





- Both fires and firefighter fatalities have decreased
- Relatively constant firefighter fatality rate
- The rate of traumatic fatalities has increased

Structural Firefighting



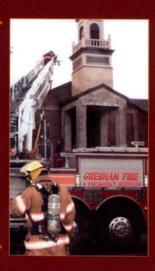
- Collapse
- Rapid Fire Progress
- Disorientation

Anecdotal evidence points to a lack of experience as a causal factor in these situations

NIOSH Recommendations

- 1. SOP/SOG
- 2. Communications
- 3. Rapid Intervention
- 4. PASS Devices
- 5. Accountability
- 6. Situation Assessment
- 7. On-Scene Resources
- Incident Safety Officer

What is missing from this list?

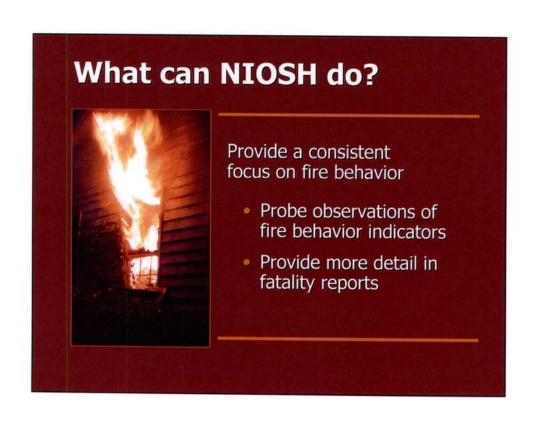


Reports related to structural firefighting traumatic fatalities

Specific recommendations related to fire behavior

Incidents where fire behavior was a factor in the fatalities

35



What can NIOSH do?

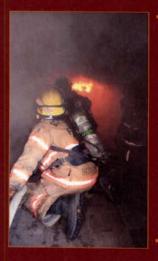


Examine the impact of training, experience, and expertise

- Casualties
- Incident Decision-Makers

If they had known what was going to happen, would they have taken the same course of action?

What can NIOSH do?



If fire behavior is a causal or contributing factor, make an explicit recommendation for in-depth fire behavior training and its application in a realistic context.

