NATIONAL CENTER FOR HEALTH STATISTICS

National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey: 2021 Emergency Department Summary Tables

The Ambulatory and Hospital Care Statistics Branch is pleased to release the most current nationally representative data on ambulatory care visits to hospital emergency departments (EDs) in the United States. Estimates are presented on selected hospital, patient, and visit characteristics using data collected in the 2021 National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey (NHAMCS). NHAMCS is an annual, nationally representative sample survey of visits to hospitals.

The sampling frame for the 2021 NHAMCS was constructed from IQVIA's database. NHAMCS used a multistage probability design with samples of primary sampling units, hospitals within primary sampling units, and patient visits within emergency service areas of each selected hospital. A total of 470 hospitals were selected for the 2021 NHAMCS, of which, 377 were in scope and had eligible EDs. Of these, 337 responded, yielding an unweighted ED response rate of 89.4% (91.2% weighted). A total of 502 emergency service areas were identified from the EDs. Of these, 233 responded fully or adequately by providing forms for at least one-half of their expected visits, based on the total number of visits during the reporting period. In all, 16,107 Patient Record Forms were submitted electronically. The resulting unweighted emergency service area sample response rate was 46.4% (50.5% weighted), and the overall unweighted two-stage sampling response rate was 41.5% (46.0% weighted).

The U.S. Census Bureau collected data electronically for the 2021 NHAMCS using a computerized instrument that it developed. Census field representatives completed a Product Request Form for a sample of about 100 ED visits during a randomly assigned 4-week reporting period. The content of the Product Request Form may be viewed at: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/ahcd/ahcd_survey_instruments.htm#nhamcs.

RTI International (Research Triangle Park, North Carolina) processed the data and performed medical coding. As part of the quality assurance procedure, a 10.8% quality control sample of ED survey records was independently keyed and coded. Coding error rates ranged from 0.2% to 4.7% for the ED sample. For more details, see the 2021 NHAMCS public-use data file documentation, available from: https://ftp.cdc.gov/pub/Health Statistics/NCHS/Dataset Documentation/NHAMCS/doc21-ed-508.pdf.

Analyses were conducted using data from a restricted-use data file. A public use version of this file is available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/ahcd/datasets_documentation_related.htm. Count estimates and measures of variance could differ between the restricted-use and public-use data files. Information for accessing the restricted use data file is available from: https://www.cdc.gov/rdc/index.htm. Web table estimates are based on sample data weighted to produce annual national estimates and include standard errors. The sample weight computed for each sample visit considers all stages of survey design. The survey data are inflated or weighted to produce unbiased national annual estimates. The visit weight includes three basic components: inflation by reciprocals of selection probabilities, adjustment for nonresponse, and population ratio adjustments. Estimates of the sampling variability were calculated using the Taylor series method in SUDAAN, which accounts for the complex sample design of NHAMCS. Detailed information on the design, conduct, and estimation procedures of the 2021 NHAMCS are discussed in the public-use data file documentation, available from: https://ftp.cdc.gov/pub/Health_Statistics/NCHS/Dataset_Documentation/NHAMCS/doc21-ed-508.pdf.



As in any survey, results are subject to sampling and nonsampling errors. Nonsampling errors include reporting and processing errors as well as biases due to nonresponse and incomplete response. In 2021, race data were missing for 20.3% (unweighted) of ED records, and ethnicity data were missing for 15.3% (unweighted) of ED records. The National Center for Health Statistics uses model-based single imputation for NHAMCS race and ethnicity data. The race imputation, based on research by an internal work group, is restricted to three categories (Black, White, and Other) because of quality concerns with imputed estimates for race categories other than Black and White. The imputation technique is described in more detail in the public-use data file documentation, available from: https://ftp.cdc.gov/pub/Health_Statistics/NCHS/Dataset Documentation/NHAMCS/doc21-ed-508.pdf.

Because of the COVID-19 pandemic, data collection procedures for the National Health Care Surveys, including NHAMCS, were adapted to ensure that data collection continued. Although changes to data collection occurred, no substantive changes were made to the survey instrument. However, NCHS staff reviewed verbatim notes and medication code entries for any mentions of COVID-19 and created a new variable to reflect this information. NHAMCS ED diagnosis data are coded according to the *International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision, Clinical Modification* (ICD-10-CM). Five tables (Tables 6, 10, 11, 15, and 25) that present estimates of primary diagnoses, injury diagnoses, and primary hospital discharge diagnoses use ICD-10-CM codes. Starting April 1, 2020, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention released guidelines for reporting COVID-19 with ICD-10-CM codes (available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/icd/COVID-19-guidelines-final.pdf). The code U07.1 in the chapter "Codes for special purposes" was created and assigned for a confirmed COVID-19 diagnosis. Two tables (10 and 25) include this chapter, and the code U07.1 is the only code in the 2021 data from this chapter.

Proportion estimates are not presented or are flagged based on the procedure specified in "National Center for Health Statistics Data Presentation Standards for Proportions," available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_175.pdf. For all estimates other than estimates of proportions, the following approach is used: Visit estimates are not presented if they are based on fewer than 30 cases in the sample data, in which case only an asterisk (*) appears. Visit estimates based on 30 or more cases include an asterisk if the relative standard error of the estimate exceeds 30%.

Suggested citation: Cairns C, Kang K. National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey: 2021 emergency department summary tables. Available from: https://ftp.cdc.gov/pub/Health_Statistics/NCHS/Dataset_Documentation/NHAMCS/doc21-ed-508.pdf.

Table 1. Emergency department visits, by patient age, sex, and residence, and hospital region: United States, 2021

	Number of visits	Doroont distribution	Number of visits
Patient characteristic	(standard error) in thousands	Percent distribution (standard error)	per 100 people ¹ (standard error)
All visits	139,781 (8,457)	100.0	42.7 (2.6)
Age group (years) ¹			
Under 15	24,644 (3,301)	17.6 (2.0)	40.7 (5.5)
Under 1	3,676 (630)	2.6 (0.4)	103.2 (17.7)
1–4	9,396 (1,372)	6.7 (0.8)	61.6 (9.0)
5–14	11,572 (1,413)	8.3 (0.8)	27.7 (3.4)
15–24		` ,	` '
25–44	17,604 (1,148)	12.6 (0.4) 27.6 (1.0)	41.8 (2.7)
	38,561 (2,691)	` ,	44.3 (3.1)
15–64	31,863 (2,146)	22.8 (0.8)	38.5 (2.6)
65 and over	27,109 (1,904)	19.4 (0.9)	49.6 (3.5)
65–74	13,191 (927)	9.4 (0.4)	39.4 (2.8)
75 and over	13,918 (1,090)	10.0 (0.6)	65.5 (5.1)
Sex and age group (years)			
⁼ emale ¹	75,609 (4,756)	54.1 (0.6)	45.5 (2.9)
Under 15	11,516 (1,518)	8.2 (0.9)	39.0 (5.1)
15–24	10,939 (771)	7.8 (0.3)	52.2 (3.7)
25–44	21,919 (1,618)	15.7 (0.6)	50.1 (3.7)
45–64	16,183 (1,147)	11.6 (0.4)	38.5 (2.7)
65–74	6,731 (521)	4.8 (0.3)	38.0 (2.9)
75 and over	8,320 (728)	6.0 (0.4)	68.5 (6.0)
Male ¹	64,173 (3,883)	45.9 (0.6)	39.9 (2.4)
Under 15	13,128 (1,834)	9.4 (1.1)	42.4 (5.9)
15–24	6,665 (484)	4.8 (0.2)	31.4 (2.3)
25–44	16,642 (1,201)	11.9 (0.5)	38.5 (2.8)
45–64	15,680 (1,154)	11.2 (0.6)	38.5 (2.8)
65–74	,	4.6 (0.2)	` ,
75 and over	6,460 (479) 5,598 (469)	` ,	41.0 (3.0) 61.5 (5.1)
75 and over	5,596 (409)	4.0 (0.3)	61.5 (5.1)
Residence			
Private residence ¹	129,931 (8,285)	93.0 (1.3)	39.7 (2.5)
Nursing home ²	2,618 (358)	1.9 (0.2)	220.0 (30.1)
Homeless ³	1,634 (243)	1.2 (0.2)	
Other	1,319 (177)	0.9 (0.1)	0.4 (0.1)
Jnknown or blank	**4,280 (1,726)	*	*
Urban–rural classification ⁴			
arge central metropolitan	40,410 (5,604)	28.9 (3.3)	
_arge fringe metropolitan	25,465 (4,280)	18.2 (2.8)	
Medium metropolitan	29,925 (5,265)	21.4 (3.6)	
Small metropolitan	12,170 (3,523)	8.7 (2.4)	
Aicropolitan	11,641 (2,830)	8.3 (2.0)	
Noncore (nonmetropolitan)	12,744 (2,372)	9.1 (1.8)	
Jnknown or blank	7,427 (2,067)	5.3 (1.5)	
Geographic region ⁵	, , ,	,	
Northeast	23,905 (3,007)	17.1 (2.0)	42.3 (5.3)
Vidwest	31,291 (3,264)	22.4 (2.2)	46.1 (4.8)
South	53,418 (5,632)	38.2 (3.0)	42.7 (4.5)
West	31,168 (4,489)	22.3 (2.8)	40.2 (5.8)
//でつし	51,100 (4,409)	ZZ.J (Z.O)	40.∠ (3.0)

Table 1. Emergency department visits, by patient age, sex, and esidence, and hospital region: United States, 2021—Con.

- . Category not applicable
- ... Category not applicable.

 ** Estimate meets National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability, but its complement does not.
- * Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability. Visit estimates are not presented if they are based on fewer than 30 cases in the sample data; only an asterisk is shown. Visit estimates based on 30 cases or more include an asterisk if the relative standard error of the estimate exceeds 30%. Proportion estimates are not presented if they are unreliable based on the procedure specified in "National Center for Health Statistics Data Presentation Standards for Proportions" (available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/ sr02_175.pdf), in which case only an asterisk is shown.
- 1/Visit rates for age group, sex, and private residence are based on estimates of the U.S. civilian noninstitutionalized population as of July 1, 2021, from the U.S. Census Bureau, Population
- ²Visit rates for nursing home residents are based on the 2021 population denominators from the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, 2021 Minimum Data Set Frequency Reports, available from: https://data.cms.gov/quality-of-care/minimum-data-set-frequency.
- 3As described in "The 2021 Annual Homeless Assessment Report (AHAR) to Congress," available from: https://www.huduser.gov/portal/sites/default/files/pdf/2021-AHAR-Part-1.pdf, the COVID-19 pandemic caused complications for calculating the number of homelessness in the United States. Due to this limitation, the rate of ED visits made by homeless residents is not shown.
- ⁴For each record, county of residence was determined using patient ZIP code and then matched to the NCHS Urban-Rural Classification Scheme for Counties, available from: https://www.cdc. gov/nchs/data access/urban rural.htm.
- ⁵Refers to the geographic region of the emergency department. For geographic region, population denominators differ for each category and do not add to the total population rate. For other variables, the denominator is the total population
- NOTE: Numbers may not add to totals due to rounding.
- SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics. National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey, 2021.

Table 2. Emergency department visits, by patient race, age, and ethnicity: United States, 2021

Patient characteristic	Number of visits (standard error) in thousands	Percent distribution (standard error)	Number of visits per 100 people ¹ (standard error)
All visits	139,781 (8,457)	100.0	42.7 (2.6)
Race ² and age group (years)			
Black or African American	34,808 (3,280)	24.9 (1.9)	79.5 (7.5)
Under 15	6,785 (1,054)	4.9 (0.7)	72.6 (11.3)
15–24	4,953 (454)	3.5 (0.3)	80.1 (7.3)
25–44	10,873 (1,103)	7.8 (0.7)	87.4 (8.9)
45–64	7,783 (886)	5.6 (0.6)	74.4 (8.5)
65–74	2,437 (363)	1.7 (0.2)	69.7 (10.4)
75 and over	1,977 (352)	1.4 (0.2)	105.9 (18.9)
White	99,266 (6,838)	71.0 (1.9)	40.0 (2.8)
Under 15	16,427 (2,212)	11.8 (1.3)	38.4 (5.2)
15–24	11,986 (952)	8.6 (0.4)	38.8 (3.1)
25–44	26,228 (2,077)	18.8 (0.8)	40.8 (3.2)
45–64	22,892 (1,749)	16.4 (0.7)	35.3 (2.7)
65–74	10,295 (796)	7.4 (0.4)	37.3 (2.9)
75 and over	11,438 (956)	8.2 (0.5)	63.8 (5.3)
Other race groups ³	5,708 (552)	4.1 (0.4)	16.2 (1.6)
Race and ethnicity ²			
Hispanic or Latino	22,105 (2,490)	15.8 (1.5)	35.6 (4.0)
Not Hispanic or Latino	117,676 (7,350)	84.2 (1.5)	44.4 (2.8)
Black or African American	32,874 (3,213)	23.5 (1.9)	80.9 (7.9)
White	79,789 (5,824)	57.1 (2.1)	41.1 (3.0)
Other race groups ³	5,014 (551)	3.6 (0.4)	16.5 (1.8)

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹ Visit rates are based on estimates of the U.S. civilian noninstitutionalized population as of July 1, 2021, from the U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division.

²The race groups Black or African American, White, and Other race groups include people of Hispanic and non-Hispanic origin. People of Hispanic origin may be of any race. For 2021, race data were missing for 20.3% (weighted) of visits, and ethnicity data were missing for 15.3% (weighted) of visits. Starting with 2009 data, the National Center for Health Statistics adopted the technique of model-based single imputation for National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey race and ethnicity data. The race imputation was restricted to three categories (Black, White, and Other race groups) based on research by an internal work group and on quality concerns with imputed estimates for race categories other than Black and White. The imputation technique is described in more detail in the 2021 National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey public-use data file documentation, available from: https://ftp.cdc.gov/pub/Health_Statistics/NCHS/Dataset_Documentation/NHAMCS/doc21-ed-508.pdf.

³Includes American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, and people of more than one race.

Table 3. Wait time at emergency department visits: United States, 2021

Visit characteristic	Number of visits (standard error) in thousands	Percent distribution (standard error)
All visits	139,781 (8,457)	100.0
Time spent waiting to see a physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant ¹		
Less than 15 minutes	58,442 (4,615)	41.8 (1.9)
15–59 minutes	43,213 (3,438)	30.9 (1.3)
1 hour, but less than 2 hours	11,960 (1,369)	8.6 (0.7)
2 hours, but less than 3 hours	4,573 (599)	3.3 (0.3)
3 hours, but less than 4 hours	1,799 (308)	1.3 (0.2)
4 hours, but less than 6 hours	1,331 (256)	1.0 (0.2)
6 hours or more	483 (137)	0.3 (0.1)
Not applicable	4,069 (500)	2.9 (0.3)
Blank	13,912 (2,364)	10.0 (1.8)
Time spent in the emergency department		
Less than 1 hour	11,435 (1,018)	8.2 (0.6)
1 hour, but less than 2 hours	24,394 (1,797)	17.5 (0.8)
2 hours, but less than 4 hours	48,147 (3,616)	34.4 (1.0)
4 hours, but less than 6 hours	25,408 (1,904)	18.2 (0.7)
6 hours, but less than 10 hours	15,600 (1,241)	11.2 (0.6)
10 hours, but less than 14 hours	3,140 (316)	2.2 (0.2)
14 hours, but less than 24 hours	2,933 (324)	2.1 (0.2)
24 hours or more	2,846 (533)	2.0 (0.3)
Blank	5,878 (1,551)	4.2 (1.1)
Patient arrived in emergency department after business hours ²		
Yes	76,697 (4,957)	54.9 (0.8)
No	59,528 (3,858)	42.6 (0.7)
Blank	3,556 (1,481)	2.5 (1.1)

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹The median wait time to see a physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant was 16 minutes; the mean wait time to see a physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant was 37.5 minutes.

²Business hours are defined as Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Table 4. Mode of arrival at emergency department, by patient age: United States, 2021

	Number of visits —	Patient's mode of arrival					
Age group (years)	in thousands	Total ¹	Ambulance	Other	Unknown or blank		
		Percent distribution (standard error)					
All visits	139,781	100.0	17.6 (0.9)	79.7 (1.2)	2.8 (0.9)		
Under 15	24,644	100.0	5.1 (0.7)	91.3 (1.8)	*		
Under 1	3,676	100.0	*	**90.0 (5.1)	*		
1–4	9,396	100.0	4.9 (1.0)	92.6 (1.2)	2.5 (0.8)		
5–14	11,572	100.0	5.8 (0.9)	90.7 (2.1)	*		
15–24	17,604	100.0	10.7 (1.0)	87.0 (1.2)	2.4 (0.8)		
25–44	38,561	100.0	13.7 (0.8)	83.4 (1.2)	2.9 (1.1)		
45–64	31,863	100.0	20.8 (1.0)	77.0 (1.2)	2.2 (0.6)		
65 and over	27,109	100.0	35.2 (1.6)	62.1 (1.7)	2.7 (0.8)		
65–74	13,191	100.0	27.9 (1.8)	68.9 (2.0)	3.3 (1.0)		
75 and over	13,918	100.0	42.2 (2.0)	55.7 (2.0)	2.1 (0.7)		

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability. Visit estimates are not presented if they are based on fewer than 30 cases in the sample data; only an asterisk is shown. Visit estimates based on 30 cases or more include an asterisk if the relative standard error of the estimate exceeds 30%. Proportion estimates are not presented if they are unreliable based on the procedure specified in "National Center for Health Statistics Data Presentation Standards for Proportions" (available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_175.pdf), in which case only an asterisk is shown.

^{...}Category not applicable.

^{**} Estimate meets National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability, but its complement does not.

Arrival by ambulance was the mode of arrival for 24,570,000 visits; arrival by other mode was the mode of arrival for 115,211,000 visits.

NOTE: Numbers may not add to totals due to rounding.

Table 5. Expected source of payment at emergency department visits: United States, 2021

Expected source of payment	Number of visits ¹ (standard error) in thousands	Percent of visits (standard error)
All visits	139,781 (8,457)	
Private insurance	45,097 (3,380)	32.3 (1.5)
Medicaid or CHIP ² or other state-based program	52,083 (4,042)	37.3 (1.7)
Medicare	27,791 (2,219)	19.9 (1.1)
Medicare and Medicaid ³	4,996 (668)	3.6 (0.4)
No insurance ⁴	9,345 (1,575)	6.7 (1.0)
Self-pay	9,076 (1,571)	6.5 (1.0)
No charge or charity	410 (132)	0.3 (0.1)
Worker's compensation	665 (111)	0.5 (0.1)
Other	5,878 (580)	4.2 (0.3)
Unknown or blank	13,301 (2,689)	9.5 (1.9)

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹Total number of visits exceeds "All visits" and percent of visits exceeds 100% because more than one source of payment may be reported per visit.

²Children's Health Insurance Program.

³Visits are also included in the "Medicaid or CHIP or other state-based program" and "Medicare" categories.

⁴Defined as having only self-pay, no charge, or charity as payment sources.

NOTE: Numbers may not add to totals due to rounding.

Table 6. Triage status of emergency department visits, by selected patient characteristics: United States, 2021

Patient and visit characteristics	Number of visits in thousands	Total	Level 1 (immediate)	Level 2 (emergent)	Level 3 (urgent)	Level 4 (semiurgent)	Level 5 (nonurgent)	No triage ¹	Unknown or blank
			Percent distribution (standard error)						
All visits	139,781	100.0	*	10.4 (1.0)	34.8 (2.6)	18.3 (1.7)	2.5 (0.3)	*	23.1 (3.4)
Age group (years)									
Under 15	24,644	100.0	*	4.6 (0.8)	17.9 (2.5)	31.3 (4.7)	4.5 (1.2)	*	26.8 (6.4)
Under 1	3,676	100.0	*	*	19.1 (5.2)	29.2 (5.5)	*	*	*
1–4	9,396	100.0	*	4.5 (1.2)	14.4 (2.3)	33.3 (5.6)	*	*	28.6 (7.1)
5–14	11,572	100.0	*	4.5 (0.9)	20.3 (2.7)	30.3 (4.2)	4.8 (1.2)	*	24.7 (5.9)
15–24	17,604	100.0	*	7.6 (0.9)	34.8 (2.9)	22.4 (2.1)	3.5 (0.6)	*	22.4 (3.7)
25–44	38,561	100.0	*	9.3 (0.9)	38.5 (2.9)	17.7 (1.6)	2.0 (0.3)	*	22.8 (3.5)
45–64	31,863	100.0	*	12.6 (1.5)	38.8 (3.0)	14.2 (1.3)	2.0 (0.4)	*	22.0 (3.6)
35 and over	27,109	100.0	*	16.3 (1.6)	39.9 (3.1)	9.7 (1.1)	1.3 (0.4)	7.3 (2.2)	22.0 (3.8)
65–74	13,191	100.0	*	15.1 (1.7)	40.5 (3.2)	12.1 (1.4)	1.5 (0.5)	*	20.4 (3.7)
75 and over	13,918	100.0	*	17.5 (2.0)	39.3 (3.5)	7.3 (1.0)	1.0 (0.4)	*	23.4 (4.3)
	10,010	100.0	•••	17.0 (2.0)	00.0 (0.0)	7.0 (1.0)	1.0 (0.1)	•••	20.1 (1.0)
Sex	75.000	400.0		0.0 (0.0)	07.4 (0.0)	40.4 (4.7)	0.0 (0.4)		00.0 (0.5)
emale	75,609	100.0	*	9.6 (0.9)	37.1 (2.8)	18.1 (1.7)	2.3 (0.4)	*	22.6 (3.5)
Male	64,173	100.0	*	11.2 (1.1)	32.0 (2.5)	18.6 (1.7)	2.8 (0.4)	*	23.7 (3.5)
Race ²									
Black or African American	34,808	100.0	1.4 (0.6)	9.8 (1.3)	33.8 (3.6)	20.5 (2.4)	2.7 (0.5)	*	24.0 (4.3)
White	99,266	100.0	*	10.5 (1.0)	35.2 (2.7)	17.7 (1.7)	2.5 (0.4)	*	22.6 (3.7)
Other race groups ³	5,708	100.0	*	11.1 (1.8)	32.1 (4.1)	15.4 (2.9)	1.2 (0.4)	*	26.6 (5.0)
Ethnicity and race ²									
Hispanic or Latino	22,105	100.0	*	7.3 (0.9)	34.9 (3.8)	23.7 (3.5)	3.6 (1.0)	*	20.6 (4.3)
Not Hispanic or Latino	117,676	100.0	*	10.9 (1.1)	34.7 (2.7)	17.3 (1.5)	2.3 (0.3)	*	23.6 (3.6)
Black or African American	32,873	100.0	1.4 (0.7)	10.0 (1.4)	33.9 (3.7)	19.8 (2.4)	2.5 (0.5)	*	24.2 (4.5)
White	79.789	100.0	*	11.3 (1.2)	35.2 (2.8)	16.5 (1.5)	2.2 (0.4)	*	23.0 (4.0)
Other race groups ³	5,014	100.0	*	11.4 (1.9)	32.4 (4.3)	14.1 (2.7)	1.4 (0.5)	*	28.2 (5.3)
Expected source of payment ⁴	•			,	,	,	,		,
Private insurance	45,097	100.0	*	11.4 (1.3)	36.8 (2.9)	16.9 (1.5)	1.8 (0.4)	*	22.8 (3.7)
Medicaid or CHIP ⁵ or other	40,097	100.0	•••	11.4 (1.3)	30.0 (2.9)	10.9 (1.3)	1.0 (0.4)		22.0 (3.7)
state-based program	52,083	100.0	*	8.0 (0.8)	32.2 (2.9)	21.9 (2.4)	3.6 (0.5)	*	23.3 (3.9)
Medicare	27,791	100.0	*	15.7 (1.7)	38.2 (3.4)	10.3 (1.2)	1.6 (0.4)	*	23.9 (4.3)
Medicare and Medicaid ⁶	4,996	100.0	2.3 (0.7)	15.0 (2.5)	40.3 (4.1)	11.6 (2.2)	2.2 (0.8)	*	21.8 (4.3)
No insurance ⁷	9,345	100.0	0.9 (0.4)	9.0 (1.3)	40.9 (3.3)	23.6 (2.7)	2.8 (0.9)	*	17.8 (4.7)
Norker's compensation	665	100.0	*	*	29.0 (5.6)	25.8 (5.1)	*	*	*
Other	5,878	100.0	*	12.3 (1.9)	30.4 (5.2)	20.9 (3.1)	2.8 (1.0)	*	*
Unknown or blank	13,301	100.0	1.8 (0.8)	11.2 (3.3)	33.1 (6.1)	14.2 (2.8)	1.9 (0.6)	*	*

Table 6. Triage status of emergency department visits, by selected patient characteristics: United States, 2021—Con.

* Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability. Visit estimates are not presented if they are based on fewer than 30 cases in the sample data; only an asterisk is shown. Visit estimates based on 30 cases or more include an asterisk if the relative standard error of the estimate exceeds 30%. Proportion estimates are not presented if they are unreliable based on the procedure specified in "National Center for Health Statistics Data Presentation Standards for Proportions" (available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr 02/sr02 175.pdf), in which case only an asterisk is shown.

... Category not applicable.

1A visit in which the emergency service area coded nursing triage as zero (had admitted to hospital or treated immediately) or visit occurred in an emergency service area that does not conduct triage.

²The race groups Black or African American, White, and Other race groups include people of Hispanic and non-Hispanic origin. People of Hispanic origin may be of any race. Starting with 2009 data, the National Center for Health Statistics adopted the technique of model-based single imputation for National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey race and ethnicity data. The race imputation was restricted to three categories (Black, White, and Other race groups) based on research by an internal work group and on quality concerns with imputed estimates for race categories other than Black or White. The imputation technique is described in more detail in the 2021 National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey public-use data file documentation, available from: https://ftp.cdc.gov/pub/Health_Statistics/NCHS/Dataset_Documentation/NHAMCS/doc21-ed-508.pdf. For 2021, race data were missing for 20.3% (weighted) of visits, and ethnicity data were missing for 15.3% (weighted) of visits.

³Includes American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, and people with more than one race.

⁴Total number of visits exceeds "All visits" because more than one source of payment may be reported per visit.

⁵Children's Health Insurance Program.

⁶Visits are also included in both the "Medicaid or CHIP or other state-based program" and "Medicare" categories

⁷Defined as having only self-pay, no charge, or charity as payment sources.

NOTE: Numbers may not add to totals due to rounding.

Table 7. Initial blood pressure measurements recorded at emergency department visits for adults, by selected patient characteristics: United States, 2021

				Initial blood	d pressure ¹	
Patient characteristic	Number of visits in thousands	Total	Not high (SBP less than 120 mmHg and DBP less than 80 mmHg)	Prehypertension (SBP 120–139 mmHg or DBP 80–89 mmHg)	Stage 1 hypertension (SBP 140–159 mmHg or DBP 90–99 mmHg)	Stage 2 hypertension (SBP greater than or equal to 160 mmHg or DBP greater than 100 mmHg)
				Percent distribution (star	ndard error)	
All visits ²	105,557	100.0	18.8 (0.6)	33.0 (0.6)	27.5 (0.6)	20.7 (0.7)
Age group (years)						
18–24	12,655	100.0	26.9 (1.6)	44.9 (1.8)	22.1 (1.3)	6.1 (1.0)
25–44	36,491	100.0	20.4 (1.1)	38.7 (1.1)	27.0 (1.0)	13.9 (0.9)
45–64	30,541	100.0	15.6 (1.1)	27.5 (0.8)	30.5 (1.2)	26.3 (1.1)
65–74	12,439	100.0	17.0 (1.5)	27.1 (1.4)	26.5 (1.5)	29.4 (1.4)
75 and over	13,430	100.0	16.0 (1.3)	24.4 (1.4)	27.8 (1.4)	31.8 (1.6)
Sex						
Female	58,685	100.0	21.5 (0.8)	34.0 (0.6)	25.3 (0.8)	19.3 (0.9)
Male	46,872	100.0	15.6 (0.7)	31.8 (1.1)	30.3 (0.9)	22.4 (0.9)
Race ³						
Black or African American	25,977	100.0	19.3 (1.2)	33.1 (1.2)	27.2 (1.1)	20.4 (1.1)
White	*	100.0	18.5 (0.6)	33.1 (0.6)	27.5 (0.7)	20.9 (0.8)
Other race groups ⁴	3,882	100.0	22.9 (2.2)	31.2 (2.5)	28.1 (2.5)	17.8 (1.9)
Race and Ethnicity ³						
Hispanic or Latino	13,747	100.0	21.7 (1.5)	36.8 (1.3)	26.3 (1.7)	15.2 (1.3)
Not Hispanic or Latino	91,810	100.0	18.4 (0.7)	32.5 (0.6)	27.7 (0.6)	21.5 (0.8)
Black or African American	24,768	100.0	18.8 (1.2)	32.8 (1.2)	27.5 (1.1)	20.9 (1.2)
White		100.0	18.0 (0.7)	32.4 (0.7)	27.7 (0.8)	21.9 (0.9)
Other race groups ⁴	3,462	100.0	23.0 (2.4)	31.1 (2.7)	28.5 (2.6)	17.4 (2.3)

¹SBP is systolic blood pressure. DBP is diastolic blood pressure. Three high blood pressure categories (SBP greater than 120 or DBP greater than 80) are based on "The Seventh Report of the Joint National Committee on Prevention, Detection, Evaluation, and Treatment of High Blood Pressure" and correspond to prehypertensive, stage 1 hypertensive, and stage 2 hypertensive ranges. If SBP and DBP fall into two categories, the visit is included in the higher blood pressure category.

²Visits by adults (aged 18 and over). Visits where blood pressure was taken represent 95.2% (standard error = 1.2) of all emergency department visits made by adults.

³The race groups Black or African American, White, and Other race groups include people of Hispanic and non-Hispanic origin. People of Hispanic origin may be of any race. For 2021, race data were missing for 17.8 percent (weighted) of visits made by adults, and ethnicity data were missing for 14.1 percent (weighted) of visits made by adults. Beginning with 2009, the National Center for Health Statistics has adopted model-based single imputation for National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey race and ethnicity data. The race imputation is restricted to three categories (Black, White, and Other race groups) based on research by an internal work group and on quality concerns with imputed estimates for race categories other than Black and White. The imputation technique is described in more detail in the 2021 National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey public-use data file documentation, available from: https://ftp.cdc.gov/pub/Health_Statistics/NCHS/Dataset_Documentation/NHAMCS/doc21-ed-508.pdf.

⁴Includes American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, and people of more than one race.

Table 8. Initial temperature, pulse oximetry, and visit history at emergency department visits: United States, 2021

Visit characteristic	Number of visits (standard error) in thousands	Percent distribution (standard error)
All visits	139,781 (8,457)	100.0
Temperature		
Febrile: Higher than 38.0° C or higher than 100.4°F	4,522 (538) 125,596 (8,035) * 9,449 (1,600)	3.2 (0.3) 89.9 (1.2) 0.2 (0.0) 6.8 (1.2)
Pulse oximetry ¹		
95%-100%	116,345 (7,710) 13,190 (1,368) 10,246 (1,809)	83.2 (1.4) 9.4 (0.8) 7.3 (1.3)
Episode of care		
Initial visit	120,976 (7,935) 8,062 (711) 10,744 (2,100)	86.5 (1.5) 5.8 (0.4) 7.7 (1.5)
Patient seen in this emergency department within the last 72 hours		
Yes No Unknown or blank	4,648 (540) 122,341 (8,197) 12,792 (2,654)	3.3 (0.3) 87.5 (1.9) 9.2 (1.9)

^{...} Category not applicable.

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability. Visit estimates are not presented if they are based on fewer than 30 cases in the sample data; only an asterisk is shown. Visit estimates based on 30 cases or more include an asterisk if the relative standard error of the estimate exceeds 30%. Proportion estimates are not presented if they are unreliable based on the procedure specified in "National Center for Health Statistics Data Presentation Standards for Proportions" (available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_175.pdf), in which case only an asterisk is shown.

^{0.0} Quantity more than zero but less than 0.05.

¹Normal oxygen saturation as measured by pulse oximetry is 95% or more.

NOTE: Numbers may not add to totals due to rounding.

Table 9. Ten principal reasons for emergency department visits, by patient age and sex: United States, 2021

Principal reason for visit and RVC code ¹	Number of visits (standard error) in thousands	Percent distributior (standard error)
Il visits	139,781 (8,457)	100.0
Stomach and abdominal pain, cramps and spasms	12,441 (989)	8.9 (0.5)
Chest pain and related symptoms (not referable to body systems) S050	7,811 (649)	5.6 (0.3)
Shortness of breath	5,918 (515)	4.2 (0.3)
Cough	4,655 (596)	3.3 (0.4)
Fever	4,650 (617)	3.3 (0.3)
Headache, pain in head	3,893 (395)	2.8 (0.2)
Pain, site not referable to a specific body system	3,365 (348)	2.4 (0.2)
Back symptoms	3,050 (306)	2.2 (0.2)
Vomiting	2,810 (349)	2.0 (0.2)
Other symptoms or problems relating to psychological and	=,0:0 (0:0)	(0)
mental disorders	2,429 (284)	1.7 (0.2)
All other reasons ²	88,759 (5,222)	63.5 (0.6)
7 11 01101 10000110	00,700 (0,222)	00.0 (0.0)
Il visits under age 15	24,644 (3,301)	100.0
Female	11,516 (1,518)	46.7 (1.2)
Fever	1,809 (314)	7.3 (0.7)
Cough	1,191 (281)	4.8 (0.8)
Stomach and abdominal pain, cramps and spasms	660 (139)	2.7 (0.5)
Vomiting	633 (158)	2.6 (0.5)
Earache, or ear infection	338 (85)	1.4 (0.3)
Symptoms referable to throat	*	1.1 (0.2)
Injury, other and unspecified type—head, neck, and face	*	0.9 (0.3)
Shortness of breath	*	0.9 (0.3)
Skin rash	*	0.8 (0.2)
Nasal congestion. S400	*	0.8 (0.3)
All other reasons ²	5,756 (719)	23.4 (1.2)
Male	13,128 (1,834)	53.3 (1.2)
Fever S010	1,593 (296)	6.5 (0.6)
Cough	1,163 (253)	4.7 (0.7)
Stomach and abdominal pain, cramps and spasms	652 (128)	2.6 (0.4)
Vomiting	579 (129)	2.4 (0.3)
Skin rash	516 (118)	2.1 (0.4)
Laceration or cut of facial area	352 (82)	1.4 (0.3)
Injury, other and unspecified type—head, neck, and face	352 (62) 351 (100)	` ,
	351 (100)	1.4 (0.4)
Labored or difficult breathing (dyspnea)	•••	1.3 (0.4)
Nasal congestion	285 (77)	1.2 (0.2)
iniury oiner and unspecified type—nand and finder(s) J570	*	1.0 (0.3)

Table 9. Ten principal reasons for emergency department visits, by patient age and sex: United States, 2021—Con.

Principal reason for visit and RVC code ¹	Number of visits (standard error) in thousands	Percent distribution (standard error)
Timopar roadon for volcana reco dodo	III tilododildo	(otandard on or)
ıll visits, ages 15–64 years	88,029 (5,599)	100.0
Female	49,041 (3,274)	55.7 (0.8)
Stomach and abdominal pain, cramps and spasms	6,184 (619)	7.0 (0.5)
Chest pain and related symptoms (not referable to body systems)	3,337 (348)	3.8 (0.3)
Headache, pain in head	2,111 (318)	2.4 (0.3)
Shortness of breath	1,706 (175)	1.9 (0.2)
Problems of pregnancy	1,465 (175)	1.7 (0.2)
Back symptoms	1,357 (153)	1.5 (0.1)
Pain, site not referable to a specific body system	1,326 (171)	1.5 (0.2)
	1,183 (169)	, ,
Cough	. ,	1.3 (0.2)
Nausea	954 (139)	1.1 (0.1)
Symptoms referable to throat	879 (121)	1.0 (0.1)
All other reasons ²	28,540 (1,916)	32.4 (0.6)
Male	38,987 (2,498)	44.3 (0.8)
Stomach and abdominal pain, cramps and spasms	3,170 (285)	3.6 (0.2)
Chest pain and related symptoms (not referable to body systems)	2,620 (272)	3.0 (0.2)
Shortness of breath	1,608 (195)	1.8 (0.2)
Pain, site not referable to a specific body system	1,389 (206)	1.6 (0.2)
Other symptoms or problems relating to psychological and	1,505 (200)	1.0 (0.2)
mental disorders	993 (142)	1.1 (0.1)
Back symptoms	892 (136)	1.0 (0.1)
Headache, pain in head	821 (125)	0.9 (0.1)
Cough	740 (121)	0.8 (0.1)
Laceration or cut of upper extremity	` ,	0.8 (0.1)
*,	722 (130)	(,
Foot and toe symptoms	608 (112) 25,424 (1,578)	0.7 (0.1) 28.9 (0.6)
	20,424 (1,570)	20.5 (0.0)
All visits, ages 65 and over	27,109 (1,904)	100.0
Female	15,051 (1,155)	55.5 (1.3)
Shortness of breath	1,225 (181)	4.5 (0.5)
Stomach and abdominal pain, cramps and spasms	940 (113)	3.5 (0.3)
Chest pain and related symptoms (not referable to body systems)	840 (130)	3.1 (0.4)
General weakness	499 (85)	1.8 (0.3)
Back symptoms	425 (109)	1.6 (0.4)
Leg symptoms	402 (81)	1.5 (0.3)
Vertigo—dizziness. S225	401 (79)	1.5 (0.3)
	` '	` '
Headache, pain in head	384 (73)	1.4 (0.3)
Accident, not otherwise specified	376 (70)	1.4 (0.3)
Nausea	*	1.3 (0.3)
All other reasons ²	9,207 (726)	34.0 (1.1)
Male	12,058 (870)	44.5 (1.3)
Shortness of breath	928 (150)	3.4 (0.5)
Stomach and abdominal pain, cramps and spasms	834 (140)	3.1 (0.5)
Chest pain and related symptoms (not referable to body systems) S050	761 (105)	2.8 (0.3)
General weakness	394 (67)	1.5 (0.2)
Vertigo—dizziness	288 (58)	1.1 (0.2)
Back symptoms	285 (75)	1.1 (0.3)
Other symptoms or problems relating to psychological and	(. •)	(0.0)
mental disorders	*	1.0 (0.3)
		` '
Fainting (syncope)	*	0.9 (0.2)
Abnormalities of urine	*	0.9 (0.2)
Pain, site not referable to a specific body system	246 (60)	0.9 (0.2)
All other reasons ²	7,553 (534)	27.9 (1.1)

^{...} Category not applicable.

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability. Visit estimates are not presented if they are based on fewer than 30 cases in the sample data; only an asterisk is shown. Visit estimates based on 30 cases or more include an asterisk if the relative standard error of the estimate exceeds 30%. Proportion estimates are not presented if they are unreliable based on the procedure specified in "National Center for Health Statistics Data Presentation Standards for Proportions" (available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_175.pdf), in which case only an asterisk is shown.

¹Reason for visit is based on the patient's own words and coded according to "A Reason for Visit Classification for Ambulatory Care," National Center for Health Statistics, Series Report 2, Number 78. See the 2021 National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey public-use data file documentation, available from: https://ftp.cdc.gov/pub/Health_Statistics/NCHS/Dataset_Documentation/NHAMCS/doc21-ed-508.pdf.

²Category includes all other reasons not listed above, as well as unknown and blanks.

Table 10. Primary diagnosis at emergency department visits, by major disease category: United States, 2021

Major disease category and ICD–10–CM code range ¹		Number of visits (standard error) in thousands	Percent distribution (standard error)
All visits		139,781 (8,457)	100.0
Certain infectious and parasitic diseases	A00-B99	3,782 (403)	2.7 (0.2)
Neoplasms		316 (71)	0.2 (0.0)
Diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs and certain disorders		()	,
involving the immune mechanism	D50-D89	1,084 (161)	0.8 (0.1)
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	E00-E89	2,256 (258)	1.6 (0.2)
Mental, behavioral and neurodevelopmental disorders	F01-F99	5,829 (566)	4.2 (0.3)
Diseases of the nervous system	G00-G99	2,373 (246)	1.7 (0.2)
Diseases of the eye and adnexa	H00-H59	977 (123)	0.7 (0.1)
Diseases of the ear and mastoid process	H60-H95	2,113 (362)	1.5 (0.2)
Diseases of the circulatory system	100-199	5,431 (507)	3.9 (0.3)
Diseases of the respiratory system		10.221 (803)	7.3 (0.4)
Diseases of the digestive system		8,447 (641)	6.0 (0.3)
Diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue		4,424 (352)	3.2 (0.2)
Diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue		9,456 (734)	6.8 (0.3)
Diseases of the genitourinary system		7,679 (588)	5.5 (0.3)
Pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium		2,248 (273)	1.6 (0.2)
Symptoms, signs, and abnormal clinical and laboratory findings,	000 00/1	2,210 (210)	1.0 (0.2)
not elsewhere classified	R00_R99	36,410 (2,692)	26.0 (0.8)
Injury, poisoning and certain other consequences of external causes		23,647 (1,588)	16.9 (0.5)
Injuries to the head		5,252 (428)	22.2 (0.9)
Injuries to the neck		836 (141)	3.5 (0.5)
Injuries to the thorax		998 (137)	4.2 (0.5)
Injuries to the abdomen, lower back, lumbar spine,	020 023	330 (137)	4.2 (0.3)
pelvis and external genitals	530_530	900 (137)	3.8 (0.5)
Injuries to the shoulder and upper arm		1,474 (160)	6.2 (0.5)
Injuries to the shoulder and upper arm		1,236 (152)	5.2 (0.5)
Injuries to the wrist, hand and fingers		3,190 (271)	13.5 (0.8)
Injuries to the winst, riand and inigers		571 (90)	2.4 (0.4)
Injuries to the line and lower leg		1,807 (172)	7.6 (0.5)
Injuries to the Ankle and foot		1,996 (203)	8.4 (0.6)
Injuries to the arikle and loot		1,380 (192)	5.8 (0.7)
		, , ,	` '
Effects of foreign body entering through natural orifice		595 (106)	2.5 (0.4)
		404 (78)	1.7 (0.3)
Frostbite	T33-T34	*	*
Poisoning by, adverse effect of and underdosing of drugs,	T00 T00	000 (440)	2.6 (0.4)
medicaments and biological substances.		862 (119)	3.6 (0.4)
Toxic effects of substances chiefly nonmedicinal as to source		392 (85)	1.7 (0.3)
Other and unspecified effects of external causes		1,046 (125)	4.4 (0.5)
Certain early complications of trauma		*	*
Complications of surgical and medical care		658 (87)	2.8 (0.4)
Codes for special purposes ²		3,599 (400)	2.6 (0.3)
All other diagnoses ³		8,680 (871)	6.2 (0.5)
Unknown or blank		785 (149)	0.6 (0.1)

^{...} Category not applicable.

^{0.0} Quantity more than zero but less than 0.05.

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability. Visit estimates are not presented if they are based on fewer than 30 cases in the sample data; only an asterisk is shown. Visit estimates based on 30 cases or more include an asterisk if the relative standard error of the estimate exceeds 30%. Proportion estimates are not presented if they are unreliable based on the procedure specified in "National Center for Health Statistics Data Presentation Standards for Proportions" (available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_175.pdf), in which case only an asterisk is shown.

¹Based on the *International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision, Clinical Modification* (ICD–10–CM). However, certain codes have been combined in this table to better describe the use of ambulatory care services. Web tables presenting diagnosis estimates before 2016 used the *International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification* (ICD–9–CM) coding system. Substantial differences between ICD–9–CM and ICD–10–CM exist, so users should take caution when comparing diagnosis estimates in this table with those before 2016.
²The only code in this category is U07.1 for COVID-19.

³Includes certain conditions originating in the perinatal period (P00–P96); congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities (Q00–Q99); external causes of morbidity (V00–Y99); and factors influencing health status and contact with health services (Z00–Z99).

Table 11. Annual number and percent distribution of emergency department visits, by diagnosis group: United States, 2021

Primary diagnosis group ¹	Number of visits (standard error) in thousands	Percent distribution (standard error)
All visits	139,781 (8,457)	100.0
Certain infectious and parasitic diseases		
Septicemia (sepsis)	434 (58)	0.3 (0.0)
luman immunodeficiency virus syndrome (HIV, HIV+, HIV positive)	*	0.0 (0.0)
iral warts, not sexually transmitted	*	* ′
cute and chronic viral hepatitis, excluding types B and C	*	*
cute and chronic viral hepatitis B	*	*
exually transmitted infections, excluding viral hepatitis and HIV	*	0.1 (0.0)
Inspecified viral infection	1,420 (235)	1.0 (0.2)
ermatophytosis	*	0.0 (0.0)
Candidiasis	*	0.1 (0.0)
Other systemic infectious and parasitic diseases	1,461 (193)	1.0 (0.1)
Neoplasms ²		
Diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs and		
certain disorders involving the immune mechanism		
Anemias	800 (120)	0.6 (0.1)
Other diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs and		
certain disorders involving the immune mechanism	*	0.2 (0.0)
Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic diseases		
Disorders of thyroid gland, excluding acquired hypothyroidism	*	*
Type 1 diabetes mellitus	*	0.1 (0.0)
ype 2 diabetes mellitus or unspecified	579 (100)	0.4 (0.1)
Other types of diabetes mellitus	*	*
Other disorders of endocrine glands	*	0.1 (0.0)
Dbesity	*	*
Hyperlipidemias	*	0.0 (0.0)
/olume depletion	466 (79)	0.3 (0.1)
Other nutritional deficiences and metabolic disorders	801 (166)	0.6 (0.1)
Mental, behavioral and neurodevelopmental disorders		
Dementia, excluding Alzheimer disease	*	0.1 (0.0)
Alcohol-related disorders, excluding alcohol-related dementia and		
chronic alcoholic liver disease	1,544 (191)	1.1 (0.1)
Opioid-related disorders	*	0.1 (0.0)
Cocaine-related disorders	*	0.0 (0.0)
licotine dependence	*	*
Other drug-related disorders, excluding other drug-related dementia	702 (116)	0.5 (0.1)
Schizophrenia	191 (61)	0.1 (0.0)
lon-mood psychoses, excluding schizophrenia	347 (65)	0.2 (0.0)
Sipolar disorders, excluding those with depression.	248 (89)	0.2 (0.1)
Sipolar disorders, with depression	*	0.0 (0.0)
Depressive disorders, excluding bipolar depression and adjustment		
reaction with depressed mood	721 (117)	0.5 (0.1)
Acute reaction to stress and adjustment reaction, excluding those with		
depressed mood	157 (52)	0.1 (0.0)
cute reaction to stress and adjustment reaction with		
depressed mood	*	0.0 (0.0)
mpulse disorders	*	*
Other mood disorders, nonpsychotic mental disorders, behavioral		
syndromes, and disorders of adult personality and behavior	1,078 (159)	0.8 (0.1)
ttention-deficit/hyperactivity disorders	*	0.0 (0.0)
Oppositional defiant disorder	*	0.0 (0.0)
Conduct disorders, excluding oppositional defiant disorder	*	0.0 (0.0)
Autism spectrum disorder	*	0.0 (0.0)
Cannabis-related disorders	*	0.1 (0.0)
Other mental disorders	*	0.1 (0.0)
		- · · (- · - /

Table 11. Annual number and percent distribution of emergency department visits, by diagnosis group: United States, 2021—Con.

D	Number of visits (standard error)	Percent distribution
Primary diagnosis group ¹	in thousands	(standard error)
Diseases of the nervous system		
Alzheimer disease	*	*
Migraine	622(101)	0.4 (0.1)
Fransient cerebral ischemic attacks and related syndromes	*	0.1 (0.0)
Sleep disorders, excluding sleep apnea (adult, pediatric, obstructive)	•••	0.1 (0.0)
and non-organic sleep disorders	*	0.0 (0.0)
Dbstructive sleep apnea (adult, pediatric), and sleep apnea,	•••	0.0 (0.0)
not otherwise specified	*	*
Carpal tunnel syndrome	*	0.0 (0.0)
Generalized pain and acute and chronic pain syndromes	571 (109)	0.4 (0.1)
Other disorders of the nervous system	1,025 (173)	0.7 (0.1)
of the disorders of the hervous system	1,023 (173)	0.7 (0.1)
Diseases of the eye and adnexa		
nflammation and disorders of eyelids	*	0.1 (0.0)
Conjunctivitis	268 (60)	0.2 (0.0)
Retinal detachment and other retinal disorders, excluding diabetic		
retinopathy	*	*
Glaucoma	*	*
Other disorders of the eye and adnexa	479 (79)	0.3 (0.1)
Diseases of the ear and mastoid process	, ,	, ,
Diseases of the ear and masterial process	E00 (107)	0.4 (0.1)
Otitis media and eustachian tube disorders	500 (107)	0.4 (0.1)
	1,239 (303)	0.9 (0.2)
Other disorders of the ear and mastoid process	374 (87)	0.3 (0.1)
Diseases of the circulatory system		
Essential hypertension	1,282 (250)	0.9 (0.2)
lypertensive heart disease with heart failure	*	0.1 (0.0)
Hypertensive heart and chronic kidney disease with heart failure and	*	
stage 1 through 4 chronic kidney disease or unspecified		
chronic kidney disease		*
lypertensive heart and chronic kidney disease with heart failure with	*	
stage 5 chronic kidney disease or end stage renal disease		*
lypertensive crisis	*	0.1 (0.0)
angina pectoris not stated as with chronic ischemic heart disease	*	0.0 (0.0)
cute myocardial infarction	307 (72)	0.2 (0.1)
Other acute and subacute ischemic heart disease	*	0.1 (0.0)
Coronary atherosclerosis and other chronic ischemic heart disease		,
(with angina pectoris)	*	0.1 (0.0)
Pulmonary heart disease and diseases of pulmonary circulation	*	0.1 (0.0)
Conduction disorders.	*	*
ardiac dysrhythmias, excluding ventricular fibrillation	824 (136)	0.6 (0.1)
ardiac arrest and ventricular fibrillation	*	0.2 (0.1)
leart failure, non-hypertensive	613 (119)	0.4 (0.1)
ericarditis, endocarditis, myocarditis and cardiomyopathy	*	0.1 (0.0)
Other and ill-defined heart disease	*	0.1 (0.0)
Perebrovascular disease	448 (87)	0.3 (0.1)
Diseases of the arteries, arterioles and capillaries	*	0.1 (0.0)
aricose veins of lower extremity	*	*
and do to the or to work of the order of the	594 (129)	0.4 (0.1)

Table 11. Annual number and percent distribution of emergency department visits, by diagnosis group: United States, 2021—Con.

Drives and the man of	Number of visits (standard error)	Percent distribution
Primary diagnosis group ¹	in thousands	(standard error)
Diseases of the respiratory system		
treptococcal pharyngitis and tonsillitis	295 (64)	0.2 (0.0)
cute sinusitis	*	0.2 (0.1)
cute pharyngitis, except streptococcal pharyngitis	1,025 (129)	0.7 (0.1)
cute tonsillitis, except streptococcal tonsillitis	*	0.1 (0.0)
fluenza	*	0.1 (0.0)
neumonia due to infectious organism	1,411 (208)	1.0 (0.1)
cute bronchitis and bronchiolitis	942 (183)	0.7 (0.1)
ther acute respiratory infections	2,424 (304)	1.7 (0.2)
llergic rhinitis	*	0.1 (0.0)
hronic sinusitis	*	0.1 (0.0)
hronic diseases of tonsils and adenoids	*	*
hronic and unspecified bronchitis	*	0.1 (0.0)
onchiectasis, emphysema and other chronic obstructive pulmonary		
lisease, including chronic obstructive asthma	791 (111)	0.6 (0.1)
sthma, excluding chronic obstructive asthma	939 (149)	0.7 (0.1)
espiratory failure	459 (110)	0.3 (0.1)
oup	353 (108)	0.3 (0.1)
spiration pneumonia	*	*
OVID-19 (Coronavirus disease 2019, SARS-CoV-2, Severe acute		
espiratory syndrome coronavirus 2)	3,599 (400)	2.6 (0.3)
aping-related disorder	*	*
ther diseases of the respiratory system	555 (114)	0.4 (0.1)
Diseases of the digestive system		
seases of the teeth and supporting structures, excluding dentofacial		
anomalies and disorders of the jaw	1,190 (162)	0.9 (0.1)
sophagitis without gastroesophageal reflux disease	*	0.1 (0.0)
astroesophageal reflux disease (with esophagitis)	331 (80)	0.2 (0.1)
ther diseases of the esophagus	*	*
cers of stomach and small intestine	*	*
astritis and duodenitis	288 (61)	0.2 (0.0)
ppendicitis	339 (92)	0.2 (0.1)
aphragmatic hernia	*	*
ernias of abdominal cavity, except diaphragmatic hernia	334 (91)	0.2 (0.1)
rohn's disease and ulcerative colitis	*	0.0 (0.0)
ther and unspecified noninfectious enteritis and colitis	1,071 (183)	0.8 (0.1)
testinal obstructions	286 (60)	0.2 (0.0)
iverticula of intestine	535 (106)	0.4 (0.1)
itable bowel syndrome	*	*
onstipation	977 (148)	0.7 (0.1)
nal and rectal diseases	234 (57)	0.2 (0.0)
emorrhoids and perianal venous thrombosis	*	0.1 (0.0)
coholic liver disease	*	0.1 (0.0)
ther diseases of the liver	*	0.1 (0.0)
sorders of gallbladder and biliary tract	443 (94)	0.3 (0.1)
seases of the pancreas	456 (94)	0.3 (0.1)
nspecified gastrointestinal bleeding	540 (79)	0.4 (0.1)
ther diseases of the digestive system	615 (122)	0.4 (0.1)
Diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue		
ellulitis	1,654 (160)	1.2 (0.1)
utaneous abscess	781 (111)	0.6 (0.1)
ther local infections of the skin and subcutaneous tissue	432 (102)	0.3 (0.1)
ontact dermatitis and other eczema	*	0.2 (0.0)
soriasis and other similar disorders	*	*
ticaria	334 (85)	0.2 (0.1)
ther inflammatory conditions of skin and subcutaneous tissue	368 (76)	0.3 (0.1)
tinic keratosis and other sun exposure-related disorders	*	* ′
ne	*	*
	*	*
ebaceous cyst		
	*	
ebaceous cyst prns, callosities and other hypertrophic and atrophic skin condition ressure ulcers	* *	0.0 (0.0)

Table 11. Annual number and percent distribution of emergency department visits, by diagnosis group: United States, 2021—Con.

	Number of visits (standard error)	Percent distribution
Primary diagnosis group ¹	in thousands	(standard error)
Diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue		
heumatoid arthritis	*	*
fectious and inflammatory arthropathies, excluding rheumatoid and		
venile arthritis	*	0.2 (0.1)
steoarthritis	*	0.1 (0.0)
quired deformities of fingers and toes	*	*
ernal derangement of knee	*	*
her joint disorders	2,520 (259)	1.8 (0.2)
inal stenosis	*	*
ondylopathies, excluding spinal stenosis	*	0.1 (0.0)
ervertebral disc disorders	*	0.0 (0.0)
v back pain, unspecified	1,005 (147)	0.7 (0.1)
ner conditions of the spine and back, excluding low back pain	2,260 (265)	1.6 (0.2)
novitis and tenosynovitis	*	0.0 (0.0)
t tissue disorders related to use, overuse and pressure	*	0.1 (0.0)
nglion and cyst of synovium, tendon and bursa	*	*
algia and myositis, unspecified	*	0.2 (0.0)
orders of bone and cartilage, excluding osteoporosis	*	0.1 (0.0)
er diseases of the musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	2,357 (230)	1.7 (0.1)
Diseases of the genitourinary system		
phritis, nephrotic syndrome, and nephrosis	*	*
ections of kidney	353 (74)	0.3 (0.1)
ute kidney failure	600 (136)	0.4 (0.1)
ronic kidney disease, excluding end stage renal disease	*	0.1 (0.0)
d Stage Renal Disease	*	0.1 (0.0)
specified kidney failure, including uremia, not otherwise specified	*	*
culus of kidney and ureter	919 (122)	0.7 (0.1)
stitis	843 (148)	0.6 (0.1)
nary tract infection, site not specified	1,704 (169)	1.2 (0.1)
ess and other specified urinary incontinence, excluding functional	*	*
ner diseases of the urinary system	520 (91)	0.4 (0.1)
nign prostatic hyperplasia	*	0.0 (0.0)
sorders of prepuce	*	0.0 (0.0)
ner disorders of male genital organs	652 (97)	0.5 (0.1)
specified lump or mass in breast	*	*
orders of the breast, excluding unspecified lump or mass	*	0.1 (0.0)
ammatory disease of female pelvic organs	379 (85)	0.3 (0.1)
nital prolapse (female)	*	*
ner noninflammatory disorders of female genital organs	428 (97)	0.3 (0.1)
orders of menstruation and abnormal bleeding	452 (77)	0.3 (0.1)
nopausal and postmenopausal disorders	*	*
er disorders of female genital tract	*	0.1 (0.0)
Complications of pregnancy, childbirth, and the puerperium		
n-uterine pregnancy	*	0.0 (0.0)
ssed abortion	*	* ` ′
counter for supervision of high-risk pregnancy	*	0.0 (0.0)
ly or threatened labor	*	0.0 (0.0)
counter for full-term uncomplicated delivery	*	0.0 (0.0)
counter for supervision of normal pregnancy	163 (57)	0.1 (0.0)
ner encounter related to pregnancy, excluding incidental pregnancy	228 (66)	0.2 (0.0)
stpartum care and examination	*	*
ner complications of pregnancy	1,952 (237)	1.4 (0.2)
mplications of childbirth (includes labor and delivery)	*	0.0 (0.0)
mplications of the puerperium.	*	0.0 (0.0)
rtain other conditions originating in the perinatal period	*	0.1 (0.0)

Table 11. Annual number and percent distribution of emergency department visits, by diagnosis group: United States, 2021—Con.

	Number of visits (standard error)	Percent distribution
Primary diagnosis group ¹	in thousands	(standard error)
Congenital anomalies		
ongenital anomolies	*	*
Symptoms, signs, and ill-defined conditions		
bnormal heart beat and heart sounds	729 (04)	0.5 (0.1)
pistaxis	738 (94) 306 (54)	0.5 (0.1) 0.2 (0.0)
Cough, unspecified	1,365 (294)	1.0 (0.2)
Dyspnea and respiratory abnormalities	1,869 (255)	1.3 (0.2)
Chest pain	5,774 (520)	4.1 (0.3)
bdominal pain	6,035 (552)	4.3 (0.3)
nspecified jaundice, edema and other non-specific skin symptoms	1,418 (150)	1.0 (0.1)
lematuria	375 (70)	0.3 (0.0)
rinary incontinence, unspecified and functional	* ´	*
ymptoms involving the genitourinary system, excluding hematuria and		
urinary incontinence	810 (137)	0.6 (0.1)
ge-related cognitive decline, age-related physical debility	*	*
ertigo and lightheadedness	1,209 (170)	0.9 (0.1)
ever of other and unknown origin	2,075 (404)	1.5 (0.3)
leadache, unspecified	1,760 (238)	1.3 (0.2)
falaise and fatigue	805 (106)	0.6 (0.1)
Syncope and collapse	1,481 (194)	1.1 (0.1)
Convulsions and seizures, not elsewhere classified	923 (120)	0.7 (0.1)
Inspecified nausea, vomiting, diarrhea	3,463 (354)	2.5 (0.2)
other symptoms, signs, abnormal findings and ill-defined conditions	5,838 (512)	4.2 (0.3)
Injury and poisoning		
njury of eye and orbit	317 (59)	0.2 (0.0)
Contusions (bruise, hematoma), excluding face and head	1,903 (230)	1.4 (0.1)
Superficial injuries, excluding contusions (abrasion, blister,		
external constriction, splinter, superficial bite)	784 (117)	0.6 (0.1)
Open wound of head	1,811 (191)	1.3 (0.1)
Open wound of wrist, hand and fingers	1,525 (157)	1.1 (0.1)
Open wound of hip and lower limb	647 (94)	0.5 (0.1)
Open wound, excluding head, hand, fingers, lower limb		
and internal organs	498 (91)	0.4 (0.1)
raumatic fracture of shoulder and upper arm	(10 - -)	2.4.(2.4)
(clavicle, scapula, humerus)	562 (107)	0.4 (0.1)
raumatic fracture of forearm (radius and ulna)	630 (107)	0.5 (0.1)
raumatic fracture of wrist, hand and fingers	F40 (04)	0.4 (0.4)
(carpal, metacarpals, phalanges)	549 (94)	0.4 (0.1)
		0.1 (0.0)
raumatic fracture of ankle (medial malleolus, lateral malleolus, bimalleolar, trimalleolar)	*	0.1 (0.0)
numalieolar, trimalieolar)	•••	0.1 (0.0)
(femur, patella, tibia, fibula, tarsals, metatarsals, phalanges)	767 (102)	0.5 (0.1)
Other traumatic fractures (skull, facial bones, vertebrae,	707 (102)	0.5 (0.1)
ribs, sternum, pelvis)	868 (117)	0.6 (0.1)
Dislocations, excluding tear of medial meniscus	456 (102)	0.3 (0.1)
prains and strains of neck	643 (130)	0.5 (0.1)
prains and strains of back	589 (101)	0.4 (0.1)
prains and strains of wrist and hand	*	0.2 (0.0)
prains and strains of knee	*	0.2 (0.0)
trains and sprains of ankle	608 (88)	0.4 (0.1)
prain and strains, excluding neck, back, wrist, hand, knee, ankle	524 (94)	0.4 (0.1)
oncussion	229 (60)	0.2 (0.0)
ntracranial injury, excluding concussion	*	0.2 (0.0)
nternal injury of chest, abdomen and pelvis	*	*
Other injuries, excluding burns and poisonings	3,311 (329)	2.4 (0.2)
Burns and corrosions, external and internal, excluding sunburn	404 (78)	0.3 (0.1)
oisoning (overdose or wrong substance given or taken in error) due to	,	- (- /
drugs and biological substances, accidental (unintentional)	453 (88)	0.3 (0.1)

Table 11. Annual number and percent distribution of emergency department visits, by diagnosis group: United States, 2021—Con.

Primary diagnosis group ¹	Number of visits (standard error) in thousands	Percent distribution (standard error)
Injury and poisoning–Con.		
Poisoning (overdose or wrong substance given or taken in error) due to		
drugs and biological substances, intentional self-harm	*	0.1 (0.0)
Poisoning (overdose or wrong substance given or taken in error) due to		,
drugs and biological substances, undetermined intent	*	*
Adverse effects (of correct substance properly administered) of drugs and		
biological substances	*	0.2 (0.0)
oxic effects of substances chiefly non-medical,		,
accidental (unintentional)	387 (85)	0.3 (0.1)
oxic effects of substances chiefly non-medical, intentional self-harm	*	* ′
oxic effects of substances chiefly non-medical, assault	*	*
oxic effects of substances chiefly non-medical, undetermined	*	*
Other and unspecified effects of external causes	1,082 (132)	0.8 (0.1)
Complications of surgical and medical care	904 (118)	0.6 (0.1)
Contusions (bruise, hematoma) of face and head	565 (108)	0.4 (0.1)
lead injury, not otherwise specified	1,385 (187)	1.0 (0.1)
Supplementary classifications		
Encounter for general adult medical examinations, including routine		
gynecological examination	331 (81)	0.2 (0.1)
incounter for routine child examination, excluding newborns	*	0.1 (0.0)
Encounter and observation for suspected conditions ruled out	501 (134)	0.4 (0.1)
ncounter for specific procedures and aftercare and follow up		
examination after completed treatment, excluding for injuries	843 (142)	0.6 (0.1)
otential health hazards related to communicable diseases	1,025 (164)	0.7 (0.1)
incounter for contraceptive management	*	*
otential health hazards related to personal and family history, excluding		
personal history of pulmonary embolism and personal history of cerebral		
infarction or transient ischemic attack without residual deficits	*	0.1 (0.0)
Other factors influencing health status and contact with		• •
health services	4,193 (617)	3.0 (0.4)
Incodable entries ³	1,040 (161)	0.7 (0.1)
Inknown or blank	785 (149)	0.6 (0.1)

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹Based on International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-10-CM). Codes have been combined in this table according to the National Center for Health Statistics Diagnosis Master Category List. For a list of ICD-10-CM codes corresponding to a specific diagnosis group, refer to the Diagnosis Master Category List document, available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/ahcd/Reclass_ICD_10_CM_tables.pdf. Web tables presenting diagnosis estimates before 2016 used the International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-9-CM) coding system. Due to substantial differences between ICD-9-CM and ICD-10-CM, caution is advised when comparing diagnosis estimates in this table with those from before 2016.

NOTE: Numbers may not add to totals due to rounding.

^{0.0} Quantity more than zero but less than 0.05.

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability. Visit estimates are not presented if they are based on fewer than 30 cases in the sample data; only an asterisk is shown. Visit estimates based on 30 cases or more include an asterisk if the relative standard error of the estimate exceeds 30%. Proportion estimates are not presented if they are unreliable based on the procedure specified in "National Center for Health Statistics Data Presentation Standards for Proportions" (available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_175.pdf), in which case only an asterisk is shown.

²Diagnosis groups for this chapter are not shown due to low sample sizes.

³Includes illegible diagnosis, left before being seen, walked out, eloped, left against medical advice, and entries of "none," "no diagnosis," "no disease," and "healthy" as the only entry in the

Table 12. Presence of chronic conditions at emergency department visits: United States, 2021

Chronic condition ¹	Number of visits (standard error) in thousands	Percent distribution (standard error)
	120 704 (0 457)	100.0
All visits	139,781 (8,457)	
Alcohol misuse, abuse, or dependence	5,778 (527)	4.1 (0.3)
Alzheimer disease or dementia	1,779 (220)	1.3 (0.1)
Asthma	13,249 (1,012)	9.5 (0.5)
Cancer	5,848 (606)	4.2 (0.3)
Cerebrovascular disease or history of stroke or		
transient ischemic attack	5,311 (596)	3.8 (0.3)
Chronic kidney disease	5,435 (547)	3.9 (0.3)
Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease	8,105 (721)	5.8 (0.4)
Congestive heart failure	6,259 (620)	4.5 (0.4)
Coronary artery disease, ischemic heart disease or		
history of myocardial infarction	8,953 (867)	6.4 (0.5)
Depression	17,499 (1,661)	12.5 (0.8)
Diabetes mellitus—Type 1	1,107 (202)	0.8 (0.1)
Diabetes mellitus—Type 2	10,327 (1,002)	7.4 (0.6)
Diabetes mellitus—Type unspecified	7,802 (1,062)	5.6 (0.6)
End-stage renal disease	1,835 (273)	1.3 (0.2)
History of pulmonary embolism, deep vein thrombosis, or	, , ,	,
venous thromboembolism	2,446 (301)	1.7 (0.2)
HIV (human immunodeficiency virus) or	_, (/	(/
AIDS (acquired immune deficiency syndrome)	678 (100)	0.5 (0.1)
Hyperlipidemia	15,570 (1,447)	11.1 (0.8)
Hypertension	37,956 (3,043)	27.2 (1.3)
Obesity	9,958 (1,202)	7.1 (0.7)
Obstructive sleep apnea.	4,267 (536)	3.1 (0.3)
Osteoporosis	1,318 (187)	0.9 (0.1)
Substance abuse or dependence.	9,923 (1,127)	7.1 (0.7)
None of the above	65,128 (4,860)	46.6 (1.8)
	,	` '
Blank	*2,338 (1,181)	1.7 (0.9)

^{...} Category not applicable.

NOTES: Numbers may not add to totals due to rounding. Total number of visits exceeds "All visits" and percent of visits exceeds 100% because more than one chronic condition may be reported per visit.

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability. Visit estimates based on 30 cases or more include an asterisk if the relative standard error of the estimate exceeds 30%.

¹Presence of chronic conditions is based on the checklist of chronic conditions and reported diagnoses.

Table 13. Injury visits to emergency departments, by selected patient and hospital characteristics: United States, 2021

Patient and hospital characteristics	Number of visits (standard error) in thousands	Percent distribution (standard error)	Number of visits per 100 people ¹ (standard error)
All injury visits ²	36,718 (2,396)	100.0	11.2 (0.7)
Age group (years)			
Under 15	7,492 (810)	20.4 (1.7)	12.4 (1.3)
Under 1	469 (112)	1.3 (0.3)	13.2 (3.2)
1–4	2,413 (296)	6.6 (0.6)	15.8 (1.9)
5–14	4,610 (524)	12.6 (1.1)	11.1 (1.3)
15–24	5,287 (404)	14.4 (0.7)	12.5 (1.0)
25–44	9,877 (766)	26.9 (1.1)	11.4 (0.9)
45–64	7,260 (561)	19.8 (0.9)	8.8 (0.7)
65 and over	6,801 (564)	18.5 (0.9)	12.4 (1.0)
65–74	3,014 (273)	8.2 (0.5)	9.0 (0.8)
75 and over	3,788 (376)	10.3 (0.7)	17.8 (1.8)
Sex and age group (years)			
Female	17,618 (1,255)	48.0 (1.1)	10.6 (0.8)
Under 15	3,216 (385)	8.8 (0.8)	10.9 (1.3)
15–24	2,601 (264)	7.1 (0.6)	12.4 (1.3)
25–44	4,626 (415)	12.6 (0.7)	10.6 (0.9)
45–64	3,483 (309)	9.5 (0.5)	8.3 (0.7)
65–74	1,417 (156)	3.9 (0.4)	8.0 (0.9)
75 and over	2,275 (259)	6.2 (0.6)	18.7 (2.1)
Male	19,100 (1,266)	52.0 (1.1)	11.9 (0.8)
Under 15	4,276 (501)	11.7 (1.1)	13.8 (1.6)
15–24	2,687 (216)	7.3 (0.5)	12.7 (1.0)
25–44	5,251 (453)	14.3 (0.9)	12.1 (1.0)
45–64	3,777 (316)	10.3 (0.6)	9.3 (0.8)
65–74	1,597 (185)	4.4 (0.4)	10.1 (1.2)
75 and over	1,512 (177)	4.1 (0.4)	16.6 (1.9)
Geographic region			
Northeast	5,838 (824)	15.9 (2.1)	10.3 (1.5)
Midwest	7,935 (867)	21.6 (2.3)	11.7 (1.3)
South	14,050 (1,583)	38.3 (3.3)	11.2 (1.3)
West	8,894 (1,345)	24.2 (3.1)	11.5 (1.7)

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹Visit rates for age, sex, and region are based on estimates of the U.S. civilian noninstitutionalized population as of July 1, 2021, from the U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division.

²The definition of injury changed in 2016 due to the switch from the *International Classification of Diseases*, *Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification* (ICD–9–CM) coding system for diagnosis data to the *International Classification of Diseases*, *10th Revision, Clinical Modification* (ICD–10–CM) coding system. Before 2016, injury visits were based on ICD–9–CM. In 2021, injury visits were based on ICD–9–CM and information indicating that the visit was related to an injury, trauma, overdose, or poisoning according to the Patient Record form item, "Is this visit related to an injury trauma, overdose/poisoning, or adverse effect of medical/surgical treatment?" and additional consideration of values for visits with no concrete evidence of injury. "All injury visits" includes any-listed reason for visit and diagnosis codes related to injury and poisoning. Injury visits do not include adverse effects and complication codes. Using this definition, injury visits represent 26.3% of all emergency department visits. For more details, see the 2021 National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey public-use data file documentation, available from: https://ftp.cdc.gov/pub/Health Statistics/NCHs/Dataset Documentation/NHAMCS/doc21-ed-508.pdf.

NOTE: Numbers may not add to totals due to rounding.

Table 14. Injury visits to emergency departments, by race, age, and ethnicity: United States, 2021

Patient characteristic	Number of visits (standard error) in thousands	Percent distribution (standard error)	Number of visits per 100 people ¹ (standard error)
All injury visits ²	36,717 (2,396)	100.0	11.2 (0.7)
Race ³ and age group (years)			
Black or African American	8,056 (771)	21.9 (1.7)	18.4 (1.8)
Under 15	1,966 (259)	5.4 (0.6)	21.0 (2.8)
15–24	1,433 (169)	3.9 (0.4)	23.2 (2.7)
25–44	2,206 (266)	6.0 (0.7)	17.7 (2.1)
45–64	1,679 (230)	4.6 (0.6)	16.1 (2.2)
65–74	565 (129)	1.5 (0.3)	16.2 (3.7)
75 and over	*	0.6 (0.1)	*
Vhite	27,463 (1,982)	74.8 (1.7)	11.1 (0.8)
Under 15	5,244 (616)	14.3 (1.3)	12.3 (1.4)
15–24	3,671 (323)	10.0 (0.7)	11.9 (1.0)
25–44	7,327 (642)	20.0 (1.0)	11.4 (1.0)
45–64	5,353 (445)	14.6 (0.7)	8.3 (0.7)
65–74	2,375 (234)	6.5 (0.5)	8.6 (0.8)
75 and over	3,493 (366)	9.5 (0.7)	19.5 (2.0)
Other race groups ⁴	1,198 (149)	3.3 (0.4)	3.4 (0.4)
Ethnicity ³			
Hispanic or Latino	5,611 (612)	15.3 (1.4)	9.0 (1.0)
Not Hispanic or Latino	31,106 (2,146)	84.7 (1.4)	11.7 (0.8)
Black or African American	7,647 (759)	20.8 (1.6)	18.8 (1.9)
White	22,404 (1,751)	61.0 (2.1)	11.5 (0.9)
Other race groups ⁴	1,056 (146)	2.9 (0.4)	3.5 (0.5)

^{...} Category not applicable.

²The definition of injury changed in 2016 due to the switch from the *International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification* (ICD–9–CM) coding system for diagnosis data to the *International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision, Clinical Modification* (ICD–10–CM) coding system. Before 2016, injury visits were based on ICD–9–CM. In 2021, injury visits were based on ICD–10–CM and information indicating that the visit was related to an injury, trauma, overdose, or poisoning, or adverse effect of medical/surgical treatment?" and additional consideration of values for visits with no concrete evidence of injury. "All injury visits" includes anylisted reason for visit and diagnosis codes related to injury and poisoning. Injury visits do not include adverse effects and complication codes. Using this definition, injury visits represent 26.3% of all emergency department visits. For more details, see the 2021 National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey public-use data file documentation, available from: https://ftp.cdc.gov/pub/Health_Statistics/NCHS/Dataset_Documentation/NHAMCS/doc21-ed-508.pdf.

³The race groups Black or African American, White, and Other race groups include people of Hispanic and non-Hispanic origin. People of Hispanic origin may be of any race. For 2021, race data were missing for 19.9% of injury visits, and ethnicity data were missing for 15.7% of injury visits. The National Center for Health Statistics uses model-based single imputation for National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey race and ethnicity data. The race imputation is restricted to three categories (Black, White, and Other race groups) based on research by an internal work group and on quality concerns with imputed estimates for race categories other than Black or White. The imputation technique is detailed in the 2021 National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey public-use data file documentation, available from: https://ftp.cdc.gov/pub/Health_Statistics/NCHS/Dataset_Documentation/NHAMCS/doc21-ed-508.pdf.

⁴Includes the categories of American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander, and people with more than one race.

NOTE: Numbers may not add to totals due to rounding.

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability. Visit estimates are not presented if they are based on fewer than 30 cases in the sample data; only an asterisk is shown. Visit estimates based on 30 cases or more include an asterisk if the relative standard error of the estimate exceeds 30%. Proportion estimates are not presented if they are unreliable based on the procedure specified in "National Center for Health Statistics Data Presentation Standards for Proportions" (available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_175.pdf), in which case only an asterisk is shown.

^{1/}Visit rates are based on estimates of the U.S. civilian noninstitutionalized poplulation as of July 1, 2021, from the U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division.

Table 15. Emergency department visits related to injury, poisoning, and adverse effect, by intent: United States, 2021

Intent ¹	Number of visits (standard error) in thousands	Percent distribution (standard error)
All injury visits related to injury, poisoning,		
and adverse effect ²	40,046 (2,578)	100.0
Unintentional	25,519 (1,800)	63.7 (1.2)
Self-harm	660 (130)	1.6 (0.3)
Assault	1,355 (161)	3.4 (0.3)
Undetermined or other ³	1,061 (139)	2.6 (0.2)
Blank cause	11,452 (825)	28.6 (1.2)

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹Based on the proposed ICD-10-CM External Cause of Injury Matrix. For more information, see the report, available from: https://www.cdc.gov/injury/wisqars/pdf/ICD-10-CM_External_Cause_Injury_Codes-a.pdf.

²The definition of visits related to injury, poisoning, and adverse effects changed in 2016 due to the switch from the *International Classification of Diseases*, *Ninth Revision*, *Clinical Modification* (ICD–9–CM) coding system for diagnosis data to the ICD–10–CM coding system. Before 2016, injury visits were based on ICD–9–CM. Beginning in 2016, injury visits are based on ICD–10–CM and information indicating that the visit is related to an injury, trauma, overdose, poisoning, or adverse effect of medical or surgical treatment based on the Patient Record Form item, "Is this visit related to an injury/trauma, overdose/poisoning, or adverse effect of medical/surgical treatment?", with further consideration of values for visits with no concrete evidence of injury. Using this definition, injury visits accounted for 28.6% (standard error = 0.6) of all emergency department visits in 2021.

³Other includes certain diagnosis codes for injury visits not captured using the ICD-10-CM external-cause matrix. Common diagnoses in this group include medical and surgical complications, activity of person seeking health care (such as a heart attack while shoveling snow, which resulted from, or was contributed to, by the activity), place of occurrence of external cause, legal intervention, and war. For more details, see the 2021 NHAMCS Public Use Data File documentation, available from: https://ftp.cdc.gov/pub/Health_Statistics/NCHS/Dataset_Documentation/NHAMCS/doc21-ed-508.pdf.

Table 16. Emergency department visits related to injury, poisoning, and adverse effect, by mechanism: United States, 2021

	Number of visits (standard error)	Percent distribution
Mechanism ¹	in thousands	(standard error)
All injury visits related to injury, poisoning,		
and adverse effect ²	40,046 (2,578)	100.0
Cut or pierce	2,020 (264)	5.0 (0.5)
Drowning or submersion	*	*
Fall	9,708 (739)	24.2 (0.8)
Fire or burn	398 (86)	1.0 (0.2)
Fire or flame	* ´	0.4 (0.1)
Hot object or substance	252 (58)	0.6 (0.1)
Firearm	*	0.7 (0.1)
Machinery	*	0.4 (0.1)
All transportation	5,018 (490)	12.5 (0.7)
Motor vehicle—traffic	3,547 (367)	8.9 (0.6)
Motor vehicle—nontraffic	689 (145)	1.7 (0.3)
Pedal cyclist, other	422 (116)	1.1 (0.3)
Pedestrian, other	*	0.1 (0.1)
Other land transport	261 (64)	0.7 (0.2)
Other transport	*	0.1 (0.1)
Natural or environmental ³	1,413 (185)	3.5 (0.4)
Overexertion	2,010 (208)	5.0 (0.4)
Struck by or against	4,142 (306)	10.3 (0.5)
Other specified ⁴	1,132 (141)	2.8 (0.3)
Unspecified or other ⁵	2,215 (221)	5.5 (0.5)
Blank cause	11,450 (825)	28.6 (1.2)

^{...} Category not applicable

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability. Visit estimates are not presented if they are based on fewer than 30 cases in the sample data; only an asterisk is shown. Visit estimates based on 30 cases or more include an asterisk if the relative standard error of the estimate exceeds 30%. Proportion estimates are not presented if they are unreliable based on the procedure specified in "National Center for Health Statistics Data Presentation Standards for Proportions," (available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_175.pdf), in which case only an asterisk is shown.

¹Based on the proposed *International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision, Clinical Modification* (ICD–10–CM) External Cause of Injury Matrix. For more information, see the report, available from: https://www.cdc.gov/injury/wisqars/pdf/ICD-10-CM_External_Cause_Injury_Codes-a.pdf.

²The definition of visits related to injury, poisoning, and adverse effects changed in 2016 due to the switch from the *International Classification of Diseases*, *Ninth Revision, Clinical Modification* (ICD–9–CM) coding system for diagnosis data to the ICD–10–CM coding system. Before 2016, injury visits were based on ICD–9–CM. Starting in 2016, injury visits are based on ICD–10–CM and information indicating that the visit is related to an injury, trauma, overdose, poisoning, or adverse effect of medical or surgical treatment according to the Patient Record Form item, "Is this visit related to an injury/trauma, overdose/poisoning, or adverse effect of medical/surgical treatment?" and additional consideration of values for visits with no concrete evidence of injury. Using this definition, injury visits accounted for 28.6% (standard error = 0.6) of all emergency department visits in 2021.

³Includes bites and stings (venomous and nonvenomous), natural or environmental, and other.

⁴Includes child or adult abuse, foreign body, classifiable, and not elsewhere classifiable.

⁵Other includes certain diagnosis codes for injury visits not captured using the ICD-10–CM external-cause matrix. Common diagnoses in this group include medical and surgical complications, activity of person seeking health care (such as a heart attack while shoveling snow, which resulted from, or was contributed to, by the activity), and place of occurrence of external cause. For more details, see the 2021 NHAMCS public-use data file documentation, available from: https://ftp.cdc.gov/pub/Health_Statistics/NCHS/Dataset_Documentation/NHAMCS/doc21-ed-508.pdf.

Table 17. Selected diagnostic and screening services ordered or provided at emergency department visits: United States, 2021

	Number of visits ¹	
	(standard error)	Percent of visits
Diagnostic and screening services ordered or provided	in thousands	(standard error)
All visits	139,781 (8,457)	
One or more diagnostic or screening service listed	110,599 (7,057)	79.1 (1.3)
None	26,322 (2,236)	18.8 (1.1)
Blank	*2,861 (1,289)	2.0 (0.9)
Blood tests		
Complete blood count	65,003 (4,928)	46.5 (1.6)
Creatinine or renal function panel	5,150 (731)	3.7 (0.5)
Glucose, serum	9,430 (1,137)	6.7 (0.7)
Electrolytes	2,445 (564)	1.7 (0.4)
Prothrombin time (PT/PTT/INR) ²	15,579 (1,835)	11.1 (1.0)
Liver enzymes or hepatic function panel	5,612 (800)	4.0 (0.6)
Cardiac enzymes	9,831 (1,369)	7.0 (1.0)
Comprehensive metabolic panel	47,874 (4,259)	34.2 (1.7)
Blood culture	7,580 (824)	5.4 (0.5)
Brain natriuretic peptide	7,191 (934)	5.1 (0.5)
D-dimer	5,317 (646)	3.8 (0.4)
Arterial blood gases	3,300 (701)	2.4 (0.5)
Blood alcohol concentration	3,572 (520)	2.6 (0.3)
Basic metabolic panel	16,634 (1,862)	11.9 (1.2)
Lactate	6,457 (919)	4.6 (0.6)
Other blood test	35,095 (3,565)	25.1 (1.6)
	71,488 (5,121)	51.1 (1.6)
Any blood test listed	71,400 (3,121)	31.1 (1.0)
Imaging	E1 262 (2 072)	26.7 (4.2)
X-ray	51,363 (3,973)	36.7 (1.2)
Computed tomography (CT) scan	32,694 (2,633)	23.4 (1.0)
Abdomen or pelvis	13,741 (1,228)	9.8 (0.5)
Chest	5,564 (609)	4.0 (0.3)
Head	13,312 (1,079)	9.5 (0.5)
Other	7,218 (786)	5.2 (0.4)
Intravenous (IV) contrast with CT	11,956 (1,114)	8.6 (0.5)
Jltrasound	8,742 (868)	6.3 (0.4)
Magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) scan	1,748 (310)	1.3 (0.2)
V contrast with MRI	211 (77)	0.2 (0.1)
Other imaging	1,864 (359)	1.3 (0.2)
Any imaging	75,441 (5,466)	54.0 (1.5)
Examinations and tests		
Cardiac monitor	14,161 (1,632)	10.1 (1.0)
Urinalysis or urine dipstick	36,667 (3,028)	26.2 (1.1)
Electrocardiogram	36,445 (2,928)	26.1 (1.3)
Urine culture	17,213 (1,984)	12.3 (1.0)
Pregnancy or HCG test ³	13,554 (1,202)	9.7 (0.6)
Toxicology screen	7,786 (763)	5.6 (0.4)
nfluenza test	7,250 (1,244)	5.2 (0.8)
Throat culture	1,749 (270)	1.3 (0.2)
Wound culture	455 (89)	0.3 (0.1)
Other culture	1,231 (206)	0.9 (0.1)
HIV test	872 (118)	0.6 (0.1)
Other test or service	43,579 (3,892)	31.2 (2.2)
Julier 1631 01 361 1106	43,313 (3,032)	J1.2 (2.2)

^{...} Category not applicable.

* Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability. Visit estimates are not presented if they are based on fewer than 30 cases in the sample data; only an asterisk is shown. Visit estimates based on 30 cases or more include an asterisk if the relative standard error of the estimate exceeds 30%. Proportion estimates are not presented if they are unreliable based on the procedure specified in "National Center for Health Statistics Data Presentation Standards for Proportions" (available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/ sr02_175.pdf), in which case only an asterisk is shown.

¹Total number of visits exceeds "All visits" and percent of visits exceeds 100% because more than one service may be reported per visit.

²PTT is partial thromboplastin time. INR is international normalized ratio.

³HCG is human chorionic gonadotropin.

SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, National Hospital Ambulatory Medical Care Survey, 2021.

Table 18. Selected procedures at emergency department visits: United States, 2021

Procedure performed	Number of visits ¹ (standard error) in thousands	Percent distribution (standard error)
II visits	139,781 (8,457)	100.0
One or more procedures listed	64,100 (4,645)	45.9 (1.5)
Intravenous fluids	41,845 (3,702)	29.9 (1.7)
Cast, splint, wrap	6,051 (559)	4.3 (0.3)
Suturing or staples	3,553 (330)	2.5 (0.2)
Incision and drainage	1,046 (162)	0.7 (0.1)
Nebulizer therapy	4,122 (576)	2.9 (0.4)
Bladder catheter	2,130 (359)	1.5 (0.3)
Pelvic examination	1,000 (164)	0.7 (0.1)
Central line	*626 (262)	0.4 (0.2)
Cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR)	*	0.1 (0.0)
Endotracheal intubation	330 (72)	0.2 (0.0)
Skin adhesives	1,496 (205)	1.1 (0.1)
BiPAP or CPAP ²	*812 (347)	0.6 (0.2)
Lumbar puncture	*	0.1 (0.0)
Other ³	15,523 (2,402)	11.1 (1.5)
None ⁴	70,685 (4,889)	50.6 (1.7)
Blank ⁵	4,997 (1,484)	3.6 (1.1)

^{...} Category not applicable.

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability. Visit estimates are not presented if they are based on fewer than 30 cases in the sample data; only an asterisk is shown. Visit estimates based on 30 cases or more include an asterisk if the relative standard error of the estimate exceeds 30%. Proportion estimates are not presented if they are unreliable based on the procedure specified in "National Center for Health Statistics Data Presentation Standards for Proportions" (available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_175.pdf), in which case only an asterisk is shown.

^{0.0} Quantity more than zero but less than 0.05.

¹Total number of visits exceeds "All visits" and percentage exceeds 100% because more than one service may be reported per visit.

²BiPAP is variable or bilevel positive airway pressure, and CPAP is continuous positive airway pressure.

³Includes all other procedures not listed above.

⁴The "None" checkbox was marked on the Patient Record form.

⁵No checkboxes were marked on the Patient Record Form.

Table 19. Medication therapy and number of medications mentioned at emergency department visits: United States, 2021

Medication therapy ¹	Number of visits (standard error) in thousands	Percent distribution (standard error)
All visits	139,781 (8,457)	100.0
Visits with mention of medication ²	106,546 (7,120)	76.2 (1.2)
Visits without mention of medication	33,236 (2,246)	23.8 (1.2)
Number of medications provided or prescribed ³		
)	33,236 (2,246)	23.8 (1.2)
1	28,889 (1,857)	20.7 (0.7)
	23,933 (1,596)	17.1 (0.5)
	17,216 (1,252)	12.3 (0.4)
1	11,802 (978)	8.4 (0.4)
5	8,137 (808)	5.8 (0.4)
3	5,672 (680)	4.1 (0.3)
7	3,396 (423)	2.4 (0.2)
3	1,720 (291)	1.2 (0.2)
9	1,341 (206)	1.0 (0.1)
10	987 (192)	0.7 (0.1)
11	778 (126)	0.6 (0.1)
12	514 (95)	0.4 (0.1)
13 or more	2,160 (449)	1.5 (0.3)

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹Includes prescription drugs, over-the-counter preparations, immunizations, and desensitizing agents.

²Visits at which one or more drugs were given in the emergency department or prescribed at discharge (up to 30 per visit). Also defined as drug visit.

³There were 352,609,000 drug mentions at emergency department visits in 2021. The average drug mention rate was 2.5 drug mentions per emergency department visit. For visits with at least one drug mention, the average drug visit rate was 3.3 drugs per visit.

Table 20. Twenty most frequently mentioned drugs at emergency department visits, by therapeutic drug category: United States, 2021

Drug category ¹	Number of occurrences (standard error) in thousands	Percent of drug mentions ² (standard error)		
Analgesics ³	85,974 (6,570)	23.8 (0.6)		
Minerals and electrolytes	43,411 (4,440)	12.0 (0.6)		
Antiemetic or antivertigo agents	38,551 (3,336)	10.7 (0.4)		
Miscellaneous respiratory agents	33,816 (3,684)	9.4 (0.6)		
Anxiolytics, sedatives, and hypnotics	14,918 (1,206)	4.1 (0.2)		
Cephalosporins	13,438 (1,155)	3.7 (0.2)		
Bronchodilators	11,759 (1,096)	3.3 (0.2)		
Anticonvulsants	10,748 (963)	3.0 (0.1)		
Adrenal cortical steroids	9,948 (961)	2.8 (0.2)		
Radiocontrast agents	9,897 (1,286)	2.7 (0.2)		
Antihistamines	9,754 (882)	2.7 (0.1)		
Local injectable anesthetics	9,024 (798)	2.5 (0.1)		
Antiarrhythmic agents	8,966 (815)	2.5 (0.1)		
Dermatological agents	8,340 (775)	2.3 (0.1)		
Penicillins	6,867 (652)	1.9 (0.1)		
Muscle relaxants	6,280 (746)	1.7 (0.1)		
Antiparkinson agents	5,671 (541)	1.6 (0.1)		
Laxatives	5,585 (745)	1.5 (0.1)		
Antiplatelet agents	5,448 (632)	1.5 (0.1)		
Antidiabetic agents	4,527 (620)	1.3 (0.1)		

¹Based on Cerner Multum second-level therapeutic drug category (available from: https://www.cerner.com/solutions/drug-database).

²Based on an estimated 361,263,000 drug mentions at emergency department visits in 2021. Drug mentions are medications given in emergency departments or prescribed at discharge. ³Includes narcotics (7.1%), nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (9.4%), and other analgesics (including salicylates, analgesic combinations, antimigraine agents, Cox-2 inhibitors, and miscellaneous analgesics) (7.3%).

Table 21. Twenty most frequently mentioned drugs at emergency department visits: United States, 2021

				Perce	nt of drug mentions	s (standard error)		
Drug name ¹	Number of drug mentions (standard error) in thousands	Percent distribution (standard error)	Total	Given in emergency department	Prescribed at discharge	Both given in emergency department and prescribed at discharge	Unknown ²	Therapeutic drug category ³
All drug mentions	361,263 (28,668)	100.0	100.0	64.3 (2.2)	26.6 (2.2)	7.6 (0.5)	*	
Sodium chloride		9.3 (0.6)	100.0	99.2 (0.2)	0.4 (0.1)	*	*	Minerals and electrolytes,
								Miscellaneous respiratory agents
Ondansetron	22,712 (2,095)	6.3 (0.3)	100.0	66.3 (2.4)	16.3 (2.2)	17.1 (1.8)	*	Antiemetic or antivertigo agents
Acetaminophen	20,850 (1,634)	5.8 (0.3)	100.0	60.9 (2.9)	25.0 (2.3)	12.8 (1.6)	*	Analgesics
Ibuprofen	16,966 (1,668)	4.7 (0.3)	100.0	41.2 (3.1)	39.3 (2.6)	18.4 (2.1)	*	Analgesics
Ketorolac	12,562 (1,282)	3.5 (0.3)	100.0	92.6 (1.4)	3.5 (0.7)	3.6 (1.0)	*	Analgesics
Lidocaine	7,389 (691)	2.0 (0.1)	100.0	78.3 (3.0)	14.2 (2.6)	6.9 (1.3)	*	Antiarrhythmic agents, local injectable anesthetics
Morphine	6,991 (782)	1.9 (0.1)	100.0	97.8 (0.8)	*	*	0.0	Analgesics
Albuterol	6,570 (658)	1.8 (0.1)	100.0	49.9 (3.6)	35.6 (3.5)	12.4 (2.3)	*	Bronchodilators
Ceftriaxone	5,911 (604)	1.6 (0.1)	100.0	**97.1 (1.3)	*	*	0.0	Cephalosporins
hydrocodone	5,695 (640)	1.6 (0.2)	100.0	41.1 (3.6)	44.5 (3.9)	14.2 (2.4)	*	Analgesics
Diphenhydramine	5,294 (519)	1.5 (0.1)	100.0	77.2 (2.7)	13.3 (2.5)	8.1 (1.4)	*	Antiemetic or antivertigo agents, Antihistamines, Antiparkinson agents, Anxiolytics, sedatives, and hypnotics
Aspirin	4,852 (535)	1.3 (0.1)	100.0	72.8 (5.1)	20.4 (4.6)	*	*	Analgesics, Antiplatelet agents
lohexol	4,696 (867)	1.3 (0.2)	100.0	99.6 (0.3)	*	0.0	0.0	Radiocontrast agents
Cephalexin	4,568 (415)	1.3 (0.1)	100.0	15.4 (2.3)	64.6 (3.3)	20.0 (2.6)	0.0	Cephalosporins
Lorazepam	4,298 (439)	1.2 (0.1)	100.0	90.5 (2.0)	6.3 (1.5)	* ′	*	Anticonvulsants, Antiemetic or antivertigo agents, Anxiolytics, sedatives, and hypnotics
Iopamidol	3,912 (851)	1.1 (0.2)	100.0	99.7 (0.3)	*	*	*	Radiocontrast agents
Prednisone		1.1 (0.1)	100.0	24.0 (3.6)	51.3 (4.2)	23.9 (2.8)	*	Adrenal cortical steroids
Famotidine		1.0 (0.1)	100.0	65.6 (4.2)	20.8 (3.9)	12.7 (2.3)	*	H2 antagonists
Hydromorphone	, ,	0.9 (0.1)	100.0	97.4 (1.0)	* ′	*	*	Analgesics
Pantoprazole		0.8 (0.1)	100.0	68.1 (4.2)	25.0 (4.0)	4.5 (1.1)	*	Proton pump inhibitors
All other	180,472 (15,522)	50.0 (1.2)	100.0	55.0 (3.0)	36.1 (3.1)	6.6 (0.6)	*	

^{..} Category not applicable

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability. Estimates are not presented if they are based on fewer than 30 cases in the sample data; only an asterisk is shown. Estimates based on 30 cases or more include an asterisk if the relative standard error of the estimate exceeds 30%. Proportion estimates are not presented if they are unreliable based on the procedure specified in "National Center for Health Statistics Data Presentation Standards for Proportions" (available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_175.pdf), in which case only an asterisk is shown.

^{**} Estimate meets National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability, but its complement does not.

¹Based on Cerner Multum terminology, the drug name reflects the active ingredients of a drug mention.

²Includes drugs given or prescribed that did not have either the "given in emergency department" or "prescribed at discharge" checkboxes marked.

³Based on Cerner Multum second-level therapeutic drug category (available from: https://www.cerner.com/solutions/drug-database).

Table 22. Providers seen at emergency department visits: United States, 2021

Type of provider	Number of visits ¹ (standard error) in thousands	Percent of visits (standard error)
ull visits	139,781 (8,457)	
Any physician	120,377 (7,160)	86.1 (1.3)
Emergency department attending physician	118,219 (7,172)	84.6 (1.3)
Emergency department resident or intern	16,355 (2,678)	11.7 (1.8)
Consulting physician	19,597 (1,931)	14.0 (1.2)
Registered nurse or licensed practical nurse	131,621 (8,756)	94.2 (1.4)
Any physician seen	113,406 (7,405)	81.1 (1.6)
Physician not seen	18,215 (2,289)	13.0 (1.3)
Nurse practitioner	13,847 (1,817)	9.9 (1.1)
Any physician seen	7,973 (1,515)	5.7 (1.0)
Physician not seen	5,874 (1,380)	4.2 (0.9)
Physician assistant	25,470 (3,064)	18.2 (1.9)
Any physician seen	15,933 (2,322)	11.4 (1.6)
Physician not seen	9,537 (1,869)	6.8 (1.2)
Emergency medical technician	11,717 (1,383)	8.4 (0.9)
Mental health provider	2,419 (306)	1.7 (0.2)
Other	53,006 (5,508)	37.9 (3.1)
Blank	*	0.1 (0.0)

^{...} Category not applicable.

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability. Estimates are not presented if they are based on fewer than 30 cases in the sample data, in which case only an asterisk is shown. Estimates based on 30 cases or more include an asterisk if the relative standard error of the estimate exceeds 30%. Proportion estimates are not presented if they are unreliable based on the procedure specified in "National Center for Health Statistics Data Presentation Standards for Proportions" (available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_175.pdf), in which case only an asterisk is shown.

^{0.0} Quantity more than zero but less than 0.05.

¹Total number of visits exceeds "All visits" and percent of visits exceeds 100% because more than one provider may be reported per visit.

Table 23. Disposition of emergency department visits: United States, 2021

Disposition	Number of visits ¹ (standard error) in thousands	Percent of visits (standard error)
All visits	139,781 (8,457)	
Admitted, transferred, or died		
Admit to this hospital	18,312 (1,777)	13.1 (1.1)
Critical care unit	2,847 (473)	2.0 (0.3)
Stepdown or telemetry unit	503 (148)	0.4 (0.1)
Operation room	995 (152)	0.7 (0.1)
Mental health or detoxification unit	665 (174)	0.5 (0.1)
Cardiac catheterization lab	407 (104)	0.3 (0.1)
Other bed or unit	10,121 (1,284)	7.2 (0.8)
Unknown or blank	2,775 (685)	2.0 (0.5)
Admit to observation unit	3,275 (597)	2.3 (0.4)
Then hospitalized	1,208 (282)	0.9 (0.2)
Then discharged	2,067 (393)	1.5 (0.3)
Return or transfer to nursing home	645 (140)	0.5 (0.1)
Fransfer to psychiatric hospital	1,103 (153)	0.8 (0.1)
Fransfer to other hospital	2,184 (320)	1.6 (0.2)
Dead in emergency department ²	374 (99)	0.3 (0.1)
Outpatient follow-up		
Return or refer to physician or clinic for follow-up	94,970 (6,980)	67.9 (1.7)
No follow-up planned	10,335 (1,442)	7.4 (1.1)
Left before completing visit		
_eft without being seen	2,325 (406)	1.7 (0.3)
Left before treatment complete	1,483 (246)	1.1 (0.2)
∟eft against medical advice	1,473 (163)	1.1 (O.1)
Other	1,761 (256)	1.3 (0.2)
Blank	2,008 (1,236)	1.4 (0.9)

^{...} Category not applicable.

¹Total number of visits exceeds "All visits" and percent of visits exceeds 100% because more than one disposition may be reported per visit.

Includes "Dead on arrival."

Table 24. Emergency department visits resulting in hospital admission, by selected patient and visit characteristics: United States, 2021

Patient and visit characteristics	Number of visits (standard error) in thousands	Percent distribution (standard error)	Mean length of stay ¹ in days (standard error)	Admissions as percent of visits (standard error)
All admissions	18,312 (1,777)	100.0	5.2 (0.3)	13.1 (1.1)
Age group (years)				
Under 15	*1,220 (470)	*	5.9 (1.7)	*
15–24	1,078 (181)	5.9 (0.9)	4.6 (0.5)	6.1 (0.9)
25–44	2,866 (312)	15.6 (1.3)	4.7 (0.4)	7.4 (0.7)
45–64	5,225 (578)	28.5 (1.4)	5.2 (0.3)	16.4 (1.5)
65–74	3,220 (372)	17.6 (1.1)	5.2 (0.4)	24.4 (2.1)
75 and over	4,703 (606)	25.7 (1.8)	5.5 (0.4)	33.8 (2.9)
Residence				
Private	16,070 (1,515)	87.8 (2.5)	5.1 (0.3)	12.4 (1.0)
Nursing home	1,118 (243)	6.1 (1.0)	6.5 (1.0)	42.7 (5.4)
Homeless	*	1.2 (0.3)	7.1 (0.9)	13.6 (3.0)
Other	*	1.1 (0.4)	7.0 (1.1)	*
Unknown or blank	*690 (445)	*	5.0 (0.4)	*
Expected sources of payment ²				
Private insurance	5,633 (675)	30.8 (2.7)	5.3 (0.5)	12.5 (1.3)
Medicare	8,011 (1,058)	43.7 (3.3)	5.6 (0.3)	28.8 (2.4)
Medicaid or CHIP ³ or				
other state-based program	5,046 (597)	27.6 (2.2)	5.1 (0.3)	9.7 (1.0)
No insurance ⁴	523 (138)	2.9 (0.7)	4.0 (0.5)	5.6 (1.1)
Mode of arrival				
Ambulance	8,080 (867)	44.1 (2.1)	5.7 (0.4)	32.9 (2.2)
Other	10,233 (1,069)	55.9 (2.1)	4.8 (0.4)	8.9 (0.8)
Triage category				
Immediate or emergent ⁵	6,196 (869)	33.8 (3.2)	5.6 (0.4)	33.3 (4.6)
Other	12,117 (1,286)	66.2 (3.2)	5.0 (0.3)	10.0 (1.0)
Patient seen in this emergency department during the last 72 hours				
Yes	674 (111)	3.7 (0.5)	4.7 (0.4)	14.5 (2.3)
No, unknown, or blank	17,638 (1,718)	96.3 (0.5)	5.2 (0.3)	13.1 (1.1)
Length of stay (days)				
1–2	5,228 (761)	28.5 (3.1)		
3–4	5,390 (663)	29.4 (1.8)		
5–6	2,656 (334)	14.5 (1.1)		
7–8	1,562 (229)	8.5 (0.9)		
9–10	757 (112)	4.1 (0.5)		
More than 10	1,656 (271)	9.0 (1.1)		
Unknown or blank	1,062 (298)	5.8 (1.7)		
Hospital discharge status				
Alive	17,241 (1,724)	94.1 (1.4)	5.0 (0.3)	
Home or residence	14,111 (1,408)	81.8 (1.5)	4.8 (0.3)	
Return or transfer to nursing home	1,398 (268)	8.1 (1.2)	6.5 (0.8)	
Transfer to another facility	946 (165)	5.5 (0.8)	6.8 (0.8)	
Other	367 (84)	2.1 (0.5)	6.6 (0.9)	
Unknown or blank	419 (108)	2.4 (0.6)	3.5 (0.9)	
Died	442 (121)	2.4 (0.6)	11.4 (1.3)	
Unknown or blank	*630 (228)	*	4.3 (1.4)	

Table 24. Emergency department visits resulting in hospital admission, by selected patient and visit characteristics: United States, 2021—Con.

... Category not applicable.

Denominator for length of stay for 17,251,000 visits where this variable was known. Length of stay was unknown for 5.8% (weighted) of visits resulting in admission.

³Children's Health Insurance Program.

⁵Defined as needing to be seen within 1–14 minutes.

NOTE: Numbers may not add to totals due to rounding.

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability. Visit estimates are not presented if they are based on fewer than 30 cases in the sample data; only an asterisk is shown. Visit estimates based on 30 cases or more include an asterisk if the relative standard error of the estimate exceeds 30%. Proportion estimates are not presented if they are unreliable based on the procedure specified in "National Center for Health Statistics Data Presentation Standards for Proportions" (available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_175.pdf), in which case only an asterisk is shown.

²Total number of visits exceeds "All admissions" and percent distribution exceeds 100% because more than one source of payment may be reported per visit. Workers' compensation, other, and unknown sources of payment (not shown) account for 8.8% (weighted) of expected sources of payment.

⁴Defined as having only self-pay, no charge, or charity as payment sources. Individual self-pay and no charge or charity categories are not mutually exclusive.

Table 25. Principal hospital discharge diagnoses for patients admitted through the emergency department, by major disease category: United States, 2021

Major disease category and ICD–10–CM code range ¹		Number o (standard in thousa	error)	Percent distribution (standard error)
All visits		18,312 (1	1,777)	100.0
Certain infectious and parasitic diseases	A00-B99	482 (7		2.6 (0.5)
Neoplasms	C00-D49	*	•	1.0 (0.2)
Diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs and				
certain disorders involving the immune mechanism		356 (7	71)	1.9 (0.3)
Endocrine, nutritional, and metabolic diseases	E00-E89	721 (1	114)	3.9 (0.5)
Mental, behavioral and neurodevelopmental				
disorders	F01–F99	661 (1	146)	3.6 (0.7)
Diseases of the nervous system and				
sense organs ²		438 (9	91)	2.4 (0.4)
Diseases of the circulatory system	100–199	2,325 (3	325)	12.7 (1.0)
Diseases of the respiratory system	J00–J99	1,857 (2	266)	10.1 (1.0)
Diseases of the digestive system	K00-K95	1,938 (2	235)	10.6 (0.8)
Diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue	L00-L99	397 (8	32)	2.2 (0.4)
Diseases of the musculoskeletal system				
and connective tissue	M00-M99	346 (7	73)	1.9 (0.3)
Diseases of the genitourinary system		1,377 (2	227)	7.5 (1.0)
Pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperium	O00-O9A	*184 (6	30)	1.0 (0.3)
Symptoms, signs, and abnormal clinical and laboratory				
findings, not elsewhere classified	R00-R99	3,324 (4	186)	18.2 (1.4)
Injury, poisoning and certain other consequences				
of external causes		1,241 (1	173)	6.8 (0.8)
Codes for special purposes ³		722 (1	,	3.9 (0.8)
All other diagnoses ⁴		*1,045 (3	324)	5.7 (1.7)
Unknown or blank		*711 (2	224)	*

^{...} Category not applicable.

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability. Visit estimates are not presented if they are based on fewer than 30 cases in the sample data; only an asterisk is shown. Visit estimates based on 30 cases or more include an asterisk if the relative standard error of the estimate exceeds 30%. Proportion estimates are not presented if they are unreliable based on the procedure specified in "National Center for Health Statistics Data Presentation Standards for Proportions" (available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_175.pdf), in which case only an asterisk is shown.

¹Based on the International Classification of Diseases, 10th Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-10-CM). However, certain codes have been combined in this table to better describe the utilization of ambulatory care services.

²Sense organs include eye, adnexa, ear, and mastoid process.

³The only code in this category is U07.1 for COVID-19.

⁴Includes certain conditions originating in the perinatal period (P00–P96), congenital malformations, deformations and chromosomal abnormalities (Q00–Q99), external causes of morbidity (V00–Y99), and factors influencing health status and contact with health services (Z00–Z99).

Table 26. Hospital and emergency department characteristics, by emergency department visit volume: United States, 2021

Hospital and emergency department characteristics	Total ¹	Fewer than 20,000	20,000 to 49,999	50,000 or more	
	Percent distribution (standard error)				
All emergency departments	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Hospital characteristic					
Has bed coordinator:					
Yes	58.5 (5.4)	*	*	**84.3 (5.9)	
No	30.9 (5.3)	*	20.7 (6.1)	*	
Unknown or blank	*	*	*	*	
How often hospital bed census data are available:					
Instantaneously	77.0 (4.6)	78.4 (7.0)	*	**86.0 (5.5)	
Every 4 hours	*	*	*	0.8 (0.8)	
Every 8 hours	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	
Every 12 hours	0.9 (0.6)	0.0 (0.0)	*	0.0 (0.0)	
Every 24 hours	*	*	*	0.0 (0.0)	
Unknown or blank	1.2 (0.9)	0.0 (0.0)	*	*	
Has hospitalists on staff:	1.2 (0.9)	0.0 (0.0)	•••	•••	
Yes	95 O (4.4)	*	**96.6 (2.4)	**93.2 (4.2)	
	85.0 (4.4)		90.0 (2.4)		
No	* ··· *	* *	*	*	
Unknown or blank	· · · ·	*	" ···	· · · ·	
las emergency medicine residency program:	05.0 (4.0)		00.0 (7.0)	44 4 (7 4)	
Yes	25.6 (4.3)	*	33.8 (7.0)	44.1 (7.1)	
No	67.5 (4.8)	**80.1 (6.8)	*	48.4 (7.0)	
Unknown or blank	*	*	*	*	
Emergency department (ED) characteristic					
ED uses electronic medical records or health records:					
Yes, all electronic	86.2 (3.1)	**83.5 (5.7)	*	94.7 (3.0)	
Yes, part paper and part electronic	12.8 (3.3)	*	*	*	
No	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	
Unknown or blank, or refused to answer	*	*	0.0 (0.0)	0.0 (0.0)	
ED has physically separate observation or clinical			, ,	, ,	
decision unit:					
Yes	35.3 (5.2)	*	*	42.1 (6.9)	
No	55.5 (5.5)	*	*	55.2 (7.0)	
Unknown	*	*	*	*	
Admitted patients were ever boarded 2 hours or more in	•••	•••	•••	•••	
ED or observation while waiting for inpatient bed:					
Yes	68.5 (5.3)	*	*	**89.9 (4.9)	
No.	20.4 (4.7)	*	*	89.9 (4.9) *	
	20.4 (4.7) *	*	*	*	
Unknown or blank	•••	•••	•••	•••	
	24.4.(4.0)	*	*	*	
Yes	31.4 (4.9)	*	*	*	
No	52.6 (5.5)	*	*	*	
Unknown or blank	16.0 (4.1)	*	*	*	

Table 26. Hospital and emergency department characteristics, by emergency department visit volume: United States, 2021-Con.

Hospital and emergency department characteristics	Total ¹	Fewer than 20,000	20,000 to 49,999	50,000 or more
Emergency department (ED) characteristic—Con.		Percent distributio	n (standard error)	
Ambulance diversion actively managed on regional level			,	
compared with each hospital adopting diversion if and				
when it chooses ² :				
Yes	*	*	*	*
No	*	*	*	*
Unknown or blank	*	*	0.0 (0.0)	*
Hospital continues to admit elective or scheduled surgery				
cases when ED is on ambulance diversion ² :				
Yes	*	*	**97.3 (2.0)	**87.7 (5.5)
No	*	*	*	*
Unknown or blank	*	*	*	*
ED increased the number of standard treatment				
spaces in last 2 years:				
Yes	17.6 (4.0)	*	*	*
No	76.3 (4.4)	77.9 (6.5)	*	82.1 (5.1)
Unknown or blank	*	*	*	*
ED physical space was expanded in last 2 years:				
Yes	14.3 (3.4)	*	*	*
No	80.3 (3.8)	78.0 (6.1)	**81.6 (6.0)	84.6 (4.4)
Unknown or blank	*	*	*	*
ED plans to expand physical space in next 2 years ³ :				
Yes	12.6 (3.1)	*	*	*
No	78.2 (3.7)	**84.4 (5.2)	77.5 (6.1)	*
Unknown or blank	9.2 (2.4)	*	*	*
Services ED uses:				
Bedside registration	77.7 (4.3)	75.2 (6.5)	*	**92.2 (3.9)
Kiosk self check-in	*	*	*	*
Computer-assisted triage	33.8 (3.7)	27.1 (6.0)	*	43.8 (7.0)
Immediate bedding	63.5 (5.7)	*	*	79.0 (5.2)
Advanced triage (triage-based care) protocols	62.8 (4.5)	53.1 (6.8)	*	76.6 (5.5)
Physician or practitioner at triage	42.8 (5.3)	*	40.7 (6.9)	*
Separate fast-track unit for nonurgent care	38.7 (4.2)	23.5 (6.7)	*	66.0 (6.9)
Separate operating room dedicated to ED patients	8.1 (2.3)	*	*	22.4 (6.5)
Electronic dashboard ⁴	79.4 (3.8)	**83.1 (5.4)	*	**89.0 (3.7)
Radio frequency identification tracking ⁵	20.0 (4.0)	*	*	27.1 (6.1)
Wireless devices by providers	64.3 (4.6)	*	*	**82.2 (5.4)
Zone nursing ⁶	47.1 (5.6)	*	*	79.1 (5.8)
Pool nurses ⁷	48.8 (5.0)	*	43.6 (6.7)	71.2 (6.4)

^{...} Category not applicable.

^{*} Estimate does not meet National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability. Estimates are not presented if they are based on fewer than 30 cases in the sample data; only an asterisk is shown. Estimates based on 30 cases or more include an asterisk if the relative standard error of the estimate exceeds 30%. Proportion estimates are not presented if they are unreliable based on the procedure specified in "National Center for Health Statistics Data Presentation Standards for Proportions" (available from: https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_02/sr02_175.pdf), in which case only an asterisk is shown.

^{**} Estimate meets National Center for Health Statistics standards of reliability, but its complement does not.

^{0.0} Quantity more than zero but less than 0.05.

Number of sampled hospitals for all emergency departments (sample = 183); fewer than 20,000 (sample = 58); 20,000 to 49,999 (sample = 54); and 50,000 or more (sample = 71).

²Denominator is number of emergency departments on ambulance diversion or for which ambulance diversion status is unknown.

³Denominator is number of emergency departments that did not expand their physical space, including unknown or blank responses, in the last 2 years.

⁴Displays updated patient information and integrates multiple data sources.

⁵Shows the exact location of patients, caregivers, and equipment.

⁶Refers to all of a nurse's patients being located in one area.

⁷Those who can be pulled into the emergency department on demand to respond to surges.