material that you have in your
(Exhibit Number 18 was marked for	(2) office K-100 Mouldene?
identification.)	(3) MR. RADCLIFFE: I'm going to object
BY MS. ABRAMS:	(4) to that request. I need to make sure it's
Q. The next	an appropriate sample to provide from a
MR. RADCLIFFE: Excuse me. Since we	legal standpoint. So whether Mr. Kelse is
had some discussion off the record I just	(7) willing to do so or not, I don't want it to
want to indicate on the record that	be taken as a binding agreement on behalf
Mr. Kelse indicated to me that he can stay	(9) of the company.
until five o'clock.	(10) BY MS. ABRAMS:
BY MS. ABRAMS:	(11) Q. Well, let's just clarify. To your
Q. The next is, number five is	(12) knowledge, that's one of only two existing
Dr. Thompson to Mr. Fiederlein memo, includes	(13) samples of Mouldene talc that R.T. Vanderbilt
reference to his Talcville analysis. What did	(14) has in its possession, correct?
you bring there or what did you do for that?	(15) A. To my knowledge.
A. I believe this was also provided	(16) Q. And as far as you know, there
through the attorneys, but I have an extra	(17) aren't any others?
copy. This is the paper for some reason I	(18) A. As far as I know.
couldn't find at the last deposition. It	(19) Q. And they come from different time
includes a reference to Talcville, item three	(20) periods and different material or bags?
or four.	(21) MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, compound,
Q. Let's just mark this as number 19.	(22) assumes facts not in evidence.
(Exhibit Number 19 was marked for	(23) A. I don't recall, unless the
identification.)	(24) documents indicate, but I don't recall seeing
BY MS. ABRAMS:	it. Doesn't mean it's not there, but I don't
Page 426	Page 428
Q. Exhibit 19 is also a document dated	(1) know the age of the bags that were removed
May 31st, 1990, Mr. G.L. Fiederlein from C.S.	(2) from that plant. I don't know at what time
Thompson and this is a document that you kept	(3) they how long they sat in their warehouse
in the regular course of business for R.T.	(4) or from what year they came.
Vanderbilt?	(5) Q. The next entry on Exhibit 17 is
A. Yes.	check GTC for any asbestos analytical reports
Q. And it was created at or around the	(7) pertaining to Mouldene and confirm the nature
time of the date on the document?	(8) of the files at GTC relative to dust
A. Yes.	(9) risks, and did you do that?
Q. You – the next was the remaining	(10) A. I did, and we discussed that a
Mouldene bag removal disposal project in 1992	(11) little earlier in respect to the note to the
and sample of that Mouldene K/-200 and you	(12) file.
have a notation that you copied documents	(13) Q. You checked the quality department
copied, including improved copy of bag label	(14) to confirm that their files don't contain
photo. This says the sample also, doesn't it?	(15) records of talc risk customer injuries not in
A. It does list that.	(16) your file already?
Q. And you didn't produce the sample,	(17) A. I did.
did you?	(18) Q. Did you look for files regarding NL.
MR. RADCLIFFE: We haven't produced	(19) Industries?
any samples yet, although we're willing to	(20) A. No, I did not.
do so.	(21) Q. Were you asked to look for files
BY MS. ABRAMS:	(22) regarding NL Industries?
Q. Are you Mr. Kelse, will you	(23) A. I don't recall. If you did, I
provide for us a copy — strike that.	(24) don't remember.
Mr. Kelse will you provide for us a	(25) O Do you have files regarding NI

	Page 429	Page 431
(1)	Industries?	(1) A. I don't know.
(2)	A. I don't know, I would have to look.	(2) Q. United States Gypsum.
(3)	Q. We would ask that you look as that	(3) A. There may be, but I have to check.
(4)	was part of the request and provide that to	(4) I know for certain DAP, maybe Gypsum. The
(5)	your attorney.	(5) others, I don't know.
(6)	MR. RADCLIFFE: We're going to object	(6) Q. I ask that you look for that
(7)	on the grounds that you're assuming he	(7) information as it was requested and give that
(8)	didn't look for it.	(8) information to your attorney, sir.
(9)	MS. ABRAMS: I'm sorry, he just said	(9) Next category is internal RTV memoranda
(10)	he didn't look for it.	(10) regarding the first OSHA asbestos standard in
(11)	BY MS. ABRAMS:	(11) 1972. Why did you list that?
(12)	Q. Did you look for NL Industries,	(12) A. We discussed it in respect to what
(13)	sir? You've testified that you didn't look	(13) was Vanderbilt's something along the lines
(14)	for NL Industries and your list on number nine	of what was Vanderbilt's position on the
(15)	does not reflect NL Industries.	(15) asbestos standard or something of that sort
(16)	A. That's right, that's why I	(16) and I think I recall saying or as I read in
(17)	hesitate. These were the companies that I	the deposition that based on the files that I
(18)	asked my secretary to look in the file and	(18) have seen, the first discussion on the
(19)	pull out and show to me.	(19) asbestos standard, there was no earlier
(20)	Q. So your secretary looked for the	(20) discussion than 1972 and that discussion
(21)	files.	reflected to me a recognition by R.T.
(22)	A. She did, I did as well.	(22) Vanderbilt that there was something, you know,
(23)	Q. And you have not asked anyone to	(23) that they objected to the standard and
(24)	look for NL Industries, correct?	(24) wondered if the standard applied to them, they
(25)	A. When I looked through the I must	didn't think it did. They were somewhat
	Page 430	Page 432
(1)	-	Page 432 (1) confused by it and intended to look into it.
(1) (2)	Page 430 have missed it from the deposition, I didn't pick up that request.	
	have missed it from the deposition, I didn't	(1) confused by it and intended to look into it.
(2)	have missed it from the deposition, I didn't pick up that request.	confused by it and intended to look into it.And these were internal memoranda that
(2)	have missed it from the deposition, I didn't pick up that request. Q. Okay. So again, I ask that you	 confused by it and intended to look into it. And these were internal memoranda that spoke to that impression that we discussed at
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	Page 433	Page 435
(1)	A. That's the designation of that	(1) concentration so he felt that's the more
(2)	sample, the fiber concentrate.	(2) likely scenario.
(3)	Q. Do you have CPS-183?	(3) Q. Move to strike as nonresponsive.
(4)	A. Yes, I think it's listed fiber	(4) Could you read the question back, please?
(5)	concentrate. It was the one that was used in	(5) (Whereupon, the court reporter read
(6)	the Wylie Mossman study.	(6) back the previous question.)
(7)	Q. So on Exhibit 13, L fiber	(7) A. Well, directly I'd have to say no.
(8)	concentrate 1996, that's CPS-183?	(8) Q. You talked to the quality
(9)	A. Yeah, I think it should say that,	(9) department?
(10)	if I'm not mistaken.	(10) A. Yes, I did.
(11)	Q. Why don't you look at that.	(11) Q. And you provided for us a graph on
(12)	A. It doesn't say that, but that's	the next page, Notifications August '08 to
(13)	what it is.	(13) August '09. Why did you pick August '08 to
(14)	Q. Are you certain of that?	(14) August '09?
(15)	A. Yes.	(15) A. Well, I asked them for a sampling
(16)	Q. Would you mark that on there and	of a graph that they routinely put together
(17)	write CPS-183?	(17) which essentially reflects the number of
(18)	A. (Witness writing).	(18) customer communications. And the reason I
(19)	Q. And Mr. Rieger reported some	(19) asked for it is it breaks it down into
(20)	uncertainty to you about what that sample	(20) categories of information that that department
(21)	contained, didn't he?	(21) would maintain files on. And as I described
(22)	A. No, he reported some uncertainty	(22) to you in the last deposition, quality
(23)	about its origin. In other words, was it from	department is as the name implies, it's after
(24)	an outcrop material on the soil or did they	you know damaged goods, out of spec, bag
(25)	concentrate it from an actual product from	ripped, that type of thing and those are the
	The second secon	The state of the s
	Page 434	Page 436
(1)	Talcville, like say a fibercal or even a	(1) types of files that they maintain. They would
(2)	Talcville, like say a fibercal or even a Mouldene.	 types of files that they maintain. They would not maintain risk files.
	Talcville, like say a fibercal or even a Mouldene. Q. He didn't know the answer to that	 types of files that they maintain. They would not maintain risk files. Q. Do you know, sir, if under the
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MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection,

(25)

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	Page 437	Page 459
(1)	question back, please?	(1) which they present once a month at a staff
. (2)	(Whereupon, the court reporter read	(2) meeting is a reflection of what I produced to
(3)	back the previous question.)	(3) you by type of complaint. Over the years on a
(4)	BY MS. ABRAMS:	(4) couple of occasions quality managers had a
(5)	Q. Do you know?	graph in which he's broken down product areas
(6)	A. No, I don't know exactly what that	(6) because they're interested in which products
(7)	would entail.	(7) are seem to be presenting the biggest
(8)	Q. Does R.T. Vanderbilt keep a record	(8) transportation issues or container breakage or
(9)	and chart the extent of customer complaints	(9) shelf life or spec changes, things of that
(10)	for a particular product, to your knowledge?	sort. I don't recall ever seeing any mention
(11)	A. I've seen this graph and it's	of talc on any on those. How they produce
(12)	and I've seen graphs with various products	(12) those, I have no idea.
(13)	listed so that's the extent of my knowledge	(13) Q. Sir, could you find the E-Tek
		-
(14)	that I must keep some records along that line	report that's dated 1984 in your let me
(15)	by product type.	find it for you. This was in the documents
(16)	Q. Did you ever see a graph about	that you provided to us today and it's in
(17)	Mouldene?	this in Exhibit 16. The document is headed
(18)	A. No.	June 4th, 1984. It's a letter to Mr. Donald
(19)	Q. Did you see one about Nytal?	Miller from general manager DAP, Inc.
(20)	A. No.	regarding sample results, from C-Tek and it
(21)	Q. How about IT 3X?	starts on October 17, 1984 C-Tek performed a
(22)	A. No.	general industrial hygiene survey at your
(23)	 Q. How about any talc products from 	location. Could you read the paragraph
(24)	Upstate New York?	starting The main concern up until Sample
(25)	A. None that I recall.	results, please, sir? just read that for all
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	Page 438	Page 440
(1)	Q. What types of files do they keep	Page 440
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The type graph I'm used to seeing

BSA	Weston v. Asb. Corp. Ltd., et al	I. Depo	of J. Kelse, Vol. II 8/26/09
	Page 441		Page 443
(1)	argumentative.	(1)	A. Yes.
(2)	BY MS. ABRAMS:	(2)	Q. Just bear with me, I'm just going
(3)	Q. Did you have that opinion?	(3)	through my notes from your last deposition for
(4)	A. We did not take a position on that	(4)	a minute.
(5)	other than what I described to you at the last	(5)	You mentioned regarding International
(6)	deposition which was we were not going to	(6)	Talc's insurance coverage that Jim McDonald
(7)	comment on that issue because the science was	(7)	might know, did you talk to Mr. McDonald?
(8)	beyond us.	(8)	A. No.
(9)	Q. Sir, I'll try to quickly move	(9)	Q. Did you make any attempt to
(10)	through some other matters. I want to just	! ! (10)	determine whether R.T. Vanderbilt has
(11)	follow up from when you were here at your last	(11)	insurance coverage for International Talc as
(12)	deposition. You mentioned that you had	(12)	on your list of things to do?
(13)	extensive files relating to mineral analysis	(13)	A. No.
(14)	and composition of Vanderbilt talc, including	(14)	Q. And do you believe Mr. McDonald
(15)	a mineral file used in prior cases that	(15)	would be the best person to ask of that for
(16)	contains all of Vanderbilt's analytical	(16)	that information?
(17)	reports in chronological order. Did you	(17)	A. I believe so, but I could be wrong.
(18)	supply that to us now?	(18)	Q. Regarding the sample that you
(19)	A. Yes.	(19)	discussed with Mr. Rieger, would you agree
(20)	Q. And did you supply them as you had	(20)	with me that Mr. Rieger is the person who
(21)	them in chronological order, to the best of	(21)	would be most knowledgeable and qualified to
(22)	your knowledge?	(22)	discuss about that sample specifically?
(23)	A. I know it was done last week	(23)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, calls for
(24)	because they copied it in exactly the order it	(24)	speculation, assumes facts not in
(25)	was in my file.	(25)	evidence, argumentative.
	Page 442		Page 444
(1)	Q. And you described that as large	(1)	A. Again, I don't know. I reported
(2)	enough to fill the drawer of a file cabinet?	(2)	what he reported to me so.

	Page 442
(1)	Q. And you described that as large
(2)	enough to fill the drawer of a file cabinet?
(3)	MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection,
(4)	argumentative, misstates the prior
(5)	testimony.
(6)	BY MS. ABRAMS:
(7)	Q. Is that basically what you
(8)	supplied?
(9)	A. If I said that, that was overblown.
(10)	It's about as high as that stack so that
(11)	wouldn't be a file cabinet. I kept it in a
(12)	file cabinet with data, but also with health
(13)	data which we already discussed so
(14)	Q. Whatever was in that file drawer
(15)	you did produce?
(16)	A. Oh, yes.
(17)	Q. You mentioned that the file had
(18)	summaries and CVs of those who wrote summaries
(19)	and observations from the reports. Did you

provide CVs, if you had them?

A. Where they were available, where

been copied and provided to you.

Safety Health Administration report?

Q. And you provided the 2001 Mine

they were appended to a study, they would have

(20)

(21)

(22)

(23)

(24)

(25)

(3) Q. He's the one with the first-hand knowledge of that? (4) A. That's why I spoke to him. (5) (6) Q. But he's the one with the firsthand knowledge with respect to what happened (7) with that sample as far as you know? (8) (9) MR. RADCLIFFE: Same objections. BY MS. ABRAMS: (10) (11)Q. Correct? A. He would be the one with first-hand information? (13) (14) Q. Yes. (15) As he did the concentrate, yes. Now, Mouldene was discontinued as a (16)(17) product as of sometime in 1976 or (18)'77, correct, as far as you know? (19) That's what I understand. Q. And R.T. Vanderbilt never produced (20) (21)that product again; is that correct?

That's my understanding.

Q. And R.T. Vanderbilt closed Mine No.

(22)

(23)

(24)

(25)

3, correct?

A. Yes.

A. They don't mine out of there amymore? A. That's correct. C. They doint mine out of there in 1985, correct, when you went and joined the company? A. That's right. C. They didn't mine out of there in 1987. A. That's right. C. They didn't mine out of there in C. They didn't mine out of there in 1987. A. Not that I was aware of. C. They didn't mine out of there in 1989. Sit that right? C. The working on a right with right? C. A. It make with Dr. Thompson many times, many periods of time. 1989. Sit that right? C. A. It make with Dr. Thompson many times, many periods of time. 1989. Sit that right? C. A. It make with Dr. Thompson many times, many periods of time. 1989. Sit that right? C. A. It make with Dr. Thompson a many times, many periods of time. 1989. Sit that right? C. Corporation? C. What is the over with right?		Page 445	Page 447
A That's correct. Q. They didn't mine out of there in 1985, correct, when you went and joined the company? A That's right. Q. They didn't mine out of there in 1987? A That's right. Q. They didn't mine out of there in 1987? A Not that I was aware of. Q. They didn't mine out of there in 1987? A Not that I was aware of. Q. They didn't mine out of there in 1987? A Not that I was aware of. Q. They didn't mine out of there in 1987? A Not that I was aware of. Q. They didn't mine out of there in 1987? A I know they didn't produce any 1989; is that right? A I know they didn't produce any 1989; is that right? A I know they didn't produce any 1989; is that right? A I know they didn't produce any 1989; is that right? A I know they didn't produce any 1989; is that right? A I know they didn't produce any 1989; is that right? A I know they didn't produce any 1989; is that right? A I know they didn't produce any 1989; is that right? A I know they didn't produce any 1989; is that right? A I know they didn't produce any 1989; is that right? A I know they didn't produce any 1989; is that right? A I know they didn't produce any 1989; is that right? A I know they didn't produce any 1989; is that right? A I know they didn't produce any 1989; is they shad to produce of time. Dr. Thompson pror to your deposition? When was the most recent time you 1989; is the right of time. Dr. Thompson? A I know they didn't produce any 1989; is the proper a week. I was a was the susses of the produce of time. Dr. Thompson? A I know they didn't produce any 1989; it was the produce of time. Dr. Thompson? A I know they didn't produce any 1989; it was the produce of time. Dr. Thompson? A I know they didn't produce any 1989; it was the produce of time. Dr. Thompson? A I know they didn't produce any 1989; it was the p	(1)	Q. They don't mine out of there	(1) Q. Did you meet with Dr. Thompson?
4.1 A I met with Dr. Thompson many times. 4.2 They didn't mine out of there in 4.3 A. That's right. 4. That's right. 4. They didn't mine out of there in 4. A. Not that I was aware of. 4. C. They didn't mine out of there in 4. A. Not that I was aware of. 4. C. They didn't mine out of there in 4. A. Not that I was aware of. 4. C. They didn't mine out of there in 4. A. Not that I was aware of. 4. C. They didn't mine out of there in 4. A. Not that I was aware of. 4. C. They didn't mine out of there in 4. A. Not that I was aware of. 4. C. They didn't mine out of there in 4. A. Not when y didn't produce any 4. I met with Dr. Thompson on many 4. I met with Dr. Thompson on 4. I met with Dr	(2)	anymore?	(2) MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, vague and
1985, correct, when you went and joined the company? A That's right. C. They didn't mine out of there in 1989; is that right? A Not that I was aware of. 129 1989; is that right? A I know they didn't produce any products from that mine, that's my understanding. 130 A I know they didn't produce any products from that mine, that's my understanding. 131 A I know they didn't produce any products from that mine, that's my understanding. 132 A I know they didn't produce any products from that mine, that's my understanding. 133 A I know they didn't produce any products from that mine, that's my understanding. 134 A I know they didn't produce any products from that mine, that's my understanding. 135 BY MS. ABRAMS: 136 BY MS. ABRAMS: 137 C Os of ar as you know, was there any the constituent elements of Mouldene talc after 1977 with respect to the R.T. Vanderbilt the constituent elements of Mouldene talc after 1977 with respect to the R.T. Vanderbilt the constituent lements of Mouldene talc after 1977 with respect to the R.T. Vanderbilt the constituent lements of Mouldene talc after 1977 with respect to the R.T. Vanderbilt the constituent lements of Mouldene talc after 1977 with respect to the R.T. Vanderbilt the constituent lements of Mouldene talc after 1977 with respect to the R.T. Vanderbilt the constituent lements of Mouldene talc after 1977 with respect to the R.T. Vanderbilt the constituent lements of Mouldene talc after 1977 with respect to the R.T. Vanderbilt the constituent lements of Mouldene talc after 1977 with respect to the R.T. Vanderbilt the constituent lements of Mouldene talc after 1977 with respect to the R.T. Vanderbilt the constituent lements of Mouldene talc after 1977 with respect to the R.T. Vanderbilt the constituent lements of Mouldene talc after 1977 with respect to the R.T. Vanderbilt the constituent lements of Mouldene talc after 1977 with respect to the R.T. Vanderbilt the constituent lements of Mouldene talc after 1977 with respect to the R.T. Vanderbilt the constituent lements	(3)	A. That's correct.	(3) ambiguous.
1985, correct, when you went and joined the company? 19 A That's right. 20. They didn't mine out of there in could be aware of. 21. They didn't mine out of there in could be aware of. 22. They didn't mine out of there in could be aware of. 23. Q. They didn't mine out of there in could be aware of. 24. I know they didn't produce any products from that mine, that's my understanding. 25. When was the most recent time you met with Dr. Thompson many times, many periods of time. 26. Os far as you know, was there any could recomply recomply the constituent elements of Mouldene tate the constituent elements of Mouldene tate could be aware of. 26. Os far as you know, was there any could reposition? 27. A Not that I would be aware of. 28. When was the content of that, look for his advice and I want to be sure it's technically accurate and so forth, so it's kind of a project that's a work in progress. 28. A Not that I would be aware of. 29. What is the paper about? 29. What is t	(4)	Q. They didn't mine out of there in	(4) A. I met with Dr. Thompson many times.
company? A That's right. By MS. A Not that I was aware of. Chey didn't mine out of there in the save of Vanderbillt talc with Dr. Thompson prior to your deposition? A Not that I was aware of. Chey didn't mine out of there in the various area of the various and the various area of the various area of the various area of Vanderbillt talc with Dr. Thompson prior to your deposition? A Certainly. Chey didn't mine out of there in the various area of the various area of Vanderbillt talc with Dr. Thompson prior to your deposition? A Certainly. Chey long did you meet with Dr. Thompson many times, many periods of time. Chey products from that mine, that's my the various periods of time. Chey products from that mine, that's my the various periods of time. Chey products from that mine, that's my the various periods of time. Chey was the most recent time you met with Dr. Thompson many times, many periods of time. Chey the was the most recent time you met with Dr. Thompson many times, many periods of time. Chey the was the most recent time you met with Dr. Thompson many times, many periods of time. Chey the was the most recent time you met with Dr. Thompson many times, many periods of time. Chey was the most recent time you met with Dr. Thompson many times, many periods of time. Chey the was the most recent time you met with Dr. Thompson many times, many periods of time. Chey the was the most recent time you met with Dr. Thompson many times, many periods of time. Chey the was the most recent time you met with Dr. Thompson any times, many periods of time. Chey the was the most recent time you met with Dr. Thompson any times, many periods of time. Chey the was the most recent time you make the Dr. Thompson any times, many periods of time. Chey the was the most recent time you met with Dr. Thompson any times, many periods of time. Chey the was the most recent time you met with Dr. Thompson any time	(5)	-	
A That's right. 2	(6)		
4. Not that I was aware of. 4. Not that I was aware of. 4. Not that I was aware of. 4. Cartainly. 4. Cartainly. 5. Ca. They didn't mine out of there in 5. Thompson? 5. A. Not that I was aware of. 6. Ca. They didn't mine out of there in 6. Ca. What did you talk about at that 6. Ca. What is the paper about? 6.	(7)		
1987?	(8)		(8) Dr. Thompson prior to your deposition?
A Not that I was aware of. Q. They didn't mine out of there in 130	(9)	•	
Q. They didn't mine out of there in (22) 1989; is that right? (23) A Iknow they didn't produce any products from that mine, that's my understanding. (15) Understanding. (15) Understanding. (15) Understanding. (15) Understanding. (15) Understanding. (15) Understanding. (16) MR, RADCLIFFE: My computer is telling me that it's one minute after five. (18) MP MS, ABRAMS: (18) MP MS, ABRAMS: (18) MP MS, ABRAMS: (19) A War'e working on – I'm working on a paper on analytical issues and so I speak with I'm about the content of that, look for his advice and I want to be sure it's technically accurate and so forth, so it's kind of a project that's a work in progress. (19) A It's a document on analytical issues and so I speak with I'm about the content of that, look for his advice and I want to be sure it's technically accurate and so forth, so it's kind of a project that's a work in progress. (19) A It's a document on analytical issues, essentially why is it that people have instanced by this shouldn't take more than five or ten minutes when we can go. (19) A It's a document on analytical issues, essentially why is it that people have which shouldn't take more than five or ten minutes by everybody's clock, that's inc. (19) MR, RADCLIFFE: If it's going to be (19) MR, RADCLIFFE: If it's going to be (19) MR, RADCLIFFE: Good, case dismissed. (19) A I did tak to him about the memo that he wrote to Paul Vanderbill in which he described his analysis of those five talcs from IT. Essentially it was is this you know your recollection. I did that because I thought I would be asked about it. (19) MR, RADCLIFFE: Which has been provided. (29)	(10)	A. Not that I was aware of.	
1989; is that right? 123	(11)	Q. They didn't mine out of there in	
A. I know they didn't produce any products from that mine, that's my products from that mine, that's most many that we did at that meeting? A. We're working on – I'm working on a paper on analytical issues and so I speak with him about the content of that, look for that	(12)		
understanding. MR. RADCLIFFE: My computer is telling me that it's one minute after five. MR. RADCLIFFE: My computer is telling me that it's one minute after five. MR. RABCLIFFE: My computer is telling me that it's one minute after five. MR. RABCLIFFE: My computer is telling me that it's one minute after five. MR. RABCLIFFE: My computer is telling me that it's one minute after five. MR. RABCLIFFE: Wich has been provided. MR. RABCLIFFE: Good, case dismissed. MR. RADCLIFFE: Which has been provided. MR. RADCLIFFE: Which has bee	(13)	_	
Interview of the constituent elements of Mouldene talc Cappe	(14)		
telling me that it's one minute after five. BY MS. ABRAMS: Q. What did you talk about at that five. BY MS. ABRAMS: Q. So far as you know, was there any reason to sample test or otherwise evaluate to constituent elements of Mouldene talc after 1977 with respect to the R.T. Vanderbilt after 1977 with respect to the R.T. Vanderbilt corporation? Page 446 The page 448 The pag		•	
telling me that it's one minute after five. 139	(16)		
five. BY MS. ABRAMS; 199 A. We're working on – I'm working on a paper on analytical issues and so I speak with him about the content of that, look for his advice and I want to be sure it's technically accurate and so forth, so it's kind of a project that's a work in progress.			
19 BY MS. ABRAMS: Corporation?			
20 Q. So far as you know, was there any reason to sample test or otherwise evaluate the constituent elements of Mouldene talc the constituent to be sure it's talca as after 1977 with respect to the R.T. Vanderbilt technically accurate and so forth, so it's kind of a project that's a work in progress. Page 446 Page 448 A. It's a document on analytical issues, essentially why is it that people have mischaracterized the minerals in Vanderbilt talca as asbestos, why is that, what's the issue, what are the strengths and weaknesses, the various analytical protocols relative to that error. MR. RADCLIFFE: If it's going to be fine. MR. RADCLIFFE: Very best and ten minutes by everybody's clock, that's fine. MR. RADCLIFFE: Very best and ten minutes are not — fine. MR. RADCLIFFE: Good, case dismissed. MR. RADCLIFFE: Good, case dismissed. MR. RADCLIFFE: Good, case dismissed. MR. RADCLIFFE: Which has been provided. MR.			
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- (1) customer files you -- did you specifically
- (2) look to see if National Gypsum, Georgia-
- (3) Pacific, DAP or anyone else had asked for a
- (4) confirmation that there was no asbestos in the
- (5) talc, regardless of time period?
- (6) A. Well, unfortunately, I did it from
- (7) 1990 back thinking that that -- I don't know
- (8) why I had that stuck in my head.
- (9) Q. Just to let you know, I think that
- (10) was a reasonable mistake on your part, sir,
- (11) because there were several categories and some
- of them were limited to 1990 and others
- (13) weren't, so if that was ambiguous or unclear,
- then that's probably what happened there. So
- (15) I hear you that you only looked to 1990. So
- (16) you wouldn't know, as you sit here, whether
- there was anything after 1990?
- (18) A. Other than what I just mentioned.
- (19) I know there's DAP and that's the only one I'm
- (20) certain of. I would have to look.
- (21) Q. Did you look in -- do you have a
- (22) Johns Manville file?
- (23) A. Another by year, I would have to
- (24) look.
- (25) Q. So in order to find anything about

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- (1) any discussions, you would have to go to every
- (2) yearly file and look for the individual's, the
- (3) individual entity per year, in that year?
- (4) A. Yeah, whatever correspondence
- (5) ensued during that year, a copy of that
- (6) correspondence would be in the file and some
- years there's hardly anything in it, and other
- (8) years there's a lot, so they're not all --
- (9) they're quite variable.
- (10) **Q.** How far back do those files go?
- (11) A: They go back to when I started 1985
- (12) and then I do have a file that says pre '85 in
- (13) which I put whatever I inherited from my
- (14) predecessor which is where I think the
- (15) documents came from for, was it Georgia-
- (16) Pacific, or I forget, it was 1984. So that
- (17) would have come from that older file.
- (18) **Q.** DAP.
- (19) A. DAP.
- (20) Q. So sir, from pre 1985 all the way
- up through 1990, you have researched all the
- names with the exception NL and Johns Manville
- (23) which you didn't know to look for; is that
- (24) right?
- (25) A. That's correct, as I indicated.

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- Q. And then from 1990 forward in those
- years you didn't look for those for anything?
- A. Correct.
- (4) Q. And do you have, sir, in your own
 - files any file, not in date order, but a file
- (6) that has information about Johns Manville
- (7) other than what might be in those
- (8) chronological files?
 - A. I have -- I don't.
 - Q. Did you when you looked in
- (11) Mr. Thompson's lab, look for a file that had
- (12) to do with Johns Manville?
- (13) A. Oh, I'm sorry, there are so many
- (14) files and so many papers. I mentioned a file
- (15) that said key talc documents, 1984 back. And
- (16) I know that there was an interchange with
- (17) Johns Manville before my time and I believe
- (18) material relative to that interchange in a
- (19) meeting, I guess, and some correspondence back
- (20) and forth is in that file and that file was
- (21) produced.
- (22) Q. Okay. Did you look in under
- (23) Thompson's files for files regarding Johns
- (24) Manville?
- (25) A. I didn't, I didn't see any.

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- (1) Q. You would have noticed if it was
- (2) there?

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- (3) A. Yeah, if there was something that
- (4) said Johns Manville, they would have caught my
 - eye, but then I would have checked to see if
- (6) it was what I already had.
 - Q. And that didn't happen because it
- (8) wasn't there, right?
 - A. Right.
 - Q. Are you aware that the R.T.
- (11) Vanderbilt Company is no longer mining talc
- (12) from the Arnold pit and the Gouverneur mines?
- (13) A. Yes.
 - Q. When did they stop mining talc?
 - A. At the end of I think it was the
- (16) end of 2007 or no, it was the end of 2008.
 - Q. In the documents that you provided
- (18) for us in the surveys and assessments
- (19) regarding the Arnold pit, there's information
- (20) that says that there are reserves of ore in
- (21) the Arnold pit that can last for hundreds of
- (22) years, are you aware of that?
- (23) A. I've heard something along that
 - line, but I have no direct recollection of any
 - document that said that. I've heard people

	Page 453	Page 455
(1)	say the ore was pretty extensive.	(1) seen it.
(2)	Q. So it's correct that mining didn't	(2) Q. And does it have any anthophyllite?
(3)	stop in the Arnold pit because the ore was	(3) A. Not to my knowledge, I've never had
(4)	depleted there, that's right, isn't it?	(4) that reported, never saw it.
(5)	A. That's my understanding, yes.	(5) Q. Does it have any tremolite?
(6)	Q. But the R.T. Vanderbilt company	(6) A. I've never seen that reported in it
(7)	closed up shop in the Gouverneur area and no	(7) either.
(8)	longer mines there; is that right?	(8) Q. And it doesn't have any fibrous
(9)	MR. RADCLIFFE:	(9) talc in it, does it?
(10)	Objection, argumentative, misstates prior	(10) A. No, it's from another area miles
(11)	testimony.	(11) and miles from that talc belt.
(12)	A. No longer mines talc there.	(12) Q. Have you seen any studies, animal,
(13)	Q. That's right. They continue to	cell or epidemiological on that material
(14)	mine the product that whose name I have a	showing that it causes cancer?
(15)	real problem with, it's called Wollastonite,	(15) MR. RADCLIFFE: Objection, asked and
(16)	correct?	answered, vague, ambiguous.
(17)	A. Yes, that's right.	(17) A. There are a number of studies on
(18)	Q. And that's a product that has a	(18) Wollastonite. Every single one demonstrates
(19)	different mineralogical makeup than the Nytal	that it has no greater risk than a nuisance
(20)	products, correct?	(20) dust and the reason for that is it's very
(21)	A. Completely different.	soluble, it has a half life in the body of
(22)	Q. And it's completely different than	(22) about two weeks.
(23)	Mouldene, isn't it?	(23) MR. RADCLIFFE: It's 5:14.
(24)	A. Absolutely.	(24) MS. ABRAMS: You gave me four extra
(25)	Q. And in fact, it doesn't have fibers	minutes. So let me state for the record,
		t control of the cont
	Page 454	Page 456
(1)	Page 454 in it, does it?	Page 456 (1) sir, that I believe we've gotten through
(1)	~	
	in it, does it?	sir, that I believe we've gotten through
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	Page 457	ĺ	Page 459
(1)	it is not finished because I have not been	(1)	TRANSCRIPT CORRECTIONS
(2)	provided an opportunity to ask my	(2)	REPORTER: MARIAN E. CUMMINGS, LSR
(3)	questions.	(3)	CASE NUMBER: RG 08-426405
(4)	MS. ABRAMS: And I will state, for	(4)	CASE STYLE:
(5)	the record, that it is 5:15. I'm prepared	(5)	ERIC WESTON
(6)	to stay here until midnight, if necessary,	(6)	VS.
(7)	to finish my portion of what I have in	(7)	ASBESTOS CORPORATION LIMITED, ET AL.
(8)	front of me, but I understand that the	(8)	PAGE LINE CORRECTION REASON
(9)	witness needs to leave and so we will leave	(9)	·
(10)	for the day.	(10)	
(11)	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Off the record,	(11)	
(12)	5:16.	(12)	
(13)	(Whereupon, the deposition was suspended at	(13)	
(14)	5:16 p.m.)	(14)	
(15)		(15)	
(16)		(16)	
(17)		(17)	
(18)		(18)	
(19)		(19)	
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(22)		(22)	
(23)		(23)	
(25)		(24)	NAME:
(20)		(25)	DATE:
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	Page 458		Page 460
(1)	Page 458 JURAT	(1)	Page 460 CERTIFICATE
(1)	•	(2)	CERTIFICATE
	•	(2)	CERTIFICATE STATE OF CONNECTICUT I, MARIAN E. CUMMINGS, a Licensed Shorthand Reporter/Notary Public within and for the State of
(2)	JURAT	(2) (3) (4)	CERTIFICATE STATE OF CONNECTICUT I, MARIAN E. CUMMINGS, a Licensed Shorthand Reporter/Notary Public within and for the State of Connecticut, do hereby certify that I reported the deposition of JOHN KELSE on August 26, 2009, at the
(2) (3)	JURAT I, JOHN KELSE, do hereby certify that the foregoing	(2) (3) (4) (5)	CERTIFICATE STATE OF CONNECTICUT I MARIAN F. CLIMMINGS, a Licensed Shorthand
(2) (3) (4)	JURAT I, JOHN KELSE, do hereby certify that the foregoing testimony given by me on August 26, 2009, is true and	(2) (3) (4)	CERTIFICATE STATE OF CONNECTICUT I, MARIAN E. CUMMINGS, a Licensed Shorthand Reporter/Notary Public within and for the State of Connecticut, do hereby certify that I reported the deposition of JOHN KELSE on August 26, 2009, at the Marriott Stamford, 243 Tresser Boulevard, Stamford, Connecticut 06901.
(2) (3) (4) (5)	JURAT I, JOHN KELSE, do hereby certify that the foregoing testimony given by me on August 26, 2009, is true and accurate, including any corrections noted on the	(2) (3) (4) (5)	CERTIFICATE STATE OF CONNECTICUT I, MARIAN E. CUMMINGS, a Licensed Shorthand Reporter/Notary Public within and for the State of Connecticut, do hereby certify that I reported the deposition of JOHN KELSE on August 26, 2009, at the Marriott Stamford, 243 Tresser Boulevard, Stamford, Connecticut 06901. I further certify that the above-named deponent was by me first duly sworn to testify to the truth, the whole
(2) (3) (4) (5) (6)	JURAT I, JOHN KELSE, do hereby certify that the foregoing testimony given by me on August 26, 2009, is true and accurate, including any corrections noted on the corrections page, to the best of my knowledge and	(2) (3) (4) (5) (6)	CERTIFICATE STATE OF CONNECTICUT I, MARIAN E. CUMMINGS, a Licensed Shorthand Reporter/Notary Public within and for the State of Connecticut, do hereby certify that I reported the deposition of JOHN KELSE on August 26, 2009, at the Marriott Stamford, 243 Tresser Boulevard, Stamford, Connecticut 06901. I further certify that the above-named deponent was by me first duly sworn to testify to the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth concerning his/her knowledge in the matter of the case of ERIC WESTON vs.
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C	oncordance Report	310:5	415:21; 417:25; 433:7	1980 [6]	12; 356:4; 399:4
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