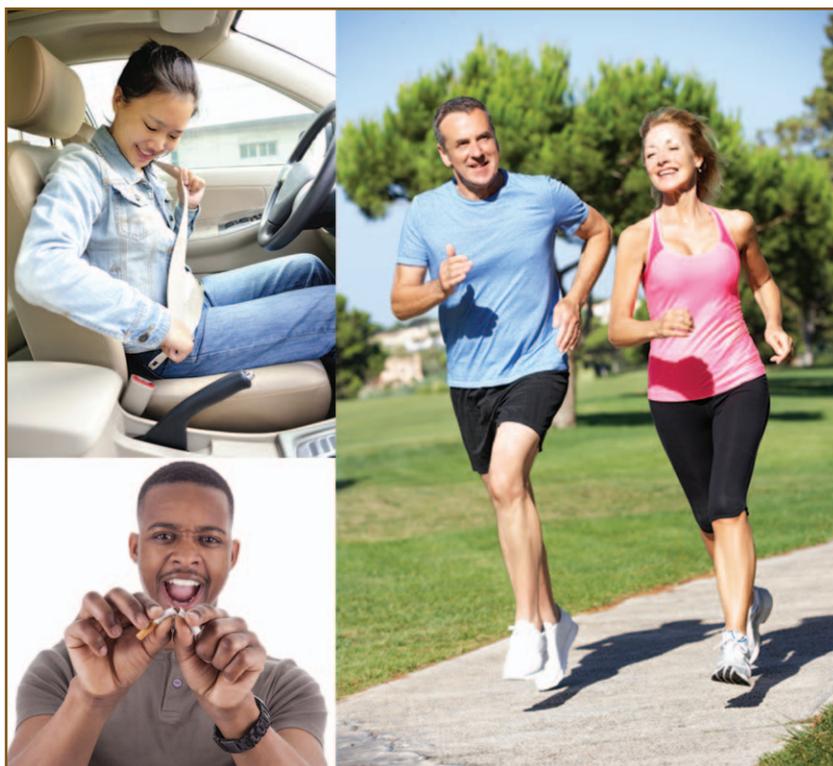


Surveillance for Certain Health Behaviors, Chronic Diseases, and Conditions, Access to Health Care, and Use of Preventive Health Services Among States and Selected Local Areas — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012



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Surveillance for Certain Health Behaviors, Chronic Diseases, and Conditions, Access to Health Care, and Use of Preventive Health Services Among States and Selected Local Areas — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

Pranesh P. Chowdhury, MD¹
 Tebitha Mawokomatanda, MSPH¹
 Fang Xu, PhD¹
 Sonya Gamble, MS¹
 David Flegel, MS²
 Carol Pierannunzi, PhD¹
 William Garvin, MS¹
 Machell Town, PhD¹

¹*Division of Population Health, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, CDC*

²*Northrop Grumman Corporation, Atlanta, Georgia*

Abstract

Problem: Chronic diseases (e.g., heart diseases, cancer, chronic lower respiratory disease, stroke, diabetes, and arthritis) and unintentional injuries are the leading causes of morbidity and mortality in the United States. Behavioral risk factors (e.g., tobacco use, poor diet, physical inactivity, excessive alcohol consumption, failure to use seat belts, and insufficient sleep) are linked to the leading causes of death. Modifying these behavioral risk factors and using preventive health services (e.g., cancer screenings and influenza and pneumococcal vaccination of adults aged ≥ 65 years) can substantially reduce morbidity and mortality in the U.S. population. Continuous monitoring of these health-risk behaviors, chronic conditions, and use of preventive services are essential to the development of health promotion strategies, intervention programs, and health policies at the state, city, and county level.

Reporting Period: January–December 2012.

Description of the System: The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) is an ongoing, state-based, random-digit–dialed landline- and cellular-telephone survey of noninstitutionalized adults aged ≥ 18 years residing in the United States. BRFSS collects data on health-risk behaviors, chronic diseases and conditions, access to health care, and use of preventive health services related to the leading causes of death and disability. This report presents results for all 50 states, the District of Columbia, participating U.S. territories that include the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico (Puerto Rico) and Guam, 187 Metropolitan/Micropolitan Statistical Areas (MMSAs), and 210 counties ($n = 475,687$ survey respondents) for the year 2012.

Results: In 2012, the estimated prevalence of health-risk behaviors, chronic diseases or conditions, access to health care, and use of preventive health services substantially varied by state and territory, MMSA, and county. The following portion of the abstract lists a summary of results by selected BRFSS measures. Each set of proportions refers to the range of estimated prevalence for health-risk behaviors, chronic diseases or conditions, and use of preventive health care services among geographical units, as reported by survey respondents. Adults with good or better health: 64.0%–88.3% for states and territories, 62.7%–90.5% for MMSAs, and 68.1%–92.4% for counties. Adults aged 18–64 years with health care coverage: 64.2%–93.1% for states and territories, 35.4%–93.7% for MMSAs, and 35.4%–96.7% for counties. Adults who received a routine physical checkup during the preceding 12 months: 55.7%–80.1% for states and territories, 50.6%–85.0% for MMSAs, and 52.4%–85.0% for counties. An influenza vaccination received during the preceding 12 months among adults aged ≥ 65 years: 26.3%–70.1% for states and territories, 20.8%–77.8% for MMSAs, and 24.1%–77.6% for counties. Ever received pneumococcal vaccination among adults aged ≥ 65 years: 22.2%–76.2% for states and territories, 15.3%–83.4% for MMSAs, and 25.8%–85.2% for counties. Adults who had a dental visit in the past year: 53.7%–76.2% for states and territories, and 44.8%–81.7% for MMSAs and counties. Adults aged ≥ 65 years who have lost all of their natural teeth from tooth decay or gum disease: 7.0%–33.7% for states and territories, 5.8%–39.6% for MMSAs, and 5.8%–37.1% for counties. Adults aged 50–75 years who received a colorectal cancer screening on the basis of the U.S. Preventive

Services Task Force recommendation: 40.0%–76.4% for states and territories, 47.1%–80.7% for MMSAs, and 47.0%–81.0% for counties. Women aged 21–65 years who had a Papanicolaou test during the preceding 3 years: 68.5% to 89.6% for states

Corresponding author: Machell Town, PhD, Division of Population Health, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, CDC. Telephone: 770-488-4681; E-mail: mpt2@cdc.gov.

and territories, 70.3% to 92.8% for MMSAs, and 65.7%–94.6% for counties. Women aged 50–74 years who had a mammogram during the preceding 2 years: 66.5%–89.7% for states and territories, 61.1%–91.5% for MMSAs, and 61.8%–91.6% for counties. Current cigarette smoking among adults: 10.6%–28.3% for states and territories, 5.1%–30.1% for MMSAs, and 5.1%–28.3% for counties. Binge drinking among adults during the preceding month: 10.2%–25.2% for states and territories, 6.2%–28.1% for MMSAs, and 6.2%–29.5% for counties. Heavy drinking among adults during the preceding month: 3.5%–8.5% for states and territories, 2.0%–11.0% for MMSAs, and 1.9%–11.0% for counties. Adults who reported no leisure-time physical activity: 16.3%–42.4% for states and territories, 9.2%–47.3% for MMSAs, and 9.2%–39.0% for counties. Self-reported seat belt use: 62.0%–93.7% for states and territories, 54.1%–97.1% for MMSAs, and 50.1%–97.4% for counties. Adults who were obese: 20.5%–34.7% for states and territories, 14.8%–44.5% for MMSAs and counties. Adults with diagnosed diabetes: 7.0%–16.4% for states and territories, 3.4%–17.4% for MMSAs, and 3.1%–17.4% for counties. Adults who ever had any type of cancer: 3.0%–13.7% for states and territories, 3.8%–19.2% for MMSAs, and 4.5%–19.2% for counties. Adults with current asthma: 5.8%–11.1% for states and territories, 3.1%–15.0% for MMSAs, and 3.1%–15.7% for counties. Adults with some form of arthritis: 15.6%–36.4% for states and territories, 16.8%–45.8% for MMSAs, and 14.8%–35.9% for counties. Adults having had a depressive disorder: 9.0%–23.5% for states and territories, 9.2%–28.3% for MMSAs, and 8.5%–28.4% for counties. Adults aged ≥45 years who have had coronary heart disease: 7.4%–19.0% for states and territories, 6.1%–23.3% for MMSAs, and 6.1%–20.6% for counties. Adults aged ≥45 years who have had a stroke: 3.1%–7.3% for states and territories, 2.1%–9.3% for MMSAs, and 1.5%–9.3% for counties. Adults with limited activities because of physical, mental, or emotional problems: 15.0%–28.6% for states and territories, 12.0%–31.7% for MMSAs, and 11.3%–31.7% for counties. Adults using special equipment because of any health problem: 4.8%–11.6% for states and territories, 4.0%–14.7% for MMSAs, and 2.8%–13.6% for counties.

Interpretation: This report underscores the need for continuous surveillance of health-risk behaviors, chronic diseases or conditions, health care access, and use of preventive care services at state and local levels. It will help to identify high-risk populations and to evaluate public health intervention programs and policies designed to reduce morbidity and mortality from chronic disease and injury.

Public Health Action: State and local health departments and agencies can continue to use BRFSS data to identify populations at high risk for unhealthy behaviors and chronic diseases or conditions, lack of health care access, and inadequate use of preventive care services. Additionally, states can use the data to design, implement, monitor, and evaluate public health programs and policies at state and local levels.

Introduction

The goals of national health promotion and disease prevention are to prevent or delay disease, decrease premature mortality, and improve health-related quality of life for all U.S. residents (1). Chronic diseases (e.g., heart disease, cancer, chronic lower-respiratory disease, stroke, diabetes, and arthritis) and unintentional injuries are the leading causes of death and disability in the United States (2). Engaging in healthy behaviors (e.g., quitting smoking, being more physically active, wearing seat belts while riding in vehicles, getting sufficient sleep, reducing alcohol consumption, and eating a nutritious diet) and using preventive services (e.g., routine medical checkup, blood pressure and cholesterol screening, cancer screening, and recommended vaccinations) can reduce morbidity and premature mortality from these chronic diseases and injuries (3). Monitoring health-risk behaviors, chronic diseases or conditions, and the use of preventive services to help identify high-risk groups with the

greatest need for intervention is important for preventing morbidity and mortality and unintentional injuries.

The Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) is a state-based landline and cellular telephone survey conducted by state health departments with assistance from CDC (4). Since 1984, BRFSS has been a unique source of data for health-risk behaviors, chronic diseases or conditions, health care access, and the use of preventive health services for states/territories. Since 2002, the large sample size in BRFSS has facilitated calculation of prevalence estimates for selected Metropolitan and Micropolitan Statistical Areas (MMSAs), metropolitan divisions, and selected counties (5). BRFSS data are frequently used to set health goals as well as to monitor progress of public health programs and policy implementation at national, state, and local levels (6). This report provides prevalence estimates for selected health-risk behaviors, health care access, use of preventive care services, and chronic diseases or conditions by states/territories, selected MMSAs, and selected counties for 2012.

Methods

BRFSS is the largest continuously conducted telephone health survey in the world with approximately 400,000 adult interviews completed each year. BRFSS is conducted by states with assistance from CDC. BRFSS uses a multistage sampling design to select a representative sample of the noninstitutionalized civilian population aged ≥ 18 years residing in states and territories of the United States (7). All the responses were self-reported; proxy interviews are not conducted by BRFSS.

Since 2011, BRFSS includes both landline telephone- and cellular telephone-based surveys. In conducting the BRFSS landline telephone survey, interviewers collect data from a randomly selected adult in a household. Cellular telephone interviews are treated as one-person adult household, and survey interviewers collect data from adults answering the cellular telephones (4). Using a dual-frame survey including combined landline and cellular telephones improved validity, data quality, and representativeness of BRFSS data (8).

Details on methodology, random sampling procedures, design, and reliability and validity of measures used in BRFSS have been described previously (9,10). MMSA and metropolitan divisions are defined by the Office of Management and Budget. County names were collected from the respondents during the demographics section of the interviews and were used to determine the corresponding American National Standards Institute county codes. Respondents were assigned to MMSAs on the basis of their county codes. MMSAs were included in this report if there were ≥ 500 respondents; similarly counties that had ≥ 500 respondents were included for county level estimates (11).

This report provides prevalence estimates for selected health risk behaviors, use of preventive health care services, and chronic conditions among residents living in the 50 states, the District of Columbia (DC), Guam, Puerto Rico, 187 MMSAs, and 210 counties.

Questionnaire

All questions included in BRFSS go through technical review, cognitive testing, and field testing before being placed in the questionnaire. The standard BRFSS questionnaire consists of three sections: core questions, optional modules, and state-added questions. Eligible respondents answer the same core questions. Optional modules were selected by states on the basis of the specific needs and goals of the programs in each state's health department. Although core questions are always collected on both landline telephone and cellular telephones, optional module data might have been collected by landline

telephone or cellular telephone. Not all modules are used by every state, and states can opt out of collecting any module data. States could have chosen to split the modules by dividing the samples so only a portion of the respondents answer certain module questions. In 2012, there were as many as three module versions; there were no split versions of a module whose data were collected only by cellular telephone. State-added questions are developed or acquired by participating states and are added to their questionnaires; they are not edited or evaluated by CDC.

The 2012 core questions (12) were used to inquire about participants' health status, number of healthy days in the past 30 days, health care access, exercise, inadequate sleep, chronic health conditions, oral health, demographics, disability, tobacco use, alcohol consumption, immunization, falls, seat belt use, drinking and driving, breast and cervical cancer screening, prostate cancer screening, colorectal cancer screening, and human immunodeficiency virus/acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (HIV/AIDS). The following optional models were used by at least one state in both the landline and cellular telephone survey during 2012 data collection: adult asthma history (two states), adult human papilloma virus (HPV) (six states), adverse childhood experience (four states), cancer survivorship (six states), childhood asthma prevalence (33 states), childhood immunization (12 states), chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (11 states), diabetes (28 states), excess sun exposure (four states), consumption of fruits and vegetables (five states), general preparedness (two states), HIV/AIDS (two states), inadequate sleep (four states), mental illness and stigma (11 states), prediabetes (26 states), prostate cancer screening decision making module (three states), random child selection (36 states), reaction to race (two states), shingles (Zostavax or ZOS) (four states), social context (five states), sugar-sweetened beverages and menu labeling (11 states), tetanus-diphtheria vaccination in adults (four states), and veteran's health (two states).

Data Collection and Processing

BRFSS data are collected according to standard BRFSS protocol across all states, DC, and participating territories (4). States can conduct interviews internally or opt to contract with a private company or university to conduct interviews but maintain standard procedures to ensure respondents' confidentiality, document the quality of the interviewing process, and supervise and monitor the interviewers. Since 2007, BRFSS surveys have been collected monthly in all 50 states, DC, and participating U.S. territories. State-collected data are submitted to CDC for processing, checking, and weighting.

Sampling

A BRFSS sample record is one telephone number in the list of all telephone numbers selected for dialing. States obtain two types of samples of telephone numbers from CDC: one for landline telephone respondents and one for cellular telephone respondents. For the landline survey, all 50 states and DC used a disproportionate stratified sample (DSS) design; but Guam and Puerto Rico used a simple random sample design (4). In a DSS design, landline telephone numbers are divided into two groups, or strata: high-density and medium-density strata containing telephone numbers that are expected to belong mostly to households. The two strata are sampled to obtain a probability sample of all households with telephones. For the cellular telephone survey, phone samples are randomly drawn from confirmed cellular telephone sampling frames for each state (4). The target population for cellular telephone samples consist of adults aged ≥ 18 years, living in households or college housing who have a working cellular telephone, and receive $\geq 90\%$ of their calls on cellular telephones (13). Because of the portability of the cellular telephone, some of the numbers in the cellular telephone sample will reach respondents who have moved into other states. In those cases, the contacting state completes the core BRFSS interview with respondents from other states; data from out-of-state interviews are transferred to the appropriate states at the end of each data-collection period.

Data Weighting

In 2011, a new weighting methodology called iterative proportional fitting (or “raking”) replaced post stratification. The latter had been used to weight the data every year before 2011. Raking allows incorporation of cellular telephone survey data and permits the introduction of additional demographic characteristics (e.g., education level, marital status, and home renter/owner) in addition to age-race/ethnicity-sex that improves the degree and extent to which the BRFSS sample properly reflects the sociodemographic make-up of both individual states and, when aggregated, the entire United States (14). After combining landline and cellular telephone data, BRFSS performs raking by adjusting one or a combination of demographic categories at a time in an iterative process until a convergence of a set value is reached. During 2012, state-level BRFSS raking included the following demographic categories: sex by age, detailed race and ethnicity groups, education levels, marital status, home renter/owner, sex by race and ethnicity, age groups by race and ethnicity, and phone-source. Those states that used regional weighting also included four additional categories: region, region by age, region by sex, and region by

race and ethnicity. The state-level weights were raked to five margins including age group, sex, race and ethnicity group, sex by age group, and sex by race and ethnicity group at the MMSA or county level to produce MMSA or county weights. Information about weighting MMSA and county BRFSS data can be found on the BRFSS SMART webpage (11).

Statistical Analyses

To account for the complex sampling design of BRFSS, all the prevalence estimates were computed on the basis of a statistical analysis (SAS version 9.3, SAS Institute Inc., Cary, NC, USA) using weights and strata. The prevalence estimates in this report are direct estimates. This report provides unweighted sample size, weighted prevalence estimates with standard errors, and 95% confidence intervals for prevalence of health-risk behaviors, chronic diseases or conditions, and use of preventive health care services by states and territories, MMSAs, and counties on the basis of 2012 BRFSS data. If the unweighted sample size was represented by < 50 survey participants or the relative standard error (RSE) was $> 30\%$, the results were suppressed to avoid unstable estimates. RSE was calculated by dividing the standard error by the estimated prevalence and multiplying by 100 (for percent). Responses coded as “do not know” or “refused” were excluded from the analyses.

About This Report

This report presents the results and a discussion of the following topics: 1) health status indicators (self-rated health status and health care coverage for persons aged 18–64 years), 2) preventive practices (recent routine physical checkup, influenza vaccination, and pneumococcal vaccination for persons aged ≥ 65 years), 3) oral health (dental visit in the past year and loss of all natural teeth among adults aged ≥ 65 years), 4) cancer screening (e.g., colorectal cancer screening, cervical cancer screening, and breast cancer screening), 5) health-risk behaviors (current cigarette smoking, binge drinking, heavy drinking, no leisure-time physical activity, and self-reported seat belt use), 6) chronic health conditions (obesity, diagnosed diabetes, cancer survivors, current asthma, arthritis, depression, coronary heart disease, and stroke for persons aged ≥ 45 years), and 7) disability (activity limitation and use of special equipment because of physical, mental, or emotional problems). The 2012 questionnaire and all related support documents are available on the BRFSS webpage (http://www.cdc.gov/brfss/annual_data/annual_2012.html).

Results

In 2012, a total of 475,687 adults completed interviews by landline and cellular telephones. For data collected by landline telephone, 377,013 respondents completed the interview and the numbers of participants ranged from 1,728 in Guam to 18,325 in Massachusetts (median: 6,085). For data collected by cellular telephone, 98,674 respondents completed the interview, with participant numbers ranging from 303 in Guam to 3,990 in Nebraska (median: 1,580). Response rates for BRFSS were calculated using the standard set by the American Association of Public Opinion Research (AAPOR) response rate formula 4 (RR4), which is the number of respondents who completed the survey as a proportion of all eligible and likely eligible persons (15). For landline telephone data, the RR4 response rate ranged from 28.2% in California to 62.9% in Puerto Rico (median: 49.1%) and the RR4 response rate for cellular telephone data ranged from 16.4% in Washington to 55.7% in Iowa (median: 35.3%). For combined landline telephone and cellular telephone data, the weighted response rate (based on a combination of the landline telephone response rate with the cellular telephone response rate proportional to the total sample used to collect the data for a state) ranged from 27.7% in California to 60.4% in South Dakota (median: 45.2%). Detailed information on response, cooperation, and refusal rates for landline and cellular telephone data can be found in the BRFSS 2012 Summary Data Quality Report (16).

Health Status Indicators

Health Status

Respondents were asked to rate their general health as excellent, very good, good, fair, or poor. Those who reported their general health as excellent, very good, or good were categorized in one group, and the other group included those who reported their general health as fair or poor. In 2012, the estimated prevalence of self-reported good or better health among adults aged ≥ 18 years ranged from 64.0% in Puerto Rico to 88.3% in Minnesota (median: 82.9%) (Table 1). Among the selected 187 MMSAs, the estimated prevalence of self-reported good or better health among respondents ranged from 62.7% in Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico, to 90.5% in Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota, Boulder, Colorado, and Hilton Head Island-Beaufort, South Carolina (median: 83.6%) (Table 2). Among the selected 210 counties, the estimated prevalence of self-reported good or better health among respondents ranged from 68.1% in San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico to 92.4% in Douglas County, Colorado (median: 84.4%) (Table 3).

Health Care Coverage

Health care coverage was defined as respondents having reported that they had private health insurance, prepaid plans (e.g., health maintenance organizations) or government health plans (e.g., Medicare or Medicaid) among adults aged 18–64 years. In 2012, the estimated prevalence of health care coverage among persons aged 18–64 years ranged from 64.2% in Texas to 93.1% in Massachusetts (median: 79.6%) (Table 4). Among selected MMSAs, the estimated prevalence ranged from 35.4% in McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas, to 93.7% in Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts (median: 80.7%) (Table 5). Among selected counties, the estimated prevalence ranged from 35.4% in Hidalgo County, Texas, to 96.7% in Norfolk County, Massachusetts (median: 81.4%) (Table 6).

Preventive Practices

Recent Routine Physical Checkup

A recent routine physical checkup was defined as a visit to a doctor for a general physical examination rather than for a specific injury, illness, or condition during the preceding 12 months. In 2012, the estimated prevalence of having a recent routine physical checkup among adults aged ≥ 18 years ranged from 55.7% in Idaho to 80.1% in Delaware (median: 67.7%) (Table 7). Among selected MMSAs, the estimated prevalence ranged from 50.6% in Norfolk, Nebraska, to 85.0% in Barnstable Town, Massachusetts (median: 68.3%) (Table 8). Among selected counties, the estimated prevalence ranged from 52.4% in Utah County, Utah, to 85.0% in Barnstable County, Massachusetts (median: 68.0%) (Table 9).

Annual Influenza Vaccination for Adults Aged ≥ 65 Years

Respondents were asked whether they had the annual influenza vaccination. In 2012, the estimated prevalence of influenza vaccination among adults aged ≥ 65 years during the preceding 12 months ranged from 26.3% in Puerto Rico to 70.1% in Iowa (median: 60.1%) (Table 10). Among selected MMSAs, the estimated prevalence of annual influenza vaccination ranged from 20.8% in Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico, to 77.8% in Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina (median: 60.5%) (Table 11); among selected counties, the estimated prevalence ranged from 24.1% in San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico, to 77.6% in Kanawha County, West Virginia (median: 60.8%) (Table 12).

Pneumococcal Vaccination for Adults Aged ≥65 Years

In 2012, the estimated prevalence of ever having received a pneumococcal vaccination among adults aged ≥65 years ranged from 22.2% in Puerto Rico to 76.2% in Oregon (median: 68.5%) (Table 13). Among selected MMSAs, the estimated prevalence ranged from 15.3% in Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico, to 83.4% in Eugene, Oregon (median: 70.0%) (Table 14). Among selected counties, the estimated prevalence ranged from 25.8% in San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico, to 85.2% in Denver County, Colorado (median: 70.1%) (Table 15).

Oral Health

Dental Visit in the Past Year

BRFSS assessed use of dental care services by asking when an adult last visited a dentist or a dental clinic for any reason. In 2012, the estimated prevalence of having had a dental visit in the past year among adults aged ≥18 years ranged from 53.7% in Guam to 76.2% in Massachusetts (median: 67.2%) (Table 16). Among selected MMSAs, the estimated prevalence ranged from 44.8% in McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas, to 81.7% in Barnstable Town, Massachusetts (median: 67.5%) (Table 17). Among selected counties, the estimated prevalence ranged from 44.8% in Hidalgo County, Texas to 81.7% in Barnstable County, Massachusetts and Norfolk County, Massachusetts (median 68.9%) (Table 18).

Loss of All Natural Teeth for Adults Aged ≥65 Years

BRFSS assessed oral health status by asking adults the number of their permanent teeth were removed because of tooth decay or gum diseases. In 2012, the estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who had lost all of their natural teeth ranged from 7.0% in Hawaii to 33.7% in West Virginia (median: 16.2%) (Table 19). Among selected MMSAs, the estimated prevalence ranged from 5.8% in San Diego-Carlsbad, California, to 39.6% in Lafayette, Louisiana, (median: 15.8%) (Table 20). Among selected counties, the estimated prevalence ranged from 5.8% in San Diego County, California, to 37.1% in Aroostook County, Maine (median: 14.5%) (Table 21).

Cancer Screening

Colorectal Cancer Screening for Adults Aged 50–75 Years

The 2008 U.S. Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) recommendation for colorectal cancer screening in adults aged 50–75 years is a blood stool test (either a guaiac fecal occult blood testing [FOBT] or fecal immunochemical test [FIT]) every year, a colonoscopy every 10 years, or a flexible sigmoidoscopy every 5 years with FOBT every 3 years. In 2012, the estimated prevalence of adults aged 50–75 years who received a colorectal cancer screening on the basis of the USPSTF recommendation ranged from 40.0% in Guam to 76.4% in Massachusetts (median: 64.9%) (Table 22). Among selected MMSAs, the estimated prevalence ranged from 47.1% in El Paso, Texas, to 80.7% in Barnstable Town, Massachusetts (median: 67.0%) (Table 23). Among selected counties, the estimated prevalence ranged from 47.0% in El Paso County, Texas to 81.0% in Washington County, Rhode Island (median: 67.3%) (Table 24).

Cervical Cancer Screening for Women Aged 21–65 Years

In 2012, the estimated prevalence of women aged 21–65 years who have not had a hysterectomy and had a Papanicolaou (Pap) test during the preceding 3 years ranged from 68.5% in Guam to 89.6% in Massachusetts (median: 84.0%) (Table 25). Among selected MMSAs, the estimated prevalence ranged from 70.3% in Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico, to 92.8% in Lewiston-Auburn, Maine (median: 85.2%) (Table 26). Among selected counties, the estimated prevalence ranged from 65.7% in Canyon County, Idaho to 94.6% in Lorain County, Ohio (median: 85.9%) (Table 27).

Breast Cancer Screening for Women Aged 50–74 Years

A mammogram is a radiograph of each breast used to test for breast cancer. The state-specific estimated prevalence of having a mammogram during the preceding 2 years among women aged 50–74 years ranged from 66.5% in Wyoming to 89.7% in Massachusetts (median: 78.4%) (Table 28). Among selected MMSAs, the estimated prevalence ranged from 61.1% in Fort Wayne, Indiana to 91.5% in Barnstable Town, Massachusetts (median: 79.6%) (Table 29). Among selected counties, the estimated prevalence ranged from 61.8% in Natrona County, Wyoming to 91.6% in Suffolk County, Massachusetts (median: 79.7%) (Table 30).

Health-Risk Behaviors

Current Cigarette Smoking

Respondents were classified as current smokers if they reported having smoked at least 100 cigarettes during their lifetime and indicated that they smoked every day or some days at the time of survey participation. The estimated prevalence of current cigarette smoking among adults aged ≥ 18 years ranged from 10.6% in Utah to 28.3% in Kentucky (median: 19.6%) (Table 31). Among selected MMSAs, the estimated prevalence ranged from 5.1% in Provo-Orem, Utah to 30.1% in Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio (median: 19.5%) (Table 32). Among selected counties, the estimated prevalence ranged from 5.1% in Utah County, Utah, to 28.3% in Lorain County, Ohio (median: 18.3%) (Table 33).

Binge Drinking

Binge drinking was defined for men aged ≥ 18 years as having on average five or more drinks during one occasion and for women aged ≥ 18 years as having on average four or more drinks on one occasion during the preceding month. In 2012, the estimated prevalence of binge drinking among adults aged ≥ 18 years ranged from 10.2% in West Virginia to 25.2% in Wisconsin (median: 16.9%) (Table 34). Among selected MMSAs, the estimated prevalence ranged from 6.2% in Provo-Orem, Utah to 28.1% in Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota (median: 17.2%) (Table 35). Among selected counties, the estimated prevalence ranged from 6.2% in Utah County, Utah, to 29.5% in Lincoln County, South Dakota (median: 17.5%) (Table 36).

Heavy Drinking

For men aged ≥ 18 years, heavy drinking was defined as having, on average, more than two drinks per day during the preceding month; women aged ≥ 18 years were heavy drinkers if they had, on average, more than one drink per day during the preceding month. In 2012, the estimated prevalence of heavy drinking among adults aged ≥ 18 years ranged from 3.5% in West Virginia to 8.5% in Wisconsin and Montana (median: 6.1%) (Table 37). Among selected MMSAs, the estimated prevalence ranged from 2.0% in Provo-Orem, Utah to 11.0% in Hilo, Hawaii (median: 6.1%) (Table 38). Among selected counties, the estimated prevalence ranged from 1.9% in Utah County, Utah to 11.0% in Hawaii County, Hawaii (median: 6.1%) (Table 39).

No Leisure-Time Physical Activity

No leisure-time physical activity was defined from the respondent's indication of no participation in any physical activities or exercise (e.g., running, calisthenics, golf, gardening,

or walking for exercise) other than their regular job during the preceding month. In 2012, the estimated prevalence of no leisure-time physical activity among adults aged ≥ 18 years ranged from 16.3% in Oregon to 42.4% in Puerto Rico (median: 23.1%) (Table 40). Among selected MMSAs, the estimated prevalence ranged from 9.2% in Boulder, Colorado, to 47.3% in Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico (median: 22.2%) (Table 41). Among selected counties, the estimated prevalence ranged from 9.2% in Boulder County, Colorado, to 39.0% in Robeson County, North Carolina (median: 21.5%) (Table 42).

Seat Belt Use

Respondents were asked how often (always, nearly always, sometimes, seldom, and never) they use a seat belt when they drive or ride in a car. In 2012, the estimate of always wearing a seat belt among adults aged ≥ 18 years ranged from 62.0% in South Dakota to 93.7% in California (median: 84.7%) (Table 43). Among selected MMSAs, the estimated prevalence ranged from 54.1% in Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont, to 97.1% in San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California (median: 85.7%) (Table 44). Among selected counties, the estimated prevalence ranged from 50.1% in Coos County, New Hampshire, to 97.4% in Clackamas County, Oregon (median: 86.0%) (Table 45).

Chronic Health Conditions

Obesity

Self-reported weight and height were used to calculate body mass index (BMI) (weight [kg]/height [m²]). Respondents were obese if their BMI was ≥ 30.0 . In 2012, the estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥ 18 years with obesity ranged from 20.5% in Colorado to 34.7% in Louisiana (median: 28.1%) (Table 46). Among selected MMSAs, the estimated prevalence ranged from 14.8% in Boulder, Colorado, to 44.5% in McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas (median: 28.3%) (Table 47). Among selected counties, the estimated prevalence ranged from 14.8% in Boulder County, Colorado, to 44.5% in Hidalgo County, Texas (median: 26.7%) (Table 48).

Diabetes

Respondents were identified as having diabetes if they reported ever being told by a doctor that they have diabetes. For this report, gestational diabetes, prediabetes, or borderline diabetes were not included in the estimates. In 2012, the estimated prevalence of diagnosed diabetes among adults aged ≥ 18 years ranged from 7.0% in Alaska to 16.4% in Puerto Rico (median: 9.7%) (Table 49). Among selected MMSAs, the estimated prevalence ranged from 3.4% in Boulder, Colorado,

to 17.4% in Lumberton, North Carolina (median: 9.6%) (Table 50). Among selected counties, the estimated prevalence ranged from 3.1% in Douglas County, Colorado, to 17.4% in Robeson County, North Carolina (median: 9.3%) (Table 51).

Cancer Survivors

Respondents were identified as being a cancer survivor if they had ever been told by a doctor, nurse, or other health professional that they had any type of cancer, including skin cancer. In 2012, the estimated prevalence of cancer survivors among adults aged ≥ 18 years ranged from 3.0% in Guam to 13.7% in Florida (median: 11.0%) (Table 52). Among selected MMSAs, the estimated prevalence ranged from 3.8% in Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico, to 19.2% in Ocean City, New Jersey (median: 10.8%) (Table 53). Among selected counties, the estimated prevalence ranged from 4.5% in Hudson County, New Jersey, to 19.2% in Cape May County, New Jersey (median: 10.8%) (Table 54).

Currently Have Asthma

Respondents were identified as currently having asthma if they reported having ever been told by a doctor, nurse, or other health care professional that they had asthma and still had it during the time of the survey. In 2012, the estimated prevalence of current asthma among adults aged ≥ 18 years ranged from 5.8% in Guam to 11.1% in Kentucky and Maine (median: 8.9%) (Table 55). Among selected MMSAs, the estimated prevalence ranged from 3.1% in McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas, to 15.0% in Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey (median: 8.9%) (Table 56). Among selected counties, the estimated prevalence ranged from 3.1% in Hidalgo County, Texas, to 15.7% in Hampden County, Massachusetts (median: 9.2%) (Table 57).

Arthritis

Respondents were identified as having arthritis if they had ever been told by a health professional that they had some form of arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, gout, lupus, or fibromyalgia. In 2012, the estimated prevalence of arthritis among adults aged ≥ 18 years ranged from 15.6% in Guam to 36.4% in West Virginia (median: 25.5%) (Table 58). Among selected MMSAs, the estimated prevalence ranged from 16.8% in Heber, Utah, to 45.8% in Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia (median: 25.3%) (Table 59). Among selected counties, the estimated prevalence ranged from 14.8% in Travis County, Texas, to 35.9% in Aroostook County, Maine and Mobile County, Alabama (median: 24.5%) (Table 60).

Depression

Depression was defined as having ever been told by a health professional that the participants had a depressive disorder, which includes depression, major depression, dysthymia, or minor depression. In 2012, the estimated prevalence of depression among adults aged ≥ 18 years ranged from 9.0% in Guam to 23.5% in Kentucky (median: 17.6%) (Table 61). Among selected MMSAs, the estimated prevalence ranged from 9.2% in Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, metropolitan division, California, to 28.3% in Lewiston-Auburn, Maine (median: 18.2%) (Table 62). Among selected counties, the estimated prevalence ranged from 8.5% in Union County, New Jersey, to 28.4% in Androscoggin County, Maine (median: 17.8%) (Table 63).

Coronary Heart Disease

Respondents were identified as having coronary heart disease if they reported that they had ever been told by a doctor, nurse, or other health care professional that they had a heart attack (also known as myocardial infarction, or MI) or angina (i.e., coronary heart disease). In 2012, the estimated prevalence of coronary heart disease among adults aged ≥ 45 years ranged from 7.4% in Hawaii to 19.0% in West Virginia (median: 11.4%) (Table 64). Among selected MMSAs, the estimated prevalence ranged from 6.1% in Boulder, Colorado, to 23.3% in Charleston, West Virginia (median: 11.0%) (Table 65). Among selected counties, the estimated prevalence ranged from 6.1% in Boulder County, Colorado, to 20.6% in Kanawha County, West Virginia (median: 10.0%) (Table 66).

Stroke

Respondents were identified as having had a stroke if they had ever been told by a doctor, nurse, or other health care professional that they had a stroke. In 2012, the estimated prevalence of stroke among adults aged ≥ 45 years ranged from 3.1% in Colorado to 7.3% in Mississippi (median: 4.7%) (Table 67). Among selected MMSAs, the estimated prevalence ranged from 2.1% in Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland, to 9.3% in Mobile, Alabama (median: 4.4%) (Table 68). Among selected counties, the estimated prevalence ranged from 1.5% in Montgomery County, Maryland, to 9.3% in Mobile County, Alabama (median: 4.4%) (Table 69).

Disability

Activity Limitation

Respondents were asked if they were limited in any way from performing any activities because of physical, mental, or emotional problems. In 2012, the estimated prevalence of

activity limitation among adults aged ≥ 18 years ranged from 15.0% in Guam to 28.6% in West Virginia (median: 20.0%) (Table 70). Among selected MMSAs, the estimated prevalence ranged from 12.0% in Heber, Utah, to 31.7% in Eugene, Oregon (median: 20.3%) (Table 71). Among selected counties, the estimated prevalence ranged from 11.3% in Wake County, North Carolina, to 31.7% in Lane County, Oregon (median: 19.5%) (Table 72).

Use of Special Equipment

Respondents were asked if they currently had any health problem that required them to use special equipment (e.g., a cane, a wheelchair, a special bed, or a special telephone), which included occasional use or use in certain circumstances. In 2012, the estimated prevalence of using special equipment because of any health problem among adults aged ≥ 18 years ranged from 4.8% in Guam to 11.6% in Kentucky (median: 8.0%) (Table 73). Among selected MMSAs, the estimated prevalence ranged from 4.0% in Boulder, Colorado, to 14.7% in Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia (median: 7.8%) (Table 74). Among selected counties, the estimated prevalence ranged from 2.8% in Douglas County, Colorado, to 13.6% in Thurston County, Washington (median: 7.5%) (Table 75).

Discussion

The findings in this report indicate substantial geographic variations in the estimated prevalence of health status indicators, preventive practices, oral health, cancer screening, health-risk behaviors, chronic health conditions, and disability status among adults in the United States at the state and territory, MMSA, and county level. These variations in crude (unadjusted) estimates might reflect differences in demographic characteristics (e.g., age, race, and sex distribution), socioeconomic conditions (e.g., education attainment, income, and employment status), cultural contexts, health care access and cost, state laws and local ordinances, or combinations of these factors. The results provided in this report were estimated on the basis of survey results (i.e., direct estimates) and might differ from those derived by other methods.

Health Status Indicators

Although measured by a single question, self-reported health status encompasses physical health, mental health, and functional capacity of a person (17). It has been validated as an independent predictor of mortality (18) and is a useful proxy indicator for perceived prevalence of acute and chronic health conditions (19). For this report, self-assessed health status was

reported for good or better health. Large variations in self-rated health at the state and local levels suggest differences in the underlying etiology and severity of specific diseases and illnesses, health care access, and residents' health related behaviors among states and territories, MMSAs, and counties. Health services research has identified that having no health insurance is a risk indicator for lower overall health status, exacerbation of chronic disease indicators (e.g., uncontrolled and undiagnosed hypertension, and hypercholesterolemia), and less access to and use of preventive health care services (e.g., blood pressure monitoring, cholesterol screening, and age appropriate cancer screenings) (20,21). In 2012, the median prevalence of health care coverage among adults aged ≤ 65 years at the state and local levels was approximately 81%.

Preventive Practices

A routine physical checkup can help persons stay healthy and prevent or delay disease and disability. A visit to a doctor for a routine checkup can help to identify a disease (e.g., diabetes, heart disease, and cancer) and other health problems in the early stages of development when they are most successfully treated (22); these visits also can provide opportunities for disease prevention and patient education. In 2012, the median prevalence of having received a routine physical checkup among adults, at the state or local level, was approximately 66%. In addition to geographic variation, access to health care, socioeconomic factors (e.g., education and income), and marital status are associated with routine medical checkups (23).

Influenza and pneumonia together are the seventh leading cause of death among adults aged ≥ 65 years (2). The vaccinations against influenza and pneumonia are safe, effective, and cost efficient ways to reduce the morbidity and mortality from these diseases in older adults (24). In 2012, the median prevalence of having received an influenza vaccination during the preceding 12 months or ever having a pneumococcal vaccination among adults aged ≥ 65 was approximately 61% and 71%, respectively. Estimates of influenza vaccination prevalence measured in this report are calculated from interview data collected during the calendar year and measures the proportion of persons reporting influenza vaccination during the 12 months preceding the survey. Therefore, annual estimates represent a weighted average of incomplete estimates for up to three influenza seasons. The variation in influenza and pneumococcal vaccination coverage levels observed among states and local areas suggests that coverage levels for both vaccines can be improved. Strategies such as clinician reminders, team change, and patient outreach along with patient financial incentives, audit, and feedback (for influenza

vaccination only) and clinician education, case management (for pneumococcal vaccination only) can be employed at the state and local levels to increase the rates of influenza and pneumococcal vaccinations among older adults (25).

Oral Health

The Surgeon General's report on oral health in America described the mouth as a mirror of health (26). A thorough oral examination can detect signs of numerous general health problems (e.g., nutritional deficiencies), systemic diseases (e.g., microbial infections and immune disorders), injuries, and some cancers. Routine dental visits can help prevent and control the most common oral diseases including dental caries (tooth decay) and periodontal disease (26). The loss of one's natural teeth can reduce quality of life in many ways (e.g., bringing pain and distress, lowering self-esteem, and making it more difficult to eat, relax, or socialize) (27). Periodontal disease and dental caries are the leading causes of tooth loss (28); tooth loss is associated with poor nutrition, coronary artery disease, diabetes, smoking, and rheumatoid arthritis (29). In 2012, at the state and local levels, the median prevalence of having had a dental visit in the past year was 69%; 14% of adults aged ≥ 65 years had lost all their natural teeth. These findings suggest an unmet need for oral health care and needs for oral disease prevention and health promotion programs at state and local levels.

Cancer Screening

Cancer is the second-leading cause of death in the United States following heart disease (2) and it is the leading cause of death among both men and women aged 40–79 years (30). Colorectal cancer is the third most-commonly diagnosed of new cancer cases and the third leading cause of cancer-related death in both men and women (30). Colorectal cancer usually begins from polyps present in the rectum or colon. The FOBT/FIT, colonoscopy, and a flexible-sigmoidoscopy, are the recommended screening tests for early detection of precancerous polyps and prevention of colorectal cancer (31). In 2012, the median prevalence of colorectal cancer screening based on the 2008 USPSTF recommendation was 67% at the state and local levels—a finding that suggests the need for population-based strategies to improve colorectal cancer screening efforts at the state and local levels.

The primary cause of cervical cancer is HPV. Early-stages of cervical cancer often can be detected easily with two tests: 1) a Pap test and 2) an HPV test (32). A Pap test that detects precancerous or abnormal cells in the cervix and a HPV test looks for the HPV that caused the precancerous or abnormal cervical cells (32). The numbers of cases and deaths from

cervical cancer have declined substantially during the past decades because of early detection of cervical cancer by the Pap test and early treatment (33). USPSTF recommends that women aged 21–29 years should receive the Pap test to screen for cervical cancer every 3 years (34). Women aged 30–65 years can continue receiving the Pap test every 3 years or the Pap test in combination with the HPV test every 5 years (34). Among women aged 21–65 years, the median prevalence of having received a Pap test varied in 2012 from 66% to 93% at the state and local levels. The variation in Pap test screening rates among women in this age group at state and local levels might be related to health care access and other barriers to screening. Breast cancer is the most commonly diagnosed cancer and second leading cause of cancer mortality in women (30). Mammograms can detect breast cancer at an early stage, when it is most treatable. This combination of early detection and advances in treatment has helped to reduce the rate of death from breast cancer in the United States (35). USPSTF recommends biennial screening mammography for women aged 50–74 years (36). In 2012, the median prevalence of having had a mammogram in the preceding 2 years for women aged 50–74 varied from 78% to 80% for the state, MMSAs, and counties.

Health-risk Behaviors

Health-risk behaviors are unhealthy behaviors that persons can change. Tobacco use, diet and activity patterns, and alcohol use are the major contributors to deaths in the United States (37). Cigarette smoking is the single-most preventable cause of morbidity and mortality in the United States (38). The prevalence of disease and death from tobacco use is overwhelmingly caused by cigarettes and other combusted tobacco products. Cigarette smoking has been causally linked to diseases of nearly all organs of the body and can harm the fetus during pregnancy (38). Moreover, secondhand tobacco smoke has been causally linked to lung cancer as well as respiratory and cardiovascular diseases, and it can damage the health of infants and children (38). The prevalence of current cigarette smoking among U.S. adults aged ≥ 18 years declined during 2005–2010 (39); however, current cigarette smoking remains widespread. The median prevalence of current cigarette smoking (19.6%) indicates the need for sustained, adequately funded, comprehensive tobacco control programs at the state and local levels (40).

Excessive alcohol consumption, including binge and heavy drinking, is one of the leading preventable causes of death in the United States (41). Binge and heavy drinking can lead to risky sexual activity, unintentional injuries (e.g., motor-vehicle crashes), falls, violence, and suicide (42); excessive alcohol consumption can lead to development of high blood pressure,

liver disease, some cancers, dementia, and alcohol dependence (42). This report highlighted the variation in the prevalence of binge and heavy drinking among states/territories, MMSAs, and counties that might be attributable to cultural factors as well as the state/local laws governing the price, availability, and marketing of alcoholic beverages. Evidence-based population-level strategies recommended by the Community Preventive Services Task Force can be implemented to reduce and prevent excessive alcohol consumption (43).

Being physically active is an important step persons can take to improve their health; physical activity improves cardiorespiratory and muscular fitness and bone health. It helps to control weight, reduces risk for early death, cardiovascular diseases (e.g., heart disease, stroke, and high blood pressure), diabetes, and cancer (e.g., colon and breast), and prevents falls (44). The 2012 BRFSS survey measured the prevalence of participation in any physical activities or exercises (e.g., running, calisthenics, golf, gardening, or walking during the preceding month). This report indicates the need for continued effort to increase the physical activity in the population at the state and local levels.

Accidents or unintentional injuries are the fifth-leading cause of death in the United States (2). Unintentional motor-vehicle traffic injury is the second-leading cause of injury deaths among all U.S. residents (45). Seat belt use can reduce the risk for fatal injury to front-seat car occupants by 45% and the risk for moderate-to-critical injury by 50% (46). Laws and law enforcement levels related to seat belt use vary by state (47). The findings in this report indicate a great variation in seat belt use across states (62%–92%), MMSAs (54%–97%), and counties (50%–97%), despite the fact that all states have seat belt laws. Populations with lower use of seat belts are at risk for injury and death from motor vehicle crashes.

Chronic Conditions

Chronic diseases represented seven of the top 10 leading causes of death in the United States in 2013. Heart disease, malignant neoplasms (cancers), cerebrovascular diseases, and diabetes mellitus are the leading, second-, fourth-, and fifth-leading causes of death, respectively (2). BRFSS helps monitor these chronic diseases, along with chronic conditions like obesity, asthma, arthritis, and depression, to help states and local areas plan, implement, and track health interventions.

Obesity

Obesity continues to be a critical public health problem (48); it increases the risk for various chronic conditions like type 2 diabetes, hypertension, dyslipidemia, coronary heart disease, and certain types of cancer (49). The National

Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES) data indicated that the obesity prevalence among U.S. adults had not changed significantly from 2003–2004 to 2011–2012; however, approximately one third of adults are obese (50). The high median prevalence of obesity at the state and local levels (range: 26.7%–28.1%) underscores the need for close monitoring of the obesity trend at the state and local levels and for implementing interventions that address obesity.

Diabetes

Diabetes is associated with extensive and serious complications that might involve many organs including loss of vision, lower-extremity amputation, heart attack, stroke, high blood pressure, kidney disease, skin infection (e.g., bacterial and fungal infection), periodontitis, erectile dysfunction, depression, and complications of pregnancy (51). In 2012, the median prevalence of diagnosed diabetes ranged from 9.3% to 9.7% at state and local levels. The disease and its complications often can be prevented, delayed, or controlled by closely monitoring and controlling blood glucose through healthy eating, increasing physical activity, taking prescribed medications, and receiving proper diabetes-related preventive care services that frequently focus on areas like foot health and diabetic patient education (52).

Cancer Survivors

A cancer survivor is any person living with a history of cancer (53). The population of cancer survivors in this country has been steadily increasing since 1970; the prevalence is projected to approach 18 million by 2022 (54). The increases in the number of cancer survivors are largely because of aging and growth of the population as well as advances in cancer detection and treatments (55). At the state and local levels, the median prevalence of cancer survivorship (11%) among BRFSS participants indicates a growing need to monitor cancer survivors to address their special health issues and needs (55) at state and local levels, including quitting tobacco use, being active and maintaining a healthy weight, and discussing follow-up care with a health care provider.

Current Asthma

Asthma is a common chronic disorder of the airways involved with breathing and respiration, characterized by periods of reversible airflow obstruction known as asthma exacerbations or attacks (56). Many persons with asthma have only occasional, mild symptoms, but others have severe asthma that can interfere with daily activity or even be life-threatening. The report on national surveillance of asthma indicated that current asthma prevalence increased from 2001 to 2010 and that there were no significant changes in rates for hospital

outpatient department visits, emergency department visits, and hospitalizations for asthma (57). In 2012, the overall median prevalence of current asthma was 9%; BRFSS data indicated variability in estimated current asthma prevalence at the state, MMSA, and county level indicates the need for continued asthma surveillance in the United States.

Arthritis

Arthritis is the most common cause of disability among U.S. adults (58). Data from the 2010–2012 National Health Interview Survey indicated that 22.7% of adults reported having doctor-diagnosed arthritis and 43.2% of those with arthritis reported arthritis-attributable activity limitations. Moreover, approximately half of the adults with heart disease and diabetes and about one third of the adults who were obese had arthritis (59). In the 2012 BRFSS, the median prevalence of reported doctor-diagnosed arthritis was 25% at state and local levels, which indicates a substantial personal and societal prevalence of arthritis in the United States.

Depression

Depression is the leading cause of disability in the Global Burden of Disease during 2010 as measured by Years Lived with Disability and Disability Adjusted Life Years (60). Depressive disorders are more common among persons with chronic conditions (e.g., obesity, cardiovascular disease, diabetes, asthma, arthritis, and cancer) and among those with unhealthy behaviors (e.g., smoking, physical inactivity, and binge drinking) (61,62). It is also associated with decreased productivity in the workplace and an increased risk for absenteeism from work (63). In 2012, the median prevalence of depression was 18% at the state and local levels; the variations of prevalence among states, MMSAs, and counties indicate the need for targeted prevention and intervention efforts and the allocation of mental health treatment resources at the state and local levels.

Heart Disease and Stroke

Heart disease and stroke are the leading causes of death in the United States. During 2011–2012, heart disease accounted for 170.5 deaths and stroke accounted for 36.9 deaths per 100,000 population (2). Stroke is the leading cause of serious long-term disability in the United States and costs \$34 billion annually (64). In 2012, the prevalence of self-reported coronary heart disease and stroke among adults aged ≥ 45 years ranged from 6%–21% and 2%–9%, respectively, at the state and local levels. This report indicates wide variation in prevalence of coronary heart disease and stroke. It is essential for states and local areas to take initiatives to improve access and quality of health care systems and to continue

to build environments that support healthy behaviors through community and clinical prevention strategies (65).

Disability

Disability or health impairment caused by limitation of activities because of physical, mental, or emotional problems can affect health, functioning, and quality of life (66). During 2010 in the United States, approximately 56.7 million persons were living with some kind of disability and 12.6% of them had severe disability (67). Disability is associated with low socioeconomic status; persons with disabilities are more likely to be poor, experience barriers to education, employment, and health care (68). Persons with disabilities often require the use of special equipment and access to assistive technology to improve functioning, independence, and participation in community life (e.g., work, school, and social functions) (69).

In the 2012 BRFSS, the median prevalence of disability or health impairment was 20% at the state and local levels and the prevalence of special equipment usage (e.g., a cane, a wheelchair, a special bed, or special telephone) because of any health problem ranged from 5% to 14% at state, MMSA, and county levels. Because of the aging of the population, the number of adults reporting a disability is likely to increase, along with the need for appropriate medical and public health services; therefore, it is essential to continue surveillance of disability rates and the need for special equipment in the United States, to address quality of life issues for persons living with disabilities.

Limitations

The findings in this report are subject to at least four limitations. First, BRFSS results might not be generalizable to the entire U.S. population because the BRFSS survey design excludes persons living in institutions, nursing homes, long-term-care facilities, military installations, and correctional institutions. In addition, because participants answer the survey on a cellular or landline telephone, persons without access to either type of telephone are excluded. Second, BRFSS data are self-reported, so the information is subject to recall (e.g., diagnosis of diabetes and duration of physical activity) and social desirability bias (e.g., underreporting of actual weight). Third, although BRFSS surveys are conducted in several languages other than English (i.e., Spanish, Mandarin, and Portuguese), the survey does not apply to persons who speak other languages exclusively. Finally, because of the small sample size producing unreliable estimates, the prevalence of certain variables (e.g., influenza and pneumococcal vaccination among

adults aged ≥ 65 years) could not be obtained among residents living within certain MMSAs or counties.

Overall, BRFSS is a cost-effective, timely, and flexible survey that makes data available to state health departments and local communities so they can assess and monitor the health risk behaviors, chronic conditions, use of preventive health care services, health impairments, and disabilities of their residents. The response over time within BRFSS and the prevalence rates from the BRFSS survey might differ from other national and state surveys because of differences in wording of questions, the number of questions focusing on a measure or topic, survey modes (telephone versus in person), length of questionnaire, format of the questionnaire, and sampling frame.

Researchers have found BRFSS data to be reliable and to have an overall high level of validity when compared with data from other surveys (9,10); prevalence estimates from BRFSS were consistent with other national survey databases (70). Despite concerns about declines in telephone survey response rates, BRFSS response rates compare favorably to those of telephone surveys (16). The raking weighting methods used by the BRFSS survey reduces the nonresponse and noncoverage bias and helps to match more accurately the sample distribution of BRFSS to known demographic characteristics of state populations.

BRFSS data have been used in a variety of ways to improve health. Federal, state, and local health officials continue to use BRFSS as a tool for monitoring and responding to public health emergencies (71), such as the seasonal influenza vaccine shortage (2004–2005) and the effects of hurricanes Katrina, Rita, and Wilma in 2005 as well as to monitor prevalence rates of influenza-like illness and the use of H1N1 vaccination that are a part of pandemic planning (since 2009). The asthma callback survey, funded by the National Asthma Control Program and conducted with BRFSS respondents (who reported an asthma diagnosis), helps in asthma surveillance in the United States (72). Since 2002, the Safety and Health Assessment and Research for Prevention program at the Washington State Department of Labor and Industries has been adding industry and occupation questions to the Washington BRFSS to identify worker populations with a high prevalence of chronic diseases or conditions and injury to target disease prevention efforts in work places (73).

Conclusion

In the United States, major risk factors contributing to the prevalence of chronic disease and injury include tobacco use, poor diet (e.g., low in fruits and vegetables and high in sodium and saturated fat), physical inactivity, low seat belt use, excessive alcohol consumption, and high blood pressure. All of these risk

factors can be effectively addressed at both the individual and population levels. CDC works to prevent chronic diseases and injuries through four domains: epidemiology and surveillance, environmental approaches, health care system interventions, and community-clinical links (74).

State and local health departments and agencies can use data from BRFSS to monitor risk factors, chronic conditions, and use of preventive health care practices related to chronic disease and injury. Specifically, BRFSS data can be used to evaluate public health policies and programs, to identify the needs for additional support or resources for programs, to identify emerging health problems, to educate leaders and decision makers about health-related issues, and to monitor progress toward achieving health objectives at state and local levels.

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TABLE 1. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported good or better health,* by state/territory — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	9,002	75.0	0.7	(73.7–76.3)
Alaska	4,328	85.9	0.7	(84.5–87.3)
Arizona	7,289	81.9	0.8	(80.4–83.4)
Arkansas	5,167	76.3	0.8	(74.8–77.9)
California	14,570	82.3	0.5	(81.4–83.2)
Colorado	12,210	85.5	0.4	(84.6–86.3)
Connecticut	8,751	85.8	0.5	(84.8–86.9)
Delaware	5,168	83.6	0.7	(82.2–85.0)
District of Columbia	3,809	87.9	0.8	(86.4–89.4)
Florida	7,572	80.1	0.7	(78.6–81.5)
Georgia	6,089	82.5	0.7	(81.2–83.8)
Hawaii	7,571	85.2	0.6	(84.0–86.5)
Idaho	5,872	84.4	0.8	(82.8–85.9)
Illinois	5,576	82.6	0.8	(81.1–84.2)
Indiana	8,578	80.0	0.6	(78.9–81.1)
Iowa	7,146	86.0	0.5	(85.1–87.0)
Kansas	11,775	84.0	0.5	(83.1–85.0)
Kentucky	11,188	76.1	0.6	(74.9–77.3)
Louisiana	9,046	77.5	0.7	(76.2–78.8)
Maine	9,861	83.9	0.5	(83.0–84.9)
Maryland	12,788	84.2	0.6	(83.1–85.4)
Massachusetts	21,671	86.6	0.4	(85.9–87.3)
Michigan	10,485	82.9	0.5	(81.9–83.9)
Minnesota	12,225	88.3	0.4	(87.5–89.0)
Mississippi	7,765	76.6	0.6	(75.4–77.9)
Missouri	6,731	81.3	0.7	(80.0–82.6)
Montana	8,655	84.2	0.5	(83.3–85.2)
Nebraska	19,132	85.6	0.4	(84.9–86.3)
Nevada	4,832	81.1	0.8	(79.4–82.7)
New Hampshire	7,510	86.5	0.6	(85.4–87.6)
New Jersey	15,702	83.9	0.4	(83.1–84.7)
New Mexico	8,757	78.9	0.6	(77.8–80.0)
New York	6,004	82.5	0.7	(81.1–84.0)
North Carolina	11,844	80.7	0.5	(79.8–81.6)
North Dakota	4,845	86.6	0.6	(85.4–87.8)
Ohio	13,001	81.7	0.5	(80.8–82.6)
Oklahoma	7,990	81.0	0.6	(79.9–82.1)
Oregon	5,286	81.8	0.7	(80.4–83.2)
Pennsylvania	19,798	83.1	0.4	(82.3–83.9)
Rhode Island	5,468	83.7	0.7	(82.3–85.0)
South Carolina	12,738	81.1	0.5	(80.1–82.0)
South Dakota	7,862	86.9	0.6	(85.8–88.1)
Tennessee	7,036	78.9	0.6	(77.7–80.2)
Texas	9,051	80.8	0.6	(79.7–81.9)
Utah	12,385	86.9	0.4	(86.1–87.7)
Vermont	6,041	88.0	0.5	(86.9–89.0)
Virginia	7,374	82.5	0.6	(81.4–83.7)
Washington	15,288	83.8	0.4	(83.0–84.7)
West Virginia	5,400	74.8	0.7	(73.5–76.1)
Wisconsin	5,292	86.0	0.7	(84.6–87.4)
Wyoming	6,259	85.1	0.7	(83.7–86.5)
Guam	2,025	78.2	1.2	(75.7–80.6)
Puerto Rico	6,316	64.0	0.7	(62.6–65.3)
<i>Median</i>		82.9		
<i>Range</i>		64.0–88.3		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* Respondents were asked to rate general health as poor, fair, good, very good, or excellent. Respondents were classified into two groups: those who reported fair or poor health and those with good, very good, or excellent health.

† Metropolitan division.

TABLE 2. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported good or better health,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	549	62.7	2.3	(58.1–67.3)
Akron, Ohio	744	79.5	2.1	(75.4–83.5)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	3,266	82.3	0.8	(80.6–83.9)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	1,344	83.2	1.6	(80.1–86.2)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California†	1,037	87.0	1.4	(84.3–89.7)
Anchorage, Alaska	1,501	86.3	1.1	(84.1–88.4)
Asheville, North Carolina	592	83.6	1.8	(80.1–87.1)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	2,535	86.5	0.9	(84.8–88.3)
Atlantic City-Hammonton, New Jersey	1,021	83.5	1.5	(80.6–86.5)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	1,034	82.4	2.1	(78.3–86.5)
Augusta-Waterville, Maine	830	82.2	1.6	(79.1–85.4)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	1,380	84.2	1.6	(81.0–87.4)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	4,716	83.5	0.8	(81.8–85.1)
Bangor, Maine	920	82.4	1.6	(79.2–85.6)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	557	88.4	1.7	(85.0–91.7)
Barre, Vermont	515	89.5	1.7	(86.2–92.8)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	1,390	80.0	1.6	(76.8–83.1)
Bellingham, Washington	846	88.0	1.4	(85.3–90.7)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	709	79.1	2.4	(74.3–83.8)
Billings, Montana	846	84.6	1.4	(81.9–87.3)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	1,820	78.3	1.3	(75.8–80.7)
Bismarck, North Dakota	817	86.1	1.5	(83.2–89.1)
Boise City, Idaho	1,479	85.9	1.4	(83.2–88.5)
Boston, Massachusetts†	5,902	87.1	0.6	(85.8–88.3)
Boulder, Colorado	515	90.5	1.5	(87.6–93.4)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	566	81.5	2.2	(77.2–85.8)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	2,180	86.0	1.1	(83.8–88.2)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	1,520	90.1	0.9	(88.4–91.9)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts†	6,924	88.0	0.6	(86.9–89.2)
Camden, New Jersey†	1,978	82.5	1.2	(80.2–84.8)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	681	79.9	2.1	(75.8–84.0)
Casper, Wyoming	827	83.4	1.9	(79.6–87.1)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	585	87.3	1.6	(84.2–90.4)
Charleston, West Virginia	771	74.4	1.8	(70.9–77.9)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	1,700	84.5	1.2	(82.2–86.8)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	2,515	82.6	1.0	(80.7–84.5)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	631	75.7	2.7	(70.5–81.0)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	958	82.2	1.9	(78.4–86.0)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	3,725	83.6	1.0	(81.7–85.6)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	2,360	82.3	1.0	(80.3–84.3)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	1,948	87.7	0.9	(85.9–89.6)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	1,779	82.5	1.2	(80.2–84.9)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	1,157	87.3	1.1	(85.0–89.5)
Columbia, South Carolina	1,798	83.1	1.3	(80.5–85.6)
Columbus, Ohio	1,602	84.6	1.3	(82.0–87.1)
Concord, New Hampshire	704	86.8	1.6	(83.7–90.0)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas†	899	83.3	1.5	(80.4–86.1)
Dayton, Ohio	855	81.5	1.7	(78.3–84.8)
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	4,836	85.0	0.7	(83.6–86.3)
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	1,156	87.0	1.2	(84.7–89.3)

See table footnotes on page 18.

TABLE 2. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported good or better health,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan†	2,218	78.1	1.5	(75.3–81.0)
Dover, Delaware	1,439	82.1	1.4	(79.3–84.8)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	514	84.9	1.9	(81.1–88.7)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	790	84.6	1.6	(81.4–87.8)
El Paso, Texas	622	76.6	2.3	(72.0–81.1)
Eugene, Oregon	525	84.5	1.9	(80.8–88.1)
Fairbanks, Alaska	597	86.2	1.6	(83.0–89.4)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	937	90.5	1.2	(88.2–92.8)
Farmington, New Mexico	650	79.1	2.0	(75.2–82.9)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	503	83.6	2.0	(79.6–87.6)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	811	79.7	2.2	(75.4–84.0)
Fort Collins, Colorado	596	88.8	1.6	(85.6–91.9)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	534	82.3	2.1	(78.1–86.5)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas†	722	84.3	1.8	(80.8–87.7)
Grand Island, Nebraska	853	85.4	1.6	(82.3–88.4)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	892	88.1	1.4	(85.4–90.8)
Great Falls, Montana	707	83.0	1.6	(79.8–86.2)
Greeley, Colorado	534	84.5	1.9	(80.8–88.2)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	805	81.5	1.6	(78.3–84.7)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	1,687	81.0	1.2	(78.6–83.4)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	742	76.4	1.9	(72.6–80.2)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	760	84.0	2.0	(80.2–87.9)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	659	85.9	1.7	(82.6–89.3)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	2,661	86.3	0.9	(84.6–88.0)
Heber, Utah	510	88.4	2.6	(83.2–93.5)
Hilo, Hawaii	1,348	84.7	1.4	(81.9–87.4)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	932	90.5	1.3	(88.0–93.0)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	1,139	80.9	1.5	(78.1–83.8)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	1,114	73.3	1.6	(70.2–76.4)
Huntsville, Alabama	614	78.8	2.3	(74.4–83.3)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	540	85.1	2.4	(80.3–89.9)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	2,182	81.0	1.1	(78.8–83.1)
Jackson, Mississippi	920	80.0	1.5	(77.0–83.0)
Jacksonville, Florida	518	81.4	2.5	(76.5–86.3)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	1,216	86.3	1.4	(83.6–89.1)
Kalispell, Montana	560	82.6	1.9	(78.8–86.3)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	4,733	84.0	1.0	(82.1–85.9)
Kapaa, Hawaii	669	83.4	2.2	(79.2–87.7)
Keene, New Hampshire	546	84.8	2.4	(80.0–89.5)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	535	80.8	2.2	(76.6–85.1)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	568	73.0	2.7	(67.8–78.2)
Knoxville, Tennessee	833	79.3	1.8	(75.8–82.9)
Laconia, New Hampshire	566	81.1	3.1	(75.0–87.3)
Lafayette, Louisiana	555	83.9	1.9	(80.2–87.5)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	706	71.2	2.3	(66.7–75.8)
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	2,007	80.3	1.1	(78.1–82.5)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	695	81.6	1.9	(78.0–85.3)
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	531	83.5	1.9	(79.8–87.2)
Lincoln, Nebraska	1,667	87.9	1.0	(86.0–89.8)

See table footnotes on page 18.

TABLE 2. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported good or better health,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	1,172	80.7	1.5	(77.8–83.5)
Logan, Utah-Idaho	504	90.1	1.7	(86.8–93.4)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California†	3,502	78.4	1.0	(76.5–80.4)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	2,178	78.2	1.4	(75.5–80.8)
Lumberton, North Carolina	545	72.7	3.6	(65.7–79.8)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	1,903	87.2	0.9	(85.3–89.0)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	614	71.9	2.8	(66.4–77.4)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	1,309	79.8	1.5	(76.9–82.7)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	1,659	81.0	1.4	(78.2–83.8)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	1,256	85.3	1.5	(82.3–88.2)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	7,887	89.2	0.5	(88.2–90.3)
Missoula, Montana	778	87.2	1.3	(84.6–89.8)
Mobile, Alabama	815	74.3	2.3	(69.7–78.9)
Montgomery, Alabama	534	78.5	2.3	(74.0–82.9)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania†	1,311	87.5	1.2	(85.2–89.8)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	945	83.3	1.5	(80.3–86.2)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	1,339	84.7	1.2	(82.3–87.0)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York†	894	88.8	1.3	(86.3–91.3)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania†	6,530	85.9	0.7	(84.6–87.2)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	2,006	84.2	1.2	(81.9–86.6)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	1,274	80.7	1.5	(77.8–83.5)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey†	7,403	81.4	0.9	(79.6–83.1)
Norfolk, Nebraska	569	85.6	1.9	(81.9–89.2)
North Platte, Nebraska	613	85.6	1.9	(81.9–89.2)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	997	87.1	1.5	(84.2–89.9)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California†	976	87.0	1.8	(83.6–90.5)
Ocean City, New Jersey	552	80.4	2.8	(74.9–85.9)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	2,423	87.1	0.8	(85.5–88.7)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	2,434	82.0	0.9	(80.1–83.8)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	515	81.1	2.4	(76.5–85.8)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	5,580	86.0	0.6	(84.7–87.2)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	566	76.8	2.8	(71.3–82.4)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania†	2,431	81.6	1.0	(79.6–83.7)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	2,600	83.2	1.0	(81.2–85.2)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	3,351	83.4	0.8	(81.9–84.9)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	548	64.5	2.4	(59.8–69.2)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	3,314	86.6	0.8	(85.1–88.1)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	3,126	84.5	0.9	(82.8–86.3)
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	8,116	83.5	0.6	(82.3–84.7)
Provo-Orem, Utah	1,750	88.6	0.9	(86.8–90.5)
Raleigh, North Carolina	944	85.5	1.3	(82.9–88.1)
Rapid City, South Dakota	1,051	85.8	1.4	(83.0–88.6)
Reno, Nevada	1,508	83.6	1.4	(80.8–86.3)
Richmond, Virginia	1,011	84.6	1.5	(81.7–87.6)

See table footnotes on page 18.

TABLE 2. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported good or better health,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	1,529	81.8	1.3	(79.2–84.4)
Rockingham County-Strafford County, New Hampshire†	1,671	86.9	1.1	(84.8–89.1)
Rutland, Vermont	596	84.9	1.9	(81.2–88.7)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	998	85.8	1.8	(82.3–89.4)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	2,065	83.6	1.1	(81.4–85.8)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	2,123	78.9	1.7	(75.6–82.2)
Salt Lake City, Utah	4,598	85.8	0.7	(84.4–87.2)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	775	81.0	1.8	(77.5–84.6)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	1,128	84.2	1.7	(81.0–87.5)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California†	595	86.6	2.0	(82.7–90.4)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	684	88.2	1.8	(84.7–91.7)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	3,955	65.8	0.9	(64.1–67.5)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	691	83.6	1.7	(80.3–86.8)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	1,845	84.5	1.2	(82.2–86.8)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	629	80.3	2.6	(75.2–85.5)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	738	82.9	1.8	(79.4–86.3)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington†	5,095	86.2	0.7	(84.9–87.5)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	579	76.2	2.3	(71.7–80.7)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland†	2,295	86.4	1.3	(83.9–88.9)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	1,203	82.0	2.3	(77.5–86.4)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	1,465	88.7	1.1	(86.6–90.8)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	706	77.2	2.3	(72.8–81.7)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	1,096	85.1	1.4	(82.4–87.8)
Springfield, Massachusetts	2,343	82.4	1.2	(80.0–84.7)
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington†	1,181	83.2	1.5	(80.4–86.1)
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	823	81.0	2.1	(77.0–85.1)

TABLE 2. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported good or better health,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Toledo, Ohio	972	81.2	1.8	(77.7–84.8)
Topeka, Kansas	1,086	82.9	1.5	(79.9–85.9)
Torrington, Connecticut	662	88.3	1.6	(85.1–91.5)
Trenton, New Jersey	576	86.1	1.8	(82.7–89.6)
Tucson, Arizona	999	81.2	1.9	(77.5–84.9)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	1,737	83.6	1.0	(81.6–85.6)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	580	73.4	3.0	(67.5–79.3)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	4,338	85.3	0.8	(83.7–86.9)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	558	76.5	2.9	(70.9–82.2)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	1,501	82.8	1.3	(80.2–85.4)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan†	2,183	86.5	0.9	(84.7–88.3)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia†	8,178	86.5	0.7	(85.2–87.8)
Wichita, Kansas	2,355	84.8	1.0	(82.8–86.7)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey†	3,230	85.1	0.9	(83.4–86.8)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	793	76.9	1.8	(73.3–80.5)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	2,841	87.3	0.9	(85.6–89.0)
Yakima, Washington	531	73.5	2.7	(68.3–78.8)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	926	79.5	2.1	(75.3–83.7)
<i>Median</i>		83.6		
<i>Range</i>		62.7–90.5		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* Respondents were asked to rate general health as poor, fair, good, very good, or excellent. Respondents were classified into two groups: those who reported fair or poor health and those with good, very good, or excellent health.

† Metropolitan division.

TABLE 3. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported good or better health,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	960	79.5	1.5	(76.6–82.5)
Madison County, Alabama	511	80.9	2.4	(76.2–85.7)
Mobile County, Alabama	815	74.3	2.3	(69.7–78.9)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	902	87.5	1.3	(85.0–90.0)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	597	86.2	1.6	(83.0–89.4)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	599	82.3	1.9	(78.6–86.0)
Maricopa County, Arizona	2,119	83.2	1.1	(81.1–85.3)
Pima County, Arizona	999	81.2	1.9	(77.6–84.9)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	749	82.9	1.8	(79.4–86.3)
Alameda County, California	619	86.2	2.5	(81.3–91.0)
Los Angeles County, California	3,502	78.4	1.0	(76.5–80.4)
Orange County, California	1,037	87.0	1.4	(84.3–89.7)
Riverside County, California	824	79.7	1.9	(75.9–83.4)
Sacramento County, California	609	82.4	2.5	(77.5–87.3)
San Bernardino County, California	705	84.8	1.8	(81.3–88.3)
San Diego County, California	1,128	84.2	1.7	(81.0–87.5)
Santa Clara County, California	665	88.3	1.8	(84.7–91.9)
Adams County, Colorado	804	79.1	1.9	(75.4–82.7)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	853	85.7	1.4	(83.0–88.5)
Boulder County, Colorado	515	90.5	1.5	(87.6–93.4)
Denver County, Colorado	998	82.1	1.4	(79.2–84.9)
Douglas County, Colorado	545	92.4	1.6	(89.3–95.5)
El Paso County, Colorado	1,017	87.3	1.2	(85.0–89.6)
Jefferson County, Colorado	1,114	88.7	1.2	(86.5–91.0)
Larimer County, Colorado	596	88.8	1.6	(85.6–91.9)
Weld County, Colorado	534	84.5	1.9	(80.8–88.2)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	2,180	86.0	1.1	(83.8–88.2)
Hartford County, Connecticut	1,979	85.3	1.0	(83.2–87.3)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	662	88.3	1.6	(85.1–91.5)
New Haven County, Connecticut	2,006	84.2	1.2	(81.9–86.6)
New London County, Connecticut	997	87.1	1.5	(84.2–89.9)
Kent County, Delaware	1,439	82.1	1.4	(79.3–84.8)
New Castle County, Delaware	2,331	85.6	1.0	(83.7–87.5)
Sussex County, Delaware	1,398	79.9	1.5	(77.0–82.8)
District of Columbia, District of Columbia	3,809	87.9	0.8	(86.4–89.4)
Broward County, Florida	523	83.4	2.2	(79.0–87.8)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	812	78.4	2.2	(74.0–82.8)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	1,348	84.7	1.4	(81.9–87.4)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	4,338	85.3	0.8	(83.7–86.9)
Kauai County, Hawaii	669	83.4	2.2	(79.2–87.7)
Maui County, Hawaii	1,216	86.3	1.4	(83.6–89.1)
Ada County, Idaho	808	87.5	1.7	(84.2–90.7)
Canyon County, Idaho	502	81.3	2.8	(75.9–86.7)
Cook County, Illinois	1,503	82.5	1.4	(79.8–85.3)
Lake County, Indiana	883	76.6	2.6	(71.5–81.7)
Marion County, Indiana	1,269	80.4	1.4	(77.6–83.2)
Polk County, Iowa	805	87.0	1.4	(84.2–89.7)
Johnson County, Kansas	2,175	90.2	0.9	(88.4–91.9)
Sedgewick County, Kansas	1,794	84.1	1.1	(81.9–86.3)
Shawnee County, Kansas	768	82.5	1.8	(79.0–86.1)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	871	71.5	2.8	(66.0–77.0)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	1,693	76.9	1.8	(73.4–80.3)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	573	80.9	2.2	(76.5–85.3)
Androscoggin County, Maine	695	81.6	1.9	(78.0–85.3)
Aroostook County, Maine	537	77.6	2.1	(73.5–81.6)
Cumberland County, Maine	1,753	87.1	1.0	(85.0–89.1)
Kennebec County, Maine	830	82.2	1.6	(79.1–85.4)
Penobscot County, Maine	920	82.4	1.6	(79.2–85.6)
York County, Maine	1,187	86.6	1.2	(84.2–89.0)

See table footnotes on page 20.

TABLE 3. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported good or better health,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	894	85.5	1.7	(82.2–88.8)
Baltimore County, Maryland	1,521	83.3	1.4	(80.6–86.0)
Charles County, Maryland	512	83.2	2.8	(77.6–88.8)
Frederick County, Maryland	755	85.8	2.5	(80.9–90.7)
Montgomery County, Maryland	1,540	86.4	1.5	(83.5–89.3)
Prince George's County, Maryland	1,142	85.2	1.8	(81.7–88.7)
Washington County, Maryland	538	85.5	2.5	(80.5–90.5)
Baltimore city, Maryland	743	76.9	2.4	(72.2–81.6)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	557	88.4	1.7	(85.0–91.7)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	2,648	82.2	1.2	(79.8–84.6)
Essex County, Massachusetts	2,565	85.8	1.1	(83.6–87.9)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	1,961	81.3	1.3	(78.8–83.8)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	4,359	89.1	0.7	(87.8–90.4)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	1,758	90.7	1.0	(88.8–92.7)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	1,833	85.9	1.3	(83.4–88.5)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	2,311	84.4	1.1	(82.2–86.6)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	2,596	87.6	0.9	(85.8–89.3)
Kent County, Michigan	525	89.8	1.6	(86.7–93.0)
Macomb County, Michigan	612	85.5	1.6	(82.3–88.6)
Oakland County, Michigan	1,168	89.0	1.1	(86.8–91.2)
Wayne County, Michigan	2,218	78.1	1.4	(75.3–81.0)
Anoka County, Minnesota	545	90.1	1.4	(87.4–92.8)
Dakota County, Minnesota	672	90.5	1.5	(87.6–93.4)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	3,297	90.0	0.8	(88.3–91.6)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	1,941	86.5	1.4	(83.7–89.3)
Jackson County, Missouri	881	81.1	2.1	(76.9–85.3)
St. Louis County, Missouri	950	84.8	1.5	(81.8–87.8)
Cascade County, Montana	707	83.0	1.6	(79.8–86.2)
Flathead County, Montana	560	82.6	1.9	(78.8–86.3)
Hill County, Montana	584	79.7	2.6	(74.5–84.9)
Lake County, Montana	899	79.7	2.1	(75.6–83.9)
Missoula County, Montana	778	87.2	1.3	(84.6–89.8)
Yellowstone County, Montana	749	85.1	1.4	(82.3–87.8)
Dakota County, Nebraska	732	75.6	4.5	(66.8–84.5)
Douglas County, Nebraska	3,567	83.8	0.8	(82.3–85.4)
Hall County, Nebraska	533	84.8	2.0	(80.8–88.7)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	1,445	88.0	1.0	(86.0–90.0)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	589	85.5	1.9	(81.8–89.2)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	1,175	91.6	0.9	(89.7–93.4)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	576	79.5	2.7	(74.2–84.8)
Clark County, Nevada	2,007	80.3	1.1	(78.1–82.5)
Washoe County, Nevada	1,489	83.6	1.4	(80.8–86.4)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	566	81.1	3.1	(75.0–87.3)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	528	86.1	2.5	(81.2–91.1)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	546	84.8	2.4	(80.1–89.5)
Coos County, New Hampshire	539	79.5	2.9	(73.8–85.2)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	566	89.0	1.5	(86.1–91.9)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	1,903	87.2	0.9	(85.3–89.0)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	704	86.8	1.6	(83.7–90.0)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	1,050	88.3	1.3	(85.6–90.9)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	621	83.9	1.9	(80.1–87.7)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	1,021	83.5	1.5	(80.6–86.5)
Bergen County, New Jersey	1,009	86.7	1.3	(84.1–89.3)
Burlington County, New Jersey	684	83.4	2.0	(79.6–87.3)
Camden County, New Jersey	744	78.7	2.1	(74.5–82.8)
Cape May County, New Jersey	552	80.4	2.8	(74.9–85.9)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	558	76.5	2.9	(70.9–82.2)
Essex County, New Jersey	1,336	81.3	1.3	(78.7–84.0)
Gloucester County, New Jersey	550	86.5	1.8	(83.0–90.0)
Hudson County, New Jersey	1,303	78.3	1.5	(75.4–81.2)

See table footnotes on page 20.

TABLE 3. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported good or better health,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	571	91.5	1.4	(88.8–94.3)
Mercer County, New Jersey	576	86.1	1.8	(82.7–89.6)
Middlesex County, New Jersey	880	86.5	1.4	(83.7–89.3)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	710	86.4	1.7	(83.1–89.8)
Morris County, New Jersey	848	89.9	1.3	(87.4–92.4)
Ocean County, New Jersey	662	83.2	1.8	(79.7–86.6)
Passaic County, New Jersey	688	75.6	2.3	(71.1–80.1)
Salem County, New Jersey	583	77.1	3.3	(70.7–83.5)
Somerset County, New Jersey	638	91.3	1.5	(88.3–94.3)
Sussex County, New Jersey	546	85.3	2.2	(81.1–89.6)
Union County, New Jersey	711	84.3	1.6	(81.1–87.5)
Warren County, New Jersey	532	83.5	2.8	(78.0–89.0)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	2,062	83.4	1.0	(81.4–85.3)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	706	71.2	2.3	(66.7–75.8)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	656	84.5	1.8	(81.0–88.0)
San Juan County, New Mexico	650	79.1	2.0	(75.2–82.9)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	691	83.6	1.7	(80.3–86.8)
Kings County, New York	490	83.0	2.3	(78.5–87.6)
Guilford County, North Carolina	511	87.8	1.6	(84.6–91.0)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	726	83.9	1.6	(80.9–87.0)
Robeson County, North Carolina	545	72.7	3.6	(65.7–79.8)
Wake County, North Carolina	700	88.1	1.4	(85.2–90.9)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	563	86.0	1.9	(82.3–89.7)
Cass County, North Dakota	841	90.3	1.3	(87.7–92.8)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	868	80.0	1.6	(76.8–83.2)
Franklin County, Ohio	837	84.6	1.8	(81.1–88.0)
Hamilton County, Ohio	772	82.1	1.7	(78.8–85.5)
Lorain County, Ohio	612	85.7	1.9	(81.9–89.6)
Lucas County, Ohio	623	78.6	2.4	(73.9–83.3)
Mahoning County, Ohio	590	81.5	2.5	(76.7–86.3)
Montgomery County, Ohio	663	80.8	1.9	(77.1–84.6)
Stark County, Ohio	623	80.1	2.2	(75.9–84.4)
Summit County, Ohio	631	78.0	2.4	(73.3–82.6)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	1,188	80.9	1.3	(78.4–83.4)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	1,200	86.8	1.1	(84.6–88.9)
Clackamas County, Oregon	511	83.5	2.6	(78.5–88.5)
Lane County, Oregon	525	84.5	1.9	(80.8–88.1)
Multnomah County, Oregon	895	83.6	1.7	(80.3–87.0)
Washington County, Oregon	619	85.6	2.0	(81.8–89.4)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	1,882	85.1	1.0	(83.1–87.0)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	1,845	84.5	1.2	(82.2–86.8)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	546	90.6	1.3	(88.0–93.2)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	2,041	79.0	1.2	(76.5–81.4)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	1,880	86.0	1.3	(83.5–88.6)
Kent County, Rhode Island	812	85.2	1.7	(81.9–88.5)
Providence County, Rhode Island	3,338	81.1	0.9	(79.3–82.9)
Washington County, Rhode Island	657	89.9	1.7	(86.4–93.3)
Aiken County, South Carolina	554	80.3	2.1	(76.1–84.5)
Beaufort County, South Carolina	800	91.8	1.2	(89.4–94.2)

TABLE 3. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported good or better health,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Charleston County, South Carolina	1,010	85.3	1.6	(82.2–88.3)
Greenville County, South Carolina	904	82.7	1.6	(79.5–85.9)
Horry County, South Carolina	776	84.6	1.5	(81.6–87.6)
Richland County, South Carolina	963	84.6	1.7	(81.3–88.0)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	652	79.4	2.3	(75.0–83.8)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	500	90.2	2.1	(86.0–94.4)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	878	87.6	1.3	(85.0–90.2)
Pennington County, South Dakota	604	86.4	1.6	(83.2–89.5)
Davidson County, Tennessee	555	85.6	1.8	(82.0–89.2)
Shelby County, Tennessee	537	83.2	1.9	(79.6–86.8)
Bexar County, Texas	582	79.9	2.2	(75.6–84.1)
Dallas County, Texas	508	79.6	2.2	(75.4–83.8)
El Paso County, Texas	621	76.5	2.3	(71.9–81.1)
Harris County, Texas	771	78.6	1.9	(75.0–82.3)
Hidalgo County, Texas	614	71.9	2.8	(66.4–77.4)
Tarrant County, Texas	567	84.1	2.0	(80.1–88.1)
Travis County, Texas	1,042	84.3	2.0	(80.5–88.1)
Davis County, Utah	1,144	89.6	1.0	(87.6–91.6)
Salt Lake County, Utah	4,033	85.7	0.7	(84.3–87.2)
Tooele County, Utah	565	87.3	2.0	(83.3–91.2)
Utah County, Utah	1,682	88.6	1.0	(86.7–90.5)
Wasatch County, Utah	510	88.4	2.6	(83.2–93.5)
Weber County, Utah	1,045	83.9	1.4	(81.1–86.7)
Chittenden County, Vermont	918	92.0	1.0	(90.0–94.0)
Rutland County, Vermont	596	84.9	1.9	(81.2–88.7)
Washington County, Vermont	515	89.5	1.7	(86.2–92.8)
Windsor County, Vermont	545	89.0	1.6	(85.9–92.1)
Fairfax County, Virginia	742	88.7	1.7	(85.4–92.1)
Clark County, Washington	789	85.7	1.4	(82.9–88.5)
King County, Washington	3,923	87.0	0.8	(85.5–88.6)
Kitsap County, Washington	566	81.5	2.2	(77.2–85.8)
Pierce County, Washington	1,181	83.2	1.4	(80.4–86.1)
Snohomish County, Washington	1,172	83.7	1.5	(80.8–86.6)
Spokane County, Washington	950	85.4	1.5	(82.5–88.3)
Thurston County, Washington	515	81.1	2.4	(76.5–85.8)
Whatcom County, Washington	846	88.0	1.4	(85.3–90.7)
Yakima County, Washington	531	73.5	2.7	(68.3–78.8)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	640	76.1	1.9	(72.4–79.9)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	963	83.2	1.8	(79.7–86.7)
Laramie County, Wyoming	958	82.2	1.9	(78.4–86.0)
Natrona County, Wyoming	827	83.4	1.9	(79.6–87.1)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	667	68.1	2.1	(63.9–72.3)
<i>Median</i>		84.4		
<i>Range</i>		68.1–92.4		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* Respondents were asked to rate general health as poor, fair, good, very good, or excellent. Respondents were classified into two groups: those who reported fair or poor health and those with good, very good, or excellent health.

TABLE 4. Estimated prevalence of adults aged 18–64 years who have health care coverage,* by state/territory — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	5,768	76.5	0.9	(74.8–78.2)
Alaska	3,487	80.1	1.0	(78.3–82.0)
Arizona Alaska	4,297	75.3	1.1	(73.2–77.4)
Arkansas	3,167	68.9	1.1	(66.7–71.1)
California	10,219	74.9	0.6	(73.7–76.1)
Colorado	8,532	78.6	0.6	(77.3–79.8)
Connecticut	5,900	87.2	0.6	(86.0–88.4)
Delaware	3,412	86.1	0.9	(84.3–87.9)
District of Columbia	2,479	90.2	1.0	(88.4–92.1)
Florida	4,436	72.4	1.0	(70.4–74.4)
Georgia	4,099	72.7	1.0	(70.7–74.6)
Hawaii	5,505	87.3	0.7	(85.9–88.7)
Idaho	3,630	76.6	1.2	(74.2–78.9)
Illinois	3,586	80.0	1.0	(78.0–82.1)
Indiana	5,795	78.2	0.7	(76.8–79.7)
Iowa	4,578	86.6	0.7	(85.3–87.9)
Kansas	7,753	79.5	0.7	(78.2–80.8)
Kentucky	7,680	79.1	0.7	(77.6–80.6)
Louisiana	5,769	74.3	0.9	(72.5–76.2)
Maine	6,656	84.3	0.6	(83.1–85.4)
Maryland	8,404	84.3	0.8	(82.8–85.8)
Massachusetts	14,920	93.1	0.3	(92.4–93.7)
Michigan	6,820	83.4	0.6	(82.2–84.7)
Minnesota	8,646	86.8	0.5	(85.8–87.8)
Mississippi	4,869	72.7	0.9	(70.9–74.5)
Missouri	4,245	79.7	0.9	(77.9–81.4)
Montana	5,776	76.8	0.7	(75.4–78.2)
Nebraska	12,310	82.0	0.5	(81.0–83.0)
Nevada	3,191	69.8	1.2	(67.5–72.1)
New Hampshire	4,780	84.2	0.8	(82.6–85.7)
New Jersey	11,036	81.4	0.5	(80.4–82.5)
New Mexico	6,060	73.2	0.7	(71.8–74.7)
New York	4,231	81.4	0.9	(79.6–83.2)
North Carolina	8,064	74.6	0.6	(73.4–75.8)
North Dakota	3,240	84.0	0.9	(82.1–85.8)
Ohio	8,810	82.2	0.6	(81.1–83.4)
Oklahoma	5,364	77.9	0.8	(76.5–79.4)
Oregon	3,387	76.7	1.0	(74.8–78.7)
Pennsylvania	13,020	83.8	0.5	(82.8–84.8)
Rhode Island	3,711	81.6	0.9	(79.8–83.4)
South Carolina	8,211	73.5	0.7	(72.1–74.9)
South Dakota	5,432	86.2	0.7	(84.8–87.6)
Tennessee	4,616	78.1	0.9	(76.3–79.8)
Texas	6,311	64.2	0.8	(62.6–65.9)
Utah	8,924	79.6	0.6	(78.4–80.8)
Vermont	4,011	88.1	0.7	(86.7–89.5)
Virginia	5,033	81.8	0.8	(80.3–83.3)
Washington	10,135	78.8	0.6	(77.6–79.9)
West Virginia	3,665	75.8	0.9	(74.0–77.5)
Wisconsin	3,608	85.3	0.9	(83.5–87.1)
Wyoming	3,762	75.2	1.2	(72.9–77.5)
Guam	1,778	73.4	1.4	(70.6–76.2)
Puerto Rico	4,417	90.2	0.6	(89.1–91.3)
<i>Median</i>		79.6		
<i>Range</i>		64.2–93.1		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* Including health insurance, prepaid plans (e.g., health maintenance organizations), or government plans (e.g., Medicare).

TABLE 5. Estimated prevalence of adults aged 18–64 years who have health care coverage,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	390	92.3	1.6	(89.2–95.4)
Akron, Ohio	503	79.1	2.7	(73.8–84.5)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	2,318	76.4	1.1	(74.2–78.7)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	902	89.1	1.5	(86.2–92.0)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California†	705	82.4	1.8	(78.9–86.0)
Anchorage, Alaska	1,239	80.9	1.4	(78.2–83.6)
Asheville, North Carolina	364	72.1	3.0	(66.2–78.0)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	1,809	74.2	1.5	(71.4–77.1)
Atlantic City-Hammonton, New Jersey	655	78.6	2.3	(74.1–83.2)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	657	74.3	3.2	(68.1–80.5)
Augusta-Waterville, Maine	599	86.4	1.8	(82.9–89.9)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	964	71.9	2.4	(67.2–76.6)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	3,212	86.2	1.1	(84.1–88.3)
Bangor, Maine	663	80.9	2.1	(76.7–85.0)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	280	91.8	2.1	(87.7–96.0)
Barre, Vermont	377	87.9	2.3	(83.3–92.5)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	887	79.7	2.1	(75.5–83.9)
Bellingham, Washington	550	77.2	3.2	(70.9–83.5)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	422	72.4	3.5	(65.5–79.2)
Billings, Montana	580	80.0	1.8	(76.4–83.6)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	1,216	77.4	1.7	(74.0–80.8)
Bismarck, North Dakota	557	88.1	2.1	(83.9–92.3)
Boise City, Idaho	957	76.3	2.1	(72.2–80.4)
Boston, Massachusetts†	4,103	93.4	0.6	(92.3–94.6)
Boulder, Colorado	381	79.3	2.8	(73.7–84.9)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	357	81.8	3.0	(75.8–87.7)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	1,525	83.5	1.5	(80.7–86.4)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	1,089	91.3	1.0	(89.2–93.3)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts†	4,881	93.7	0.6	(92.6–94.8)
Camden, New Jersey†	1,385	86.6	1.4	(83.9–89.3)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	445	83.9	2.6	(78.8–89.1)
Casper, Wyoming	485	74.7	3.0	(68.8–80.7)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	375	89.5	2.1	(85.4–93.6)
Charleston, West Virginia	527	76.7	2.3	(72.1–81.3)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	1,145	77.7	1.7	(74.4–80.9)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	1,789	76.3	1.2	(73.9–78.8)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	397	77.9	3.3	(71.4–84.4)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	546	81.2	2.6	(76.0–86.4)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	2,547	78.8	1.3	(76.3–81.3)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	1,680	84.5	1.2	(82.2–86.9)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	1,217	84.6	1.6	(81.5–87.8)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	1,197	83.4	1.5	(80.4–86.3)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	849	80.9	1.7	(77.5–84.4)
Columbia, South Carolina	1,241	75.4	1.8	(71.9–79.0)
Columbus, Ohio	1,176	82.9	1.4	(80.2–85.7)
Concord, New Hampshire	457	85.2	2.1	(81.0–89.4)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas†	681	63.9	2.3	(59.3–68.4)
Dayton, Ohio	562	80.2	2.3	(75.7–84.8)
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	3,575	79.0	0.9	(77.3–80.8)
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	784	89.5	1.4	(86.8–92.2)

See table footnotes on page 23.

TABLE 5. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged 18–64 years who have health care coverage,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan [†]	1,416	77.9	1.7	(74.6–81.2)
Dover, Delaware	939	87.3	1.7	(84.0–90.7)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	351	86.1	2.6	(81.0–91.3)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	580	72.8	2.3	(68.2–77.3)
El Paso, Texas	421	52.1	3.8	(44.7–59.4)
Eugene, Oregon	338	74.8	3.2	(68.5–81.0)
Fairbanks, Alaska	486	83.7	2.3	(79.2–88.2)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	662	82.2	2.2	(78.0–86.5)
Farmington, New Mexico	458	76.9	2.4	(72.1–81.7)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	369	78.6	3.0	(72.7–84.5)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	506	67.0	3.3	(60.5–73.6)
Fort Collins, Colorado	407	80.9	2.5	(76.0–85.7)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	377	73.6	3.0	(67.7–79.5)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas [†]	495	70.7	2.7	(65.5–76.0)
Grand Island, Nebraska	533	81.2	2.7	(76.0–86.4)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	616	87.7	1.7	(84.4–91.0)
Great Falls, Montana	441	77.0	2.6	(72.0–82.0)
Greeley, Colorado	399	75.9	2.7	(70.5–81.2)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	544	74.3	2.4	(69.6–79.0)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	1,116	72.6	1.8	(69.1–76.1)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	475	75.1	2.6	(70.1–80.1)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	488	81.3	3.0	(75.5–87.1)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	465	83.2	2.3	(78.7–87.8)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	1,792	89.4	1.0	(87.6–91.3)
Heber, Utah	347	72.3	5.5	(61.6–82.9)
Hilo, Hawaii	951	83.9	1.8	(80.5–87.4)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	430	64.1	4.6	(55.1–73.2)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	903	64.1	2.0	(60.3–68.0)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	756	78.9	2.1	(74.9–83.0)
Huntsville, Alabama	451	81.3	2.4	(76.6–86.1)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	353	83.0	3.3	(76.5–89.5)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	1,523	82.6	1.2	(80.2–85.0)
Jackson, Mississippi	630	73.5	2.2	(69.2–77.7)
Jacksonville, Florida	340	80.8	2.9	(75.1–86.6)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	842	87.0	1.6	(83.9–90.2)
Kalispell, Montana	374	74.4	2.5	(69.5–79.3)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	3,144	83.7	1.2	(81.4–86.0)
Kapaa, Hawaii	434	88.9	2.1	(84.8–93.1)
Keene, New Hampshire	319	80.1	3.4	(73.4–86.8)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	372	73.0	3.1	(67.0–79.1)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	358	79.3	3.4	(72.7–85.9)
Knoxville, Tennessee	552	80.7	2.2	(76.4–85.0)
Laconia, New Hampshire	320	81.9	3.6	(74.8–89.0)
Lafayette, Louisiana	386	72.6	3.0	(66.7–78.5)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	489	65.4	2.8	(60.0–70.8)
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	1,458	69.4	1.5	(66.5–72.3)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	505	86.6	1.8	(83.0–90.2)
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	399	84.7	2.3	(80.2–89.2)
Lincoln, Nebraska	1,287	82.7	1.3	(80.2–85.2)

See table footnotes on page 23.

TABLE 5. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged 18–64 years who have health care coverage,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	779	75.9	2.1	(71.8–80.1)
Logan, Utah-Idaho	370	82.5	2.7	(77.2–87.8)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California [†]	2,609	68.3	1.3	(65.9–70.8)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	1,466	79.9	1.6	(76.7–83.0)
Lumberton, North Carolina	376	65.9	5.0	(56.2–75.7)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	1,332	84.8	1.5	(82.0–87.7)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	420	35.4	3.4	(28.8–42.1)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	865	76.9	2.0	(73.0–80.9)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	1,028	67.9	2.1	(63.8–72.0)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	912	85.6	1.8	(82.1–89.0)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	5,704	87.3	0.7	(86.0–88.6)
Missoula, Montana	547	73.4	2.4	(68.7–78.1)
Mobile, Alabama	501	73.5	3.1	(67.3–79.6)
Montgomery, Alabama	350	78.8	3.1	(72.8–84.9)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania [†]	940	88.2	1.7	(84.9–91.4)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	583	68.4	2.6	(63.3–73.6)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	981	82.0	1.7	(78.7–85.4)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York [†]	612	83.1	2.2	(78.8–87.4)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania [†]	4,414	80.5	1.0	(78.6–82.4)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	1,341	86.6	1.3	(84.1–89.1)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	862	76.1	2.1	(72.1–80.1)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey [†]	5,525	78.3	1.1	(76.2–80.5)
Norfolk, Nebraska	367	76.3	3.5	(69.5–83.1)
North Platte, Nebraska	349	82.4	3.0	(76.6–88.2)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	629	90.2	1.6	(87.1–93.4)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California [†]	672	86.3	2.1	(82.2–90.5)
Ocean City, New Jersey	298	81.9	4.5	(73.0–90.8)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	1,750	85.3	1.1	(83.1–87.5)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	1,791	78.7	1.2	(76.3–81.1)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	349	85.6	2.5	(80.7–90.5)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	3,991	82.9	0.8	(81.3–84.5)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	348	73.0	3.4	(66.5–79.6)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania [†]	1,715	79.4	1.4	(76.7–82.1)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	1,697	75.3	1.4	(72.6–78.1)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	2,167	85.9	1.0	(84.0–87.8)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	389	91.0	1.7	(87.6–94.4)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	2,235	86.8	0.9	(85.0–88.6)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	2,141	81.5	1.2	(79.1–83.8)
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	5,446	85.1	0.8	(83.6–86.6)
Provo-Orem, Utah	1,339	79.5	1.4	(76.7–82.2)
Raleigh, North Carolina	753	78.3	1.8	(74.8–81.9)
Rapid City, South Dakota	741	87.1	1.5	(84.1–90.1)
Reno, Nevada	968	71.1	2.2	(66.8–75.4)
Richmond, Virginia	666	84.3	2.0	(80.5–88.1)

See table footnotes on page 23.

TABLE 5. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged 18–64 years who have health care coverage,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	1,078	72.6	1.8	(69.0–76.2)
Rockingham County-Strafford County, New Hampshire†	1,098	86.2	1.5	(83.3–89.1)
Rutland, Vermont	390	84.8	2.8	(79.2–90.3)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	707	81.2	2.2	(76.9–85.5)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	1,374	83.4	1.4	(80.6–86.3)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	1,209	86.0	1.5	(83.0–89.0)
Salt Lake City, Utah	3,361	77.6	1.0	(75.6–79.7)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	525	68.3	2.7	(63.0–73.6)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	787	77.1	2.1	(72.9–81.3)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California†	416	84.5	2.4	(79.8–89.2)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	496	82.6	2.3	(78.0–87.1)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	2,783	89.5	0.7	(88.1–91.0)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	482	65.9	2.7	(60.6–71.2)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	1,127	75.9	4.1	(67.8–84.0)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	356	76.4	3.8	(68.9–83.9)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	459	82.1	3.1	(76.0–88.3)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington†	3,603	82.4	0.9	(80.7–84.1)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	373	74.5	3.2	(68.3–80.7)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland†	1,553	83.0	1.8	(79.4–86.6)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	734	82.4	2.8	(77.0–87.8)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	1,149	85.9	1.4	(83.1–88.7)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	460	74.9	2.9	(69.1–80.6)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	710	77.5	2.2	(73.3–81.7)
Springfield, Massachusetts	1,627	92.3	1.0	(90.3–94.2)
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington†	844	77.8	1.9	(74.1–81.6)

TABLE 5. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged 18–64 years who have health care coverage,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	498	76.7	2.6	(71.6–81.8)
Toledo, Ohio	645	82.1	2.9	(76.5–87.8)
Topeka, Kansas	745	78.8	2.2	(74.4–83.1)
Torrington, Connecticut	443	88.7	2.1	(84.6–92.9)
Trenton, New Jersey	414	85.1	2.3	(80.7–89.6)
Tucson, Arizona	596	79.7	2.3	(75.2–84.2)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	1,191	79.3	1.5	(76.4–82.2)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	378	70.9	4.3	(62.5–79.3)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	3,278	87.8	0.9	(86.0–89.7)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	384	74.2	4.1	(66.2–82.1)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	1,023	80.4	1.8	(76.9–83.9)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan†	1,477	85.7	1.2	(83.3–88.1)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia†	5,695	84.5	0.9	(82.7–86.3)
Wichita, Kansas	1,586	76.4	1.5	(73.5–79.4)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey†	2,287	85.6	1.3	(83.0–88.1)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	522	73.4	2.5	(68.6–78.3)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	1,992	91.8	1.0	(89.9–93.8)
Yakima, Washington	357	63.5	3.5	(56.5–70.4)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	573	81.3	2.8	(75.9–86.8)
<i>Median</i>		80.7		
<i>Range</i>		35.4–93.7		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* Including health insurance, prepaid plans (e.g., health maintenance organizations), or government plans (e.g., Medicare).

† Metropolitan division.

TABLE 6. Estimated prevalence of adults aged 18–64 years who have health care coverage,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	668	77.3	2.2	(73.0–81.6)
Madison County, Alabama	376	81.8	2.5	(76.9–86.7)
Mobile County, Alabama	501	73.5	3.1	(67.3–79.6)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	754	81.6	1.7	(78.3–84.9)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	486	83.7	2.3	(79.2–88.2)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	485	78.4	2.3	(73.8–82.9)
Maricopa County, Arizona	1,446	75.6	1.5	(72.7–78.6)
Pima County, Arizona	596	79.7	2.3	(75.2–84.2)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	489	75.4	3.0	(69.5–81.3)
Alameda County, California	434	86.4	2.5	(81.4–91.4)
Los Angeles County, California	2,609	68.3	1.3	(65.9–70.8)
Orange County, California	705	82.4	1.8	(78.9–86.0)
Riverside County, California	550	72.7	2.5	(67.7–77.7)
Sacramento County, California	440	80.1	2.9	(74.5–85.8)
San Bernardino County, California	528	72.6	2.6	(67.4–77.8)
San Diego County, California	787	77.1	2.1	(72.9–81.3)
Santa Clara County, California	487	82.7	2.4	(78.1–87.3)
Adams County, Colorado	589	69.6	2.6	(64.6–74.6)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	635	79.7	2.0	(75.7–83.7)
Boulder County, Colorado	381	79.3	2.8	(73.7–84.9)
Denver County, Colorado	750	74.2	1.9	(70.5–78.0)
Douglas County, Colorado	429	92.2	1.8	(88.7–95.8)
El Paso County, Colorado	763	80.9	1.8	(77.4–84.5)
Jefferson County, Colorado	789	84.5	1.6	(81.3–87.7)
Larimer County, Colorado	407	80.9	2.5	(76.0–85.7)
Weld County, Colorado	399	75.9	2.7	(70.5–81.2)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	1,525	83.5	1.5	(80.7–86.4)
Hartford County, Connecticut	1,341	88.8	1.2	(86.5–91.1)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	443	88.7	2.1	(84.6–92.9)
New Haven County, Connecticut	1,341	86.6	1.3	(84.1–89.1)
New London County, Connecticut	629	90.2	1.6	(87.1–93.4)
Kent County, Delaware	939	87.3	1.7	(84.0–90.7)
New Castle County, Delaware	1,677	86.8	1.2	(84.4–89.2)
Sussex County, Delaware	796	82.6	2.0	(78.6–86.6)
District of Columbia District of Columbia	2,479	90.2	1.0	(88.3–92.1)
Broward County, Florida	335	73.7	3.4	(67.0–80.5)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	528	60.7	3.2	(54.4–67.0)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	951	83.9	1.8	(80.5–87.4)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	3,278	87.8	0.9	(86.0–89.7)
Kauai County, Hawaii	434	88.9	2.1	(84.8–93.1)
Maui County, Hawaii	842	87.0	1.6	(83.9–90.2)
Ada County, Idaho	542	81.6	2.4	(76.8–86.3)
Canyon County, Idaho	306	66.8	4.2	(58.5–75.0)
Cook County, Illinois	1,037	76.3	1.8	(72.7–79.9)
Lake County, Indiana	564	74.2	3.3	(67.7–80.7)
Marion County, Indiana	874	79.7	1.8	(76.2–83.2)
Polk County, Iowa	556	88.2	1.7	(84.9–91.6)
Johnson County, Kansas	1,502	88.4	1.2	(86.0–90.8)
Sedgwick County, Kansas	1,241	74.8	1.7	(71.5–78.2)
Shawnee County, Kansas	524	80.7	2.4	(76.0–85.4)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	542	59.8	3.7	(52.4–67.1)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	1,099	79.3	2.0	(75.3–83.3)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	388	82.6	2.6	(77.5–87.7)
Androscoggin County, Maine	505	86.6	1.8	(83.0–90.2)
Aroostook County, Maine	360	83.8	2.4	(79.1–88.6)
Cumberland County, Maine	1,217	87.9	1.2	(85.6–90.3)
Kennebec County, Maine	599	86.4	1.8	(82.9–89.9)
Penobscot County, Maine	663	80.9	2.1	(76.7–85.0)
York County, Maine	774	85.8	1.6	(82.7–88.9)

See table footnotes on page 25.

TABLE 6. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged 18–64 years who have health care coverage,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	621	85.2	2.5	(80.3–90.1)
Baltimore County, Maryland	1,033	86.2	1.7	(82.9–89.6)
Charles County, Maryland	378	84.4	3.7	(77.1–91.7)
Frederick County, Maryland	497	84.9	3.9	(77.3–92.6)
Montgomery County, Maryland	1,056	82.4	2.1	(78.4–86.5)
Prince George's County, Maryland	801	79.1	2.7	(73.8–84.3)
Washington County, Maryland	330	83.4	4.2	(75.2–91.7)
Baltimore city, Maryland	497	80.5	2.9	(74.8–86.1)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	280	91.8	2.1	(87.7–96.0)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	1,735	92.2	1.2	(89.8–94.7)
Essex County, Massachusetts	1,678	94.2	1.0	(92.3–96.1)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	1,350	91.0	1.3	(88.6–93.5)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	3,203	93.7	0.7	(92.4–95.0)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	1,206	96.7	0.8	(95.1–98.2)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	1,217	91.8	1.2	(89.4–94.2)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	1,680	92.3	0.9	(90.5–94.1)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	1,822	92.2	1.1	(90.1–94.3)
Kent County, Michigan	368	88.0	2.3	(83.4–92.6)
Macomb County, Michigan	417	88.6	1.8	(85.1–92.0)
Oakland County, Michigan	768	84.5	1.8	(80.9–88.1)
Wayne County, Michigan	1,416	77.9	1.7	(74.6–81.2)
Anoka County, Minnesota	421	89.5	1.9	(85.8–93.3)
Dakota County, Minnesota	512	91.0	1.5	(88.1–93.8)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	2,386	86.6	1.0	(84.6–88.6)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	1,309	84.3	2.3	(79.7–88.8)
Jackson County, Missouri	551	81.9	2.6	(76.7–87.0)
St. Louis County, Missouri	636	80.2	2.2	(75.8–84.7)
Cascade County, Montana	441	77.0	2.6	(72.0–82.0)
Flathead County, Montana	374	74.4	2.5	(69.5–79.3)
Hill County, Montana	394	73.8	4.0	(65.9–81.7)
Lake County, Montana	544	69.2	3.4	(62.5–75.8)
Missoula County, Montana	547	73.4	2.4	(68.7–78.1)
Yellowstone County, Montana	520	80.0	1.9	(76.3–83.7)
Dakota County, Nebraska	436	66.9	5.8	(55.5–78.2)
Douglas County, Nebraska	2,543	81.4	1.0	(79.5–83.3)
Hall County, Nebraska	340	79.2	3.3	(72.7–85.8)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	1,143	82.5	1.3	(79.9–85.1)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	335	82.1	3.1	(76.1–88.0)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	860	88.9	1.5	(86.0–91.8)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	325	77.3	3.8	(69.9–84.7)
Clark County, Nevada	1,458	69.4	1.5	(66.5–72.3)
Washoe County, Nevada	957	71.2	2.2	(66.9–75.5)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	320	81.9	3.6	(74.8–89.0)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	279	80.2	3.5	(73.2–87.2)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	319	80.1	3.4	(73.4–86.8)
Coos County, New Hampshire	317	68.7	4.2	(60.5–76.9)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	341	80.8	3.4	(74.2–87.4)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	1,332	84.8	1.5	(82.0–87.7)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	457	85.2	2.1	(81.0–89.4)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	696	86.2	1.8	(82.6–89.8)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	402	86.2	2.6	(81.2–91.3)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	655	78.6	2.3	(74.1–83.2)
Bergen County, New Jersey	754	80.4	1.9	(76.7–84.2)
Burlington County, New Jersey	467	87.5	2.5	(82.5–92.5)
Camden County, New Jersey	515	85.1	2.2	(80.7–89.5)
Cape May County, New Jersey	298	81.9	4.5	(73.0–90.8)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	384	74.2	4.1	(66.2–82.1)
Essex County, New Jersey	1,017	71.4	2.0	(67.5–75.2)
Gloucester County, New Jersey	403	87.4	2.0	(83.5–91.4)
Hudson County, New Jersey	1,009	70.9	2.0	(67.0–74.7)

See table footnotes on page 25.

TABLE 6. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged 18–64 years who have health care coverage,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	397	91.2	1.9	(87.5–95.0)
Mercer County, New Jersey	414	85.1	2.3	(80.7–89.6)
Middlesex County, New Jersey	660	86.0	1.7	(82.7–89.3)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	479	89.1	1.8	(85.5–92.7)
Morris County, New Jersey	580	86.5	2.3	(82.1–91.0)
Ocean County, New Jersey	403	84.8	2.3	(80.2–89.3)
Passaic County, New Jersey	527	69.2	2.8	(63.7–74.7)
Salem County, New Jersey	393	74.7	5.2	(64.5–84.9)
Somerset County, New Jersey	425	91.1	1.9	(87.4–94.8)
Sussex County, New Jersey	366	84.8	2.6	(79.7–89.8)
Union County, New Jersey	534	79.0	2.2	(74.7–83.4)
Warren County, New Jersey	356	86.4	3.3	(79.9–92.9)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	1,508	75.8	1.4	(73.1–78.4)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	489	65.4	2.8	(60.0–70.8)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	444	80.0	2.6	(75.0–85.0)
San Juan County, New Mexico	458	76.9	2.4	(72.1–81.7)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	482	65.9	2.7	(60.6–71.2)
Kings County, New York	421	76.4	2.8	(70.9–81.9)
Guilford County, North Carolina	353	77.8	2.7	(72.6–83.1)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	573	75.8	2.0	(71.8–79.7)
Robeson County, North Carolina	376	65.9	5.0	(56.1–75.7)
Wake County, North Carolina	576	78.5	2.2	(74.2–82.7)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	392	88.5	2.6	(83.5–93.6)
Cass County, North Dakota	593	81.1	2.3	(76.6–85.6)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	622	80.2	2.1	(76.1–84.4)
Franklin County, Ohio	640	82.7	1.9	(79.0–86.4)
Hamilton County, Ohio	556	87.1	1.8	(83.5–90.6)
Lorain County, Ohio	375	89.9	2.4	(85.3–94.6)
Lucas County, Ohio	406	79.7	3.7	(72.4–87.0)
Mahoning County, Ohio	349	84.9	3.3	(78.4–91.3)
Montgomery County, Ohio	423	78.6	2.8	(73.0–84.1)
Stark County, Ohio	405	84.2	2.7	(78.9–89.5)
Summit County, Ohio	418	78.7	3.1	(72.7–84.8)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	893	76.0	1.7	(72.7–79.3)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	830	77.1	1.8	(73.5–80.7)
Clackamas County, Oregon	331	79.8	3.3	(73.4–86.2)
Lane County, Oregon	338	74.8	3.2	(68.5–81.0)
Multnomah County, Oregon	637	80.8	2.2	(76.5–85.0)
Washington County, Oregon	434	83.4	2.4	(78.7–88.1)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	1,191	86.3	1.3	(83.8–88.9)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	1,127	75.9	4.1	(67.8–84.0)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	399	88.2	2.3	(83.8–92.7)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	1,445	76.6	1.6	(73.4–79.8)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	1,095	83.8	1.9	(80.1–87.4)
Kent County, Rhode Island	568	86.7	2.0	(82.7–90.6)
Providence County, Rhode Island	2,324	78.5	1.3	(76.0–80.9)
Washington County, Rhode Island	394	83.1	3.0	(77.3–89.0)
Aiken County, South Carolina	341	77.8	3.2	(71.5–84.1)
Beaufort County, South Carolina	355	65.1	4.8	(55.6–74.6)

TABLE 6. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged 18–64 years who have health care coverage,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Charleston County, South Carolina	663	76.0	2.5	(71.1–80.9)
Greenville County, South Carolina	627	72.2	2.5	(67.3–77.1)
Horry County, South Carolina	492	70.9	2.7	(65.6–76.2)
Richland County, South Carolina	659	75.6	2.5	(70.6–80.5)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	424	76.7	3.0	(70.9–82.5)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	366	85.8	3.8	(78.4–93.2)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	715	85.8	1.6	(82.8–88.9)
Pennington County, South Dakota	451	86.4	1.8	(82.7–90.0)
Davidson County, Tennessee	393	82.3	2.4	(77.5–87.0)
Shelby County, Tennessee	393	78.1	2.5	(73.2–83.0)
Bexar County, Texas	405	67.8	3.1	(61.7–73.9)
Dallas County, Texas	379	53.6	3.1	(47.5–59.7)
El Paso County, Texas	420	52.1	3.8	(44.8–59.5)
Harris County, Texas	626	61.2	2.3	(56.6–65.8)
Hidalgo County, Texas	420	35.4	3.4	(28.8–42.1)
Tarrant County, Texas	410	69.9	3.0	(63.9–75.8)
Travis County, Texas	735	70.1	2.9	(64.5–75.8)
Davis County, Utah	859	86.6	1.6	(83.4–89.7)
Salt Lake County, Utah	2,954	77.3	1.1	(75.2–79.4)
Tooele County, Utah	407	84.3	3.1	(78.3–90.3)
Utah County, Utah	1,298	79.3	1.4	(76.5–82.1)
Wasatch County, Utah	347	72.3	5.5	(61.6–82.9)
Weber County, Utah	741	82.6	1.8	(79.1–86.2)
Chittenden County, Vermont	673	92.2	1.2	(89.8–94.7)
Rutland County, Vermont	390	84.8	2.8	(79.2–90.3)
Washington County, Vermont	377	87.9	2.3	(83.3–92.5)
Windsor County, Vermont	332	89.5	2.0	(85.7–93.3)
Fairfax County, Virginia	559	85.6	2.0	(81.6–89.6)
Clark County, Washington	537	83.0	2.1	(78.8–87.2)
King County, Washington	2,743	82.6	1.0	(80.6–84.6)
Kitsap County, Washington	357	81.8	3.0	(75.8–87.7)
Pierce County, Washington	844	77.8	1.9	(74.1–81.6)
Snohomish County, Washington	860	81.4	1.8	(78.0–84.9)
Spokane County, Washington	611	79.4	2.3	(75.0–83.8)
Thurston County, Washington	349	85.6	2.5	(80.7–90.5)
Whatcom County, Washington	550	77.2	3.2	(70.9–83.5)
Yakima County, Washington	357	63.5	3.5	(56.5–70.4)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	435	79.0	2.3	(74.5–83.5)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	704	81.9	2.3	(77.5–86.3)
Laramie County, Wyoming	546	81.2	2.6	(76.0–86.4)
Natrona County, Wyoming	485	74.7	3.0	(68.8–80.7)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	450	84.4	2.1	(80.3–88.6)
<i>Median</i>		81.4		
<i>Range</i>		35.4–96.7		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* Including health insurance, prepaid plans (e.g., health maintenance organizations), or government plans (e.g., Medicare).

TABLE 7. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who visited a doctor for a routine checkup during the preceding 12 months, by state/territory — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	8,874	71.6	0.8	(70.1–73.1)
Alaska	4,209	64.3	1.0	(62.2–66.3)
Arizona	7,211	63.6	1.0	(61.7–65.5)
Arkansas	5,054	62.7	1.0	(60.8–64.6)
California	14,502	62.9	0.6	(61.7–64.0)
Colorado	12,034	60.1	0.6	(59.0–61.3)
Connecticut	8,686	71.7	0.7	(70.3–73.0)
Delaware	5,140	80.1	0.8	(78.6–81.7)
District of Columbia	3,796	74.1	1.2	(71.7–76.5)
Florida	7,553	70.3	0.9	(68.6–72.0)
Georgia	6,018	70.3	0.9	(68.6–72.0)
Hawaii	7,530	64.0	0.8	(62.4–65.7)
Idaho	5,841	55.7	1.2	(53.4–58.0)
Illinois	5,564	67.7	0.9	(65.9–69.5)
Indiana	8,559	63.8	0.7	(62.4–65.2)
Iowa	7,084	67.7	0.7	(66.3–69.1)
Kansas	11,612	68.1	0.6	(66.9–69.3)
Kentucky	10,981	67.2	0.7	(65.8–68.7)
Louisiana	8,891	72.4	0.8	(70.8–74.0)
Maine	9,879	70.9	0.6	(69.7–72.0)
Maryland	12,689	76.1	0.7	(74.8–77.5)
Massachusetts	21,562	78.7	0.4	(77.8–79.5)
Michigan	10,400	66.5	0.7	(65.2–67.8)
Minnesota	12,098	68.9	0.6	(67.8–70.1)
Mississippi	7,666	69.1	0.8	(67.6–70.7)
Missouri	6,651	65.8	0.9	(64.1–67.5)
Montana	8,560	57.0	0.7	(55.6–58.4)
Nebraska	18,929	60.4	0.5	(59.4–61.4)
Nevada	4,780	63.9	1.0	(61.9–65.9)
New Hampshire	7,458	70.5	0.8	(68.9–72.1)
New Jersey	15,561	75.0	0.5	(74.0–76.0)
New Mexico	8,644	57.7	0.7	(56.4–59.1)
New York	6,010	71.0	0.9	(69.3–72.7)
North Carolina	11,749	73.5	0.6	(72.4–74.6)
North Dakota	4,849	62.5	1.0	(60.6–64.3)
Ohio	12,869	71.0	0.6	(69.9–72.1)
Oklahoma	7,887	60.1	0.7	(58.7–61.6)
Oregon	5,145	57.2	0.9	(55.4–59.1)
Pennsylvania	19,807	70.3	0.5	(69.3–71.3)
Rhode Island	5,450	78.7	0.8	(77.2–80.3)
South Carolina	12,578	64.3	0.7	(63.0–65.6)
South Dakota	7,780	66.6	0.9	(64.9–68.3)
Tennessee	6,955	75.4	0.8	(73.9–76.9)
Texas	9,003	63.4	0.7	(61.9–64.8)
Utah	12,095	56.7	0.6	(55.5–58.0)
Vermont	6,002	66.6	0.8	(65.0–68.2)
Virginia	7,304	72.5	0.7	(71.1–74.0)
Washington	15,095	59.0	0.6	(57.9–60.1)
West Virginia	5,340	75.3	0.8	(73.8–76.7)
Wisconsin	5,271	69.8	1.0	(67.9–71.7)
Wyoming	6,137	58.6	1.1	(56.5–60.7)
Guam	2,007	62.8	1.5	(59.9–65.6)
Puerto Rico	6,238	78.9	0.6	(77.6–80.1)
<i>Median</i>		67.7		
<i>Range</i>		55.7–80.1		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

TABLE 8. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who visited a doctor for a routine checkup during the preceding 12 months, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	540	75.6	2.3	(71.0–80.1)
Akron, Ohio	741	69.9	2.4	(65.2–74.6)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	3,229	56.7	1.1	(54.5–58.9)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	1,340	71.6	1.8	(68.0–75.2)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California*	1,035	66.6	2.3	(62.1–71.1)
Anchorage, Alaska	1,470	66.6	1.5	(63.6–69.6)
Asheville, North Carolina	586	70.4	2.6	(65.4–75.4)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	2,505	70.1	1.3	(67.6–72.6)
Atlantic City-Hammonton, New Jersey	1,012	77.4	1.9	(73.7–81.1)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	1,024	76.1	2.6	(71.1–81.2)
Augusta-Waterville, Maine	831	72.9	2.0	(69.0–76.8)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	1,370	62.1	2.2	(57.9–66.4)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	4,682	78.3	1.0	(76.4–80.2)
Bangor, Maine	924	71.6	2.0	(67.8–75.5)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	554	85.0	1.9	(81.3–88.6)
Barre, Vermont	512	66.6	2.8	(61.2–72.1)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	1,367	76.3	1.8	(72.7–79.8)
Bellingham, Washington	835	60.0	2.8	(54.5–65.6)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	703	68.3	2.9	(62.6–73.9)
Billings, Montana	837	58.7	2.0	(54.9–62.5)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	1,792	75.5	1.5	(72.6–78.4)
Bismarck, North Dakota	815	62.7	2.3	(58.1–67.2)
Boise City, Idaho	1,473	55.2	2.0	(51.3–59.1)
Boston, Massachusetts*	5,870	79.3	0.8	(77.7–80.9)
Boulder, Colorado	509	53.4	2.8	(47.9–58.8)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	561	65.1	2.9	(59.5–70.7)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	2,165	67.9	1.5	(65.0–70.8)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	1,510	66.5	1.5	(63.5–69.5)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts*	6,884	78.6	0.8	(77.1–80.2)
Camden, New Jersey*	1,958	75.6	1.4	(73.0–78.2)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	676	77.8	2.4	(73.1–82.4)
Casper, Wyoming	807	58.6	2.9	(53.0–64.2)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	581	69.2	2.6	(64.2–74.2)
Charleston, West Virginia	765	77.8	1.8	(74.2–81.3)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	1,684	63.2	1.8	(59.7–66.7)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	2,486	71.4	1.2	(69.1–73.8)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	627	71.1	3.1	(65.0–77.2)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	938	64.9	2.6	(59.8–69.9)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	3,714	67.4	1.2	(65.2–69.7)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	2,332	70.8	1.3	(68.3–73.3)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	1,935	68.9	1.6	(65.8–72.0)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	1,758	72.1	1.5	(69.1–75.0)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	1,149	64.2	1.8	(60.7–67.7)
Columbia, South Carolina	1,781	64.8	1.7	(61.5–68.1)
Columbus, Ohio	1,583	69.1	1.4	(66.3–72.0)
Concord, New Hampshire	700	72.4	2.3	(67.9–76.9)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas*	898	64.8	2.0	(60.9–68.8)
Dayton, Ohio	845	69.7	2.2	(65.4–74.0)
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	4,785	61.3	0.9	(59.6–63.1)

See table footnotes on page 28.

TABLE 8. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who visited a doctor for a routine checkup during the preceding 12 months, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	1,147	67.0	1.8	(63.6–70.5)
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan*	2,203	69.9	1.6	(66.8–73.0)
Dover, Delaware	1,428	82.4	1.5	(79.4–85.4)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	508	74.8	2.5	(69.9–79.7)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	790	69.8	2.1	(65.7–73.9)
El Paso, Texas	621	59.2	3.2	(52.9–65.6)
Eugene, Oregon	505	54.4	3.0	(48.6–60.3)
Fairbanks, Alaska	582	62.6	2.7	(57.3–67.8)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	938	65.0	2.4	(60.4–69.7)
Farmington, New Mexico	639	57.1	2.5	(52.2–62.0)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	498	78.8	2.5	(74.0–83.6)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	799	57.4	2.8	(51.9–62.8)
Fort Collins, Colorado	585	61.1	2.5	(56.2–66.0)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	533	61.4	2.7	(56.2–66.6)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas*	720	69.9	2.3	(65.3–74.5)
Grand Island, Nebraska	841	55.7	2.4	(50.9–60.4)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	885	65.6	2.3	(61.1–70.1)
Great Falls, Montana	697	61.4	2.4	(56.6–66.2)
Greeley, Colorado	521	58.6	2.7	(53.2–63.9)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	799	72.1	2.1	(68.1–76.2)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	1,664	60.7	1.7	(57.4–63.9)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	734	68.7	2.3	(64.2–73.2)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	756	78.2	2.4	(73.5–82.9)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	659	69.4	2.3	(65.0–73.8)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	2,634	74.1	1.2	(71.8–76.3)
Heber, Utah	503	53.0	5.0	(43.2–62.8)
Hilo, Hawaii	1,342	58.8	2.0	(54.9–62.6)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	923	65.8	3.5	(59.0–72.6)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	1,125	60.6	1.8	(57.0–64.1)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	1,090	73.4	1.9	(69.6–77.2)
Huntsville, Alabama	610	69.0	2.6	(63.8–74.2)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	536	54.9	3.7	(47.7–62.2)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	2,182	65.9	1.3	(63.4–68.5)
Jackson, Mississippi	907	72.9	1.9	(69.1–76.7)
Jacksonville, Florida	514	72.6	3.0	(66.7–78.5)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	1,210	61.3	2.1	(57.2–65.3)
Kalispell, Montana	554	55.2	2.5	(50.3–60.1)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	4,686	66.1	1.3	(63.4–68.7)
Kapaa, Hawaii	664	62.9	2.9	(57.3–68.6)
Keene, New Hampshire	541	65.1	3.4	(58.5–71.7)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	528	58.2	2.8	(52.7–63.8)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	559	78.8	2.9	(73.0–84.5)
Knoxville, Tennessee	823	76.3	2.2	(72.0–80.6)
Laconia, New Hampshire	564	67.3	3.4	(60.5–74.0)
Lafayette, Louisiana	543	71.6	2.7	(66.3–76.9)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	701	58.9	2.5	(54.0–63.7)
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	1,977	65.2	1.3	(62.7–67.8)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	696	69.5	2.2	(65.2–73.9)

See table footnotes on page 28.

TABLE 8. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who visited a doctor for a routine checkup during the preceding 12 months, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	522	69.4	2.5	(64.5–74.3)
Lincoln, Nebraska	1,640	58.5	1.5	(55.7–61.4)
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	1,151	64.0	2.0	(60.1–67.8)
Logan, Utah-Idaho	491	54.6	3.1	(48.6–60.6)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California*	3,488	64.7	1.1	(62.5–67.0)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	2,155	65.2	1.6	(62.0–68.3)
Lumberton, North Carolina	543	71.5	4.4	(62.8–80.2)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	1,891	71.1	1.4	(68.3–73.9)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	606	56.3	3.2	(50.0–62.6)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	1,297	75.6	1.8	(72.1–79.1)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	1,661	70.8	1.7	(67.4–74.2)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	1,250	72.4	1.9	(68.6–76.1)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	7,813	69.2	0.8	(67.7–70.7)
Missoula, Montana	775	53.1	2.3	(48.7–57.6)
Mobile, Alabama	799	75.2	2.7	(69.9–80.5)
Montgomery, Alabama	530	74.8	2.9	(69.2–80.5)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania*	1,303	68.2	1.6	(65.1–71.4)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	933	64.8	2.2	(60.6–69.1)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	1,324	74.6	1.7	(71.3–78.0)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York*	889	70.9	2.2	(66.6–75.2)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania*	6,499	74.6	0.9	(72.9–76.4)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	1,995	70.1	1.5	(67.1–73.0)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	1,261	70.4	1.9	(66.6–74.1)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey*	7,357	71.9	1.0	(70.0–73.9)
Norfolk, Nebraska	557	50.6	3.0	(44.8–56.4)
North Platte, Nebraska	606	54.4	3.1	(48.3–60.4)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	993	79.3	2.0	(75.4–83.1)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California*	973	66.1	2.3	(61.6–70.6)
Ocean City, New Jersey	547	74.8	4.0	(67.0–82.6)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	2,371	59.9	1.3	(57.4–62.4)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	2,400	60.7	1.3	(58.1–63.2)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	512	66.0	2.8	(60.6–71.5)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	5,540	64.0	0.9	(62.2–65.7)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	560	73.8	2.8	(68.2–79.3)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania*	2,442	72.0	1.3	(69.5–74.6)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	2,571	62.9	1.3	(60.3–65.5)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	3,352	69.7	1.1	(67.6–71.8)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	543	79.9	2.0	(75.9–83.9)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	3,321	71.9	1.0	(69.9–73.8)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	3,064	58.8	1.2	(56.4–61.2)
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	8,089	79.1	0.8	(77.6–80.6)
Provo-Orem, Utah	1,692	52.3	1.5	(49.3–55.4)
Raleigh, North Carolina	930	72.9	1.8	(69.3–76.4)
Rapid City, South Dakota	1,046	64.3	2.1	(60.2–68.4)

See table footnotes on page 28.

TABLE 8. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who visited a doctor for a routine checkup during the preceding 12 months, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Reno, Nevada	1,497	60.5	1.9	(56.8–64.2)
Richmond, Virginia	1,003	75.0	1.9	(71.3–78.8)
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	1,522	63.2	1.8	(59.8–66.7)
Rockingham County-Stafford County, New Hampshire*	1,662	71.9	1.6	(68.8–75.0)
Rutland, Vermont	589	63.6	2.8	(58.1–69.1)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	992	63.4	2.2	(59.1–67.7)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	2,056	70.9	1.5	(68.1–73.8)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	2,105	79.5	1.8	(75.9–83.1)
Salt Lake City, Utah	4,500	55.8	1.0	(53.9–57.8)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	770	67.0	2.4	(62.3–71.6)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	1,125	63.5	2.1	(59.4–67.6)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California*	593	62.2	2.8	(56.7–67.8)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	684	58.7	2.6	(53.6–63.8)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	3,913	79.2	0.8	(77.7–80.8)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	687	60.2	2.3	(55.7–64.6)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	1,852	68.4	2.4	(63.6–73.1)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	623	55.9	3.2	(49.5–62.3)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	736	75.3	2.3	(70.8–79.8)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington*	5,043	59.7	0.9	(57.9–61.6)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	569	69.5	2.8	(64.1–75.0)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland*	2,282	73.1	1.5	(70.0–76.1)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	1,194	67.2	3.0	(61.4–73.0)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	1,447	67.6	1.6	(64.4–70.8)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	700	65.8	2.7	(60.5–71.2)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	1,082	58.2	2.1	(54.1–62.3)

TABLE 8. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who visited a doctor for a routine checkup during the preceding 12 months, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Springfield, Massachusetts	2,327	76.9	1.5	(74.0–79.8)
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington*	1,157	56.0	2.0	(52.1–59.8)
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	824	69.9	2.3	(65.5–74.4)
Toledo, Ohio	963	68.7	2.6	(63.7–73.7)
Topeka, Kansas	1,071	70.4	1.9	(66.7–74.1)
Torrington, Connecticut	655	71.1	2.3	(66.5–75.7)
Trenton, New Jersey	574	78.7	2.2	(74.5–83.0)
Tucson, Arizona	987	66.3	2.1	(62.1–70.5)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	1,723	61.6	1.5	(58.7–64.6)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	573	76.0	3.1	(70.1–82.0)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	4,314	65.6	1.1	(63.5–67.7)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	556	77.8	3.1	(71.7–83.9)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	1,492	76.5	1.6	(73.4–79.6)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan*	2,167	67.3	1.3	(64.7–69.9)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia*	8,137	71.4	0.9	(69.6–73.2)
Wichita, Kansas	2,324	67.9	1.3	(65.3–70.5)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey*	3,208	77.4	1.2	(75.1–79.8)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	787	77.8	1.9	(74.2–81.4)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	2,832	77.0	1.2	(74.6–79.4)
Yakima, Washington	521	55.6	3.1	(49.6–61.7)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	923	73.6	2.6	(68.4–78.7)
<i>Median</i>		68.3		
<i>Range</i>		50.6–85.0		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* Metropolitan division.

TABLE 9. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who visited a doctor for a routine checkup during the preceding 12 months, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	943	75.5	1.9	(71.8–79.2)
Madison County, Alabama	509	70.2	2.8	(64.7–75.7)
Mobile County, Alabama	799	75.2	2.7	(69.9–80.5)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	886	68.1	1.8	(64.5–71.7)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	582	62.6	2.7	(57.3–67.8)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	584	61.4	2.7	(56.2–66.7)
Maricopa County, Arizona	2,093	62.2	1.4	(59.5–65.0)
Pima County, Arizona	987	66.3	2.1	(62.1–70.5)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	733	68.0	2.6	(62.9–73.2)
Alameda County, California	618	64.4	2.9	(58.7–70.1)
Los Angeles County, California	3,488	64.7	1.1	(62.5–67.0)
Orange County, California	1,035	66.6	2.3	(62.1–71.1)
Riverside County, California	822	64.4	2.4	(59.7–69.2)
Sacramento County, California	607	63.5	2.9	(57.9–69.1)
San Bernardino County, California	700	61.6	2.5	(56.7–66.6)
San Diego County, California	1,125	63.5	2.1	(59.4–67.6)
Santa Clara County, California	665	59.1	2.6	(53.9–64.2)
Adams County, Colorado	797	54.9	2.3	(50.3–59.4)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	848	64.0	2.0	(60.1–67.9)
Boulder County, Colorado	509	53.4	2.8	(47.9–58.8)
Denver County, Colorado	981	60.2	1.9	(56.5–63.9)
Douglas County, Colorado	540	64.5	2.5	(59.6–69.4)
El Paso County, Colorado	1,009	64.5	1.8	(60.8–68.1)
Jefferson County, Colorado	1,104	63.8	1.8	(60.3–67.2)
Larimer County, Colorado	585	61.1	2.5	(56.2–66.0)
Weld County, Colorado	521	58.6	2.7	(53.2–63.9)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	2,165	67.9	1.5	(65.0–70.8)
Hartford County, Connecticut	1,963	75.2	1.3	(72.7–77.7)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	655	71.1	2.3	(66.5–75.7)
New Haven County, Connecticut	1,995	70.1	1.5	(67.1–73.0)
New London County, Connecticut	993	79.3	2.0	(75.4–83.1)
Kent County, Delaware	1,428	82.4	1.5	(79.4–85.4)
New Castle County, Delaware	2,319	78.7	1.2	(76.4–81.0)
Sussex County, Delaware	1,393	81.5	1.6	(78.4–84.5)
District of Columbia, District of Columbia	3,796	74.1	1.2	(71.7–76.5)
Broward County, Florida	525	70.3	3.1	(64.2–76.4)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	812	69.2	2.8	(63.8–74.6)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	1,342	58.8	2.0	(54.9–62.6)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	4,314	65.6	1.1	(63.5–67.7)
Kauai County, Hawaii	664	62.9	2.9	(57.3–68.6)
Mauai County, Hawaii	1,210	61.3	2.1	(57.2–65.3)
Ada County, Idaho	806	54.7	2.6	(49.7–59.8)
Canyon County, Idaho	500	54.4	3.7	(47.2–61.6)
Cook County, Illinois	1,503	68.4	1.6	(65.2–71.6)
Lake County, Indiana	877	64.3	2.8	(58.8–69.9)
Marion County, Indiana	1,270	64.9	1.8	(61.4–68.5)
Polk County, Iowa	801	66.1	2.1	(62.1–70.1)
Johnson County, Kansas	2,164	73.0	1.3	(70.4–75.5)
Sedgwick County, Kansas	1,773	67.3	1.5	(64.3–70.2)
Shawnee County, Kansas	763	71.3	2.3	(66.8–75.9)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	855	66.5	3.1	(60.5–72.6)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	1,673	68.0	1.9	(64.3–71.7)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	566	77.2	2.4	(72.5–81.9)
Androscoggin County, Maine	696	69.5	2.2	(65.2–73.9)
Aroostook County, Maine	535	70.3	2.6	(65.3–75.3)
Cumberland County, Maine	1,749	72.5	1.3	(69.9–75.1)
Kennebec County, Maine	831	72.9	2.0	(69.0–76.8)
Penobscot County, Maine	924	71.6	2.0	(67.8–75.5)

See table footnotes on page 30.

TABLE 9. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who visited a doctor for a routine checkup during the preceding 12 months, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
York County, Maine	1,192	72.4	1.7	(69.1–75.6)
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	887	76.7	2.1	(72.5–80.8)
Baltimore County, Maryland	1,505	80.6	1.5	(77.6–83.6)
Charles County, Maryland	510	69.9	3.8	(62.4–77.4)
Frederick County, Maryland	748	69.3	3.4	(62.7–75.9)
Montgomery County, Maryland	1,534	74.1	1.7	(70.7–77.4)
Prince George's County, Maryland	1,135	75.3	2.3	(70.8–79.8)
Washington County, Maryland	536	79.4	3.1	(73.3–85.5)
Baltimore city, Maryland	742	78.0	2.5	(73.0–83.0)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	554	85.0	1.9	(81.3–88.6)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	2,639	80.3	1.6	(77.2–83.4)
Essex County, Massachusetts	2,544	82.4	1.3	(79.9–85.0)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	1,949	79.1	1.5	(76.0–82.1)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	4,340	76.9	1.0	(75.1–78.8)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	1,753	79.3	1.4	(76.5–82.1)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	1,823	80.6	1.5	(77.6–83.5)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	2,294	78.1	1.3	(75.5–80.7)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	2,588	77.7	1.3	(75.2–80.2)
Kent County, Michigan	522	64.5	3.1	(58.5–70.5)
Macomb County, Michigan	608	68.0	2.3	(63.6–72.5)
Oakland County, Michigan	1,163	68.9	1.9	(65.3–72.6)
Wayne County, Michigan	2,203	69.9	1.6	(66.8–73.0)
Anoka County, Minnesota	536	62.7	2.7	(57.3–68.0)
Dakota County, Minnesota	665	74.5	2.0	(70.5–78.4)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	3,271	69.3	1.2	(67.0–71.6)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	1,925	68.0	2.2	(63.7–72.4)
Jackson County, Missouri	878	63.7	2.8	(58.3–69.1)
St. Louis County, Missouri	948	72.3	2.1	(68.2–76.4)
Cascade County, Montana	697	61.4	2.4	(56.6–66.2)
Flathead County, Montana	554	55.2	2.5	(50.3–60.1)
Hill County, Montana	575	58.8	3.5	(52.0–65.6)
Lake County, Montana	886	54.0	2.8	(48.6–59.5)
Missoula County, Montana	775	53.1	2.3	(48.7–57.6)
Yellowstone County, Montana	742	58.7	2.0	(54.7–62.7)
Dakota County, Nebraska	726	69.8	3.8	(62.2–77.3)
Douglas County, Nebraska	3,539	62.7	1.1	(60.6–64.7)
Hall County, Nebraska	526	55.9	3.0	(50.0–61.9)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	1,421	58.5	1.5	(55.5–61.5)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	583	54.1	3.2	(47.9–60.3)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	1,167	66.5	1.8	(62.9–70.1)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	571	55.7	3.3	(49.2–62.2)
Clark County, Nevada	1,977	65.2	1.3	(62.7–67.8)
Washoe County, Nevada	1,478	60.6	1.9	(56.9–64.4)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	564	67.3	3.4	(60.5–74.0)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	525	67.3	3.4	(60.7–73.9)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	541	65.1	3.4	(58.5–71.7)
Coos County, New Hampshire	532	68.4	3.3	(61.9–75.0)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	561	68.8	3.1	(62.8–74.9)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	1,891	71.1	1.4	(68.3–73.9)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	700	72.4	2.3	(67.9–76.9)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	1,043	74.1	1.9	(70.4–77.7)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	619	67.1	3.0	(61.2–73.0)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	1,012	77.4	1.9	(73.7–81.1)
Bergen County, New Jersey	1,000	75.2	1.9	(71.5–78.9)
Burlington County, New Jersey	679	76.2	2.2	(71.8–80.6)
Camden County, New Jersey	734	75.7	2.1	(71.5–79.9)
Cape May County, New Jersey	547	74.8	4.0	(67.0–82.6)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	556	77.8	3.1	(71.7–83.9)
Essex County, New Jersey	1,324	75.0	1.7	(71.7–78.2)

See table footnotes on page 30.

TABLE 9. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥ 18 years who visited a doctor for a routine checkup during the preceding 12 months, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Gloucester County, New Jersey	545	75.2	2.6	(70.0–80.4)
Hudson County, New Jersey	1,287	74.2	1.7	(70.8–77.5)
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	564	72.1	2.7	(66.8–77.4)
Mercer County, New Jersey	574	78.7	2.2	(74.5–83.0)
Middlesex County, New Jersey	872	75.3	2.1	(71.2–79.4)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	702	72.7	2.2	(68.3–77.0)
Morris County, New Jersey	845	74.4	2.1	(70.2–78.6)
Ocean County, New Jersey	652	76.4	2.2	(72.1–80.8)
Passaic County, New Jersey	684	71.0	2.4	(66.3–75.7)
Salem County, New Jersey	574	71.4	4.1	(63.3–79.5)
Somerset County, New Jersey	635	74.3	2.4	(69.5–79.0)
Sussex County, New Jersey	539	72.0	2.9	(66.3–77.6)
Union County, New Jersey	709	75.8	2.0	(71.9–79.7)
Warren County, New Jersey	527	76.7	2.7	(71.4–82.0)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	2,041	55.5	1.3	(52.8–58.1)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	701	58.9	2.5	(54.0–63.7)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	650	58.4	2.5	(53.5–63.4)
San Juan County, New Mexico	639	57.1	2.5	(52.2–62.0)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	687	60.2	2.3	(55.7–64.6)
Kings County, New York	496	66.9	2.9	(61.3–72.5)
Guilford County, North Carolina	506	72.1	2.7	(66.9–77.3)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	723	72.1	2.0	(68.2–76.0)
Robeson County, North Carolina	543	71.5	4.4	(62.8–80.2)
Wake County, North Carolina	689	72.3	2.1	(68.2–76.3)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	563	63.6	2.8	(58.0–69.1)
Cass County, North Dakota	842	62.1	2.4	(57.3–66.8)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	854	73.1	1.9	(69.4–76.8)
Franklin County, Ohio	831	68.4	1.9	(64.6–72.2)
Hamilton County, Ohio	764	77.3	1.9	(73.6–80.9)
Lorain County, Ohio	604	77.1	2.7	(71.8–82.5)
Lucas County, Ohio	618	70.4	3.1	(64.4–76.4)
Mahoning County, Ohio	590	76.3	2.9	(70.7–81.9)
Montgomery County, Ohio	654	69.0	2.6	(63.9–74.1)
Stark County, Ohio	618	78.5	2.4	(73.7–83.3)
Summit County, Ohio	628	71.9	2.6	(66.8–77.1)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	1,175	61.3	1.7	(57.9–64.7)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	1,192	60.3	1.8	(56.8–63.9)
Clackamas County, Oregon	501	52.9	3.1	(46.9–59.0)
Lane County, Oregon	505	54.4	3.0	(48.6–60.3)
Multnomah County, Oregon	871	58.4	2.3	(54.0–62.8)
Washington County, Oregon	605	63.7	2.6	(58.6–68.8)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	1,881	69.2	1.4	(66.5–71.9)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	1,852	68.4	2.4	(63.6–73.1)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	541	66.4	2.5	(61.5–71.2)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	2,049	71.7	1.5	(68.8–74.6)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	1,883	72.9	2.2	(68.6–77.1)
Kent County, Rhode Island	812	82.6	1.8	(79.1–86.1)
Providence County, Rhode Island	3,328	78.6	1.0	(76.5–80.6)

TABLE 9. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥ 18 years who visited a doctor for a routine checkup during the preceding 12 months, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Washington County, Rhode Island	650	75.3	2.6	(70.2–80.5)
Aiken County, South Carolina	550	70.0	2.8	(64.5–75.5)
Beaufort County, South Carolina	793	67.1	3.5	(60.2–74.0)
Charleston County, South Carolina	1,004	62.8	2.4	(58.2–67.5)
Greenville County, South Carolina	895	61.6	2.3	(57.2–66.1)
Horry County, South Carolina	768	61.0	2.3	(56.4–65.6)
Richland County, South Carolina	956	67.5	2.3	(62.9–72.1)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	649	66.9	2.8	(61.4–72.4)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	493	68.1	3.4	(61.3–74.8)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	869	67.2	1.9	(63.4–70.9)
Pennington County, South Dakota	602	64.3	2.4	(59.6–69.1)
Davidson County, Tennessee	551	74.1	2.7	(68.8–79.4)
Shelby County, Tennessee	535	78.2	2.3	(73.7–82.6)
Bexar County, Texas	579	64.5	2.8	(59.0–69.9)
Dallas County, Texas	509	63.0	2.7	(57.7–68.2)
El Paso County, Texas	620	59.3	3.2	(53.0–65.7)
Harris County, Texas	755	58.4	2.2	(54.1–62.7)
Hidalgo County, Texas	606	56.3	3.2	(50.0–62.6)
Tarrant County, Texas	566	71.1	2.6	(66.1–76.2)
Travis County, Texas	1,038	59.5	2.6	(54.4–64.6)
Davis County, Utah	1,116	59.0	1.8	(55.4–62.6)
Salt Lake County, Utah	3,957	55.6	1.0	(53.6–57.6)
Tooele County, Utah	543	60.4	3.5	(53.5–67.3)
Utah County, Utah	1,625	52.4	1.6	(49.3–55.5)
Wasatch County, Utah	503	53.0	5.0	(43.2–62.8)
Weber County, Utah	1,025	60.7	2.0	(56.8–64.7)
Chittenden County, Vermont	910	65.6	1.9	(62.0–69.3)
Rutland County, Vermont	589	63.6	2.8	(58.1–69.1)
Washington County, Vermont	512	66.6	2.8	(61.2–72.1)
Windsor County, Vermont	543	70.0	2.5	(65.0–75.0)
Fairfax County, Virginia	735	71.2	2.2	(67.0–75.4)
Clark County, Washington	780	57.6	2.3	(53.1–62.2)
King County, Washington	3,881	60.6	1.1	(58.5–62.7)
Kitsap County, Washington	561	65.1	2.9	(59.5–70.7)
Pierce County, Washington	1,157	56.0	2.0	(52.1–59.8)
Snohomish County, Washington	1,162	56.7	1.9	(53.0–60.5)
Spokane County, Washington	939	59.4	2.3	(55.0–63.9)
Thurston County, Washington	512	66.0	2.8	(60.6–71.5)
Whatcom County, Washington	835	60.0	2.8	(54.5–65.6)
Yakima County, Washington	521	55.6	3.1	(49.6–61.7)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	636	78.3	2.0	(74.4–82.1)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	958	71.3	2.4	(66.7–75.9)
Laramie County, Wyoming	938	64.9	2.6	(59.8–69.9)
Natrona County, Wyoming	807	58.6	2.9	(53.0–64.2)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	662	78.3	2.0	(74.5–82.2)
<i>Median</i>		68.0		
<i>Range</i>		52.4–85.0		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

TABLE 10. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who received an influenza vaccination during the preceding 12 months, by state/territory — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	3,123	61.2	1.2	(58.9–63.5)
Alaska	765	50.8	2.5	(45.9–55.6)
Arizona	2,808	52.3	1.5	(49.5–55.2)
Arkansas	1,909	57.2	1.4	(54.4–60.0)
California	3,764	57.9	1.2	(55.5–60.3)
Colorado	3,374	66.2	1.0	(64.2–68.3)
Connecticut	2,682	59.5	1.3	(57.0–62.0)
Delaware	1,682	63.1	1.5	(60.1–66.1)
District of Columbia	1,202	56.7	2.0	(52.8–60.6)
Florida	2,977	54.7	1.4	(52.0–57.4)
Georgia	1,853	60.1	1.5	(57.2–63.0)
Hawaii	1,965	62.7	1.6	(59.5–65.9)
Idaho	2,154	52.0	1.7	(48.7–55.2)
Illinois	1,939	52.5	1.5	(49.6–55.4)
Indiana	2,698	57.1	1.2	(54.8–59.5)
Iowa	2,417	70.1	1.0	(68.0–72.1)
Kansas	3,929	66.7	0.9	(65.0–68.5)
Kentucky	3,274	61.8	1.3	(59.3–64.4)
Louisiana	3,184	63.8	1.3	(61.2–66.3)
Maine	3,120	61.3	1.1	(59.2–63.4)
Maryland	4,056	63.2	1.2	(60.9–65.5)
Massachusetts	6,045	63.6	1.0	(61.7–65.5)
Michigan	3,481	55.4	1.1	(53.3–57.5)
Minnesota	3,320	65.5	1.1	(63.4–67.6)
Mississippi	2,805	62.4	1.1	(60.1–64.6)
Missouri	2,381	67.3	1.4	(64.6–70.1)
Montana	2,779	57.5	1.2	(55.2–59.9)
Nebraska	6,625	62.9	0.9	(61.2–64.6)
Nevada	1,535	50.0	2.0	(46.1–54.0)
New Hampshire	2,584	58.9	1.2	(56.5–61.3)
New Jersey	4,259	61.2	1.1	(59.0–63.4)
New Mexico	2,494	57.8	1.2	(55.4–60.1)
New York	1,670	55.1	1.9	(51.4–58.7)
North Carolina	3,601	68.4	1.0	(66.5–70.3)
North Dakota	1,567	59.7	1.5	(56.7–62.6)
Ohio	3,916	61.0	1.1	(58.8–63.1)
Oklahoma	2,576	67.8	1.1	(65.6–70.0)
Oregon	1,770	53.9	1.4	(51.1–56.7)
Pennsylvania	6,463	60.2	0.9	(58.4–62.0)
Rhode Island	1,632	57.6	1.5	(54.7–60.6)
South Carolina	4,337	60.1	1.1	(57.9–62.3)
South Dakota	2,353	66.4	1.8	(62.8–70.0)
Tennessee	2,240	69.9	1.3	(67.4–72.5)
Texas	2,653	59.4	1.4	(56.8–62.1)
Utah	3,263	56.0	1.1	(53.9–58.1)
Vermont	1,955	64.2	1.3	(61.6–66.8)
Virginia	2,164	60.1	1.3	(57.5–62.6)
Washington	4,905	60.1	0.9	(58.4–61.9)
West Virginia	1,698	68.9	1.3	(66.4–71.4)
Wisconsin	1,574	50.5	1.9	(46.8–54.3)
Wyoming	2,351	53.3	1.5	(50.3–56.3)
Guam	218	39.2	3.9	(31.6–46.7)
Puerto Rico	1,838	26.3	1.2	(24.0–28.6)
<i>Median</i>		60.1		
<i>Range</i>		26.3–70.1		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

TABLE 11. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who received an influenza vaccination during the preceding 12 months, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	158	20.8	3.8	(13.4–28.2)
Akron, Ohio	224	62.6	3.9	(54.9–70.3)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	864	60.1	2.0	(56.1–64.1)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	421	72.1	2.7	(66.8–77.4)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California*	274	65.0	4.6	(56.0–74.0)
Anchorage, Alaska	239	54.5	4.0	(46.8–62.3)
Asheville, North Carolina	223	73.9	3.4	(67.2–80.5)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	668	57.2	2.4	(52.4–62.0)
Atlantic City-Hammonton, New Jersey	341	58.0	3.5	(51.1–64.9)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	354	59.6	4.4	(50.9–68.2)
Augusta-Waterville, Maine	221	68.8	3.8	(61.4–76.2)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	399	64.0	3.4	(57.3–70.7)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	1,388	66.1	1.7	(62.8–69.4)
Bangor, Maine	253	59.0	3.6	(51.9–66.2)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	252	58.9	4.0	(51.0–66.8)
Barre, Vermont	135	68.8	4.6	(59.8–77.7)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	489	64.6	3.2	(58.4–70.8)
Bellingham, Washington	278	60.5	3.5	(53.6–67.4)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	276	58.8	3.6	(51.7–65.8)
Billings, Montana	250	66.6	3.3	(60.1–73.1)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	575	63.7	2.6	(58.7–68.8)
Bismarck, North Dakota	252	59.4	3.9	(51.8–67.0)
Boise City, Idaho	495	51.1	3.1	(45.0–57.3)
Boston, Massachusetts*	1,589	61.9	1.9	(58.1–65.7)
Boulder, Colorado	126	72.2	4.4	(63.5–80.8)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	201	65.1	4.0	(57.4–72.9)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	601	57.1	2.7	(51.8–62.4)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	418	65.7	2.8	(60.1–71.2)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts*	1,814	67.0	1.6	(63.8–70.1)
Camden, New Jersey*	550	65.5	2.6	(60.5–70.5)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	216	58.8	4.3	(50.5–67.2)
Casper, Wyoming	318	50.7	4.2	(42.5–58.9)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	198	71.2	3.5	(64.3–78.1)
Charleston, West Virginia	237	74.8	3.3	(68.4–81.2)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	540	68.1	3.0	(62.2–73.9)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	675	63.2	2.5	(58.3–68.0)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	221	61.8	4.4	(53.2–70.4)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	390	62.1	3.5	(55.2–69.0)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	1,141	52.2	2.1	(48.0–56.3)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	632	63.3	2.6	(58.1–68.4)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	700	60.1	2.1	(55.9–64.3)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	535	58.3	3.1	(52.3–64.3)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	283	62.0	3.4	(55.3–68.7)
Columbia, South Carolina	524	62.3	3.1	(56.2–68.5)
Columbus, Ohio	396	67.4	3.0	(61.5–73.4)
Concord, New Hampshire	231	51.3	3.9	(43.6–59.0)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas*	216	56.2	4.1	(48.1–64.3)
Dayton, Ohio	276	57.5	3.6	(50.3–64.6)
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	1,155	68.3	1.6	(65.1–71.5)
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	346	72.2	2.7	(66.8–77.5)

See table footnotes on page 33.

TABLE 11. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who received an influenza vaccination during the preceding 12 months, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan*	750	46.5	3.0	(40.7–52.3)
Dover, Delaware	484	59.3	2.8	(53.7–64.8)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	152	59.9	4.9	(50.2–69.6)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	206	72.4	3.6	(65.3–79.5)
El Paso, Texas	195	50.9	4.8	(41.4–60.4)
Eugene, Oregon	176	49.9	4.5	(41.2–58.7)
Fairbanks, Alaska	100	44.0	6.0	(32.2–55.7)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	263	65.3	4.0	(57.4–73.1)
Farmington, New Mexico	172	50.7	4.6	(41.7–59.6)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	123	61.5	5.3	(51.1–71.9)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	289	56.6	3.8	(49.1–64.1)
Fort Collins, Colorado	170	70.3	3.8	(62.8–77.7)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	147	51.8	4.7	(42.6–61.0)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas*	221	60.0	4.2	(51.8–68.2)
Grand Island, Nebraska	312	62.4	3.8	(54.9–69.8)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	268	57.9	3.6	(50.8–65.0)
Great Falls, Montana	256	55.8	3.5	(48.8–62.7)
Greeley, Colorado	123	59.6	5.3	(49.3–69.9)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	246	77.8	3.0	(71.9–83.7)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	541	62.6	2.9	(57.0–68.2)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	257	62.9	3.6	(55.9–69.9)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	262	63.6	4.1	(55.6–71.7)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	186	59.8	4.2	(51.5–68.0)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	817	60.9	2.2	(56.5–65.3)
Heber, Utah	154	58.6	4.4	(50.0–67.2)
Hilo, Hawaii	381	53.1	3.6	(46.1–60.1)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	485	60.4	2.6	(55.3–65.5)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	219	61.7	3.9	(54.0–69.3)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	343	66.9	3.0	(61.0–72.8)
Huntsville, Alabama	153	54.8	5.2	(44.7–64.9)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	180	54.0	5.8	(42.6–65.3)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	634	61.5	2.4	(56.7–66.3)
Jackson, Mississippi	277	62.7	3.4	(56.1–69.3)
Jacksonville, Florida	168	55.5	4.7	(46.2–64.8)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	363	57.7	3.9	(50.2–65.3)
Kalispell, Montana	177	58.1	4.3	(49.8–66.5)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	1,532	66.5	2.3	(62.0–71.0)
Kapaa, Hawaii	225	62.8	4.0	(55.1–70.6)
Keene, New Hampshire	212	59.7	4.1	(51.6–67.8)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	155	51.8	4.7	(42.6–61.0)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	194	68.4	4.7	(59.2–77.7)
Knoxville, Tennessee	266	75.7	3.4	(69.1–82.3)
Laconia, New Hampshire	236	55.5	4.0	(47.6–63.4)
Lafayette, Louisiana	167	60.5	5.2	(50.4–70.6)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	203	61.1	3.9	(53.5–68.7)
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	511	50.6	2.8	(45.0–56.1)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	187	68.7	4.0	(60.8–76.6)
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	117	61.9	5.7	(50.7–73.1)
Lincoln, Nebraska	367	69.4	3.1	(63.4–75.4)

See table footnotes on page 33.

TABLE 11. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who received an influenza vaccination during the preceding 12 months, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	371	59.2	3.2	(53.0–65.5)
Logan, Utah-Idaho	128	52.8	5.2	(42.6–63.0)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California*	744	55.6	2.8	(50.1–61.2)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	644	62.2	3.1	(56.2–68.2)
Lumberton, North Carolina	155	47.4	5.9	(35.8–59.0)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	534	56.8	2.6	(51.8–61.8)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	189	63.8	4.3	(55.4–72.2)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	414	70.5	3.4	(63.9–77.1)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	589	53.0	3.2	(46.7–59.4)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	315	53.4	4.1	(45.4–61.3)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	2,004	67.6	1.5	(64.7–70.5)
Missoula, Montana	221	56.5	3.9	(48.8–64.2)
Mobile, Alabama	304	65.8	3.7	(58.6–73.0)
Montgomery, Alabama	177	62.4	4.5	(53.6–71.2)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania*	346	63.7	3.1	(57.6–69.7)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	353	62.1	3.1	(56.1–68.1)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	320	71.9	3.1	(65.7–78.0)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York*	258	59.2	3.9	(51.5–66.9)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania*	1,950	59.4	2.0	(55.4–63.4)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	626	57.3	2.7	(52.0–62.6)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	394	66.4	3.0	(60.6–72.2)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey*	1,704	56.0	2.4	(51.2–60.7)
Norfolk, Nebraska	196	53.9	4.5	(45.1–62.7)
North Platte, Nebraska	262	50.0	4.3	(41.6–58.3)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	355	62.3	3.8	(54.8–69.7)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California*	260	59.2	5.1	(49.2–69.2)
Ocean City, New Jersey	236	63.2	3.8	(55.8–70.7)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	632	55.4	2.2	(51.0–59.8)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	625	69.5	2.2	(65.2–73.9)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	158	53.1	5.0	(43.3–62.9)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	1,515	68.2	1.6	(65.1–71.4)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	210	54.6	5.1	(44.5–64.6)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania*	680	54.0	2.5	(49.1–59.0)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	836	54.1	2.2	(49.7–58.4)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	1,136	60.8	1.8	(57.3–64.3)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	155	21.2	3.9	(13.7–28.8)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	1,052	60.3	1.8	(56.8–63.9)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	914	59.7	2.0	(55.8–63.6)
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	2,468	58.7	1.5	(55.8–61.5)
Provo-Orem, Utah	387	51.1	2.9	(45.5–56.8)
Raleigh, North Carolina	183	74.3	4.1	(66.3–82.2)
Rapid City, South Dakota	296	64.4	3.9	(56.7–72.1)
Reno, Nevada	498	52.6	2.8	(47.2–58.0)
Richmond, Virginia	311	61.1	3.1	(55.0–67.2)

See table footnotes on page 33.

TABLE 11. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who received an influenza vaccination during the preceding 12 months, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	395	56.7	3.6	(49.7–63.7)
Rockingham County-Strafford County, New Hampshire*	536	63.8	2.5	(58.9–68.6)
Rutland, Vermont	194	59.7	4.2	(51.4–68.0)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	260	61.6	4.1	(53.5–69.6)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	659	63.6	2.8	(58.1–69.1)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	871	63.1	2.0	(59.3–67.0)
Salt Lake City, Utah	1,168	58.8	1.8	(55.2–62.3)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	237	63.6	4.2	(55.5–71.8)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	300	55.1	3.9	(47.5–62.7)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California*	156	64.6	6.1	(52.6–76.7)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	162	54.1	6.0	(42.3–65.9)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	1,141	27.9	1.6	(24.8–30.9)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	195	62.4	4.0	(54.6–70.2)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	690	52.2	2.2	(47.9–56.4)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	269	52.4	4.1	(44.3–60.4)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	264	59.7	3.7	(52.4–67.0)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington*	1,399	60.7	1.7	(57.4–64.1)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	192	60.2	4.4	(51.5–68.9)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland*	688	62.8	2.7	(57.5–68.2)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	448	56.2	4.7	(47.0–65.4)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	301	68.3	3.8	(60.8–75.8)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	237	56.0	4.7	(46.8–65.3)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	374	59.1	3.0	(53.3–65.0)
Springfield, Massachusetts	633	64.1	3.1	(58.1–70.1)

TABLE 11. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who received an influenza vaccination during the preceding 12 months, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington*	314	60.6	3.4	(54.0–67.2)
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	304	56.0	3.7	(48.8–63.3)
Toledo, Ohio	298	61.9	3.5	(55.0–68.8)
Topeka, Kansas	336	65.9	3.0	(60.1–71.8)
Torrington, Connecticut	210	62.5	4.1	(54.5–70.4)
Trenton, New Jersey	152	62.7	5.1	(52.8–72.7)
Tucson, Arizona	368	50.6	3.2	(44.4–56.8)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	537	66.4	2.4	(61.7–71.0)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	198	63.4	4.2	(55.1–71.7)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	996	65.4	2.1	(61.3–69.5)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	159	61.7	5.0	(52.0–71.5)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	445	59.0	3.0	(53.1–64.8)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan*	670	57.4	2.3	(52.9–61.9)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia*	2,255	58.7	1.8	(55.3–62.2)
Wichita, Kansas	743	68.2	2.0	(64.3–72.0)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey*	892	62.6	2.3	(58.1–67.1)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	260	64.8	3.5	(57.9–71.7)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	783	63.8	2.5	(58.8–68.7)
Yakima, Washington	169	60.4	4.5	(51.5–69.3)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	337	55.2	4.2	(46.9–63.5)
<i>Median</i>		60.5		
<i>Range</i>		20.8–77.8		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* Metropolitan division.

TABLE 12. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who received an influenza vaccination during the preceding 12 months, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	271	66.6	3.6	(59.5–73.6)
Madison County, Alabama	130	55.5	5.8	(44.2–66.8)
Mobile County, Alabama	304	65.8	3.7	(58.6–73.0)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	132	56.1	4.9	(46.5–65.8)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	100	44.0	6.0	(32.2–55.7)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	107	48.5	5.6	(37.5–59.6)
Maricopa County, Arizona	614	53.6	2.4	(48.9–58.3)
Pima County, Arizona	368	50.6	3.2	(44.4–56.9)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	245	60.8	4.0	(52.9–68.7)
Alameda County, California	159	54.3	7.0	(40.6–68.0)
Los Angeles County, California	744	55.6	2.8	(50.1–61.2)
Orange County, California	274	65.0	4.6	(56.0–74.0)
Riverside County, California	239	56.9	4.9	(47.3–66.6)
Sacramento County, California	150	63.8	5.3	(53.4–74.1)
San Bernardino County, California	156	56.5	5.2	(46.2–66.7)
San Diego County, California	300	55.1	3.9	(47.5–62.7)
Santa Clara County, California	152	53.2	6.2	(41.1–65.3)
Adams County, Colorado	204	69.2	4.0	(61.4–77.0)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	204	69.4	3.6	(62.3–76.5)
Boulder County, Colorado	126	72.2	4.4	(63.5–80.9)
Denver County, Colorado	213	67.9	3.7	(60.7–75.1)
Douglas County, Colorado	101	67.9	5.2	(57.8–78.1)
El Paso County, Colorado	230	62.3	3.6	(55.2–69.4)
Jefferson County, Colorado	309	67.0	3.3	(60.6–73.4)
Larimer County, Colorado	170	70.3	3.8	(62.8–77.7)
Weld County, Colorado	123	59.6	5.3	(49.3–69.9)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	601	57.1	2.7	(51.8–62.4)
Hartford County, Connecticut	597	60.8	2.7	(55.6–66.1)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	210	62.5	4.1	(54.5–70.4)
New Haven County, Connecticut	626	57.3	2.7	(52.0–62.6)
New London County, Connecticut	355	62.3	3.8	(54.8–69.7)
Kent County, Delaware	484	59.3	2.8	(53.7–64.8)
New Castle County, Delaware	617	63.6	2.5	(58.7–68.5)
Sussex County, Delaware	581	64.1	2.3	(59.6–68.6)
District of Columbia, District of Columbia	1,202	57.1	1.9	(53.3–60.9)
Broward County, Florida	176	51.6	5.7	(40.5–62.7)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	257	49.8	5.9	(38.2–61.3)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	381	53.1	3.6	(46.1–60.1)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	996	65.4	2.1	(61.3–69.5)
Kauai County, Hawaii	225	62.8	3.9	(55.1–70.6)
Maui County, Hawaii	363	57.7	3.8	(50.2–65.3)
Ada County, Idaho	248	55.5	4.2	(47.2–63.9)
Canyon County, Idaho	189	45.8	5.4	(35.3–56.3)
Cook County, Illinois	453	48.6	2.9	(42.9–54.3)
Lake County, Indiana	312	45.5	4.6	(36.5–54.5)
Marion County, Indiana	378	63.4	3.2	(57.1–69.7)
Polk County, Iowa	232	73.5	3.3	(67.0–80.0)
Johnson County, Kansas	660	70.1	2.0	(66.1–74.1)
Sedgwick County, Kansas	537	67.9	2.4	(63.2–72.5)
Shawnee County, Kansas	240	68.2	3.6	(61.1–75.2)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	321	59.2	3.7	(52.0–66.3)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	530	65.4	3.7	(58.1–72.7)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	181	59.7	4.5	(50.9–68.4)
Androscoggin County, Maine	187	68.7	4.0	(60.8–76.6)
Aroostook County, Maine	172	45.4	4.4	(36.7–54.1)
Cumberland County, Maine	516	60.5	2.6	(55.3–65.6)
Kennebec County, Maine	221	68.8	3.8	(61.4–76.2)
Penobscot County, Maine	253	59.0	3.6	(51.9–66.2)
York County, Maine	403	61.2	2.8	(55.7–66.7)

See table footnotes on page 35.

TABLE 12. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who received an influenza vaccination during the preceding 12 months, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	253	65.0	3.8	(57.5–72.5)
Baltimore County, Maryland	454	63.9	2.9	(58.3–69.6)
Charles County, Maryland	118	60.5	6.2	(48.4–72.6)
Frederick County, Maryland	242	55.9	5.8	(44.5–67.3)
Montgomery County, Maryland	446	64.6	3.1	(58.5–70.7)
Prince George's County, Maryland	305	54.7	4.2	(46.5–63.0)
Washington County, Maryland	199	66.4	4.9	(56.8–75.9)
Baltimore city, Maryland	223	66.1	4.4	(57.5–74.6)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	252	58.9	4.0	(51.0–66.8)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	836	60.6	3.1	(54.6–66.6)
Essex County, Massachusetts	799	64.3	2.6	(59.1–69.4)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	539	62.2	3.5	(55.3–69.2)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	1,015	68.3	2.0	(64.4–72.3)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	490	66.8	3.2	(60.7–73.0)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	551	57.0	3.5	(50.2–63.7)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	548	60.5	3.4	(53.9–67.1)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	710	63.1	2.7	(57.8–68.5)
Kent County, Michigan	153	61.7	5.0	(51.9–71.5)
Macomb County, Michigan	191	60.6	4.0	(52.7–68.4)
Oakland County, Michigan	371	59.5	3.0	(53.6–65.5)
Wayne County, Michigan	750	46.5	3.0	(40.7–52.3)
Anoka County, Minnesota	116	62.7	5.8	(51.4–74.0)
Dakota County, Minnesota	145	74.7	4.0	(66.8–82.6)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	829	66.3	2.4	(61.6–70.9)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	583	71.2	2.6	(66.0–76.4)
Jackson County, Missouri	303	62.3	4.7	(53.1–71.5)
St. Louis County, Missouri	298	72.5	4.2	(64.3–80.7)
Cascade County, Montana	256	55.8	3.5	(48.8–62.7)
Flathead County, Montana	177	58.2	4.3	(49.8–66.5)
Hill County, Montana	179	58.7	5.5	(48.0–69.5)
Lake County, Montana	343	55.5	3.5	(48.6–62.4)
Missoula County, Montana	221	56.5	3.9	(48.8–64.2)
Yellowstone County, Montana	214	67.3	3.5	(60.4–74.3)
Dakota County, Nebraska	283	51.4	3.5	(44.6–58.3)
Douglas County, Nebraska	972	68.1	2.0	(64.3–72.0)
Hall County, Nebraska	190	60.1	5.3	(49.8–70.5)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	289	69.8	3.3	(63.4–76.3)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	252	51.6	4.4	(42.9–60.3)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	304	62.1	3.5	(55.3–68.9)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	248	54.8	4.3	(46.3–63.3)
Clark County, Nevada	511	50.6	2.8	(45.0–56.1)
Washoe County, Nevada	490	52.3	2.8	(46.8–57.8)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	236	55.5	4.0	(47.6–63.4)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	246	65.3	3.5	(58.3–72.2)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	212	59.7	4.1	(51.6–67.8)
Coos County, New Hampshire	212	55.6	4.0	(47.8–63.5)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	213	60.1	3.8	(52.6–67.6)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	534	56.8	2.6	(51.8–61.8)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	231	51.3	3.9	(43.6–59.0)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	326	62.8	3.1	(56.8–68.8)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	210	66.5	3.9	(58.8–74.1)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	341	58.0	3.5	(51.1–64.9)
Bergen County, New Jersey	220	58.3	4.5	(49.5–67.1)
Burlington County, New Jersey	201	66.9	4.2	(58.8–75.1)
Camden County, New Jersey	212	61.6	4.1	(53.4–69.7)
Cape May County, New Jersey	236	63.2	3.8	(55.8–70.7)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	159	61.7	5.0	(52.0–71.5)
Essex County, New Jersey	291	56.3	3.8	(48.7–63.8)
Gloucester County, New Jersey	137	70.5	5.1	(60.5–80.5)
Hudson County, New Jersey	259	49.4	4.2	(41.1–57.7)

See table footnotes on page 35.

TABLE 12. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who received an influenza vaccination during the preceding 12 months, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	155	58.3	5.7	(47.2–69.4)
Mercer County, New Jersey	152	62.7	5.1	(52.8–72.7)
Middlesex County, New Jersey	199	67.7	4.2	(59.4–76.0)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	212	63.4	4.1	(55.3–71.5)
Morris County, New Jersey	240	74.9	3.4	(68.1–81.6)
Ocean County, New Jersey	244	62.6	3.6	(55.5–69.7)
Passaic County, New Jersey	140	56.8	5.0	(46.9–66.7)
Salem County, New Jersey	184	56.2	4.3	(47.8–64.5)
Somerset County, New Jersey	189	64.5	5.2	(54.4–74.6)
Sussex County, New Jersey	163	63.4	4.9	(53.9–72.9)
Union County, New Jersey	158	48.6	5.6	(37.7–59.5)
Warren County, New Jersey	167	66.1	4.1	(58.0–74.2)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	505	59.6	2.6	(54.6–64.6)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	203	61.1	3.9	(53.5–68.7)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	189	62.4	4.2	(54.2–70.7)
San Juan County, New Mexico	172	50.7	4.6	(41.7–59.6)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	195	62.4	4.0	(54.6–70.2)
Kings County, New York	60	37.3	7.9	(21.9–52.7)
Guilford County, North Carolina	146	72.4	4.5	(63.5–81.2)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	131	70.0	4.8	(60.5–79.5)
Robeson County, North Carolina	155	47.5	5.9	(35.9–59.1)
Wake County, North Carolina	118	73.5	5.0	(63.6–83.3)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	168	57.0	4.9	(47.4–66.6)
Cass County, North Dakota	236	63.2	4.0	(55.4–70.9)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	221	59.7	4.2	(51.5–67.8)
Franklin County, Ohio	177	63.9	4.6	(55.0–72.9)
Hamilton County, Ohio	202	67.1	4.1	(59.0–75.2)
Lorain County, Ohio	222	66.6	4.4	(58.1–75.1)
Lucas County, Ohio	198	64.3	4.3	(56.0–72.7)
Mahoning County, Ohio	227	45.8	4.6	(36.7–54.8)
Montgomery County, Ohio	228	54.5	4.1	(46.5–62.5)
Stark County, Ohio	199	60.0	4.4	(51.4–68.7)
Summit County, Ohio	197	62.8	4.1	(54.8–70.7)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	285	68.9	3.2	(62.7–75.2)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	365	66.9	2.9	(61.3–72.5)
Clackamas County, Oregon	164	53.5	4.7	(44.3–62.6)
Lane County, Oregon	176	49.9	4.5	(41.2–58.7)
Multnomah County, Oregon	234	62.2	3.9	(54.6–69.8)
Washington County, Oregon	177	54.8	4.8	(45.4–64.2)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	662	60.8	2.3	(56.4–65.2)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	690	52.2	2.1	(48.0–56.4)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	134	67.9	4.7	(58.6–77.2)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	566	54.3	2.8	(48.9–59.7)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	754	54.9	1.9	(51.1–58.6)
Kent County, Rhode Island	227	56.2	3.9	(48.5–63.8)
Providence County, Rhode Island	940	57.1	2.0	(53.1–61.1)
Washington County, Rhode Island	241	62.6	3.5	(55.8–69.5)

TABLE 12. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who received an influenza vaccination during the preceding 12 months, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aiken County, South Carolina	201	58.8	4.3	(50.4–67.3)
Beaufort County, South Carolina	429	60.4	2.8	(55.0–65.8)
Charleston County, South Carolina	337	66.9	3.6	(59.8–73.9)
Greenville County, South Carolina	261	63.0	4.1	(55.0–71.0)
Horry County, South Carolina	274	58.1	3.4	(51.4–64.8)
Richland County, South Carolina	280	62.4	4.4	(53.9–71.0)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	219	53.8	5.0	(44.0–63.6)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	129	75.1	5.3	(64.8–85.5)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	153	65.7	4.5	(56.8–74.6)
Pennington County, South Dakota	147	66.5	4.5	(57.7–75.4)
Davidson County, Tennessee	147	71.0	4.5	(62.1–79.9)
Shelby County, Tennessee	128	69.3	4.8	(60.0–78.7)
Bexar County, Texas	167	61.2	5.1	(51.2–71.2)
Dallas County, Texas	126	52.3	5.5	(41.4–63.1)
El Paso County, Texas	195	50.9	4.9	(41.4–60.4)
Harris County, Texas	128	59.3	5.2	(49.1–69.5)
Hidalgo County, Texas	189	63.8	4.3	(55.4–72.2)
Tarrant County, Texas	152	64.9	4.9	(55.3–74.5)
Travis County, Texas	296	59.6	3.7	(52.5–66.8)
Davis County, Utah	266	51.4	3.4	(44.8–58.1)
Salt Lake County, Utah	1,018	59.1	1.9	(55.4–62.7)
Tooele County, Utah	150	52.8	6.5	(40.0–65.6)
Utah County, Utah	360	50.6	3.0	(44.8–56.4)
Wasatch County, Utah	154	58.6	4.4	(50.0–67.2)
Weber County, Utah	285	61.6	3.4	(54.9–68.3)
Chittenden County, Vermont	238	66.7	3.6	(59.7–73.7)
Rutland County, Vermont	194	59.7	4.2	(51.4–68.0)
Washington County, Vermont	135	68.8	4.6	(59.8–77.7)
Windsor County, Vermont	206	65.2	3.7	(57.9–72.5)
Fairfax County, Virginia	163	61.9	5.0	(52.2–71.6)
Clark County, Washington	238	66.7	3.6	(59.6–73.9)
King County, Washington	1,106	60.8	1.9	(57.0–64.6)
Kitsap County, Washington	201	65.2	3.9	(57.4–72.9)
Pierce County, Washington	314	60.6	3.4	(54.0–67.2)
Snohomish County, Washington	293	60.3	3.7	(53.0–67.5)
Spokane County, Washington	327	60.1	3.2	(53.9–66.4)
Thurston County, Washington	158	53.1	5.0	(43.3–62.9)
Whatcom County, Washington	278	60.5	3.5	(53.6–67.4)
Yakima County, Washington	169	60.4	4.5	(51.5–69.3)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	198	77.6	3.4	(70.8–84.3)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	235	61.8	4.7	(52.6–71.0)
Laramie County, Wyoming	390	62.1	3.5	(55.2–69.0)
Natrona County, Wyoming	318	50.7	4.2	(42.5–58.9)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	210	24.1	3.3	(17.6–30.6)
<i>Median</i>		60.8		
<i>Range</i>		24.1–77.6		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

TABLE 13. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who had ever received a pneumococcal vaccination, by state/territory — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	2,998	67.1	1.1	(64.8–69.3)
Alaska	714	62.5	2.5	(57.6–67.5)
Arizona	2,713	66.2	1.5	(63.3–69.0)
Arkansas	1,846	63.5	1.4	(60.7–66.3)
California	3,658	67.5	1.2	(65.1–69.9)
Colorado	3,193	73.8	1.0	(71.9–75.7)
Connecticut	2,546	67.6	1.3	(65.1–70.1)
Delaware	1,624	70.7	1.5	(67.7–73.6)
District of Columbia	1,109	64.0	2.1	(59.9–68.1)
Florida	2,852	65.8	1.4	(63.0–68.5)
Georgia	1,774	66.2	1.5	(63.3–69.1)
Hawaii	1,830	65.1	1.7	(61.8–68.5)
Idaho	2,071	68.5	1.6	(65.4–71.6)
Illinois	1,907	63.7	1.5	(60.8–66.6)
Indiana	2,589	68.0	1.1	(65.7–70.2)
Iowa	2,332	70.8	1.0	(68.7–72.8)
Kansas	3,787	70.3	0.9	(68.6–72.0)
Kentucky	3,184	65.6	1.3	(63.0–68.1)
Louisiana	3,111	67.7	1.3	(65.2–70.2)
Maine	2,985	70.7	1.0	(68.7–72.7)
Maryland	3,893	67.4	1.2	(65.1–69.7)
Massachusetts	5,710	70.2	0.9	(68.4–72.0)
Michigan	3,383	66.8	1.0	(64.7–68.8)
Minnesota	3,146	73.6	1.0	(71.5–75.6)
Mississippi	2,721	65.8	1.2	(63.5–68.1)
Missouri	2,305	71.1	1.4	(68.4–73.8)
Montana	2,674	69.5	1.1	(67.2–71.7)
Nebraska	6,413	70.0	0.8	(68.4–71.6)
Nevada	1,464	64.1	2.1	(59.9–68.3)
New Hampshire	2,464	75.0	1.1	(72.9–77.2)
New Jersey	4,036	61.6	1.1	(59.4–63.9)
New Mexico	2,392	70.8	1.1	(68.7–73.0)
New York	1,585	67.1	1.8	(63.5–70.6)
North Carolina	3,482	70.2	1.0	(68.2–72.1)
North Dakota	1,496	68.8	1.5	(65.9–71.7)
Ohio	3,800	69.5	1.0	(67.4–71.5)
Oklahoma	2,509	74.9	1.0	(72.9–77.0)
Oregon	1,688	76.2	1.2	(73.8–78.6)
Pennsylvania	6,171	71.1	0.9	(69.4–72.8)
Rhode Island	1,564	71.4	1.5	(68.5–74.3)
South Carolina	4,166	69.4	1.1	(67.3–71.5)
South Dakota	2,262	64.1	1.9	(60.3–67.9)
Tennessee	2,197	69.6	1.4	(66.9–72.3)
Texas	2,529	70.3	1.2	(67.9–72.8)
Utah	3,172	70.1	1.0	(68.1–72.1)
Vermont	1,864	70.8	1.3	(68.2–73.3)
Virginia	2,088	65.7	1.3	(63.2–68.2)
Washington	4,651	72.8	0.9	(71.1–74.5)
West Virginia	1,648	68.0	1.3	(65.4–70.5)
Wisconsin	1,527	70.4	1.8	(67.0–73.9)
Wyoming	2,280	68.4	1.5	(65.4–71.3)
Guam	202	39.5	4.8	(30.2–48.9)
Puerto Rico	1,739	22.2	1.1	(19.9–24.4)
<i>Median</i>		68.5		
<i>Range</i>		22.2–76.2		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

TABLE 14. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who had ever received a pneumococcal vaccination, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	156	15.3	3.4	(8.6–21.9)
Akron, Ohio	220	70.6	3.9	(62.9–78.3)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	829	77.0	1.8	(73.5–80.4)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	393	72.6	3.0	(66.7–78.5)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California*	264	67.4	4.9	(57.8–76.9)
Anchorage, Alaska	224	67.1	3.9	(59.4–74.8)
Asheville, North Carolina	211	73.7	3.4	(67.0–80.4)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	641	64.5	2.5	(59.5–69.4)
Atlantic City-Hammonton, New Jersey	331	64.1	3.6	(56.9–71.2)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	342	71.5	4.1	(63.5–79.4)
Augusta-Waterville, Maine	212	75.9	3.6	(68.9–82.9)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	375	79.4	2.9	(73.6–85.1)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	1,327	69.0	1.7	(65.6–72.4)
Bangor, Maine	243	67.7	3.6	(60.6–74.8)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	247	62.7	3.9	(55.0–70.4)
Barre, Vermont	126	65.7	5.2	(55.5–75.9)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	481	70.4	3.0	(64.5–76.2)
Bellingham, Washington	271	76.6	3.2	(70.4–82.9)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	261	73.0	3.1	(66.9–79.0)
Billings, Montana	241	78.3	3.0	(72.4–84.2)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	551	69.5	2.5	(64.5–74.4)
Bismarck, North Dakota	242	63.1	4.0	(55.2–71.0)
Boise City, Idaho	480	74.2	2.8	(68.7–79.7)
Boston, Massachusetts*	1,476	66.3	1.9	(62.5–70.0)
Boulder, Colorado	120	67.3	4.6	(58.2–76.3)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	191	77.9	3.3	(71.5–84.3)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	567	61.7	2.8	(56.3–67.2)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	403	69.4	2.8	(63.9–74.9)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts*	1,709	74.8	1.5	(71.9–77.8)
Camden, New Jersey*	518	67.0	2.7	(61.7–72.4)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	211	63.3	4.4	(54.8–71.9)
Casper, Wyoming	313	76.8	3.6	(69.8–83.8)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	190	75.5	3.3	(69.0–82.0)
Charleston, West Virginia	231	76.9	3.0	(70.9–82.8)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	513	73.7	2.8	(68.2–79.2)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	651	68.3	2.4	(63.5–73.0)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	218	70.0	4.2	(61.8–78.1)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	374	67.5	3.8	(60.0–74.9)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	1,113	59.4	2.1	(55.2–63.6)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	613	73.6	2.5	(68.7–78.4)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	664	71.0	2.1	(66.9–75.0)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	515	72.1	2.8	(66.7–77.5)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	268	69.3	3.4	(62.7–75.9)
Columbia, South Carolina	506	74.4	2.8	(68.8–79.9)
Columbus, Ohio	383	70.8	2.9	(65.0–76.5)
Concord, New Hampshire	222	74.3	3.5	(67.5–81.1)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas*	203	76.5	3.5	(69.7–83.3)
Dayton, Ohio	268	68.9	3.5	(62.0–75.9)
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	1,091	78.0	1.5	(75.1–81.0)
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	333	75.5	2.5	(70.6–80.5)

See table footnotes on page 38.

TABLE 14. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who had ever received a pneumococcal vaccination, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan*	726	55.7	3.1	(49.5–61.8)
Dover, Delaware	465	72.7	2.7	(67.5–77.9)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	147	72.5	4.6	(63.4–81.5)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	198	76.9	3.4	(70.3–83.5)
El Paso, Texas	186	57.0	5.1	(47.1–66.9)
Eugene, Oregon	169	83.4	3.4	(76.7–90.1)
Fairbanks, Alaska	89	67.5	6.2	(55.3–79.7)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	252	70.1	4.2	(61.9–78.3)
Farmington, New Mexico	166	71.7	4.1	(63.6–79.8)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	120	69.6	4.9	(60.0–79.2)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	281	68.6	3.7	(61.3–75.8)
Fort Collins, Colorado	158	77.4	3.6	(70.3–84.6)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	141	61.7	4.6	(52.7–70.8)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas*	213	70.7	3.9	(63.0–78.4)
Grand Island, Nebraska	300	63.3	3.9	(55.6–71.0)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	262	71.8	3.4	(65.2–78.4)
Great Falls, Montana	249	65.3	3.5	(58.5–72.2)
Greeley, Colorado	119	65.1	5.5	(54.4–75.8)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	242	73.6	3.2	(67.3–79.8)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	526	65.9	2.9	(60.3–71.6)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	250	68.4	3.4	(61.6–75.1)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	248	67.9	4.3	(59.5–76.3)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	175	65.0	4.1	(57.0–73.1)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	765	71.1	2.2	(66.7–75.5)
Heber, Utah	153	75.2	3.6	(68.2–82.3)
Hilo, Hawaii	358	61.1	3.6	(53.9–68.2)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	467	65.5	2.6	(60.3–70.6)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	210	69.3	3.8	(61.9–76.7)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	340	71.5	2.8	(66.1–76.9)
Huntsville, Alabama	147	61.6	5.3	(51.2–72.0)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	166	59.2	5.2	(49.0–69.3)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	611	74.3	2.2	(70.0–78.6)
Jackson, Mississippi	267	68.6	3.4	(62.0–75.3)
Jacksonville, Florida	160	69.5	4.5	(60.7–78.3)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	341	59.2	4.6	(50.2–68.2)
Kalispell, Montana	168	66.9	4.4	(58.3–75.4)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	1,472	74.5	2.1	(70.4–78.5)
Kapaa, Hawaii	209	67.8	4.0	(59.9–75.6)
Keene, New Hampshire	204	73.5	3.5	(66.6–80.3)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	150	72.4	4.4	(63.7–81.0)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	187	77.2	3.9	(69.6–84.8)
Knoxville, Tennessee	262	70.9	3.8	(63.4–78.4)
Laconia, New Hampshire	228	70.3	3.9	(62.6–77.8)
Lafayette, Louisiana	160	62.4	5.2	(52.1–72.6)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	197	70.3	3.6	(63.1–77.4)
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	487	60.4	3.0	(54.5–66.3)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	183	77.9	3.6	(70.7–85.0)
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	113	62.8	6.3	(50.5–75.1)
Lincoln, Nebraska	351	74.3	2.7	(69.0–79.7)

See table footnotes on page 38.

TABLE 14. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who had ever received a pneumococcal vaccination, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	361	63.9	3.2	(57.6–70.2)
Logan, Utah-Idaho	127	59.8	5.2	(49.7–70.0)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California*	723	65.4	2.8	(60.0–70.8)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	625	69.7	2.9	(64.1–75.4)
Lumberton, North Carolina	151	52.5	6.3	(40.3–64.8)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	510	75.3	2.1	(71.1–79.5)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	175	56.1	5.1	(46.2–66.0)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	397	66.7	3.5	(59.8–73.7)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	557	55.9	3.4	(49.3–62.5)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	306	70.9	3.9	(63.2–78.5)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	1,882	74.3	1.5	(71.4–77.2)
Missoula, Montana	214	70.7	3.8	(63.3–78.0)
Mobile, Alabama	295	80.0	2.8	(74.4–85.5)
Montgomery, Alabama	168	71.5	4.2	(63.2–79.8)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania*	335	74.7	2.8	(69.2–80.1)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	336	73.3	2.8	(67.9–78.7)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	317	71.9	3.2	(65.5–78.2)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York*	248	64.4	4.0	(56.6–72.3)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania*	1,843	62.1	2.1	(58.0–66.3)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	600	68.3	2.4	(63.5–73.1)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	386	67.7	2.9	(62.0–73.5)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey*	1,612	61.5	2.4	(56.7–66.3)
Norfolk, Nebraska	193	68.7	4.0	(60.8–76.6)
North Platte, Nebraska	256	60.0	4.5	(51.1–68.8)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	342	66.1	3.8	(58.6–73.6)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California*	253	72.5	4.7	(63.3–81.7)
Ocean City, New Jersey	225	65.7	4.0	(57.9–73.6)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	608	69.0	2.2	(64.8–73.3)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	613	78.3	2.0	(74.3–82.3)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	148	79.0	3.7	(71.8–86.2)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	1,466	73.9	1.5	(70.9–76.9)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	196	70.5	4.8	(61.1–80.0)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania*	633	66.3	2.5	(61.3–71.2)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	813	65.3	2.2	(60.9–69.6)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	1,098	75.3	1.6	(72.3–78.4)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	147	19.0	3.6	(11.9–26.1)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	1,001	71.2	1.7	(67.9–74.6)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	877	75.0	1.8	(71.5–78.6)
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	2,364	70.5	1.4	(67.8–73.1)
Provo-Orem, Utah	378	68.9	2.8	(63.5–74.4)
Raleigh, North Carolina	176	70.1	4.4	(61.5–78.6)
Rapid City, South Dakota	291	64.7	4.0	(56.8–72.6)
Reno, Nevada	473	78.3	2.3	(73.8–82.9)
Richmond, Virginia	301	68.2	3.1	(62.2–74.2)

See table footnotes on page 38.

TABLE 14. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who had ever received a pneumococcal vaccination, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	382	66.9	3.8	(59.5–74.3)
Rockingham County-Strafford County, New Hampshire*	504	78.5	2.2	(74.2–82.9)
Rutland, Vermont	190	74.5	3.9	(66.8–82.2)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	254	73.3	4.0	(65.5–81.1)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	638	70.8	2.6	(65.7–76.0)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	841	74.3	1.8	(70.8–77.9)
Salt Lake City, Utah	1,131	74.1	1.7	(70.8–77.3)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	220	68.2	4.2	(59.9–76.5)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	292	70.5	3.9	(62.9–78.0)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California*	149	60.8	6.5	(48.1–73.5)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	160	65.0	5.8	(53.7–76.3)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	1,079	23.6	1.5	(20.7–26.6)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	184	72.0	3.8	(64.6–79.5)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	656	64.6	2.0	(60.7–68.6)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	261	66.0	3.9	(58.4–73.5)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	252	65.9	3.8	(58.4–73.4)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington*	1,304	69.6	1.8	(66.0–73.2)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	187	71.0	4.0	(63.2–78.8)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland*	660	70.3	2.5	(65.5–75.2)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	432	65.7	4.7	(56.5–75.0)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	289	67.3	4.1	(59.2–75.4)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	232	75.8	3.9	(68.1–83.5)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	357	74.8	2.7	(69.6–80.0)
Springfield, Massachusetts	608	68.0	3.1	(61.9–74.2)

TABLE 14. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who had ever received a pneumococcal vaccination, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington*	301	75.0	3.1	(68.9–81.1)
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	292	71.0	3.6	(63.9–78.1)
Toledo, Ohio	291	71.8	3.4	(65.1–78.4)
Topeka, Kansas	325	69.8	3.0	(63.9–75.8)
Torrington, Connecticut	201	74.1	3.6	(66.9–81.2)
Trenton, New Jersey	144	63.7	5.2	(53.6–73.8)
Tucson, Arizona	360	70.0	3.1	(63.9–76.2)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	518	76.0	2.2	(71.8–80.3)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	191	72.3	3.7	(65.1–79.5)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	922	67.0	2.1	(62.8–71.2)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	150	65.4	5.1	(55.3–75.4)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	428	61.5	3.0	(55.6–67.3)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan*	651	66.0	2.2	(61.6–70.4)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia*	2,111	65.1	1.8	(61.7–68.6)
Wichita, Kansas	718	75.2	1.8	(71.6–78.8)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey*	868	65.8	2.3	(61.3–70.2)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	249	75.1	3.2	(68.8–81.5)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	741	73.6	2.3	(69.1–78.2)
Yakima, Washington	156	73.0	4.2	(64.8–81.2)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	327	62.2	4.1	(54.3–70.2)
<i>Median</i>		70.0		
<i>Range</i>		15.3–83.4		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* Metropolitan division.

TABLE 15. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who had ever received a pneumococcal vaccination, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	259	71.6	3.3	(65.1–78.2)
Madison County, Alabama	125	62.7	6.0	(51.0–74.5)
Mobile County, Alabama	295	80.0	2.8	(74.4–85.5)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	123	66.5	5.0	(56.8–76.3)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	89	67.5	6.2	(55.3–79.7)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	101	67.1	5.7	(55.8–78.3)
Maricopa County, Arizona	592	65.1	2.4	(60.3–69.8)
Pima County, Arizona	360	70.0	3.1	(63.9–76.2)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	240	67.1	4.0	(59.3–74.9)
Alameda County, California	154	75.4	5.6	(64.5–86.4)
Los Angeles County, California	723	65.4	2.8	(60.0–70.8)
Orange County, California	264	67.4	4.9	(57.8–76.9)
Riverside County, California	234	66.6	5.2	(56.3–76.9)
Sacramento County, California	147	76.7	5.5	(66.0–87.5)
San Bernardino County, California	148	67.3	5.3	(57.0–77.7)
San Diego County, California	292	70.5	3.9	(62.9–78.0)
Santa Clara County, California	150	64.2	6.0	(52.5–75.9)
Adams County, Colorado	197	74.0	3.9	(66.4–81.6)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	194	76.9	3.5	(70.1–83.8)
Boulder County, Colorado	120	67.3	4.6	(58.2–76.3)
Denver County, Colorado	198	85.2	2.8	(79.7–90.7)
Douglas County, Colorado	92	78.9	4.6	(69.8–88.0)
El Paso County, Colorado	215	69.3	3.6	(62.3–76.2)
Jefferson County, Colorado	292	75.3	3.0	(69.4–81.2)
Larimer County, Colorado	158	77.4	3.6	(70.3–84.6)
Weld County, Colorado	119	65.1	5.5	(54.3–75.8)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	567	61.7	2.8	(56.3–67.2)
Hartford County, Connecticut	554	71.0	2.7	(65.6–76.3)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	201	74.1	3.6	(66.9–81.2)
New Haven County, Connecticut	600	68.3	2.5	(63.5–73.1)
New London County, Connecticut	342	66.1	3.8	(58.6–73.6)
Kent County, Delaware	465	72.7	2.7	(67.5–77.9)
New Castle County, Delaware	596	66.5	2.5	(61.6–71.4)
Sussex County, Delaware	563	75.9	2.1	(71.8–80.1)
District of Columbia District of Columbia	1,109	64.0	2.1	(59.9–68.1)
Broward County, Florida	167	52.4	5.7	(41.1–63.6)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	243	52.0	6.0	(40.2–63.8)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	358	61.1	3.6	(53.9–68.2)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	922	67.0	2.1	(62.8–71.2)
Kauai County, Hawaii	209	67.8	4.0	(59.9–75.6)
Maui County, Hawaii	341	59.2	4.6	(50.2–68.2)
Ada County, Idaho	242	74.1	4.0	(66.3–81.8)
Canyon County, Idaho	183	77.0	3.6	(69.9–84.0)
Cook County, Illinois	441	59.4	3.0	(53.6–65.2)
Lake County, Indiana	304	53.7	4.5	(44.9–62.5)
Marion County, Indiana	365	75.4	3.1	(69.4–81.3)
Polk County, Iowa	224	78.1	2.9	(72.4–83.9)
Johnson County, Kansas	633	76.1	2.0	(72.2–79.9)
Sedgwick County, Kansas	517	76.4	2.2	(72.1–80.7)
Shawnee County, Kansas	232	73.7	3.6	(66.7–80.8)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	311	71.8	3.3	(65.4–78.3)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	513	71.1	3.6	(63.9–78.2)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	176	68.9	4.2	(60.7–77.1)
Androscoggin County, Maine	183	77.9	3.6	(70.7–85.0)
Aroostook County, Maine	168	63.9	4.4	(55.2–72.6)
Cumberland County, Maine	497	71.9	2.4	(67.2–76.6)
Kennebec County, Maine	212	75.9	3.6	(68.9–82.9)
Penobscot County, Maine	243	67.7	3.6	(60.6–74.8)
York County, Maine	379	69.3	2.8	(63.9–74.8)
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	246	67.8	3.7	(60.5–75.2)

See table footnotes on page 40.

TABLE 15. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who had ever received a pneumococcal vaccination, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Baltimore County, Maryland	434	68.3	2.9	(62.5–74.1)
Charles County, Maryland	109	72.0	5.3	(61.7–82.3)
Frederick County, Maryland	237	65.7	5.9	(54.1–77.3)
Montgomery County, Maryland	423	71.3	2.7	(66.1–76.6)
Prince George's County, Maryland	293	56.0	4.4	(47.4–64.5)
Washington County, Maryland	187	77.0	5.1	(66.9–87.1)
Baltimore city, Maryland	213	76.0	3.5	(69.1–82.9)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	247	62.7	3.9	(55.0–70.4)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	800	69.1	2.8	(63.7–74.6)
Essex County, Massachusetts	764	69.4	2.6	(64.2–74.6)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	519	65.6	3.6	(58.5–72.7)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	945	77.9	1.8	(74.4–81.4)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	466	71.7	3.0	(65.8–77.7)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	509	67.6	3.3	(61.1–74.1)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	501	55.5	3.5	(48.6–62.4)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	670	74.3	2.5	(69.4–79.1)
Kent County, Michigan	148	73.9	4.7	(64.8–83.1)
Macomb County, Michigan	185	71.3	3.8	(63.8–78.7)
Oakland County, Michigan	359	66.0	3.0	(60.2–71.8)
Wayne County, Michigan	726	55.7	3.1	(49.6–61.8)
Anoka County, Minnesota	114	72.2	5.5	(61.5–83.0)
Dakota County, Minnesota	137	76.5	5.3	(66.1–86.8)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	761	73.4	2.4	(68.8–78.1)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	550	74.9	2.8	(69.3–80.4)
Jackson County, Missouri	288	71.2	4.3	(62.7–79.6)
St. Louis County, Missouri	283	68.6	4.4	(59.9–77.2)
Cascade County, Montana	249	65.3	3.5	(58.5–72.2)
Flathead County, Montana	168	66.9	4.4	(58.3–75.4)
Hill County, Montana	168	57.4	5.6	(46.4–68.5)
Lake County, Montana	333	68.2	3.6	(61.2–75.2)
Missoula County, Montana	214	70.7	3.8	(63.3–78.1)
Yellowstone County, Montana	206	77.7	3.3	(71.3–84.1)
Dakota County, Nebraska	274	62.3	3.5	(55.4–69.2)
Douglas County, Nebraska	945	72.6	1.9	(68.8–76.4)
Hall County, Nebraska	183	61.1	5.5	(50.4–71.8)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	276	74.5	2.9	(68.8–80.2)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	247	60.7	4.6	(51.7–69.7)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	291	72.1	3.3	(65.6–78.6)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	242	65.5	4.0	(57.7–73.3)
Clark County, Nevada	487	60.4	3.0	(54.5–66.3)
Washoe County, Nevada	466	78.4	2.4	(73.8–83.1)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	228	70.3	3.9	(62.6–77.9)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	236	73.5	3.3	(67.1–79.9)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	204	73.5	3.5	(66.6–80.3)
Coos County, New Hampshire	202	71.8	3.5	(64.9–78.7)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	200	73.7	3.7	(66.6–80.9)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	510	75.3	2.1	(71.1–79.5)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	222	74.3	3.4	(67.6–81.1)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	306	77.5	2.8	(72.0–83.0)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	198	81.1	3.4	(74.5–87.7)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	331	64.1	3.7	(56.9–71.2)
Bergen County, New Jersey	207	53.6	4.5	(44.8–62.4)
Burlington County, New Jersey	187	67.1	4.8	(57.8–76.5)
Camden County, New Jersey	200	64.8	4.2	(56.6–72.9)
Cape May County, New Jersey	225	65.7	4.0	(57.9–73.6)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	150	65.4	5.1	(55.3–75.4)
Essex County, New Jersey	273	63.6	3.9	(56.1–71.2)
Gloucester County, New Jersey	131	72.0	4.9	(62.4–81.6)
Hudson County, New Jersey	244	58.4	4.2	(50.2–66.6)
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	149	61.7	5.7	(50.6–72.8)
Mercer County, New Jersey	144	63.7	5.2	(53.6–73.9)

See table footnotes on page 40.

TABLE 15. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who had ever received a pneumococcal vaccination, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Middlesex County, New Jersey	192	65.0	4.8	(55.6–74.4)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	201	62.7	4.3	(54.3–71.0)
Morris County, New Jersey	215	68.0	4.5	(59.2–76.8)
Ocean County, New Jersey	231	65.0	3.7	(57.7–72.2)
Passaic County, New Jersey	135	47.8	5.1	(37.9–57.8)
Salem County, New Jersey	183	67.0	4.1	(59.0–75.0)
Somerset County, New Jersey	181	66.2	4.9	(56.7–75.7)
Sussex County, New Jersey	154	69.5	4.8	(60.1–79.0)
Union County, New Jersey	148	50.7	5.8	(39.2–62.1)
Warren County, New Jersey	155	69.8	4.3	(61.4–78.3)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	492	78.2	2.1	(74.0–82.4)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	197	70.3	3.6	(63.1–77.4)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	176	79.2	3.4	(72.6–85.8)
San Juan County, New Mexico	166	71.7	4.1	(63.6–79.8)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	184	72.0	3.8	(64.6–79.5)
Kings County, New York	57	60.8	9.5	(42.1–79.4)
Guilford County, North Carolina	143	67.9	4.8	(58.5–77.3)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	125	73.1	4.6	(64.1–82.1)
Robeson County, North Carolina	151	52.5	6.3	(40.2–64.9)
Wake County, North Carolina	113	68.9	5.3	(58.5–79.4)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	161	66.4	5.0	(56.6–76.2)
Cass County, North Dakota	225	70.9	4.1	(62.8–79.0)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	214	72.9	3.6	(65.8–79.9)
Franklin County, Ohio	171	73.1	4.2	(64.8–81.3)
Hamilton County, Ohio	194	77.1	3.9	(69.5–84.7)
Lorain County, Ohio	213	74.3	3.8	(66.9–81.7)
Lucas County, Ohio	191	69.5	4.4	(60.8–78.2)
Mahoning County, Ohio	219	59.4	4.8	(50.1–68.7)
Montgomery County, Ohio	221	67.5	4.0	(59.7–75.4)
Stark County, Ohio	195	64.5	4.5	(55.6–73.3)
Summit County, Ohio	193	72.3	3.8	(64.8–79.8)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	279	81.4	2.7	(76.1–86.6)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	353	74.7	2.7	(69.4–80.0)
Clackamas County, Oregon	160	67.3	4.8	(57.9–76.7)
Lane County, Oregon	169	83.4	3.4	(76.7–90.1)
Multnomah County, Oregon	221	80.1	3.1	(74.0–86.3)
Washington County, Oregon	167	78.7	3.7	(71.4–86.0)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	645	78.6	1.9	(74.9–82.3)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	656	64.7	2.0	(60.7–68.6)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	130	84.8	3.2	(78.5–91.2)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	533	64.8	2.8	(59.4–70.1)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	723	65.7	1.9	(62.1–69.4)
Kent County, Rhode Island	217	67.0	4.0	(59.1–74.9)
Providence County, Rhode Island	902	72.4	1.9	(68.6–76.2)
Washington County, Rhode Island	231	73.5	3.4	(66.9–80.1)
Aiken County, South Carolina	193	68.9	4.3	(60.5–77.2)

TABLE 15. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who had ever received a pneumococcal vaccination, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Beaufort County, South Carolina	412	65.2	2.8	(59.7–70.6)
Charleston County, South Carolina	318	70.4	3.6	(63.3–77.5)
Greenville County, South Carolina	252	67.6	4.0	(59.8–75.5)
Horry County, South Carolina	261	70.1	3.2	(63.8–76.4)
Richland County, South Carolina	271	73.4	3.9	(65.7–81.1)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	214	73.6	4.4	(65.0–82.2)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	128	55.1	7.9	(39.7–70.5)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	143	70.5	4.6	(61.6–79.4)
Pennington County, South Dakota	144	63.7	4.7	(54.5–72.8)
Davidson County, Tennessee	145	73.8	5.0	(64.1–83.6)
Shelby County, Tennessee	124	63.7	5.0	(53.8–73.5)
Bexar County, Texas	153	71.8	4.9	(62.2–81.5)
Dallas County, Texas	118	71.2	4.9	(61.6–80.7)
El Paso County, Texas	186	57.0	5.0	(47.1–66.9)
Harris County, Texas	122	71.2	4.7	(61.9–80.4)
Hidalgo County, Texas	175	56.1	5.0	(46.2–66.0)
Tarrant County, Texas	146	69.5	5.1	(59.5–79.5)
Travis County, Texas	274	81.2	2.8	(75.7–86.8)
Davis County, Utah	252	67.9	3.2	(61.6–74.2)
Salt Lake County, Utah	983	74.1	1.7	(70.7–77.6)
Tooele County, Utah	148	73.3	4.5	(64.4–82.1)
Utah County, Utah	351	68.8	2.9	(63.2–74.5)
Wasatch County, Utah	153	75.2	3.6	(68.2–82.3)
Weber County, Utah	277	72.7	3.2	(66.5–79.0)
Chittenden County, Vermont	225	66.8	3.6	(59.7–73.9)
Rutland County, Vermont	190	74.5	3.9	(66.8–82.2)
Washington County, Vermont	126	65.7	5.2	(55.5–75.9)
Windsor County, Vermont	196	69.1	3.8	(61.6–76.6)
Fairfax County, Virginia	154	71.2	4.2	(62.9–79.5)
Clark County, Washington	230	75.4	3.2	(69.2–81.7)
King County, Washington	1,033	68.7	2.2	(64.5–73.0)
Kitsap County, Washington	191	77.9	3.3	(71.5–84.3)
Pierce County, Washington	301	75.0	3.1	(68.9–81.1)
Snohomish County, Washington	271	72.8	3.4	(66.2–79.4)
Spokane County, Washington	311	75.9	2.8	(70.3–81.4)
Thurston County, Washington	148	79.0	3.7	(71.8–86.2)
Whatcom County, Washington	271	76.6	3.2	(70.4–82.9)
Yakima County, Washington	156	73.0	4.2	(64.8–81.2)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	193	78.2	3.3	(71.8–84.6)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	228	75.9	4.0	(68.1–83.7)
Laramie County, Wyoming	374	67.5	3.8	(60.0–74.9)
Natrona County, Wyoming	313	76.8	3.6	(69.8–83.8)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	204	25.8	3.6	(18.7–32.8)
Median		70.1		
Range		25.8–85.2		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

TABLE 16. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who have visited a dentist, dental hygienist, or dental clinic within the past year, by state/territory — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	8,893	58.6	0.8	(57.1–60.2)
Alaska	4,295	67.4	1.0	(65.5–69.4)
Arizona	7,262	61.6	1.0	(59.7–63.5)
Arkansas	5,080	54.9	1.0	(53.0–56.8)
California	14,556	67.0	0.6	(65.8–68.1)
Colorado	12,154	65.3	0.6	(64.1–66.4)
Connecticut	8,699	76.1	0.7	(74.8–77.4)
Delaware	5,152	70.0	0.9	(68.3–71.8)
District of Columbia	3,801	71.1	1.2	(68.7–73.6)
Florida	7,571	59.8	0.9	(58.0–61.5)
Georgia	6,016	64.1	0.9	(62.4–65.8)
Hawaii	7,558	70.4	0.8	(68.8–72.0)
Idaho	5,862	67.6	1.1	(65.4–69.7)
Illinois	5,568	66.9	0.9	(65.1–68.8)
Indiana	8,576	62.6	0.7	(61.3–64.0)
Iowa	7,121	71.1	0.7	(69.8–72.5)
Kansas	11,680	67.3	0.6	(66.1–68.5)
Kentucky	11,030	60.3	0.7	(58.9–61.7)
Louisiana	8,872	56.1	0.9	(54.4–57.8)
Maine	9,873	65.3	0.6	(64.1–66.5)
Maryland	12,689	72.7	0.7	(71.3–74.1)
Massachusetts	21,523	76.2	0.5	(75.3–77.1)
Michigan	10,401	68.0	0.7	(66.8–69.3)
Minnesota	12,167	74.8	0.6	(73.7–75.9)
Mississippi	7,684	55.4	0.8	(53.8–57.1)
Missouri	6,698	61.8	0.9	(60.1–63.5)
Montana	8,610	61.0	0.7	(59.6–62.3)
Nebraska	19,052	67.6	0.5	(66.6–68.6)
Nevada	4,798	60.8	1.0	(58.8–62.9)
New Hampshire	7,450	73.1	0.8	(71.5–74.6)
New Jersey	15,598	71.2	0.5	(70.1–72.3)
New Mexico	8,709	60.9	0.7	(59.6–62.3)
New York	6,020	67.5	0.9	(65.8–69.3)
North Carolina	11,712	64.9	0.6	(63.8–66.0)
North Dakota	4,845	67.2	0.9	(65.3–69.0)
Ohio	12,899	67.6	0.6	(66.4–68.7)
Oklahoma	7,973	58.9	0.7	(57.5–60.3)
Oregon	5,225	65.3	0.9	(63.5–67.0)
Pennsylvania	19,812	68.5	0.5	(67.5–69.5)
Rhode Island	5,427	73.6	0.9	(71.9–75.3)
South Carolina	12,687	59.6	0.7	(58.3–60.9)
South Dakota	7,836	70.9	0.8	(69.3–72.5)
Tennessee	6,921	61.4	0.8	(59.8–63.1)
Texas	9,040	58.8	0.7	(57.3–60.2)
Utah	12,272	68.4	0.6	(67.2–69.5)
Vermont	6,012	70.8	0.8	(69.3–72.3)
Virginia	7,320	70.4	0.7	(69.0–71.8)
Washington	15,235	67.6	0.5	(66.5–68.6)
West Virginia	5,359	56.4	0.8	(54.8–58.0)
Wisconsin	5,264	72.0	0.9	(70.1–73.8)
Wyoming	6,201	66.0	1.0	(64.0–68.0)
Guam	1,999	53.7	1.5	(50.8–56.6)
Puerto Rico	6,258	67.9	0.7	(66.6–69.3)
<i>Median</i>		67.2		
<i>Range</i>		53.7–76.2		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

TABLE 17. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who have visited a dentist, dental hygienist, or dental clinic within the past year, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	544	69.5	2.2	(65.1–73.9)
Akron, Ohio	740	68.3	2.4	(63.6–73.0)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	3,249	63.7	1.1	(61.6–65.8)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	1,337	72.3	1.8	(68.7–75.9)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California*	1,037	73.0	2.0	(69.1–77.0)
Anchorage, Alaska	1,495	69.6	1.5	(66.6–72.5)
Asheville, North Carolina	584	67.4	2.5	(62.5–72.2)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	2,512	68.3	1.3	(65.8–70.8)
Atlantic City-Hammonton, New Jersey	1,014	70.6	2.1	(66.4–74.7)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	1,025	62.2	2.8	(56.7–67.8)
Augusta-Waterville, Maine	828	66.8	2.0	(62.9–70.8)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	1,383	65.5	2.1	(61.3–69.6)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	4,680	72.2	1.1	(70.1–74.2)
Bangor, Maine	924	63.2	2.0	(59.3–67.2)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	558	81.7	2.1	(77.5–85.8)
Barre, Vermont	514	73.9	2.5	(69.0–78.9)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	1,364	59.9	2.1	(55.8–64.0)
Bellingham, Washington	844	67.5	2.6	(62.3–72.6)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	703	57.7	2.9	(52.1–63.4)
Billings, Montana	845	62.2	1.9	(58.4–66.0)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	1,799	59.8	1.6	(56.7–62.9)
Bismarck, North Dakota	818	71.7	2.1	(67.5–76.0)
Boise City, Idaho	1,474	69.9	1.9	(66.3–73.5)
Boston, Massachusetts*	5,857	76.2	0.9	(74.5–77.8)
Boulder, Colorado	514	71.4	2.6	(66.3–76.5)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	564	67.0	2.8	(61.6–72.5)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	2,165	73.1	1.5	(70.2–76.1)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	1,517	74.8	1.4	(72.0–77.6)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts*	6,875	79.1	0.8	(77.6–80.6)
Camden, New Jersey*	1,968	72.3	1.4	(69.5–75.1)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	677	65.1	2.6	(60.1–70.2)
Casper, Wyoming	816	67.2	2.7	(61.9–72.5)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	581	72.4	2.5	(67.5–77.3)
Charleston, West Virginia	769	62.3	2.1	(58.3–66.3)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	1,696	59.1	1.7	(55.7–62.5)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	2,494	66.1	1.2	(63.7–68.5)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	620	59.2	3.2	(53.0–65.4)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	954	71.5	2.4	(66.9–76.1)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	3,714	67.8	1.2	(65.4–70.1)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	2,344	68.7	1.3	(66.2–71.2)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	1,939	69.9	1.5	(66.9–72.9)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	1,767	70.1	1.5	(67.1–73.2)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	1,157	69.5	1.7	(66.1–72.9)
Columbia, South Carolina	1,787	63.5	1.7	(60.2–66.8)
Columbus, Ohio	1,593	71.1	1.5	(68.2–73.9)
Concord, New Hampshire	700	73.2	2.3	(68.6–77.7)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas [¶]	899	60.5	2.1	(56.4–64.5)
Dayton, Ohio	848	66.4	2.2	(62.1–70.8)
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	4,821	66.3	0.9	(64.6–68.0)
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	1,151	74.1	1.6	(70.8–77.3)

See table footnotes on page 43.

TABLE 17. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who have visited a dentist, dental hygienist, or dental clinic within the past year, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan [¶]	2,194	62.4	1.7	(59.1–65.7)
Dover, Delaware	1,436	65.7	1.9	(62.0–69.3)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	512	73.9	2.7	(68.7–79.1)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	785	69.3	2.1	(65.1–73.5)
El Paso, Texas	618	48.8	3.2	(42.4–55.1)
Eugene, Oregon	521	63.9	2.9	(58.3–69.5)
Fairbanks, Alaska	595	62.4	2.6	(57.3–67.6)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	934	74.3	2.1	(70.3–78.4)
Farmington, New Mexico	649	57.6	2.5	(52.7–62.4)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	500	69.4	2.6	(64.4–74.5)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	802	56.1	2.7	(50.7–61.5)
Fort Collins, Colorado	595	72.9	2.3	(68.4–77.3)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	531	67.7	2.7	(62.5–72.9)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas*	723	59.9	2.4	(55.2–64.6)
Grand Island, Nebraska	849	63.4	2.4	(58.7–68.0)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	882	72.4	2.2	(68.1–76.6)
Great Falls, Montana	704	61.4	2.4	(56.7–66.1)
Greeley, Colorado	534	60.6	2.7	(55.3–65.8)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	794	60.8	2.2	(56.6–65.1)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	1,683	59.6	1.6	(56.4–62.7)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	735	58.7	2.4	(54.1–63.4)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	752	72.1	2.4	(67.3–76.9)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	660	74.8	2.0	(70.8–78.8)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	2,644	80.7	1.1	(78.6–82.7)
Heber, Utah	504	71.0	4.8	(61.5–80.5)
Hilo, Hawaii	1,343	66.7	1.8	(63.2–70.3)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	934	68.4	3.1	(62.3–74.5)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	1,128	60.3	1.8	(56.8–63.9)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	1,101	57.6	2.0	(53.7–61.5)
Huntsville, Alabama	610	66.4	2.6	(61.4–71.5)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	538	68.8	3.4	(62.2–75.5)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	2,185	68.3	1.3	(65.8–70.8)
Jackson, Mississippi	912	60.5	2.0	(56.6–64.5)
Jacksonville, Florida	516	62.8	3.2	(56.5–69.0)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	1,215	70.2	2.0	(66.3–74.1)
Kalispell, Montana	555	60.7	2.4	(55.9–65.5)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	4,712	68.7	1.3	(66.2–71.2)
Kapaa, Hawaii	668	64.6	2.9	(58.9–70.3)
Keene, New Hampshire	537	74.1	2.9	(68.4–79.7)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	533	66.4	2.7	(61.1–71.8)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	556	56.9	3.3	(50.4–63.4)
Knoxville, Tennessee	825	61.7	2.3	(57.2–66.2)
Laconia, New Hampshire	560	62.0	3.6	(54.8–69.1)
Lafayette, Louisiana	544	59.5	2.8	(53.9–65.0)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	701	61.8	2.4	(57.1–66.5)
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	1,991	60.2	1.4	(57.6–62.9)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	697	61.1	2.2	(56.8–65.5)
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	525	67.5	2.6	(62.4–72.6)
Lincoln, Nebraska	1,660	73.1	1.3	(70.5–75.6)

See table footnotes on page 43.

TABLE 17. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who have visited a dentist, dental hygienist, or dental clinic within the past year, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	1,163	61.0	1.9	(57.2–64.8)
Logan, Utah-Idaho	499	72.2	2.7	(66.9–77.5)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California*	3,497	63.8	1.2	(61.5–66.1)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	2,155	64.3	1.6	(61.2–67.5)
Lumberton, North Carolina	541	48.4	4.3	(39.9–56.9)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	1,891	74.6	1.4	(71.9–77.3)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	610	44.8	3.2	(38.6–51.0)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	1,288	62.8	2.0	(58.9–66.6)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	1,662	64.0	1.8	(60.4–67.6)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	1,245	73.6	1.9	(69.9–77.3)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	7,860	75.7	0.8	(74.2–77.2)
Missoula, Montana	778	61.2	2.2	(56.8–65.6)
Mobile, Alabama	805	53.4	2.8	(47.9–58.8)
Montgomery, Alabama	531	61.2	3.0	(55.4–67.1)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania*	1,309	76.1	1.5	(73.1–79.1)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	941	61.7	2.1	(57.5–65.8)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	1,325	67.9	1.6	(64.8–71.1)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York*	897	69.2	2.1	(65.1–73.3)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania*	6,515	72.4	0.9	(70.6–74.2)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	1,993	72.6	1.4	(69.8–75.5)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	1,263	58.9	1.9	(55.1–62.7)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey*	7,381	66.6	1.1	(64.5–68.7)
Norfolk, Nebraska	565	60.7	3.0	(54.9–66.4)
North Platte, Nebraska	612	60.3	3.0	(54.4–66.3)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	995	77.2	2.1	(73.1–81.3)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California*	976	69.9	2.4	(65.2–74.6)
Ocean City, New Jersey	546	74.5	3.2	(68.1–80.8)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	2,408	71.4	1.2	(69.1–73.8)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	2,434	63.1	1.3	(60.6–65.5)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	515	71.4	2.7	(66.2–76.6)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	5,560	69.1	0.8	(67.4–70.7)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	567	57.5	3.1	(51.3–63.6)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania*	2,435	63.5	1.4	(60.9–66.2)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	2,589	62.7	1.3	(60.2–65.3)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	3,349	66.4	1.0	(64.3–68.4)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	547	65.6	2.4	(61.0–70.3)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	3,326	70.3	1.0	(68.4–72.3)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	3,103	69.4	1.2	(67.2–71.7)
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	8,051	73.4	0.8	(71.9–74.9)
Provo-Orem, Utah	1,728	68.9	1.5	(66.1–71.8)
Raleigh, North Carolina	932	71.7	1.8	(68.2–75.1)
Rapid City, South Dakota	1,049	69.0	1.9	(65.1–72.8)
Reno, Nevada	1,498	65.2	1.9	(61.5–68.8)
Richmond, Virginia	1,008	73.9	1.9	(70.2–77.6)

See table footnotes on page 43.

TABLE 17. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who have visited a dentist, dental hygienist, or dental clinic within the past year, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	1,529	63.0	1.7	(59.6–66.4)
Rockingham County-Strafford County, New Hampshire*	1,654	75.5	1.5	(72.6–78.4)
Rutland, Vermont	591	64.9	2.7	(59.6–70.3)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	998	72.2	2.1	(68.2–76.3)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	2,052	69.1	1.5	(66.1–72.0)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	2,110	65.1	1.9	(61.3–68.9)
Salt Lake City, Utah	4,565	67.3	1.0	(65.5–69.2)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	775	62.1	2.4	(57.4–66.8)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	1,127	71.5	1.9	(67.7–75.3)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California*	596	72.7	2.7	(67.4–78.0)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	684	76.4	2.2	(72.1–80.7)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	3,918	69.0	0.9	(67.3–70.7)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	691	66.1	2.3	(61.7–70.5)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	1,848	66.3	2.1	(62.1–70.5)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	625	59.6	3.2	(53.3–65.9)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	739	66.9	2.4	(62.2–71.6)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington*	5,079	71.8	0.9	(70.1–73.5)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	567	54.3	2.8	(48.7–59.8)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland*	2,289	77.9	1.5	(75.1–80.8)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	1,200	68.0	2.9	(62.3–73.7)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	1,458	74.0	1.6	(70.9–77.0)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	702	60.0	2.7	(54.7–65.3)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	1,095	64.7	2.0	(60.7–68.6)
Springfield, Massachusetts	2,326	72.7	1.5	(69.7–75.6)

TABLE 17. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who have visited a dentist, dental hygienist, or dental clinic within the past year, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington*	1,172	67.0	1.8	(63.4–70.5)
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	825	57.6	2.5	(52.8–62.4)
Toledo, Ohio	966	67.8	2.6	(62.8–72.9)
Topeka, Kansas	1,081	66.2	2.0	(62.4–70.1)
Torrington, Connecticut	660	78.1	2.2	(73.9–82.4)
Trenton, New Jersey	571	72.8	2.7	(67.5–78.1)
Tucson, Arizona	990	61.9	2.2	(57.6–66.2)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	1,738	61.0	1.5	(58.1–63.9)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	574	59.4	3.4	(52.6–66.1)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	4,332	71.5	1.0	(69.5–73.5)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	551	67.5	3.3	(61.0–74.0)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	1,486	71.8	1.6	(68.6–75.0)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan*	2,177	73.4	1.3	(70.9–75.9)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia*	8,145	72.5	0.9	(70.8–74.3)
Wichita, Kansas	2,338	69.5	1.3	(66.9–72.0)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey*	3,213	71.9	1.2	(69.5–74.4)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	779	67.9	2.1	(63.8–72.0)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	2,825	73.7	1.3	(71.2–76.2)
Yakima, Washington	528	54.1	3.0	(48.1–60.1)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	924	65.9	2.7	(60.5–71.3)
<i>Median</i>		67.5		
<i>Range</i>		44.8–81.7		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* Metropolitan division.

TABLE 18. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who have visited a dentist, dental hygienist or dental clinic within the past year, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	947	59.6	2.0	(55.7–63.5)
Madison County, Alabama	509	69.1	2.7	(63.7–74.5)
Mobile County, Alabama	805	53.4	2.8	(47.9–58.8)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	898	71.5	1.8	(68.0–75.0)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	595	62.4	2.6	(57.3–67.6)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	597	62.5	2.6	(57.4–67.6)
Maricopa County, Arizona	2,109	63.3	1.4	(60.5–66.0)
Pima County, Arizona	990	61.9	2.2	(57.6–66.2)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	741	61.8	2.6	(56.6–66.9)
Alameda County, California	619	67.1	3.1	(61.1–73.2)
Los Angeles County, California	3,497	63.8	1.2	(61.5–66.1)
Orange County, California	1,037	73.0	2.0	(69.1–77.0)
Riverside County, California	824	63.8	2.4	(59.2–68.4)
Sacramento County, California	609	72.6	2.6	(67.4–77.7)
San Bernardino County, California	705	62.5	2.5	(57.6–67.4)
San Diego County, California	1,127	71.5	1.9	(67.7–75.3)
Santa Clara County, California	665	76.3	2.3	(71.9–80.8)
Adams County, Colorado	800	56.9	2.3	(52.4–61.4)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	854	68.9	1.9	(65.1–72.7)
Boulder County, Colorado	514	71.4	2.6	(66.3–76.5)
Denver County, Colorado	988	62.2	1.9	(58.5–65.8)
Douglas County, Colorado	543	79.0	2.2	(74.8–83.3)
El Paso County, Colorado	1,017	70.0	1.8	(66.5–73.5)
Jefferson County, Colorado	1,115	70.5	1.7	(67.2–73.9)
Larimer County, Colorado	595	72.9	2.3	(68.4–77.3)
Weld County, Colorado	534	60.6	2.7	(55.3–65.8)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	2,165	73.1	1.5	(70.2–76.1)
Hartford County, Connecticut	1,965	80.8	1.3	(78.3–83.3)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	660	78.1	2.2	(73.9–82.4)
New Haven County, Connecticut	1,993	72.6	1.4	(69.8–75.5)
New London County, Connecticut	995	77.2	2.1	(73.1–81.3)
Kent County, Delaware	1,436	65.7	1.9	(62.0–69.3)
New Castle County, Delaware	2,323	73.7	1.2	(71.3–76.1)
Sussex County, Delaware	1,393	63.9	1.9	(60.3–67.6)
District of Columbia, District of Columbia	3,801	71.1	1.2	(68.6–73.5)
Broward County, Florida	528	64.2	3.3	(57.8–70.5)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	809	61.1	2.8	(55.6–66.7)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	1,343	66.7	1.8	(63.2–70.3)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	4,332	71.5	1.0	(69.5–73.5)
Kauai County, Hawaii	668	64.6	2.9	(58.9–70.3)
Mauai County, Hawaii	1,215	70.2	2.0	(66.3–74.1)
Ada County, Idaho	805	73.3	2.3	(68.8–77.8)
Canyon County, Idaho	501	62.1	3.6	(55.0–69.1)
Cook County, Illinois	1,500	65.8	1.7	(62.4–69.2)
Lake County, Indiana	878	54.6	2.8	(49.0–60.1)
Marion County, Indiana	1,269	64.1	1.8	(60.5–67.7)
Polk County, Iowa	802	74.4	2.0	(70.6–78.2)
Johnson County, Kansas	2,166	76.6	1.3	(74.0–79.2)
Sedgwick County, Kansas	1,783	69.5	1.5	(66.6–72.4)
Shawnee County, Kansas	767	67.7	2.3	(63.1–72.3)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	865	53.9	3.1	(47.8–59.9)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	1,670	64.9	2.0	(61.0–68.8)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	565	63.6	2.7	(58.2–69.0)
Androscoggin County, Maine	697	61.1	2.2	(56.8–65.5)
Aroostook County, Maine	534	51.3	2.6	(46.1–56.4)
Cumberland County, Maine	1,753	72.4	1.3	(69.8–75.1)
Kennebec County, Maine	828	66.8	2.0	(62.9–70.8)
Penobscot County, Maine	924	63.2	2.0	(59.3–67.2)
York County, Maine	1,192	68.6	1.6	(65.4–71.8)

See table footnotes on page 45.

TABLE 18. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who have visited a dentist, dental hygienist or dental clinic within the past year, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	890	70.1	2.4	(65.4–74.8)
Baltimore County, Maryland	1,505	73.2	1.7	(69.8–76.6)
Charles County, Maryland	509	68.2	3.8	(60.9–75.6)
Frederick County, Maryland	752	79.1	2.5	(74.2–84.1)
Montgomery County, Maryland	1,537	77.7	1.7	(74.4–81.0)
Prince George's County, Maryland	1,127	67.8	2.3	(63.3–72.4)
Washington County, Maryland	532	78.9	2.7	(73.6–84.2)
Baltimore city, Maryland	735	69.8	2.6	(64.7–75.0)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	558	81.7	2.1	(77.5–85.8)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	2,624	73.2	1.5	(70.1–76.2)
Essex County, Massachusetts	2,545	79.5	1.3	(77.0–82.0)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	1,944	70.5	1.8	(67.0–73.9)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	4,330	79.0	0.9	(77.2–80.8)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	1,751	81.7	1.3	(79.1–84.3)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	1,823	74.6	1.7	(71.3–77.9)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	2,283	72.9	1.4	(70.1–75.6)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	2,583	73.8	1.4	(71.1–76.4)
Kent County, Michigan	518	74.8	2.8	(69.4–80.2)
Macomb County, Michigan	609	72.7	2.2	(68.4–77.1)
Oakland County, Michigan	1,166	74.5	1.8	(70.9–78.1)
Wayne County, Michigan	2,194	62.4	1.7	(59.1–65.6)
Anoka County, Minnesota	541	77.3	2.3	(72.8–81.9)
Dakota County, Minnesota	672	78.2	2.0	(74.2–82.2)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	3,284	75.7	1.2	(73.4–77.9)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	1,939	71.3	2.2	(67.1–75.6)
Jackson County, Missouri	880	69.1	2.6	(64.0–74.2)
St. Louis County, Missouri	944	71.4	2.1	(67.3–75.4)
Cascade County, Montana	704	61.4	2.4	(56.7–66.1)
Flathead County, Montana	555	60.7	2.4	(55.9–65.5)
Hill County, Montana	578	61.6	3.5	(54.8–68.4)
Lake County, Montana	890	57.2	2.7	(51.8–62.6)
Missoula County, Montana	778	61.2	2.2	(56.8–65.6)
Yellowstone County, Montana	749	62.5	2.0	(58.5–66.4)
Dakota County, Nebraska	731	57.9	4.7	(48.7–67.1)
Douglas County, Nebraska	3,552	68.4	1.0	(66.4–70.4)
Hall County, Nebraska	531	64.6	3.0	(58.8–70.5)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	1,438	72.8	1.4	(70.1–75.5)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	588	60.3	3.1	(54.3–66.4)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	1,171	73.7	1.7	(70.3–77.0)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	573	58.2	3.3	(51.7–64.7)
Clark County, Nevada	1,991	60.2	1.4	(57.6–62.9)
Washoe County, Nevada	1,479	65.0	1.9	(61.3–68.7)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	560	62.0	3.6	(54.8–69.1)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	526	73.5	3.0	(67.7–79.3)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	537	74.1	2.9	(68.4–79.7)
Coos County, New Hampshire	532	56.6	3.3	(50.1–63.2)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	561	70.7	2.9	(65.0–76.4)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	1,891	74.6	1.4	(71.9–77.3)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	700	73.2	2.3	(68.6–77.7)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	1,039	77.6	1.7	(74.2–81.1)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	615	70.2	2.9	(64.6–75.8)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	1,014	70.6	2.1	(66.4–74.7)
Bergen County, New Jersey	997	71.9	1.9	(68.1–75.7)
Burlington County, New Jersey	681	74.5	2.5	(69.7–79.3)
Camden County, New Jersey	738	68.6	2.4	(63.9–73.3)
Cape May County, New Jersey	546	74.5	3.2	(68.1–80.8)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	551	67.5	3.3	(61.0–74.0)
Essex County, New Jersey	1,327	66.0	1.8	(62.6–69.5)
Gloucester County, New Jersey	549	74.7	2.6	(69.7–79.7)
Hudson County, New Jersey	1,296	63.7	1.8	(60.1–67.3)

See table footnotes on page 45.

TABLE 18. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who have visited a dentist, dental hygienist or dental clinic within the past year, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	569	79.8	2.4	(75.0–84.6)
Mercer County, New Jersey	571	72.8	2.7	(67.5–78.1)
Middlesex County, New Jersey	876	69.2	2.3	(64.8–73.6)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	708	76.6	2.2	(72.3–80.8)
Morris County, New Jersey	846	80.1	1.9	(76.4–83.9)
Ocean County, New Jersey	656	74.3	2.3	(69.8–78.9)
Passaic County, New Jersey	681	64.8	2.5	(59.9–69.7)
Salem County, New Jersey	579	64.9	4.0	(57.0–72.7)
Somerset County, New Jersey	638	79.2	2.4	(74.5–83.9)
Sussex County, New Jersey	544	67.4	2.8	(61.9–73.0)
Union County, New Jersey	708	69.5	2.3	(65.1–74.0)
Warren County, New Jersey	523	72.8	2.8	(67.3–78.4)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	2,048	65.0	1.3	(62.5–67.5)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	701	61.8	2.4	(57.1–66.5)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	656	63.7	2.4	(58.9–68.5)
San Juan County, New Mexico	649	57.6	2.5	(52.7–62.4)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	691	66.1	2.3	(61.7–70.5)
Kings County, New York	499	64.1	3.0	(58.3–70.0)
Guilford County, North Carolina	505	63.3	2.7	(58.1–68.6)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	721	69.0	2.1	(65.0–73.0)
Robeson County, North Carolina	541	48.4	4.3	(39.9–56.9)
Wake County, North Carolina	693	75.1	2.0	(71.2–79.0)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	568	75.0	2.6	(70.0–80.0)
Cass County, North Dakota	838	72.7	2.2	(68.4–77.0)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	858	68.4	2.1	(64.3–72.4)
Franklin County, Ohio	833	71.5	1.9	(67.7–75.3)
Hamilton County, Ohio	768	73.0	1.9	(69.2–76.8)
Lorain County, Ohio	609	75.6	3.0	(69.7–81.6)
Lucas County, Ohio	619	65.5	3.2	(59.2–71.8)
Mahoning County, Ohio	588	68.7	3.3	(62.3–75.1)
Montgomery County, Ohio	657	65.5	2.6	(60.5–70.6)
Stark County, Ohio	620	65.4	2.7	(60.2–70.7)
Summit County, Ohio	627	67.1	2.7	(61.8–72.4)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	1,189	61.9	1.7	(58.5–65.2)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	1,200	61.2	1.8	(57.7–64.6)
Clackamas County, Oregon	506	69.9	3.0	(64.1–75.8)
Lane County, Oregon	521	63.9	2.9	(58.3–69.5)
Multnomah County, Oregon	885	70.4	2.1	(66.3–74.4)
Washington County, Oregon	610	71.4	2.5	(66.6–76.3)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	1,881	68.9	1.4	(66.2–71.6)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	1,848	66.3	2.1	(62.1–70.5)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	546	76.3	2.2	(71.9–80.6)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	2,043	61.7	1.5	(58.7–64.7)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	1,883	73.4	1.6	(70.2–76.6)
Kent County, Rhode Island	803	74.5	2.4	(69.9–79.1)
Providence County, Rhode Island	3,313	70.5	1.1	(68.2–72.7)
Washington County, Rhode Island	653	78.3	2.5	(73.5–83.1)

TABLE 18. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who have visited a dentist, dental hygienist or dental clinic within the past year, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aiken County, South Carolina	553	60.8	3.0	(55.0–66.6)
Beaufort County, South Carolina	802	71.5	3.1	(65.4–77.6)
Charleston County, South Carolina	1,009	58.5	2.3	(53.9–63.1)
Greenville County, South Carolina	900	60.4	2.2	(56.1–64.7)
Horry County, South Carolina	772	60.5	2.3	(56.0–65.0)
Richland County, South Carolina	956	63.1	2.3	(58.5–67.7)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	648	61.8	2.8	(56.4–67.3)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	496	79.2	2.5	(74.3–84.0)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	876	73.1	1.8	(69.5–76.6)
Pennington County, South Dakota	604	68.5	2.3	(64.0–73.0)
Davidson County, Tennessee	553	65.3	2.6	(60.1–70.4)
Shelby County, Tennessee	524	65.7	2.6	(60.7–70.7)
Bexar County, Texas	583	60.7	2.8	(55.3–66.2)
Dallas County, Texas	506	52.1	2.8	(46.7–57.6)
El Paso County, Texas	617	48.9	3.2	(42.5–55.2)
Harris County, Texas	762	59.6	2.1	(55.4–63.8)
Hidalgo County, Texas	610	44.8	3.2	(38.6–51.0)
Tarrant County, Texas	569	59.0	2.7	(53.6–64.4)
Travis County, Texas	1,046	65.1	2.5	(60.3–70.0)
Davis County, Utah	1,143	73.0	1.7	(69.7–76.2)
Salt Lake County, Utah	4,009	67.3	1.0	(65.3–69.2)
Tooele County, Utah	556	69.1	3.3	(62.7–75.5)
Utah County, Utah	1,661	68.9	1.5	(66.1–71.8)
Wasatch County, Utah	504	71.0	4.8	(61.5–80.5)
Weber County, Utah	1,032	69.1	2.0	(65.3–73.0)
Chittenden County, Vermont	918	76.7	1.7	(73.4–80.1)
Rutland County, Vermont	591	64.9	2.7	(59.6–70.3)
Washington County, Vermont	514	73.9	2.5	(69.0–78.9)
Windsor County, Vermont	544	72.8	2.4	(68.1–77.4)
Fairfax County, Virginia	737	77.5	2.0	(73.6–81.4)
Clark County, Washington	789	67.1	2.2	(62.7–71.5)
King County, Washington	3,908	72.6	1.0	(70.6–74.6)
Kitsap County, Washington	564	67.0	2.8	(61.6–72.5)
Pierce County, Washington	1,172	67.0	1.8	(63.4–70.5)
Snohomish County, Washington	1,171	69.2	1.8	(65.6–72.7)
Spokane County, Washington	950	66.3	2.2	(62.1–70.6)
Thurston County, Washington	515	71.4	2.7	(66.2–76.6)
Whatcom County, Washington	844	67.5	2.6	(62.3–72.6)
Yakima County, Washington	528	54.1	3.0	(48.1–60.1)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	638	65.6	2.2	(61.4–69.9)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	951	66.8	2.4	(62.1–71.6)
Laramie County, Wyoming	954	71.5	2.4	(66.9–76.1)
Natrona County, Wyoming	816	67.2	2.7	(61.9–72.5)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	665	70.5	2.1	(66.4–74.7)
<i>Median</i>		68.9		
<i>Range</i>		44.8–81.7		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

TABLE 19. Estimated prevalence of adults ≥65 years who have lost all of their natural teeth, by state/territory — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	3,035	23.6	1.0	(21.5–25.6)
Alaska	736	15.6	1.9	(11.9–19.3)
Arizona	2,760	13.3	1.0	(11.3–15.2)
Arkansas	1,819	23.7	1.3	(21.2–26.2)
California	4,243	8.7	0.7	(7.4–10.0)
Colorado	3,398	12.4	0.7	(10.9–13.8)
Connecticut	2,581	13.6	1.0	(11.6–15.6)
Delaware	1,645	16.9	1.3	(14.4–19.4)
District of Columbia	1,164	13.1	1.5	(10.3–16.0)
Florida	2,955	15.8	1.1	(13.7–17.9)
Georgia	1,828	18.4	1.2	(16.1–20.6)
Hawaii	1,938	7.0	0.9	(5.3–8.7)
Idaho	2,134	16.1	1.3	(13.5–18.6)
Illinois	1,944	16.1	1.1	(13.9–18.2)
Indiana	2,641	19.7	1.0	(17.7–21.7)
Iowa	2,421	17.3	0.9	(15.6–19.0)
Kansas	3,852	18.8	0.8	(17.4–20.3)
Kentucky	3,202	24.8	1.2	(22.5–27.0)
Louisiana	3,105	28.7	1.3	(26.2–31.3)
Maine	3,075	22.1	0.9	(20.3–23.9)
Maryland	3,962	14.5	0.9	(12.8–16.3)
Massachusetts	6,058	15.5	0.7	(14.0–16.9)
Michigan	3,372	13.3	0.8	(11.8–14.9)
Minnesota	3,266	12.0	0.8	(10.4–13.5)
Mississippi	2,770	25.0	1.0	(23.0–27.0)
Missouri	2,314	24.9	1.4	(22.1–27.6)
Montana	2,708	18.1	1.0	(16.2–19.9)
Nebraska	6,502	13.4	0.6	(12.2–14.5)
Nevada	1,503	15.1	1.4	(12.4–17.8)
New Hampshire	2,468	13.1	0.9	(11.3–14.8)
New Jersey	4,159	14.0	0.8	(12.4–15.5)
New Mexico	2,521	16.2	0.9	(14.4–17.9)
New York	1,651	15.1	1.4	(12.3–17.8)
North Carolina	3,495	21.0	0.9	(19.2–22.8)
North Dakota	1,528	17.1	1.2	(14.8–19.4)
Ohio	3,859	20.3	1.0	(18.3–22.2)
Oklahoma	2,581	21.0	1.0	(19.2–22.9)
Oregon	1,707	15.0	1.1	(12.9–17.1)
Pennsylvania	6,341	18.2	0.7	(16.8–19.6)
Rhode Island	1,583	12.5	1.0	(10.4–14.5)
South Carolina	4,178	19.5	1.0	(17.6–21.4)
South Dakota	2,287	19.4	1.7	(16.1–22.8)
Tennessee	2,276	24.8	1.3	(22.3–27.3)
Texas	2,604	13.4	1.0	(11.4–15.4)
Utah	3,181	12.9	0.8	(11.4–14.5)
Vermont	1,895	17.5	1.1	(15.4–19.6)
Virginia	2,137	16.1	1.0	(14.1–18.0)
Washington	4,746	10.9	0.6	(9.7–12.2)
West Virginia	1,667	33.7	1.3	(31.1–36.4)
Wisconsin	1,579	13.5	1.5	(10.6–16.4)
Wyoming	2,277	17.7	1.2	(15.4–19.9)
Guam	209	19.1	4.1	(11.2–27.1)
Puerto Rico	1,840	19.8	1.1	(17.7–22.0)
Median		16.2		
Range		7.0–33.7		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

TABLE 20. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who have lost all of their natural teeth, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	158	26.4	3.9	(18.7–34.2)
Akron, Ohio	223	14.8	3.0	(8.9–20.6)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	880	14.8	1.5	(11.9–17.7)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	422	14.9	2.1	(10.7–19.1)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California*	323	6.4	1.9	(2.7–10.0)
Anchorage, Alaska	230	12.7	2.9	(7.1–18.3)
Asheville, North Carolina	213	18.6	3.4	(11.9–25.2)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	660	14.7	1.8	(11.2–18.1)
Atlantic City-Hammonton, New Jersey	338	17.9	2.8	(12.4–23.4)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	342	21.3	4.1	(13.3–29.4)
Augusta-Waterville, Maine	215	28.7	3.8	(21.3–36.1)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	391	9.8	2.2	(5.5–14.1)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	1,354	15.9	1.4	(13.1–18.7)
Bangor, Maine	249	28.0	3.4	(21.4–34.7)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	260	12.2	3.0	(6.4–18.0)
Barre, Vermont	132	15.8	3.7	(8.5–23.2)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	483	27.5	3.1	(21.4–33.5)
Bellingham, Washington	268	7.6	2.1	(3.5–11.7)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	260	25.3	3.1	(19.2–31.3)
Billings, Montana	249	21.7	2.9	(16.0–27.5)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	566	23.4	2.3	(18.9–27.8)
Bismarck, North Dakota	245	17.0	3.4	(10.3–23.7)
Boise City, Idaho	493	13.6	2.3	(9.1–18.1)
Boston, Massachusetts*	1,620	13.0	1.2	(10.7–15.3)
Boulder, Colorado	127	N/A [†]	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	193	10.0	2.8	(4.6–15.5)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	582	12.9	2.6	(7.9–17.9)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	405	16.4	2.3	(12.0–20.9)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts*	1,800	12.7	1.2	(10.4–15.0)
Camden, New Jersey*	533	16.0	2.4	(11.2–20.7)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	220	26.9	3.8	(19.3–34.4)
Casper, Wyoming	308	18.4	3.3	(12.0–24.7)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	196	15.4	2.8	(9.9–20.8)
Charleston, West Virginia	232	34.0	3.5	(27.0–40.9)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	521	15.9	2.2	(11.6–20.3)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	664	21.9	2.2	(17.6–26.2)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	227	31.4	4.1	(23.4–39.4)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	373	14.4	2.1	(10.2–18.6)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	1,131	14.5	1.5	(11.7–17.4)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	613	20.7	2.4	(16.0–25.5)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	680	14.7	1.6	(11.4–17.9)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	533	19.0	2.9	(13.3–24.7)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	282	13.7	2.4	(9.1–18.4)
Columbia, South Carolina	496	17.4	2.6	(12.2–22.5)
Columbus, Ohio	401	17.6	2.5	(12.7–22.5)
Concord, New Hampshire	221	10.6	2.6	(5.5–15.7)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas*	214	14.9	2.8	(9.4–20.3)
Dayton, Ohio	260	19.3	3.1	(13.3–25.4)
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	1,156	11.7	1.2	(9.2–14.1)
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	341	12.2	2.1	(8.2–16.3)

See table footnotes on page 48.

TABLE 20. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who have lost all of their natural teeth, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan*	720	11.9	1.7	(8.6–15.1)
Dover, Delaware	469	20.1	2.3	(15.6–24.5)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	150	12.0	3.0	(6.2–17.9)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	202	11.1	2.7	(5.9–16.4)
El Paso, Texas	193	9.1	2.2	(4.7–13.5)
Eugene, Oregon	171	14.8	3.3	(8.2–21.3)
Fairbanks, Alaska	96	22.9	5.7	(11.7–34.2)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	255	7.0	1.7	(3.7–10.3)
Farmington, New Mexico	174	24.5	4.0	(16.7–32.3)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	112	15.9	4.0	(8.0–23.7)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	283	23.7	3.4	(17.2–30.3)
Fort Collins, Colorado	171	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	146	18.3	4.0	(10.6–26.1)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas*	213	14.1	3.6	(7.1–21.2)
Grand Island, Nebraska	296	12.7	2.4	(8.1–17.4)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	259	12.8	2.6	(7.6–17.9)
Great Falls, Montana	249	18.0	2.7	(12.7–23.2)
Greeley, Colorado	124	15.4	4.1	(7.5–23.4)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	240	15.8	2.6	(10.6–20.9)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	521	20.9	2.6	(15.8–26.0)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	255	21.8	3.0	(16.0–27.7)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	253	20.4	3.3	(13.9–26.9)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	185	8.0	2.0	(4.1–11.9)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	777	13.1	1.7	(9.8–16.4)
Heber, Utah	152	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Hilo, Hawaii	378	11.0	2.9	(5.3–16.7)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	474	7.7	1.5	(4.7–10.7)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	219	13.7	3.1	(7.7–19.7)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	334	28.0	3.0	(22.2–33.8)
Huntsville, Alabama	152	14.4	3.5	(7.5–21.2)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	176	25.2	6.4	(12.6–37.8)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	623	18.9	2.3	(14.4–23.5)
Jackson, Mississippi	277	22.1	2.9	(16.4–27.9)
Jacksonville, Florida	168	18.9	3.8	(11.4–26.4)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	363	9.7	2.1	(5.6–13.8)
Kalispell, Montana	172	14.5	3.4	(7.8–21.2)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	1,495	19.1	2.1	(14.9–23.2)
Kapaa, Hawaii	227	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Keene, New Hampshire	203	19.5	4.1	(11.4–27.6)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	151	16.0	3.7	(8.6–23.3)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	193	29.9	4.7	(20.7–39.2)
Knoxville, Tennessee	261	25.3	3.7	(18.1–32.4)
Laconia, New Hampshire	225	15.6	3.1	(9.5–21.6)
Lafayette, Louisiana	165	39.6	5.2	(29.3–49.9)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	209	8.9	2.6	(3.9–14.0)
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	493	14.2	1.9	(10.5–18.0)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	183	24.1	3.7	(16.8–31.5)
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	116	18.9	4.3	(10.5–27.4)
Lincoln, Nebraska	363	9.6	1.9	(5.9–13.3)

See table footnotes on page 48.

TABLE 20. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who have lost all of their natural teeth, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	354	18.3	2.6	(13.2–23.5)
Logan, Utah-Idaho	120	12.2	3.4	(5.5–18.9)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California*	861	8.4	1.5	(5.5–11.4)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	651	22.2	2.7	(17.0–27.4)
Lumberton, North Carolina	158	18.9	4.1	(10.9–26.9)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	506	12.7	1.9	(9.0–16.3)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	182	12.1	3.5	(5.3–18.9)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	405	18.6	2.6	(13.4–23.7)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	585	14.1	2.2	(9.9–18.4)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	320	8.9	2.0	(4.9–12.9)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	1,980	10.2	1.0	(8.2–12.2)
Missoula, Montana	219	17.2	3.2	(11.0–23.4)
Mobile, Alabama	297	24.2	3.4	(17.5–30.9)
Montgomery, Alabama	170	17.5	3.7	(10.2–24.7)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania*	340	10.7	2.0	(6.8–14.6)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	338	14.0	2.4	(9.2–18.8)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	334	21.7	3.0	(15.8–27.5)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York*	262	10.5	2.2	(6.2–14.8)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania*	1,898	12.9	1.4	(10.1–15.7)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	605	13.9	1.9	(10.3–17.6)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	389	20.9	3.0	(15.1–26.7)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey*	1,680	14.3	1.8	(10.8–17.9)
Norfolk, Nebraska	192	21.4	3.7	(14.1–28.7)
North Platte, Nebraska	247	19.4	3.6	(12.3–26.4)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	347	14.5	3.4	(7.9–21.1)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California*	296	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Ocean City, New Jersey	225	13.7	2.6	(8.6–18.8)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	620	11.9	1.5	(8.9–14.8)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	629	16.4	1.7	(13.2–19.7)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	156	13.6	3.7	(6.3–21.0)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	1,487	12.5	1.2	(10.2–14.8)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	208	22.1	5.2	(12.0–32.2)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania*	675	16.4	1.8	(12.8–19.9)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	825	11.6	1.5	(8.6–14.6)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	1,115	22.5	1.7	(19.2–25.7)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	158	24.8	4.3	(16.5–33.1)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	1,042	16.0	1.3	(13.4–18.6)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	881	11.5	1.4	(8.8–14.2)
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	2,415	16.2	1.2	(13.9–18.6)
Provo-Orem, Utah	375	10.6	1.8	(7.0–14.2)
Raleigh, North Carolina	180	16.9	3.3	(10.4–23.4)
Rapid City, South Dakota	287	17.9	3.3	(11.4–24.4)
Reno, Nevada	492	14.8	2.3	(10.3–19.4)
Richmond, Virginia	301	17.8	2.7	(12.6–23.0)

See table footnotes on page 48.

TABLE 20. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who have lost all of their natural teeth, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	445	12.5	2.1	(8.4–16.6)
Rockingham County-Strafford County, New Hampshire*	514	11.3	1.8	(7.7–14.9)
Rutland, Vermont	188	13.4	2.9	(7.6–19.1)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	284	7.2	1.8	(3.7–10.7)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	651	21.2	2.5	(16.2–26.1)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	850	17.0	1.6	(14.0–20.1)
Salt Lake City, Utah	1,137	12.3	1.4	(9.6–15.0)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	237	9.4	2.3	(4.9–14.0)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	333	5.8	1.5	(2.8–8.8)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California*	174	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	187	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	1,137	16.3	1.3	(13.6–18.9)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	197	15.4	3.3	(9.0–21.9)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	663	26.6	2.2	(22.4–30.9)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	269	14.1	2.5	(9.1–19.1)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	259	21.8	3.4	(15.2–28.5)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington*	1,362	8.0	1.1	(5.8–10.1)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	182	22.7	3.8	(15.3–30.1)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland*	664	9.4	1.5	(6.5–12.4)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	450	21.7	4.2	(13.5–29.9)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	287	19.2	4.0	(11.3–27.0)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	223	29.5	4.7	(20.4–38.6)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	367	13.8	2.5	(8.9–18.7)
Springfield, Massachusetts	630	21.5	2.9	(15.9–27.2)
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington*	298	15.3	2.8	(9.9–20.8)

TABLE 20. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who have lost all of their natural teeth, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	305	15.1	2.5	(10.1–20.0)
Toledo, Ohio	292	12.6	2.9	(6.9–18.3)
Topeka, Kansas	332	18.7	2.5	(13.8–23.6)
Torrington, Connecticut	202	8.1	2.3	(3.7–12.6)
Trenton, New Jersey	147	10.8	3.2	(4.6–17.1)
Tucson, Arizona	371	12.7	2.1	(8.6–16.9)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	542	17.1	1.9	(13.4–20.7)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	196	22.8	4.1	(14.8–30.8)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	970	6.0	1.1	(3.9–8.1)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	159	20.0	3.9	(12.4–27.6)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	442	12.3	1.9	(8.6–16.0)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan*	654	11.4	1.8	(7.9–15.0)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia*	2,200	9.6	1.0	(7.7–11.5)
Wichita, Kansas	739	17.0	1.6	(13.9–20.1)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey*	876	17.8	2.4	(13.1–22.5)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	250	24.4	3.4	(17.8–30.9)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	776	19.7	2.2	(15.3–24.1)
Yakima, Washington	155	16.8	3.6	(9.7–23.9)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	333	20.8	3.4	(14.2–27.4)
<i>Median</i>		15.8		
<i>Range</i>		5.8–39.6		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* Metropolitan division.

† Estimate not available (N/A) if the unweighted sample size for the denominator was <50 or if the relative standard error is >0.3.

TABLE 21. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who have lost all of their natural teeth, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	268	24.7	3.3	(18.3–31.2)
Madison County, Alabama	130	14.7	3.7	(7.5–22.0)
Mobile County, Alabama	297	24.2	3.4	(17.5–30.9)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	126	13.2	3.6	(6.2–20.3)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	96	22.9	5.7	(11.7–34.2)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	104	N/A*	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Maricopa County, Arizona	611	11.8	1.6	(8.6–15.1)
Pima County, Arizona	371	12.7	2.1	(8.6–16.9)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	231	13.9	2.7	(8.6–19.2)
Alameda County, California	179	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Los Angeles County, California	861	8.4	1.5	(5.5–11.4)
Orange County, California	323	6.4	1.9	(2.7–10.0)
Riverside County, California	269	8.9	2.1	(4.9–13.0)
Sacramento County, California	163	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
San Bernardino County, California	176	19.2	4.2	(11.0–27.5)
San Diego County, California	333	5.8	1.5	(2.8–8.8)
Santa Clara County, California	177	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Adams County, Colorado	196	17.1	3.5	(10.3–23.9)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	198	10.2	2.7	(4.8–15.5)
Boulder County, Colorado	127	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Denver County, Colorado	221	11.7	2.7	(6.4–17.0)
Douglas County, Colorado	100	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
El Paso County, Colorado	230	13.8	2.5	(8.9–18.7)
Jefferson County, Colorado	313	9.2	1.9	(5.5–12.9)
Larimer County, Colorado	171	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Weld County, Colorado	124	15.4	4.1	(7.5–23.4)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	582	12.9	2.6	(7.9–17.9)
Hartford County, Connecticut	566	13.1	2.0	(9.1–17.2)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	202	8.1	2.3	(3.7–12.6)
New Haven County, Connecticut	605	13.9	1.9	(10.3–17.6)
New London County, Connecticut	347	14.5	3.4	(7.9–21.1)
Kent County, Delaware	469	20.1	2.3	(15.6–24.5)
New Castle County, Delaware	609	15.4	2.0	(11.4–19.4)
Sussex County, Delaware	567	17.4	1.9	(13.6–21.2)
District of Columbia, District of Columbia	1,164	13.1	1.5	(10.3–16.0)
Broward County, Florida	174	12.8	3.7	(5.6–20.0)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	258	17.7	4.2	(9.5–25.9)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	378	11.0	2.9	(5.3–16.7)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	970	6.0	1.1	(3.9–8.1)
Kauai County, Hawaii	227	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Maui County, Hawaii	363	9.7	2.1	(5.6–13.8)
Ada County, Idaho	253	12.2	3.1	(6.2–18.2)
Canyon County, Idaho	183	16.9	4.3	(8.6–25.2)
Cook County, Illinois	452	14.9	2.0	(11.0–18.7)
Lake County, Indiana	302	21.3	3.5	(14.5–28.1)
Marion County, Indiana	371	20.7	2.8	(15.4–26.1)
Polk County, Iowa	231	9.7	2.3	(5.1–14.3)
Johnson County, Kansas	648	11.1	1.5	(8.1–14.0)
Sedgwick County, Kansas	531	16.9	1.9	(13.2–20.6)
Shawnee County, Kansas	239	14.5	2.6	(9.4–19.6)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	314	29.0	3.4	(22.3–35.7)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	536	20.8	3.2	(14.4–27.2)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	179	25.0	4.4	(16.3–33.7)
Androscoggin County, Maine	183	24.1	3.7	(16.8–31.5)
Aroostook County, Maine	169	37.1	4.4	(28.4–45.7)
Cumberland County, Maine	513	14.9	1.8	(11.4–18.5)
Kennebec County, Maine	215	28.7	3.8	(21.3–36.1)
Penobscot County, Maine	249	28.0	3.4	(21.4–34.7)
York County, Maine	400	17.2	2.1	(13.0–21.3)

See table footnotes on page 50.

TABLE 21. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who have lost all of their natural teeth, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	242	18.1	3.6	(11.1–25.2)
Baltimore County, Maryland	443	14.0	2.4	(9.3–18.7)
Charles County, Maryland	113	19.6	5.3	(9.2–30.0)
Frederick County, Maryland	226	16.8	3.6	(9.8–23.8)
Montgomery County, Maryland	438	7.6	1.6	(4.4–10.8)
Prince George's County, Maryland	302	8.2	1.7	(5.0–11.5)
Washington County, Maryland	191	16.1	3.3	(9.7–22.6)
Baltimore city, Maryland	220	20.4	3.9	(12.8–27.9)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	260	12.2	3.0	(6.4–18.0)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	832	23.2	2.8	(17.8–28.7)
Essex County, Massachusetts	787	14.3	1.9	(10.7–18.0)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	541	21.3	3.3	(14.9–27.7)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	1,013	11.9	1.5	(8.9–14.8)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	509	10.2	1.8	(6.7–13.8)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	551	11.8	2.2	(7.5–16.0)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	560	18.9	2.3	(14.4–23.5)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	708	18.1	2.3	(13.7–22.5)
Kent County, Michigan	148	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Macomb County, Michigan	185	16.4	3.6	(9.2–23.5)
Oakland County, Michigan	364	8.4	2.1	(4.3–12.4)
Wayne County, Michigan	720	11.9	1.7	(8.6–15.1)
Anoka County, Minnesota	116	10.5	3.0	(4.6–16.3)
Dakota County, Minnesota	143	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	813	8.9	1.5	(6.0–11.8)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	575	10.2	2.1	(6.1–14.2)
Jackson County, Missouri	299	22.2	4.6	(13.2–31.2)
St. Louis County, Missouri	288	15.8	3.9	(8.3–23.4)
Cascade County, Montana	249	18.0	2.7	(12.7–23.2)
Flathead County, Montana	172	14.5	3.4	(7.8–21.2)
Hill County, Montana	172	15.9	3.3	(9.5–22.3)
Lake County, Montana	336	19.1	3.0	(13.2–25.1)
Missoula County, Montana	219	17.2	3.2	(11.0–23.4)
Yellowstone County, Montana	216	21.6	3.1	(15.5–27.6)
Dakota County, Nebraska	284	26.4	3.2	(20.1–32.8)
Douglas County, Nebraska	953	12.1	1.4	(9.4–14.8)
Hall County, Nebraska	176	13.0	3.0	(7.1–18.9)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	286	9.8	2.0	(5.8–13.7)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	238	19.3	3.7	(12.1–26.5)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	295	11.2	2.2	(7.0–15.4)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	247	13.9	2.7	(8.7–19.1)
Clark County, Nevada	493	14.2	1.9	(10.5–18.0)
Washoe County, Nevada	484	15.0	2.3	(10.5–19.6)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	225	15.6	3.1	(9.5–21.6)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	233	10.8	2.6	(5.8–15.9)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	203	19.5	4.1	(11.4–27.6)
Coos County, New Hampshire	199	24.9	3.5	(18.1–31.8)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	209	14.9	2.9	(9.3–20.6)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	506	12.7	1.9	(9.0–16.3)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	221	10.6	2.6	(5.6–15.7)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	311	10.8	2.2	(6.4–15.2)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	203	12.2	2.9	(6.5–17.9)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	338	17.9	2.8	(12.4–23.4)
Bergen County, New Jersey	220	9.5	2.2	(5.2–13.7)
Burlington County, New Jersey	198	17.0	4.4	(8.3–25.7)
Camden County, New Jersey	204	14.7	3.6	(7.8–21.7)
Cape May County, New Jersey	225	13.7	2.6	(8.6–18.8)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	159	20.0	3.9	(12.4–27.6)
Essex County, New Jersey	275	12.8	2.6	(7.8–17.8)
Gloucester County, New Jersey	131	16.5	4.0	(8.6–24.4)
Hudson County, New Jersey	258	21.8	3.9	(14.2–29.4)

See table footnotes on page 50.

TABLE 21. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who have lost all of their natural teeth, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	153	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Mercer County, New Jersey	147	10.8	3.2	(4.6–17.1)
Middlesex County, New Jersey	181	13.5	3.5	(6.8–20.3)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	213	9.2	2.2	(4.9–13.6)
Morris County, New Jersey	236	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Ocean County, New Jersey	237	11.1	2.4	(6.3–15.8)
Passaic County, New Jersey	142	21.8	4.3	(13.3–30.3)
Salem County, New Jersey	180	19.7	3.3	(13.2–26.2)
Somerset County, New Jersey	185	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Sussex County, New Jersey	158	14.4	3.5	(7.6–21.3)
Union County, New Jersey	154	20.8	4.3	(12.4–29.3)
Warren County, New Jersey	165	20.5	3.6	(13.5–27.6)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	518	13.7	1.8	(10.2–17.2)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	209	8.9	2.6	(3.9–14.0)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	189	13.6	3.2	(7.3–19.9)
San Juan County, New Mexico	174	24.5	4.0	(16.8–32.3)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	197	15.4	3.3	(9.0–21.9)
Kings County, New York	62	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Guilford County, North Carolina	141	12.6	3.3	(6.2–19.0)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	129	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Robeson County, North Carolina	158	18.9	4.1	(10.8–26.9)
Wake County, North Carolina	118	14.3	3.7	(7.0–21.6)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	163	15.6	4.2	(7.4–23.9)
Cass County, North Dakota	231	8.1	1.8	(4.5–11.7)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	226	17.4	4.1	(9.5–25.4)
Franklin County, Ohio	185	15.8	3.6	(8.8–22.8)
Hamilton County, Ohio	196	20.9	3.7	(13.6–28.2)
Lorain County, Ohio	218	18.1	3.7	(10.8–25.3)
Lucas County, Ohio	192	15.8	4.2	(7.6–23.9)
Mahoning County, Ohio	223	24.1	4.6	(15.1–33.2)
Montgomery County, Ohio	216	22.4	3.8	(15.0–29.8)
Stark County, Ohio	203	27.3	4.0	(19.5–35.1)
Summit County, Ohio	197	14.9	3.1	(8.8–21.1)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	283	14.2	2.3	(9.8–18.7)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	366	15.2	2.1	(11.0–19.4)
Clackamas County, Oregon	158	13.4	3.2	(7.1–19.8)
Lane County, Oregon	171	14.8	3.3	(8.2–21.3)
Multnomah County, Oregon	224	14.3	3.3	(7.8–20.8)
Washington County, Oregon	169	7.8	2.3	(3.4–12.2)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	652	19.7	2.0	(15.7–23.7)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	663	26.6	2.2	(22.4–30.9)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	133	10.4	2.9	(4.7–16.2)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	560	19.3	2.2	(15.0–23.6)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	737	12.2	1.2	(9.7–14.6)
Kent County, Rhode Island	214	13.1	2.8	(7.6–18.5)
Providence County, Rhode Island	909	14.9	1.5	(12.0–17.8)
Washington County, Rhode Island	243	8.2	2.1	(4.1–12.4)
Aiken County, South Carolina	188	15.0	2.9	(9.3–20.7)

TABLE 21. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥65 years who have lost all of their natural teeth, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Beaufort County, South Carolina	418	6.9	1.6	(3.7–10.0)
Charleston County, South Carolina	325	14.0	2.8	(8.5–19.5)
Greenville County, South Carolina	249	24.3	4.0	(16.4–32.2)
Horry County, South Carolina	264	14.2	2.5	(9.3–19.2)
Richland County, South Carolina	262	16.4	3.4	(9.8–23.1)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	207	29.0	4.9	(19.5–38.6)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	123	9.5	2.5	(4.5–14.5)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	147	19.9	4.6	(10.9–28.8)
Pennington County, South Dakota	142	15.9	3.5	(9.1–22.6)
Davidson County, Tennessee	152	17.2	4.4	(8.5–25.9)
Shelby County, Tennessee	125	17.6	3.7	(10.3–24.8)
Bexar County, Texas	167	10.1	2.8	(4.6–15.7)
Dallas County, Texas	124	14.5	3.8	(7.1–21.9)
El Paso County, Texas	193	9.1	2.2	(4.7–13.5)
Harris County, Texas	130	12.8	3.9	(5.3–20.4)
Hidalgo County, Texas	182	12.1	3.5	(5.3–18.9)
Tarrant County, Texas	149	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Travis County, Texas	290	8.3	1.9	(4.6–12.0)
Davis County, Utah	264	12.1	2.3	(7.6–16.6)
Salt Lake County, Utah	1,000	11.7	1.4	(9.0–14.4)
Tooele County, Utah	137	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Utah County, Utah	350	10.6	1.9	(6.9–14.3)
Wasatch County, Utah	152	N/A*	N/A*	(N/A–N/A*)
Weber County, Utah	279	9.7	2.0	(5.7–13.7)
Chittenden County, Vermont	228	14.9	2.9	(9.3–20.6)
Rutland County, Vermont	188	13.4	2.9	(7.6–19.1)
Washington County, Vermont	132	15.8	3.7	(8.5–23.2)
Windsor County, Vermont	199	13.7	2.9	(8.0–19.5)
Fairfax County, Virginia	156	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Clark County, Washington	227	8.1	1.9	(4.3–11.9)
King County, Washington	1,084	6.1	0.9	(4.3–8.0)
Kitsap County, Washington	193	10.0	2.8	(4.6–15.5)
Pierce County, Washington	298	15.3	2.8	(9.9–20.8)
Snohomish County, Washington	278	13.8	3.4	(7.1–20.5)
Spokane County, Washington	323	14.3	2.7	(8.9–19.7)
Thurston County, Washington	156	13.6	3.7	(6.3–21.0)
Whatcom County, Washington	268	7.6	2.1	(3.5–11.7)
Yakima County, Washington	155	16.8	3.6	(9.7–23.9)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	194	30.6	3.9	(23.0–38.2)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	239	12.6	3.2	(6.3–19.0)
Laramie County, Wyoming	373	14.4	2.1	(10.2–18.6)
Natrona County, Wyoming	308	18.4	3.3	(12.0–24.7)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	207	14.7	3.1	(8.7–20.7)
<i>Median</i>		14.5		
<i>Range</i>		5.8–37.1		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* Estimate not available (N/A) if the unweighted sample size for the denominator was <50 or if the relative standard error is >0.3.

TABLE 22. Estimated prevalence of adults aged 50–75 years who received a colorectal cancer screening based on the most recent guidelines,* by state/territory — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	4,673	65.9	1.0	(64.0–67.9)
Alaska	1,873	56.0	1.6	(52.9–59.2)
Arizona	3,525	58.5	1.4	(55.8–61.2)
Arkansas	2,485	56.8	1.3	(54.2–59.3)
California	5,512	67.2	0.9	(65.3–69.0)
Colorado	5,779	65.2	0.8	(63.6–66.8)
Connecticut	4,019	72.2	1.0	(70.3–74.1)
Delaware	2,490	71.5	1.3	(69.0–74.0)
District of Columbia	1,727	67.2	1.9	(63.4–70.9)
Florida	3,665	66.0	1.2	(63.6–68.4)
Georgia	2,894	67.7	1.2	(65.4–70.0)
Hawaii	3,255	64.9	1.3	(62.3–67.5)
Idaho	2,973	60.4	1.5	(57.5–63.3)
Illinois	2,657	60.9	1.3	(58.4–63.5)
Indiana	4,003	60.5	1.0	(58.5–62.4)
Iowa	3,312	66.2	0.9	(64.3–68.1)
Kansas	5,773	64.7	0.8	(63.1–66.3)
Kentucky	5,669	63.0	1.0	(61.0–64.9)
Louisiana	4,760	60.2	1.1	(58.0–62.3)
Maine	5,050	73.4	0.8	(72.0–74.9)
Maryland	6,275	70.8	0.9	(68.9–72.6)
Massachusetts	9,527	76.4	0.7	(75.1–77.8)
Michigan	5,222	69.2	0.9	(67.5–70.9)
Minnesota	5,558	70.6	0.8	(69.0–72.2)
Mississippi	4,034	58.4	1.0	(56.4–60.4)
Missouri	3,261	64.1	1.2	(61.7–66.5)
Montana	4,203	56.4	1.0	(54.5–58.4)
Nebraska	9,015	61.1	0.7	(59.6–62.5)
Nevada	2,302	58.6	1.7	(55.3–61.9)
New Hampshire	3,792	75.0	1.0	(73.1–76.9)
New Jersey	6,908	62.4	0.9	(60.6–64.1)
New Mexico	4,033	57.6	0.9	(55.8–59.5)
New York	2,512	69.6	1.3	(67.0–72.2)
North Carolina	5,411	68.6	0.8	(67.0–70.2)
North Dakota	2,262	58.1	1.3	(55.6–60.6)
Ohio	6,310	63.4	0.8	(61.7–65.0)
Oklahoma	3,892	58.5	1.0	(56.6–60.4)
Oregon	2,562	65.5	1.2	(63.1–67.9)
Pennsylvania	9,388	66.8	0.7	(65.3–68.2)
Rhode Island	2,580	72.9	1.1	(70.6–75.1)
South Carolina	6,229	65.1	0.9	(63.3–66.8)
South Dakota	3,576	62.5	1.4	(59.7–65.2)
Tennessee	3,458	64.9	1.1	(62.7–67.2)
Texas	3,923	58.2	1.2	(56.0–60.5)
Utah	5,008	67.9	0.9	(66.2–69.6)
Vermont	3,111	71.4	1.0	(69.5–73.4)
Virginia	3,470	67.9	1.0	(65.9–69.9)
Washington	7,604	67.4	0.8	(65.9–68.9)
West Virginia	2,749	63.2	1.1	(61.2–65.3)
Wisconsin	2,553	71.4	1.4	(68.7–74.1)
Wyoming	3,268	55.7	1.3	(53.1–58.3)
Guam	579	40.0	2.6	(34.8–45.1)
Puerto Rico	2,688	52.3	1.1	(50.1–54.6)
<i>Median</i>		64.9		
<i>Range</i>		40.0–76.4		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* Adults aged 50–75 years who have had a blood stool test in the past year, sigmoidoscopy in the past 5 years, and blood stool test in the past 3 years, or a colonoscopy in the past 10 years.

TABLE 23. Estimated prevalence of adults aged 50–75 years who received a colorectal cancer screening based on the most recent guidelines,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	249	50.2	3.7	(43.1–57.4)
Akron, Ohio	365	68.4	3.1	(62.3–74.6)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	1,418	65.4	1.6	(62.4–68.5)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	641	64.0	3.0	(58.2–69.8)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California†	369	68.8	3.7	(61.5–76.2)
Anchorage, Alaska	594	58.8	2.6	(53.7–63.9)
Asheville, North Carolina	299	68.3	3.3	(61.8–74.8)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	1,145	69.4	1.9	(65.7–73.0)
Atlantic City-Hammonton, New Jersey	522	65.4	2.7	(60.1–70.7)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	513	73.3	3.3	(66.8–79.9)
Augusta-Waterville, Maine	403	79.6	2.4	(74.8–84.4)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	631	62.6	3.3	(56.1–69.0)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	2,288	70.2	1.4	(67.5–72.9)
Bangor, Maine	448	73.3	2.4	(68.5–78.1)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	295	80.7	2.8	(75.2–86.3)
Barre, Vermont	273	78.4	3.1	(72.4–84.5)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	735	66.6	2.6	(61.5–71.8)
Bellingham, Washington	447	70.0	3.1	(64.0–76.0)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	379	63.4	3.3	(57.0–69.8)
Billings, Montana	345	59.5	3.0	(53.6–65.4)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	895	69.7	2.0	(65.7–73.7)
Bismarck, North Dakota	381	62.0	3.1	(55.9–68.2)
Boise City, Idaho	692	63.7	2.8	(58.2–69.1)
Boston, Massachusetts†	2,531	74.9	1.4	(72.2–77.6)
Boulder, Colorado	239	65.0	3.6	(57.8–72.1)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	309	72.3	3.1	(66.2–78.4)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	914	70.4	2.2	(66.1–74.8)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	694	73.4	2.1	(69.4–77.4)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts†	2,979	76.7	1.2	(74.4–79.1)
Camden, New Jersey†	912	63.6	2.1	(59.6–67.7)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	343	59.9	3.5	(53.0–66.9)
Casper, Wyoming	400	50.1	3.6	(42.9–57.2)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	253	73.3	3.3	(66.8–79.8)
Charleston, West Virginia	370	70.0	2.7	(64.6–75.4)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	807	67.2	2.3	(62.7–71.7)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	1,076	68.3	2.0	(64.5–72.2)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	311	61.4	3.9	(53.8–69.0)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	499	58.5	3.3	(51.9–65.1)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	1,670	58.4	1.8	(54.9–61.9)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	1,097	62.4	2.0	(58.5–66.2)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	1,009	71.2	1.9	(67.5–74.8)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	859	67.6	2.2	(63.3–71.9)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	534	68.6	2.4	(63.9–73.3)
Columbia, South Carolina	833	70.6	2.3	(66.0–75.2)
Columbus, Ohio	665	65.6	2.4	(60.8–70.3)
Concord, New Hampshire	342	79.6	2.8	(74.2–85.1)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas†	340	59.5	3.5	(52.6–66.4)
Dayton, Ohio	415	65.1	3.1	(59.0–71.2)
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	2,084	68.4	1.3	(65.9–70.9)
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	540	66.6	2.4	(62.0–71.2)

See table footnotes on page 53.

TABLE 23. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged 50–75 years who received a colorectal cancer screening based on the most recent guidelines,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan†	1,062	64.0	2.5	(59.1–68.9)
Dover, Delaware	688	68.8	2.5	(63.8–73.8)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	274	71.7	3.3	(65.3–78.1)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	346	75.2	2.9	(69.5–80.9)
El Paso, Texas	297	47.1	4.3	(38.6–55.6)
Eugene, Oregon	276	65.1	3.6	(58.1–72.1)
Fairbanks, Alaska	234	49.5	4.0	(41.6–57.3)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	417	62.1	3.3	(55.6–68.6)
Farmington, New Mexico	286	51.5	3.7	(44.3–58.6)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	221	72.7	3.7	(65.4–80.0)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	389	52.7	3.6	(45.6–59.7)
Fort Collins, Colorado	264	66.1	3.4	(59.5–72.7)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	222	56.0	4.0	(48.2–63.8)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas†	335	61.6	3.5	(54.8–68.4)
Grand Island, Nebraska	420	58.6	3.1	(52.6–64.7)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	448	71.1	2.8	(65.6–76.6)
Great Falls, Montana	350	58.8	3.1	(52.7–64.9)
Greeley, Colorado	229	56.2	3.8	(48.7–63.8)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	365	66.0	3.2	(59.8–72.3)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	736	66.8	2.3	(62.3–71.3)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	367	65.4	3.0	(59.5–71.3)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	392	66.4	3.7	(59.2–73.7)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	301	70.4	3.3	(64.0–76.7)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	1,216	73.1	1.7	(69.8–76.3)
Heber, Utah	223	76.3	4.1	(68.4–84.3)
Hilo, Hawaii	670	61.5	2.7	(56.1–66.9)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	534	63.9	3.2	(57.6–70.2)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	397	62.0	3.0	(56.2–67.8)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	584	65.4	2.4	(60.6–70.2)
Huntsville, Alabama	281	68.9	4.0	(61.2–76.7)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	272	58.5	4.7	(49.3–67.7)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	979	66.9	1.9	(63.1–70.6)
Jackson, Mississippi	438	64.2	2.8	(58.7–69.8)
Jacksonville, Florida	253	67.6	4.1	(59.7–75.6)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	577	60.5	3.2	(54.1–66.8)
Kalispell, Montana	263	59.9	3.4	(53.2–66.6)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	2,312	70.5	1.7	(67.2–73.8)
Kapaa, Hawaii	388	60.2	3.4	(53.6–66.8)
Keene, New Hampshire	291	71.0	3.3	(64.5–77.6)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	258	60.5	3.9	(52.9–68.2)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	300	67.2	3.7	(60.0–74.4)
Knoxville, Tennessee	405	72.5	2.9	(66.9–78.1)
Laconia, New Hampshire	311	70.4	3.6	(63.4–77.4)
Lafayette, Louisiana	279	56.7	4.0	(49.0–64.5)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	314	57.2	3.2	(50.9–63.4)
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	821	57.0	2.3	(52.5–61.5)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	324	70.0	3.1	(63.8–76.2)
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	228	69.9	4.0	(62.1–77.6)
Lincoln, Nebraska	641	67.1	2.3	(62.6–71.6)

See table footnotes on page 53.

TABLE 23. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged 50–75 years who received a colorectal cancer screening based on the most recent guidelines,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	557	66.8	2.6	(61.7–71.9)
Logan, Utah-Idaho	183	71.2	3.8	(63.8–78.7)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California†	1,132	63.4	2.2	(59.1–67.8)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	1,046	64.2	2.3	(59.7–68.6)
Lumberton, North Carolina	277	65.8	5.3	(55.3–76.2)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	919	77.4	1.7	(74.0–80.8)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	246	48.0	4.9	(38.4–57.6)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	597	63.9	2.9	(58.3–69.5)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	727	57.2	2.8	(51.6–62.7)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	572	71.8	3.0	(65.9–77.7)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	3,485	70.7	1.1	(68.5–73.0)
Missoula, Montana	370	62.1	3.0	(56.2–68.0)
Mobile, Alabama	447	61.5	3.3	(55.1–67.9)
Montgomery, Alabama	263	72.4	3.9	(64.8–80.0)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania†	529	71.1	2.4	(66.4–75.8)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	505	68.9	2.5	(63.9–73.9)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	588	70.6	2.4	(65.8–75.3)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York†	385	67.7	3.1	(61.7–73.8)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania†	3,040	62.4	1.5	(59.4–65.3)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	943	71.3	2.1	(67.2–75.3)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	632	62.2	2.4	(57.5–66.9)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey†	2,748	68.2	1.7	(64.9–71.5)
Norfolk, Nebraska	283	60.0	3.4	(53.4–66.6)
North Platte, Nebraska	314	61.1	3.8	(53.7–68.6)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	488	76.2	3.0	(70.3–82.2)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California†	397	78.3	3.2	(72.0–84.6)
Ocean City, New Jersey	286	68.0	3.6	(60.8–75.1)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	988	71.2	1.8	(67.7–74.7)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	1,080	63.1	1.8	(59.5–66.6)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	268	70.5	4.0	(62.6–78.4)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	2,345	64.9	1.3	(62.3–67.5)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	257	71.8	4.1	(63.7–79.8)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania†	1,043	69.1	2.0	(65.2–72.9)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	1,150	57.6	2.0	(53.6–61.5)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	1,556	63.6	1.5	(60.7–66.6)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	230	49.5	3.8	(42.0–56.9)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	1,628	73.6	1.3	(71.0–76.2)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	1,456	71.2	1.6	(68.0–74.5)
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	3,778	74.3	1.1	(72.2–76.4)
Provo-Orem, Utah	550	69.0	2.4	(64.3–73.6)
Raleigh, North Carolina	315	76.8	3.0	(70.8–82.8)
Rapid City, South Dakota	477	60.3	3.2	(54.0–66.7)
Reno, Nevada	747	63.7	2.3	(59.1–68.3)
Richmond, Virginia	462	72.9	2.6	(67.7–78.0)

See table footnotes on page 53.

TABLE 23. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged 50–75 years who received a colorectal cancer screening based on the most recent guidelines,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	595	64.4	2.7	(59.1–69.7)
Rockingham County-Strafford County, New Hampshire†	808	76.3	2.0	(72.4–80.2)
Rutland, Vermont	317	67.6	3.3	(61.2–74.0)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	417	71.7	3.5	(64.8–78.6)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	970	67.3	2.2	(63.0–71.6)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	1,177	70.2	2.0	(66.4–74.1)
Salt Lake City, Utah	1,904	67.6	1.4	(64.8–70.4)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	331	61.3	3.7	(54.0–68.5)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	377	66.7	3.3	(60.1–73.2)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California†	227	63.3	5.9	(51.7–74.9)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	244	70.1	4.2	(61.9–78.2)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	1,665	53.4	1.4	(50.6–56.2)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	349	60.3	3.0	(54.3–66.3)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	968	63.4	1.8	(59.9–66.9)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	335	53.6	3.6	(46.5–60.7)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	358	69.9	3.2	(63.8–76.1)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington†	2,311	68.9	1.3	(66.3–71.5)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	274	65.6	3.8	(58.2–73.0)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland†	1,093	70.6	2.1	(66.5–74.8)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	611	71.4	3.6	(64.3–78.5)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	561	64.5	2.9	(58.8–70.2)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	323	68.8	3.5	(61.9–75.7)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	570	66.5	2.4	(61.8–71.2)
Springfield, Massachusetts	1,038	78.8	1.9	(75.0–82.5)
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington†	563	68.6	2.5	(63.6–73.5)
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	387	67.1	3.2	(60.8–73.4)

TABLE 23. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged 50–75 years who received a colorectal cancer screening based on the most recent guidelines,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Toledo, Ohio	483	57.2	2.9	(51.4–62.9)
Topeka, Kansas	551	69.4	2.3	(64.8–74.0)
Torrington, Connecticut	345	72.3	3.2	(66.0–78.7)
Trenton, New Jersey	256	64.0	3.8	(56.6–71.3)
Tucson, Arizona	462	65.5	3.0	(59.7–71.3)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	818	63.0	2.1	(58.9–67.0)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	289	65.9	4.2	(57.7–74.2)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	1,620	67.0	1.7	(63.5–70.4)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	268	55.5	4.6	(46.4–64.6)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	716	71.5	2.4	(66.8–76.2)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan†	1,056	69.7	1.8	(66.1–73.2)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia†	3,640	69.9	1.3	(67.4–72.5)
Wichita, Kansas	1,124	68.6	1.8	(65.1–72.1)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey†	1,480	71.2	1.7	(67.8–74.6)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	358	68.2	3.0	(62.4–74.1)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	1,242	75.8	1.8	(72.1–79.4)
Yakima, Washington	232	54.5	4.9	(44.9–64.0)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	506	61.9	3.2	(55.7–68.1)
<i>Median</i>		67.0		
<i>Range</i>		47.1–80.7		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* Adults aged 50–75 years who have had a blood stool test in the past year, sigmoidoscopy in the past 5 years, and blood stool test in the past 3 years, or a colonoscopy in the past 10 years.

† Metropolitan division.

TABLE 24. Estimated prevalence of adults aged 50–75 years who received a colorectal cancer screening based on the most recent guidelines,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	432	69.2	2.8	(63.8–74.7)
Madison County, Alabama	238	72.9	3.9	(65.3–80.5)
Mobile County, Alabama	447	61.5	3.3	(55.1–67.9)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	330	60.7	3.3	(54.3–67.1)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	234	49.5	4.0	(41.6–57.3)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	264	53.4	3.8	(45.9–60.9)
Maricopa County, Arizona	886	57.2	2.1	(52.9–61.4)
Pima County, Arizona	462	65.5	3.0	(59.7–71.3)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	351	68.7	3.2	(62.4–75.0)
Alameda County, California	244	75.6	4.6	(66.5–84.6)
Los Angeles County, California	1,132	63.4	2.2	(59.1–67.8)
Orange County, California	369	68.8	3.7	(61.5–76.2)
Riverside County, California	318	60.6	3.6	(53.6–67.6)
Sacramento County, California	255	66.9	4.6	(57.8–75.9)
San Bernardino County, California	277	67.9	3.9	(60.2–75.6)
San Diego County, California	377	66.7	3.3	(60.1–73.2)
Santa Clara County, California	237	70.0	4.2	(61.7–78.2)
Adams County, Colorado	351	64.9	3.2	(58.6–71.3)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	349	70.3	2.8	(64.8–75.8)
Boulder County, Colorado	239	65.0	3.6	(57.8–72.1)
Denver County, Colorado	369	68.4	2.9	(62.7–74.1)
Douglas County, Colorado	219	69.0	3.6	(62.0–76.1)
El Paso County, Colorado	439	70.1	2.5	(65.1–75.1)
Jefferson County, Colorado	499	70.8	2.5	(65.9–75.7)
Larimer County, Colorado	264	66.1	3.4	(59.5–72.7)
Weld County, Colorado	229	56.2	3.8	(48.7–63.8)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	914	70.4	2.2	(66.1–74.8)
Hartford County, Connecticut	911	73.8	1.9	(70.1–77.4)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	345	72.3	3.2	(66.0–78.7)
New Haven County, Connecticut	943	71.3	2.1	(67.2–75.3)
New London County, Connecticut	488	76.2	3.0	(70.3–82.2)
Kent County, Delaware	688	68.8	2.5	(63.8–73.8)
New Castle County, Delaware	1,004	73.1	1.9	(69.5–76.8)
Sussex County, Delaware	798	70.1	2.2	(65.8–74.4)
District of Columbia, District of Columbia	1,727	67.3	1.9	(63.6–71.0)
Broward County, Florida	245	61.9	4.8	(52.5–71.2)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	333	53.3	4.8	(43.8–62.7)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	670	61.5	2.7	(56.1–66.9)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	1,620	67.0	1.7	(63.5–70.4)
Kauai County, Hawaii	388	60.2	3.4	(53.6–66.8)
Maui County, Hawaii	577	60.5	3.3	(54.1–66.8)
Ada County, Idaho	369	66.5	3.6	(59.5–73.5)
Canyon County, Idaho	242	59.5	5.1	(49.4–69.5)
Cook County, Illinois	632	55.7	2.6	(50.6–60.8)
Lake County, Indiana	436	50.1	3.9	(42.5–57.8)
Marion County, Indiana	561	65.4	2.7	(60.1–70.7)
Polk County, Iowa	381	65.8	2.8	(60.4–71.2)
Johnson County, Kansas	1,067	72.7	1.7	(69.5–76.0)
Sedgwick County, Kansas	827	70.0	2.1	(66.0–74.1)
Shawnee County, Kansas	365	72.1	2.8	(66.6–77.6)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	454	61.3	4.1	(53.3–69.3)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	819	66.6	3.0	(60.8–72.4)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	272	70.5	3.4	(64.0–77.1)
Androscoggin County, Maine	324	70.0	3.1	(63.9–76.2)
Aroostook County, Maine	289	74.5	3.0	(68.7–80.3)
Cumberland County, Maine	812	75.8	1.8	(72.2–79.4)
Kennebec County, Maine	403	79.6	2.4	(74.8–84.4)
Penobscot County, Maine	448	73.3	2.4	(68.5–78.1)

See table footnotes on page 55.

TABLE 24. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged 50–75 years who received a colorectal cancer screening based on the most recent guidelines,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
York County, Maine	607	71.0	2.2	(66.7–75.4)
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	419	73.3	2.9	(67.5–79.1)
Baltimore County, Maryland	727	71.1	2.2	(66.9–75.3)
Charles County, Maryland	236	69.8	4.3	(61.4–78.1)
Frederick County, Maryland	377	70.8	3.7	(63.6–77.9)
Montgomery County, Maryland	716	70.8	2.5	(66.0–75.6)
Prince George's County, Maryland	537	72.6	3.1	(66.6–78.6)
Washington County, Maryland	276	70.3	4.9	(60.6–80.0)
Baltimore city, Maryland	358	66.4	4.5	(57.5–75.2)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	295	80.7	2.8	(75.2–86.3)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	1,198	76.9	2.3	(72.4–81.5)
Essex County, Massachusetts	1,183	76.1	2.2	(71.8–80.5)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	852	78.5	2.2	(74.3–82.8)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	1,796	77.0	1.4	(74.2–79.9)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	776	76.3	2.3	(71.9–80.7)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	841	75.6	2.4	(71.0–80.2)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	914	71.9	2.5	(67.0–76.8)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	1,129	76.1	2.0	(72.2–80.0)
Kent County, Michigan	261	72.8	3.6	(65.7–79.9)
Macomb County, Michigan	279	67.5	3.4	(60.8–74.2)
Oakland County, Michigan	588	71.8	2.5	(67.0–76.7)
Wayne County, Michigan	1,062	64.0	2.5	(59.1–68.9)
Anoka County, Minnesota	243	71.5	3.4	(64.8–78.2)
Dakota County, Minnesota	268	71.7	3.3	(65.3–78.2)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	1,431	69.7	2.0	(65.9–73.6)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	965	68.6	2.8	(63.0–74.1)
Jackson County, Missouri	413	72.8	3.3	(66.4–79.2)
St. Louis County, Missouri	438	72.3	3.2	(66.0–78.6)
Cascade County, Montana	350	58.8	3.1	(52.7–64.9)
Flathead County, Montana	263	59.9	3.4	(53.2–66.6)
Hill County, Montana	300	51.2	3.9	(43.7–58.8)
Lake County, Montana	477	58.3	3.5	(51.5–65.0)
Missoula County, Montana	370	62.1	3.0	(56.2–68.0)
Yellowstone County, Montana	297	59.4	3.2	(53.2–65.7)
Dakota County, Nebraska	386	59.0	5.0	(49.1–68.9)
Douglas County, Nebraska	1,488	64.3	1.6	(61.2–67.5)
Hall County, Nebraska	256	59.0	4.1	(50.9–67.1)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	527	67.2	2.5	(62.4–72.0)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	304	61.9	3.8	(54.4–69.5)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	482	69.6	2.7	(64.4–74.8)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	308	53.5	3.9	(46.0–61.1)
Clark County, Nevada	821	57.0	2.3	(52.5–61.5)
Washoe County, Nevada	737	63.7	2.3	(59.1–68.2)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	311	70.4	3.6	(63.4–77.4)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	301	65.7	3.8	(58.3–73.0)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	291	71.0	3.3	(64.5–77.6)
Coos County, New Hampshire	287	65.7	3.6	(58.6–72.7)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	277	70.5	3.4	(63.7–77.2)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	919	77.4	1.7	(74.0–80.8)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	342	79.6	2.8	(74.2–85.1)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	504	77.7	2.4	(73.0–82.4)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	304	72.7	3.4	(66.0–79.4)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	522	65.4	2.7	(60.1–70.7)
Bergen County, New Jersey	383	62.0	3.5	(55.1–68.9)
Burlington County, New Jersey	313	66.3	3.4	(59.7–72.9)
Camden County, New Jersey	326	61.2	3.5	(54.4–68.0)
Cape May County, New Jersey	286	68.0	3.6	(60.8–75.1)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	268	55.5	4.6	(46.4–64.6)
Essex County, New Jersey	495	61.9	2.9	(56.1–67.7)

See table footnotes on page 55.

TABLE 24. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged 50–75 years who received a colorectal cancer screening based on the most recent guidelines,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Gloucester County, New Jersey	273	62.9	3.8	(55.4–70.3)
Hudson County, New Jersey	478	51.1	3.3	(44.7–57.5)
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	281	67.5	3.9	(59.9–75.0)
Mercer County, New Jersey	256	64.0	3.8	(56.6–71.3)
Middlesex County, New Jersey	328	62.4	3.6	(55.4–69.5)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	331	68.9	3.1	(62.8–75.1)
Morris County, New Jersey	399	61.5	3.3	(54.9–68.0)
Ocean County, New Jersey	288	62.8	3.6	(55.7–69.9)
Passaic County, New Jersey	260	62.3	3.6	(55.1–69.4)
Salem County, New Jersey	315	61.0	4.3	(52.6–69.5)
Somerset County, New Jersey	275	71.1	3.8	(63.7–78.5)
Sussex County, New Jersey	298	55.3	3.6	(48.2–62.5)
Union County, New Jersey	265	59.1	4.0	(51.2–67.1)
Warren County, New Jersey	268	59.3	3.7	(52.0–66.6)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	827	66.4	2.0	(62.6–70.3)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	314	57.2	3.2	(50.9–63.4)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	328	60.0	3.3	(53.5–66.4)
San Juan County, New Mexico	286	51.5	3.7	(44.3–58.7)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	349	60.3	3.0	(54.3–66.3)
Kings County, New York	128	71.0	5.5	(60.2–81.7)
Guilford County, North Carolina	212	72.5	4.2	(64.3–80.7)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	244	71.6	3.8	(64.2–79.1)
Robeson County, North Carolina	277	65.8	5.3	(55.3–76.2)
Wake County, North Carolina	210	77.3	3.6	(70.3–84.3)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	269	62.3	3.8	(54.8–69.8)
Cass County, North Dakota	382	60.6	3.2	(54.3–67.0)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	386	67.6	2.8	(62.0–73.2)
Franklin County, Ohio	304	67.3	3.3	(60.8–73.8)
Hamilton County, Ohio	321	63.6	3.5	(56.7–70.6)
Lorain County, Ohio	337	67.1	3.6	(60.0–74.1)
Lucas County, Ohio	308	56.0	3.6	(48.9–63.2)
Mahoning County, Ohio	330	55.5	3.9	(47.9–63.0)
Montgomery County, Ohio	325	69.6	3.2	(63.3–76.0)
Stark County, Ohio	308	60.3	3.8	(52.9–67.6)
Summit County, Ohio	313	68.9	3.2	(62.5–75.2)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	495	64.9	2.4	(60.2–69.6)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	550	64.7	2.5	(59.8–69.6)
Clackamas County, Oregon	264	70.7	3.8	(63.2–78.2)
Lane County, Oregon	276	65.1	3.6	(58.1–72.1)
Multnomah County, Oregon	390	70.4	3.2	(64.2–76.7)
Washington County, Oregon	268	74.8	3.4	(68.1–81.5)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	830	65.6	2.1	(61.5–69.6)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	968	63.4	1.8	(59.9–66.8)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	226	74.9	3.5	(68.1–81.8)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	891	65.4	2.2	(61.0–69.7)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	1,027	65.5	2.3	(60.9–70.1)
Kent County, Rhode Island	381	79.3	2.6	(74.3–84.3)
Providence County, Rhode Island	1,513	67.6	1.7	(64.3–70.8)
Washington County, Rhode Island	352	81.0	2.3	(76.4–85.5)

TABLE 24. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged 50–75 years who received a colorectal cancer screening based on the most recent guidelines,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aiken County, South Carolina	276	62.4	3.8	(55.1–69.8)
Beaufort County, South Carolina	460	64.0	3.2	(57.7–70.4)
Charleston County, South Carolina	494	67.9	2.9	(62.2–73.7)
Greenville County, South Carolina	364	70.8	3.2	(64.5–77.2)
Horry County, South Carolina	406	63.2	2.9	(57.5–69.0)
Richland County, South Carolina	436	75.2	2.9	(69.4–80.9)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	295	66.8	3.8	(59.4–74.3)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	218	60.1	4.2	(51.8–68.3)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	310	66.2	3.5	(59.3–73.1)
Pennington County, South Dakota	248	62.0	3.7	(54.8–69.2)
Davidson County, Tennessee	233	70.6	3.7	(63.3–77.9)
Shelby County, Tennessee	211	66.8	3.9	(59.1–74.5)
Bexar County, Texas	232	61.4	4.5	(52.6–70.3)
Dallas County, Texas	179	60.9	4.7	(51.6–70.2)
El Paso County, Texas	297	47.0	4.3	(38.5–55.5)
Harris County, Texas	241	60.1	3.9	(52.4–67.8)
Hidalgo County, Texas	246	48.0	4.9	(38.4–57.6)
Tarrant County, Texas	260	61.6	3.9	(53.9–69.3)
Travis County, Texas	488	62.0	3.5	(55.2–68.9)
Davis County, Utah	422	72.3	2.6	(67.2–77.5)
Salt Lake County, Utah	1,667	67.4	1.5	(64.4–70.3)
Tooele County, Utah	237	72.4	5.1	(62.3–82.5)
Utah County, Utah	523	68.7	2.4	(63.9–73.4)
Wasatch County, Utah	223	76.3	4.1	(68.4–84.3)
Weber County, Utah	454	70.9	2.7	(65.5–76.3)
Chittenden County, Vermont	378	75.4	2.6	(70.3–80.6)
Rutland County, Vermont	317	67.6	3.3	(61.2–74.0)
Washington County, Vermont	273	78.4	3.1	(72.4–84.5)
Windsor County, Vermont	297	73.1	3.3	(66.6–79.6)
Fairfax County, Virginia	300	69.9	3.5	(63.2–76.7)
Clark County, Washington	380	73.1	3.2	(66.8–79.4)
King County, Washington	1,761	70.5	1.5	(67.5–73.5)
Kitsap County, Washington	309	72.3	3.1	(66.2–78.4)
Pierce County, Washington	563	68.6	2.5	(63.6–73.5)
Snohomish County, Washington	550	64.6	2.6	(59.5–69.8)
Spokane County, Washington	481	68.9	2.5	(64.0–73.9)
Thurston County, Washington	268	70.5	4.0	(62.6–78.4)
Whatcom County, Washington	447	70.0	3.1	(64.0–76.0)
Yakima County, Washington	232	54.5	4.9	(44.9–64.0)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	299	70.4	3.0	(64.5–76.4)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	436	66.6	3.7	(59.3–74.0)
Laramie County, Wyoming	499	58.5	3.3	(51.9–65.1)
Natrona County, Wyoming	400	50.1	3.6	(42.9–57.2)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	277	52.2	3.5	(45.2–59.1)
<i>Median</i>		67.3		
<i>Range</i>		47.0–81.0		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* Adults aged 50–75 years who have had a blood stool test in the past year, sigmoidoscopy in the past 5 years, and blood stool test in the past 3 years, or a colonoscopy in the past 10 years.

TABLE 25. Estimated prevalence of women aged 21–65 years who have not had a hysterectomy and have had a Pap test in the past 3 years, by state/territory — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	2,297	84.0	1.1	(81.9–86.1)
Alaska	1,456	83.5	1.5	(80.6–86.4)
Arizona	1,787	78.8	1.6	(75.6–82.0)
Arkansas	1,223	79.0	1.5	(76.1–82.0)
California	4,008	85.6	0.9	(83.9–87.3)
Colorado	3,433	85.5	0.8	(84.0–87.0)
Connecticut	2,775	88.0	0.9	(86.2–89.7)
Delaware	1,649	88.9	1.0	(86.9–90.9)
District of Columbia	1,182	88.1	1.7	(84.7–91.4)
Florida	1,889	80.4	1.4	(77.6–83.1)
Georgia	1,724	84.4	1.2	(82.0–86.8)
Hawaii	2,357	82.2	1.2	(79.8–84.5)
Idaho	1,444	74.6	1.9	(70.8–78.4)
Illinois	1,626	85.7	1.2	(83.3–88.0)
Indiana	2,408	80.4	1.1	(78.3–82.6)
Iowa	2,005	87.0	1.0	(85.2–88.9)
Kansas	3,286	84.8	0.8	(83.2–86.5)
Kentucky	3,327	81.6	1.0	(79.7–83.6)
Louisiana	2,422	85.0	1.1	(82.8–87.3)
Maine	2,983	87.9	0.8	(86.3–89.4)
Maryland	3,942	88.2	0.9	(86.5–90.0)
Massachusetts	7,030	89.6	0.6	(88.5–90.8)
Michigan	3,010	86.2	0.8	(84.6–87.8)
Minnesota	3,801	87.8	0.8	(86.3–89.4)
Mississippi	1,995	80.9	1.2	(78.6–83.2)
Missouri	1,789	82.3	1.2	(80.0–84.6)
Montana	2,351	82.2	1.0	(80.2–84.2)
Nebraska	5,055	83.9	0.7	(82.6–85.3)
Nevada	1,393	77.4	1.6	(74.4–80.5)
New Hampshire	2,218	86.9	1.1	(84.7–89.1)
New Jersey	5,184	84.9	0.8	(83.3–86.4)
New Mexico	2,524	83.0	0.9	(81.2–84.8)
New York	1,942	82.6	1.4	(79.9–85.4)
North Carolina	3,483	86.3	0.7	(84.9–87.8)
North Dakota	1,226	84.3	1.4	(81.6–87.1)
Ohio	3,750	84.5	0.8	(82.9–86.0)
Oklahoma	2,153	81.0	1.0	(78.9–83.0)
Oregon	1,475	80.3	1.4	(77.6–83.0)
Pennsylvania	5,784	83.2	0.8	(81.6–84.9)
Rhode Island	1,826	88.7	1.1	(86.6–90.9)
South Carolina	3,306	82.1	1.0	(80.2–84.0)
South Dakota	2,213	86.7	1.2	(84.2–89.1)
Tennessee	1,932	85.8	1.0	(83.8–87.8)
Texas	2,642	80.6	1.1	(78.6–82.7)
Utah	3,621	79.1	0.9	(77.3–80.8)
Vermont	1,923	86.8	1.0	(84.8–88.9)
Virginia	2,216	87.4	0.9	(85.6–89.2)
Washington	4,389	83.0	0.8	(81.4–84.5)
West Virginia	1,472	80.9	1.3	(78.5–83.4)
Wisconsin	1,487	85.2	1.5	(82.3–88.0)
Wyoming	1,438	79.9	1.6	(76.8–83.0)
Guam	807	68.5	2.2	(64.2–72.7)
Puerto Rico	2,125	75.8	1.1	(73.6–78.0)
<i>Median</i>		84.0		
<i>Range</i>		68.5–89.6		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

TABLE 26. Estimated prevalence of women aged 21–65 years who have not had a hysterectomy and have had a Pap test in the past 3 years, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	193	70.3	4.0	(62.5–78.1)
Akron, Ohio	216	92.0	2.1	(87.8–96.1)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	948	84.9	1.4	(82.1–87.7)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	415	84.7	2.5	(79.8–89.6)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California*	272	88.3	2.5	(83.3–93.2)
Anchorage, Alaska	513	85.2	2.3	(80.7–89.6)
Asheville, North Carolina	153	88.7	3.7	(81.5–96.0)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	800	86.0	1.7	(82.6–89.3)
Atlantic City-Hammonton, New Jersey	284	82.7	3.0	(76.9–88.5)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	249	85.4	4.4	(76.7–94.1)
Augusta-Waterville, Maine	270	85.1	3.2	(78.9–91.2)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	420	82.3	2.7	(77.0–87.7)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	1,549	87.6	1.4	(84.9–90.3)
Bangor, Maine	284	89.5	2.3	(85.0–94.0)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	136	90.6	4.0	(82.7–98.4)
Barre, Vermont	186	89.7	3.6	(82.7–96.7)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	381	88.0	2.5	(83.1–92.9)
Bellingham, Washington	266	88.1	3.1	(82.1–94.2)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	205	77.7	5.4	(67.1–88.3)
Billings, Montana	226	84.9	2.6	(79.8–89.9)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	483	85.1	2.1	(80.9–89.3)
Bismarck, North Dakota	206	87.8	3.1	(81.7–94.0)
Boise City, Idaho	390	72.8	3.3	(66.3–79.4)
Boston, Massachusetts*	1,931	89.2	1.2	(86.8–91.6)
Boulder, Colorado	177	91.1	2.2	(86.8–95.5)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	162	85.2	3.4	(78.6–91.8)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	768	87.4	2.0	(83.4–91.3)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	500	86.5	2.1	(82.3–90.7)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts*	2,285	90.4	0.9	(88.6–92.3)
Camden, New Jersey*	673	84.1	2.2	(79.7–88.4)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	185	84.6	3.8	(77.2–92.1)
Casper, Wyoming	176	85.9	3.4	(79.3–92.5)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	158	88.6	4.3	(80.2–97.0)
Charleston, West Virginia	202	81.2	3.3	(74.8–87.6)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	465	86.5	1.9	(82.7–90.2)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	753	86.3	1.6	(83.1–89.4)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	160	88.8	3.1	(82.7–94.9)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	207	83.2	4.0	(75.3–91.1)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	1,176	86.0	1.4	(83.2–88.8)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	753	82.2	1.7	(78.8–85.6)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	541	85.3	2.1	(81.2–89.5)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	537	88.8	1.8	(85.3–92.3)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	318	83.5	2.7	(78.2–88.7)
Columbia, South Carolina	509	82.2	2.4	(77.5–86.9)
Columbus, Ohio	512	85.4	2.0	(81.5–89.3)
Concord, New Hampshire	192	89.0	3.4	(82.3–95.7)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas*	262	83.2	2.9	(77.6–88.8)
Dayton, Ohio	222	80.3	4.0	(72.5–88.2)
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	1,474	87.3	1.1	(85.1–89.4)
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	356	88.3	2.1	(84.2–92.3)

See table footnotes on page 58.

TABLE 26. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of women aged 21–65 years who have not had a hysterectomy and have had a Pap test in the past 3 years, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan*	654	88.2	1.8	(84.8–91.7)
Dover, Delaware	461	90.8	1.7	(87.5–94.1)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	144	85.5	3.9	(77.9–93.1)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	281	87.9	2.3	(83.3–92.4)
El Paso, Texas	197	71.6	5.1	(61.6–81.5)
Eugene, Oregon	139	77.9	4.7	(68.7–87.2)
Fairbanks, Alaska	207	79.7	4.0	(71.8–87.7)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	265	88.2	2.6	(83.1–93.3)
Farmington, New Mexico	195	83.7	3.0	(77.8–89.6)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	175	84.7	3.6	(77.6–91.8)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	204	75.9	3.9	(68.3–83.5)
Fort Collins, Colorado	165	91.0	2.6	(85.8–96.2)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	155	72.8	4.8	(63.5–82.2)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas*	190	79.6	4.0	(71.8–87.4)
Grand Island, Nebraska	217	81.4	3.2	(75.2–87.6)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	269	87.3	2.7	(82.0–92.7)
Great Falls, Montana	176	85.9	2.9	(80.2–91.6)
Greeley, Colorado	151	83.0	3.5	(76.2–89.9)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	248	86.9	2.7	(81.7–92.1)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	407	77.8	2.7	(72.5–83.2)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	171	77.1	3.9	(69.5–84.7)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	219	80.9	4.0	(73.1–88.8)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	198	83.8	3.5	(77.0–90.7)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	806	89.6	1.4	(86.9–92.3)
Heber, Utah	157	75.1	5.9	(63.5–86.7)
Hilo, Hawaii	405	84.8	2.4	(80.1–89.6)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	206	90.1	2.7	(84.8–95.4)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	364	82.5	2.3	(78.0–86.9)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	304	78.9	3.3	(72.5–85.3)
Huntsville, Alabama	189	87.5	3.2	(81.3–93.7)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	140	77.7	5.5	(67.0–88.5)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	655	87.2	1.6	(84.1–90.4)
Jackson, Mississippi	249	84.0	2.7	(78.8–89.3)
Jacksonville, Florida	134	84.1	4.0	(76.3–92.0)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	392	83.5	2.8	(77.9–89.1)
Kalispell, Montana	134	87.3	3.2	(81.0–93.5)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	1,418	85.0	1.6	(81.9–88.2)
Kapaa, Hawaii	194	79.9	5.2	(69.6–90.1)
Keene, New Hampshire	157	87.2	4.1	(79.1–95.3)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	148	86.9	3.6	(79.9–94.0)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	147	81.3	3.9	(73.6–89.0)
Knoxville, Tennessee	250	89.5	2.6	(84.4–94.6)
Laconia, New Hampshire	142	84.4	6.6	(71.5–97.4)
Lafayette, Louisiana	174	86.0	3.5	(79.2–92.8)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	202	80.2	3.6	(73.2–87.2)
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	659	76.6	2.0	(72.7–80.4)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	230	92.8	2.1	(88.6–96.9)
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	161	88.0	3.3	(81.5–94.6)
Lincoln, Nebraska	502	85.6	1.8	(82.1–89.1)

See table footnotes on page 58.

TABLE 26. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of women aged 21–65 years who have not had a hysterectomy and have had a Pap test in the past 3 years, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	302	83.7	2.7	(78.4–88.9)
Logan, Utah-Idaho	164	83.5	3.4	(76.8–90.3)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California*	948	88.0	1.8	(84.5–91.5)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	639	86.3	2.0	(82.5–90.2)
Lumberton, North Carolina	158	80.8	5.5	(69.9–91.7)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	613	86.1	2.0	(82.2–89.9)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	233	75.5	4.0	(67.6–83.4)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	376	84.8	2.6	(79.7–89.9)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	464	78.4	3.1	(72.3–84.4)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	378	83.0	3.2	(76.7–89.2)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	2,565	87.6	1.0	(85.7–89.5)
Missoula, Montana	241	86.7	2.5	(81.9–91.6)
Mobile, Alabama	214	82.3	3.6	(75.2–89.4)
Montgomery, Alabama	166	87.0	3.6	(80.0–93.9)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania*	421	79.1	3.4	(72.5–85.8)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	250	80.9	3.1	(74.8–87.1)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	444	86.2	2.0	(82.3–90.0)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York*	298	85.1	3.2	(78.8–91.5)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania*	2,162	85.9	1.2	(83.5–88.2)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	634	86.3	1.8	(82.8–89.8)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	364	86.2	2.5	(81.3–91.1)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey*	2,497	81.1	1.7	(77.8–84.5)
Norfolk, Nebraska	154	80.6	4.2	(72.2–88.9)
North Platte, Nebraska	139	77.8	4.7	(68.6–87.0)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	290	88.8	2.5	(83.9–93.8)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California*	309	85.2	2.9	(79.5–90.8)
Ocean City, New Jersey	158	81.9	4.3	(73.5–90.3)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	685	83.7	1.8	(80.2–87.1)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	740	80.5	1.9	(76.8–84.1)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	162	82.4	3.5	(75.5–89.3)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	1,699	84.9	1.1	(82.7–87.2)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	158	81.0	4.3	(72.6–89.4)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania*	815	84.8	1.9	(81.1–88.6)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	683	78.3	2.2	(73.9–82.7)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	963	83.8	1.5	(80.9–86.6)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	184	72.3	4.1	(64.4–80.3)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	1,027	89.0	1.3	(86.4–91.5)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	971	82.5	1.7	(79.3–85.8)
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	2,661	88.2	1.0	(86.2–90.2)
Provo-Orem, Utah	538	73.1	2.3	(68.6–77.7)
Raleigh, North Carolina	326	91.1	1.8	(87.6–94.5)
Rapid City, South Dakota	306	83.1	3.5	(76.2–90.0)
Reno, Nevada	403	79.6	3.0	(73.6–85.5)
Richmond, Virginia	284	91.2	2.1	(87.2–95.3)

See table footnotes on page 58.

TABLE 26. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of women aged 21–65 years who have not had a hysterectomy and have had a Pap test in the past 3 years, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	432	84.6	2.3	(80.0–89.1)
Rockingham County-Strafford County, New Hampshire*	545	89.2	2.0	(85.3–93.1)
Rutland, Vermont	201	86.4	3.2	(80.2–92.7)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	308	89.2	2.2	(84.9–93.6)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	609	90.6	1.5	(87.7–93.5)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	558	85.6	2.9	(79.8–91.4)
Salt Lake City, Utah	1,378	79.2	1.4	(76.3–82.0)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	223	84.0	3.0	(78.2–89.8)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	317	82.5	3.4	(75.9–89.2)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California*	168	89.2	3.1	(83.1–95.4)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	185	87.4	3.3	(80.9–94.0)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	1,333	77.4	1.4	(74.7–80.1)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	228	86.1	2.8	(80.6–91.6)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	462	70.5	6.7	(57.4–83.7)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	136	75.0	5.7	(63.9–86.1)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	213	84.0	3.0	(78.1–89.9)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington*	1,555	85.6	1.3	(83.0–88.1)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	160	85.2	3.8	(77.8–92.7)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland*	700	89.3	1.7	(85.9–92.7)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	274	89.3	3.4	(82.7–96.0)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	460	88.8	2.0	(84.8–92.7)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	178	80.3	4.1	(72.3–88.3)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	298	82.6	2.9	(76.9–88.3)
Springfield, Massachusetts	770	90.1	1.5	(87.2–93.0)

TABLE 26. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of women aged 21–65 years who have not had a hysterectomy and have had a Pap test in the past 3 years, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington*	335	84.1	2.5	(79.2–89.0)
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	210	80.6	3.4	(74.0–87.1)
Toledo, Ohio	285	85.2	2.9	(79.6–90.9)
Topeka, Kansas	316	84.1	2.5	(79.1–89.0)
Torrington, Connecticut	212	89.8	2.3	(85.3–94.3)
Trenton, New Jersey	175	88.4	3.3	(82.0–94.8)
Tucson, Arizona	250	84.3	2.8	(78.7–89.8)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	483	82.5	2.2	(78.2–86.8)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	158	89.6	3.1	(83.6–95.6)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	1,366	81.8	1.5	(78.8–84.8)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	189	88.9	2.5	(84.0–93.8)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	424	89.4	1.8	(85.8–93.0)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan*	691	88.1	1.6	(85.1–91.2)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia*	2,689	88.0	1.2	(85.7–90.3)
Wichita, Kansas	674	84.7	1.9	(80.9–88.5)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey*	1,113	89.1	1.2	(86.8–91.4)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	218	90.8	2.1	(86.6–95.0)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	921	88.7	1.7	(85.4–92.0)
Yakima, Washington	160	72.7	4.7	(63.5–81.9)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	271	86.6	3.1	(80.6–92.6)
<i>Median</i>		85.2		
<i>Range</i>		70.3–92.8		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* Metropolitan division.

TABLE 27. Estimated prevalence of women aged 21–65 years who have not had a hysterectomy and have had a Pap test in the past 3 years, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	272	85.7	2.6	(80.6–90.8)
Madison County, Alabama	161	88.1	3.7	(80.7–95.4)
Mobile County, Alabama	214	82.3	3.6	(75.2–89.4)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	302	85.2	2.8	(79.7–90.7)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	207	79.7	4.0	(71.8–87.7)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	211	84.9	3.0	(79.0–90.8)
Maricopa County, Arizona	579	78.1	2.3	(73.5–82.7)
Pima County, Arizona	250	84.3	2.8	(78.7–89.8)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	200	83.9	3.1	(77.8–89.9)
Alameda County, California	193	80.3	4.3	(71.9–88.7)
Los Angeles County, California	948	88.0	1.8	(84.5–91.5)
Orange County, California	272	88.3	2.5	(83.3–93.2)
Riverside County, California	215	82.5	3.8	(75.0–90.1)
Sacramento County, California	189	88.6	2.6	(83.6–93.7)
San Bernardino County, California	217	86.7	2.9	(81.1–92.3)
San Diego County, California	317	82.5	3.4	(75.9–89.2)
Santa Clara County, California	182	87.2	3.4	(80.6–93.9)
Adams County, Colorado	252	84.4	2.9	(78.8–90.1)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	250	85.6	2.5	(80.8–90.5)
Boulder County, Colorado	177	91.1	2.2	(86.8–95.5)
Denver County, Colorado	298	89.4	2.1	(85.4–93.5)
Douglas County, Colorado	189	93.6	2.1	(89.4–97.7)
El Paso County, Colorado	278	84.1	2.7	(78.7–89.4)
Jefferson County, Colorado	332	87.0	2.3	(82.5–91.4)
Larimer County, Colorado	165	91.0	2.6	(85.8–96.2)
Weld County, Colorado	151	83.0	3.5	(76.2–89.9)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	768	87.4	2.0	(83.4–91.3)
Hartford County, Connecticut	609	90.3	1.4	(87.4–93.1)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	212	89.8	2.3	(85.3–94.3)
New Haven County, Connecticut	634	86.3	1.8	(82.9–89.8)
New London County, Connecticut	290	88.8	2.5	(83.8–93.8)
Kent County, Delaware	461	90.8	1.7	(87.5–94.1)
New Castle County, Delaware	812	88.6	1.3	(86.0–91.3)
Sussex County, Delaware	376	88.4	2.5	(83.5–93.2)
District of Columbia, District of Columbia	1,182	88.1	1.7	(84.7–91.4)
Broward County, Florida	153	78.6	4.8	(69.2–87.9)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	241	80.5	3.9	(72.8–88.2)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	405	84.8	2.4	(80.1–89.6)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	1,366	81.8	1.5	(78.8–84.8)
Kauai County, Hawaii	194	79.9	5.2	(69.6–90.1)
Maui County, Hawaii	392	83.5	2.9	(77.9–89.1)
Ada County, Idaho	228	75.3	4.2	(67.1–83.5)
Canyon County, Idaho	127	65.7	6.5	(52.9–78.5)
Cook County, Illinois	472	86.7	2.1	(82.7–90.8)
Lake County, Indiana	258	76.2	4.3	(67.8–84.7)
Marion County, Indiana	407	86.1	2.3	(81.6–90.5)
Polk County, Iowa	256	87.1	2.5	(82.2–92.1)
Johnson County, Kansas	696	89.1	1.5	(86.1–92.1)
Sedgwick County, Kansas	533	85.9	2.2	(81.6–90.1)
Shawnee County, Kansas	234	86.2	2.9	(80.6–91.8)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	256	86.0	2.9	(80.4–91.6)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	485	85.9	2.6	(80.7–91.1)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	173	87.5	3.4	(80.7–94.2)
Androscoggin County, Maine	230	92.8	2.1	(88.6–96.9)
Aroostook County, Maine	152	90.3	2.7	(85.1–95.5)
Cumberland County, Maine	553	90.2	1.8	(86.7–93.8)
Kennebec County, Maine	270	85.1	3.2	(78.9–91.2)
Penobscot County, Maine	284	89.5	2.3	(85.0–94.0)

See table footnotes on page 60.

TABLE 27. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of women aged 21–65 years who have not had a hysterectomy and have had a Pap test in the past 3 years, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
York County, Maine	354	87.0	2.1	(82.9–91.1)
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	294	88.2	2.7	(82.9–93.6)
Baltimore County, Maryland	514	85.7	2.4	(81.1–90.3)
Charles County, Maryland	187	90.7	3.4	(84.1–97.4)
Frederick County, Maryland	229	89.4	3.1	(83.3–95.6)
Montgomery County, Maryland	471	89.7	1.9	(85.9–93.5)
Prince George's County, Maryland	380	89.4	2.5	(84.5–94.2)
Washington County, Maryland	157	77.8	5.5	(67.0–88.6)
Baltimore city, Maryland	232	90.2	2.9	(84.5–95.9)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	136	90.6	4.0	(82.7–98.4)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	835	86.9	2.2	(82.6–91.3)
Essex County, Massachusetts	819	91.6	1.4	(89.0–94.3)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	633	89.4	1.7	(86.1–92.7)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	1,466	90.0	1.2	(87.7–92.3)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	568	92.2	2.2	(87.9–96.5)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	567	92.0	1.5	(89.0–95.0)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	796	85.8	2.0	(81.9–89.7)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	856	89.9	1.6	(86.7–93.0)
Kent County, Michigan	161	83.9	4.1	(75.9–92.0)
Macomb County, Michigan	196	89.6	2.4	(85.0–94.3)
Oakland County, Michigan	358	87.7	2.8	(82.3–93.2)
Wayne County, Michigan	654	88.2	1.8	(84.8–91.7)
Anoka County, Minnesota	162	87.3	3.3	(81.0–93.7)
Dakota County, Minnesota	232	88.7	2.5	(83.8–93.7)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	1,057	88.1	1.6	(85.0–91.1)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	649	85.7	2.9	(80.1–91.3)
Jackson County, Missouri	241	81.7	3.7	(74.4–89.0)
St. Louis County, Missouri	289	92.4	1.9	(88.6–96.1)
Cascade County, Montana	176	85.9	2.9	(80.2–91.6)
Flathead County, Montana	134	87.3	3.2	(81.0–93.5)
Hill County, Montana	161	81.2	4.3	(72.9–89.6)
Lake County, Montana	231	79.3	3.2	(73.1–85.5)
Missoula County, Montana	241	86.7	2.5	(81.9–91.6)
Yellowstone County, Montana	201	85.0	2.7	(79.7–90.3)
Dakota County, Nebraska	166	90.7	2.8	(85.1–96.2)
Douglas County, Nebraska	1,065	85.4	1.4	(82.8–88.1)
Hall County, Nebraska	135	82.3	4.4	(73.7–90.9)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	445	86.1	1.8	(82.5–89.6)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	133	77.5	4.8	(68.1–87.0)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	371	86.5	2.2	(82.1–90.8)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	122	74.2	6.1	(62.2–86.3)
Clark County, Nevada	659	76.6	2.0	(72.7–80.4)
Washoe County, Nevada	399	79.5	3.1	(73.5–85.6)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	142	84.4	6.6	(71.5–97.4)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	140	84.2	4.6	(75.2–93.1)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	157	87.2	4.1	(79.1–95.3)
Coos County, New Hampshire	149	79.7	6.4	(67.1–92.2)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	150	83.0	4.3	(74.4–91.5)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	613	86.1	2.0	(82.2–89.9)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	192	89.0	3.4	(82.3–95.7)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	350	88.8	2.5	(83.8–93.8)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	195	90.1	2.8	(84.5–95.6)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	284	82.7	3.0	(76.9–88.5)
Bergen County, New Jersey	322	86.2	2.3	(81.6–90.7)
Burlington County, New Jersey	216	87.5	2.7	(82.1–92.9)
Camden County, New Jersey	253	78.5	4.6	(69.5–87.5)
Cape May County, New Jersey	158	81.9	4.3	(73.5–90.3)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	189	88.9	2.5	(84.0–93.8)
Essex County, New Jersey	490	83.8	2.4	(79.1–88.4)

See table footnotes on page 60.

TABLE 27. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of women aged 21–65 years who have not had a hysterectomy and have had a Pap test in the past 3 years, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Gloucester County, New Jersey	204	87.4	2.9	(81.7–93.2)
Hudson County, New Jersey	465	80.9	2.7	(75.7–86.2)
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	189	86.7	4.4	(78.0–95.3)
Mercer County, New Jersey	175	88.4	3.3	(82.0–94.8)
Middlesex County, New Jersey	287	88.3	2.6	(83.3–93.4)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	228	84.7	3.5	(77.8–91.7)
Morris County, New Jersey	272	90.9	2.1	(86.9–95.0)
Ocean County, New Jersey	177	83.9	3.7	(76.7–91.1)
Passaic County, New Jersey	244	75.8	4.5	(67.1–84.6)
Salem County, New Jersey	203	92.7	1.6	(89.6–95.9)
Somerset County, New Jersey	200	85.3	4.2	(77.1–93.6)
Sussex County, New Jersey	184	85.1	3.6	(78.0–92.1)
Union County, New Jersey	268	84.6	2.9	(78.9–90.4)
Warren County, New Jersey	176	90.4	2.5	(85.5–95.2)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	607	84.9	1.7	(81.6–88.3)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	202	80.2	3.6	(73.2–87.2)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	175	87.1	3.0	(81.1–93.1)
San Juan County, New Mexico	195	83.7	3.0	(77.8–89.6)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	228	86.1	2.8	(80.6–91.6)
Kings County, New York	188	79.0	4.7	(69.8–88.2)
Guilford County, North Carolina	160	92.3	2.7	(87.1–97.5)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	248	89.4	2.3	(84.9–93.9)
Robeson County, North Carolina	158	80.8	5.6	(69.9–91.7)
Wake County, North Carolina	249	93.9	1.6	(90.7–97.2)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	151	84.7	4.2	(76.6–92.9)
Cass County, North Dakota	233	85.0	3.3	(78.6–91.5)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	285	88.3	2.2	(84.0–92.7)
Franklin County, Ohio	277	84.6	2.8	(79.2–90.0)
Hamilton County, Ohio	239	84.5	2.7	(79.2–89.7)
Lorain County, Ohio	159	94.6	1.8	(91.1–98.2)
Lucas County, Ohio	169	84.8	3.5	(77.9–91.6)
Mahoning County, Ohio	162	85.6	4.2	(77.3–93.9)
Montgomery County, Ohio	174	83.0	4.5	(74.1–91.9)
Stark County, Ohio	177	86.6	3.6	(79.6–93.6)
Summit County, Ohio	174	91.8	2.3	(87.4–96.2)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	356	80.2	2.5	(75.2–85.2)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	339	82.4	2.8	(77.0–87.9)
Clackamas County, Oregon	144	86.0	3.4	(79.3–92.7)
Lane County, Oregon	139	77.9	4.7	(68.6–87.2)
Multnomah County, Oregon	288	77.8	3.3	(71.4–84.3)
Washington County, Oregon	207	85.9	3.0	(80.0–91.8)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	559	84.6	1.8	(81.0–88.2)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	462	70.5	6.7	(57.4–83.7)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	169	86.2	3.2	(80.0–92.4)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	695	84.3	2.0	(80.3–88.3)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	559	81.4	2.1	(77.3–85.6)
Kent County, Rhode Island	283	90.4	2.7	(85.0–95.8)
Providence County, Rhode Island	1,124	88.8	1.3	(86.3–91.4)

TABLE 27. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of women aged 21–65 years who have not had a hysterectomy and have had a Pap test in the past 3 years, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Washington County, Rhode Island	209	87.1	3.1	(81.0–93.1)
Aiken County, South Carolina	122	89.4	3.5	(82.5–96.2)
Beaufort County, South Carolina	170	89.6	3.1	(83.6–95.7)
Charleston County, South Carolina	278	86.1	2.7	(80.8–91.3)
Greenville County, South Carolina	238	76.6	3.9	(69.1–84.2)
Horry County, South Carolina	209	79.2	3.4	(72.5–85.8)
Richland County, South Carolina	261	79.8	3.6	(72.7–86.9)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	168	81.2	4.2	(73.0–89.4)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	162	92.4	2.6	(87.2–97.5)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	266	88.4	2.6	(83.4–93.5)
Pennington County, South Dakota	178	84.6	3.6	(77.6–91.6)
Davidson County, Tennessee	181	85.3	3.4	(78.7–91.9)
Shelby County, Tennessee	166	88.8	3.4	(82.2–95.4)
Bexar County, Texas	172	85.4	3.2	(79.2–91.6)
Dallas County, Texas	144	81.8	4.2	(73.5–90.1)
El Paso County, Texas	196	72.0	5.1	(61.9–82.0)
Harris County, Texas	253	81.4	2.8	(75.8–87.0)
Hidalgo County, Texas	233	75.5	4.0	(67.6–83.4)
Tarrant County, Texas	164	80.8	4.1	(72.7–88.9)
Travis County, Texas	339	80.1	3.2	(73.9–86.3)
Davis County, Utah	344	84.9	2.2	(80.5–89.3)
Salt Lake County, Utah	1,218	79.0	1.5	(76.0–81.9)
Tooele County, Utah	160	83.0	3.8	(75.4–90.5)
Utah County, Utah	525	73.2	2.3	(68.6–77.7)
Wasatch County, Utah	157	75.1	5.9	(63.5–86.7)
Weber County, Utah	279	82.4	3.0	(76.6–88.2)
Chittenden County, Vermont	320	86.7	2.5	(81.8–91.7)
Rutland County, Vermont	201	86.4	3.2	(80.2–92.7)
Washington County, Vermont	186	89.7	3.6	(82.7–96.7)
Windsor County, Vermont	160	88.5	2.6	(83.4–93.6)
Fairfax County, Virginia	258	88.7	2.7	(83.4–94.0)
Clark County, Washington	236	82.2	3.4	(75.5–88.8)
King County, Washington	1,183	85.3	1.5	(82.4–88.3)
Kitsap County, Washington	162	85.2	3.4	(78.6–91.8)
Pierce County, Washington	335	84.1	2.5	(79.2–89.0)
Snohomish County, Washington	372	86.9	2.1	(82.7–91.1)
Spokane County, Washington	263	86.6	2.6	(81.4–91.7)
Thurston County, Washington	162	82.4	3.5	(75.5–89.3)
Whatcom County, Washington	266	88.1	3.1	(82.1–94.2)
Yakima County, Washington	160	72.7	4.7	(63.5–81.9)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	162	81.9	3.6	(75.0–88.9)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	293	81.8	3.6	(74.8–88.7)
Laramie County, Wyoming	207	83.2	4.0	(75.3–91.1)
Natrona County, Wyoming	176	85.9	3.4	(79.3–92.5)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	223	83.9	3.2	(77.7–90.1)
<i>Median</i>		85.9		
<i>Range</i>		65.7–94.6		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

TABLE 28. Estimated prevalence of women aged 50–74 years who have had a mammogram in the past 2 years, by state/territory — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	3,086	79.4	1.0	(77.4–81.3)
Alaska	1,013	74.3	1.9	(70.5–78.1)
Arizona	2,116	74.8	1.6	(71.7–77.9)
Arkansas	1,582	69.4	1.5	(66.5–72.3)
California	3,301	82.7	1.0	(80.8–84.6)
Colorado	3,317	73.4	1.0	(71.4–75.3)
Connecticut	2,414	84.1	1.0	(82.1–86.1)
Delaware	1,552	84.3	1.2	(82.0–86.7)
District of Columbia	1,058	85.4	1.5	(82.4–88.3)
Florida	2,201	76.8	1.3	(74.3–79.4)
Georgia	1,835	81.8	1.2	(79.5–84.1)
Hawaii	1,800	80.8	1.4	(78.1–83.5)
Idaho	1,756	69.4	1.8	(65.8–73.0)
Illinois	1,604	77.7	1.4	(75.0–80.4)
Indiana	2,444	71.4	1.2	(69.0–73.7)
Iowa	1,894	79.9	1.0	(77.9–82.0)
Kansas	3,459	79.2	0.9	(77.5–80.8)
Kentucky	3,671	75.6	1.1	(73.5–77.8)
Louisiana	3,238	78.4	1.1	(76.2–80.5)
Maine	2,973	83.6	0.8	(82.0–85.2)
Maryland	3,862	83.8	0.9	(82.0–85.5)
Massachusetts	5,957	89.7	0.6	(88.6–90.8)
Michigan	3,177	81.0	0.9	(79.2–82.8)
Minnesota	3,280	83.7	0.9	(82.0–85.4)
Mississippi	2,563	73.7	1.1	(71.5–75.9)
Missouri	2,017	77.9	1.2	(75.5–80.3)
Montana	2,434	70.6	1.2	(68.2–72.9)
Nebraska	5,200	74.9	0.8	(73.2–76.5)
Nevada	1,339	73.8	2.1	(69.7–77.9)
New Hampshire	2,243	85.1	1.0	(83.2–86.9)
New Jersey	4,147	79.4	0.9	(77.6–81.2)
New Mexico	2,422	72.7	1.1	(70.4–74.9)
New York	1,483	80.9	1.5	(77.9–83.8)
North Carolina	3,340	80.3	0.9	(78.5–82.2)
North Dakota	1,273	79.2	1.4	(76.4–82.0)
Ohio	3,888	78.2	0.9	(76.5–80.0)
Oklahoma	2,300	70.3	1.2	(68.1–72.6)
Oregon	1,571	75.3	1.4	(72.6–78.0)
Pennsylvania	5,501	80.2	0.8	(78.6–81.8)
Rhode Island	1,585	85.4	1.1	(83.1–87.6)
South Carolina	3,888	75.7	1.0	(73.7–77.7)
South Dakota	2,041	79.7	1.7	(76.5–83.0)
Tennessee	2,209	77.0	1.2	(74.6–79.3)
Texas	2,385	72.7	1.4	(70.0–75.5)
Utah	2,921	73.2	1.0	(71.2–75.2)
Vermont	1,842	81.8	1.1	(79.7–84.0)
Virginia	2,080	81.1	1.1	(78.9–83.2)
Washington	4,474	76.4	0.9	(74.7–78.1)
West Virginia	1,536	78.1	1.2	(75.7–80.5)
Wisconsin	1,494	83.9	1.4	(81.2–86.6)
Wyoming	1,890	66.5	1.7	(63.3–69.8)
Guam	323	72.5	3.1	(66.5–78.5)
Puerto Rico	1,719	81.8	1.1	(79.6–84.0)
<i>Median</i>		78.4		
<i>Range</i>		66.5–89.7		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

TABLE 29. Estimated prevalence of women aged 50–74 years who have had a mammogram in the past 2 years, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	159	80.4	3.7	(73.1–87.7)
Akron, Ohio	217	78.9	3.5	(72.1–85.7)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	831	73.0	2.0	(69.0–76.9)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	388	76.0	3.7	(68.8–83.2)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California*	209	82.9	4.7	(73.8–92.1)
Anchorage, Alaska	354	74.0	3.0	(68.1–79.9)
Asheville, North Carolina	180	85.0	2.9	(79.2–90.7)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	725	80.7	1.9	(77.0–84.4)
Atlantic City-Hammonton, New Jersey	286	77.1	3.8	(69.6–84.6)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	320	83.9	2.9	(78.2–89.5)
Augusta-Waterbury, Maine	232	83.8	3.0	(77.9–89.6)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	375	74.8	4.1	(66.7–82.8)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	1,449	83.0	1.3	(80.4–85.6)
Bangor, Maine	257	86.3	2.3	(81.9–90.8)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	188	91.5	2.0	(87.5–95.5)
Barre, Vermont	162	88.5	2.8	(83.1–93.9)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	496	81.0	3.0	(75.1–86.9)
Bellingham, Washington	277	73.2	3.8	(65.8–80.7)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	207	87.0	2.4	(82.3–91.8)
Billings, Montana	206	72.0	3.6	(65.0–78.9)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	577	84.8	2.1	(80.8–88.8)
Bismarck, North Dakota	217	80.9	3.2	(74.6–87.3)
Boise City, Idaho	403	67.4	3.6	(60.4–74.5)
Boston, Massachusetts*	1,610	90.9	1.0	(89.0–92.8)
Boulder, Colorado	148	70.2	4.3	(61.8–78.6)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	174	75.6	4.2	(67.5–83.7)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	555	79.7	2.4	(75.1–84.3)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	403	79.6	2.5	(74.7–84.5)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts*	1,827	88.5	1.1	(86.3–90.7)
Camden, New Jersey*	561	78.7	2.4	(74.0–83.4)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	226	80.6	3.6	(73.6–87.6)
Casper, Wyoming	245	61.8	4.6	(52.7–70.9)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	139	89.4	2.7	(84.1–94.6)
Charleston, West Virginia	200	82.3	3.0	(76.4–88.2)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	483	81.1	2.4	(76.4–85.8)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	650	74.4	2.6	(69.4–79.4)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	206	80.9	3.7	(73.7–88.2)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	297	80.4	3.7	(73.1–87.7)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	1,046	79.2	1.8	(75.6–82.7)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	683	76.0	2.0	(72.0–80.0)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	580	85.0	1.9	(81.3–88.7)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	517	82.9	2.3	(78.4–87.3)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	277	74.7	3.1	(68.5–80.8)
Columbia, South Carolina	530	80.2	2.6	(75.1–85.4)
Columbus, Ohio	404	79.8	2.7	(74.5–85.2)
Concord, New Hampshire	196	82.7	3.3	(76.3–89.1)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas*	201	72.5	4.6	(63.5–81.4)
Dayton, Ohio	265	72.2	3.7	(64.9–79.5)
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	1,201	76.3	1.5	(73.2–79.3)
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	303	74.5	2.9	(68.8–80.1)

See table footnotes on page 63.

TABLE 29. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of women aged 50–74 years who have had a mammogram in the past 2 years, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan*	700	82.7	2.3	(78.3–87.1)
Dover, Delaware	432	79.7	2.8	(74.2–85.2)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	158	80.9	4.2	(72.7–89.1)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	207	86.9	2.9	(81.2–92.6)
El Paso, Texas	197	74.7	4.2	(66.5–83.0)
Eugene, Oregon	172	74.1	4.0	(66.2–82.0)
Fairbanks, Alaska	113	80.5	4.4	(71.8–89.2)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	242	83.3	3.3	(76.8–89.7)
Farmington, New Mexico	175	73.1	4.1	(65.0–81.1)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	130	81.9	4.0	(74.1–89.8)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	227	63.6	4.4	(54.9–72.3)
Fort Collins, Colorado	172	76.1	3.7	(69.0–83.3)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	130	61.1	5.5	(50.4–71.8)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas*	194	78.0	3.7	(70.8–85.2)
Grand Island, Nebraska	233	72.3	3.9	(64.6–79.9)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	272	83.3	2.8	(77.7–88.8)
Great Falls, Montana	192	75.2	3.8	(67.7–82.6)
Greeley, Colorado	119	72.4	4.8	(63.1–81.8)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	215	80.2	3.2	(74.0–86.4)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	460	72.9	3.2	(66.7–79.1)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	228	76.1	3.3	(69.6–82.6)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	244	80.3	3.6	(73.2–87.4)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	170	85.1	3.2	(78.9–91.3)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	735	87.1	1.6	(83.9–90.2)
Heber, Utah	133	68.8	6.1	(56.9–80.6)
Hilo, Hawaii	345	79.8	2.7	(74.5–85.1)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	322	77.2	3.2	(70.9–83.5)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	229	73.4	3.5	(66.5–80.3)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	362	77.4	2.6	(72.2–82.6)
Huntsville, Alabama	187	81.9	3.7	(74.8–89.1)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	163	69.1	5.3	(58.7–79.4)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	592	73.9	2.3	(69.3–78.5)
Jackson, Mississippi	253	81.6	2.8	(76.1–87.0)
Jacksonville, Florida	145	69.0	5.4	(58.3–79.7)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	341	79.0	2.9	(73.4–84.6)
Kalispell, Montana	144	76.1	4.1	(68.1–84.1)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	1,435	81.1	1.9	(77.5–84.7)
Kapaa, Hawaii	218	77.3	3.8	(69.9–84.7)
Keene, New Hampshire	173	82.5	4.2	(74.3–90.7)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	149	76.5	4.2	(68.2–84.8)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	191	76.8	4.2	(68.7–85.0)
Knoxville, Tennessee	259	80.9	3.0	(74.9–86.8)
Laconia, New Hampshire	185	83.3	3.3	(76.8–89.9)
Lafayette, Louisiana	196	79.4	4.3	(71.0–87.8)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	197	81.3	2.9	(75.6–87.1)
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	490	73.9	2.9	(68.1–79.6)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	199	82.8	3.1	(76.7–88.9)
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	134	83.1	3.5	(76.3–89.9)
Lincoln, Nebraska	362	77.0	2.8	(71.4–82.5)

See table footnotes on page 63.

TABLE 29. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of women aged 50–74 years who have had a mammogram in the past 2 years, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	373	74.8	2.9	(69.2–80.4)
Logan, Utah-Idaho	101	78.7	4.7	(69.6–87.8)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California*	657	84.3	2.0	(80.3–88.3)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	690	79.3	2.6	(74.3–84.3)
Lumberton, North Carolina	194	76.1	4.8	(66.7–85.5)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	543	84.5	1.8	(80.9–88.1)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	160	69.3	5.2	(59.1–79.4)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	381	74.5	3.5	(67.6–81.4)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	440	78.7	2.9	(73.0–84.5)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	357	85.1	2.8	(79.6–90.7)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	2,066	83.7	1.2	(81.4–86.0)
Missoula, Montana	210	73.7	3.4	(67.0–80.4)
Mobile, Alabama	310	76.7	3.7	(69.4–84.0)
Montgomery, Alabama	178	82.0	3.7	(74.8–89.3)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania*	304	80.4	2.7	(75.0–85.7)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	309	79.1	2.7	(73.8–84.5)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	363	78.3	2.7	(73.1–83.6)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York*	217	85.2	2.7	(79.9–90.5)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania*	1,811	79.7	1.6	(76.6–82.9)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	564	84.1	2.2	(79.8–88.3)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	416	82.2	2.2	(77.8–86.5)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey*	1,640	80.2	1.9	(76.4–83.9)
Norfolk, Nebraska	169	76.6	3.8	(69.2–83.9)
North Platte, Nebraska	177	73.9	4.3	(65.4–82.4)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	285	84.7	3.4	(78.1–91.3)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California*	260	86.5	3.8	(79.1–94.0)
Ocean City, New Jersey	178	88.4	2.7	(83.2–93.7)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	536	75.3	2.2	(71.0–79.5)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	630	74.3	2.1	(70.1–78.4)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	151	77.2	4.3	(68.7–85.7)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	1,380	77.3	1.5	(74.5–80.2)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	159	81.6	4.2	(73.4–89.7)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania*	674	84.7	1.8	(81.2–88.2)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	665	74.1	2.4	(69.5–78.8)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	896	78.4	1.6	(75.2–81.6)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	149	78.5	3.9	(70.8–86.2)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	984	84.5	1.4	(81.7–87.2)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	919	79.5	1.9	(75.7–83.3)
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	2,357	87.1	1.0	(85.2–89.0)
Provo-Orem, Utah	311	70.7	2.9	(65.0–76.5)
Raleigh, North Carolina	184	81.6	3.6	(74.6–88.6)
Rapid City, South Dakota	271	71.8	4.7	(62.6–80.9)
Reno, Nevada	409	76.6	2.5	(71.7–81.6)
Richmond, Virginia	277	85.4	2.6	(80.4–90.4)

See table footnotes on page 63.

TABLE 29. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of women aged 50–74 years who have had a mammogram in the past 2 years, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	360	77.9	2.8	(72.4–83.4)
Rockingham County-Stafford County, New Hampshire*	515	87.8	1.7	(84.5–91.2)
Rutland, Vermont	194	75.3	3.7	(68.0–82.7)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	265	86.6	2.5	(81.7–91.5)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	615	83.6	2.0	(79.7–87.5)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	730	85.6	1.7	(82.3–89.0)
Salt Lake City, Utah	1,140	73.1	1.7	(69.8–76.3)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	196	72.2	4.7	(63.0–81.4)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	225	82.3	3.1	(76.2–88.5)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California*	119	84.2	4.4	(75.6–92.8)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	148	89.4	3.5	(82.4–96.3)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	1,056	82.4	1.4	(79.6–85.2)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	221	71.7	3.5	(64.8–78.6)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	550	77.3	1.9	(73.5–81.1)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	191	69.1	4.4	(60.5–77.8)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	200	77.6	3.8	(70.2–85.0)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington*	1,353	78.0	1.5	(75.2–80.9)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	203	77.2	3.6	(70.2–84.2)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland*	610	82.4	2.5	(77.5–87.2)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	342	71.8	5.1	(61.8–81.8)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	307	82.2	3.3	(75.8–88.6)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	216	75.5	3.9	(67.8–83.2)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	328	75.4	2.9	(69.6–81.1)
Springfield, Massachusetts	652	88.2	1.7	(84.8–91.6)

TABLE 29. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of women aged 50–74 years who have had a mammogram in the past 2 years, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington*	329	77.7	2.9	(72.0–83.5)
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	219	76.5	3.6	(69.5–83.5)
Toledo, Ohio	315	73.9	3.4	(67.2–80.5)
Topeka, Kansas	320	78.8	2.9	(73.2–84.5)
Torrington, Connecticut	210	87.3	2.4	(82.6–92.0)
Trenton, New Jersey	147	81.6	4.0	(73.9–89.4)
Tucson, Arizona	281	80.5	3.0	(74.6–86.3)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	475	70.8	2.4	(66.1–75.6)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	189	85.4	3.2	(79.1–91.8)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	896	81.8	1.9	(78.1–85.4)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	174	79.0	4.1	(71.0–87.0)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	440	82.8	2.3	(78.4–87.3)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan*	624	80.9	2.0	(77.0–84.9)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia*	2,194	85.9	1.2	(83.5–88.3)
Wichita, Kansas	680	79.3	1.8	(75.7–82.8)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey*	912	83.2	1.5	(80.2–86.3)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	221	80.4	3.3	(73.9–86.9)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	746	88.7	1.7	(85.4–91.9)
Yakima, Washington	147	68.5	4.9	(58.9–78.0)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	292	79.9	3.4	(73.3–86.5)
<i>Median</i>		79.6		
<i>Range</i>		61.1–91.5		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* Metropolitan division.

TABLE 30. Estimated prevalence of women aged 50–74 years who have had a mammogram in the past 2 years, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	266	83.7	2.9	(78.0–89.5)
Madison County, Alabama	162	83.2	3.8	(75.7–90.7)
Mobile County, Alabama	310	76.7	3.7	(69.4–84.0)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	200	77.0	3.6	(69.9–84.0)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	113	80.5	4.4	(71.8–89.2)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	154	64.8	4.8	(55.4–74.2)
Maricopa County, Arizona	511	74.0	2.5	(69.1–79.0)
Pima County, Arizona	281	80.5	3.0	(74.6–86.3)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	240	73.9	3.4	(67.3–80.5)
Alameda County, California	157	85.4	5.6	(74.3–96.4)
Los Angeles County, California	657	84.3	2.0	(80.3–88.3)
Orange County, California	209	82.9	4.7	(73.8–92.1)
Riverside County, California	188	77.1	3.8	(69.7–84.6)
Sacramento County, California	159	83.8	3.6	(76.7–91.0)
San Bernardino County, California	172	78.4	3.8	(70.9–85.9)
San Diego County, California	225	82.3	3.1	(76.2–88.5)
Santa Clara County, California	144	89.6	3.7	(82.4–96.8)
Adams County, Colorado	217	66.2	4.2	(58.1–74.4)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	198	79.3	3.5	(72.4–86.2)
Boulder County, Colorado	148	70.2	4.3	(61.8–78.6)
Denver County, Colorado	217	77.1	3.4	(70.4–83.8)
Douglas County, Colorado	130	83.9	3.5	(77.0–90.7)
El Paso County, Colorado	227	74.9	3.3	(68.3–81.4)
Jefferson County, Colorado	278	76.9	3.1	(70.9–82.9)
Larimer County, Colorado	172	76.1	3.7	(69.0–83.3)
Weld County, Colorado	119	72.4	4.8	(63.1–81.8)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	555	79.7	2.4	(75.1–84.3)
Hartford County, Connecticut	547	86.7	1.9	(83.1–90.4)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	210	87.3	2.4	(82.6–92.0)
New Haven County, Connecticut	564	84.1	2.2	(79.8–88.3)
New London County, Connecticut	285	84.7	3.4	(78.1–91.3)
Kent County, Delaware	432	79.7	2.8	(74.2–85.2)
New Castle County, Delaware	623	84.5	1.7	(81.1–87.9)
Sussex County, Delaware	497	87.2	1.9	(83.5–90.8)
District of Columbia, District of Columbia	1,058	85.4	1.5	(82.5–88.4)
Broward County, Florida	141	79.5	5.2	(69.2–89.8)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	208	78.4	4.7	(69.1–87.6)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	345	79.8	2.7	(74.5–85.1)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	896	81.8	1.9	(78.1–85.4)
Kauai County, Hawaii	218	77.3	3.8	(69.9–84.7)
Maui County, Hawaii	341	79.0	2.9	(73.4–84.6)
Ada County, Idaho	199	70.8	5.0	(61.0–80.5)
Canyon County, Idaho	149	62.8	6.2	(50.7–74.9)
Cook County, Illinois	393	81.4	2.4	(76.7–86.2)
Lake County, Indiana	296	67.8	4.5	(58.9–76.7)
Marion County, Indiana	354	76.2	3.0	(70.3–82.0)
Polk County, Iowa	228	75.9	3.3	(69.5–82.3)
Johnson County, Kansas	643	83.9	1.8	(80.4–87.4)
Sedgwick County, Kansas	498	78.8	2.1	(74.7–83.0)
Shawnee County, Kansas	229	80.8	3.1	(74.8–86.8)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	286	79.4	2.9	(73.7–85.1)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	561	79.7	3.3	(73.4–86.1)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	172	87.3	3.4	(80.6–94.0)
Androscoggin County, Maine	199	82.8	3.1	(76.7–88.9)
Aroostook County, Maine	177	85.8	3.2	(79.6–92.1)
Cumberland County, Maine	494	84.9	1.9	(81.2–88.7)
Kennebec County, Maine	232	83.8	3.0	(77.9–89.7)
Penobscot County, Maine	257	86.3	2.3	(81.9–90.8)
York County, Maine	364	83.2	2.4	(78.4–87.9)

See table footnotes on page 65.

TABLE 30. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of women aged 50–74 years who have had a mammogram in the past 2 years, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	281	78.1	3.4	(71.4–84.8)
Baltimore County, Maryland	449	83.0	2.2	(78.8–87.3)
Charles County, Maryland	140	79.9	5.3	(69.5–90.3)
Frederick County, Maryland	215	81.2	3.5	(74.3–88.0)
Montgomery County, Maryland	395	82.6	3.0	(76.8–88.5)
Prince George's County, Maryland	342	89.1	2.3	(84.5–93.6)
Washington County, Maryland	180	86.2	3.5	(79.3–93.1)
Baltimore city, Maryland	262	85.9	3.0	(80.0–91.8)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	188	91.5	2.0	(87.5–95.5)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	772	90.9	1.9	(87.1–94.6)
Essex County, Massachusetts	737	87.7	1.9	(83.8–91.5)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	537	88.9	1.9	(85.2–92.7)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	1,090	88.9	1.3	(86.3–91.5)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	454	90.4	1.8	(86.8–94.0)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	534	90.6	1.6	(87.4–93.8)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	622	91.6	1.5	(88.7–94.4)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	681	89.6	1.7	(86.3–93.0)
Kent County, Michigan	159	88.5	2.8	(83.1–94.0)
Macomb County, Michigan	170	80.2	3.5	(73.3–87.1)
Oakland County, Michigan	346	82.8	2.8	(77.3–88.3)
Wayne County, Michigan	700	82.7	2.3	(78.3–87.1)
Anoka County, Minnesota	140	84.1	3.4	(77.4–90.8)
Dakota County, Minnesota	153	85.0	3.7	(77.7–92.3)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	863	88.3	1.4	(85.6–91.0)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	585	82.0	2.4	(77.2–86.8)
Jackson County, Missouri	272	79.6	3.9	(71.9–87.3)
St. Louis County, Missouri	301	87.9	2.5	(83.1–92.7)
Cascade County, Montana	192	75.2	3.8	(67.7–82.6)
Flathead County, Montana	144	76.1	4.1	(68.1–84.1)
Hill County, Montana	178	74.0	4.3	(65.5–82.4)
Lake County, Montana	296	68.2	4.4	(59.5–76.8)
Missoula County, Montana	210	73.7	3.4	(67.0–80.4)
Yellowstone County, Montana	181	73.6	3.7	(66.4–80.9)
Dakota County, Nebraska	221	68.0	5.5	(57.2–78.8)
Douglas County, Nebraska	870	78.2	1.7	(74.8–81.6)
Hall County, Nebraska	143	68.4	5.7	(57.3–79.5)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	298	77.4	3.0	(71.5–83.2)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	173	73.8	4.4	(65.2–82.4)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	288	75.6	3.3	(69.1–82.0)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	175	70.3	4.6	(61.3–79.2)
Clark County, Nevada	490	73.9	2.9	(68.1–79.6)
Washoe County, Nevada	402	76.6	2.5	(71.7–81.6)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	185	83.3	3.3	(76.8–89.9)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	174	81.5	3.8	(74.0–89.0)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	173	82.5	4.2	(74.3–90.7)
Coos County, New Hampshire	153	87.5	2.8	(82.0–93.0)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	160	86.1	3.7	(78.9–93.2)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	543	84.5	1.8	(80.9–88.1)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	196	82.7	3.3	(76.3–89.1)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	318	88.3	2.2	(84.1–92.6)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	197	86.6	2.8	(81.1–92.2)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	286	77.1	3.8	(69.6–84.6)
Bergen County, New Jersey	227	80.2	3.1	(74.1–86.4)
Burlington County, New Jersey	185	84.2	3.2	(77.9–90.6)
Camden County, New Jersey	209	74.4	4.5	(65.6–83.1)
Cape May County, New Jersey	178	88.4	2.7	(83.2–93.7)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	174	79.0	4.1	(71.0–87.0)
Essex County, New Jersey	314	81.1	3.3	(74.6–87.6)
Gloucester County, New Jersey	167	76.3	3.9	(68.8–83.9)
Hudson County, New Jersey	297	81.8	2.9	(76.1–87.5)

See table footnotes on page 65.

TABLE 30. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of women aged 50–74 years who have had a mammogram in the past 2 years, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	173	80.8	5.5	(70.0–91.6)
Mercer County, New Jersey	147	81.6	4.0	(73.9–89.4)
Middlesex County, New Jersey	186	79.8	4.2	(71.6–88.0)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	190	79.8	3.8	(72.3–87.3)
Morris County, New Jersey	214	77.7	3.9	(70.1–85.2)
Ocean County, New Jersey	162	76.4	4.1	(68.4–84.5)
Passaic County, New Jersey	160	76.4	4.0	(68.5–84.4)
Salem County, New Jersey	186	75.9	3.5	(69.0–82.8)
Somerset County, New Jersey	170	88.5	2.8	(83.0–93.9)
Sussex County, New Jersey	179	73.4	4.5	(64.6–82.2)
Union County, New Jersey	178	77.6	4.1	(69.5–85.7)
Warren County, New Jersey	165	78.1	3.7	(70.8–85.4)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	476	73.5	2.5	(68.7–78.3)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	197	81.3	2.9	(75.6–87.1)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	191	74.8	3.8	(67.3–82.3)
San Juan County, New Mexico	175	73.1	4.1	(65.1–81.1)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	221	71.7	3.5	(64.8–78.6)
Kings County, New York	85	78.8	5.9	(67.3–90.3)
Guilford County, North Carolina	126	86.8	3.3	(80.3–93.3)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	153	76.9	4.7	(67.8–86.1)
Robeson County, North Carolina	194	76.1	4.8	(66.7–85.5)
Wake County, North Carolina	121	82.9	4.1	(74.8–90.9)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	155	81.6	3.8	(74.3–89.0)
Cass County, North Dakota	218	81.7	3.5	(74.9–88.4)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	230	81.0	3.1	(74.9–87.0)
Franklin County, Ohio	201	80.5	4.0	(72.7–88.3)
Hamilton County, Ohio	212	76.8	3.4	(70.0–83.5)
Lorain County, Ohio	202	87.1	2.5	(82.2–92.1)
Lucas County, Ohio	209	72.9	4.0	(65.1–80.7)
Mahoning County, Ohio	186	71.5	5.0	(61.7–81.3)
Montgomery County, Ohio	214	73.2	4.0	(65.3–81.1)
Stark County, Ohio	205	81.8	3.6	(74.6–88.9)
Summit County, Ohio	184	75.8	4.0	(67.9–83.8)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	277	80.1	2.6	(74.9–85.3)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	330	69.4	3.1	(63.3–75.6)
Clackamas County, Oregon	171	84.2	3.4	(77.6–90.8)
Lane County, Oregon	172	74.1	4.0	(66.2–82.0)
Multnomah County, Oregon	235	76.7	3.9	(69.1–84.3)
Washington County, Oregon	170	75.4	4.0	(67.6–83.2)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	482	76.5	2.3	(72.1–80.9)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	550	77.3	1.9	(73.6–80.9)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	123	75.4	4.9	(65.8–84.9)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	588	83.8	1.9	(80.2–87.5)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	583	74.3	1.9	(70.5–78.0)
Kent County, Rhode Island	232	85.9	2.6	(80.9–91.0)
Providence County, Rhode Island	952	85.0	1.6	(81.9–88.1)
Washington County, Rhode Island	207	84.8	2.9	(79.1–90.4)
Aiken County, South Carolina	175	72.6	4.3	(64.2–81.0)

TABLE 30. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of women aged 50–74 years who have had a mammogram in the past 2 years, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Beaufort County, South Carolina	273	76.8	3.6	(69.8–83.9)
Charleston County, South Carolina	301	82.1	3.2	(76.0–88.3)
Greenville County, South Carolina	223	70.9	4.9	(61.4–80.4)
Horry County, South Carolina	245	71.7	3.7	(64.5–79.0)
Richland County, South Carolina	282	84.1	3.3	(77.5–90.6)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	195	72.8	4.5	(64.0–81.6)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	106	85.6	3.7	(78.3–92.8)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	181	80.9	4.1	(72.7–89.0)
Pennington County, South Dakota	131	76.4	4.6	(67.3–85.5)
Davidson County, Tennessee	152	79.4	4.0	(71.6–87.3)
Shelby County, Tennessee	128	78.5	5.2	(68.2–88.7)
Bexar County, Texas	138	70.3	5.7	(59.2–81.5)
Dallas County, Texas	108	74.9	6.1	(63.0–86.8)
El Paso County, Texas	197	74.6	4.2	(66.3–82.9)
Harris County, Texas	142	79.0	4.4	(70.4–87.6)
Hidalgo County, Texas	160	69.3	5.2	(59.1–79.5)
Tarrant County, Texas	144	80.7	4.0	(72.9–88.4)
Travis County, Texas	295	70.1	5.0	(60.3–79.9)
Davis County, Utah	232	73.1	3.3	(66.5–79.6)
Salt Lake County, Utah	1,000	73.3	1.7	(70.0–76.7)
Tooele County, Utah	140	67.8	5.4	(57.2–78.4)
Utah County, Utah	300	70.9	3.0	(65.1–76.7)
Wasatch County, Utah	133	68.8	6.1	(56.9–80.6)
Weber County, Utah	247	77.3	3.1	(71.2–83.4)
Chittenden County, Vermont	246	80.6	3.0	(74.7–86.6)
Rutland County, Vermont	194	75.3	3.7	(68.0–82.7)
Washington County, Vermont	162	88.5	2.8	(83.1–93.9)
Windsor County, Vermont	169	89.7	2.3	(85.1–94.2)
Fairfax County, Virginia	167	85.3	3.8	(77.8–92.8)
Clark County, Washington	250	81.9	4.1	(73.8–90.0)
King County, Washington	1,037	78.1	1.7	(74.8–81.5)
Kitsap County, Washington	174	75.6	4.2	(67.5–83.7)
Pierce County, Washington	329	77.7	2.9	(72.0–83.5)
Snohomish County, Washington	316	76.8	2.8	(71.3–82.3)
Spokane County, Washington	283	78.4	3.1	(72.3–84.5)
Thurston County, Washington	151	77.2	4.3	(68.7–85.7)
Whatcom County, Washington	277	73.2	3.8	(65.8–80.7)
Yakima County, Washington	147	68.5	4.9	(58.9–78.0)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	165	82.0	3.3	(75.6–88.4)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	284	81.5	3.9	(73.9–89.2)
Laramie County, Wyoming	297	80.4	3.7	(73.1–87.7)
Natrona County, Wyoming	245	61.8	4.6	(52.7–70.9)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	182	77.4	3.8	(70.0–84.8)
Median		79.7		
Range		61.8–91.6		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

TABLE 31. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported ever smoking at least 100 cigarettes and who currently smoke,* by state/territory — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	8,913	23.8	0.7	(22.3–25.2)
Alaska	4,267	20.5	0.9	(18.8–22.3)
Arizona	7,140	17.1	0.7	(15.6–18.5)
Arkansas	5,079	25.0	0.9	(23.3–26.8)
California	14,543	12.6	0.4	(11.8–13.4)
Colorado	11,657	17.7	0.5	(16.8–18.7)
Connecticut	8,609	16.0	0.6	(14.8–17.2)
Delaware	5,146	19.7	0.8	(18.2–21.3)
District of Columbia	3,720	19.6	1.1	(17.4–21.9)
Florida	7,465	17.7	0.7	(16.3–19.1)
Georgia	5,894	20.4	0.8	(18.8–21.9)
Hawaii	7,495	14.6	0.6	(13.3–15.8)
Idaho	5,794	16.4	0.9	(14.6–18.3)
Illinois	5,530	18.6	0.8	(16.9–20.2)
Indiana	8,511	24.0	0.6	(22.8–25.2)
Iowa	7,015	18.1	0.6	(16.9–19.3)
Kansas	11,709	19.4	0.5	(18.4–20.4)
Kentucky	10,867	28.3	0.7	(26.9–29.7)
Louisiana	8,997	24.8	0.8	(23.2–26.3)
Maine	9,810	20.3	0.6	(19.2–21.4)
Maryland	12,456	16.2	0.6	(15.0–17.4)
Massachusetts	20,682	16.4	0.4	(15.5–17.2)
Michigan	10,361	23.3	0.6	(22.1–24.6)
Minnesota	11,889	18.8	0.5	(17.8–19.8)
Mississippi	7,700	24.0	0.7	(22.5–25.4)
Missouri	6,661	23.9	0.8	(22.3–25.5)
Montana	8,564	19.7	0.6	(18.5–20.9)
Nebraska	18,985	19.7	0.4	(18.9–20.6)
Nevada	4,778	18.1	0.8	(16.5–19.7)
New Hampshire	7,421	17.2	0.7	(15.8–18.6)
New Jersey	15,009	17.3	0.5	(16.4–18.3)
New Mexico	8,627	19.3	0.6	(18.2–20.4)
New York	5,925	16.2	0.7	(14.8–17.6)
North Carolina	11,727	20.9	0.5	(19.9–21.9)
North Dakota	4,817	21.2	0.8	(19.6–22.9)
Ohio	12,645	23.3	0.6	(22.2–24.4)
Oklahoma	7,948	23.3	0.6	(22.0–24.5)
Oregon	5,170	17.9	0.8	(16.4–19.4)
Pennsylvania	19,621	21.4	0.5	(20.4–22.3)
Rhode Island	5,383	17.4	0.7	(16.0–18.9)
South Carolina	12,535	22.5	0.6	(21.4–23.7)
South Dakota	7,778	22.0	0.7	(20.5–23.4)
Tennessee	6,780	24.9	0.8	(23.3–26.4)
Texas	8,963	18.2	0.6	(17.0–19.3)
Utah	12,203	10.6	0.4	(9.8–11.3)
Vermont	5,957	16.5	0.7	(15.1–17.8)
Virginia	7,154	19.0	0.7	(17.7–20.3)
Washington	15,173	17.2	0.5	(16.3–18.1)
West Virginia	5,390	28.2	0.8	(26.7–29.7)
Wisconsin	5,133	20.4	0.9	(18.7–22.1)
Wyoming	6,159	21.8	1.0	(19.9–23.7)
Guam	1,981	25.8	1.4	(23.1–28.5)
Puerto Rico	6,282	12.6	0.5	(11.6–13.7)
<i>Median</i>		19.6		
<i>Range</i>		10.6–28.3		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* Smoked every day or someday during the period of the survey.

TABLE 32. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported ever smoking at least 100 cigarettes and who currently smoke,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	548	12.7	1.9	(9.0–16.3)
Akron, Ohio	726	21.7	2.2	(17.4–26.1)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	3,201	18.7	0.9	(16.9–20.5)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	1,312	20.8	1.8	(17.3–24.3)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California†	1,036	10.0	1.4	(7.2–12.7)
Anchorage, Alaska	1,481	18.1	1.3	(15.6–20.6)
Asheville, North Carolina	590	23.3	2.4	(18.6–27.9)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	2,460	17.3	1.1	(15.2–19.5)
Atlantic City-Hammonton, New Jersey	983	22.0	2.0	(18.1–25.9)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	1,005	22.7	2.6	(17.5–27.8)
Augusta-Waterville, Maine	825	20.4	1.7	(17.0–23.8)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	1,363	15.2	1.8	(11.7–18.7)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	4,607	18.5	0.9	(16.7–20.4)
Bangor, Maine	920	22.2	1.9	(18.5–26.0)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	534	15.0	2.0	(11.1–18.8)
Barre, Vermont	507	14.3	2.3	(9.8–18.8)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	1,373	21.0	1.8	(17.5–24.5)
Bellingham, Washington	835	18.4	2.7	(13.2–23.6)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	703	19.0	2.6	(13.9–24.2)
Billings, Montana	838	20.0	1.6	(16.8–23.1)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	1,798	21.5	1.4	(18.7–24.2)
Bismarck, North Dakota	813	19.0	2.0	(15.0–23.0)
Boise City, Idaho	1,453	16.0	1.6	(12.8–19.2)
Boston, Massachusetts†	5,627	14.9	0.8	(13.4–16.5)
Boulder, Colorado	494	13.5	1.9	(9.8–17.3)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	561	19.9	2.3	(15.3–24.4)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	2,135	13.2	1.2	(10.9–15.5)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	1,500	14.8	1.2	(12.5–17.2)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts†	6,581	13.7	0.6	(12.4–14.9)
Camden, New Jersey†	1,921	19.1	1.4	(16.4–21.7)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	665	26.7	2.6	(21.6–31.7)
Casper, Wyoming	815	25.3	2.6	(20.2–30.4)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	576	19.1	2.1	(14.9–23.2)
Charleston, West Virginia	770	25.9	1.9	(22.1–29.7)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	1,683	20.2	1.4	(17.4–23.0)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	2,495	18.6	1.0	(16.5–20.6)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	609	24.8	2.8	(19.4–30.3)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	938	20.1	2.3	(15.6–24.7)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	3,685	17.7	1.0	(15.7–19.7)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	2,314	23.3	1.2	(20.9–25.7)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	1,923	17.1	1.5	(14.3–20.0)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	1,692	22.2	1.5	(19.3–25.0)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	1,111	17.9	1.5	(14.9–20.9)
Columbia, South Carolina	1,766	21.2	1.5	(18.2–24.2)
Columbus, Ohio	1,564	20.0	1.3	(17.4–22.6)
Concord, New Hampshire	696	14.9	2.1	(10.8–19.0)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas†	886	15.8	1.6	(12.7–18.9)
Dayton, Ohio	838	23.7	2.1	(19.7–27.8)
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	4,616	18.0	0.7	(16.5–19.4)
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	1,142	18.7	1.5	(15.8–21.6)

See table footnotes on page 68.

TABLE 32. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported ever smoking at least 100 cigarettes and who currently smoke,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan†	2,177	24.4	1.6	(21.3–27.4)
Dover, Delaware	1,432	21.1	1.7	(17.8–24.3)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	506	23.8	2.8	(18.3–29.3)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	785	17.9	1.8	(14.4–21.4)
El Paso, Texas	616	15.1	2.3	(10.5–19.7)
Eugene, Oregon	516	17.1	2.3	(12.5–21.7)
Fairbanks, Alaska	590	22.7	2.4	(18.0–27.4)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	928	20.3	2.2	(16.0–24.6)
Farmington, New Mexico	636	21.0	2.1	(17.0–25.1)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	500	22.5	2.4	(17.8–27.2)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	796	20.1	2.2	(15.8–24.3)
Fort Collins, Colorado	570	15.7	1.9	(11.9–19.5)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	526	26.2	2.4	(21.5–31.0)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas†	715	20.5	2.0	(16.5–24.5)
Grand Island, Nebraska	847	20.2	1.9	(16.5–23.9)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	882	19.5	1.9	(15.7–23.2)
Great Falls, Montana	703	22.1	2.2	(17.8–26.4)
Greeley, Colorado	514	20.6	2.2	(16.3–24.8)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	800	20.0	1.9	(16.4–23.7)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	1,661	23.3	1.5	(20.5–26.2)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	732	26.0	2.1	(21.8–30.2)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	751	21.6	2.9	(15.9–27.3)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	662	18.4	1.9	(14.6–22.2)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	2,632	15.3	1.0	(13.4–17.3)
Heber, Utah	501	N/A [§]	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Hilo, Hawaii	1,340	16.3	1.4	(13.5–19.1)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	913	19.0	2.7	(13.8–24.2)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	1,118	16.6	1.4	(13.9–19.3)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	1,100	30.1	1.9	(26.4–33.9)
Huntsville, Alabama	605	22.0	2.4	(17.3–26.8)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	529	9.8	2.2	(5.6–14.1)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	2,161	21.8	1.2	(19.5–24.1)
Jackson, Mississippi	904	19.8	1.7	(16.5–23.2)
Jacksonville, Florida	513	20.9	2.8	(15.4–26.4)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	1,207	14.0	1.4	(11.2–16.8)
Kalispell, Montana	554	17.0	2.0	(13.2–20.9)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	4,691	22.0	1.2	(19.6–24.4)
Kapaa, Hawaii	659	17.8	2.9	(12.2–23.4)
Keene, New Hampshire	540	18.5	2.9	(12.8–24.1)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	535	14.3	1.9	(10.5–18.1)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	548	23.4	2.8	(17.9–28.9)
Knoxville, Tennessee	806	20.1	1.9	(16.4–23.7)
Laconia, New Hampshire	555	21.1	3.2	(14.8–27.3)
Lafayette, Louisiana	556	26.0	2.5	(21.1–30.9)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	697	18.1	2.0	(14.1–22.0)
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	1,983	17.0	1.0	(15.0–19.0)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	696	23.7	2.1	(19.5–27.8)
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	518	23.2	2.5	(18.3–28.0)
Lincoln, Nebraska	1,653	21.3	1.2	(18.9–23.7)

See table footnotes on page 68.

TABLE 32. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported ever smoking at least 100 cigarettes and who currently smoke,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	1,145	22.2	1.7	(18.8–25.6)
Logan, Utah-Idaho	503	6.1	1.6	(2.9–9.3)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California†	3,490	11.8	0.8	(10.3–13.3)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	2,092	25.9	1.6	(22.8–29.0)
Lumberton, North Carolina	532	24.1	3.7	(16.8–31.4)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	1,882	17.7	1.3	(15.2–20.1)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	614	14.1	2.6	(9.0–19.3)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	1,278	23.1	1.8	(19.6–26.7)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	1,627	13.2	1.2	(10.8–15.6)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	1,202	20.3	1.7	(16.9–23.7)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	7,649	18.0	0.7	(16.7–19.3)
Missoula, Montana	774	20.0	1.8	(16.4–23.6)
Mobile, Alabama	808	25.7	2.6	(20.7–30.8)
Montgomery, Alabama	530	23.1	2.7	(17.9–28.4)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania†	1,292	16.4	1.6	(13.3–19.5)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	937	23.8	1.9	(20.0–27.6)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	1,295	23.7	1.6	(20.5–26.8)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York†	883	14.6	1.9	(11.0–18.3)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania†	6,338	16.0	0.8	(14.4–17.6)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	1,973	18.3	1.3	(15.8–20.8)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	1,261	22.8	1.9	(19.1–26.4)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey†	7,045	14.8	0.8	(13.3–16.3)
Norfolk, Nebraska	565	15.1	2.1	(11.0–19.2)
North Platte, Nebraska	608	16.2	2.3	(11.7–20.7)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	980	18.2	1.9	(14.5–22.0)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California†	976	11.2	1.7	(7.9–14.6)
Ocean City, New Jersey	530	23.5	3.7	(16.3–30.8)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	2,390	10.9	0.9	(9.2–12.6)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	2,419	20.4	1.1	(18.3–22.5)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	514	23.3	2.9	(17.7–28.9)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	5,521	21.2	0.8	(19.6–22.8)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	551	18.7	2.9	(13.1–24.3)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania†	2,402	23.2	1.2	(20.9–25.6)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	2,537	16.9	1.0	(14.8–18.9)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	3,306	22.4	1.0	(20.5–24.3)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	546	13.9	1.8	(10.4–17.4)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	3,295	17.6	0.9	(15.8–19.4)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	3,069	15.9	1.0	(14.0–17.8)
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	7,924	18.4	0.7	(17.0–19.8)
Provo-Orem, Utah	1,716	5.1	0.7	(3.8–6.5)
Raleigh, North Carolina	933	16.6	1.5	(13.8–19.5)
Rapid City, South Dakota	1,042	24.7	1.8	(21.2–28.3)
Reno, Nevada	1,490	17.4	1.6	(14.3–20.5)
Richmond, Virginia	981	19.4	1.8	(15.8–23.0)

See table footnotes on page 68.

TABLE 32. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported ever smoking at least 100 cigarettes and who currently smoke,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	1,527	15.1	1.3	(12.6–17.6)
Rockingham County-Strafford County, New Hampshire†	1,645	16.6	1.4	(13.8–19.4)
Rutland, Vermont	585	17.7	2.4	(13.1–22.4)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	998	14.7	1.7	(11.4–18.0)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	2,030	20.1	1.4	(17.3–22.9)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	2,093	20.5	1.7	(17.3–23.8)
Salt Lake City, Utah	4,536	12.8	0.7	(11.4–14.3)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	767	17.7	2.0	(13.8–21.5)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	1,127	10.6	1.2	(8.2–12.9)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California†	595	11.3	2.1	(7.2–15.3)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	681	9.6	1.6	(6.5–12.6)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	3,936	12.7	0.7	(11.4–14.1)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	689	16.8	1.9	(13.1–20.5)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	1,829	23.7	2.8	(18.2–29.2)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	626	20.2	3.0	(14.4–26.0)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	728	26.1	2.6	(21.0–31.3)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington†	5,053	14.9	0.7	(13.5–16.3)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	576	22.3	2.5	(17.4–27.2)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland†	2,220	9.0	1.0	(7.1–10.9)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	1,190	20.7	2.7	(15.4–26.0)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	1,453	20.1	1.4	(17.4–22.8)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	699	22.0	2.2	(17.8–26.3)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	1,089	18.4	1.7	(15.1–21.6)
Springfield, Massachusetts	2,257	19.1	1.3	(16.5–21.7)
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington†	1,174	20.8	1.7	(17.6–24.1)

TABLE 32. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported ever smoking at least 100 cigarettes and who currently smoke,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	810	20.3	2.1	(16.2–24.3)
Toledo, Ohio	947	22.5	2.4	(17.8–27.1)
Topeka, Kansas	1,078	21.1	1.8	(17.6–24.5)
Torrington, Connecticut	650	16.6	1.9	(12.8–20.4)
Trenton, New Jersey	558	15.0	2.0	(11.0–19.0)
Tucson, Arizona	977	16.4	1.6	(13.2–19.6)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	1,728	21.9	1.4	(19.2–24.5)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	576	23.9	3.3	(17.5–30.3)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	4,289	14.0	0.8	(12.4–15.7)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	536	25.6	3.1	(19.6–31.6)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	1,470	20.6	1.5	(17.7–23.6)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan†	2,161	23.3	1.3	(20.9–25.8)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia†	7,958	14.6	0.7	(13.2–16.0)
Wichita, Kansas	2,332	18.7	1.1	(16.5–20.9)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey†	3,197	19.8	1.1	(17.5–22.0)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	789	25.4	2.2	(21.1–29.7)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	2,716	17.6	1.1	(15.4–19.8)
Yakima, Washington	530	20.1	2.7	(14.8–25.3)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	904	26.4	2.4	(21.6–31.2)
<i>Median</i>		19.5		
<i>Range</i>		5.1–30.1		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* Smoked every day or someday during the period of the survey.

† Metropolitan division.

§ Estimate not available (N/A) if the unweighted sample size for the denominator was <50 or if the relative standard error is >0.3.

TABLE 33. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported ever smoking at least 100 cigarettes and who currently smoke,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	945	20.0	1.7	(16.6–23.3)
Madison County, Alabama	502	20.0	2.5	(15.1–24.8)
Mobile County, Alabama	808	25.7	2.6	(20.7–30.8)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	887	16.6	1.5	(13.7–19.6)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	590	22.7	2.4	(18.0–27.4)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	594	22.7	2.3	(18.2–27.1)
Maricopa County, Arizona	2,062	16.7	1.1	(14.5–18.9)
Pima County, Arizona	977	16.4	1.6	(13.2–19.6)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	737	22.7	2.3	(18.2–27.3)
Alameda County, California	619	11.0	2.0	(7.1–14.9)
Los Angeles County, California	3,490	11.8	0.8	(10.3–13.4)
Orange County, California	1,036	10.0	1.4	(7.2–12.7)
Riverside County, California	823	14.8	1.8	(11.3–18.3)
Sacramento County, California	609	16.3	2.1	(12.2–20.4)
San Bernardino County, California	704	15.8	1.8	(12.2–19.3)
San Diego County, California	1,127	10.6	1.2	(8.2–12.9)
Santa Clara County, California	662	9.2	1.6	(6.2–12.3)
Adams County, Colorado	776	23.7	2.0	(19.9–27.5)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	824	15.6	1.6	(12.5–18.6)
Boulder County, Colorado	494	13.5	1.9	(9.8–17.3)
Denver County, Colorado	922	21.2	1.7	(17.9–24.5)
Douglas County, Colorado	519	10.3	1.9	(6.7–14.0)
El Paso County, Colorado	977	17.7	1.6	(14.6–20.8)
Jefferson County, Colorado	1,071	15.5	1.4	(12.7–18.2)
Larimer County, Colorado	570	15.7	1.9	(11.9–19.5)
Weld County, Colorado	514	20.6	2.2	(16.3–24.8)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	2,135	13.2	1.2	(10.9–15.5)
Hartford County, Connecticut	1,963	15.7	1.1	(13.5–17.9)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	650	16.6	1.9	(12.8–20.4)
New Haven County, Connecticut	1,973	18.3	1.3	(15.8–20.8)
New London County, Connecticut	980	18.2	1.9	(14.5–22.0)
Kent County, Delaware	1,432	21.1	1.7	(17.9–24.4)
New Castle County, Delaware	2,321	18.6	1.1	(16.4–20.7)
Sussex County, Delaware	1,393	22.1	1.7	(18.8–25.4)
District of Columbia, District of Columbia	3,720	19.6	1.2	(17.3–21.9)
Broward County, Florida	517	12.9	2.1	(8.8–17.0)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	791	12.7	1.9	(9.0–16.3)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	1,340	16.3	1.4	(13.5–19.2)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	4,289	14.0	0.8	(12.4–15.7)
Kauai County, Hawaii	659	17.8	2.8	(12.2–23.4)
Maui County, Hawaii	1,207	14.0	1.4	(11.2–16.8)
Ada County, Idaho	793	17.6	2.3	(13.2–22.1)
Canyon County, Idaho	494	15.6	2.6	(10.6–20.6)
Cook County, Illinois	1,487	17.0	1.5	(14.2–19.9)
Lake County, Indiana	874	25.8	2.6	(20.8–30.8)
Marion County, Indiana	1,261	22.7	1.6	(19.5–25.9)
Polk County, Iowa	795	18.9	1.7	(15.5–22.3)
Johnson County, Kansas	2,159	15.0	1.1	(12.9–17.1)
Sedgwick County, Kansas	1,776	19.3	1.3	(16.8–21.8)
Shawnee County, Kansas	765	20.7	2.2	(16.4–24.9)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	869	19.9	2.3	(15.4–24.3)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	1,616	25.1	2.0	(21.3–28.9)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	567	18.2	2.3	(13.7–22.7)
Androscoggin County, Maine	696	23.7	2.1	(19.5–27.8)
Aroostook County, Maine	531	24.9	2.4	(20.3–29.5)
Cumberland County, Maine	1,735	16.6	1.2	(14.3–19.0)
Kennebec County, Maine	825	20.4	1.8	(17.0–23.8)
Penobscot County, Maine	920	22.2	1.9	(18.5–26.0)
York County, Maine	1,180	18.1	1.5	(15.3–21.0)

See table footnotes on page 70.

TABLE 33. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported ever smoking at least 100 cigarettes and who currently smoke,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	880	18.0	2.1	(13.9–22.1)
Baltimore County, Maryland	1,483	18.6	1.6	(15.4–21.8)
Charles County, Maryland	497	18.7	3.5	(11.8–25.5)
Frederick County, Maryland	738	15.7	2.7	(10.5–21.0)
Montgomery County, Maryland	1,482	7.4	1.0	(5.5–9.3)
Prince George's County, Maryland	1,110	14.3	1.9	(10.6–17.9)
Washington County, Maryland	529	18.9	3.7	(11.6–26.1)
Baltimore city, Maryland	723	21.8	2.6	(16.7–26.9)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	534	15.0	1.9	(11.1–18.8)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	2,541	20.9	1.5	(17.9–23.9)
Essex County, Massachusetts	2,464	15.4	1.2	(13.0–17.8)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	1,885	21.5	1.6	(18.3–24.6)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	4,117	12.7	0.8	(11.2–14.2)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	1,686	13.1	1.3	(10.5–15.6)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	1,742	18.6	1.6	(15.5–21.7)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	2,199	13.4	1.0	(11.4–15.4)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	2,477	17.3	1.2	(15.0–19.6)
Kent County, Michigan	521	18.7	2.4	(14.0–23.3)
Macomb County, Michigan	608	26.0	2.3	(21.6–30.4)
Oakland County, Michigan	1,154	20.2	1.8	(16.7–23.6)
Wayne County, Michigan	2,177	24.4	1.6	(21.3–27.4)
Anoka County, Minnesota	532	16.9	2.0	(13.1–20.8)
Dakota County, Minnesota	660	17.7	1.8	(14.2–21.1)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	3,171	16.4	1.0	(14.4–18.4)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	1,890	22.2	2.1	(18.1–26.3)
Jackson County, Missouri	864	24.2	2.4	(19.5–29.0)
St. Louis County, Missouri	942	16.4	1.6	(13.2–19.6)
Cascade County, Montana	703	22.1	2.2	(17.8–26.4)
Flathead County, Montana	554	17.0	1.9	(13.2–20.9)
Hill County, Montana	575	24.3	2.9	(18.5–30.0)
Lake County, Montana	882	23.8	2.6	(18.7–28.9)
Missoula County, Montana	774	20.0	1.9	(16.4–23.7)
Yellowstone County, Montana	743	20.1	1.7	(16.8–23.4)
Dakota County, Nebraska	728	16.8	3.3	(10.4–23.3)
Douglas County, Nebraska	3,529	20.6	0.9	(18.8–22.4)
Hall County, Nebraska	529	18.7	2.2	(14.3–23.1)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	1,431	21.5	1.3	(19.0–24.0)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	585	16.6	2.4	(12.0–21.3)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	1,164	19.3	1.6	(16.1–22.4)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	574	20.9	3.0	(15.1–26.8)
Clark County, Nevada	1,983	17.0	1.0	(15.0–19.0)
Washoe County, Nevada	1,471	17.6	1.6	(14.4–20.7)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	555	21.1	3.2	(14.8–27.3)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	524	20.3	3.5	(13.5–27.2)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	540	18.5	2.9	(12.8–24.1)
Coos County, New Hampshire	534	19.8	3.1	(13.6–26.0)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	559	17.0	2.8	(11.5–22.5)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	1,882	17.7	1.2	(15.2–20.1)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	696	14.9	2.1	(10.8–19.0)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	1,032	15.6	1.7	(12.2–18.9)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	613	18.7	2.6	(13.6–23.7)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	983	22.0	2.0	(18.1–25.9)
Bergen County, New Jersey	897	17.4	1.9	(13.6–21.2)
Burlington County, New Jersey	662	17.9	2.2	(13.5–22.3)
Camden County, New Jersey	720	19.3	2.0	(15.3–23.3)
Cape May County, New Jersey	530	23.6	3.7	(16.3–30.8)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	536	25.6	3.1	(19.6–31.6)
Essex County, New Jersey	1,297	17.0	1.6	(14.0–20.1)
Gloucester County, New Jersey	539	19.6	3.1	(13.6–25.5)
Hudson County, New Jersey	1,221	16.2	1.5	(13.1–19.2)

See table footnotes on page 70.

TABLE 33. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported ever smoking at least 100 cigarettes and who currently smoke,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	544	15.1	2.7	(9.8–20.5)
Mercer County, New Jersey	558	15.0	2.0	(11.0–19.0)
Middlesex County, New Jersey	853	14.6	1.7	(11.3–17.9)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	681	18.8	2.2	(14.4–23.1)
Morris County, New Jersey	817	16.1	2.0	(12.3–20.0)
Ocean County, New Jersey	631	20.0	2.2	(15.6–24.4)
Passaic County, New Jersey	649	16.9	1.9	(13.1–20.6)
Salem County, New Jersey	568	25.9	4.1	(17.8–34.0)
Somerset County, New Jersey	609	7.6	1.4	(4.8–10.4)
Sussex County, New Jersey	529	20.4	3.0	(14.5–26.2)
Union County, New Jersey	675	16.9	1.9	(13.3–20.6)
Warren County, New Jersey	510	18.6	2.4	(13.8–23.4)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	2,022	18.6	1.1	(16.5–20.7)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	697	18.1	2.0	(14.1–22.0)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	637	15.5	2.0	(11.5–19.5)
San Juan County, New Mexico	636	21.0	2.1	(17.0–25.1)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	689	16.8	1.9	(13.1–20.5)
Kings County, New York	483	15.1	2.2	(10.7–19.5)
Guilford County, North Carolina	505	17.0	2.1	(12.9–21.2)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	721	15.1	1.7	(11.8–18.4)
Robeson County, North Carolina	532	24.1	3.8	(16.7–31.5)
Wake County, North Carolina	690	15.1	1.6	(12.0–18.2)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	563	13.8	2.1	(9.7–17.9)
Cass County, North Dakota	832	19.4	2.1	(15.3–23.5)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	805	22.4	1.9	(18.6–26.2)
Franklin County, Ohio	815	20.2	1.8	(16.8–23.7)
Hamilton County, Ohio	750	19.4	1.8	(15.8–23.0)
Lorain County, Ohio	594	28.3	3.7	(20.9–35.6)
Lucas County, Ohio	606	25.7	3.1	(19.6–31.8)
Mahoning County, Ohio	572	27.2	3.2	(20.9–33.5)
Montgomery County, Ohio	648	25.4	2.5	(20.5–30.2)
Stark County, Ohio	609	27.1	2.7	(21.8–32.4)
Summit County, Ohio	613	22.4	2.5	(17.4–27.4)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	1,181	20.7	1.4	(17.9–23.4)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	1,192	19.3	1.5	(16.3–22.2)
Clackamas County, Oregon	501	15.0	2.5	(10.2–19.9)
Lane County, Oregon	516	17.1	2.3	(12.5–21.7)
Multnomah County, Oregon	873	21.3	2.1	(17.2–25.3)
Washington County, Oregon	607	10.6	1.5	(7.6–13.6)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	1,856	21.9	1.3	(19.3–24.4)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	1,829	23.7	2.8	(18.2–29.2)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	538	15.5	2.2	(11.3–19.8)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	2,012	23.8	1.3	(21.1–26.4)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	1,867	20.3	1.6	(17.2–23.4)
Kent County, Rhode Island	802	16.1	1.8	(12.6–19.6)
Providence County, Rhode Island	3,282	19.3	1.0	(17.4–21.3)
Washington County, Rhode Island	649	15.0	2.4	(10.4–19.7)
Aiken County, South Carolina	546	22.5	3.1	(16.4–28.6)

TABLE 33. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported ever smoking at least 100 cigarettes and who currently smoke,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Beaufort County, South Carolina	784	18.5	2.8	(13.0–23.9)
Charleston County, South Carolina	998	20.8	2.1	(16.8–24.8)
Greenville County, South Carolina	885	22.2	2.0	(18.3–26.2)
Horry County, South Carolina	768	23.9	2.0	(20.0–27.8)
Richland County, South Carolina	945	20.3	2.1	(16.2–24.4)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	645	21.9	2.3	(17.4–26.3)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	495	14.4	2.0	(10.5–18.4)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	871	22.4	1.8	(18.9–25.8)
Pennington County, South Dakota	604	24.3	2.1	(20.2–28.4)
Davidson County, Tennessee	533	17.2	2.1	(13.2–21.3)
Shelby County, Tennessee	513	21.1	2.3	(16.5–25.6)
Bexar County, Texas	575	17.3	2.3	(12.8–21.8)
Dallas County, Texas	496	16.2	2.0	(12.4–20.1)
El Paso County, Texas	615	15.1	2.3	(10.5–19.7)
Harris County, Texas	751	17.3	1.7	(13.9–20.7)
Hidalgo County, Texas	614	14.1	2.6	(9.0–19.3)
Tarrant County, Texas	563	20.0	2.3	(15.5–24.5)
Travis County, Texas	1,030	15.8	2.1	(11.6–20.0)
Davis County, Utah	1,127	7.8	1.1	(5.6–10.1)
Salt Lake County, Utah	3,983	12.7	0.7	(11.2–14.1)
Tooele County, Utah	553	15.9	3.0	(10.1–21.8)
Utah County, Utah	1,649	5.1	0.7	(3.7–6.5)
Wasatch County, Utah	501	N/A†	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Weber County, Utah	1,031	14.4	1.5	(11.5–17.2)
Chittenden County, Vermont	903	13.3	1.4	(10.6–16.1)
Rutland County, Vermont	585	17.7	2.4	(13.1–22.4)
Washington County, Vermont	507	14.3	2.3	(9.8–18.8)
Windsor County, Vermont	533	15.9	2.2	(11.5–20.3)
Fairfax County, Virginia	698	11.0	1.6	(7.9–14.1)
Clark County, Washington	785	15.7	1.9	(12.1–19.3)
King County, Washington	3,895	13.6	0.8	(12.0–15.2)
Kitsap County, Washington	561	19.9	2.3	(15.3–24.5)
Pierce County, Washington	1,174	20.8	1.6	(17.6–24.1)
Snohomish County, Washington	1,158	19.2	1.6	(16.0–22.3)
Spokane County, Washington	942	17.9	1.8	(14.4–21.4)
Thurston County, Washington	514	23.3	2.9	(17.7–28.9)
Whatcom County, Washington	835	18.4	2.6	(13.2–23.6)
Yakima County, Washington	530	20.1	2.7	(14.8–25.3)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	640	25.6	2.1	(21.5–29.7)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	913	23.6	2.3	(19.2–28.1)
Laramie County, Wyoming	938	20.1	2.3	(15.6–24.7)
Natrona County, Wyoming	815	25.3	2.6	(20.2–30.4)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	665	13.2	1.6	(10.0–16.4)
<i>Median</i>		18.3		
<i>Range</i>		5.1–28.3		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* Smoked everyday or someday during the period of the survey.

† Estimate not available (N/A) if the unweighted sample size for the denominator was <50 or if the relative standard error is >0.3.

TABLE 34. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported binge drinking* during the preceding month, by state/territory — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	8,662	12.3	0.6	(11.1–13.4)
Alaska	4,172	16.8	0.8	(15.2–18.3)
Arizona	7,000	15.3	0.8	(13.8–16.8)
Arkansas	5,020	11.8	0.7	(10.5–13.2)
California	12,552	16.9	0.5	(15.9–17.9)
Colorado	11,519	19.2	0.5	(18.2–20.2)
Connecticut	8,458	17.5	0.6	(16.3–18.7)
Delaware	5,094	18.6	0.8	(17.0–20.2)
District of Columbia	3,642	23.1	1.3	(20.6–25.6)
Florida	7,329	16.5	0.7	(15.1–18.0)
Georgia	5,821	14.4	0.7	(13.0–15.8)
Hawaii	7,394	18.2	0.7	(16.9–19.5)
Idaho	5,725	14.1	0.9	(12.4–15.9)
Illinois	5,477	21.6	0.9	(19.9–23.3)
Indiana	8,397	15.9	0.6	(14.8–17.0)
Iowa	6,926	21.7	0.7	(20.4–23.0)
Kansas	11,586	15.8	0.5	(14.8–16.8)
Kentucky	10,723	14.9	0.6	(13.7–16.0)
Louisiana	8,818	16.5	0.7	(15.1–18.0)
Maine	9,707	17.7	0.5	(16.7–18.7)
Maryland	12,240	16.4	0.6	(15.2–17.6)
Massachusetts	20,391	19.7	0.5	(18.8–20.6)
Michigan	10,223	19.2	0.6	(18.0–20.3)
Minnesota	11,719	21.9	0.5	(20.9–22.9)
Mississippi	7,566	12.1	0.6	(10.9–13.4)
Missouri	6,574	17.3	0.7	(15.8–18.7)
Montana	8,457	21.8	0.6	(20.5–23.0)
Nebraska	18,742	22.1	0.5	(21.2–23.0)
Nevada	4,657	15.1	0.8	(13.5–16.6)
New Hampshire	7,291	17.0	0.7	(15.7–18.4)
New Jersey	14,719	17.7	0.5	(16.7–18.7)
New Mexico	8,370	14.6	0.5	(13.5–15.6)
New York	5,808	17.0	0.7	(15.6–18.3)
North Carolina	11,351	13.1	0.5	(12.2–14.0)
North Dakota	4,750	24.1	0.9	(22.3–25.8)
Ohio	12,444	18.0	0.5	(17.0–19.0)
Oklahoma	7,870	14.4	0.5	(13.3–15.4)
Oregon	5,091	15.3	0.7	(13.9–16.8)
Pennsylvania	19,270	17.9	0.4	(17.0–18.7)
Rhode Island	5,278	17.2	0.8	(15.7–18.7)
South Carolina	12,344	15.4	0.5	(14.3–16.4)
South Dakota	7,654	20.6	0.7	(19.2–22.0)
Tennessee	6,624	11.3	0.6	(10.0–12.5)
Texas	8,797	16.2	0.6	(15.1–17.4)
Utah	12,103	11.2	0.4	(10.3–12.0)
Vermont	5,894	19.3	0.7	(17.9–20.8)
Virginia	7,045	15.7	0.6	(14.5–16.8)
Washington	14,992	16.9	0.4	(16.1–17.8)
West Virginia	5,316	10.2	0.5	(9.1–11.2)
Wisconsin	5,041	25.2	0.9	(23.4–27.0)
Wyoming	6,062	17.0	0.9	(15.2–18.8)
Guam	1,927	19.4	1.3	(16.9–21.8)
Puerto Rico	6,161	14.2	0.6	(13.0–15.3)
<i>Median</i>		16.9		
<i>Range</i>		10.2–25.2		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* For males: having at least five drinks on at least one occasion; for females: having at least four drinks on at least one occasion.

TABLE 35. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported binge drinking* during the preceding month, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	539	10.8	1.6	(7.7–14.0)
Akron, Ohio	709	17.8	2.0	(13.9–21.8)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	3,115	14.1	0.8	(12.5–15.6)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	1,299	14.9	1.6	(11.8–18.0)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California†	892	19.5	2.1	(15.4–23.6)
Anchorage, Alaska	1,456	17.2	1.2	(14.8–19.6)
Asheville, North Carolina	565	12.8	2.1	(8.8–16.9)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	2,430	14.6	1.0	(12.6–16.6)
Atlantic City-Hammonton, New Jersey	959	19.3	2.0	(15.3–23.3)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	991	15.1	2.4	(10.5–19.8)
Augusta-Waterville, Maine	817	16.6	1.7	(13.3–19.8)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	1,350	17.6	1.7	(14.3–20.9)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	4,524	17.7	0.9	(15.8–19.5)
Bangor, Maine	907	16.1	1.6	(12.9–19.2)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	527	14.6	2.0	(10.6–18.5)
Barre, Vermont	509	16.8	2.1	(12.6–21.0)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	1,345	17.4	1.9	(13.8–21.1)
Bellingham, Washington	833	19.7	2.5	(14.7–24.6)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	683	17.8	2.6	(12.7–22.9)
Billings, Montana	831	22.5	1.7	(19.2–25.9)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	1,740	11.7	1.1	(9.5–14.0)
Bismarck, North Dakota	806	22.4	2.1	(18.2–26.5)
Boise City, Idaho	1,431	15.1	1.6	(12.1–18.2)
Boston, Massachusetts†	5,533	20.5	0.9	(18.8–22.2)
Boulder, Colorado	491	15.4	2.0	(11.5–19.4)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	554	15.4	2.1	(11.2–19.6)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	2,089	19.5	1.4	(16.7–22.2)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	1,480	23.5	1.5	(20.6–26.4)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts†	6,490	19.0	0.8	(17.4–20.5)
Camden, New Jersey†	1,892	17.2	1.3	(14.7–19.8)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	654	15.0	2.0	(11.1–19.0)
Casper, Wyoming	803	17.4	2.4	(12.7–22.1)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	568	17.2	2.1	(13.1–21.3)
Charleston, West Virginia	760	9.4	1.3	(6.9–12.0)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	1,655	21.1	1.5	(18.2–24.0)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	2,401	13.1	0.9	(11.3–14.8)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	589	11.4	2.1	(7.2–15.5)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	922	16.0	2.2	(11.7–20.3)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	3,634	21.1	1.1	(19.0–23.3)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	2,272	19.4	1.1	(17.1–21.6)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	1,908	15.9	1.3	(13.4–18.4)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	1,659	18.6	1.3	(16.0–21.2)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	1,097	12.8	1.3	(10.2–15.4)
Columbia, South Carolina	1,734	19.0	1.5	(16.2–21.9)
Columbus, Ohio	1,531	17.7	1.3	(15.2–20.1)
Concord, New Hampshire	685	12.8	1.8	(9.3–16.3)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas†	871	16.0	1.6	(12.9–19.0)
Dayton, Ohio	824	18.4	1.9	(14.6–22.1)
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	4,562	21.6	0.8	(20.1–23.1)
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	1,124	23.1	1.6	(19.9–26.3)

See table footnotes on page 73.

TABLE 35. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported binge drinking* during the preceding month, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan†	2,142	18.9	1.5	(16.0–21.7)
Dover, Delaware	1,426	15.1	1.6	(12.0–18.1)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	501	23.1	2.7	(17.8–28.5)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	761	16.8	1.8	(13.2–20.3)
El Paso, Texas	598	21.0	2.9	(15.3–26.8)
Eugene, Oregon	512	16.3	2.6	(11.3–21.3)
Fairbanks, Alaska	585	15.9	2.0	(12.0–19.8)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	917	28.1	2.3	(23.6–32.7)
Farmington, New Mexico	614	10.8	1.6	(7.8–13.9)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	490	11.7	2.0	(7.7–15.7)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	786	12.6	1.8	(9.1–16.1)
Fort Collins, Colorado	565	18.0	2.0	(14.0–22.0)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	518	20.3	2.3	(15.8–24.8)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas†	707	17.5	2.0	(13.5–21.5)
Grand Island, Nebraska	840	18.6	1.9	(14.9–22.3)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	874	20.7	2.1	(16.5–24.8)
Great Falls, Montana	691	20.0	2.1	(15.8–24.2)
Greeley, Colorado	499	17.8	2.1	(13.6–22.0)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	779	13.7	1.7	(10.4–16.9)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	1,634	13.6	1.3	(11.1–16.1)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	723	14.9	1.9	(11.2–18.7)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	739	13.4	2.8	(7.9–18.9)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	651	17.6	2.0	(13.7–21.5)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	2,584	17.5	1.1	(15.4–19.6)
Heber, Utah	500	N/A [§]	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Hilo, Hawaii	1,317	21.6	1.7	(18.3–24.9)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	901	12.3	1.7	(8.9–15.7)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	1,088	15.1	1.3	(12.6–17.7)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	1,089	13.6	1.6	(10.5–16.7)
Huntsville, Alabama	589	11.4	1.8	(7.9–14.8)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	527	9.1	2.4	(4.5–13.8)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	2,127	15.8	1.0	(13.7–17.8)
Jackson, Mississippi	884	12.5	1.5	(9.6–15.5)
Jacksonville, Florida	506	19.3	3.1	(13.3–25.4)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	1,191	17.7	1.7	(14.3–21.0)
Kalispell, Montana	550	21.2	2.1	(17.0–25.4)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	4,632	17.3	1.1	(15.1–19.5)
Kapaa, Hawaii	652	19.4	2.8	(13.9–24.8)
Keene, New Hampshire	535	17.2	2.8	(11.8–22.6)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	525	17.0	2.3	(12.5–21.4)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	536	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Knoxville, Tennessee	797	10.9	1.6	(7.9–14.0)
Laconia, New Hampshire	544	20.6	3.3	(14.1–27.1)
Lafayette, Louisiana	544	18.2	2.3	(13.6–22.8)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	682	20.0	2.3	(15.5–24.5)
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	1,928	13.8	1.0	(11.8–15.7)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	686	18.0	1.8	(14.4–21.6)
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	511	17.4	2.0	(13.5–21.3)
Lincoln, Nebraska	1,642	23.7	1.2	(21.3–26.2)

See table footnotes on page 73.

TABLE 35. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported binge drinking* during the preceding month, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	1,130	12.5	1.4	(9.8–15.3)
Logan, Utah-Idaho	504	6.6	1.7	(3.2–9.9)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California†	2,859	16.3	1.0	(14.3–18.3)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	2,050	16.8	1.3	(14.2–19.3)
Lumberton, North Carolina	518	10.5	3.1	(4.4–16.6)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	1,840	16.1	1.3	(13.6–18.5)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	603	17.6	2.7	(12.4–22.9)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	1,252	11.9	1.4	(9.1–14.7)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	1,585	15.4	1.4	(12.6–18.2)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	1,172	23.5	1.8	(20.0–27.0)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	7,538	21.4	0.7	(20.1–22.8)
Missoula, Montana	768	27.5	2.1	(23.3–31.7)
Mobile, Alabama	784	15.4	2.5	(10.6–20.3)
Montgomery, Alabama	511	14.0	2.4	(9.2–18.7)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania†	1,277	18.9	1.6	(15.8–22.1)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	917	17.1	1.8	(13.5–20.7)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	1,254	16.0	1.5	(13.0–19.0)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York†	866	16.1	1.9	(12.5–19.8)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania†	6,205	17.4	0.8	(15.8–19.0)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	1,947	15.5	1.2	(13.2–17.8)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	1,225	19.0	1.7	(15.6–22.3)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey†	6,877	16.9	0.8	(15.4–18.5)
Norfolk, Nebraska	557	24.7	2.8	(19.3–30.2)
North Platte, Nebraska	599	18.5	2.8	(13.1–23.9)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	961	18.5	2.0	(14.5–22.4)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California†	865	18.9	2.0	(15.0–22.8)
Ocean City, New Jersey	522	14.2	3.1	(8.1–20.2)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	2,375	9.7	0.9	(7.9–11.4)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	2,395	16.3	1.0	(14.3–18.3)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	506	18.7	2.4	(14.0–23.4)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	5,445	22.0	0.8	(20.5–23.6)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	541	17.6	2.7	(12.3–22.9)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania†	2,341	19.3	1.1	(17.1–21.6)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	2,484	15.5	1.0	(13.5–17.5)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	3,241	19.0	0.9	(17.2–20.8)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	535	14.2	1.7	(10.9–17.4)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	3,265	19.9	0.9	(18.1–21.7)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	3,029	17.4	1.0	(15.5–19.3)
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	7,782	18.1	0.8	(16.6–19.7)
Provo-Orem, Utah	1,710	6.2	0.8	(4.7–7.7)
Raleigh, North Carolina	911	14.3	1.4	(11.6–17.0)
Rapid City, South Dakota	1,026	16.6	1.5	(13.7–19.4)
Reno, Nevada	1,454	17.5	1.6	(14.4–20.6)
Richmond, Virginia	972	15.4	1.6	(12.2–18.6)

See table footnotes on page 73.

TABLE 35. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported binge drinking* during the preceding month, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	1,325	17.2	1.6	(14.1–20.3)
Rockingham County-Strafford County, New Hampshire†	1,613	19.2	1.4	(16.4–21.9)
Rutland, Vermont	583	18.3	2.4	(13.7–23.0)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	878	16.6	2.0	(12.7–20.4)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	2,003	22.1	1.4	(19.3–24.9)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	2,060	19.2	1.9	(15.4–23.0)
Salt Lake City, Utah	4,479	14.6	0.8	(13.1–16.1)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	753	20.7	2.3	(16.1–25.2)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	996	19.0	1.7	(15.6–22.4)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California†	517	18.9	2.6	(13.8–24.1)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	592	16.4	2.0	(12.5–20.2)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	3,854	14.8	0.7	(13.3–16.2)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	662	13.9	1.7	(10.5–17.2)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	1,806	22.3	3.4	(15.6–29.0)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	617	14.1	2.6	(9.1–19.1)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	719	21.6	2.1	(17.5–25.8)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington†	4,989	17.8	0.7	(16.4–19.3)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	565	15.5	2.4	(10.8–20.1)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland†	2,184	15.7	1.3	(13.2–18.2)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	1,174	22.2	3.0	(16.4–28.0)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	1,431	22.5	1.5	(19.6–25.3)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	693	11.7	1.7	(8.5–15.0)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	1,071	17.2	1.7	(13.9–20.5)
Springfield, Massachusetts	2,224	19.5	1.6	(16.5–22.6)
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington†	1,160	15.6	1.4	(12.8–18.4)
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	806	18.9	2.0	(15.0–22.8)

TABLE 35. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported binge drinking* during the preceding month, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Toledo, Ohio	929	20.4	2.5	(15.5–25.3)
Topeka, Kansas	1,070	15.0	1.5	(12.0–18.0)
Torrington, Connecticut	641	19.9	2.3	(15.4–24.3)
Trenton, New Jersey	546	15.7	2.4	(10.9–20.4)
Tucson, Arizona	963	17.5	1.9	(13.7–21.2)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	1,704	14.4	1.1	(12.2–16.5)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	557	15.2	2.9	(9.5–20.8)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	4,234	17.4	0.8	(15.8–19.1)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	530	16.9	3.1	(10.8–23.1)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	1,438	15.4	1.4	(12.6–18.1)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan†	2,133	19.3	1.2	(17.0–21.6)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia†	7,819	17.4	0.8	(15.9–18.9)
Wichita, Kansas	2,311	14.2	1.1	(12.1–16.3)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey†	3,157	19.4	1.1	(17.2–21.7)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	761	11.9	1.8	(8.5–15.4)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	2,695	19.6	1.2	(17.3–21.9)
Yakima, Washington	525	16.0	2.5	(11.2–20.9)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	890	19.1	2.3	(14.5–23.7)
<i>Median</i>		17.2		
<i>Range</i>		6.2–28.1		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* For males: having at least five drinks on at least one occasion; for females: having at least four drinks on at least one occasion.

† Metropolitan division.

§ Estimate not available (N/A) if the unweighted sample size for the denominator was <50 or if the relative standard error is >0.3.

TABLE 36. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported binge drinking* during the preceding month, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	918	12.2	1.4	(9.4–15.0)
Madison County, Alabama	487	12.8	2.2	(8.6–17.0)
Mobile County, Alabama	784	15.4	2.5	(10.6–20.3)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	872	16.7	1.5	(13.8–19.6)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	585	15.9	2.0	(12.0–19.8)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	584	18.7	2.3	(14.2–23.1)
Maricopa County, Arizona	2,018	15.2	1.1	(13.1–17.3)
Pima County, Arizona	963	17.5	1.9	(13.8–21.2)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	727	13.5	2.0	(9.5–17.4)
Alameda County, California	553	17.3	2.3	(12.8–21.9)
Los Angeles County, California	2,859	16.3	1.0	(14.3–18.3)
Orange County, California	892	19.5	2.1	(15.4–23.6)
Riverside County, California	707	18.4	2.3	(13.9–22.9)
Sacramento County, California	529	16.7	2.7	(11.4–22.0)
San Bernardino County, California	618	15.7	2.1	(11.6–19.8)
San Diego County, California	996	19.0	1.7	(15.6–22.4)
Santa Clara County, California	574	16.3	2.0	(12.4–20.3)
Adams County, Colorado	771	21.8	2.0	(17.8–25.7)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	814	23.2	1.8	(19.7–26.8)
Boulder County, Colorado	491	15.4	2.0	(11.5–19.4)
Denver County, Colorado	909	27.2	1.8	(23.8–30.7)
Douglas County, Colorado	517	15.8	2.0	(11.8–19.7)
El Paso County, Colorado	964	12.7	1.4	(10.0–15.4)
Jefferson County, Colorado	1,055	19.1	1.5	(16.1–22.0)
Larimer County, Colorado	565	18.0	2.0	(14.0–22.0)
Weld County, Colorado	499	17.8	2.1	(13.6–22.0)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	2,089	19.5	1.4	(16.7–22.2)
Hartford County, Connecticut	1,922	16.1	1.2	(13.8–18.4)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	641	19.9	2.3	(15.4–24.3)
New Haven County, Connecticut	1,947	15.5	1.2	(13.2–17.8)
New London County, Connecticut	961	18.5	2.0	(14.5–22.4)
Kent County, Delaware	1,426	15.1	1.6	(12.0–18.1)
New Castle County, Delaware	2,297	19.9	1.1	(17.7–22.1)
Sussex County, Delaware	1,371	18.1	1.6	(15.0–21.2)
District of Columbia, District of Columbia	3,642	23.2	1.3	(20.7–25.7)
Broward County, Florida	505	15.9	2.6	(10.7–21.1)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	764	14.9	2.3	(10.4–19.5)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	1,317	21.6	1.7	(18.3–24.9)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	4,234	17.4	0.8	(15.8–19.1)
Kauai County, Hawaii	652	19.4	2.8	(13.9–24.8)
Maui County, Hawaii	1,191	17.7	1.7	(14.4–21.0)
Ada County, Idaho	778	15.6	2.0	(11.7–19.5)
Canyon County, Idaho	489	15.6	3.0	(9.7–21.5)
Cook County, Illinois	1,470	21.5	1.5	(18.5–24.5)
Lake County, Indiana	852	16.6	2.2	(12.3–20.9)
Marion County, Indiana	1,234	16.7	1.5	(13.7–19.6)
Polk County, Iowa	783	23.1	1.9	(19.4–26.8)
Johnson County, Kansas	2,139	18.1	1.2	(15.8–20.4)
Sedgwick County, Kansas	1,763	14.7	1.2	(12.3–17.1)
Shawnee County, Kansas	758	14.2	1.8	(10.7–17.7)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	854	14.4	2.2	(10.1–18.6)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	1,576	19.9	1.7	(16.6–23.2)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	550	18.0	2.5	(13.1–22.9)
Androscoggin County, Maine	686	18.0	1.8	(14.4–21.6)
Aroostook County, Maine	525	15.1	2.1	(11.1–19.2)
Cumberland County, Maine	1,725	20.6	1.3	(18.1–23.1)
Kennebec County, Maine	817	16.6	1.7	(13.3–19.8)
Penobscot County, Maine	907	16.1	1.6	(12.9–19.2)
York County, Maine	1,164	19.9	1.5	(17.0–22.8)
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	866	18.9	2.2	(14.6–23.1)

See table footnotes on page 75.

TABLE 36. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported binge drinking* during the preceding month, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Baltimore County, Maryland	1,455	17.2	1.7	(13.8–20.6)
Charles County, Maryland	493	16.0	3.3	(9.7–22.4)
Frederick County, Maryland	721	21.0	3.5	(14.1–27.9)
Montgomery County, Maryland	1,463	14.5	1.3	(11.9–17.1)
Prince George's County, Maryland	1,087	12.4	1.8	(8.9–15.9)
Washington County, Maryland	522	14.4	3.4	(7.8–21.0)
Baltimore city, Maryland	706	18.9	2.4	(14.2–23.5)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	527	14.6	2.0	(10.6–18.5)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	2,504	19.7	1.8	(16.3–23.2)
Essex County, Massachusetts	2,437	18.7	1.4	(16.0–21.4)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	1,851	17.2	1.6	(14.1–20.4)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	4,053	19.1	0.9	(17.3–20.9)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	1,654	18.5	1.4	(15.7–21.3)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	1,711	20.4	1.8	(16.8–24.0)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	2,168	22.8	1.4	(20.1–25.5)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	2,459	20.8	1.3	(18.2–23.3)
Kent County, Michigan	516	19.6	2.6	(14.4–24.7)
Macomb County, Michigan	598	20.3	2.1	(16.3–24.3)
Oakland County, Michigan	1,138	17.3	1.7	(14.1–20.6)
Wayne County, Michigan	2,142	18.9	1.4	(16.0–21.7)
Anoka County, Minnesota	523	19.5	2.1	(15.4–23.7)
Dakota County, Minnesota	650	21.4	1.9	(17.6–25.2)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	3,121	20.9	1.1	(18.8–22.9)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	1,875	21.7	1.8	(18.2–25.2)
Jackson County, Missouri	851	15.6	2.2	(11.3–19.9)
St. Louis County, Missouri	923	18.9	1.8	(15.5–22.4)
Cascade County, Montana	691	20.0	2.2	(15.8–24.2)
Flathead County, Montana	550	21.2	2.1	(17.0–25.4)
Hill County, Montana	564	24.7	3.3	(18.4–31.1)
Lake County, Montana	874	17.6	2.4	(12.9–22.3)
Missoula County, Montana	768	27.5	2.1	(23.3–31.7)
Yellowstone County, Montana	737	22.0	1.8	(18.6–25.4)
Dakota County, Nebraska	721	19.9	4.4	(11.2–28.5)
Douglas County, Nebraska	3,483	22.6	0.9	(20.8–24.5)
Hall County, Nebraska	525	17.7	2.3	(13.3–22.1)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	1,422	23.9	1.3	(21.4–26.5)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	575	19.0	2.8	(13.5–24.6)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	1,156	23.4	1.7	(20.0–26.7)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	567	13.7	2.6	(8.7–18.8)
Clark County, Nevada	1,928	13.8	1.0	(11.8–15.7)
Washoe County, Nevada	1,435	17.6	1.6	(14.4–20.7)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	544	20.6	3.3	(14.1–27.1)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	517	17.4	3.5	(10.5–24.2)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	535	17.2	2.7	(11.8–22.6)
Coos County, New Hampshire	521	19.1	3.1	(13.0–25.1)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	552	15.8	2.4	(11.1–20.4)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	1,840	16.1	1.2	(13.7–18.5)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	685	12.8	1.8	(9.3–16.3)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	1,012	19.9	1.7	(16.6–23.2)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	601	17.4	2.6	(12.3–22.6)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	959	19.3	2.1	(15.3–23.3)
Bergen County, New Jersey	874	17.0	1.7	(13.6–20.4)
Burlington County, New Jersey	654	16.4	2.1	(12.2–20.6)
Camden County, New Jersey	708	16.9	2.2	(12.6–21.3)
Cape May County, New Jersey	522	14.2	3.1	(8.1–20.2)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	530	16.9	3.1	(10.8–23.1)
Essex County, New Jersey	1,273	18.8	1.6	(15.6–22.0)
Gloucester County, New Jersey	530	18.7	2.6	(13.5–23.8)
Hudson County, New Jersey	1,198	21.6	1.7	(18.3–24.9)
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	535	19.8	3.1	(13.7–25.8)

See table footnotes on page 75.

TABLE 36. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported binge drinking* during the preceding month, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Mercer County, New Jersey	546	15.7	2.4	(10.9–20.4)
Middlesex County, New Jersey	831	14.2	1.7	(10.9–17.4)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	665	23.4	2.4	(18.7–28.0)
Morris County, New Jersey	798	16.9	1.8	(13.4–20.4)
Ocean County, New Jersey	614	18.3	2.2	(13.9–22.7)
Passaic County, New Jersey	642	19.1	2.1	(15.0–23.1)
Salem County, New Jersey	559	15.2	3.5	(8.3–22.2)
Somerset County, New Jersey	595	16.3	2.1	(12.1–20.4)
Sussex County, New Jersey	515	18.5	2.7	(13.3–23.8)
Union County, New Jersey	664	15.5	1.8	(12.0–19.0)
Warren County, New Jersey	507	12.0	2.4	(7.3–16.7)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	1,965	14.5	0.9	(12.6–16.3)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	682	20.0	2.3	(15.5–24.6)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	618	13.2	1.8	(9.6–16.7)
San Juan County, New Mexico	614	10.9	1.6	(7.8–14.0)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	662	13.9	1.7	(10.5–17.2)
Kings County, New York	465	17.0	2.4	(12.3–21.6)
Guilford County, North Carolina	498	14.9	2.1	(10.8–19.1)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	680	12.5	1.4	(9.8–15.2)
Robeson County, North Carolina	518	10.5	3.1	(4.4–16.6)
Wake County, North Carolina	669	15.1	1.6	(12.0–18.2)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	558	22.8	2.6	(17.7–27.9)
Cass County, North Dakota	822	26.0	2.3	(21.5–30.5)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	790	18.1	1.7	(14.8–21.3)
Franklin County, Ohio	794	18.9	1.7	(15.6–22.2)
Hamilton County, Ohio	736	20.2	1.9	(16.6–23.9)
Lorain County, Ohio	582	23.4	3.4	(16.9–30.0)
Lucas County, Ohio	591	20.8	3.1	(14.7–26.9)
Mahoning County, Ohio	563	25.7	3.8	(18.2–33.1)
Montgomery County, Ohio	637	19.1	2.3	(14.5–23.6)
Stark County, Ohio	598	15.8	2.1	(11.6–20.0)
Summit County, Ohio	600	19.6	2.3	(15.0–24.1)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	1,163	15.4	1.3	(12.8–17.9)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	1,175	15.6	1.4	(12.9–18.2)
Clackamas County, Oregon	492	17.0	2.4	(12.3–21.7)
Lane County, Oregon	512	16.3	2.5	(11.4–21.3)
Multnomah County, Oregon	864	20.5	1.9	(16.8–24.3)
Washington County, Oregon	599	15.3	1.9	(11.4–19.1)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	1,822	19.9	1.3	(17.5–22.4)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	1,806	22.3	3.4	(15.6–29.0)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	532	20.0	2.2	(15.6–24.3)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	1,960	18.7	1.3	(16.3–21.2)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	1,825	12.8	1.1	(10.6–14.9)
Kent County, Rhode Island	789	15.9	1.9	(12.3–19.6)
Providence County, Rhode Island	3,213	17.1	1.0	(15.2–19.0)
Washington County, Rhode Island	637	18.4	2.4	(13.6–23.1)
Aiken County, South Carolina	537	12.8	2.8	(7.2–18.3)
Beaufort County, South Carolina	772	12.4	1.9	(8.8–16.1)
Charleston County, South Carolina	980	24.7	2.1	(20.5–28.8)

TABLE 36. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported binge drinking* during the preceding month, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Greenville County, South Carolina	872	15.4	1.9	(11.6–19.1)
Horry County, South Carolina	753	14.4	1.7	(11.1–17.7)
Richland County, South Carolina	928	22.0	2.2	(17.7–26.3)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	640	12.3	1.8	(8.8–15.8)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	488	29.5	3.7	(22.2–36.7)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	857	21.4	1.6	(18.2–24.7)
Pennington County, South Dakota	593	15.0	1.7	(11.7–18.3)
Davidson County, Tennessee	516	17.2	2.1	(13.0–21.4)
Shelby County, Tennessee	498	11.1	1.8	(7.5–14.7)
Bexar County, Texas	566	21.1	2.7	(15.8–26.4)
Dallas County, Texas	487	16.3	1.9	(12.5–20.1)
El Paso County, Texas	597	21.1	2.9	(15.3–26.8)
Harris County, Texas	733	15.3	1.6	(12.2–18.4)
Hidalgo County, Texas	603	17.6	2.7	(12.4–22.9)
Tarrant County, Texas	556	17.7	2.3	(13.3–22.2)
Travis County, Texas	1,022	21.1	2.2	(16.7–25.5)
Davis County, Utah	1,122	9.6	1.3	(7.0–12.2)
Salt Lake County, Utah	3,930	14.8	0.8	(13.2–16.4)
Tooele County, Utah	549	10.8	2.6	(5.7–15.9)
Utah County, Utah	1,643	6.2	0.8	(4.7–7.7)
Wasatch County, Utah	500	N/A†	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Weber County, Utah	1,020	10.2	1.3	(7.7–12.6)
Chittenden County, Vermont	890	24.2	1.8	(20.6–27.7)
Rutland County, Vermont	583	18.3	2.4	(13.7–23.0)
Washington County, Vermont	509	16.8	2.1	(12.6–21.0)
Windsor County, Vermont	529	17.4	2.2	(13.1–21.6)
Fairfax County, Virginia	692	13.8	1.7	(10.5–17.1)
Clark County, Washington	776	17.7	1.9	(13.9–21.5)
King County, Washington	3,846	17.6	0.8	(16.0–19.3)
Kitsap County, Washington	554	15.4	2.1	(11.2–19.6)
Pierce County, Washington	1,160	15.6	1.4	(12.9–18.4)
Snohomish County, Washington	1,143	19.0	1.7	(15.7–22.3)
Spokane County, Washington	928	17.1	1.8	(13.5–20.7)
Thurston County, Washington	506	18.7	2.4	(14.0–23.4)
Whatcom County, Washington	833	19.7	2.5	(14.7–24.6)
Yakima County, Washington	525	16.0	2.5	(11.2–20.9)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	631	9.4	1.4	(6.7–12.1)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	891	21.4	2.1	(17.3–25.5)
Laramie County, Wyoming	922	16.0	2.2	(11.7–20.3)
Natrona County, Wyoming	803	17.4	2.4	(12.7–22.1)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	652	14.9	1.7	(11.6–18.2)
<i>Median</i>		17.5		
<i>Range</i>		6.2–29.5		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* For males: having at least five drinks on at least one occasion; for females: having at least four drinks on at least one occasion.

† Estimate not available (N/A) if the unweighted sample size for the denominator was <50 or if the relative standard error is >0.3.

TABLE 37. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported heavy drinking* during the preceding month, by state/territory—Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	8,663	5.2	0.4	(4.5–6.0)
Alaska	4,163	6.6	0.6	(5.5–7.7)
Arizona	7,017	5.1	0.4	(4.3–5.9)
Arkansas	5,005	4.1	0.4	(3.3–4.9)
California	12,564	5.8	0.3	(5.2–6.4)
Colorado	11,524	6.5	0.3	(5.9–7.1)
Connecticut	8,450	6.5	0.4	(5.8–7.2)
Delaware	5,094	6.8	0.5	(5.8–7.8)
District of Columbia	3,641	8.1	0.8	(6.4–9.7)
Florida	7,323	7.1	0.5	(6.2–8.0)
Georgia	5,815	5.1	0.4	(4.2–5.9)
Hawaii	7,407	7.4	0.4	(6.5–8.2)
Idaho	5,730	5.7	0.6	(4.6–6.9)
Illinois	5,484	6.1	0.5	(5.2–7.1)
Indiana	8,393	5.1	0.3	(4.4–5.7)
Iowa	6,929	6.2	0.4	(5.5–6.9)
Kansas	11,580	5.3	0.3	(4.7–5.9)
Kentucky	10,713	5.3	0.4	(4.6–6.1)
Louisiana	8,797	6.9	0.5	(5.9–8.0)
Maine	9,708	6.7	0.3	(6.1–7.4)
Maryland	12,216	5.5	0.4	(4.7–6.2)
Massachusetts	20,401	7.4	0.3	(6.9–8.0)
Michigan	10,215	6.1	0.4	(5.4–6.8)
Minnesota	11,705	6.3	0.3	(5.7–6.9)
Mississippi	7,570	4.6	0.4	(3.8–5.4)
Missouri	6,579	6.3	0.5	(5.4–7.2)
Montana	8,446	8.5	0.4	(7.7–9.4)
Nebraska	18,738	7.2	0.3	(6.6–7.7)
Nevada	4,647	6.5	0.5	(5.5–7.5)
New Hampshire	7,285	7.3	0.5	(6.3–8.2)
New Jersey	14,694	5.3	0.3	(4.8–5.8)
New Mexico	8,384	5.5	0.3	(4.9–6.2)
New York	5,818	5.0	0.4	(4.3–5.7)
North Carolina	11,335	4.9	0.3	(4.4–5.4)
North Dakota	4,754	6.5	0.5	(5.4–7.5)
Ohio	12,464	6.3	0.3	(5.7–6.9)
Oklahoma	7,857	4.6	0.3	(4.0–5.3)
Oregon	5,072	7.3	0.5	(6.3–8.2)
Pennsylvania	19,271	5.8	0.2	(5.3–6.2)
Rhode Island	5,276	6.2	0.5	(5.3–7.1)
South Carolina	12,348	5.9	0.3	(5.2–6.5)
South Dakota	7,665	5.9	0.4	(5.1–6.7)
Tennessee	6,618	3.6	0.4	(2.9–4.3)
Texas	8,779	6.1	0.4	(5.3–6.8)
Utah	12,091	3.5	0.2	(3.1–4.0)
Vermont	5,903	7.5	0.5	(6.6–8.4)
Virginia	7,038	5.4	0.4	(4.7–6.1)
Washington	14,990	6.4	0.3	(5.8–6.9)
West Virginia	5,320	3.5	0.3	(2.9–4.1)
Wisconsin	5,055	8.5	0.6	(7.4–9.6)
Wyoming	6,056	6.0	0.6	(4.9–7.2)
Guam	1,925	7.5	0.9	(5.7–9.3)
Puerto Rico	6,140	4.9	0.4	(4.2–5.6)
<i>Median</i>		6.1		
<i>Range</i>		3.5–8.5		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* For adult men: having more than two drinks per day; for adult women: having more than one drink per day.

TABLE 38. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported heavy drinking* during the preceding month, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	537	3.2	0.9	(1.5–4.9)
Akron, Ohio	713	7.0	1.4	(4.3–9.8)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	3,112	5.4	0.5	(4.4–6.4)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	1,297	5.0	0.9	(3.3–6.7)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California†	896	5.3	1.1	(3.1–7.5)
Anchorage, Alaska	1,455	6.6	0.8	(5.0–8.3)
Asheville, North Carolina	572	5.5	1.1	(3.3–7.7)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	2,427	4.6	0.6	(3.5–5.7)
Atlantic City-Hammonton, New Jersey	962	7.4	1.3	(4.8–10.0)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	993	5.1	1.3	(2.6–7.6)
Augusta-Waterville, Maine	815	4.7	0.9	(3.0–6.4)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	1,347	7.5	1.1	(5.3–9.7)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	4,513	5.3	0.5	(4.3–6.3)
Bangor, Maine	910	5.2	0.9	(3.5–6.9)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	524	6.3	1.3	(3.9–8.8)
Barre, Vermont	507	8.7	1.5	(5.8–11.5)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	1,340	6.7	1.3	(4.3–9.2)
Bellingham, Washington	832	8.0	1.7	(4.7–11.3)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	682	7.2	1.5	(4.3–10.0)
Billings, Montana	829	9.1	1.1	(6.8–11.3)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	1,741	4.4	0.7	(3.1–5.7)
Bismarck, North Dakota	807	7.5	1.6	(4.4–10.5)
Boise City, Idaho	1,436	5.6	1.0	(3.6–7.5)
Boston, Massachusetts†	5,553	8.1	0.6	(6.9–9.3)
Boulder, Colorado	489	5.8	1.3	(3.3–8.2)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	553	5.1	1.1	(3.0–7.3)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	2,087	6.0	0.6	(4.7–7.2)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	1,484	8.4	0.9	(6.7–10.2)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts†	6,475	6.7	0.5	(5.8–7.7)
Camden, New Jersey†	1,879	5.4	0.7	(4.0–6.9)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	651	6.8	1.6	(3.7–9.9)
Casper, Wyoming	801	4.4	1.2	(2.1–6.8)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	571	7.0	1.4	(4.2–9.8)
Charleston, West Virginia	763	3.0	0.7	(1.6–4.5)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	1,652	8.2	0.9	(6.3–10.0)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	2,394	4.5	0.5	(3.5–5.5)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	591	N/A [§]	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	921	6.6	1.5	(3.6–9.5)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	3,638	5.8	0.5	(4.8–6.8)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	2,272	5.8	0.6	(4.5–7.0)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	1,900	5.7	0.7	(4.4–7.1)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	1,664	7.0	0.9	(5.3–8.7)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	1,098	4.3	0.8	(2.8–5.8)
Columbia, South Carolina	1,735	6.8	0.9	(5.1–8.5)
Columbus, Ohio	1,528	6.1	0.7	(4.6–7.5)
Concord, New Hampshire	686	7.3	1.4	(4.5–10.1)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas†	867	5.0	0.9	(3.3–6.7)
Dayton, Ohio	825	9.6	1.6	(6.4–12.7)
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	4,577	7.5	0.5	(6.6–8.5)
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	1,125	6.3	0.9	(4.4–8.1)

See table footnotes on page 78.

TABLE 38. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported heavy drinking* during the preceding month, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan†	2,146	5.7	0.8	(4.2–7.3)
Dover, Delaware	1,428	7.0	1.0	(5.0–9.1)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	500	6.6	1.4	(3.9–9.3)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	757	7.7	1.3	(5.2–10.2)
El Paso, Texas	598	5.2	1.6	(2.2–8.3)
Eugene, Oregon	507	7.5	1.5	(4.5–10.5)
Fairbanks, Alaska	582	7.6	1.4	(4.9–10.4)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	918	3.9	0.9	(2.2–5.6)
Farmington, New Mexico	619	4.5	1.1	(2.4–6.6)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	487	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	786	4.0	1.0	(2.1–6.0)
Fort Collins, Colorado	567	4.1	1.0	(2.1–6.0)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	519	4.9	1.1	(2.6–7.1)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas†	702	7.1	1.4	(4.4–9.8)
Grand Island, Nebraska	840	7.0	1.2	(4.6–9.4)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	872	6.6	1.4	(3.8–9.4)
Great Falls, Montana	694	10.0	1.6	(6.9–13.0)
Greeley, Colorado	497	5.5	1.4	(2.8–8.2)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	779	5.0	0.9	(3.2–6.8)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	1,641	5.4	0.8	(3.9–7.0)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	719	6.7	1.3	(4.1–9.2)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	743	3.8	1.0	(1.9–5.7)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	657	3.7	0.9	(2.0–5.4)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	2,573	6.4	0.7	(5.1–7.8)
Heber, Utah	497	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Hilo, Hawaii	1,321	11.0	1.2	(8.6–13.4)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	903	8.9	1.7	(5.5–12.2)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	1,085	5.6	0.8	(4.1–7.2)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	1,092	5.0	1.1	(2.8–7.1)
Huntsville, Alabama	586	4.1	1.1	(1.9–6.3)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	526	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	2,129	4.5	0.5	(3.4–5.5)
Jackson, Mississippi	886	4.9	1.0	(3.0–6.8)
Jacksonville, Florida	503	9.7	2.3	(5.2–14.1)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	1,193	8.2	0.9	(6.3–10.0)
Kalispell, Montana	547	10.0	1.7	(6.7–13.2)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	4,639	6.2	0.7	(4.7–7.6)
Kapaa, Hawaii	651	10.3	2.4	(5.6–14.9)
Keene, New Hampshire	532	8.2	1.9	(4.5–11.9)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	524	5.2	1.2	(2.9–7.5)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	539	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Knoxville, Tennessee	792	4.2	1.0	(2.2–6.2)
Laconia, New Hampshire	542	8.6	1.9	(4.9–12.3)
Lafayette, Louisiana	540	9.0	1.8	(5.5–12.6)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	681	6.6	1.3	(4.0–9.1)
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	1,911	5.8	0.6	(4.5–7.0)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	685	5.6	1.0	(3.5–7.6)
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	511	6.4	1.2	(4.1–8.7)
Lincoln, Nebraska	1,643	6.3	0.7	(5.0–7.7)

See table footnotes on page 78.

TABLE 38. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported heavy drinking* during the preceding month, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	1,127	4.8	0.8	(3.2–6.4)
Logan, Utah-Idaho	502	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California†	2,858	5.0	0.5	(3.9–6.0)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	2,045	5.9	0.8	(4.3–7.4)
Lumberton, North Carolina	513	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	1,844	7.5	1.0	(5.6–9.4)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	600	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	1,251	3.8	0.9	(2.1–5.5)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	1,581	4.6	0.7	(3.3–6.0)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	1,174	8.3	1.1	(6.1–10.6)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	7,528	6.6	0.4	(5.8–7.4)
Missoula, Montana	764	8.1	1.4	(5.5–10.8)
Mobile, Alabama	785	7.3	1.5	(4.3–10.3)
Montgomery, Alabama	514	7.3	1.8	(3.8–10.9)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania†	1,276	4.9	0.6	(3.7–6.2)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	922	6.9	1.2	(4.5–9.3)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	1,259	4.5	0.8	(3.0–6.0)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York†	868	3.8	0.8	(2.3–5.3)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania†	6,204	4.9	0.4	(4.1–5.7)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	1,948	6.3	0.7	(4.9–7.8)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	1,233	7.9	1.3	(5.4–10.4)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey†	6,883	4.5	0.4	(3.8–5.2)
Norfolk, Nebraska	562	7.6	1.6	(4.5–10.6)
North Platte, Nebraska	598	5.1	1.3	(2.5–7.6)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	963	7.1	1.3	(4.6–9.6)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California†	862	7.6	1.2	(5.2–10.0)
Ocean City, New Jersey	523	5.9	1.4	(3.3–8.6)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	2,370	2.5	0.4	(1.7–3.3)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	2,391	4.7	0.6	(3.5–5.8)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	508	6.3	1.3	(3.7–8.9)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	5,448	7.3	0.5	(6.4–8.2)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	545	5.7	1.4	(2.9–8.4)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania†	2,331	7.0	0.8	(5.5–8.6)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	2,491	5.0	0.6	(3.8–6.2)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	3,255	6.9	0.6	(5.7–8.2)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	533	4.2	1.0	(2.3–6.1)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	3,270	8.6	0.6	(7.4–9.8)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	3,019	7.4	0.7	(6.1–8.7)
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	7,781	6.4	0.5	(5.4–7.4)
Provo-Orem, Utah	1,707	2.0	0.5	(1.1–2.9)
Raleigh, North Carolina	904	5.0	0.9	(3.3–6.7)
Rapid City, South Dakota	1,029	6.7	1.0	(4.8–8.6)
Reno, Nevada	1,454	7.5	1.0	(5.6–9.4)
Richmond, Virginia	967	6.1	1.0	(4.1–8.2)

See table footnotes on page 78.

TABLE 38. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported heavy drinking* during the preceding month, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	1,327	5.2	0.9	(3.4–7.0)
Rockingham County-Strafford County, New Hampshire†	1,616	7.0	0.9	(5.3–8.7)
Rutland, Vermont	582	5.5	1.1	(3.2–7.7)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	877	6.2	1.2	(3.8–8.5)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	2,007	6.9	0.8	(5.3–8.4)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	2,053	8.6	1.5	(5.7–11.5)
Salt Lake City, Utah	4,485	4.5	0.4	(3.7–5.3)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	753	7.3	1.5	(4.5–10.2)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	996	8.0	1.1	(5.8–10.3)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California†	519	6.0	1.4	(3.4–8.7)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	594	4.3	1.0	(2.3–6.2)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	3,836	5.3	0.4	(4.5–6.2)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	665	8.4	1.3	(5.8–10.9)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	1,807	4.4	0.6	(3.3–5.5)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	619	6.1	1.8	(2.6–9.6)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	719	7.8	1.5	(4.8–10.7)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington†	4,992	6.6	0.5	(5.7–7.5)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	567	5.5	1.4	(2.7–8.3)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland†	2,180	5.2	0.7	(3.7–6.6)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	1,173	8.9	2.1	(4.7–13.1)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	1,438	6.0	0.7	(4.7–7.4)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	689	4.0	1.0	(2.0–6.0)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	1,073	8.1	1.1	(5.9–10.3)
Springfield, Massachusetts	2,230	8.0	1.1	(5.8–10.2)
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington†	1,162	6.1	0.9	(4.4–7.8)
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	801	8.3	1.4	(5.7–11.0)

TABLE 38. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported heavy drinking* during the preceding month, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Toledo, Ohio	931	6.4	1.5	(3.5–9.3)
Topeka, Kansas	1,072	4.5	0.9	(2.6–6.3)
Torrington, Connecticut	641	9.1	1.6	(5.9–12.3)
Trenton, New Jersey	544	3.7	0.8	(2.1–5.3)
Tucson, Arizona	961	5.6	0.9	(3.8–7.4)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	1,700	4.5	0.6	(3.3–5.8)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	556	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	4,242	6.3	0.5	(5.3–7.3)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	529	3.2	0.8	(1.6–4.8)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	1,436	5.9	0.8	(4.3–7.5)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan†	2,122	5.7	0.6	(4.5–7.0)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia†	7,805	5.6	0.4	(4.8–6.5)
Wichita, Kansas	2,307	4.8	0.6	(3.6–6.1)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey†	3,152	6.4	0.7	(5.0–7.7)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	765	2.8	0.7	(1.4–4.3)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	2,698	7.4	0.7	(6.0–8.8)
Yakima, Washington	524	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	891	6.6	1.4	(3.8–9.3)
<i>Median</i>		6.1		
<i>Range</i>		2.0–11.0		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* For adult men: having more than two drinks per day; for adult women: having more than one drink per day.

† Metropolitan division.

§ Estimate not available (N/A) if the unweighted sample size for the denominator was <50 or if the relative standard error is >0.3.

TABLE 39. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported heavy drinking* during the preceding month, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	919	4.7	0.8	(3.1–6.3)
Madison County, Alabama	485	N/A†	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Mobile County, Alabama	785	7.3	1.5	(4.3–10.3)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	872	6.0	1.0	(4.1–7.9)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	582	7.6	1.4	(4.9–10.4)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	583	8.5	1.7	(5.1–11.8)
Maricopa County, Arizona	2,024	5.0	0.6	(3.8–6.3)
Pima County, Arizona	961	5.6	0.9	(3.8–7.4)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	722	5.5	1.1	(3.4–7.7)
Alameda County, California	553	6.9	1.4	(4.1–9.7)
Los Angeles County, California	2,858	5.0	0.5	(3.9–6.0)
Orange County, California	896	5.3	1.1	(3.1–7.5)
Riverside County, California	709	6.2	1.4	(3.4–9.0)
Sacramento County, California	530	5.6	1.5	(2.7–8.6)
San Bernardino County, California	618	4.3	1.0	(2.2–6.3)
San Diego County, California	996	8.0	1.1	(5.8–10.3)
Santa Clara County, California	576	4.1	1.0	(2.2–6.1)
Adams County, Colorado	773	6.2	1.2	(4.0–8.5)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	818	7.6	1.0	(5.7–9.6)
Boulder County, Colorado	489	5.8	1.2	(3.3–8.2)
Denver County, Colorado	918	7.7	1.0	(5.8–9.6)
Douglas County, Colorado	513	6.7	1.4	(3.8–9.5)
El Paso County, Colorado	965	4.0	0.8	(2.5–5.4)
Jefferson County, Colorado	1,058	9.1	1.1	(7.0–11.2)
Larimer County, Colorado	567	4.1	1.0	(2.1–6.0)
Weld County, Colorado	497	5.5	1.4	(2.8–8.2)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	2,087	6.0	0.6	(4.7–7.2)
Hartford County, Connecticut	1,914	5.0	0.6	(3.9–6.2)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	641	9.1	1.6	(5.9–12.3)
New Haven County, Connecticut	1,948	6.3	0.8	(4.9–7.8)
New London County, Connecticut	963	7.1	1.3	(4.6–9.6)
Kent County, Delaware	1,428	7.0	1.1	(5.0–9.1)
New Castle County, Delaware	2,297	6.7	0.8	(5.2–8.1)
Sussex County, Delaware	1,369	7.4	1.0	(5.5–9.3)
District of Columbia, District of Columbia	3,641	8.0	0.8	(6.4–9.7)
Broward County, Florida	502	5.8	1.4	(3.0–8.7)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	764	2.9	0.8	(1.4–4.4)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	1,321	11.0	1.2	(8.6–13.4)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	4,242	6.3	0.5	(5.3–7.3)
Kauai County, Hawaii	651	10.3	2.4	(5.6–15.0)
Maui County, Hawaii	1,193	8.2	0.9	(6.3–10.0)
Ada County, Idaho	779	5.5	1.2	(3.1–7.9)
Canyon County, Idaho	490	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Cook County, Illinois	1,473	5.5	0.7	(4.1–6.9)
Lake County, Indiana	851	4.5	1.2	(2.2–6.9)
Marion County, Indiana	1,236	4.9	0.8	(3.4–6.4)
Polk County, Iowa	782	7.3	1.2	(4.9–9.6)
Johnson County, Kansas	2,136	5.8	0.7	(4.4–7.3)
Sedgwick County, Kansas	1,761	4.6	0.7	(3.3–6.0)
Shawnee County, Kansas	760	4.0	1.0	(2.0–5.9)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	857	3.7	1.0	(1.9–5.6)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	1,574	6.4	1.0	(4.4–8.4)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	548	6.3	1.6	(3.2–9.4)
Androscoggin County, Maine	685	5.6	1.0	(3.5–7.6)
Aroostook County, Maine	525	3.4	0.9	(1.7–5.1)
Cumberland County, Maine	1,726	8.1	0.8	(6.4–9.7)
Kennebec County, Maine	815	4.7	0.9	(3.0–6.4)
Penobscot County, Maine	910	5.2	0.9	(3.5–6.9)
York County, Maine	1,167	9.1	1.1	(7.0–11.2)

See table footnotes on page 80.

TABLE 39. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported heavy drinking* during the preceding month, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	863	4.6	1.1	(2.4–6.8)
Baltimore County, Maryland	1,455	5.9	1.0	(3.9–7.8)
Charles County, Maryland	485	8.5	2.5	(3.6–13.4)
Frederick County, Maryland	724	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Montgomery County, Maryland	1,456	5.3	0.8	(3.7–7.0)
Prince George's County, Maryland	1,084	4.9	1.2	(2.6–7.2)
Washington County, Maryland	526	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Baltimore city, Maryland	700	4.5	1.1	(2.3–6.7)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	524	6.3	1.2	(3.9–8.8)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	2,505	6.5	1.1	(4.3–8.7)
Essex County, Massachusetts	2,427	6.0	0.8	(4.5–7.6)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	1,860	7.8	1.3	(5.3–10.3)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	4,048	7.1	0.6	(5.9–8.3)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	1,660	7.9	1.0	(5.9–10.0)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	1,723	8.0	1.2	(5.7–10.4)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	2,170	8.6	0.9	(6.7–10.4)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	2,460	7.8	0.8	(6.2–9.3)
Kent County, Michigan	512	4.7	1.3	(2.1–7.4)
Macomb County, Michigan	596	5.6	1.1	(3.4–7.9)
Oakland County, Michigan	1,132	5.3	0.9	(3.4–7.1)
Wayne County, Michigan	2,146	5.7	0.8	(4.2–7.3)
Anoka County, Minnesota	521	5.4	1.4	(2.7–8.1)
Dakota County, Minnesota	648	9.0	1.4	(6.3–11.7)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	3,121	7.2	0.7	(5.8–8.5)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	1,876	7.8	1.2	(5.5–10.1)
Jackson County, Missouri	855	5.3	1.3	(2.7–7.8)
St. Louis County, Missouri	925	7.1	1.1	(4.9–9.3)
Cascade County, Montana	694	10.0	1.6	(6.9–13.0)
Flathead County, Montana	547	10.0	1.7	(6.7–13.2)
Hill County, Montana	566	8.7	2.3	(4.1–13.2)
Lake County, Montana	870	8.4	1.8	(4.8–11.9)
Missoula County, Montana	764	8.1	1.4	(5.5–10.8)
Yellowstone County, Montana	735	8.7	1.2	(6.4–11.0)
Dakota County, Nebraska	720	4.7	1.3	(2.2–7.3)
Douglas County, Nebraska	3,486	7.6	0.6	(6.4–8.8)
Hall County, Nebraska	526	7.1	1.5	(4.2–10.0)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	1,421	6.3	0.7	(4.8–7.7)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	574	5.3	1.3	(2.6–7.9)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	1,155	8.7	1.1	(6.5–10.9)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	570	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Clark County, Nevada	1,911	5.8	0.6	(4.8–7.0)
Washoe County, Nevada	1,435	7.4	1.0	(5.4–9.4)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	542	8.6	1.9	(4.9–12.3)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	513	8.4	1.9	(4.7–12.2)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	532	8.2	1.9	(4.5–11.9)
Coos County, New Hampshire	520	7.3	1.7	(4.0–10.5)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	551	6.1	1.2	(3.6–8.5)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	1,844	7.5	1.0	(5.6–9.4)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	686	7.3	1.4	(4.6–10.1)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	1,012	7.6	1.1	(5.4–9.7)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	604	5.6	1.5	(2.7–8.5)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	962	7.4	1.3	(4.8–10.0)
Bergen County, New Jersey	869	4.5	1.0	(2.5–6.4)
Burlington County, New Jersey	652	5.3	1.5	(2.4–8.2)
Camden County, New Jersey	699	5.4	1.1	(3.3–7.5)
Cape May County, New Jersey	523	5.9	1.4	(3.3–8.6)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	529	3.2	0.8	(1.6–4.8)
Essex County, New Jersey	1,262	4.5	0.8	(3.0–6.0)
Gloucester County, New Jersey	528	6.1	1.5	(3.2–9.0)
Hudson County, New Jersey	1,195	4.7	0.8	(3.1–6.3)

See table footnotes on page 80.

TABLE 39. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported heavy drinking* during the preceding month, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	532	7.2	1.6	(4.0–10.3)
Mercer County, New Jersey	544	3.7	0.8	(2.1–5.3)
Middlesex County, New Jersey	835	4.5	0.8	(2.8–6.1)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	667	7.8	1.3	(5.3–10.4)
Morris County, New Jersey	799	6.0	1.1	(3.8–8.1)
Ocean County, New Jersey	617	5.6	1.1	(3.5–7.7)
Passaic County, New Jersey	643	7.1	1.4	(4.2–9.9)
Salem County, New Jersey	555	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Somerset County, New Jersey	599	4.2	1.0	(2.3–6.1)
Sussex County, New Jersey	516	7.8	2.0	(3.8–11.7)
Union County, New Jersey	662	3.7	0.9	(2.0–5.4)
Warren County, New Jersey	506	3.7	0.9	(2.0–5.4)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	1,964	5.4	0.6	(4.2–6.6)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	681	6.6	1.3	(4.0–9.1)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	614	5.8	1.3	(3.3–8.3)
San Juan County, New Mexico	619	4.5	1.1	(2.4–6.6)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	665	8.4	1.3	(5.8–10.9)
Kings County, New York	465	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Guilford County, North Carolina	498	6.1	1.4	(3.5–8.8)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	677	5.4	0.9	(3.5–7.3)
Robeson County, North Carolina	513	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Wake County, North Carolina	664	5.3	1.0	(3.4–7.2)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	559	7.9	2.0	(4.0–11.9)
Cass County, North Dakota	823	4.7	1.1	(2.6–6.8)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	795	7.1	1.2	(4.8–9.3)
Franklin County, Ohio	794	6.0	1.0	(4.1–7.9)
Hamilton County, Ohio	739	6.6	1.2	(4.3–8.9)
Lorain County, Ohio	583	8.2	2.1	(4.2–12.3)
Lucas County, Ohio	593	6.5	1.9	(2.9–10.2)
Mahoning County, Ohio	564	8.6	2.5	(3.7–13.5)
Montgomery County, Ohio	639	10.6	2.0	(6.7–14.5)
Stark County, Ohio	595	7.0	1.6	(3.9–10.2)
Summit County, Ohio	603	7.9	1.6	(4.7–11.1)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	1,161	4.7	0.8	(3.2–6.2)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	1,171	4.7	0.7	(3.3–6.2)
Clackamas County, Oregon	490	6.4	1.3	(3.8–9.0)
Lane County, Oregon	507	7.5	1.5	(4.5–10.5)
Multnomah County, Oregon	855	9.8	1.4	(7.0–12.5)
Washington County, Oregon	599	7.2	1.3	(4.5–9.8)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	1,827	8.0	0.9	(6.1–9.8)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	1,807	4.4	0.6	(3.3–5.5)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	528	4.7	1.0	(2.8–6.5)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	1,948	7.0	0.9	(5.2–8.7)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	1,834	4.0	0.5	(3.1–4.9)
Kent County, Rhode Island	790	3.1	0.7	(1.8–4.4)
Providence County, Rhode Island	3,211	6.5	0.6	(5.2–7.7)
Washington County, Rhode Island	640	5.0	1.0	(3.0–7.0)
Aiken County, South Carolina	538	5.7	1.4	(3.0–8.3)
Beaufort County, South Carolina	774	9.1	1.8	(5.6–12.7)

TABLE 39. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported heavy drinking* during the preceding month, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Charleston County, South Carolina	977	10.3	1.4	(7.5–13.0)
Greenville County, South Carolina	876	5.4	1.0	(3.3–7.4)
Horry County, South Carolina	757	5.9	1.1	(3.8–8.0)
Richland County, South Carolina	927	7.4	1.3	(4.9–10.0)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	637	4.6	1.1	(2.4–6.8)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	489	6.6	1.6	(3.5–9.6)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	862	6.0	0.8	(4.4–7.6)
Pennington County, South Dakota	591	6.5	1.1	(4.3–8.7)
Davidson County, Tennessee	518	4.9	1.2	(2.5–7.3)
Shelby County, Tennessee	494	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Bexar County, Texas	566	7.4	1.7	(4.0–10.7)
Dallas County, Texas	484	4.5	1.0	(2.5–6.5)
El Paso County, Texas	597	5.2	1.5	(2.2–8.3)
Harris County, Texas	732	5.0	0.9	(3.3–6.8)
Hidalgo County, Texas	600	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Tarrant County, Texas	553	6.9	1.5	(3.9–9.9)
Travis County, Texas	1,019	8.3	1.6	(5.3–11.4)
Davis County, Utah	1,119	2.1	0.5	(1.0–3.2)
Salt Lake County, Utah	3,935	4.6	0.4	(3.7–5.4)
Tooele County, Utah	550	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Utah County, Utah	1,640	1.9	0.5	(1.0–2.9)
Wasatch County, Utah	497	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Weber County, Utah	1,018	3.0	0.7	(1.6–4.4)
Chittenden County, Vermont	892	9.1	1.1	(6.9–11.3)
Rutland County, Vermont	582	5.5	1.2	(3.2–7.7)
Washington County, Vermont	507	8.7	1.5	(5.8–11.5)
Windsor County, Vermont	528	6.0	1.2	(3.6–8.4)
Fairfax County, Virginia	693	4.3	0.9	(2.6–6.0)
Clark County, Washington	774	5.5	1.1	(3.4–7.6)
King County, Washington	3,849	6.7	0.5	(5.7–7.8)
Kitsap County, Washington	553	5.1	1.1	(3.0–7.3)
Pierce County, Washington	1,162	6.1	0.9	(4.4–7.8)
Snohomish County, Washington	1,143	6.0	0.9	(4.3–7.8)
Spokane County, Washington	929	8.1	1.2	(5.7–10.5)
Thurston County, Washington	508	6.3	1.3	(3.7–8.9)
Whatcom County, Washington	832	8.0	1.7	(4.7–11.3)
Yakima County, Washington	524	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	633	3.1	0.8	(1.5–4.7)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	891	8.2	1.4	(5.5–10.8)
Laramie County, Wyoming	921	6.6	1.5	(3.6–9.6)
Natrona County, Wyoming	801	4.4	1.2	(2.1–6.8)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	652	5.9	1.1	(3.8–8.1)
<i>Median</i>		6.1		
<i>Range</i>		1.9–11.0		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* For adult men: having more than two drinks per day; for adult women: having more than one drink per day.

† Estimate not available (N/A) if the unweighted sample size for the denominator was <50 or if the relative standard error is >0.3.

TABLE 40. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported no leisure time of physical activity* during the preceding month, by state/territory — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	9,014	27.2	0.7	(25.9–28.6)
Alaska	4,336	18.5	0.8	(16.8–20.1)
Arizona	7,285	22.6	0.8	(20.9–24.2)
Arkansas	5,174	31.5	0.9	(29.8–33.2)
California	13,671	19.2	0.5	(18.2–20.2)
Colorado	12,239	17.0	0.5	(16.1–18.0)
Connecticut	8,760	22.1	0.6	(20.9–23.4)
Delaware	5,172	23.5	0.8	(21.9–25.1)
District of Columbia	3,817	17.4	0.9	(15.6–19.2)
Florida	7,613	23.3	0.8	(21.8–24.8)
Georgia	6,091	23.6	0.7	(22.1–25.0)
Hawaii	7,580	18.7	0.7	(17.3–20.1)
Idaho	5,889	20.3	0.9	(18.5–22.1)
Illinois	5,578	21.8	0.8	(20.2–23.4)
Indiana	8,628	25.9	0.6	(24.7–27.1)
Iowa	7,160	23.1	0.6	(21.9–24.3)
Kansas	11,793	22.9	0.5	(21.9–24.0)
Kentucky	11,201	29.7	0.7	(28.4–31.0)
Louisiana	9,062	29.9	0.8	(28.3–31.4)
Maine	9,905	20.9	0.5	(19.9–21.9)
Maryland	12,798	23.1	0.6	(21.8–24.3)
Massachusetts	21,691	19.8	0.4	(18.9–20.6)
Michigan	10,490	23.3	0.6	(22.2–24.5)
Minnesota	12,226	17.6	0.5	(16.6–18.5)
Mississippi	7,781	30.8	0.8	(29.3–32.3)
Missouri	6,751	24.7	0.7	(23.2–26.1)
Montana	8,669	20.5	0.6	(19.4–21.6)
Nebraska	19,153	21.0	0.4	(20.2–21.9)
Nevada	4,837	21.3	0.9	(19.6–23.0)
New Hampshire	7,508	20.0	0.7	(18.7–21.3)
New Jersey	15,732	24.9	0.5	(23.9–25.9)
New Mexico	8,773	21.8	0.6	(20.7–22.9)
New York	6,045	24.7	0.8	(23.1–26.3)
North Carolina	11,889	24.9	0.5	(23.9–25.9)
North Dakota	4,873	23.8	0.8	(22.2–25.4)
Ohio	12,996	25.3	0.5	(24.3–26.3)
Oklahoma	8,014	28.3	0.7	(27.0–29.6)
Oregon	5,292	16.3	0.7	(14.9–17.6)
Pennsylvania	19,912	23.5	0.4	(22.6–24.3)
Rhode Island	5,465	23.6	0.8	(22.0–25.1)
South Carolina	12,777	25.1	0.6	(24.0–26.2)
South Dakota	7,874	22.5	0.8	(21.0–24.1)
Tennessee	7,048	28.6	0.7	(27.2–30.1)
Texas	9,113	27.2	0.7	(25.9–28.5)
Utah	12,403	16.5	0.5	(15.6–17.4)
Vermont	6,048	17.2	0.6	(16.0–18.4)
Virginia	7,388	22.5	0.6	(21.3–23.7)
Washington	15,305	19.0	0.4	(18.1–19.8)
West Virginia	5,408	31.0	0.7	(29.5–32.4)
Wisconsin	5,290	20.4	0.8	(18.7–22.0)
Wyoming	6,260	21.1	0.8	(19.5–22.7)
Guam	2,031	27.6	1.3	(24.9–30.2)
Puerto Rico	6,320	42.4	0.7	(41.0–43.9)
<i>Median</i>		23.1		
<i>Range</i>		16.3–42.4		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* Any physical activities or exercises such as running, calisthenics, golf, gardening, or walking for exercise.

TABLE 41. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported no leisure time of physical activity* during the preceding month, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	551	47.3	2.5	(42.4–52.1)
Akron, Ohio	743	22.3	2.0	(18.3–26.2)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	3,269	18.9	0.8	(17.2–20.6)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	1,352	21.0	1.6	(17.8–24.2)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California†	963	15.6	1.6	(12.4–18.8)
Anchorage, Alaska	1,503	16.6	1.2	(14.2–19.0)
Asheville, North Carolina	594	21.3	2.0	(17.4–25.2)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	2,539	19.0	1.1	(16.9–21.0)
Atlantic City-Hammonton, New Jersey	1,023	25.9	1.9	(22.2–29.6)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	1,034	24.2	2.3	(19.6–28.8)
Augusta-Waterville, Maine	832	23.1	1.8	(19.5–26.6)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	1,385	19.8	1.7	(16.4–23.2)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	4,724	23.4	0.9	(21.5–25.2)
Bangor, Maine	928	24.4	1.8	(21.0–27.8)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	559	17.3	2.1	(13.1–21.4)
Barre, Vermont	516	12.3	1.6	(9.2–15.4)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	1,390	27.2	1.9	(23.4–31.0)
Bellingham, Washington	847	18.2	2.3	(13.8–22.6)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	708	28.9	2.6	(23.8–34.0)
Billings, Montana	848	21.4	1.6	(18.3–24.5)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	1,823	24.6	1.4	(21.9–27.3)
Bismarck, North Dakota	822	21.9	2.0	(18.0–25.9)
Boise City, Idaho	1,481	18.5	1.5	(15.5–21.4)
Boston, Massachusetts†	5,908	19.9	0.8	(18.3–21.5)
Boulder, Colorado	516	9.2	1.7	(6.0–12.5)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	563	19.2	2.0	(15.2–23.2)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	2,182	21.6	1.3	(19.0–24.1)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	1,520	14.9	1.1	(12.8–17.0)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts†	6,926	18.8	0.7	(17.4–20.2)
Camden, New Jersey†	1,983	27.1	1.4	(24.4–29.8)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	680	24.6	2.2	(20.3–28.9)
Casper, Wyoming	830	19.5	2.0	(15.5–23.5)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	584	21.2	2.0	(17.2–25.2)
Charleston, West Virginia	772	29.6	1.9	(25.9–33.3)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	1,708	20.9	1.4	(18.2–23.7)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	2,524	21.4	1.0	(19.4–23.4)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	631	26.2	2.7	(21.0–31.4)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	955	21.2	2.0	(17.2–25.2)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	3,731	20.9	1.0	(18.9–22.9)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	2,362	24.1	1.2	(21.8–26.3)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	1,948	19.1	1.3	(16.6–21.6)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	1,776	23.7	1.4	(21.0–26.4)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	1,162	16.6	1.4	(14.0–19.3)
Columbia, South Carolina	1,799	23.3	1.4	(20.5–26.1)
Columbus, Ohio	1,602	22.8	1.3	(20.2–25.4)
Concord, New Hampshire	705	17.3	1.8	(13.8–20.8)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas†	908	24.9	1.8	(21.4–28.4)
Dayton, Ohio	857	24.9	1.9	(21.2–28.6)
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	4,848	17.1	0.7	(15.7–18.5)
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	1,160	21.7	1.5	(18.8–24.7)

See table footnotes on page 83.

TABLE 41. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported no leisure time of physical activity* during the preceding month, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan†	2,219	28.2	1.6	(25.1–31.2)
Dover, Delaware	1,440	26.4	1.7	(23.1–29.7)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	514	15.9	2.2	(11.7–20.2)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	796	22.5	1.9	(18.7–26.2)
El Paso, Texas	626	32.0	3.0	(26.1–37.9)
Eugene, Oregon	526	14.4	2.1	(10.2–18.5)
Fairbanks, Alaska	599	18.9	2.1	(14.8–23.0)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	939	18.5	1.7	(15.2–21.8)
Farmington, New Mexico	650	23.2	2.1	(19.1–27.3)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	506	23.9	2.3	(19.3–28.4)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	810	25.2	2.2	(20.8–29.5)
Fort Collins, Colorado	595	12.4	1.6	(9.2–15.6)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	539	21.9	2.1	(17.7–26.1)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas†	727	28.8	2.3	(24.4–33.3)
Grand Island, Nebraska	855	23.3	1.9	(19.5–27.1)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	892	20.1	1.9	(16.3–23.9)
Great Falls, Montana	707	26.9	2.1	(22.8–31.0)
Greeley, Colorado	533	23.8	2.5	(18.9–28.6)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	808	27.3	1.9	(23.5–31.1)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	1,689	26.8	1.5	(23.9–29.7)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	742	25.0	2.0	(21.1–28.9)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	759	29.2	3.0	(23.2–35.2)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	665	21.2	1.9	(17.4–25.0)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	2,662	21.0	1.0	(18.9–23.0)
Heber, Utah	512	11.0	1.8	(7.6–14.5)
Hilo, Hawaii	1,349	20.5	1.6	(17.3–23.7)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	936	17.7	2.1	(13.6–21.8)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	1,145	27.0	1.7	(23.7–30.4)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	1,113	34.2	1.9	(30.5–37.8)
Huntsville, Alabama	616	26.2	2.4	(21.5–30.9)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	541	20.9	2.9	(15.2–26.6)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	2,196	24.1	1.2	(21.8–26.4)
Jackson, Mississippi	922	28.2	1.8	(24.7–31.7)
Jacksonville, Florida	517	18.5	2.2	(14.2–22.8)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	1,218	18.9	1.8	(15.4–22.4)
Kalispell, Montana	560	15.7	1.8	(12.1–19.4)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	4,744	20.5	1.1	(18.4–22.5)
Kapaa, Hawaii	670	14.9	1.9	(11.2–18.6)
Keene, New Hampshire	547	17.1	2.1	(12.9–21.3)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	535	21.3	2.3	(16.7–25.8)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	568	33.0	2.9	(27.4–38.6)
Knoxville, Tennessee	834	29.6	2.1	(25.5–33.6)
Laconia, New Hampshire	566	27.0	3.0	(21.1–32.9)
Lafayette, Louisiana	557	26.0	2.4	(21.3–30.8)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	708	26.2	2.2	(21.8–30.6)
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	2,015	21.9	1.1	(19.7–24.1)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	700	24.0	1.9	(20.3–27.8)
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	531	25.5	2.3	(20.9–30.1)
Lincoln, Nebraska	1,668	15.9	1.1	(13.7–18.0)

See table footnotes on page 83.

TABLE 41. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported no leisure time of physical activity* during the preceding month, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	1,172	26.6	1.7	(23.3–30.0)
Logan, Utah-Idaho	505	13.3	2.0	(9.4–17.1)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California†	3,229	21.6	1.1	(19.5–23.6)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	2,180	26.3	1.4	(23.5–29.1)
Lumberton, North Carolina	546	39.0	4.4	(30.3–47.6)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	1,901	21.1	1.2	(18.6–23.5)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	622	36.6	3.1	(30.5–42.7)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	1,309	28.1	1.7	(24.7–31.5)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	1,668	25.3	1.6	(22.1–28.5)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	1,256	17.9	1.6	(14.8–21.0)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	7,895	16.6	0.6	(15.3–17.8)
Missoula, Montana	782	16.8	1.6	(13.5–20.0)
Mobile, Alabama	815	26.4	2.4	(21.8–31.0)
Montgomery, Alabama	532	27.1	2.6	(22.0–32.2)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania†	1,315	18.3	1.3	(15.7–21.0)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	949	22.5	1.7	(19.1–25.9)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	1,341	25.7	1.6	(22.5–28.8)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York†	899	21.4	1.7	(18.0–24.8)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania†	6,548	24.9	0.9	(23.2–26.6)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	2,008	24.1	1.4	(21.3–26.8)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	1,275	26.2	1.7	(22.8–29.6)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey†	7,435	25.9	1.0	(23.9–27.8)
Norfolk, Nebraska	570	26.7	2.6	(21.7–31.7)
North Platte, Nebraska	613	22.5	2.5	(17.6–27.4)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	999	22.2	2.0	(18.3–26.2)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California†	922	16.2	2.0	(12.2–20.1)
Ocean City, New Jersey	553	25.3	3.1	(19.3–31.3)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	2,428	16.5	1.0	(14.5–18.4)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	2,443	25.8	1.1	(23.7–28.0)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	517	18.8	2.4	(14.1–23.6)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	5,585	21.5	0.8	(20.0–23.0)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	569	22.3	2.6	(17.1–27.5)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania†	2,460	25.9	1.2	(23.5–28.3)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	2,600	22.7	1.2	(20.5–25.0)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	3,362	24.4	0.9	(22.6–26.2)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	549	40.7	2.5	(35.9–45.6)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	3,333	16.5	0.8	(15.0–18.0)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	3,125	15.5	0.9	(13.7–17.2)
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	8,116	23.0	0.7	(21.6–24.4)
Provo-Orem, Utah	1,748	14.5	1.1	(12.4–16.6)
Raleigh, North Carolina	946	19.8	1.6	(16.7–22.9)
Rapid City, South Dakota	1,054	21.1	1.7	(17.9–24.4)
Reno, Nevada	1,505	17.5	1.4	(14.7–20.2)
Richmond, Virginia	1,012	21.5	1.7	(18.1–24.8)

See table footnotes on page 83.

TABLE 41. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported no leisure time of physical activity* during the preceding month, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	1,432	20.8	1.5	(17.8–23.7)
Rockingham County-Strafford County, New Hampshire†	1,671	19.3	1.3	(16.9–21.8)
Rutland, Vermont	597	21.1	2.3	(16.5–25.7)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	947	15.6	1.9	(12.0–19.3)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	2,070	24.4	1.3	(21.8–27.0)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	2,123	26.0	1.5	(23.1–29.0)
Salt Lake City, Utah	4,611	17.7	0.8	(16.1–19.2)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	777	25.3	2.1	(21.2–29.5)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	1,063	17.1	1.8	(13.5–20.7)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California†	569	17.4	2.5	(12.6–22.3)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	648	16.4	2.0	(12.4–20.4)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	3,956	41.4	0.9	(39.6–43.2)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	697	15.6	1.6	(12.5–18.8)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	1,857	27.4	2.3	(22.8–31.9)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	631	22.2	2.5	(17.2–27.2)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	741	29.5	2.3	(25.0–34.0)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington†	5,103	15.5	0.7	(14.1–16.9)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	579	29.1	2.4	(24.3–33.8)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland†	2,301	17.7	1.3	(15.2–20.3)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	1,204	25.0	2.6	(20.0–30.1)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	1,466	22.5	1.5	(19.5–25.4)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	710	30.3	2.7	(25.1–35.5)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	1,099	20.5	1.6	(17.4–23.6)
Springfield, Massachusetts	2,347	22.4	1.3	(19.8–25.0)
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington†	1,183	17.8	1.4	(15.1–20.5)

TABLE 41. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported no leisure time of physical activity* during the preceding month, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	829	24.5	2.2	(20.2–28.8)
Toledo, Ohio	971	25.5	2.3	(21.0–30.0)
Topeka, Kansas	1,087	23.7	1.7	(20.5–27.0)
Torrington, Connecticut	663	21.4	2.6	(16.4–26.4)
Trenton, New Jersey	578	21.9	2.2	(17.5–26.3)
Tucson, Arizona	998	21.0	1.9	(17.3–24.6)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	1,744	26.8	1.3	(24.2–29.3)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	581	25.9	2.7	(20.6–31.2)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	4,343	18.6	0.9	(16.8–20.4)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	558	29.1	2.9	(23.5–34.8)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	1,504	20.7	1.4	(18.0–23.5)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan†	2,186	20.5	1.1	(18.3–22.6)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia†	8,195	19.2	0.8	(17.7–20.7)
Wichita, Kansas	2,356	23.2	1.2	(20.8–25.6)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey†	3,233	22.0	1.0	(20.0–24.0)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	796	28.4	2.0	(24.4–32.4)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	2,842	20.3	1.1	(18.1–22.4)
Yakima, Washington	531	32.0	3.0	(26.1–37.9)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	928	31.3	2.6	(26.3–36.3)
<i>Median</i>		22.2		
<i>Range</i>		9.2–47.3		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* Any physical activities or exercises such as running, calisthenics, golf, gardening, or walking for exercise.

† Metropolitan division.

TABLE 42. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported no leisure time of physical activity* during the preceding month, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	960	24.5	1.8	(21.0–28.0)
Madison County, Alabama	513	22.2	2.4	(17.6–26.9)
Mobile County, Alabama	815	26.4	2.4	(21.8–31.0)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	904	15.8	1.5	(12.9–18.8)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	599	18.9	2.1	(14.8–23.0)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	599	19.9	2.0	(16.0–23.8)
Maricopa County, Arizona	2,121	22.6	1.2	(20.2–25.0)
Pima County, Arizona	998	21.0	1.9	(17.3–24.6)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	748	25.1	2.3	(20.7–29.5)
Alameda County, California	593	13.8	2.5	(9.0–18.6)
Los Angeles County, California	3,229	21.6	1.1	(19.5–23.6)
Orange County, California	963	15.6	1.6	(12.4–18.8)
Riverside County, California	760	21.5	2.1	(17.4–25.6)
Sacramento County, California	575	15.0	2.3	(10.6–19.5)
San Bernardino County, California	672	20.1	2.1	(15.9–24.2)
San Diego County, California	1,063	17.1	1.8	(13.5–20.7)
Santa Clara County, California	630	16.6	2.1	(12.6–20.7)
Adams County, Colorado	809	24.3	2.1	(20.2–28.4)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	858	18.9	1.6	(15.6–22.1)
Boulder County, Colorado	516	9.2	1.7	(6.0–12.5)
Denver County, Colorado	997	17.9	1.5	(15.0–20.9)
Douglas County, Colorado	547	10.5	1.5	(7.7–13.4)
El Paso County, Colorado	1,022	16.5	1.4	(13.7–19.2)
Jefferson County, Colorado	1,116	12.5	1.2	(10.2–14.8)
Larimer County, Colorado	595	12.4	1.6	(9.2–15.6)
Weld County, Colorado	533	23.8	2.5	(18.9–28.6)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	2,182	21.6	1.3	(19.0–24.1)
Hartford County, Connecticut	1,980	22.4	1.3	(19.9–24.8)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	663	21.4	2.6	(16.4–26.4)
New Haven County, Connecticut	2,008	24.1	1.4	(21.3–26.8)
New London County, Connecticut	999	22.2	2.0	(18.3–26.2)
Kent County, Delaware	1,440	26.4	1.7	(23.1–29.7)
New Castle County, Delaware	2,332	21.0	1.1	(18.9–23.2)
Sussex County, Delaware	1,400	27.6	1.6	(24.4–30.8)
District of Columbia, District of Columbia	3,817	17.4	0.9	(15.6–19.2)
Broward County, Florida	527	20.5	2.6	(15.5–25.6)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	814	28.4	2.6	(23.3–33.5)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	1,349	20.5	1.6	(17.3–23.7)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	4,343	18.6	0.9	(16.8–20.4)
Kauai County, Hawaii	670	14.9	1.9	(11.2–18.6)
Maui County, Hawaii	1,218	18.9	1.8	(15.4–22.4)
Ada County, Idaho	808	15.1	1.7	(11.7–18.6)
Canyon County, Idaho	503	23.2	3.1	(17.1–29.4)
Cook County, Illinois	1,504	20.5	1.4	(17.7–23.3)
Lake County, Indiana	888	31.8	2.6	(26.6–36.9)
Marion County, Indiana	1,280	25.4	1.6	(22.3–28.5)
Polk County, Iowa	809	19.7	1.7	(16.5–23.0)
Johnson County, Kansas	2,178	14.2	1.0	(12.1–16.2)
Sedgwick County, Kansas	1,795	23.2	1.4	(20.5–25.9)
Shawnee County, Kansas	769	24.0	2.1	(20.0–28.0)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	876	30.3	2.7	(25.1–35.6)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	1,694	26.0	1.8	(22.5–29.4)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	571	24.5	2.5	(19.7–29.4)
Androscoggin County, Maine	700	24.0	1.9	(20.3–27.8)
Aroostook County, Maine	538	28.8	2.4	(24.1–33.4)
Cumberland County, Maine	1,758	16.1	1.1	(14.0–18.2)
Kennebec County, Maine	832	23.1	1.8	(19.5–26.6)
Penobscot County, Maine	928	24.4	1.8	(21.0–27.8)

See table footnotes on page 85.

TABLE 42. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported no leisure time of physical activity* during the preceding month, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
York County, Maine	1,194	16.3	1.2	(13.9–18.7)
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	896	20.2	1.9	(16.4–23.9)
Baltimore County, Maryland	1,521	25.5	1.7	(22.2–28.8)
Charles County, Maryland	514	23.1	2.7	(17.7–28.4)
Frederick County, Maryland	755	21.2	3.1	(15.1–27.3)
Montgomery County, Maryland	1,546	16.8	1.4	(14.0–19.7)
Prince George's County, Maryland	1,142	25.1	2.1	(20.9–29.3)
Washington County, Maryland	537	30.6	4.0	(22.8–38.5)
Baltimore city, Maryland	745	30.1	2.7	(24.9–35.3)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	559	17.3	2.1	(13.1–21.4)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	2,651	22.6	1.5	(19.6–25.6)
Essex County, Massachusetts	2,566	20.4	1.3	(17.9–22.9)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	1,964	26.7	1.6	(23.5–29.8)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	4,360	18.0	0.9	(16.3–19.7)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	1,760	17.1	1.4	(14.3–19.9)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	1,835	21.0	1.5	(18.0–23.9)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	2,313	22.0	1.3	(19.4–24.6)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	2,596	19.9	1.2	(17.6–22.2)
Kent County, Michigan	526	19.7	2.5	(14.9–24.6)
Macomb County, Michigan	613	23.1	2.0	(19.1–27.1)
Oakland County, Michigan	1,170	19.0	1.5	(16.1–21.9)
Wayne County, Michigan	2,219	28.2	1.6	(25.1–31.2)
Anoka County, Minnesota	544	13.9	1.8	(10.4–17.3)
Dakota County, Minnesota	671	13.9	1.7	(10.7–17.1)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	3,300	16.4	1.0	(14.5–18.4)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	1,949	18.8	1.7	(15.4–22.1)
Jackson County, Missouri	884	22.8	2.3	(18.4–27.3)
St. Louis County, Missouri	954	23.1	1.9	(19.4–26.8)
Cascade County, Montana	707	26.9	2.1	(22.8–31.0)
Flathead County, Montana	560	15.7	1.8	(12.1–19.4)
Hill County, Montana	584	28.2	3.0	(22.3–34.1)
Lake County, Montana	899	20.2	1.9	(16.4–24.0)
Missoula County, Montana	782	16.8	1.6	(13.5–20.0)
Yellowstone County, Montana	751	21.1	1.6	(17.9–24.3)
Dakota County, Nebraska	732	33.2	4.6	(24.2–42.2)
Douglas County, Nebraska	3,572	20.6	0.9	(18.8–22.3)
Hall County, Nebraska	535	24.7	2.6	(19.6–29.9)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	1,446	15.5	1.1	(13.3–17.7)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	589	22.1	2.5	(17.1–27.0)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	1,175	19.3	1.5	(16.4–22.2)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	578	21.6	2.5	(16.7–26.5)
Clark County, Nevada	2,015	21.9	1.1	(19.7–24.1)
Washoe County, Nevada	1,486	17.5	1.4	(14.7–20.2)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	566	27.0	3.0	(21.1–32.9)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	529	17.1	2.1	(12.9–21.3)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	547	17.1	2.1	(12.9–21.3)
Coos County, New Hampshire	536	29.4	3.1	(23.4–35.5)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	566	19.5	2.5	(14.6–24.4)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	1,901	21.1	1.2	(18.6–23.5)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	705	17.3	1.8	(13.8–20.8)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	1,048	18.3	1.5	(15.3–21.3)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	623	21.4	2.2	(17.2–25.7)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	1,023	25.9	1.9	(22.2–29.6)
Bergen County, New Jersey	1,010	23.7	1.8	(20.2–27.3)
Burlington County, New Jersey	686	24.7	2.3	(20.1–29.2)
Camden County, New Jersey	744	28.8	2.3	(24.3–33.2)
Cape May County, New Jersey	553	25.3	3.1	(19.3–31.3)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	558	29.1	2.9	(23.5–34.8)
Essex County, New Jersey	1,339	27.7	1.7	(24.4–30.9)

See table footnotes on page 85.

TABLE 42. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported no leisure time of physical activity* during the preceding month, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Gloucester County, New Jersey	553	27.9	2.6	(22.8–33.0)
Hudson County, New Jersey	1,304	29.5	1.7	(26.2–32.8)
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	570	17.1	2.1	(12.9–21.3)
Mercer County, New Jersey	578	21.9	2.2	(17.5–26.3)
Middlesex County, New Jersey	882	20.4	1.8	(17.0–23.9)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	714	19.8	2.0	(15.8–23.8)
Morris County, New Jersey	847	21.5	2.0	(17.6–25.3)
Ocean County, New Jersey	663	29.1	2.3	(24.7–33.6)
Passaic County, New Jersey	686	26.5	2.2	(22.2–30.8)
Salem County, New Jersey	587	26.2	2.9	(20.6–31.8)
Somerset County, New Jersey	640	19.0	2.1	(14.9–23.1)
Sussex County, New Jersey	550	23.8	2.7	(18.5–29.0)
Union County, New Jersey	713	29.2	2.2	(24.9–33.5)
Warren County, New Jersey	532	23.3	2.8	(17.8–28.7)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	2,063	18.0	1.0	(16.0–19.9)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	708	26.2	2.2	(21.8–30.6)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	657	18.0	1.9	(14.3–21.7)
San Juan County, New Mexico	650	23.2	2.1	(19.1–27.3)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	697	15.6	1.6	(12.5–18.8)
Kings County, New York	501	27.0	2.9	(21.4–32.6)
Guilford County, North Carolina	512	21.7	2.2	(17.3–26.1)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	727	20.2	1.8	(16.6–23.8)
Robeson County, North Carolina	546	39.0	4.4	(30.3–47.6)
Wake County, North Carolina	702	18.9	1.8	(15.3–22.5)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	568	20.7	2.5	(15.9–25.6)
Cass County, North Dakota	843	19.3	1.8	(15.7–23.0)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	866	24.7	1.8	(21.2–28.3)
Franklin County, Ohio	838	22.5	1.8	(19.0–26.1)
Hamilton County, Ohio	772	23.3	1.9	(19.5–27.0)
Lorain County, Ohio	611	21.4	2.8	(16.0–26.8)
Lucas County, Ohio	622	25.5	2.8	(20.0–31.0)
Mahoning County, Ohio	591	28.6	2.9	(23.0–34.3)
Montgomery County, Ohio	664	24.5	2.1	(20.3–28.8)
Stark County, Ohio	622	24.2	2.3	(19.7–28.7)
Summit County, Ohio	630	22.4	2.2	(18.1–26.6)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	1,193	25.6	1.5	(22.6–28.5)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	1,204	26.9	1.6	(23.8–30.0)
Clackamas County, Oregon	510	14.2	2.0	(10.2–18.2)
Lane County, Oregon	526	14.4	2.1	(10.2–18.5)
Multnomah County, Oregon	896	12.8	1.5	(9.9–15.6)
Washington County, Oregon	616	15.6	2.0	(11.7–19.4)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	1,887	22.4	1.2	(20.0–24.8)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	1,857	27.4	2.3	(22.8–31.9)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	547	18.0	2.0	(14.0–22.0)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	2,065	26.9	1.3	(24.3–29.6)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	1,889	24.0	2.9	(18.3–29.7)
Kent County, Rhode Island	813	22.7	2.0	(18.7–26.6)
Providence County, Rhode Island	3,336	27.0	1.0	(25.0–29.1)
Washington County, Rhode Island	656	13.9	1.7	(10.5–17.2)

TABLE 42. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported no leisure time of physical activity* during the preceding month, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aiken County, South Carolina	555	26.6	2.5	(21.7–31.6)
Beaufort County, South Carolina	803	16.1	2.1	(12.0–20.2)
Charleston County, South Carolina	1,016	20.4	1.8	(16.7–24.0)
Greenville County, South Carolina	906	25.4	2.1	(21.3–29.4)
Horry County, South Carolina	779	22.4	1.9	(18.7–26.1)
Richland County, South Carolina	964	21.7	1.9	(17.9–25.5)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	656	27.3	2.7	(22.0–32.6)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	500	19.0	2.3	(14.4–23.6)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	878	22.5	1.7	(19.1–25.9)
Pennington County, South Dakota	605	19.9	1.9	(16.2–23.5)
Davidson County, Tennessee	556	24.7	2.6	(19.5–29.9)
Shelby County, Tennessee	536	24.4	2.2	(20.2–28.7)
Bexar County, Texas	585	27.0	2.5	(22.1–31.9)
Dallas County, Texas	512	27.6	2.4	(22.8–32.3)
El Paso County, Texas	625	32.0	3.0	(26.2–37.9)
Harris County, Texas	773	27.3	2.0	(23.3–31.3)
Hidalgo County, Texas	622	36.6	3.1	(30.5–42.7)
Tarrant County, Texas	572	28.7	2.5	(23.7–33.6)
Travis County, Texas	1,048	21.4	2.2	(17.2–25.7)
Davis County, Utah	1,147	15.2	1.4	(12.4–17.9)
Salt Lake County, Utah	4,046	17.3	0.8	(15.8–18.9)
Tooele County, Utah	565	24.0	3.1	(18.0–30.1)
Utah County, Utah	1,681	14.6	1.1	(12.4–16.7)
Wasatch County, Utah	512	11.0	1.8	(7.6–14.5)
Weber County, Utah	1,048	17.8	1.6	(14.6–20.9)
Chittenden County, Vermont	917	12.1	1.2	(9.8–14.4)
Rutland County, Vermont	597	21.1	2.3	(16.5–25.7)
Washington County, Vermont	516	12.3	1.6	(9.2–15.4)
Windsor County, Vermont	546	17.9	1.9	(14.1–21.7)
Fairfax County, Virginia	743	14.2	1.7	(10.9–17.5)
Clark County, Washington	789	20.2	1.9	(16.5–23.8)
King County, Washington	3,928	14.4	0.8	(12.9–15.9)
Kitsap County, Washington	563	19.2	2.0	(15.2–23.2)
Pierce County, Washington	1,183	17.8	1.4	(15.1–20.5)
Snohomish County, Washington	1,175	18.5	1.5	(15.5–21.5)
Spokane County, Washington	952	21.0	1.7	(17.6–24.4)
Thurston County, Washington	517	18.8	2.4	(14.1–23.6)
Whatcom County, Washington	847	18.2	2.3	(13.8–22.6)
Yakima County, Washington	531	32.0	3.0	(26.1–37.9)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	641	29.0	2.1	(24.9–33.0)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	963	19.2	2.0	(15.4–23.1)
Laramie County, Wyoming	955	21.2	2.0	(17.2–25.2)
Natrona County, Wyoming	830	19.5	2.0	(15.5–23.5)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	667	37.6	2.2	(33.3–41.9)
<i>Median</i>		21.5		
<i>Range</i>		9.2–39.0		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* Any physical activities or exercises such as running, calisthenics, golf, gardening, or walking for exercise.

TABLE 43. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported they always use a seat belt when they ride or drive in a car, by state/territory — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	8,880	85.8	0.6	(84.7–87.0)
Alaska	4,249	82.3	0.8	(80.7–83.9)
Arizona	7,027	84.7	0.8	(83.2–86.2)
Arkansas	5,019	76.2	0.9	(74.5–78.0)
California	12,369	93.7	0.3	(93.0–94.4)
Colorado	11,605	83.1	0.5	(82.2–84.1)
Connecticut	8,513	87.6	0.5	(86.5–88.6)
Delaware	5,137	91.9	0.5	(90.8–92.9)
District of Columbia	3,666	86.1	1.1	(83.9–88.3)
Florida	7,358	86.2	0.7	(84.9–87.6)
Georgia	5,833	87.5	0.7	(86.2–88.8)
Hawaii	7,422	91.3	0.5	(90.3–92.4)
Idaho	5,745	73.5	1.1	(71.5–75.6)
Illinois	5,459	88.0	0.7	(86.6–89.4)
Indiana	8,416	84.7	0.6	(83.6–85.8)
Iowa	6,938	83.4	0.6	(82.3–84.6)
Kansas	11,692	79.6	0.5	(78.6–80.7)
Kentucky	10,744	80.3	0.6	(79.0–81.5)
Louisiana	8,955	89.2	0.6	(88.0–90.4)
Maine	9,772	82.3	0.5	(81.3–83.4)
Maryland	12,384	90.6	0.5	(89.6–91.5)
Massachusetts	20,463	78.4	0.5	(77.5–79.4)
Michigan	10,302	88.4	0.5	(87.4–89.3)
Minnesota	11,811	86.9	0.4	(86.1–87.8)
Mississippi	7,665	80.0	0.7	(78.6–81.5)
Missouri	6,600	75.5	0.8	(73.9–77.1)
Montana	8,493	70.2	0.7	(68.9–71.5)
Nebraska	18,851	69.7	0.5	(68.7–70.6)
Nevada	4,719	88.6	0.7	(87.3–89.9)
New Hampshire	7,332	67.4	0.8	(65.8–69.1)
New Jersey	14,895	88.8	0.4	(88.0–89.6)
New Mexico	8,352	89.0	0.5	(88.1–89.9)
New York	5,820	87.1	0.6	(85.8–88.3)
North Carolina	11,644	90.6	0.4	(89.8–91.3)
North Dakota	4,778	65.2	0.9	(63.3–67.0)
Ohio	12,540	79.7	0.5	(78.7–80.8)
Oklahoma	7,863	82.3	0.6	(81.1–83.5)
Oregon	5,119	92.6	0.5	(91.6–93.6)
Pennsylvania	19,384	75.9	0.5	(74.9–76.9)
Rhode Island	5,285	83.8	0.8	(82.3–85.4)
South Carolina	12,409	85.4	0.5	(84.4–86.4)
South Dakota	7,744	62.0	0.9	(60.2–63.7)
Tennessee	6,703	86.0	0.6	(84.8–87.3)
Texas	8,874	91.6	0.4	(90.7–92.4)
Utah	12,093	78.9	0.5	(77.9–80.0)
Vermont	5,927	81.7	0.7	(80.3–83.1)
Virginia	7,104	84.5	0.6	(83.3–85.7)
Washington	15,084	91.4	0.3	(90.7–92.0)
West Virginia	5,387	80.7	0.7	(79.3–82.0)
Wisconsin	5,032	78.0	0.9	(76.3–79.8)
Wyoming	6,062	68.1	1.0	(66.1–70.1)
Guam	1,953	89.2	0.9	(87.4–91.1)
Puerto Rico	6,274	90.8	0.5	(89.9–91.8)
<i>Median</i>		84.7		
<i>Range</i>		62.0–93.7		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

TABLE 44. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported they always use a seat belt when they ride in or drive a car, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	548	88.6	1.8	(85.1–92.1)
Akron, Ohio	717	80.8	2.1	(76.7–85.0)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	3,095	91.2	0.6	(90.0–92.5)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	1,303	81.6	1.6	(78.4–84.8)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California*	872	94.8	1.0	(92.8–96.8)
Anchorage, Alaska	1,470	87.9	1.1	(85.7–90.1)
Asheville, North Carolina	584	92.3	1.6	(89.2–95.3)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	2,432	91.6	0.8	(89.9–93.2)
Atlantic City-Hammonton, New Jersey	975	89.6	1.5	(86.6–92.6)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	993	81.7	2.6	(76.5–86.8)
Augusta-Waterville, Maine	819	81.4	1.8	(77.8–85.0)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	1,359	93.2	1.1	(91.0–95.3)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	4,589	90.5	0.8	(89.0–91.9)
Bangor, Maine	911	79.0	1.8	(75.4–82.5)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	529	79.0	2.4	(74.2–83.8)
Barre, Vermont	510	81.7	2.6	(76.6–86.8)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	1,374	90.5	1.4	(87.8–93.3)
Bellingham, Washington	836	93.3	1.3	(90.7–95.9)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	691	54.1	3.0	(48.3–60.0)
Billings, Montana	836	74.2	1.8	(70.8–77.7)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	1,792	85.7	1.4	(82.9–88.4)
Bismarck, North Dakota	813	69.5	2.2	(65.2–73.8)
Boise City, Idaho	1,445	79.2	1.7	(75.9–82.6)
Boston, Massachusetts*	5,540	79.5	0.9	(77.8–81.3)
Boulder, Colorado	489	83.4	2.1	(79.2–87.6)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	559	94.0	1.4	(91.2–96.8)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	2,104	88.8	0.9	(87.0–90.6)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	1,491	84.0	1.2	(81.6–86.4)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts*	6,519	80.8	0.8	(79.3–82.4)
Camden, New Jersey*	1,904	86.9	1.3	(84.4–89.4)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	652	79.4	2.3	(74.9–83.8)
Casper, Wyoming	800	73.8	2.6	(68.7–78.8)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	567	85.4	2.2	(81.2–89.7)
Charleston, West Virginia	769	84.5	1.6	(81.4–87.7)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	1,670	85.8	1.2	(83.3–88.2)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	2,464	91.1	0.8	(89.5–92.6)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	603	85.7	2.3	(81.2–90.2)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	926	76.6	2.4	(71.8–81.4)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	3,640	88.4	0.9	(86.7–90.2)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	2,280	82.5	1.1	(80.4–84.7)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	1,911	72.5	1.6	(69.4–75.6)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	1,677	81.5	1.4	(78.8–84.2)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	1,107	84.7	1.4	(81.9–87.5)
Columbia, South Carolina	1,747	86.1	1.3	(83.7–88.6)
Columbus, Ohio	1,548	80.9	1.3	(78.3–83.5)
Concord, New Hampshire	685	64.1	2.6	(59.0–69.2)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas*	877	94.9	1.0	(93.0–96.8)
Dayton, Ohio	832	82.6	1.9	(79.0–86.3)
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	4,599	85.2	0.7	(83.8–86.5)
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	1,128	90.4	1.1	(88.3–92.5)

See table footnotes on page 88.

TABLE 44. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported they always use a seat belt when they ride in or drive a car, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan*	2,153	88.6	1.2	(86.3–90.9)
Dover, Delaware	1,432	91.7	1.2	(89.3–94.0)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	502	84.2	2.1	(80.0–88.3)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	779	90.7	1.4	(88.0–93.4)
El Paso, Texas	608	90.2	2.3	(85.7–94.7)
Eugene, Oregon	509	93.1	1.7	(89.8–96.5)
Fairbanks, Alaska	591	86.8	2.1	(82.8–90.9)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	921	79.7	2.0	(75.7–83.7)
Farmington, New Mexico	623	89.6	1.5	(86.6–92.6)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	495	90.4	1.9	(86.7–94.1)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	788	82.0	2.4	(77.3–86.7)
Fort Collins, Colorado	564	85.3	1.9	(81.6–88.9)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	523	85.1	2.2	(80.8–89.4)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas*	715	92.2	1.4	(89.4–94.9)
Grand Island, Nebraska	842	60.9	2.4	(56.2–65.5)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	879	88.9	1.4	(86.1–91.7)
Great Falls, Montana	698	72.7	2.2	(68.3–77.0)
Greeley, Colorado	509	84.1	1.9	(80.3–87.8)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	795	88.5	1.4	(85.7–91.3)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	1,638	86.1	1.3	(83.5–88.6)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	731	88.8	1.5	(85.8–91.8)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	749	84.5	2.9	(78.8–90.3)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	655	79.4	2.0	(75.4–83.4)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	2,604	87.6	0.9	(85.9–89.4)
Heber, Utah	501	73.3	4.2	(65.0–81.5)
Hilo, Hawaii	1,319	93.0	1.1	(90.9–95.1)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	908	84.9	3.3	(78.5–91.2)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	1,106	92.8	1.0	(90.9–94.7)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	1,096	81.5	1.6	(78.5–84.6)
Huntsville, Alabama	608	86.6	1.9	(82.9–90.4)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	525	68.5	3.5	(61.6–75.4)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	2,132	87.3	1.0	(85.3–89.2)
Jackson, Mississippi	900	84.6	1.6	(81.5–87.7)
Jacksonville, Florida	502	85.8	2.5	(81.0–90.7)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	1,199	89.8	1.5	(87.0–92.7)
Kalispell, Montana	548	76.8	2.2	(72.5–81.2)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	4,667	79.9	1.2	(77.5–82.4)
Kapaa, Hawaii	656	94.3	1.4	(91.6–96.9)
Keene, New Hampshire	534	61.7	3.4	(55.0–68.3)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	526	91.3	1.8	(87.6–94.9)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	539	80.5	2.9	(74.8–86.3)
Knoxville, Tennessee	800	89.3	1.7	(86.0–92.7)
Laconia, New Hampshire	553	56.4	3.6	(49.3–63.4)
Lafayette, Louisiana	551	91.1	1.7	(87.7–94.5)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	677	91.4	1.5	(88.5–94.3)
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	1,960	89.6	0.8	(88.0–91.3)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	693	85.5	1.8	(82.0–89.1)
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	511	81.4	2.3	(77.0–85.9)
Lincoln, Nebraska	1,649	74.1	1.3	(71.6–76.7)

See table footnotes on page 88.

TABLE 44. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported they always use a seat belt when they ride in or drive a car, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	1,127	81.3	1.7	(78.0–84.6)
Logan, Utah-Idaho	499	77.1	2.6	(72.0–82.2)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California*	2,812	92.7	0.7	(91.3–94.1)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	2,064	83.3	1.3	(80.7–85.9)
Lumberton, North Carolina	525	74.6	4.5	(65.7–83.6)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	1,860	70.3	1.5	(67.4–73.2)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	607	90.8	1.9	(87.0–94.6)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	1,255	86.7	1.5	(83.7–89.6)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	1,592	84.9	1.5	(81.9–87.9)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	1,170	77.0	2.0	(73.1–80.8)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	7,589	90.8	0.5	(89.8–91.8)
Missoula, Montana	772	75.4	2.1	(71.4–79.5)
Mobile, Alabama	806	84.9	2.3	(80.3–89.4)
Montgomery, Alabama	526	88.4	2.3	(83.8–92.9)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania*	1,273	81.9	1.7	(78.7–85.2)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	923	89.2	1.5	(86.2–92.2)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	1,278	89.0	1.2	(86.8–91.3)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York*	874	87.4	1.6	(84.2–90.6)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania*	6,280	89.5	0.7	(88.1–90.9)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	1,944	86.0	1.2	(83.5–88.4)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	1,256	90.1	1.2	(87.8–92.5)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey*	6,953	86.1	0.7	(84.7–87.6)
Norfolk, Nebraska	561	59.7	2.9	(54.0–65.4)
North Platte, Nebraska	603	59.1	3.0	(53.2–65.0)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	973	91.9	1.3	(89.2–94.5)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California*	859	93.5	1.4	(90.8–96.2)
Ocean City, New Jersey	532	81.5	3.8	(74.0–89.0)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	2,373	83.0	1.0	(81.1–85.0)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	2,393	85.4	1.0	(83.3–87.4)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	508	91.2	1.8	(87.6–94.7)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	5,477	79.5	0.7	(78.0–80.9)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	546	88.3	2.1	(84.1–92.4)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania*	2,347	73.2	1.3	(70.6–75.8)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	2,490	85.6	1.0	(83.7–87.6)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	3,280	76.4	1.0	(74.3–78.4)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	546	91.6	1.4	(88.8–94.5)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	3,283	85.9	0.8	(84.4–87.5)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	3,041	94.4	0.6	(93.2–95.5)
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	7,798	80.7	0.8	(79.1–82.3)
Provo-Orem, Utah	1,699	76.0	1.3	(73.4–78.6)
Raleigh, North Carolina	928	93.7	1.0	(91.8–95.5)
Rapid City, South Dakota	1,039	67.9	2.0	(64.0–71.8)
Reno, Nevada	1,463	88.2	1.5	(85.3–91.0)
Richmond, Virginia	970	83.0	1.8	(79.6–86.4)

See table footnotes on page 88.

TABLE 44. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥ 18 years who reported they always use a seat belt when they ride in or drive a car, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	1,300	94.1	1.0	(92.2–96.0)
Rockingham County-Strafford County, New Hampshire*	1,623	70.5	1.6	(67.3–73.6)
Rutland, Vermont	582	84.6	2.1	(80.5–88.7)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	875	94.8	1.0	(92.8–96.8)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	2,013	82.0	1.2	(79.6–84.5)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	2,083	92.3	0.9	(90.6–94.1)
Salt Lake City, Utah	4,492	83.1	0.8	(81.5–84.6)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	756	91.2	1.8	(87.6–94.8)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	982	95.5	0.9	(93.8–97.3)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California*	510	91.7	2.0	(87.9–95.6)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	581	97.1	1.1	(94.9–99.2)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	3,930	91.3	0.6	(90.2–92.4)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	662	87.1	1.9	(83.4–90.7)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	1,818	79.6	1.9	(76.0–83.3)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	622	60.2	3.2	(54.0–66.4)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	724	74.4	2.2	(70.1–78.8)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington*	5,019	91.6	0.6	(90.5–92.7)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	574	89.0	1.9	(85.3–92.7)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland*	2,212	93.2	0.9	(91.4–95.1)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	1,177	81.5	2.4	(76.9–86.2)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	1,440	68.4	1.6	(65.2–71.6)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	692	78.8	2.4	(74.0–83.5)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	1,082	90.0	1.4	(87.3–92.7)
Springfield, Massachusetts	2,236	74.5	1.6	(71.4–77.6)

TABLE 44. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥ 18 years who reported they always use a seat belt when they ride in or drive a car, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington*	1,166	92.0	1.1	(89.9–94.2)
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	804	85.6	2.1	(81.4–89.7)
Toledo, Ohio	941	79.9	2.4	(75.1–84.6)
Topeka, Kansas	1,079	82.0	1.5	(79.0–85.0)
Torrington, Connecticut	649	85.9	1.9	(82.1–89.7)
Trenton, New Jersey	551	91.7	1.7	(88.3–95.0)
Tucson, Arizona	958	85.1	1.9	(81.4–88.7)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	1,704	87.0	1.1	(84.9–89.1)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	569	90.9	2.1	(86.7–95.0)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	4,248	91.1	0.7	(89.7–92.4)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	535	86.0	2.5	(81.2–90.8)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	1,455	87.0	1.3	(84.5–89.5)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan*	2,146	90.0	0.9	(88.3–91.7)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia*	7,876	89.4	0.6	(88.1–90.6)
Wichita, Kansas	2,327	82.9	1.1	(80.8–85.1)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey*	3,186	90.8	0.8	(89.3–92.3)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	778	89.6	1.5	(86.6–92.5)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	2,707	80.1	1.2	(77.8–82.4)
Yakima, Washington	525	92.7	1.7	(89.4–95.9)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	900	75.6	2.6	(70.4–80.7)
<i>Median</i>		85.7		
<i>Range</i>		54.1–97.1		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* Metropolitan division.

TABLE 45. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported they always use a seat belt when they ride in or drive a car, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	941	85.9	1.7	(82.6–89.1)
Madison County, Alabama	505	86.6	2.3	(82.1–91.1)
Mobile County, Alabama	806	84.9	2.3	(80.3–89.4)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	881	87.3	1.4	(84.6–90.1)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	591	86.8	2.1	(82.8–90.9)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	589	89.5	1.7	(86.2–92.7)
Maricopa County, Arizona	2,021	85.8	1.0	(83.7–87.8)
Pima County, Arizona	958	85.1	1.9	(81.4–88.7)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	726	82.9	2.1	(78.8–87.0)
Alameda County, California	550	92.4	1.9	(88.7–96.1)
Los Angeles County, California	2,812	92.7	0.7	(91.3–94.1)
Orange County, California	872	94.8	1.0	(92.8–96.8)
Riverside County, California	696	95.1	1.0	(93.1–97.1)
Sacramento County, California	525	96.3	1.1	(94.2–98.4)
San Bernardino County, California	604	93.4	1.5	(90.5–96.4)
San Diego County, California	982	95.5	0.9	(93.8–97.3)
Santa Clara County, California	564	97.3	1.1	(95.1–99.5)
Adams County, Colorado	772	82.0	1.8	(78.4–85.6)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	819	85.1	1.5	(82.1–88.1)
Boulder County, Colorado	489	83.4	2.1	(79.2–87.6)
Denver County, Colorado	925	85.1	1.5	(82.0–88.1)
Douglas County, Colorado	519	91.7	1.6	(88.5–94.8)
El Paso County, Colorado	972	84.7	1.5	(81.8–87.6)
Jefferson County, Colorado	1,064	84.4	1.5	(81.6–87.3)
Larimer County, Colorado	564	85.3	1.9	(81.6–88.9)
Weld County, Colorado	509	84.1	1.9	(80.3–87.8)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	2,104	88.8	0.9	(87.0–90.6)
Hartford County, Connecticut	1,936	86.9	1.1	(84.8–89.1)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	649	85.9	1.9	(82.1–89.7)
New Haven County, Connecticut	1,944	86.0	1.2	(83.5–88.4)
New London County, Connecticut	973	91.9	1.3	(89.2–94.5)
Kent County, Delaware	1,432	91.7	1.2	(89.3–94.0)
New Castle County, Delaware	2,317	92.0	0.7	(90.6–93.4)
Sussex County, Delaware	1,388	92.2	1.1	(90.1–94.4)
District of Columbia, District of Columbia	3,666	86.0	1.1	(83.8–88.2)
Broward County, Florida	506	84.4	2.8	(79.0–89.8)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	768	83.6	2.4	(79.0–88.3)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	1,319	93.0	1.1	(90.9–95.1)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	4,248	91.1	0.7	(89.7–92.4)
Kauai County, Hawaii	656	94.3	1.4	(91.6–96.9)
Maui County, Hawaii	1,199	89.8	1.5	(87.0–92.7)
Ada County, Idaho	788	82.6	2.0	(78.6–86.6)
Canyon County, Idaho	493	72.9	3.5	(66.0–79.8)
Cook County, Illinois	1,462	87.6	1.3	(85.1–90.2)
Lake County, Indiana	865	87.6	1.9	(83.8–91.4)
Marion County, Indiana	1,238	86.9	1.4	(84.1–89.6)
Polk County, Iowa	787	90.1	1.3	(87.7–92.6)
Johnson County, Kansas	2,157	89.5	1.0	(87.5–91.5)
Sedgwick County, Kansas	1,773	84.9	1.2	(82.6–87.2)
Shawnee County, Kansas	763	83.7	1.7	(80.3–87.2)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	867	81.3	2.6	(76.1–86.5)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	1,592	83.6	1.7	(80.3–86.8)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	567	91.0	1.6	(87.8–94.2)
Androscoggin County, Maine	693	85.5	1.8	(82.0–89.1)
Aroostook County, Maine	533	77.2	2.3	(72.7–81.8)
Cumberland County, Maine	1,731	86.4	1.1	(84.3–88.5)
Kennebec County, Maine	819	81.4	1.8	(77.8–85.0)
Penobscot County, Maine	911	79.0	1.8	(75.4–82.5)

See table footnotes on page 90.

TABLE 45. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported they always use a seat belt when they ride in or drive a car, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
York County, Maine	1,172	85.8	1.3	(83.2–88.5)
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	877	94.4	1.2	(92.1–96.7)
Baltimore County, Maryland	1,479	88.3	1.4	(85.5–91.0)
Charles County, Maryland	499	90.4	2.4	(85.7–95.1)
Frederick County, Maryland	740	89.1	2.7	(83.8–94.3)
Montgomery County, Maryland	1,472	94.0	1.0	(92.0–96.0)
Prince George's County, Maryland	1,090	89.3	1.8	(85.9–92.8)
Washington County, Maryland	529	84.2	3.8	(76.9–91.6)
Baltimore city, Maryland	715	87.7	2.1	(83.5–91.9)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	529	79.0	2.4	(74.2–83.8)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	2,513	74.3	1.8	(70.7–77.9)
Essex County, Massachusetts	2,441	76.9	1.5	(73.9–79.9)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	1,864	73.3	1.8	(69.7–76.8)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	4,078	82.6	0.9	(80.8–84.4)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	1,655	85.0	1.3	(82.5–87.6)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	1,713	75.4	1.8	(72.0–78.9)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	2,172	78.0	1.4	(75.1–80.8)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	2,468	79.7	1.3	(77.2–82.2)
Kent County, Michigan	516	88.1	2.2	(83.7–92.4)
Macomb County, Michigan	602	89.1	1.7	(85.7–92.5)
Oakland County, Michigan	1,146	90.2	1.3	(87.6–92.9)
Wayne County, Michigan	2,153	88.6	1.2	(86.3–90.9)
Anoka County, Minnesota	526	91.6	1.6	(88.5–94.8)
Dakota County, Minnesota	650	92.0	1.2	(89.6–94.3)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	3,145	91.8	0.7	(90.4–93.3)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	1,884	91.4	1.4	(88.7–94.0)
Jackson County, Missouri	848	73.2	2.7	(68.0–78.4)
St. Louis County, Missouri	929	81.9	1.9	(78.3–85.6)
Cascade County, Montana	698	72.7	2.2	(68.3–77.0)
Flathead County, Montana	548	76.8	2.2	(72.5–81.2)
Hill County, Montana	570	56.1	3.5	(49.2–63.0)
Lake County, Montana	879	68.8	2.8	(63.3–74.2)
Missoula County, Montana	772	75.4	2.1	(71.4–79.5)
Yellowstone County, Montana	741	74.8	1.8	(71.2–78.4)
Dakota County, Nebraska	719	76.7	4.0	(68.8–84.5)
Douglas County, Nebraska	3,503	78.3	0.9	(76.5–80.1)
Hall County, Nebraska	529	60.5	3.0	(54.5–66.4)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	1,427	74.8	1.3	(72.2–77.5)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	579	59.7	3.1	(53.7–65.8)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	1,161	81.8	1.6	(78.7–84.9)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	571	59.4	3.3	(52.9–65.8)
Clark County, Nevada	1,960	89.6	0.8	(88.0–91.3)
Washoe County, Nevada	1,444	88.1	1.5	(85.2–91.0)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	553	56.4	3.6	(49.3–63.4)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	521	60.9	3.7	(53.7–68.1)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	534	61.7	3.4	(55.0–68.3)
Coos County, New Hampshire	524	50.1	3.4	(43.4–56.8)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	552	72.1	3.0	(66.2–78.0)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	1,860	70.3	1.5	(67.4–73.2)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	685	64.1	2.6	(59.0–69.2)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	1,009	74.5	1.9	(70.9–78.2)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	614	60.9	3.0	(54.9–66.8)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	975	89.6	1.5	(86.6–92.6)
Bergen County, New Jersey	891	90.3	1.5	(87.2–93.3)
Burlington County, New Jersey	659	89.9	2.1	(85.8–94.0)
Camden County, New Jersey	711	84.1	2.1	(79.9–88.3)
Cape May County, New Jersey	532	81.5	3.8	(74.0–89.0)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	535	86.0	2.5	(81.2–90.8)
Essex County, New Jersey	1,285	88.7	1.3	(86.3–91.2)

See table footnotes on page 90.

TABLE 45. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported they always use a seat belt when they ride in or drive a car, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Gloucester County, New Jersey	534	86.8	2.5	(82.0–91.6)
Hudson County, New Jersey	1,214	86.9	1.4	(84.1–89.7)
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	540	89.7	2.0	(85.9–93.6)
Mercer County, New Jersey	551	91.7	1.7	(88.3–95.0)
Middlesex County, New Jersey	843	91.5	1.4	(88.7–94.4)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	679	88.9	1.6	(85.8–92.0)
Morris County, New Jersey	809	90.9	1.7	(87.6–94.2)
Ocean County, New Jersey	626	87.8	1.9	(84.2–91.5)
Passaic County, New Jersey	640	86.3	2.1	(82.3–90.4)
Salem County, New Jersey	567	84.2	4.0	(76.3–92.0)
Somerset County, New Jersey	601	93.5	1.4	(90.8–96.2)
Sussex County, New Jersey	524	89.0	2.5	(84.2–93.9)
Union County, New Jersey	670	87.6	1.8	(84.0–91.2)
Warren County, New Jersey	509	91.8	1.6	(88.7–94.9)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	1,951	91.3	0.8	(89.8–92.8)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	677	91.4	1.5	(88.5–94.3)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	617	90.7	1.8	(87.2–94.3)
San Juan County, New Mexico	623	89.6	1.5	(86.6–92.6)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	662	87.1	1.9	(83.4–90.7)
Kings County, New York	472	85.4	2.0	(81.5–89.4)
Guilford County, North Carolina	502	89.9	1.6	(86.7–93.1)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	705	90.4	1.3	(87.8–93.1)
Robeson County, North Carolina	525	74.6	4.6	(65.7–83.6)
Wake County, North Carolina	687	93.7	1.1	(91.6–95.8)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	563	69.9	2.7	(64.6–75.2)
Cass County, North Dakota	826	79.4	2.0	(75.4–83.3)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	798	79.0	1.8	(75.4–82.6)
Franklin County, Ohio	802	82.4	1.7	(78.9–85.8)
Hamilton County, Ohio	743	85.0	1.6	(81.8–88.2)
Lorain County, Ohio	588	80.2	3.3	(73.8–86.6)
Lucas County, Ohio	605	82.0	2.9	(76.4–87.6)
Mahoning County, Ohio	572	81.3	2.8	(75.8–86.9)
Montgomery County, Ohio	643	81.8	2.1	(77.6–85.9)
Stark County, Ohio	596	79.1	2.4	(74.4–83.8)
Summit County, Ohio	606	79.4	2.4	(74.6–84.2)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	1,162	86.5	1.4	(83.8–89.2)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	1,179	87.8	1.2	(85.4–90.3)
Clackamas County, Oregon	497	97.4	0.8	(95.9–98.9)
Lane County, Oregon	509	93.1	1.7	(89.8–96.5)
Multnomah County, Oregon	864	92.4	1.3	(89.9–94.9)
Washington County, Oregon	601	95.6	1.1	(93.6–97.7)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	1,842	77.9	1.4	(75.1–80.6)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	1,818	79.6	1.9	(76.0–83.3)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	533	81.3	2.3	(76.8–85.8)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	1,965	72.1	1.5	(69.2–75.0)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	1,851	82.2	3.3	(75.7–88.6)
Kent County, Rhode Island	789	84.7	2.0	(80.9–88.5)
Providence County, Rhode Island	3,217	82.9	1.0	(80.9–84.9)
Washington County, Rhode Island	637	90.4	1.6	(87.2–93.5)

TABLE 45. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported they always use a seat belt when they ride in or drive a car, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aiken County, South Carolina	535	86.6	2.8	(81.1–92.1)
Beaufort County, South Carolina	777	85.2	3.3	(78.6–91.7)
Charleston County, South Carolina	992	84.6	1.7	(81.2–87.9)
Greenville County, South Carolina	878	86.5	1.8	(82.9–90.1)
Horry County, South Carolina	757	89.1	1.4	(86.4–91.9)
Richland County, South Carolina	936	81.7	2.1	(77.6–85.7)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	639	80.2	2.4	(75.4–85.0)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	490	72.6	2.9	(66.9–78.3)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	863	68.2	1.9	(64.5–71.9)
Pennington County, South Dakota	599	68.6	2.3	(64.1–73.2)
Davidson County, Tennessee	527	90.5	1.7	(87.3–93.8)
Shelby County, Tennessee	497	89.2	1.9	(85.4–92.9)
Bexar County, Texas	567	90.4	2.2	(86.2–94.7)
Dallas County, Texas	489	95.2	1.2	(92.9–97.6)
El Paso County, Texas	607	90.2	2.3	(85.7–94.6)
Harris County, Texas	742	92.2	1.3	(89.7–94.7)
Hidalgo County, Texas	607	90.8	1.9	(87.0–94.6)
Tarrant County, Texas	564	92.6	1.6	(89.5–95.7)
Travis County, Texas	1,030	93.1	1.3	(90.5–95.8)
Davis County, Utah	1,120	85.5	1.4	(82.8–88.2)
Salt Lake County, Utah	3,945	83.4	0.8	(81.8–85.0)
Tooele County, Utah	547	76.4	3.2	(70.1–82.7)
Utah County, Utah	1,632	76.2	1.4	(73.6–78.9)
Wasatch County, Utah	501	73.3	4.2	(65.0–81.5)
Weber County, Utah	1,020	82.2	1.5	(79.2–85.2)
Chittenden County, Vermont	897	85.5	1.4	(82.7–88.3)
Rutland County, Vermont	582	84.6	2.1	(80.5–88.7)
Washington County, Vermont	510	81.7	2.6	(76.6–86.8)
Windsor County, Vermont	533	79.1	2.3	(74.6–83.7)
Fairfax County, Virginia	700	92.1	1.4	(89.5–94.8)
Clark County, Washington	778	93.9	1.2	(91.6–96.1)
King County, Washington	3,872	91.5	0.7	(90.2–92.8)
Kitsap County, Washington	559	94.0	1.4	(91.2–96.8)
Pierce County, Washington	1,166	92.0	1.1	(89.9–94.2)
Snohomish County, Washington	1,147	91.5	1.1	(89.3–93.8)
Spokane County, Washington	935	91.1	1.4	(88.3–93.9)
Thurston County, Washington	508	91.2	1.8	(87.6–94.7)
Whatcom County, Washington	836	93.3	1.3	(90.7–95.9)
Yakima County, Washington	525	92.7	1.7	(89.4–95.9)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	639	84.7	1.7	(81.3–88.1)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	888	75.2	2.5	(70.4–80.0)
Laramie County, Wyoming	926	76.6	2.4	(71.8–81.4)
Natrona County, Wyoming	800	73.8	2.6	(68.7–78.8)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	664	93.1	1.2	(90.6–95.5)
<i>Median</i>		86.0		
<i>Range</i>		50.1–97.4		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

TABLE 46. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who are obese,* by state/territory — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	8,651	33.0	0.7	(31.5–34.4)
Alaska	4,093	25.7	0.9	(23.9–27.5)
Arizona	6,951	26.0	0.9	(24.3–27.7)
Arkansas	4,943	34.5	0.9	(32.7–36.4)
California	13,646	25.0	0.5	(23.9–26.0)
Colorado	11,643	20.5	0.5	(19.5–21.4)
Connecticut	8,312	25.6	0.7	(24.3–26.9)
Delaware	4,944	26.9	0.9	(25.2–28.6)
District of Columbia	3,644	21.9	1.1	(19.8–24.0)
Florida	7,282	25.2	0.8	(23.6–26.7)
Georgia	5,737	29.1	0.8	(27.4–30.8)
Hawaii	7,371	23.6	0.8	(22.0–25.1)
Idaho	5,578	26.8	1.0	(24.8–28.8)
Illinois	5,452	28.1	0.9	(26.4–29.9)
Indiana	8,225	31.4	0.7	(30.1–32.7)
Iowa	6,769	30.4	0.7	(29.1–31.8)
Kansas	11,238	29.8	0.6	(28.7–31.0)
Kentucky	10,570	31.3	0.7	(29.9–32.6)
Louisiana	8,656	34.7	0.8	(33.1–36.4)
Maine	9,512	28.3	0.6	(27.2–29.5)
Maryland	11,947	27.6	0.7	(26.3–28.9)
Massachusetts	19,904	22.9	0.5	(22.0–23.8)
Michigan	10,052	31.1	0.6	(29.8–32.3)
Minnesota	11,429	25.7	0.5	(24.7–26.8)
Mississippi	7,429	34.6	0.8	(33.0–36.2)
Missouri	6,446	29.6	0.8	(28.0–31.2)
Montana	8,357	24.3	0.6	(23.1–25.5)
Nebraska	18,385	28.6	0.5	(27.7–29.6)
Nevada	4,592	26.2	1.0	(24.3–28.1)
New Hampshire	7,182	27.3	0.8	(25.8–28.8)
New Jersey	14,477	24.6	0.5	(23.6–25.6)
New Mexico	8,385	27.1	0.6	(25.9–28.3)
New York	5,700	23.6	0.8	(22.0–25.1)
North Carolina	11,113	29.6	0.6	(28.5–30.7)
North Dakota	4,625	29.7	0.9	(27.9–31.4)
Ohio	12,319	30.1	0.6	(29.0–31.2)
Oklahoma	7,719	32.2	0.7	(30.8–33.6)
Oregon	5,056	27.3	0.8	(25.7–29.0)
Pennsylvania	18,893	29.1	0.5	(28.1–30.0)
Rhode Island	5,188	25.7	0.8	(24.1–27.4)
South Carolina	12,210	31.6	0.6	(30.4–32.8)
South Dakota	7,433	28.1	0.8	(26.5–29.8)
Tennessee	6,613	31.1	0.8	(29.6–32.7)
Texas	8,530	29.2	0.7	(27.8–30.5)
Utah	11,683	24.3	0.5	(23.3–25.3)
Vermont	5,791	23.7	0.7	(22.3–25.1)
Virginia	6,948	27.4	0.7	(26.0–28.7)
Washington	14,540	26.8	0.5	(25.8–27.8)
West Virginia	5,125	33.8	0.8	(32.2–35.4)
Wisconsin	4,966	29.7	1.0	(27.8–31.6)
Wyoming	5,976	24.6	0.9	(22.8–26.4)
Guam	1,926	29.1	1.4	(26.3–31.9)
Puerto Rico	6,056	28.4	0.7	(27.0–29.7)
<i>Median</i>		28.1		
<i>Range</i>		20.5–34.7		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* Body mass index ≥30.0 kg/m².

TABLE 47. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who are obese,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	519	23.8	2.2	(19.6–28.0)
Akron, Ohio	698	29.7	2.4	(25.0–34.4)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	3,137	25.1	1.0	(23.2–27.0)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	1,270	28.8	1.9	(25.1–32.6)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California†	971	21.5	2.0	(17.7–25.4)
Anchorage, Alaska	1,426	25.3	1.4	(22.5–28.0)
Asheville, North Carolina	557	19.4	2.0	(15.5–23.3)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	2,399	26.5	1.2	(24.1–28.9)
Atlantic City-Hammonton, New Jersey	957	26.5	2.1	(22.4–30.6)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	980	30.9	2.8	(25.3–36.4)
Augusta-Waterville, Maine	794	33.7	2.0	(29.7–37.6)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	1,321	25.5	1.9	(21.8–29.2)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	4,428	27.4	1.0	(25.5–29.3)
Bangor, Maine	892	30.0	1.9	(26.2–33.8)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	531	18.0	2.0	(14.0–21.9)
Barre, Vermont	495	23.1	2.4	(18.4–27.7)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	1,336	35.6	2.1	(31.6–39.7)
Bellingham, Washington	812	20.5	2.1	(16.5–24.6)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	671	29.6	2.8	(24.2–35.0)
Billings, Montana	815	23.3	1.7	(20.0–26.6)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	1,748	34.3	1.5	(31.3–37.3)
Bismarck, North Dakota	782	33.0	2.3	(28.5–37.5)
Boise City, Idaho	1,399	28.1	1.8	(24.5–31.6)
Boston, Massachusetts†	5,400	21.1	0.9	(19.4–22.8)
Boulder, Colorado	493	14.8	2.0	(11.0–18.6)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	551	30.0	2.6	(24.9–35.1)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	2,048	21.6	1.3	(19.1–24.0)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	1,465	21.3	1.3	(18.8–23.8)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts†	6,328	20.1	0.7	(18.6–21.5)
Camden, New Jersey†	1,858	29.1	1.5	(26.2–32.0)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	657	31.7	2.5	(26.8–36.5)
Casper, Wyoming	793	23.1	2.3	(18.7–27.5)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	567	30.3	2.5	(25.4–35.3)
Charleston, West Virginia	730	31.5	2.0	(27.6–35.5)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	1,650	28.5	1.6	(25.4–31.6)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	2,339	27.9	1.2	(25.5–30.3)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	597	28.8	2.9	(23.0–34.6)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	906	27.3	2.3	(22.7–31.9)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	3,620	26.6	1.1	(24.4–28.7)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	2,249	28.3	1.2	(25.9–30.7)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	1,865	25.2	1.4	(22.5–27.9)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	1,665	27.7	1.6	(24.6–30.7)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	1,094	21.1	1.5	(18.1–24.1)
Columbia, South Carolina	1,712	31.6	1.6	(28.5–34.8)
Columbus, Ohio	1,525	30.7	1.6	(27.6–33.7)
Concord, New Hampshire	672	29.6	2.3	(25.0–34.2)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas†	852	26.1	1.8	(22.6–29.7)
Dayton, Ohio	818	29.5	2.1	(25.3–33.7)
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	4,616	20.1	0.7	(18.7–21.5)
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	1,100	29.1	1.6	(25.9–32.3)
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan†	2,121	34.2	1.6	(31.1–37.4)

See table footnotes on page 93.

TABLE 47. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who are obese,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Dover, Delaware	1,369	29.1	1.7	(25.7–32.5)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	479	30.2	2.8	(24.8–35.6)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	738	26.9	2.0	(23.0–30.8)
El Paso, Texas	576	29.4	3.1	(23.4–35.5)
Eugene, Oregon	507	30.6	2.8	(25.2–36.1)
Fairbanks, Alaska	564	23.5	2.2	(19.3–27.7)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	898	25.1	2.0	(21.2–28.9)
Farmington, New Mexico	622	29.9	2.4	(25.3–34.5)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	481	30.7	2.6	(25.5–35.9)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	781	29.1	2.5	(24.1–34.0)
Fort Collins, Colorado	572	18.3	1.9	(14.6–22.0)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	505	33.5	2.6	(28.3–38.6)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas†	679	30.0	2.4	(25.4–34.7)
Grand Island, Nebraska	819	33.0	2.3	(28.6–37.5)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	849	24.4	2.0	(20.4–28.4)
Great Falls, Montana	683	31.4	2.3	(26.8–36.0)
Greeley, Colorado	508	26.7	2.5	(21.8–31.7)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	754	32.2	2.2	(28.0–36.5)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	1,602	31.2	1.5	(28.2–34.2)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	722	28.8	2.2	(24.6–33.1)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	709	34.3	2.8	(28.8–39.9)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	622	33.2	2.3	(28.7–37.8)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	2,527	26.7	1.2	(24.4–29.1)
Heber, Utah	491	17.6	2.8	(12.1–23.1)
Hilo, Hawaii	1,320	24.9	1.7	(21.5–28.2)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	894	23.0	2.5	(18.0–27.9)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	1,054	26.6	1.7	(23.3–29.8)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	1,052	35.1	1.9	(31.3–38.9)
Huntsville, Alabama	595	29.4	2.4	(24.7–34.1)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	515	29.7	3.3	(23.2–36.2)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	2,096	30.1	1.3	(27.6–32.6)
Jackson, Mississippi	879	33.6	2.0	(29.8–37.5)
Jacksonville, Florida	494	29.2	3.1	(23.1–35.2)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	1,190	21.4	1.8	(17.8–24.9)
Kalispell, Montana	539	26.2	2.3	(21.7–30.6)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	4,507	28.3	1.2	(25.8–30.7)
Kapaa, Hawaii	656	21.0	2.5	(16.1–25.9)
Keene, New Hampshire	527	24.5	2.7	(19.2–29.8)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	501	31.7	2.7	(26.4–36.9)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	528	32.9	3.1	(26.8–39.1)
Knoxville, Tennessee	763	29.9	2.2	(25.6–34.2)
Laconia, New Hampshire	542	34.0	3.3	(27.5–40.5)
Lafayette, Louisiana	527	29.6	2.7	(24.4–34.8)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	667	26.7	2.1	(22.5–31.0)
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	1,884	27.4	1.3	(24.9–29.9)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	657	33.6	2.2	(29.3–38.0)
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	497	22.8	2.2	(18.5–27.1)
Lincoln, Nebraska	1,614	24.5	1.3	(22.0–27.1)
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	1,112	32.7	1.9	(29.0–36.4)

See table footnotes on page 93.

TABLE 47. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who are obese,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Logan, Utah-Idaho	480	18.7	2.1	(14.7–22.8)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California†	3,204	25.0	1.1	(22.9–27.0)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	2,054	31.8	1.6	(28.6–34.9)
Lumberton, North Carolina	512	38.7	4.3	(30.3–47.2)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	1,827	26.9	1.3	(24.3–29.4)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	559	44.5	3.3	(38.0–51.0)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	1,225	35.1	2.0	(31.2–39.0)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	1,580	23.1	1.6	(20.0–26.3)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	1,176	30.9	2.1	(26.9–34.9)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	7,351	24.0	0.7	(22.5–25.4)
Missoula, Montana	771	18.6	1.7	(15.3–21.9)
Mobile, Alabama	791	34.2	2.6	(29.2–39.3)
Montgomery, Alabama	507	33.2	2.8	(27.7–38.8)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania†	1,270	23.3	1.5	(20.4–26.2)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	915	26.7	2.0	(22.8–30.5)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	1,271	29.1	1.6	(26.0–32.2)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York†	854	22.2	1.9	(18.5–25.8)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania†	6,075	24.8	0.9	(23.1–26.5)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	1,905	26.0	1.4	(23.2–28.8)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	1,219	28.7	1.7	(25.3–32.1)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey†	6,806	21.7	0.9	(20.0–23.5)
Norfolk, Nebraska	547	30.5	2.6	(25.5–35.5)
North Platte, Nebraska	597	32.1	2.8	(26.7–37.6)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	957	27.9	2.2	(23.5–32.3)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California†	931	22.6	2.2	(18.3–26.9)
Ocean City, New Jersey	522	29.9	3.5	(22.9–36.8)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	2,295	28.0	1.2	(25.7–30.3)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	2,324	32.0	1.2	(29.6–34.5)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	492	29.5	2.8	(24.1–34.9)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	5,296	28.6	0.9	(26.9–30.3)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	547	28.1	3.0	(22.2–34.0)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania†	2,309	26.9	1.2	(24.5–29.3)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	2,467	25.3	1.2	(22.9–27.7)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	3,207	26.9	1.0	(25.0–28.8)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	526	31.7	2.4	(27.0–36.4)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	3,193	24.2	0.9	(22.4–26.1)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	2,973	25.9	1.1	(23.8–28.1)
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	7,632	25.8	0.8	(24.2–27.3)
Provo-Orem, Utah	1,635	22.5	1.2	(20.1–24.8)
Raleigh, North Carolina	889	24.3	1.7	(21.1–27.6)
Rapid City, South Dakota	1,000	28.4	1.9	(24.6–32.2)
Reno, Nevada	1,435	21.9	1.6	(18.8–25.0)
Richmond, Virginia	949	27.5	1.9	(23.8–31.2)
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	1,457	29.1	1.7	(25.9–32.4)
Rockingham County-Strafford County, New Hampshire†	1,592	27.1	1.5	(24.1–30.1)

See table footnotes on page 93.

TABLE 47. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who are obese,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Rutland, Vermont	562	29.1	2.6	(23.9–34.2)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	940	25.4	2.1	(21.3–29.5)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	1,990	31.1	1.5	(28.0–34.1)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	1,998	30.9	1.7	(27.5–34.2)
Salt Lake City, Utah	4,306	24.3	0.8	(22.6–25.9)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	745	28.5	2.1	(24.3–32.6)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	1,058	22.3	1.8	(18.8–25.9)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California†	566	19.1	2.4	(14.5–23.8)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	643	15.9	1.8	(12.3–19.5)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	3,809	28.5	0.9	(26.8–30.2)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	660	17.6	1.8	(14.2–21.1)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	1,753	33.6	2.6	(28.4–38.7)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	602	39.2	3.3	(32.8–45.6)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	701	31.9	2.4	(27.2–36.7)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington†	4,856	23.8	0.8	(22.2–25.3)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	554	38.5	2.8	(33.0–44.1)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland†	2,120	21.1	1.4	(18.3–23.8)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	1,160	35.9	3.1	(29.9–42.0)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	1,381	25.3	1.5	(22.3–28.2)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	669	32.8	2.7	(27.5–38.1)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	1,059	28.9	1.9	(25.2–32.6)
Springfield, Massachusetts	2,152	26.4	1.4	(23.6–29.2)
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington†	1,134	26.7	1.6	(23.5–29.9)
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	786	25.1	2.1	(21.0–29.3)
Toledo, Ohio	928	31.2	2.4	(26.4–35.9)
Topeka, Kansas	1,047	34.3	1.9	(30.5–38.1)
Torrington, Connecticut	640	24.0	2.3	(19.5–28.6)
Trenton, New Jersey	533	24.0	2.6	(18.9–29.1)
Tucson, Arizona	956	22.9	1.8	(19.4–26.4)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	1,689	32.1	1.5	(29.2–35.0)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	561	34.8	3.3	(28.4–41.2)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	4,205	23.8	1.0	(21.8–25.8)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	519	33.7	3.2	(27.4–40.0)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	1,443	29.4	1.6	(26.3–32.6)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan†	2,100	29.4	1.3	(26.9–31.9)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia†	7,706	24.2	0.8	(22.6–25.8)
Wichita, Kansas	2,257	29.0	1.3	(26.5–31.5)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey†	3,076	26.5	1.2	(24.2–28.7)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	737	29.4	2.1	(25.4–33.5)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	2,628	28.5	1.3	(26.0–31.1)
Yakima, Washington	472	31.4	3.0	(25.5–37.3)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	876	32.2	2.5	(27.2–37.1)
<i>Median</i>		28.3		
<i>Range</i>		14.8–44.5		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* Body mass index ≥30.0 kg/m².

† Metropolitan division.

TABLE 48. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥ 18 years who are obese,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	921	34.8	2.0	(30.9–38.6)
Madison County, Alabama	497	29.1	2.7	(23.9–34.3)
Mobile County, Alabama	791	34.2	2.6	(29.2–39.3)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	852	25.3	1.7	(21.9–28.6)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	564	23.5	2.2	(19.3–27.7)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	574	26.2	2.2	(21.9–30.5)
Maricopa County, Arizona	1,998	25.3	1.3	(22.7–27.9)
Pima County, Arizona	956	22.9	1.8	(19.4–26.4)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	709	33.2	2.5	(28.3–38.1)
Alameda County, California	595	20.4	2.8	(15.0–25.8)
Los Angeles County, California	3,204	25.0	1.1	(22.9–27.0)
Orange County, California	971	21.5	2.0	(17.7–25.4)
Riverside County, California	784	27.7	2.3	(23.2–32.2)
Sacramento County, California	572	27.5	2.8	(22.1–33.0)
San Bernardino County, California	673	31.4	2.4	(26.7–36.1)
San Diego County, California	1,058	22.3	1.8	(18.8–25.9)
Santa Clara County, California	626	15.8	1.8	(12.2–19.4)
Adams County, Colorado	764	25.2	2.0	(21.2–29.1)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	818	19.1	1.6	(15.9–22.3)
Boulder County, Colorado	493	14.8	2.0	(11.0–18.6)
Denver County, Colorado	928	19.0	1.5	(16.1–22.0)
Douglas County, Colorado	525	15.7	1.9	(12.1–19.4)
El Paso County, Colorado	957	21.3	1.6	(18.2–24.4)
Jefferson County, Colorado	1,082	20.2	1.5	(17.3–23.1)
Larimer County, Colorado	572	18.3	1.9	(14.6–22.0)
Weld County, Colorado	508	26.7	2.5	(21.8–31.7)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	2,048	21.6	1.3	(19.1–24.0)
Hartford County, Connecticut	1,874	28.3	1.4	(25.4–31.1)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	640	24.0	2.3	(19.5–28.6)
New Haven County, Connecticut	1,905	26.0	1.4	(23.2–28.8)
New London County, Connecticut	957	27.9	2.2	(23.5–32.3)
Kent County, Delaware	1,369	29.1	1.7	(25.7–32.5)
New Castle County, Delaware	2,239	25.2	1.2	(22.9–27.6)
Sussex County, Delaware	1,336	29.4	1.7	(26.1–32.7)
District of Columbia, District of Columbia	3,644	21.9	1.1	(19.8–24.0)
Broward County, Florida	497	22.6	2.7	(17.3–27.9)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	770	23.9	2.5	(19.0–28.7)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	1,320	24.9	1.7	(21.5–28.2)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	4,205	23.8	1.0	(21.8–25.8)
Kauai County, Hawaii	656	21.0	2.5	(16.1–25.9)
Maui County, Hawaii	1,190	21.4	1.8	(17.8–24.9)
Ada County, Idaho	764	25.1	2.2	(20.7–29.4)
Canyon County, Idaho	474	35.7	3.6	(28.6–42.7)
Cook County, Illinois	1,471	25.5	1.5	(22.6–28.4)
Lake County, Indiana	849	34.0	2.8	(28.6–39.4)
Marion County, Indiana	1,222	33.2	1.8	(29.6–36.9)
Polk County, Iowa	760	28.5	1.9	(24.8–32.3)
Johnson County, Kansas	2,071	22.6	1.2	(20.2–25.0)
Sedgwick County, Kansas	1,721	28.4	1.4	(25.5–31.2)
Shawnee County, Kansas	735	31.3	2.2	(26.9–35.7)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	826	39.8	3.1	(33.7–45.9)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	1,587	33.2	2.0	(29.2–37.1)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	553	33.3	2.7	(28.0–38.6)
Androscoggin County, Maine	657	33.6	2.2	(29.3–38.0)
Aroostook County, Maine	523	32.8	2.5	(27.9–37.7)
Cumberland County, Maine	1,695	21.6	1.2	(19.2–24.1)
Kennebec County, Maine	794	33.7	2.0	(29.7–37.6)
Penobscot County, Maine	892	30.0	1.9	(26.2–33.8)
York County, Maine	1,130	27.8	1.6	(24.7–31.0)

See table footnotes on page 95.

TABLE 48. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥ 18 years who are obese,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	845	26.5	2.2	(22.2–30.8)
Baltimore County, Maryland	1,424	28.1	1.7	(24.8–31.5)
Charles County, Maryland	476	33.7	3.7	(26.5–41.0)
Frederick County, Maryland	701	25.2	2.7	(19.8–30.6)
Montgomery County, Maryland	1,419	20.1	1.6	(16.9–23.2)
Prince George's County, Maryland	1,055	32.1	2.2	(27.7–36.4)
Washington County, Maryland	505	33.4	3.6	(26.3–40.4)
Baltimore city, Maryland	692	30.7	2.7	(25.6–35.9)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	531	18.0	2.0	(14.0–21.9)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	2,444	26.6	1.7	(23.3–29.9)
Essex County, Massachusetts	2,353	22.9	1.4	(20.2–25.6)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	1,799	28.9	1.7	(25.6–32.2)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	3,975	18.8	0.9	(17.2–20.5)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	1,638	18.2	1.4	(15.4–21.0)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	1,645	22.8	1.7	(19.5–26.1)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	2,117	22.2	1.3	(19.6–24.8)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	2,393	27.9	1.4	(25.2–30.7)
Kent County, Michigan	502	25.7	2.7	(20.5–31.0)
Macomb County, Michigan	590	35.2	2.4	(30.5–39.9)
Oakland County, Michigan	1,121	25.1	1.7	(21.8–28.5)
Wayne County, Michigan	2,121	34.2	1.6	(31.1–37.4)
Anoka County, Minnesota	515	25.6	2.3	(21.0–30.2)
Dakota County, Minnesota	625	22.6	1.9	(18.7–26.4)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	3,045	21.7	1.1	(19.5–23.9)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	1,827	21.8	1.7	(18.5–25.0)
Jackson County, Missouri	837	30.5	2.5	(25.5–35.4)
St. Louis County, Missouri	907	27.7	2.1	(23.6–31.8)
Cascade County, Montana	683	31.4	2.3	(26.8–36.0)
Flathead County, Montana	539	26.2	2.3	(21.7–30.6)
Hill County, Montana	553	29.7	3.0	(23.8–35.5)
Lake County, Montana	864	25.0	2.4	(20.4–29.6)
Missoula County, Montana	771	18.6	1.7	(15.3–21.9)
Yellowstone County, Montana	722	23.4	1.8	(20.0–26.9)
Dakota County, Nebraska	708	34.1	4.0	(26.3–41.9)
Douglas County, Nebraska	3,389	27.9	1.0	(25.9–29.8)
Hall County, Nebraska	508	33.3	2.8	(27.7–38.9)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	1,397	24.4	1.3	(21.8–27.0)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	574	32.3	2.9	(26.7–38.0)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	1,111	26.9	1.6	(23.7–30.1)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	552	39.1	3.3	(32.5–45.6)
Clark County, Nevada	1,884	27.4	1.3	(24.9–29.9)
Washoe County, Nevada	1,418	21.9	1.6	(18.7–25.0)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	542	34.0	3.3	(27.5–40.5)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	509	24.2	3.4	(17.6–30.8)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	527	24.5	2.7	(19.2–29.8)
Coos County, New Hampshire	510	31.9	3.3	(25.4–38.3)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	539	25.0	2.5	(20.2–29.9)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	1,827	26.9	1.3	(24.3–29.4)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	672	29.6	2.3	(25.0–34.2)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	1,001	26.9	1.9	(23.2–30.6)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	591	27.7	2.6	(22.6–32.9)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	957	26.5	2.1	(22.4–30.6)
Bergen County, New Jersey	864	18.4	1.7	(15.0–21.7)
Burlington County, New Jersey	634	28.6	2.4	(23.9–33.3)
Camden County, New Jersey	702	30.4	2.5	(25.5–35.3)
Cape May County, New Jersey	522	29.9	3.5	(22.9–36.8)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	519	33.7	3.2	(27.4–40.0)
Essex County, New Jersey	1,244	29.3	1.7	(26.0–32.6)
Gloucester County, New Jersey	522	26.5	2.7	(21.2–31.8)
Hudson County, New Jersey	1,184	23.2	1.6	(20.0–26.4)

See table footnotes on page 95.

TABLE 48. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥ 18 years who are obese,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	526	24.0	2.8	(18.5–29.6)
Mercer County, New Jersey	533	24.0	2.6	(18.9–29.1)
Middlesex County, New Jersey	809	23.7	2.1	(19.5–27.9)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	663	23.8	2.2	(19.6–28.1)
Morris County, New Jersey	791	18.1	1.8	(14.6–21.5)
Ocean County, New Jersey	612	26.3	2.3	(21.9–30.8)
Passaic County, New Jersey	629	21.2	2.0	(17.3–25.1)
Salem County, New Jersey	541	30.7	3.2	(24.3–37.0)
Somerset County, New Jersey	593	24.5	2.5	(19.5–29.5)
Sussex County, New Jersey	508	24.6	2.6	(19.5–29.8)
Union County, New Jersey	631	23.5	2.1	(19.4–27.5)
Warren County, New Jersey	493	32.4	3.3	(25.8–38.9)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	1,987	23.9	1.2	(21.6–26.2)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	667	26.7	2.1	(22.5–31.0)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	623	26.9	2.4	(22.2–31.5)
San Juan County, New Mexico	622	29.9	2.4	(25.3–34.5)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	660	17.6	1.8	(14.2–21.1)
Kings County, New York	469	24.3	2.8	(18.8–29.9)
Guilford County, North Carolina	479	29.5	2.6	(24.5–34.6)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	662	26.4	2.3	(22.0–30.9)
Robeson County, North Carolina	512	38.7	4.3	(30.4–47.1)
Wake County, North Carolina	659	22.7	1.9	(19.0–26.4)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	536	32.1	2.8	(26.6–37.6)
Cass County, North Dakota	805	26.0	2.1	(22.0–30.1)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	791	30.1	2.1	(25.9–34.2)
Franklin County, Ohio	799	30.7	2.1	(26.5–34.9)
Hamilton County, Ohio	730	28.8	2.1	(24.8–32.8)
Lorain County, Ohio	587	26.7	2.8	(21.2–32.2)
Lucas County, Ohio	595	32.1	3.1	(26.1–38.2)
Mahoning County, Ohio	555	35.8	3.5	(28.9–42.8)
Montgomery County, Ohio	632	29.1	2.5	(24.3–34.0)
Stark County, Ohio	600	30.5	2.6	(25.4–35.5)
Summit County, Ohio	589	31.9	2.7	(26.6–37.3)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	1,119	31.6	1.7	(28.3–34.9)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	1,163	29.7	1.7	(26.4–33.1)
Clackamas County, Oregon	488	23.6	2.5	(18.7–28.6)
Lane County, Oregon	507	30.6	2.8	(25.2–36.1)
Multnomah County, Oregon	854	22.7	2.0	(18.9–26.6)
Washington County, Oregon	586	25.5	2.3	(21.0–30.0)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	1,800	24.4	1.2	(22.0–26.8)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	1,753	33.6	2.6	(28.4–38.7)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	525	23.8	2.4	(19.2–28.4)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	1,935	29.0	1.4	(26.3–31.8)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	1,782	31.4	2.9	(25.8–37.1)
Kent County, Rhode Island	780	26.5	2.1	(22.4–30.7)
Providence County, Rhode Island	3,140	26.9	1.1	(24.8–29.0)
Washington County, Rhode Island	630	21.0	2.1	(16.8–25.2)
Aiken County, South Carolina	530	32.7	3.1	(26.6–38.8)
Beaufort County, South Carolina	770	21.9	2.6	(16.8–27.0)
Charleston County, South Carolina	975	24.1	2.0	(20.1–28.1)
Greenville County, South Carolina	855	27.5	2.1	(23.5–31.6)
Horry County, South Carolina	751	25.2	2.0	(21.2–29.2)
Richland County, South Carolina	918	31.6	2.3	(27.2–36.1)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	618	33.2	2.8	(27.6–38.7)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	474	23.2	2.5	(18.2–28.2)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	826	26.5	1.9	(22.8–30.1)
Pennington County, South Dakota	572	30.2	2.3	(25.6–34.7)
Davidson County, Tennessee	528	29.7	2.5	(24.8–34.5)
Shelby County, Tennessee	497	33.4	2.7	(28.1–38.6)
Bexar County, Texas	561	29.3	2.4	(24.6–34.0)

See table footnotes on page 95.

TABLE 48. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥ 18 years who are obese,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Dallas County, Texas	474	30.5	2.6	(25.5–35.6)
El Paso County, Texas	576	29.5	3.1	(23.4–35.5)
Harris County, Texas	700	28.2	2.1	(24.2–32.3)
Hidalgo County, Texas	559	44.5	3.3	(38.0–51.0)
Tarrant County, Texas	532	29.4	2.6	(24.3–34.5)
Travis County, Texas	1,000	21.9	2.0	(18.0–25.8)
Davis County, Utah	1,078	25.5	1.6	(22.3–28.7)
Salt Lake County, Utah	3,787	24.0	0.9	(22.3–25.7)
Tooele County, Utah	519	28.1	3.1	(22.0–34.1)
Utah County, Utah	1,571	22.3	1.2	(19.9–24.7)
Wasatch County, Utah	491	17.6	2.8	(12.1–23.1)
Weber County, Utah	991	29.5	1.9	(25.8–33.2)
Chittenden County, Vermont	889	19.6	1.6	(16.6–22.6)
Rutland County, Vermont	562	29.1	2.6	(23.9–34.2)
Washington County, Vermont	495	23.1	2.4	(18.4–27.7)
Windsor County, Vermont	526	23.6	2.4	(19.0–28.3)
Fairfax County, Virginia	674	16.5	1.8	(13.0–20.0)
Clark County, Washington	748	30.7	2.2	(26.4–34.9)
King County, Washington	3,737	22.4	0.9	(20.6–24.2)
Kitsap County, Washington	551	30.0	2.6	(24.9–35.1)
Pierce County, Washington	1,134	26.7	1.6	(23.5–29.9)
Snohomish County, Washington	1,119	28.4	1.7	(25.0–31.7)
Spokane County, Washington	914	28.6	2.0	(24.6–32.6)
Thurston County, Washington	492	29.5	2.8	(24.1–34.9)
Whatcom County, Washington	812	20.5	2.1	(16.5–24.6)
Yakima County, Washington	472	31.4	3.0	(25.5–37.3)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	605	31.5	2.2	(27.2–35.9)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	891	30.9	2.5	(26.0–35.7)
Laramie County, Wyoming	906	27.3	2.3	(22.7–31.9)
Natrona County, Wyoming	793	23.1	2.3	(18.7–27.5)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	641	24.8	2.0	(20.9–28.7)
<i>Median</i>		26.7		
<i>Range</i>		14.8–44.5		

Abbreviation: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* Body mass index ≥30 kg/m².

TABLE 49. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥ 18 years who were ever told by a doctor that they have diabetes,* by state/territory — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	9,003	12.3	0.4	(11.4–13.1)
Alaska	4,339	7.0	0.5	(5.9–8.0)
Arizona	7,293	10.6	0.6	(9.4–11.8)
Arkansas	5,168	11.3	0.5	(10.3–12.3)
California	14,564	9.8	0.4	(9.1–10.5)
Colorado	12,230	7.4	0.3	(6.8–8.0)
Connecticut	8,768	9.2	0.4	(8.3–10.0)
Delaware	5,167	9.6	0.5	(8.6–10.7)
District of Columbia	3,819	8.2	0.6	(7.1–9.4)
Florida	7,609	11.4	0.5	(10.3–12.4)
Georgia	6,081	9.9	0.5	(9.0–10.8)
Hawaii	7,566	7.8	0.5	(6.8–8.7)
Idaho	5,884	8.5	0.5	(7.4–9.5)
Illinois	5,578	9.4	0.5	(8.4–10.4)
Indiana	8,632	10.9	0.4	(10.2–11.7)
Iowa	7,162	9.7	0.4	(8.9–10.4)
Kansas	11,787	9.4	0.3	(8.8–10.1)
Kentucky	11,197	10.7	0.4	(9.9–11.5)
Louisiana	9,051	12.3	0.5	(11.3–13.2)
Maine	9,909	9.7	0.3	(9.0–10.3)
Maryland	12,757	10.2	0.4	(9.5–11.0)
Massachusetts	21,681	8.3	0.3	(7.8–8.9)
Michigan	10,485	10.5	0.4	(9.7–11.2)
Minnesota	12,235	7.3	0.3	(6.7–7.9)
Mississippi	7,779	12.5	0.5	(11.6–13.4)
Missouri	6,745	10.7	0.5	(9.7–11.7)
Montana	8,666	7.2	0.3	(6.6–7.9)
Nebraska	19,156	8.1	0.3	(7.6–8.6)
Nevada	4,830	8.9	0.6	(7.7–10.1)
New Hampshire	7,518	9.1	0.4	(8.4–9.9)
New Jersey	15,730	9.3	0.3	(8.7–9.9)
New Mexico	8,770	10.3	0.4	(9.5–11.0)
New York	6,046	9.7	0.5	(8.7–10.8)
North Carolina	11,879	10.4	0.3	(9.8–11.1)
North Dakota	4,873	8.6	0.5	(7.7–9.5)
Ohio	13,004	11.7	0.4	(11.0–12.4)
Oklahoma	8,001	11.5	0.4	(10.7–12.3)
Oregon	5,292	9.9	0.5	(8.9–10.9)
Pennsylvania	19,916	10.2	0.3	(9.7–10.8)
Rhode Island	5,471	9.8	0.5	(8.8–10.7)
South Carolina	12,767	11.6	0.4	(10.8–12.3)
South Dakota	7,873	7.8	0.5	(6.9–8.7)
Tennessee	7,031	11.9	0.5	(11.0–12.9)
Texas	9,112	10.6	0.4	(9.8–11.4)
Utah	12,419	7.2	0.3	(6.7–7.7)
Vermont	6,049	7.3	0.4	(6.5–8.0)
Virginia	7,388	10.6	0.4	(9.7–11.4)
Washington	15,292	8.8	0.3	(8.2–9.4)
West Virginia	5,405	13.0	0.5	(12.0–14.0)
Wisconsin	5,294	8.3	0.5	(7.3–9.3)
Wyoming	6,263	9.1	0.5	(8.0–10.1)
Guam	2,016	9.6	0.8	(8.0–11.3)
Puerto Rico	6,314	16.4	0.5	(15.3–17.4)
<i>Median</i>		9.7		
<i>Range</i>		7.0–16.4		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* Excluding diabetes during pregnancy in females, or prediabetes or borderline diabetes in adults.

TABLE 50. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who were ever told by a doctor that they have diabetes,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	551	15.2	1.7	(11.9–18.5)
Akron, Ohio	743	8.4	1.1	(6.2–10.7)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	3,268	8.7	0.6	(7.6–9.8)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	1,350	10.0	1.2	(7.7–12.4)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California†	1,036	9.4	1.3	(7.0–11.9)
Anchorage, Alaska	1,503	7.8	0.9	(6.1–9.5)
Asheville, North Carolina	594	8.3	1.3	(5.9–10.8)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	2,531	8.9	0.7	(7.6–10.2)
Atlantic City-Hamilton, New Jersey	1,022	9.8	1.1	(7.6–12.0)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	1,033	11.1	1.4	(8.4–13.8)
Augusta-Waterville, Maine	833	10.8	1.1	(8.6–13.1)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	1,384	7.4	1.0	(5.5–9.3)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	4,700	10.0	0.6	(8.9–11.1)
Bangor, Maine	929	8.2	0.9	(6.5–9.9)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	559	9.6	1.5	(6.7–12.6)
Barre, Vermont	517	7.5	1.4	(4.8–10.1)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	1,386	11.8	1.1	(9.6–14.0)
Bellingham, Washington	846	6.7	0.9	(4.9–8.6)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	708	13.6	2.0	(9.7–17.4)
Billings, Montana	847	8.1	1.0	(6.2–10.1)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	1,825	11.3	0.8	(9.6–12.9)
Bismarck, North Dakota	822	9.5	1.2	(7.1–11.8)
Boise City, Idaho	1,480	7.3	0.9	(5.5–9.0)
Boston, Massachusetts†	5,907	7.3	0.5	(6.3–8.2)
Boulder, Colorado	517	3.4	0.8	(1.8–5.1)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	565	8.7	1.4	(6.0–11.4)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	2,186	7.4	0.8	(5.9–8.9)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	1,520	6.7	0.7	(5.3–8.0)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts†	6,924	7.9	0.5	(7.0–8.8)
Camden, New Jersey†	1,976	11.5	0.9	(9.7–13.2)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	682	15.4	1.8	(11.9–18.8)
Casper, Wyoming	830	10.7	1.4	(8.0–13.4)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	585	9.8	1.3	(7.2–12.3)
Charleston, West Virginia	772	12.6	1.3	(10.1–15.0)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	1,709	11.7	1.0	(9.6–13.7)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	2,523	10.0	0.7	(8.5–11.4)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	628	12.9	2.0	(8.9–16.8)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	959	11.9	1.5	(8.9–14.9)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	3,732	8.0	0.6	(6.8–9.2)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	2,364	11.9	0.8	(10.3–13.5)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	1,949	8.5	0.7	(7.1–9.9)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	1,778	11.5	1.0	(9.5–13.5)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	1,160	8.6	0.9	(6.8–10.5)
Columbia, South Carolina	1,799	10.4	0.9	(8.6–12.2)
Columbus, Ohio	1,602	9.3	0.8	(7.7–11.0)
Concord, New Hampshire	704	8.8	1.2	(6.5–11.2)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas†	907	9.9	1.1	(7.6–12.1)
Dayton, Ohio	857	12.7	1.3	(10.1–15.2)

See table footnotes on page 98.

TABLE 50. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who were ever told by a doctor that they have diabetes,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	4,845	7.4	0.5	(6.5–8.3)
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	1,159	8.9	0.9	(7.2–10.7)
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan†	2,217	12.6	1.1	(10.4–14.7)
Dover, Delaware	1,441	10.9	1.1	(8.7–13.1)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	514	12.2	1.7	(8.9–15.4)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	794	8.1	1.0	(6.1–10.1)
El Paso, Texas	625	14.1	2.0	(10.3–18.0)
Eugene, Oregon	526	8.7	1.4	(6.0–11.4)
Fairbanks, Alaska	599	5.0	1.1	(2.9–7.1)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	940	6.5	1.0	(4.6–8.4)
Farmington, New Mexico	650	10.9	1.7	(7.6–14.2)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	506	13.4	1.8	(9.9–16.9)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	812	9.4	1.3	(6.8–11.9)
Fort Collins, Colorado	593	5.4	0.9	(3.6–7.2)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	539	10.0	1.5	(7.1–12.8)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas†	725	9.7	1.2	(7.4–12.0)
Grand Island, Nebraska	855	7.7	1.1	(5.5–9.9)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	892	7.3	0.9	(5.6–9.0)
Great Falls, Montana	709	7.8	1.0	(5.7–9.8)
Greeley, Colorado	535	8.0	1.4	(5.3–10.6)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	807	11.0	1.3	(8.6–13.5)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	1,690	11.0	0.9	(9.1–12.8)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	744	11.3	1.2	(9.0–13.6)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	758	12.4	1.7	(9.1–15.8)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	663	10.9	1.3	(8.3–13.5)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	2,667	9.4	0.8	(7.9–11.0)
Heber, Utah	511	4.5	0.8	(3.0–6.1)
Hilo, Hawaii	1,346	8.6	1.1	(6.4–10.8)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	935	8.4	1.1	(6.2–10.7)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	1,147	10.5	1.0	(8.5–12.5)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	1,115	13.4	1.2	(11.1–15.7)
Huntsville, Alabama	613	8.8	1.2	(6.4–11.2)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	541	11.5	2.2	(7.1–15.9)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	2,194	9.8	0.7	(8.4–11.2)
Jackson, Mississippi	921	11.8	1.2	(9.4–14.1)
Jacksonville, Florida	519	11.6	2.1	(7.5–15.6)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	1,216	7.0	1.1	(4.8–9.1)
Kalispell, Montana	560	6.2	1.1	(4.1–8.3)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	4,742	10.4	0.7	(9.0–11.8)
Kapaa, Hawaii	667	7.3	1.3	(4.9–9.8)
Keene, New Hampshire	548	8.4	1.5	(5.4–11.4)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	533	11.2	1.9	(7.4–15.0)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	568	15.0	2.2	(10.7–19.4)
Knoxville, Tennessee	831	9.6	1.1	(7.4–11.7)
Laconia, New Hampshire	567	9.5	1.7	(6.2–12.9)
Lafayette, Louisiana	557	10.3	1.6	(7.3–13.4)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	707	11.6	1.3	(9.0–14.1)

See table footnotes on page 98.

TABLE 50. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who were ever told by a doctor that they have diabetes,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	2,007	9.5	0.8	(7.9–11.1)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	699	11.8	1.4	(9.1–14.5)
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	530	7.5	1.2	(5.2–9.9)
Lincoln, Nebraska	1,667	6.4	0.7	(5.1–7.7)
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	1,168	9.3	1.0	(7.4–11.2)
Logan, Utah-Idaho	505	5.1	0.9	(3.4–6.9)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California†	3,504	10.6	0.7	(9.2–12.0)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	2,178	10.1	0.9	(8.3–11.9)
Lumberton, North Carolina	545	17.4	3.2	(11.1–23.7)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	1,905	8.7	0.7	(7.3–10.1)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	621	13.4	1.9	(9.6–17.2)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	1,307	14.1	1.3	(11.5–16.6)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	1,666	10.5	1.1	(8.3–12.7)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	1,256	8.9	1.2	(6.5–11.2)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	7,896	6.7	0.4	(5.8–7.5)
Missoula, Montana	782	3.4	0.6	(2.2–4.7)
Mobile, Alabama	816	12.4	1.4	(9.6–15.2)
Montgomery, Alabama	534	14.4	1.8	(10.9–18.0)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania†	1,309	8.1	1.0	(6.1–10.1)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	946	9.7	1.1	(7.6–11.9)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	1,337	9.4	0.9	(7.7–11.2)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York†	900	6.3	0.9	(4.4–8.1)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania†	6,550	8.5	0.5	(7.5–9.5)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	2,006	10.2	0.9	(8.3–12.0)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	1,274	12.3	1.1	(10.1–14.4)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey†	7,436	9.9	0.7	(8.6–11.3)
Norfolk, Nebraska	571	8.1	1.3	(5.6–10.6)
North Platte, Nebraska	613	8.9	1.4	(6.1–11.6)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	1,000	10.0	1.3	(7.5–12.4)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California†	974	8.6	1.3	(6.0–11.1)
Ocean City, New Jersey	554	9.6	1.6	(6.6–12.7)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	2,432	8.7	0.7	(7.4–10.0)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	2,438	10.6	0.7	(9.2–12.0)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	517	13.7	2.1	(9.6–17.8)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	5,584	8.1	0.5	(7.2–9.0)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	570	10.2	1.7	(6.9–13.6)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania†	2,455	11.2	0.8	(9.6–12.9)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	2,599	9.8	0.8	(8.2–11.4)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	3,365	10.9	0.6	(9.6–12.1)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	548	17.3	1.8	(13.8–20.7)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	3,329	8.9	0.6	(7.8–10.1)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	3,126	8.9	0.6	(7.7–10.1)

See table footnotes on page 98.

TABLE 50. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who were ever told by a doctor that they have diabetes,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	8,124	10.5	0.5	(9.5–11.4)
Provo-Orem, Utah	1,748	5.0	0.5	(4.0–6.0)
Raleigh, North Carolina	946	8.1	1.0	(6.1–10.0)
Rapid City, South Dakota	1,055	7.0	0.9	(5.1–8.8)
Reno, Nevada	1,508	6.4	0.8	(4.9–8.0)
Richmond, Virginia	1,014	10.9	1.1	(8.7–13.1)
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	1,529	10.6	1.0	(8.6–12.7)
Rockingham County-Stafford County, New Hampshire†	1,671	9.6	0.8	(8.0–11.2)
Rutland, Vermont	596	8.1	1.2	(5.8–10.5)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	996	9.5	1.5	(6.5–12.5)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	2,069	10.6	1.0	(8.7–12.5)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	2,119	12.8	1.0	(10.8–14.9)
Salt Lake City, Utah	4,611	7.2	0.4	(6.3–8.0)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	777	10.3	1.3	(7.8–12.7)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	1,128	9.3	1.2	(6.9–11.6)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California†	596	8.2	2.0	(4.3–12.0)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	685	7.4	1.3	(4.9–10.0)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	3,952	15.8	0.6	(14.6–17.1)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	697	6.8	1.1	(4.6–9.0)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	1,862	11.0	1.0	(8.9–13.0)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	631	12.3	1.7	(9.0–15.5)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	743	9.8	1.1	(7.7–11.9)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington†	5,095	7.8	0.5	(6.9–8.8)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	578	13.2	1.7	(9.9–16.4)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland†	2,298	7.7	0.8	(6.1–9.4)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	1,204	8.8	1.4	(6.0–11.6)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	1,466	6.2	0.8	(4.7–7.7)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	707	12.3	1.7	(8.9–15.6)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	1,099	9.2	1.0	(7.2–11.3)
Springfield, Massachusetts	2,343	9.4	0.8	(7.9–11.0)
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington†	1,180	8.1	0.9	(6.4–9.8)
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	827	11.5	1.4	(8.8–14.2)
Toledo, Ohio	968	12.8	1.4	(10.1–15.5)
Topeka, Kansas	1,087	9.2	1.0	(7.2–11.1)
Torrington, Connecticut	663	6.9	1.2	(4.6–9.2)
Trenton, New Jersey	579	9.9	1.4	(7.1–12.6)
Tucson, Arizona	998	11.8	1.5	(8.9–14.7)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	1,740	11.1	0.9	(9.4–12.8)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	581	9.8	1.4	(7.1–12.4)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	4,337	7.8	0.6	(6.5–9.0)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	557	13.4	2.2	(9.1–17.8)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	1,503	10.1	0.9	(8.4–11.9)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan†	2,185	8.2	0.7	(6.9–9.5)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia†	8,194	8.7	0.5	(7.7–9.6)

See table footnotes on page 98.

TABLE 50. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who were ever told by a doctor that they have diabetes,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Wichita, Kansas	2,353	10.3	0.7	(8.8–11.7)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey†	3,229	8.5	0.6	(7.3–9.7)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	794	9.8	1.1	(7.5–12.0)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	2,838	9.0	0.7	(7.5–10.4)
Yakima, Washington	531	10.3	1.6	(7.2–13.4)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	930	12.8	1.6	(9.7–15.8)
<i>Median</i>		9.6		
<i>Range</i>		3.4–17.4		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* Excluding diabetes during pregnancy in females, or prediabetes or borderline diabetes in adults.

† Metropolitan division.

TABLE 51. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who were ever told by a doctor that they have diabetes,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	962	12.3	1.1	(10.1–14.6)
Madison County, Alabama	511	7.3	1.2	(5.0–9.6)
Mobile County, Alabama	816	12.4	1.4	(9.6–15.2)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	903	7.4	1.0	(5.4–9.4)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	599	5.0	1.1	(2.9–7.1)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	600	9.6	1.4	(6.8–12.5)
Maricopa County, Arizona	2,118	9.4	0.9	(7.7–11.1)
Pima County, Arizona	998	11.8	1.5	(8.9–14.7)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	745	8.8	1.2	(6.4–11.2)
Alameda County, California	617	9.1	1.8	(5.6–12.6)
Los Angeles County, California	3,504	10.6	0.7	(9.3–12.0)
Orange County, California	1,036	9.5	1.2	(7.0–11.9)
Riverside County, California	824	10.5	1.5	(7.6–13.3)
Sacramento County, California	609	8.4	1.8	(4.8–12.0)
San Bernardino County, California	705	11.1	1.5	(8.1–14.0)
San Diego County, California	1,128	9.3	1.2	(6.9–11.6)
Santa Clara County, California	666	7.4	1.3	(4.9–10.0)
Adams County, Colorado	808	8.6	1.3	(6.1–11.0)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	856	6.4	0.9	(4.6–8.3)
Boulder County, Colorado	517	3.4	0.8	(1.8–5.1)
Denver County, Colorado	996	9.6	1.0	(7.6–11.6)
Douglas County, Colorado	546	3.1	0.7	(1.8–4.4)
El Paso County, Colorado	1,021	8.6	1.0	(6.7–10.5)
Jefferson County, Colorado	1,117	6.2	0.8	(4.7–7.8)
Larimer County, Colorado	593	5.4	0.9	(3.6–7.2)
Weld County, Colorado	535	8.0	1.4	(5.3–10.6)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	2,186	7.4	0.8	(5.9–8.9)
Hartford County, Connecticut	1,985	10.0	1.0	(7.9–12.0)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	663	6.9	1.2	(4.6–9.2)
New Haven County, Connecticut	2,006	10.2	0.9	(8.3–12.0)
New London County, Connecticut	1,000	10.0	1.3	(7.5–12.4)
Kent County, Delaware	1,441	10.9	1.1	(8.7–13.1)
New Castle County, Delaware	2,329	8.3	0.7	(6.9–9.7)
Sussex County, Delaware	1,397	12.2	1.1	(10.1–14.3)
District of Columbia, District of Columbia	3,819	8.2	0.6	(7.1–9.4)
Broward County, Florida	526	9.2	1.5	(6.2–12.2)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	813	10.9	1.6	(7.7–14.1)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	1,346	8.6	1.1	(6.4–10.8)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	4,337	7.8	0.6	(6.5–9.0)
Kauai County, Hawaii	667	7.4	1.2	(4.9–9.8)
Maui County, Hawaii	1,216	7.0	1.1	(4.8–9.1)
Ada County, Idaho	807	6.2	0.9	(4.5–7.9)
Canyon County, Idaho	504	10.4	2.2	(6.2–14.7)
Cook County, Illinois	1,504	7.7	0.9	(5.9–9.4)
Lake County, Indiana	889	12.1	1.7	(8.8–15.5)
Marion County, Indiana	1,279	11.5	1.1	(9.4–13.6)
Polk County, Iowa	808	9.2	1.1	(7.1–11.3)
Johnson County, Kansas	2,176	7.2	0.6	(5.9–8.4)
Sedgwick County, Kansas	1,794	10.0	0.8	(8.3–11.6)
Shawnee County, Kansas	769	8.7	1.2	(6.4–11.0)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	876	14.8	2.1	(10.6–19.0)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	1,694	10.6	1.2	(8.3–13.0)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	571	9.2	1.2	(6.7–11.6)
Androscoggin County, Maine	699	11.8	1.4	(9.1–14.5)
Aroostook County, Maine	539	13.9	1.6	(10.7–17.1)
Cumberland County, Maine	1,757	7.9	0.8	(6.4–9.4)
Kennebec County, Maine	833	10.8	1.1	(8.6–13.1)
Penobscot County, Maine	929	8.2	0.9	(6.5–9.9)
York County, Maine	1,192	10.5	1.0	(8.5–12.4)

See table footnotes on page 100.

TABLE 51. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who were ever told by a doctor that they have diabetes,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	892	10.6	1.3	(8.1–13.2)
Baltimore County, Maryland	1,515	9.4	0.9	(7.7–11.1)
Charles County, Maryland	510	10.7	2.2	(6.3–15.1)
Frederick County, Maryland	753	10.1	2.1	(6.0–14.1)
Montgomery County, Maryland	1,545	7.2	0.9	(5.4–9.0)
Prince George's County, Maryland	1,141	12.5	1.3	(9.9–15.1)
Washington County, Maryland	536	13.9	2.4	(9.2–18.6)
Baltimore city, Maryland	740	13.4	1.8	(9.9–16.9)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	559	9.6	1.5	(6.7–12.6)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	2,653	12.0	1.1	(9.8–14.2)
Essex County, Massachusetts	2,564	9.3	0.8	(7.7–10.9)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	1,961	11.4	1.0	(9.4–13.4)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	4,360	7.2	0.6	(6.1–8.3)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	1,759	6.3	0.8	(4.7–8.0)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	1,836	8.8	1.1	(6.6–10.9)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	2,312	7.1	0.7	(5.7–8.4)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	2,592	8.4	0.8	(6.9–9.8)
Kent County, Michigan	526	7.9	1.1	(5.6–10.1)
Macomb County, Michigan	613	9.5	1.3	(7.0–12.1)
Oakland County, Michigan	1,169	7.8	0.9	(6.1–9.5)
Wayne County, Michigan	2,217	12.6	1.1	(10.4–14.7)
Anoka County, Minnesota	545	5.8	1.1	(3.6–7.9)
Dakota County, Minnesota	673	4.7	1.0	(2.7–6.6)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	3,299	5.6	0.6	(4.4–6.9)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	1,947	7.6	1.1	(5.4–9.8)
Jackson County, Missouri	883	9.6	1.3	(7.1–12.2)
St. Louis County, Missouri	953	9.1	1.3	(6.5–11.7)
Cascade County, Montana	709	7.8	1.0	(5.7–9.8)
Flathead County, Montana	560	6.2	1.1	(4.1–8.3)
Hill County, Montana	583	11.4	1.8	(8.0–14.9)
Lake County, Montana	899	8.2	1.1	(6.0–10.5)
Missoula County, Montana	782	3.4	0.6	(2.2–4.7)
Yellowstone County, Montana	750	8.1	1.0	(6.0–10.1)
Dakota County, Nebraska	733	9.2	2.4	(4.6–13.9)
Douglas County, Nebraska	3,569	8.1	0.5	(7.0–9.1)
Hall County, Nebraska	535	8.7	1.6	(5.6–11.7)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	1,445	6.4	0.7	(5.0–7.7)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	589	8.8	1.4	(6.0–11.6)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	1,176	8.0	0.9	(6.2–9.7)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	578	13.1	1.8	(9.6–16.6)
Clark County, Nevada	2,007	9.5	0.8	(7.3–11.1)
Washoe County, Nevada	1,489	6.5	0.8	(4.9–8.0)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	567	9.5	1.7	(6.2–12.9)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	532	8.1	1.4	(5.5–10.8)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	548	8.4	1.5	(5.4–11.4)
Coos County, New Hampshire	537	15.1	2.4	(10.3–19.8)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	565	7.9	1.2	(5.5–10.2)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	1,905	8.7	0.7	(7.3–10.1)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	704	8.8	1.2	(6.5–11.2)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	1,049	9.4	1.0	(7.4–11.5)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	622	9.7	1.3	(7.2–12.2)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	1,022	9.8	1.1	(7.6–12.0)
Bergen County, New Jersey	1,011	6.7	1.0	(4.8–8.6)
Burlington County, New Jersey	682	11.4	1.6	(8.3–14.5)
Camden County, New Jersey	742	12.0	1.5	(9.0–14.9)
Cape May County, New Jersey	554	9.6	1.6	(6.6–12.7)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	557	13.4	2.2	(9.1–17.8)
Essex County, New Jersey	1,339	9.3	1.0	(7.4–11.3)
Gloucester County, New Jersey	552	11.2	1.5	(8.2–14.2)
Hudson County, New Jersey	1,305	8.1	0.9	(6.3–9.9)

See table footnotes on page 100.

TABLE 51. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who were ever told by a doctor that they have diabetes,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	572	5.8	1.1	(3.6–8.0)
Mercer County, New Jersey	579	9.9	1.4	(7.1–12.6)
Middlesex County, New Jersey	882	9.1	1.2	(6.7–11.4)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	713	9.7	1.3	(7.0–12.3)
Morris County, New Jersey	848	8.0	1.1	(5.8–10.2)
Ocean County, New Jersey	664	11.5	1.5	(8.5–14.5)
Passaic County, New Jersey	688	9.8	1.5	(6.9–12.7)
Salem County, New Jersey	587	11.9	1.6	(8.6–15.1)
Somerset County, New Jersey	640	8.5	1.5	(5.6–11.5)
Sussex County, New Jersey	549	10.3	1.5	(7.3–13.2)
Union County, New Jersey	713	7.8	1.0	(5.7–9.8)
Warren County, New Jersey	531	8.2	1.4	(5.5–10.9)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	2,063	8.2	0.7	(6.9–9.5)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	707	11.6	1.3	(9.0–14.1)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	656	8.9	1.3	(6.4–11.4)
San Juan County, New Mexico	650	10.9	1.7	(7.6–14.2)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	697	6.8	1.1	(4.6–9.0)
Kings County, New York	499	10.0	1.9	(6.3–13.7)
Guilford County, North Carolina	512	9.4	1.5	(6.4–12.4)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	727	9.1	1.3	(6.6–11.6)
Robeson County, North Carolina	545	17.4	3.2	(11.1–23.7)
Wake County, North Carolina	702	7.0	1.1	(4.8–9.3)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	569	9.4	1.4	(6.6–12.2)
Cass County, North Dakota	844	6.5	1.1	(4.4–8.5)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	865	12.9	1.4	(10.2–15.7)
Franklin County, Ohio	838	9.2	1.1	(7.0–11.4)
Hamilton County, Ohio	771	12.2	1.4	(9.5–15.0)
Lorain County, Ohio	613	9.7	1.4	(6.9–12.5)
Lucas County, Ohio	619	13.5	1.8	(10.1–16.9)
Mahoning County, Ohio	592	15.0	2.4	(10.4–19.6)
Montgomery County, Ohio	664	13.1	1.5	(10.1–16.1)
Stark County, Ohio	624	15.4	1.9	(11.8–19.1)
Summit County, Ohio	630	9.8	1.4	(7.1–12.5)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	1,189	9.9	1.0	(8.0–11.8)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	1,200	9.8	1.0	(7.9–11.6)
Clackamas County, Oregon	511	8.7	1.6	(5.7–11.8)
Lane County, Oregon	526	8.7	1.4	(6.0–11.4)
Multnomah County, Oregon	892	8.7	1.3	(6.2–11.1)
Washington County, Oregon	618	9.9	1.4	(7.2–12.5)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	1,886	9.7	0.8	(8.1–11.2)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	1,862	11.0	1.0	(8.9–13.0)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	544	6.3	1.1	(4.1–8.5)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	2,061	12.6	0.9	(10.7–14.4)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	1,889	11.4	1.3	(8.9–13.9)
Kent County, Rhode Island	814	11.6	1.3	(9.0–14.2)
Providence County, Rhode Island	3,341	10.0	0.6	(8.7–11.2)
Washington County, Rhode Island	656	7.3	1.1	(5.2–9.5)
Aiken County, South Carolina	554	14.2	1.9	(10.5–17.9)
Beaufort County, South Carolina	802	7.8	1.1	(5.6–10.0)
Charleston County, South Carolina	1,015	9.2	1.3	(6.7–11.7)
Greenville County, South Carolina	907	10.2	1.3	(7.6–12.7)
Horry County, South Carolina	777	9.6	1.2	(7.3–11.8)
Richland County, South Carolina	963	10.5	1.3	(7.9–13.2)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	653	11.8	1.7	(8.4–15.2)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	500	4.7	1.2	(2.4–7.1)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	878	6.8	1.0	(5.0–8.7)
Pennington County, South Dakota	606	7.2	1.1	(4.9–9.4)
Davidson County, Tennessee	553	9.9	1.4	(7.0–12.7)
Shelby County, Tennessee	534	13.6	1.9	(9.9–17.3)
Bexar County, Texas	585	10.5	1.4	(7.7–13.3)

See table footnotes on page 100.

TABLE 51. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who were ever told by a doctor that they have diabetes,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Dallas County, Texas	512	12.1	1.7	(8.7–15.4)
El Paso County, Texas	624	14.2	2.0	(10.3–18.0)
Harris County, Texas	774	11.3	1.3	(8.7–13.8)
Hidalgo County, Texas	621	13.4	1.9	(9.6–17.2)
Tarrant County, Texas	570	9.6	1.3	(7.1–12.2)
Travis County, Texas	1,048	6.6	1.0	(4.6–8.5)
Davis County, Utah	1,149	7.8	0.8	(6.2–9.3)
Salt Lake County, Utah	4,045	7.2	0.5	(6.3–8.1)
Tooele County, Utah	566	6.6	1.1	(4.4–8.9)
Utah County, Utah	1,680	4.9	0.5	(3.8–5.9)
Wasatch County, Utah	511	4.5	0.8	(3.0–6.1)
Weber County, Utah	1,048	9.9	1.2	(7.6–12.2)
Chittenden County, Vermont	917	5.9	0.9	(4.2–7.5)
Rutland County, Vermont	596	8.1	1.2	(5.8–10.5)
Washington County, Vermont	517	7.5	1.4	(4.8–10.1)
Windsor County, Vermont	545	7.1	1.2	(4.8–9.5)
Fairfax County, Virginia	741	5.2	1.0	(3.2–7.1)
Clark County, Washington	791	9.2	1.1	(7.0–11.3)
King County, Washington	3,920	7.3	0.6	(6.2–8.4)
Kitsap County, Washington	565	8.7	1.4	(6.0–11.4)
Pierce County, Washington	1,180	8.1	0.9	(6.4–9.8)
Snohomish County, Washington	1,175	9.6	1.0	(7.7–11.5)
Spokane County, Washington	952	9.2	1.1	(7.0–11.4)
Thurston County, Washington	517	13.7	2.1	(9.6–17.8)
Whatcom County, Washington	846	6.7	0.9	(4.9–8.6)
Yakima County, Washington	531	10.3	1.6	(7.2–13.4)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	641	13.1	1.4	(10.4–15.9)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	962	8.9	1.4	(6.1–11.7)
Laramie County, Wyoming	959	11.9	1.5	(8.9–14.9)
Natrona County, Wyoming	830	10.7	1.4	(8.0–13.4)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	666	14.2	1.5	(11.2–17.2)
<i>Median</i>		9.3		
<i>Range</i>		3.1–17.4		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* Excluding diabetes during pregnancy in females, or prediabetes or borderline diabetes in adults.

TABLE 52. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who were ever told they had any type of cancer, by state/territory — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	9,023	13.1	0.4	(12.2–14.0)
Alaska	4,341	7.0	0.4	(6.2–7.9)
Arizona	7,302	12.5	0.5	(11.5–13.5)
Arkansas	5,181	12.5	0.5	(11.5–13.5)
California	14,574	9.9	0.3	(9.3–10.5)
Colorado	12,254	10.9	0.3	(10.3–11.5)
Connecticut	8,776	11.3	0.4	(10.5–12.1)
Delaware	5,174	12.4	0.5	(11.4–13.5)
District of Columbia	3,821	6.4	0.4	(5.6–7.3)
Florida	7,617	13.7	0.5	(12.8–14.7)
Georgia	6,096	10.6	0.4	(9.7–11.4)
Hawaii	7,581	9.0	0.4	(8.1–9.8)
Idaho	5,892	12.0	0.6	(10.9–13.2)
Illinois	5,577	9.5	0.5	(8.6–10.4)
Indiana	8,642	10.5	0.4	(9.7–11.2)
Iowa	7,165	11.5	0.4	(10.7–12.2)
Kansas	11,795	11.2	0.3	(10.6–11.8)
Kentucky	11,220	13.0	0.5	(12.2–13.9)
Louisiana	9,067	10.3	0.4	(9.5–11.1)
Maine	9,915	11.7	0.3	(11.1–12.4)
Maryland	12,804	9.2	0.3	(8.6–9.9)
Massachusetts	21,701	10.9	0.3	(10.4–11.5)
Michigan	10,495	12.2	0.4	(11.5–13.0)
Minnesota	12,239	10.3	0.3	(9.6–10.9)
Mississippi	7,785	10.9	0.4	(10.1–11.7)
Missouri	6,753	12.6	0.5	(11.7–13.6)
Montana	8,677	13.4	0.4	(12.5–14.2)
Nebraska	19,169	10.8	0.3	(10.3–11.4)
Nevada	4,844	9.6	0.5	(8.6–10.5)
New Hampshire	7,525	11.7	0.4	(10.8–12.5)
New Jersey	15,751	9.1	0.3	(8.5–9.6)
New Mexico	8,775	10.4	0.3	(9.7–11.1)
New York	6,056	8.9	0.4	(8.1–9.7)
North Carolina	11,895	12.1	0.3	(11.4–12.7)
North Dakota	4,878	10.0	0.5	(9.1–10.9)
Ohio	13,024	11.1	0.3	(10.5–11.7)
Oklahoma	8,010	11.2	0.4	(10.4–11.9)
Oregon	5,298	12.7	0.5	(11.7–13.7)
Pennsylvania	19,947	11.0	0.3	(10.4–11.6)
Rhode Island	5,478	11.3	0.5	(10.4–12.2)
South Carolina	12,791	11.9	0.3	(11.3–12.6)
South Dakota	7,878	10.7	0.5	(9.8–11.7)
Tennessee	7,047	12.9	0.5	(12.0–13.9)
Texas	9,125	9.3	0.3	(8.6–10.0)
Utah	12,431	10.0	0.3	(9.4–10.5)
Vermont	6,055	11.6	0.5	(10.7–12.4)
Virginia	7,390	10.1	0.4	(9.4–10.8)
Washington	15,312	11.6	0.3	(11.0–12.1)
West Virginia	5,409	13.2	0.5	(12.3–14.2)
Wisconsin	5,297	9.6	0.5	(8.6–10.7)
Wyoming	6,270	11.3	0.5	(10.3–12.3)
Guam	2,030	3.0	0.4	(2.2–3.8)
Puerto Rico	6,320	4.8	0.3	(4.3–5.4)
<i>Median</i>		11.0		
<i>Range</i>		3.0–13.7		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

TABLE 53. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who were ever told they had any type of cancer, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	551	3.8	0.8	(2.2–5.4)
Akron, Ohio	744	11.6	1.3	(9.1–14.1)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	3,270	10.1	0.6	(9.0–11.2)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	1,352	10.1	1.1	(8.0–12.2)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California*	1,037	13.4	1.7	(10.2–16.7)
Anchorage, Alaska	1,506	6.4	0.6	(5.1–7.6)
Asheville, North Carolina	593	17.7	1.8	(14.2–21.2)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	2,537	9.3	0.6	(8.0–10.5)
Atlantic City-Hammonton, New Jersey	1,024	10.9	1.0	(8.9–13.0)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	1,036	10.6	1.3	(8.0–13.1)
Augusta-Waterville, Maine	833	10.5	1.2	(8.3–12.8)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	1,387	8.8	0.9	(7.0–10.5)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	4,724	9.3	0.5	(8.4–10.2)
Bangor, Maine	929	11.1	1.1	(8.9–13.3)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	559	18.5	1.9	(14.7–22.3)
Barre, Vermont	517	10.7	1.5	(7.8–13.6)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	1,391	11.0	1.2	(8.7–13.2)
Bellingham, Washington	847	13.6	1.5	(10.6–16.6)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	711	13.1	1.8	(9.6–16.6)
Billings, Montana	849	13.2	1.2	(10.9–15.6)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	1,825	11.4	0.8	(9.8–13.0)
Bismarck, North Dakota	823	9.8	1.1	(7.7–11.9)
Boise City, Idaho	1,483	12.7	1.1	(10.6–14.8)
Boston, Massachusetts*	5,914	10.0	0.5	(9.0–11.0)
Boulder, Colorado	517	11.8	1.5	(8.9–14.6)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	566	13.3	1.4	(10.5–16.0)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	2,187	10.7	0.8	(9.2–12.3)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	1,522	10.4	0.8	(8.9–12.0)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts*	6,930	10.5	0.5	(9.6–11.5)
Camden, New Jersey*	1,983	9.8	0.7	(8.3–11.2)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	682	12.5	1.4	(9.7–15.3)
Casper, Wyoming	830	11.3	1.3	(8.8–13.8)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	585	11.4	1.4	(8.5–14.2)
Charleston, West Virginia	772	11.5	1.1	(9.3–13.8)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	1,711	11.4	0.9	(9.6–13.2)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	2,528	10.9	0.7	(9.5–12.3)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	632	13.7	1.7	(10.4–17.1)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	959	12.6	1.4	(9.9–15.3)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	3,731	8.4	0.6	(7.3–9.5)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	2,365	11.6	0.8	(10.1–13.1)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	1,951	13.2	0.9	(11.3–15.0)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	1,782	9.8	0.9	(8.1–11.5)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	1,162	9.4	0.9	(7.7–11.2)
Columbia, South Carolina	1,801	9.8	0.9	(8.1–11.5)
Columbus, Ohio	1,604	10.4	0.9	(8.7–12.1)
Concord, New Hampshire	704	13.2	1.4	(10.5–16.0)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas*	908	9.9	1.0	(7.9–11.8)
Dayton, Ohio	857	12.5	1.3	(10.0–15.0)
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	4,854	10.7	0.5	(9.8–11.6)
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	1,160	10.8	1.0	(8.9–12.7)

See table footnotes on page 103.

TABLE 53. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who were ever told they had any type of cancer, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan*	2,222	10.0	0.8	(8.4–11.6)
Dover, Delaware	1,441	11.8	1.0	(9.8–13.7)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	514	9.3	1.3	(6.8–11.9)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	796	10.8	1.1	(8.6–13.0)
El Paso, Texas	626	7.5	1.5	(4.6–10.4)
Eugene, Oregon	526	11.8	1.4	(8.9–14.6)
Fairbanks, Alaska	599	9.8	1.5	(6.9–12.8)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	940	8.0	1.2	(5.8–10.3)
Farmington, New Mexico	650	8.9	1.2	(6.6–11.3)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	506	7.6	1.1	(5.4–9.8)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	812	10.5	1.2	(8.2–12.7)
Fort Collins, Colorado	596	10.7	1.2	(8.3–13.1)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	538	9.8	1.3	(7.3–12.3)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas*	727	10.1	1.1	(7.9–12.2)
Grand Island, Nebraska	855	11.0	1.1	(8.9–13.2)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	893	14.0	1.5	(11.1–17.0)
Great Falls, Montana	709	13.8	1.4	(11.0–16.6)
Greeley, Colorado	535	11.0	1.4	(8.2–13.9)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	807	12.1	1.2	(9.7–14.5)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	1,693	13.0	0.9	(11.2–14.9)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	744	11.0	1.2	(8.7–13.3)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	760	11.6	1.4	(8.8–14.4)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	665	10.5	1.3	(7.9–13.0)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	2,670	11.2	0.7	(9.9–12.5)
Heber, Utah	512	10.5	1.9	(6.7–14.3)
Hilo, Hawaii	1,349	12.4	1.1	(10.1–14.6)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	936	16.0	1.5	(13.1–18.9)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	1,148	8.3	0.9	(6.6–10.0)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	1,116	15.2	1.2	(12.8–17.7)
Huntsville, Alabama	616	12.9	1.7	(9.6–16.2)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	540	13.5	2.0	(9.4–17.5)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	2,197	10.5	0.7	(9.1–11.9)
Jackson, Mississippi	921	9.2	1.0	(7.1–11.2)
Jacksonville, Florida	519	14.1	1.8	(10.5–17.7)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	1,219	11.4	1.4	(8.6–14.2)
Kalispell, Montana	560	11.7	1.5	(8.7–14.6)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	4,744	10.9	0.7	(9.5–12.3)
Kapaa, Hawaii	670	10.0	2.1	(5.8–14.2)
Keene, New Hampshire	548	10.9	1.4	(8.1–13.6)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	535	10.8	1.4	(8.0–13.6)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	569	14.8	1.8	(11.3–18.3)
Knoxville, Tennessee	834	16.4	1.6	(13.4–19.5)
Laconia, New Hampshire	567	12.9	1.8	(9.4–16.4)
Lafayette, Louisiana	557	12.2	1.7	(8.9–15.6)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	708	10.3	1.1	(8.2–12.5)
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	2,016	8.6	0.6	(7.4–9.9)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	700	8.0	1.1	(5.9–10.1)
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	531	13.7	1.8	(10.2–17.3)
Lincoln, Nebraska	1,668	9.8	0.8	(8.2–11.4)

See table footnotes on page 103.

TABLE 53. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who were ever told they had any type of cancer, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	1,171	12.0	1.1	(9.8–14.1)
Logan, Utah-Idaho	505	7.9	1.2	(5.6–10.3)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California*	3,504	7.0	0.5	(6.1–7.9)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	2,181	12.8	1.1	(10.6–14.9)
Lumberton, North Carolina	546	13.4	2.9	(7.7–19.1)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	1,906	10.7	0.7	(9.3–12.2)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	623	5.6	0.9	(3.8–7.4)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	1,310	8.2	0.9	(6.5–9.9)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	1,670	10.1	0.9	(8.4–11.8)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	1,258	9.6	1.2	(7.3–11.9)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	7,899	9.8	0.4	(9.0–10.7)
Missoula, Montana	782	12.5	1.3	(9.9–15.0)
Mobile, Alabama	818	11.7	1.4	(8.9–14.5)
Montgomery, Alabama	534	10.6	1.4	(7.8–13.4)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania*	1,314	11.6	1.0	(9.7–13.5)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	948	13.9	1.3	(11.3–16.5)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	1,341	11.3	1.0	(9.4–13.2)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York*	900	10.5	1.1	(8.4–12.6)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania*	6,557	8.7	0.5	(7.8–9.6)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	2,010	11.5	0.8	(9.9–13.2)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	1,277	9.9	0.8	(8.2–11.5)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey*	7,447	7.6	0.5	(6.7–8.6)
Norfolk, Nebraska	571	10.5	1.5	(7.6–13.4)
North Platte, Nebraska	613	12.1	1.5	(9.1–15.1)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	1,000	11.8	1.2	(9.5–14.1)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California*	976	10.7	1.5	(7.7–13.6)
Ocean City, New Jersey	554	19.2	2.4	(14.5–23.9)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	2,433	11.2	0.7	(9.9–12.5)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	2,440	9.6	0.6	(8.3–10.8)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	517	10.9	1.3	(8.3–13.5)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	5,590	9.7	0.5	(8.8–10.6)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	569	11.7	1.5	(8.7–14.7)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania*	2,461	9.0	0.7	(7.7–10.4)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	2,602	11.2	0.7	(9.9–12.6)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	3,368	12.5	0.7	(11.2–13.8)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	549	4.1	1.0	(2.2–5.9)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	3,334	12.3	0.6	(11.1–13.5)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	3,129	11.0	0.6	(9.8–12.1)
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	8,134	11.1	0.5	(10.2–11.9)
Provo-Orem, Utah	1,752	8.2	0.6	(6.9–9.5)
Raleigh, North Carolina	946	10.6	1.1	(8.4–12.8)
Rapid City, South Dakota	1,055	12.4	1.2	(10.0–14.7)
Reno, Nevada	1,509	10.6	0.9	(8.9–12.4)
Richmond, Virginia	1,014	10.1	1.0	(8.2–12.0)

See table footnotes on page 103.

TABLE 53. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who were ever told they had any type of cancer, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	1,529	10.7	0.9	(9.0–12.5)
Rockingham County-Strafford County, New Hampshire*	1,673	11.2	0.8	(9.6–12.9)
Rutland, Vermont	597	11.0	1.5	(8.1–13.9)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	998	10.3	1.2	(8.0–12.6)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	2,070	11.2	0.8	(9.6–12.8)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	2,124	13.8	0.9	(12.0–15.5)
Salt Lake City, Utah	4,617	9.5	0.5	(8.6–10.4)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	779	10.1	1.1	(8.0–12.3)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	1,128	11.3	1.0	(9.3–13.3)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California*	596	10.0	1.7	(6.6–13.3)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	685	7.4	1.1	(5.3–9.5)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	3,957	5.1	0.4	(4.4–5.8)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	697	13.0	1.4	(10.3–15.6)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	1,864	13.4	1.5	(10.4–16.3)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	631	13.9	1.9	(10.3–17.6)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	744	10.3	1.4	(7.7–13.0)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington*	5,099	10.6	0.5	(9.7–11.5)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	579	9.5	1.3	(7.0–12.0)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland*	2,302	10.0	0.8	(8.5–11.6)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	1,204	7.2	1.2	(4.8–9.5)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	1,466	10.5	1.0	(8.7–12.4)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	710	10.5	1.3	(8.0–13.0)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	1,099	11.3	1.0	(9.4–13.2)
Springfield, Massachusetts	2,343	10.9	1.0	(9.0–12.9)

See table footnotes on page 103.

TABLE 53. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who were ever told they had any type of cancer, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington*	1,183	11.9	1.1	(9.7–14.0)
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	829	14.0	1.4	(11.2–16.8)
Toledo, Ohio	972	9.8	1.0	(7.8–11.8)
Topeka, Kansas	1,088	13.4	1.1	(11.2–15.7)
Torrington, Connecticut	663	12.6	1.4	(9.8–15.3)
Trenton, New Jersey	579	9.1	1.2	(6.8–11.4)
Tucson, Arizona	998	14.5	1.2	(12.2–16.8)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	1,742	11.1	0.8	(9.5–12.7)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	582	9.8	1.4	(7.0–12.6)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	4,343	7.8	0.5	(6.8–8.8)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	558	7.9	1.2	(5.5–10.2)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	1,502	9.1	0.8	(7.6–10.6)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan*	2,186	12.3	0.7	(10.9–13.8)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia*	8,199	7.8	0.4	(7.1–8.6)
Wichita, Kansas	2,355	10.8	0.7	(9.5–12.1)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey*	3,237	10.9	0.6	(9.7–12.2)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	796	12.3	1.3	(9.8–14.9)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	2,841	10.0	0.7	(8.7–11.4)
Yakima, Washington	533	9.1	1.4	(6.2–11.9)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	930	10.0	1.2	(7.6–12.4)
<i>Median</i>		10.8		
<i>Range</i>		3.8–19.2		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* Metropolitan division.

TABLE 54. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who were ever told they had any type of cancer, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	962	10.4	1.0	(8.4–12.5)
Madison County, Alabama	513	12.6	1.9	(8.8–16.4)
Mobile County, Alabama	818	11.7	1.4	(8.9–14.5)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	905	5.5	0.7	(4.1–7.0)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	599	9.8	1.5	(6.9–12.8)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	601	8.8	1.2	(6.4–11.3)
Maricopa County, Arizona	2,121	11.4	0.7	(9.9–12.8)
Pima County, Arizona	998	14.5	1.2	(12.2–16.8)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	747	10.2	1.2	(7.7–12.6)
Alameda County, California	619	10.5	2.2	(6.2–14.8)
Los Angeles County, California	3,504	7.0	0.5	(6.1–7.9)
Orange County, California	1,037	13.4	1.7	(10.2–16.7)
Riverside County, California	824	12.6	1.4	(9.9–15.3)
Sacramento County, California	609	9.2	1.5	(6.2–12.2)
San Bernardino County, California	705	8.8	1.2	(6.6–11.1)
San Diego County, California	1,128	11.3	1.0	(9.3–13.3)
Santa Clara County, California	666	7.5	1.1	(5.4–9.7)
Adams County, Colorado	810	8.4	1.0	(6.5–10.3)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	858	9.9	1.0	(7.9–11.8)
Boulder County, Colorado	517	11.8	1.5	(8.9–14.6)
Denver County, Colorado	999	9.7	0.9	(7.9–11.5)
Douglas County, Colorado	547	12.0	1.5	(9.0–15.0)
El Paso County, Colorado	1,022	9.2	0.9	(7.4–11.0)
Jefferson County, Colorado	1,118	13.6	1.1	(11.4–15.7)
Larimer County, Colorado	596	10.7	1.2	(8.3–13.1)
Weld County, Colorado	535	11.0	1.4	(8.2–13.9)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	2,187	10.7	0.8	(9.2–12.3)
Hartford County, Connecticut	1,987	11.7	0.8	(10.1–13.3)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	663	12.6	1.4	(9.8–15.3)
New Haven County, Connecticut	2,010	11.5	0.8	(9.9–13.2)
New London County, Connecticut	1,000	11.8	1.2	(9.5–14.1)
Kent County, Delaware	1,441	11.8	1.0	(9.8–13.7)
New Castle County, Delaware	2,333	11.4	0.7	(10.0–12.8)
Sussex County, Delaware	1,400	15.6	1.1	(13.5–17.7)
District of Columbia, District of Columbia	3,821	6.4	0.4	(5.6–7.2)
Broward County, Florida	528	11.2	1.6	(8.1–14.3)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	814	7.1	1.1	(4.9–9.3)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	1,349	12.4	1.1	(10.1–14.6)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	4,343	7.8	0.5	(6.8–8.8)
Kauai County, Hawaii	670	10.0	2.1	(5.8–14.2)
Maui County, Hawaii	1,219	11.4	1.4	(8.6–14.2)
Ada County, Idaho	809	12.1	1.3	(9.5–14.7)
Canyon County, Idaho	504	13.3	2.0	(9.3–17.2)
Cook County, Illinois	1,504	8.1	0.8	(6.5–9.7)
Lake County, Indiana	889	8.2	1.3	(5.7–10.6)
Marion County, Indiana	1,280	10.2	0.9	(8.4–12.0)
Polk County, Iowa	809	11.0	1.2	(8.7–13.3)
Johnson County, Kansas	2,176	11.7	0.7	(10.3–13.2)
Sedgwick County, Kansas	1,796	9.8	0.7	(8.4–11.2)
Shawnee County, Kansas	770	13.3	1.3	(10.7–15.8)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	877	9.1	1.2	(6.7–11.5)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	1,695	12.4	1.3	(9.8–15.0)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	572	9.6	1.4	(6.9–12.3)
Androscoggin County, Maine	700	8.0	1.1	(5.9–10.1)
Aroostook County, Maine	539	11.9	1.5	(8.8–14.9)
Cumberland County, Maine	1,760	11.2	0.8	(9.7–12.8)
Kennebec County, Maine	833	10.5	1.2	(8.3–12.8)
Penobscot County, Maine	929	11.1	1.1	(8.9–13.3)
York County, Maine	1,193	13.0	1.0	(11.0–15.0)

See table footnotes on page 105.

TABLE 54. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who were ever told they had any type of cancer, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	896	9.9	1.0	(7.9–12.0)
Baltimore County, Maryland	1,521	9.4	0.8	(7.8–11.1)
Charles County, Maryland	513	9.1	1.5	(6.2–12.0)
Frederick County, Maryland	755	13.1	1.9	(9.4–16.8)
Montgomery County, Maryland	1,547	9.2	0.9	(7.6–10.9)
Prince George's County, Maryland	1,140	4.6	0.7	(3.2–6.1)
Washington County, Maryland	538	12.6	1.9	(8.9–16.4)
Baltimore city, Maryland	744	6.1	1.0	(4.2–8.0)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	559	18.5	1.9	(14.7–22.3)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	2,656	10.5	1.0	(8.6–12.4)
Essex County, Massachusetts	2,567	11.0	0.9	(9.3–12.6)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	1,962	11.0	1.1	(8.9–13.1)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	4,363	10.3	0.6	(9.2–11.5)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	1,761	11.4	1.0	(9.4–13.3)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	1,838	11.7	1.1	(9.6–13.8)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	2,315	8.2	0.7	(6.8–9.6)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	2,595	10.2	0.8	(8.7–11.7)
Kent County, Michigan	526	11.7	1.6	(8.7–14.8)
Macomb County, Michigan	614	14.8	1.5	(11.9–17.7)
Oakland County, Michigan	1,169	11.7	1.0	(9.7–13.7)
Wayne County, Michigan	2,222	10.0	0.8	(8.4–11.6)
Anoka County, Minnesota	544	10.1	1.6	(6.9–13.4)
Dakota County, Minnesota	673	8.4	1.2	(6.1–10.8)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	3,300	9.6	0.6	(8.4–10.8)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	1,949	10.0	0.9	(8.1–11.8)
Jackson County, Missouri	884	10.5	1.5	(7.5–13.5)
St. Louis County, Missouri	954	12.7	1.4	(10.1–15.4)
Cascade County, Montana	709	13.8	1.4	(11.0–16.6)
Flathead County, Montana	560	11.7	1.5	(8.7–14.6)
Hill County, Montana	584	8.3	1.4	(5.6–10.9)
Lake County, Montana	900	14.1	1.6	(11.1–17.2)
Missoula County, Montana	782	12.5	1.3	(9.9–15.1)
Yellowstone County, Montana	752	13.6	1.3	(11.1–16.2)
Dakota County, Nebraska	732	9.0	1.5	(6.0–12.0)
Douglas County, Nebraska	3,575	9.9	0.5	(8.8–11.0)
Hall County, Nebraska	535	11.2	1.4	(8.4–13.9)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	1,446	9.9	0.9	(8.2–11.6)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	589	11.6	1.5	(8.6–14.6)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	1,176	8.8	1.0	(6.9–10.6)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	578	14.8	1.9	(11.0–18.6)
Clark County, Nevada	2,016	8.6	0.6	(7.4–9.9)
Washoe County, Nevada	1,490	10.6	0.9	(8.8–12.4)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	567	12.9	1.8	(9.4–16.4)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	532	13.2	1.6	(10.1–16.3)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	548	10.9	1.4	(8.1–13.6)
Coos County, New Hampshire	539	14.0	2.2	(9.7–18.3)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	567	13.6	1.8	(10.1–17.1)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	1,906	10.7	0.7	(9.3–12.2)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	704	13.2	1.4	(10.5–16.0)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	1,049	11.6	1.1	(9.5–13.7)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	624	10.4	1.4	(7.7–13.0)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	1,024	10.9	1.0	(8.9–13.0)
Bergen County, New Jersey	1,011	9.2	1.0	(7.3–11.1)
Burlington County, New Jersey	685	9.7	1.3	(7.1–12.2)
Camden County, New Jersey	745	9.6	1.1	(7.4–11.8)
Cape May County, New Jersey	554	19.2	2.4	(14.5–23.9)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	558	7.9	1.2	(5.5–10.2)
Essex County, New Jersey	1,342	6.2	0.9	(4.5–7.9)
Gloucester County, New Jersey	553	10.2	1.4	(7.4–13.0)
Hudson County, New Jersey	1,305	4.5	0.6	(3.3–5.8)

See table footnotes on page 105.

TABLE 54. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who were ever told they had any type of cancer, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	572	12.5	1.6	(9.5–15.6)
Mercer County, New Jersey	579	9.1	1.2	(6.8–11.4)
Middlesex County, New Jersey	884	8.5	1.1	(6.3–10.8)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	714	11.7	1.4	(9.0–14.4)
Morris County, New Jersey	849	12.7	1.2	(10.3–15.2)
Ocean County, New Jersey	664	11.4	1.3	(8.8–14.0)
Passaic County, New Jersey	690	6.6	1.0	(4.6–8.6)
Salem County, New Jersey	588	11.4	1.4	(8.7–14.0)
Somerset County, New Jersey	640	7.3	1.0	(5.3–9.3)
Sussex County, New Jersey	549	13.5	2.2	(9.1–17.8)
Union County, New Jersey	713	7.2	0.9	(5.3–9.0)
Warren County, New Jersey	532	11.7	1.7	(8.5–15.0)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	2,064	9.7	0.7	(8.4–11.0)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	708	10.3	1.1	(8.2–12.5)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	657	11.1	1.3	(8.6–13.7)
San Juan County, New Mexico	650	8.9	1.2	(6.6–11.3)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	697	13.0	1.4	(10.3–15.6)
Kings County, New York	498	7.1	1.5	(4.2–10.0)
Guilford County, North Carolina	511	12.0	1.5	(9.0–15.0)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	729	8.7	1.1	(6.4–10.9)
Robeson County, North Carolina	546	13.4	2.9	(7.7–19.0)
Wake County, North Carolina	702	10.0	1.2	(7.6–12.4)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	569	10.1	1.4	(7.4–12.8)
Cass County, North Dakota	844	7.4	1.0	(5.5–9.3)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	867	9.3	1.1	(7.2–11.5)
Franklin County, Ohio	839	9.7	1.1	(7.6–11.9)
Hamilton County, Ohio	772	12.3	1.4	(9.6–15.0)
Lorain County, Ohio	615	11.5	1.6	(8.4–14.7)
Lucas County, Ohio	623	10.0	1.2	(7.6–12.4)
Mahoning County, Ohio	592	11.3	1.6	(8.3–14.4)
Montgomery County, Ohio	664	12.2	1.4	(9.5–14.9)
Stark County, Ohio	624	12.4	1.5	(9.6–15.3)
Summit County, Ohio	631	12.2	1.4	(9.5–14.8)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	1,190	9.1	0.8	(7.4–10.7)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	1,203	10.0	0.9	(8.2–11.7)
Clackamas County, Oregon	511	11.3	1.4	(8.5–14.1)
Lane County, Oregon	526	11.8	1.4	(8.9–14.6)
Multnomah County, Oregon	894	10.9	1.2	(8.6–13.2)
Washington County, Oregon	619	8.7	1.0	(6.7–10.8)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	1,890	11.6	0.8	(9.9–13.2)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	1,864	13.4	1.5	(10.4–16.3)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	546	13.2	1.6	(10.0–16.3)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	2,066	8.1	0.7	(6.8–9.4)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	1,892	11.6	0.8	(9.9–13.2)
Kent County, Rhode Island	813	13.0	1.3	(10.5–15.6)
Providence County, Rhode Island	3,347	9.5	0.5	(8.5–10.6)
Washington County, Rhode Island	657	13.4	1.5	(10.5–16.3)

See table footnotes on page 105.

TABLE 54. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who were ever told they had any type of cancer, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aiken County, South Carolina	555	12.4	1.4	(9.6–15.2)
Beaufort County, South Carolina	803	17.2	1.7	(14.0–20.5)
Charleston County, South Carolina	1,016	10.9	1.2	(8.6–13.2)
Greenville County, South Carolina	908	12.4	1.3	(9.8–15.0)
Horry County, South Carolina	778	12.2	1.2	(9.7–14.6)
Richland County, South Carolina	964	8.5	1.1	(6.3–10.7)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	656	10.2	1.3	(7.6–12.8)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	500	10.2	1.9	(6.5–13.9)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	878	10.3	1.1	(8.0–12.5)
Pennington County, South Dakota	606	12.1	1.4	(9.5–14.8)
Davidson County, Tennessee	556	10.8	1.5	(7.8–13.7)
Shelby County, Tennessee	536	7.1	1.1	(4.9–9.3)
Bexar County, Texas	586	8.7	1.1	(6.4–10.9)
Dallas County, Texas	513	8.9	1.2	(6.5–11.3)
El Paso County, Texas	625	7.5	1.5	(4.6–10.4)
Harris County, Texas	775	7.2	0.9	(5.4–9.0)
Hidalgo County, Texas	623	5.6	0.9	(3.8–7.4)
Tarrant County, Texas	572	9.8	1.2	(7.4–12.1)
Travis County, Texas	1,049	7.8	0.8	(6.1–9.4)
Davis County, Utah	1,149	10.5	0.9	(8.7–12.3)
Salt Lake County, Utah	4,051	9.5	0.5	(8.6–10.5)
Tooele County, Utah	566	9.7	1.6	(6.4–12.9)
Utah County, Utah	1,684	8.1	0.7	(6.8–9.4)
Wasatch County, Utah	512	10.5	1.9	(6.7–14.3)
Weber County, Utah	1,049	11.5	1.0	(9.5–13.5)
Chittenden County, Vermont	918	10.7	1.0	(8.7–12.7)
Rutland County, Vermont	597	11.0	1.5	(8.1–13.9)
Washington County, Vermont	517	10.7	1.5	(7.8–13.6)
Windsor County, Vermont	546	12.7	1.4	(9.9–15.5)
Fairfax County, Virginia	741	9.9	1.1	(7.8–12.1)
Clark County, Washington	791	12.5	1.1	(10.2–14.7)
King County, Washington	3,924	10.3	0.5	(9.3–11.3)
Kitsap County, Washington	566	13.3	1.4	(10.5–16.0)
Pierce County, Washington	1,183	11.9	1.1	(9.7–14.0)
Snohomish County, Washington	1,175	11.3	1.0	(9.4–13.2)
Spokane County, Washington	952	11.4	1.1	(9.3–13.4)
Thurston County, Washington	517	10.9	1.3	(8.3–13.5)
Whatcom County, Washington	847	13.6	1.5	(10.6–16.6)
Yakima County, Washington	533	9.1	1.4	(6.2–11.9)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	641	11.5	1.2	(9.1–13.9)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	964	7.7	1.1	(5.6–9.8)
Laramie County, Wyoming	959	12.6	1.4	(9.9–15.3)
Natrona County, Wyoming	830	11.3	1.3	(8.8–13.8)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	666	4.8	0.9	(3.1–6.5)
<i>Median</i>		10.8		
<i>Range</i>		4.5–19.2		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

TABLE 55. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they currently have asthma,* by state/territory — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	8,935	8.6	0.4	(7.7–9.4)
Alaska	4,302	9.0	0.6	(7.8–10.2)
Arizona	7,241	8.6	0.5	(7.6–9.6)
Arkansas	5,140	8.8	0.5	(7.7–9.8)
California	14,538	8.8	0.3	(8.2–9.5)
Colorado	12,184	8.9	0.4	(8.2–9.6)
Connecticut	8,705	9.9	0.5	(9.0–10.9)
Delaware	5,150	9.9	0.6	(8.8–11.1)
District of Columbia	3,787	10.3	0.8	(8.6–11.9)
Florida	7,579	8.2	0.5	(7.2–9.2)
Georgia	6,068	8.2	0.5	(7.2–9.2)
Hawaii	7,523	8.9	0.5	(7.9–9.9)
Idaho	5,838	8.5	0.6	(7.3–9.7)
Illinois	5,563	8.5	0.6	(7.4–9.6)
Indiana	8,577	9.1	0.4	(8.3–9.8)
Iowa	7,132	8.1	0.4	(7.2–8.9)
Kansas	11,740	8.4	0.4	(7.7–9.1)
Kentucky	11,127	11.1	0.5	(10.1–12.0)
Louisiana	9,027	7.4	0.4	(6.6–8.3)
Maine	9,843	11.1	0.4	(10.3–11.9)
Maryland	12,747	9.0	0.4	(8.2–9.9)
Massachusetts	21,550	10.8	0.3	(10.2–11.5)
Michigan	10,421	10.5	0.4	(9.6–11.3)
Minnesota	12,173	8.0	0.3	(7.3–8.6)
Mississippi	7,735	8.1	0.4	(7.3–9.0)
Missouri	6,710	10.4	0.6	(9.3–11.5)
Montana	8,624	9.5	0.4	(8.6–10.3)
Nebraska	19,053	7.4	0.3	(6.9–7.9)
Nevada	4,804	7.4	0.5	(6.3–8.4)
New Hampshire	7,477	10.2	0.5	(9.2–11.3)
New Jersey	15,661	8.7	0.4	(8.0–9.4)
New Mexico	8,723	9.2	0.4	(8.5–10.0)
New York	6,006	9.3	0.5	(8.3–10.3)
North Carolina	11,823	7.7	0.3	(7.0–8.3)
North Dakota	4,850	7.6	0.5	(6.6–8.6)
Ohio	12,963	10.5	0.4	(9.7–11.2)
Oklahoma	7,974	10.2	0.4	(9.3–11.0)
Oregon	5,235	10.6	0.6	(9.5–11.8)
Pennsylvania	19,818	10.1	0.4	(9.4–10.8)
Rhode Island	5,449	10.8	0.6	(9.6–11.9)
South Carolina	12,695	8.7	0.4	(7.9–9.4)
South Dakota	7,825	7.5	0.5	(6.6–8.4)
Tennessee	7,023	7.7	0.5	(6.8–8.6)
Texas	9,073	6.8	0.4	(6.1–7.6)
Utah	12,366	8.9	0.3	(8.2–9.5)
Vermont	6,022	10.9	0.6	(9.8–12.0)
Virginia	7,348	8.8	0.4	(7.9–9.6)
Washington	15,174	9.7	0.3	(9.1–10.4)
West Virginia	5,380	10.2	0.5	(9.3–11.2)
Wisconsin	5,284	8.6	0.6	(7.4–9.7)
Wyoming	6,229	9.0	0.6	(7.8–10.2)
Guam	2,020	5.8	0.8	(4.3–7.3)
Puerto Rico	6,313	8.9	0.4	(8.0–9.7)
<i>Median</i>		8.9		
<i>Range</i>		5.8–11.1		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* Defined as ever been told by a health care professional that the respondent had asthma and reporting that they still have asthma.

TABLE 56. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they currently have asthma,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	550	10.4	1.5	(7.4–13.3)
Akron, Ohio	741	9.5	1.5	(6.6–12.5)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	3,247	9.8	0.7	(8.5–11.1)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	1,343	10.4	1.2	(8.0–12.8)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California [†]	1,032	5.7	1.0	(3.7–7.7)
Anchorage, Alaska	1,495	10.0	0.9	(8.2–11.9)
Asheville, North Carolina	592	9.4	1.6	(6.3–12.4)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	2,526	8.0	0.7	(6.5–9.4)
Atlantic City-Hammonton, New Jersey	1,020	12.7	1.8	(9.2–16.3)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	1,031	7.1	1.6	(4.1–10.2)
Augusta-Waterville, Maine	828	12.6	1.4	(9.9–15.3)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	1,380	8.4	1.3	(5.8–11.0)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	4,698	10.0	0.7	(8.6–11.4)
Bangor, Maine	924	12.6	1.5	(9.7–15.5)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	556	10.1	1.9	(6.5–13.8)
Barre, Vermont	516	8.8	1.8	(5.3–12.2)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	1,384	7.7	1.1	(5.5–10.0)
Bellingham, Washington	840	7.5	1.3	(5.0–10.0)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	707	14.0	1.9	(10.3–17.8)
Billings, Montana	843	8.3	1.1	(6.1–10.5)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	1,803	7.8	0.8	(6.3–9.4)
Bismarck, North Dakota	822	6.1	1.0	(4.1–8.1)
Boise City, Idaho	1,464	7.3	1.0	(5.4–9.2)
Boston, Massachusetts [†]	5,866	9.2	0.6	(8.0–10.4)
Boulder, Colorado	514	6.3	1.2	(3.9–8.7)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	559	12.9	1.9	(9.2–16.6)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	2,178	7.8	0.9	(6.0–9.6)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	1,516	10.0	1.0	(8.1–11.9)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts [†]	6,885	9.9	0.6	(8.8–11.0)
Camden, New Jersey [†]	1,967	10.5	1.0	(8.5–12.4)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	678	12.2	1.8	(8.8–15.7)
Casper, Wyoming	827	8.8	1.6	(5.8–11.9)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	582	9.8	1.7	(6.6–13.1)
Charleston, West Virginia	765	9.8	1.3	(7.3–12.2)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	1,701	8.0	0.9	(6.3–9.7)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	2,514	7.3	0.7	(5.9–8.8)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	629	4.7	1.1	(2.6–6.9)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	946	9.7	1.5	(6.7–12.6)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	3,711	8.0	0.7	(6.7–9.3)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	2,355	10.3	0.8	(8.7–12.0)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	1,939	10.5	1.1	(8.4–12.6)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	1,777	11.4	1.1	(9.2–13.5)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	1,149	7.8	1.1	(5.7–9.9)
Columbia, South Carolina	1,785	7.8	0.9	(6.0–9.6)
Columbus, Ohio	1,595	9.3	0.9	(7.4–11.1)
Concord, New Hampshire	699	11.9	2.0	(7.9–15.9)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas [†]	907	8.0	1.3	(5.5–10.5)
Dayton, Ohio	856	11.0	1.5	(8.1–13.8)
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	4,827	9.6	0.5	(8.5–10.6)
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	1,156	8.4	1.0	(6.4–10.3)
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan [†]	2,207	11.8	1.1	(9.6–13.9)

See table footnotes on page 107.

TABLE 56. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they currently have asthma,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Dover, Delaware	1,431	11.1	1.3	(8.6–13.7)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	508	8.9	1.6	(5.9–12.0)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	792	7.4	1.1	(5.3–9.5)
El Paso, Texas	624	7.5	1.7	(4.3–10.8)
Eugene, Oregon	522	13.8	2.2	(9.4–18.1)
Fairbanks, Alaska	586	9.8	1.6	(6.6–13.0)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	933	6.6	1.1	(4.5–8.7)
Farmington, New Mexico	646	6.9	1.1	(4.8–9.1)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	503	5.6	1.1	(3.4–7.8)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	803	7.7	1.2	(5.4–10.1)
Fort Collins, Colorado	595	6.1	1.1	(3.8–8.3)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	535	10.3	1.7	(6.9–13.6)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas [†]	720	7.2	1.2	(4.9–9.6)
Grand Island, Nebraska	850	6.8	1.1	(4.6–9.1)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	886	9.6	1.2	(7.2–12.0)
Great Falls, Montana	707	12.6	1.7	(9.4–15.9)
Greeley, Colorado	530	7.1	1.3	(4.6–9.7)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	798	7.2	1.1	(5.0–9.4)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	1,680	8.8	0.9	(7.0–10.6)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	738	6.9	1.1	(4.7–9.1)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	757	11.1	1.9	(7.4–14.8)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	659	10.4	1.6	(7.3–13.5)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	2,650	10.4	0.8	(8.8–12.1)
Heber, Utah	511	4.2	0.8	(2.5–5.8)
Hilo, Hawaii	1,338	9.7	1.2	(7.3–12.0)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	929	6.8	1.8	(3.2–10.3)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	1,141	5.1	0.7	(3.6–6.5)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	1,112	13.3	1.4	(10.6–16.0)
Huntsville, Alabama	613	8.6	1.5	(5.6–11.6)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	539	8.7	2.3	(4.1–13.3)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	2,179	9.5	0.8	(7.9–11.1)
Jackson, Mississippi	918	8.6	1.1	(6.4–10.8)
Jacksonville, Florida	517	10.3	2.0	(6.4–14.1)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	1,211	8.9	1.3	(6.5–11.4)
Kalispell, Montana	555	9.0	1.5	(6.0–11.9)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	4,717	9.7	0.8	(8.2–11.2)
Kapaa, Hawaii	666	6.8	1.0	(4.8–8.8)
Keene, New Hampshire	543	9.7	2.0	(5.9–13.6)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	532	10.8	1.6	(7.6–14.0)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	566	7.6	1.3	(5.0–10.1)
Knoxville, Tennessee	832	8.4	1.2	(6.0–10.8)
Laconia, New Hampshire	566	10.4	2.5	(5.6–15.3)
Lafayette, Louisiana	553	6.8	1.3	(4.3–9.3)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	704	7.1	1.0	(5.1–9.1)
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	1,999	7.1	0.7	(5.8–8.4)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	691	12.3	1.6	(9.3–15.4)
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	526	9.9	1.6	(6.8–13.0)
Lincoln, Nebraska	1,659	6.7	0.7	(5.4–8.1)
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	1,161	8.8	1.1	(6.7–10.9)

See table footnotes on page 107.

TABLE 56. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they currently have asthma,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Logan, Utah-Idaho	503	10.4	1.8	(6.8–14.0)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California†	3,496	7.2	0.6	(6.0–8.3)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	2,162	12.0	1.1	(9.8–14.2)
Lumberton, North Carolina	545	8.9	2.4	(4.3–13.6)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	1,894	10.6	1.0	(8.6–12.5)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	618	3.1	0.8	(1.5–4.8)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	1,305	7.4	1.1	(5.1–9.6)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	1,664	5.3	0.9	(3.6–7.0)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	1,253	8.2	1.1	(6.0–10.4)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	7,860	8.7	0.5	(7.8–9.6)
Missoula, Montana	778	8.7	1.3	(6.1–11.2)
Mobile, Alabama	810	10.1	1.7	(6.8–13.4)
Montgomery, Alabama	530	7.2	1.5	(4.2–10.2)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania†	1,307	7.6	1.0	(5.7–9.5)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	944	6.5	1.0	(4.5–8.6)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	1,338	6.7	1.0	(4.8–8.6)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York†	895	8.5	1.1	(6.3–10.7)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania†	6,516	8.7	0.6	(7.6–9.9)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	1,988	11.8	1.1	(9.7–13.9)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	1,272	6.1	1.0	(4.1–8.0)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey†	7,390	8.0	0.6	(6.9–9.1)
Norfolk, Nebraska	570	6.2	1.2	(3.8–8.6)
North Platte, Nebraska	609	9.2	1.8	(5.6–12.8)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	991	10.6	1.8	(7.1–14.1)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California†	975	10.9	1.8	(7.5–14.4)
Ocean City, New Jersey	551	9.4	2.4	(4.7–14.0)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	2,422	9.3	0.8	(7.8–10.8)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	2,428	10.7	0.8	(9.1–12.2)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	511	11.6	2.0	(7.7–15.6)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	5,553	7.6	0.5	(6.7–8.5)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	564	9.5	1.9	(5.9–13.2)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania†	2,442	10.8	0.9	(9.1–12.5)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	2,577	8.6	0.7	(7.2–10.0)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	3,348	9.3	0.6	(8.1–10.5)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	549	7.2	1.4	(4.6–9.9)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	3,306	10.4	0.7	(9.0–11.7)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	3,086	9.6	0.7	(8.2–11.0)
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	8,088	11.0	0.5	(10.0–12.0)
Provo-Orem, Utah	1,742	8.0	0.8	(6.4–9.5)
Raleigh, North Carolina	945	7.1	1.1	(4.9–9.3)
Rapid City, South Dakota	1,050	9.4	1.3	(6.8–11.9)
Reno, Nevada	1,492	7.8	1.0	(5.8–9.8)
Richmond, Virginia	1,008	8.9	1.2	(6.5–11.3)
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	1,527	7.9	0.9	(6.2–9.7)
Rockingham County-Strafford County, New Hampshire†	1,661	9.3	0.9	(7.5–11.2)

TABLE 56. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they currently have asthma,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Rutland, Vermont	592	14.2	2.0	(10.3–18.2)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	993	10.0	1.3	(7.5–12.5)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	2,060	10.2	0.9	(8.3–12.0)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	2,118	8.7	0.9	(7.0–10.4)
Salt Lake City, Utah	4,599	9.6	0.6	(8.4–10.7)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	771	6.2	1.0	(4.1–8.2)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	1,123	6.9	1.0	(5.0–8.9)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California†	594	10.7	1.7	(7.4–13.9)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	684	8.4	1.6	(5.2–11.6)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	3,952	8.9	0.6	(7.8–10.0)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	697	9.6	1.4	(6.9–12.4)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	1,852	8.4	1.5	(5.4–11.4)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	627	8.8	2.2	(4.5–13.2)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	738	10.1	1.6	(7.0–13.2)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington†	5,053	8.3	0.5	(7.3–9.3)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	578	9.0	1.7	(5.8–12.3)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland†	2,288	8.1	0.9	(6.4–9.9)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	1,203	6.4	1.3	(3.9–8.9)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	1,456	6.2	0.9	(4.5–7.9)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	706	12.6	2.1	(8.5–16.6)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	1,087	10.8	1.3	(8.4–13.3)
Springfield, Massachusetts	2,323	14.1	1.1	(11.8–16.3)
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington†	1,175	10.2	1.1	(8.1–12.3)
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	824	8.8	1.7	(5.5–12.2)
Toledo, Ohio	968	12.5	1.8	(9.0–16.1)
Topeka, Kansas	1,084	9.0	1.1	(6.8–11.2)
Torrington, Connecticut	656	8.8	1.5	(6.0–11.7)
Trenton, New Jersey	578	7.4	1.3	(4.8–9.9)
Tucson, Arizona	988	8.7	1.1	(6.6–10.8)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	1,739	9.2	1.0	(7.3–11.1)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	576	9.3	1.9	(5.6–13.0)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	4,308	8.9	0.6	(7.6–10.1)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	555	15.0	3.1	(8.9–21.2)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	1,493	7.7	0.9	(5.9–9.4)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan†	2,175	8.8	0.8	(7.3–10.3)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia†	8,150	8.0	0.5	(7.1–8.9)
Wichita, Kansas	2,352	9.4	0.8	(7.7–11.0)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey†	3,223	10.3	0.9	(8.6–12.1)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	788	9.0	1.3	(6.6–11.5)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	2,823	11.8	0.9	(10.0–13.6)
Yakima, Washington	530	12.5	2.1	(8.3–16.7)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	925	8.6	1.6	(5.6–11.7)
<i>Median</i>		8.9		
<i>Range</i>		3.1–15.0		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* Defined as ever been told by a health care professional that the respondent had asthma and reporting that they still have asthma.

† Metropolitan division.

TABLE 57. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥ 18 years told by a health care professional that they currently have asthma,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	951	7.0	0.9	(5.1–8.8)
Madison County, Alabama	510	9.2	1.9	(5.5–12.9)
Mobile County, Alabama	810	10.1	1.7	(6.8–13.4)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	895	10.5	1.2	(8.2–12.8)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	586	9.8	1.6	(6.6–13.0)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	600	8.7	1.4	(5.9–11.6)
Maricopa County, Arizona	2,102	8.6	0.8	(7.1–10.0)
Pima County, Arizona	988	8.7	1.1	(6.6–10.8)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	738	9.3	1.5	(6.3–12.3)
Alameda County, California	619	11.1	2.4	(6.4–15.9)
Los Angeles County, California	3,496	7.2	0.6	(6.0–8.3)
Orange County, California	1,032	5.7	1.0	(3.7–7.7)
Riverside County, California	823	6.3	1.0	(4.4–8.3)
Sacramento County, California	607	11.4	1.7	(8.1–14.7)
San Bernardino County, California	704	8.9	1.3	(6.3–11.4)
San Diego County, California	1,123	6.9	1.0	(5.0–8.9)
Santa Clara County, California	665	8.1	1.6	(5.0–11.3)
Adams County, Colorado	806	9.3	1.4	(6.6–12.1)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	853	12.6	1.4	(10.0–15.3)
Boulder County, Colorado	514	6.3	1.2	(3.9–8.7)
Denver County, Colorado	989	8.3	1.0	(6.4–10.3)
Douglas County, Colorado	546	7.7	1.6	(4.5–10.8)
El Paso County, Colorado	1,011	7.8	1.1	(5.7–10.0)
Jefferson County, Colorado	1,113	9.7	1.1	(7.6–11.8)
Larimer County, Colorado	595	6.1	1.1	(3.8–8.3)
Weld County, Colorado	530	7.2	1.3	(4.6–9.7)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	2,178	7.8	0.9	(6.0–9.6)
Hartford County, Connecticut	1,977	10.6	1.0	(8.6–12.5)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	656	8.8	1.4	(6.0–11.7)
New Haven County, Connecticut	1,988	11.8	1.1	(9.7–13.9)
New London County, Connecticut	991	10.6	1.8	(7.1–14.1)
Kent County, Delaware	1,431	11.1	1.3	(8.6–13.7)
New Castle County, Delaware	2,324	9.6	0.8	(8.1–11.2)
Sussex County, Delaware	1,395	9.5	1.1	(7.4–11.6)
District of Columbia, District of Columbia	3,787	10.3	0.9	(8.7–12.0)
Broward County, Florida	526	4.7	1.0	(2.7–6.7)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	811	6.1	1.7	(2.7–9.4)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	1,338	9.7	1.2	(7.4–12.0)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	4,308	8.9	0.6	(7.6–10.1)
Kauai County, Hawaii	666	6.8	1.0	(4.8–8.8)
Maui County, Hawaii	1,211	8.9	1.3	(6.5–11.4)
Ada County, Idaho	797	7.7	1.3	(5.1–10.3)
Canyon County, Idaho	497	7.5	1.9	(3.7–11.3)
Cook County, Illinois	1,499	7.4	0.9	(5.6–9.1)
Lake County, Indiana	880	8.3	1.2	(5.9–10.7)
Marion County, Indiana	1,268	9.3	1.1	(7.1–11.4)
Polk County, Iowa	806	8.5	1.2	(6.1–10.9)
Johnson County, Kansas	2,167	7.5	0.8	(6.0–9.1)
Sedgwick County, Kansas	1,792	10.1	1.0	(8.2–12.1)
Shawnee County, Kansas	767	10.7	1.5	(7.8–13.7)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	872	11.1	1.9	(7.3–14.9)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	1,682	11.3	1.3	(8.8–13.8)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	571	8.0	1.6	(4.8–11.2)
Androscoggin County, Maine	691	12.3	1.6	(9.3–15.4)
Aroostook County, Maine	536	13.5	1.8	(10.0–17.0)
Cumberland County, Maine	1,745	9.7	0.9	(8.0–11.3)
Kennebec County, Maine	828	12.6	1.4	(9.9–15.3)
Penobscot County, Maine	924	12.6	1.5	(9.7–15.5)
York County, Maine	1,186	10.7	1.1	(8.5–12.9)
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	890	7.6	1.3	(5.0–10.2)

See table footnotes on page 109.

TABLE 57. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥ 18 years told by a health care professional that they currently have asthma,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Baltimore County, Maryland	1,508	9.0	1.1	(7.0–11.1)
Charles County, Maryland	511	9.9	2.0	(6.0–13.8)
Frederick County, Maryland	751	13.2	3.1	(7.2–19.2)
Montgomery County, Maryland	1,537	7.3	0.9	(5.5–9.2)
Prince George's County, Maryland	1,138	6.1	0.8	(4.5–7.7)
Washington County, Maryland	536	12.0	2.7	(6.7–17.4)
Baltimore city, Maryland	741	13.2	2.0	(9.3–17.2)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	556	10.1	1.8	(6.5–13.8)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	2,639	12.2	1.1	(10.0–14.4)
Essex County, Massachusetts	2,549	10.1	1.0	(8.2–12.0)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	1,947	15.7	1.4	(13.0–18.4)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	4,336	9.8	0.7	(8.4–11.1)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	1,749	9.0	1.2	(6.7–11.2)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	1,820	9.0	1.0	(7.0–11.0)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	2,297	9.7	0.9	(7.9–11.6)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	2,581	12.1	1.0	(10.1–14.1)
Kent County, Michigan	522	9.7	1.6	(6.6–12.8)
Macomb County, Michigan	607	9.8	1.5	(6.8–12.8)
Oakland County, Michigan	1,166	7.5	0.9	(5.6–9.3)
Wayne County, Michigan	2,207	11.8	1.1	(9.6–13.9)
Anoka County, Minnesota	542	9.9	1.4	(7.1–12.8)
Dakota County, Minnesota	668	7.5	1.2	(5.2–9.8)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	3,282	9.3	0.8	(7.7–10.9)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	1,940	10.2	1.2	(7.8–12.6)
Jackson County, Missouri	879	12.0	1.8	(8.4–15.5)
St. Louis County, Missouri	950	9.5	1.2	(7.1–11.9)
Cascade County, Montana	707	12.6	1.7	(9.4–15.9)
Flathead County, Montana	555	9.0	1.5	(6.0–11.9)
Hill County, Montana	582	9.5	1.9	(5.8–13.2)
Lake County, Montana	894	8.9	1.6	(5.8–12.0)
Missoula County, Montana	778	8.7	1.3	(6.1–11.2)
Yellowstone County, Montana	746	8.3	1.2	(6.0–10.6)
Dakota County, Nebraska	731	5.5	1.2	(3.1–7.9)
Douglas County, Nebraska	3,545	7.7	0.6	(6.6–8.8)
Hall County, Nebraska	532	5.2	1.2	(2.8–7.7)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	1,437	6.6	0.7	(5.2–8.0)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	585	9.2	1.9	(5.5–13.0)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	1,172	7.7	1.0	(5.8–9.6)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	574	8.2	2.0	(4.3–12.1)
Clark County, Nevada	1,999	7.1	0.7	(5.8–8.4)
Washoe County, Nevada	1,473	7.8	1.0	(5.8–9.9)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	566	10.4	2.5	(5.6–15.3)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	531	7.5	1.4	(4.9–10.2)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	543	9.7	2.0	(5.9–13.6)
Coos County, New Hampshire	535	15.5	2.3	(10.9–20.1)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	564	11.5	2.1	(7.4–15.7)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	1,894	10.6	1.0	(8.6–12.5)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	699	11.9	2.0	(7.9–15.9)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	1,043	9.4	1.2	(7.0–11.8)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	618	9.3	1.5	(6.4–12.2)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	1,020	12.7	1.8	(9.2–16.3)
Bergen County, New Jersey	1,004	6.5	1.2	(4.3–8.8)
Burlington County, New Jersey	681	10.5	2.0	(6.6–14.4)
Camden County, New Jersey	738	11.3	1.7	(8.0–14.7)
Cape May County, New Jersey	551	9.4	2.4	(4.7–14.0)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	555	15.0	3.1	(8.9–21.2)
Essex County, New Jersey	1,328	11.3	1.3	(8.8–13.9)
Gloucester County, New Jersey	548	10.3	1.7	(7.0–13.7)
Hudson County, New Jersey	1,296	7.9	0.9	(6.2–9.7)
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	572	8.4	1.7	(5.1–11.6)

See table footnotes on page 109.

TABLE 57. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they currently have asthma,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Mercer County, New Jersey	578	7.4	1.3	(4.8–9.9)
Middlesex County, New Jersey	881	7.8	1.4	(5.1–10.5)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	712	9.6	1.5	(6.6–12.5)
Morris County, New Jersey	846	6.9	1.2	(4.6–9.2)
Ocean County, New Jersey	656	6.2	1.1	(4.1–8.4)
Passaic County, New Jersey	690	7.2	1.2	(4.8–9.5)
Salem County, New Jersey	583	15.2	2.6	(10.1–20.3)
Somerset County, New Jersey	639	7.8	1.7	(4.5–11.0)
Sussex County, New Jersey	548	9.9	2.1	(5.8–14.1)
Union County, New Jersey	706	7.7	1.4	(5.0–10.5)
Warren County, New Jersey	529	11.6	2.9	(6.0–17.2)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	2,050	9.9	0.8	(8.3–11.4)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	704	7.1	1.0	(5.1–9.1)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	652	8.5	1.3	(5.9–11.2)
San Juan County, New Mexico	646	6.9	1.1	(4.8–9.0)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	697	9.6	1.4	(6.9–12.4)
Kings County, New York	489	8.2	1.5	(5.3–11.1)
Guilford County, North Carolina	510	7.5	1.5	(4.6–10.3)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	726	6.4	1.2	(4.0–8.8)
Robeson County, North Carolina	545	8.9	2.4	(4.3–13.6)
Wake County, North Carolina	702	6.4	1.3	(3.9–8.9)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	568	6.9	1.3	(4.4–9.4)
Cass County, North Dakota	837	7.4	1.2	(5.0–9.9)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	865	12.2	1.5	(9.3–15.1)
Franklin County, Ohio	834	10.4	1.3	(7.8–13.0)
Hamilton County, Ohio	771	11.0	1.5	(8.0–13.9)
Lorain County, Ohio	612	10.7	2.1	(6.7–14.7)
Lucas County, Ohio	620	14.1	2.4	(9.5–18.8)
Mahoning County, Ohio	590	8.4	1.6	(5.2–11.5)
Montgomery County, Ohio	663	10.9	1.7	(7.6–14.2)
Stark County, Ohio	620	12.6	1.8	(9.0–16.2)
Summit County, Ohio	628	11.1	1.9	(7.4–14.7)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	1,184	9.9	1.0	(8.0–11.7)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	1,201	8.2	1.0	(6.3–10.1)
Clackamas County, Oregon	504	9.9	2.0	(5.9–13.9)
Lane County, Oregon	522	13.8	2.2	(9.4–18.1)
Multnomah County, Oregon	879	10.4	1.3	(7.8–13.0)
Washington County, Oregon	612	7.8	1.4	(5.0–10.6)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	1,876	9.3	0.9	(7.6–11.0)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	1,852	8.4	1.5	(5.4–11.4)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	542	9.3	1.4	(6.5–12.1)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	2,048	11.6	1.0	(9.6–13.5)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	1,877	8.8	1.5	(5.9–11.7)
Kent County, Rhode Island	809	13.1	1.5	(10.1–16.1)
Providence County, Rhode Island	3,331	10.8	0.7	(9.4–12.2)
Washington County, Rhode Island	652	8.9	1.5	(5.9–11.8)
Aiken County, South Carolina	553	N/A [†]	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Beaufort County, South Carolina	797	5.8	1.6	(2.7–8.9)
Charleston County, South Carolina	1,008	6.3	1.0	(4.3–8.3)

TABLE 57. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they currently have asthma,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Greenville County, South Carolina	900	7.7	1.2	(5.4–10.0)
Horry County, South Carolina	774	7.7	1.4	(4.9–10.5)
Richland County, South Carolina	955	5.7	1.0	(3.7–7.7)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	653	13.3	2.3	(8.8–17.7)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	498	3.7	0.9	(1.9–5.5)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	871	7.4	1.1	(5.2–9.6)
Pennington County, South Dakota	603	9.7	1.5	(6.7–12.7)
Davidson County, Tennessee	555	5.3	1.1	(3.2–7.4)
Shelby County, Tennessee	535	5.9	1.2	(3.5–8.3)
Bexar County, Texas	582	5.1	1.1	(2.9–7.3)
Dallas County, Texas	512	7.3	1.7	(4.0–10.6)
El Paso County, Texas	623	7.5	1.7	(4.3–10.8)
Harris County, Texas	768	4.6	0.8	(3.0–6.3)
Hidalgo County, Texas	618	3.1	0.8	(1.5–4.8)
Tarrant County, Texas	567	7.8	1.4	(5.0–10.5)
Travis County, Texas	1,044	9.7	1.7	(6.3–13.1)
Davis County, Utah	1,144	8.9	1.0	(6.8–10.9)
Salt Lake County, Utah	4,036	9.5	0.6	(8.3–10.6)
Tooele County, Utah	563	11.1	2.6	(6.0–16.1)
Utah County, Utah	1,674	7.8	0.8	(6.2–9.3)
Wasatch County, Utah	511	4.2	0.8	(2.5–5.8)
Weber County, Utah	1,043	9.8	1.2	(7.4–12.3)
Chittenden County, Vermont	914	10.1	1.2	(7.7–12.4)
Rutland County, Vermont	592	14.3	2.0	(10.3–18.2)
Washington County, Vermont	516	8.8	1.8	(5.3–12.2)
Windsor County, Vermont	544	9.0	1.8	(5.6–12.5)
Fairfax County, Virginia	736	7.2	1.1	(5.0–9.4)
Clark County, Washington	784	10.3	1.3	(7.7–12.9)
King County, Washington	3,886	7.8	0.6	(6.7–8.9)
Kitsap County, Washington	559	12.9	1.9	(9.2–16.6)
Pierce County, Washington	1,175	10.2	1.1	(8.1–12.3)
Snohomish County, Washington	1,167	9.5	1.1	(7.4–11.6)
Spokane County, Washington	941	10.8	1.3	(8.1–13.4)
Thurston County, Washington	511	11.6	2.0	(7.7–15.6)
Whatcom County, Washington	840	7.5	1.3	(5.0–10.0)
Yakima County, Washington	530	12.5	2.1	(8.3–16.7)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	637	10.0	1.4	(7.3–12.6)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	960	9.1	1.4	(6.4–11.7)
Laramie County, Wyoming	946	9.7	1.5	(6.7–12.7)
Natrona County, Wyoming	827	8.8	1.6	(5.8–11.9)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	666	8.7	1.3	(6.2–11.2)
<i>Median</i>		9.2		
<i>Range</i>		3.1–15.7		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* Defined as ever been told by a health care professional that the respondent had asthma and reporting that they still have asthma.

[†] Estimate not available (N/A) if the unweighted sample size for the denominator was <50 or if the relative standard error is >0.3.

TABLE 58. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they have some form of arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, gout, lupus, or fibromyalgia, by state/territory — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	8,981	33.9	0.7	(32.6–35.3)
Alaska	4,313	22.5	0.8	(20.9–24.1)
Arizona	7,249	25.0	0.7	(23.5–26.4)
Arkansas	5,140	30.3	0.8	(28.7–31.8)
California	14,550	22.0	0.4	(21.2–22.9)
Colorado	12,188	23.2	0.5	(22.3–24.1)
Connecticut	8,715	24.3	0.6	(23.1–25.4)
Delaware	5,166	28.0	0.8	(26.4–29.5)
District of Columbia	3,801	18.2	0.8	(16.5–19.8)
Florida	7,581	26.4	0.7	(25.0–27.8)
Georgia	6,073	24.0	0.7	(22.6–25.3)
Hawaii	7,541	20.3	0.7	(19.0–21.7)
Idaho	5,859	26.0	0.9	(24.2–27.8)
Illinois	5,566	25.4	0.7	(24.0–26.9)
Indiana	8,587	27.8	0.6	(26.7–29.0)
Iowa	7,131	25.9	0.6	(24.8–27.1)
Kansas	11,749	24.0	0.5	(23.1–24.9)
Kentucky	11,154	35.0	0.7	(33.7–36.4)
Louisiana	9,041	28.0	0.7	(26.6–29.3)
Maine	9,859	29.6	0.5	(28.5–30.6)
Maryland	12,754	23.5	0.5	(22.5–24.6)
Massachusetts	21,588	23.1	0.4	(22.3–23.9)
Michigan	10,453	31.8	0.6	(30.7–33.0)
Minnesota	12,194	21.5	0.5	(20.6–22.4)
Mississippi	7,725	30.8	0.7	(29.4–32.1)
Missouri	6,728	29.6	0.8	(28.1–31.1)
Montana	8,637	27.8	0.6	(26.7–29.0)
Nebraska	19,089	24.6	0.4	(23.9–25.4)
Nevada	4,807	24.0	0.8	(22.4–25.7)
New Hampshire	7,490	27.3	0.6	(26.0–28.5)
New Jersey	15,668	21.8	0.4	(21.0–22.7)
New Mexico	8,757	23.9	0.5	(22.9–25.0)
New York	6,017	25.0	0.8	(23.5–26.5)
North Carolina	11,847	26.1	0.5	(25.2–27.1)
North Dakota	4,854	24.5	0.7	(23.1–26.0)
Ohio	12,975	30.0	0.5	(29.0–31.1)
Oklahoma	7,979	28.0	0.6	(26.8–29.1)
Oregon	5,266	28.0	0.7	(26.6–29.5)
Pennsylvania	19,857	29.1	0.5	(28.2–30.0)
Rhode Island	5,459	26.8	0.7	(25.3–28.2)
South Carolina	12,709	28.9	0.5	(27.9–30.0)
South Dakota	7,838	23.7	0.7	(22.2–25.1)
Tennessee	7,031	29.8	0.7	(28.4–31.1)
Texas	9,079	21.3	0.6	(20.2–22.4)
Utah	12,386	20.0	0.4	(19.2–20.8)
Vermont	6,028	27.2	0.7	(25.9–28.5)
Virginia	7,355	25.5	0.6	(24.3–26.6)
Washington	15,198	25.2	0.4	(24.4–26.1)
West Virginia	5,370	36.4	0.7	(35.0–37.9)
Wisconsin	5,263	25.7	0.8	(24.1–27.4)
Wyoming	6,245	24.8	0.8	(23.2–26.3)
Guam	2,013	15.6	1.0	(13.5–17.6)
Puerto Rico	6,278	24.6	0.6	(23.5–25.8)
<i>Median</i>		25.5		
<i>Range</i>		15.6–36.4		

Abbreviations: SE = standard error, CI = confidence interval.

TABLE 59. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they have some form of arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, gout, lupus, or fibromyalgia, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	548	25.5	1.9	(21.7–29.3)
Akron, Ohio	743	27.1	2.1	(23.0–31.1)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	3,260	22.9	0.8	(21.3–24.6)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	1,347	29.6	1.8	(26.1–33.0)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California*	1,035	18.1	1.5	(15.1–21.1)
Anchorage, Alaska	1,495	21.7	1.3	(19.2–24.2)
Asheville, North Carolina	594	30.2	2.2	(25.8–34.6)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	2,528	20.7	1.0	(18.8–22.7)
Atlantic City-Hammonton, New Jersey	1,016	28.8	1.9	(25.1–32.5)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	1,033	29.4	2.5	(24.5–34.3)
Augusta-Waterville, Maine	831	30.0	1.8	(26.4–33.5)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	1,384	17.6	1.5	(14.7–20.4)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	4,709	25.3	0.8	(23.6–26.9)
Bangor, Maine	924	27.3	1.7	(24.0–30.7)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	558	29.3	2.4	(24.7–34.0)
Barre, Vermont	517	25.5	2.1	(21.3–29.7)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	1,388	26.2	1.6	(23.1–29.3)
Bellingham, Washington	841	22.8	1.9	(19.1–26.4)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	708	33.1	2.6	(28.1–38.1)
Billings, Montana	845	30.1	1.8	(26.6–33.6)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	1,820	31.1	1.4	(28.4–33.8)
Bismarck, North Dakota	820	26.0	1.9	(22.3–29.7)
Boise City, Idaho	1,478	24.3	1.5	(21.3–27.3)
Boston, Massachusetts*	5,876	21.1	0.7	(19.6–22.5)
Boulder, Colorado	517	23.0	2.1	(18.9–27.1)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	563	31.1	2.4	(26.4–35.8)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	2,175	21.6	1.1	(19.4–23.8)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	1,518	23.5	1.2	(21.1–25.9)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts*	6,895	21.1	0.7	(19.8–22.5)
Camden, New Jersey*	1,973	25.2	1.2	(22.8–27.5)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	678	35.4	2.4	(30.6–40.1)
Casper, Wyoming	827	24.4	2.0	(20.4–28.4)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	580	23.9	1.9	(20.3–27.6)
Charleston, West Virginia	766	33.4	1.9	(29.7–37.0)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	1,698	24.8	1.4	(22.1–27.5)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	2,523	23.0	1.0	(21.1–25.0)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	629	29.6	2.5	(24.8–34.5)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	951	25.0	2.0	(21.1–28.8)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	3,716	23.1	0.9	(21.4–24.9)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	2,356	27.6	1.1	(25.4–29.8)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	1,944	28.7	1.3	(26.1–31.3)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	1,775	29.7	1.4	(26.9–32.5)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	1,155	23.5	1.4	(20.7–26.3)
Columbia, South Carolina	1,792	28.1	1.4	(25.3–30.9)
Columbus, Ohio	1,598	27.4	1.4	(24.7–30.0)
Concord, New Hampshire	701	30.1	2.1	(25.9–34.2)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas*	905	19.3	1.6	(16.3–22.4)
Dayton, Ohio	855	30.2	1.9	(26.5–34.0)
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	4,825	21.6	0.7	(20.3–23.0)

See table footnotes on page 112.

TABLE 59. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they have some form of arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, gout, lupus, or fibromyalgia, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	1,156	24.3	1.4	(21.6–26.9)
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan*	2,210	32.7	1.5	(29.9–35.6)
Dover, Delaware	1,439	28.3	1.6	(25.1–31.4)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	511	27.2	2.3	(22.7–31.6)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	793	18.9	1.5	(16.0–21.9)
El Paso, Texas	621	19.6	2.1	(15.4–23.8)
Eugene, Oregon	522	29.0	2.4	(24.3–33.7)
Fairbanks, Alaska	597	22.9	1.9	(19.1–26.7)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	936	20.3	1.7	(16.9–23.6)
Farmington, New Mexico	649	21.2	1.8	(17.6–24.7)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	505	26.2	2.3	(21.7–30.7)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	807	20.6	1.7	(17.2–24.0)
Fort Collins, Colorado	591	19.8	1.7	(16.4–23.2)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	533	28.3	2.3	(23.8–32.9)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas*	721	21.3	1.7	(17.9–24.7)
Grand Island, Nebraska	853	24.6	1.8	(21.2–28.1)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	889	24.1	1.7	(20.8–27.3)
Great Falls, Montana	706	33.4	2.1	(29.2–37.6)
Greeley, Colorado	533	25.2	2.3	(20.6–29.7)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	805	25.8	1.8	(22.3–29.2)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	1,673	28.2	1.4	(25.6–30.9)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	738	34.1	2.2	(29.8–38.3)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	755	31.9	2.5	(27.0–36.8)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	662	31.3	2.1	(27.2–35.5)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	2,654	23.6	1.0	(21.7–25.6)
Heber, Utah	512	16.8	2.4	(12.1–21.6)
Hilo, Hawaii	1,343	23.2	1.6	(20.1–26.3)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	934	21.8	1.8	(18.2–25.3)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	1,146	19.5	1.3	(16.9–22.1)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	1,104	38.3	1.9	(34.7–42.0)
Huntsville, Alabama	616	29.9	2.3	(25.5–34.4)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	539	24.4	2.8	(18.9–30.0)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	2,184	25.3	1.1	(23.1–27.4)
Jackson, Mississippi	916	28.7	1.7	(25.3–32.1)
Jacksonville, Florida	519	26.6	2.6	(21.5–31.8)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	1,209	19.3	1.6	(16.1–22.4)
Kalispell, Montana	560	27.9	2.2	(23.6–32.1)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	4,730	25.8	1.1	(23.7–28.0)
Kapaa, Hawaii	665	23.4	2.5	(18.5–28.3)
Keene, New Hampshire	546	25.1	2.3	(20.7–29.6)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	530	24.7	2.1	(20.6–28.8)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	568	45.8	3.2	(39.5–52.1)
Knoxville, Tennessee	833	26.9	1.9	(23.2–30.5)
Laconia, New Hampshire	562	31.4	2.8	(25.9–37.0)
Lafayette, Louisiana	555	25.1	2.3	(20.5–29.6)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	708	23.6	1.8	(20.1–27.2)
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	2,003	23.5	1.1	(21.3–25.7)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	697	29.3	2.0	(25.3–33.3)

See table footnotes on page 112.

TABLE 59. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they have some form of arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, gout, lupus, or fibromyalgia, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	526	26.7	2.3	(22.3–31.2)
Lincoln, Nebraska	1,659	21.9	1.1	(19.7–24.2)
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	1,165	27.7	1.6	(24.7–30.8)
Logan, Utah-Idaho	502	18.0	2.0	(14.1–21.8)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California*	3,494	19.5	0.9	(17.8–21.2)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	2,176	32.3	1.5	(29.3–35.2)
Lumberton, North Carolina	546	34.1	3.8	(26.7–41.4)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	1,894	26.4	1.2	(24.1–28.8)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	623	21.6	2.3	(17.0–26.2)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	1,301	24.5	1.5	(21.5–27.5)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	1,662	21.4	1.4	(18.6–24.1)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	1,249	24.4	1.7	(21.1–27.7)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	7,867	19.6	0.6	(18.4–20.8)
Missoula, Montana	781	21.0	1.6	(17.9–24.1)
Mobile, Alabama	812	35.9	2.5	(31.0–40.8)
Montgomery, Alabama	532	30.4	2.6	(25.4–35.5)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania*	1,307	25.6	1.5	(22.7–28.5)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	939	33.5	1.9	(29.8–37.3)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	1,337	25.2	1.4	(22.5–28.0)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York*	892	22.2	1.6	(19.0–25.4)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania*	6,538	19.6	0.7	(18.2–21.0)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	1,996	25.6	1.3	(23.0–28.1)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	1,273	25.3	1.5	(22.3–28.2)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey*	7,399	22.2	0.9	(20.4–24.0)
Norfolk, Nebraska	570	24.1	2.0	(20.1–28.0)
North Platte, Nebraska	609	28.1	2.4	(23.3–32.9)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	989	27.1	2.1	(23.0–31.1)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California*	976	21.9	2.0	(18.0–25.9)
Ocean City, New Jersey	552	33.5	3.2	(27.3–39.8)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	2,424	22.9	0.9	(21.0–24.7)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	2,429	25.8	1.1	(23.7–27.9)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	515	30.0	2.7	(24.8–35.2)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	5,569	23.1	0.7	(21.7–24.5)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	567	21.9	2.4	(17.2–26.6)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania*	2,452	24.8	1.1	(22.7–26.9)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	2,582	23.8	1.0	(21.8–25.8)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	3,356	31.2	0.9	(29.3–33.0)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	545	23.6	2.0	(19.6–27.6)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	3,311	27.8	0.9	(26.1–29.6)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	3,110	24.4	0.9	(22.5–26.2)
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	8,106	26.9	0.7	(25.5–28.3)
Provo-Orem, Utah	1,745	17.2	1.0	(15.3–19.1)
Raleigh, North Carolina	940	19.8	1.5	(16.9–22.8)
Rapid City, South Dakota	1,049	25.2	1.7	(21.9–28.5)

See table footnotes on page 112.

TABLE 59. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥ 18 years told by a health care professional that they have some form of arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, gout, lupus, or fibromyalgia, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Reno, Nevada	1,500	24.2	1.5	(21.3–27.1)
Richmond, Virginia	1,013	25.9	1.7	(22.5–29.3)
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	1,529	23.8	1.4	(21.1–26.6)
Rockingham County-Strafford County, New Hampshire*	1,665	25.5	1.3	(23.0–28.0)
Rutland, Vermont	592	31.8	2.3	(27.3–36.2)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	997	24.5	1.7	(21.2–27.8)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	2,066	27.0	1.3	(24.5–29.6)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	2,117	31.8	1.6	(28.7–34.8)
Salt Lake City, Utah	4,601	19.1	0.7	(17.8–20.4)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	771	22.1	1.8	(18.6–25.6)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	1,125	22.1	1.5	(19.1–25.1)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California*	593	21.3	2.3	(16.8–25.7)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	683	17.2	1.8	(13.7–20.6)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	3,929	24.1	0.7	(22.7–25.6)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	695	24.4	1.8	(20.8–28.0)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	1,862	30.2	1.9	(26.6–33.9)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	628	30.2	2.8	(24.7–35.7)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	742	34.7	2.5	(29.9–39.6)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington*	5,060	21.9	0.7	(20.5–23.3)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	578	27.8	2.3	(23.3–32.4)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland*	2,296	18.3	1.0	(16.3–20.4)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	1,202	23.8	2.5	(18.9–28.6)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	1,460	19.6	1.3	(17.0–22.2)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	704	34.6	2.6	(29.6–39.6)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	1,087	30.0	1.7	(26.7–33.4)

TABLE 59. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥ 18 years told by a health care professional that they have some form of arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, gout, lupus, or fibromyalgia, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Springfield, Massachusetts	2,327	26.0	1.3	(23.4–28.6)
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington*	1,175	23.5	1.4	(20.7–26.3)
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	824	28.2	2.0	(24.3–32.1)
Toledo, Ohio	966	30.5	2.1	(26.4–34.6)
Topeka, Kansas	1,084	25.9	1.5	(23.0–28.9)
Torrington, Connecticut	658	25.9	2.2	(21.6–30.3)
Trenton, New Jersey	570	23.1	2.0	(19.1–27.1)
Tucson, Arizona	992	25.7	1.7	(22.4–29.0)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	1,739	25.4	1.2	(23.1–27.8)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	578	30.2	2.8	(24.8–35.7)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	4,324	19.8	0.9	(18.1–21.5)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	554	26.1	2.6	(21.0–31.2)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	1,492	25.4	1.4	(22.7–28.1)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan*	2,183	30.0	1.2	(27.7–32.3)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia*	8,153	18.6	0.6	(17.3–19.8)
Wichita, Kansas	2,349	23.6	1.0	(21.5–25.6)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey*	3,229	26.4	1.0	(24.4–28.5)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	790	25.8	1.8	(22.3–29.3)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	2,827	24.5	1.1	(22.4–26.6)
Yakima, Washington	525	25.1	2.5	(20.2–30.1)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	928	34.9	2.5	(30.1–39.8)
<i>Median</i>		25.3		
<i>Range</i>		16.8–45.8		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* Metropolitan division.

TABLE 60. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they have some form of arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, gout, lupus, or fibromyalgia, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	958	27.3	1.6	(24.2–30.5)
Madison County, Alabama	513	30.2	2.6	(25.2–35.2)
Mobile County, Alabama	812	35.9	2.5	(31.0–40.8)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	899	20.5	1.5	(17.5–23.5)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	597	22.9	1.9	(19.1–26.7)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	596	25.2	2.1	(21.1–29.4)
Maricopa County, Arizona	2,102	23.6	1.1	(21.4–25.7)
Pima County, Arizona	992	25.7	1.7	(22.5–29.0)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	743	26.2	2.0	(22.3–30.1)
Alameda County, California	619	20.2	2.6	(15.2–25.2)
Los Angeles County, California	3,494	19.5	0.9	(17.8–21.2)
Orange County, California	1,035	18.1	1.6	(15.1–21.2)
Riverside County, California	824	23.7	1.8	(20.1–27.3)
Sacramento County, California	608	23.4	2.2	(19.1–27.6)
San Bernardino County, California	705	24.1	2.1	(20.0–28.1)
San Diego County, California	1,125	22.1	1.5	(19.1–25.1)
Santa Clara County, California	664	17.4	1.8	(13.9–20.9)
Adams County, Colorado	803	23.5	1.7	(20.1–26.9)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	854	24.9	1.6	(21.7–28.1)
Boulder County, Colorado	517	23.0	2.1	(18.9–27.1)
Denver County, Colorado	992	19.0	1.3	(16.5–21.6)
Douglas County, Colorado	546	15.8	1.8	(12.2–19.5)
El Paso County, Colorado	1,016	23.6	1.5	(20.7–26.5)
Jefferson County, Colorado	1,110	22.3	1.4	(19.6–25.1)
Larimer County, Colorado	591	19.8	1.8	(16.4–23.2)
Weld County, Colorado	533	25.2	2.3	(20.6–29.7)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	2,175	21.6	1.1	(19.4–23.8)
Hartford County, Connecticut	1,976	23.4	1.1	(21.2–25.6)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	658	25.9	2.2	(21.6–30.3)
New Haven County, Connecticut	1,996	25.6	1.3	(23.0–28.1)
New London County, Connecticut	989	27.1	2.1	(23.0–31.1)
Kent County, Delaware	1,439	28.3	1.6	(25.2–31.4)
New Castle County, Delaware	2,328	25.6	1.1	(23.4–27.8)
Sussex County, Delaware	1,399	34.0	1.6	(30.8–37.2)
District of Columbia, District of Columbia	3,801	18.1	0.8	(16.5–19.8)
Broward County, Florida	524	19.7	2.3	(15.2–24.2)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	811	19.3	2.0	(15.4–23.3)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	1,343	23.2	1.6	(20.1–26.3)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	4,324	19.8	0.9	(18.1–21.5)
Kauai County, Hawaii	665	23.4	2.5	(18.5–28.3)
Maui County, Hawaii	1,209	19.3	1.6	(16.1–22.4)
Ada County, Idaho	806	24.6	2.0	(20.8–28.5)
Canyon County, Idaho	502	23.0	2.7	(17.7–28.3)
Cook County, Illinois	1,498	21.4	1.2	(19.0–23.8)
Lake County, Indiana	883	32.3	2.6	(27.2–37.5)
Marion County, Indiana	1,272	22.9	1.4	(20.3–25.6)
Polk County, Iowa	807	24.9	1.6	(21.7–28.2)
Johnson County, Kansas	2,171	20.3	1.0	(18.4–22.2)
Sedgwick County, Kansas	1,791	22.6	1.1	(20.4–24.9)
Shawnee County, Kansas	767	26.3	1.8	(22.7–29.9)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	873	23.1	2.0	(19.2–26.9)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	1,690	32.8	1.9	(29.2–36.4)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	571	23.5	2.0	(19.6–27.4)
Androscoggin County, Maine	697	29.3	2.0	(25.3–33.3)
Aroostook County, Maine	534	35.9	2.5	(31.1–40.8)
Cumberland County, Maine	1,748	26.2	1.2	(23.9–28.5)
Kennebec County, Maine	831	30.0	1.8	(26.4–33.6)
Penobscot County, Maine	924	27.3	1.7	(24.0–30.7)
York County, Maine	1,188	30.1	1.5	(27.2–33.1)

See table footnotes on page 114.

TABLE 60. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they have some form of arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, gout, lupus, or fibromyalgia, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	894	25.8	1.9	(22.1–29.6)
Baltimore County, Maryland	1,514	25.4	1.5	(22.5–28.3)
Charles County, Maryland	509	28.5	3.1	(22.4–34.7)
Frederick County, Maryland	752	23.4	2.4	(18.7–28.0)
Montgomery County, Maryland	1,544	17.2	1.2	(14.9–19.5)
Prince George's County, Maryland	1,134	19.3	1.5	(16.3–22.3)
Washington County, Maryland	534	31.3	3.4	(24.7–37.9)
Baltimore city, Maryland	742	26.4	2.3	(21.9–30.9)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	558	29.3	2.4	(24.7–34.0)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	2,647	28.2	1.5	(25.2–31.1)
Essex County, Massachusetts	2,550	23.2	1.3	(20.6–25.7)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	1,952	28.1	1.5	(25.1–31.1)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	4,345	20.2	0.8	(18.6–21.7)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	1,749	21.4	1.3	(18.8–23.9)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	1,827	26.5	1.6	(23.2–29.7)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	2,300	17.4	1.0	(15.4–19.3)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	2,584	23.5	1.1	(21.3–25.7)
Kent County, Michigan	523	23.8	2.2	(19.5–28.0)
Macomb County, Michigan	614	30.4	2.1	(26.3–34.5)
Oakland County, Michigan	1,166	27.1	1.6	(24.0–30.2)
Wayne County, Michigan	2,210	32.7	1.5	(29.9–35.6)
Anoka County, Minnesota	543	21.5	2.3	(17.1–26.0)
Dakota County, Minnesota	670	19.5	1.8	(16.0–23.0)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	3,289	17.4	0.9	(15.7–19.2)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	1,936	20.1	1.5	(17.2–23.0)
Jackson County, Missouri	881	27.1	2.3	(22.6–31.5)
St. Louis County, Missouri	951	26.9	1.9	(23.2–30.6)
Cascade County, Montana	706	33.4	2.1	(29.2–37.6)
Flathead County, Montana	560	27.9	2.2	(23.6–32.1)
Hill County, Montana	579	22.5	2.3	(18.0–26.9)
Lake County, Montana	892	29.9	2.3	(25.5–34.4)
Missoula County, Montana	781	21.0	1.6	(17.9–24.2)
Yellowstone County, Montana	749	28.9	1.8	(25.3–32.4)
Dakota County, Nebraska	732	21.1	2.6	(16.1–26.2)
Douglas County, Nebraska	3,561	22.6	0.8	(20.9–24.2)
Hall County, Nebraska	534	22.0	2.1	(18.0–26.0)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	1,439	21.7	1.2	(19.4–24.1)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	585	27.9	2.5	(23.0–32.8)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	1,172	20.6	1.4	(18.0–23.3)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	576	29.4	2.8	(24.0–34.8)
Clark County, Nevada	2,003	23.5	1.1	(21.3–25.7)
Washoe County, Nevada	1,481	24.2	1.5	(21.3–27.1)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	562	31.5	2.8	(25.9–37.0)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	532	30.7	2.7	(25.4–36.0)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	546	25.1	2.3	(20.7–29.6)
Coos County, New Hampshire	536	33.9	3.0	(28.1–39.8)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	565	28.9	2.5	(24.0–33.8)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	1,894	26.4	1.2	(24.1–28.8)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	701	30.1	2.1	(25.9–34.2)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	1,045	25.3	1.6	(22.2–28.4)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	620	25.8	2.2	(21.6–30.1)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	1,016	28.8	1.9	(25.1–32.5)
Bergen County, New Jersey	1,002	19.6	1.5	(16.6–22.6)
Burlington County, New Jersey	681	25.8	2.1	(21.6–30.0)
Camden County, New Jersey	742	24.5	1.9	(20.9–28.2)
Cape May County, New Jersey	552	33.5	3.2	(27.3–39.8)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	554	26.1	2.6	(21.0–31.2)
Essex County, New Jersey	1,340	20.3	1.4	(17.7–23.0)
Gloucester County, New Jersey	550	25.6	2.2	(21.2–29.9)
Hudson County, New Jersey	1,298	19.6	1.4	(16.9–22.3)

See table footnotes on page 114.

TABLE 60. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they have some form of arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, gout, lupus, or fibromyalgia, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	569	21.3	2.1	(17.1–25.5)
Mercer County, New Jersey	570	23.1	2.0	(19.1–27.1)
Middlesex County, New Jersey	879	16.0	1.5	(13.1–18.9)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	712	23.5	1.9	(19.7–27.2)
Morris County, New Jersey	845	19.7	1.6	(16.4–22.9)
Ocean County, New Jersey	661	28.2	2.1	(24.0–32.4)
Passaic County, New Jersey	684	20.0	1.8	(16.4–23.6)
Salem County, New Jersey	586	35.7	3.2	(29.4–41.9)
Somerset County, New Jersey	638	17.5	1.8	(14.0–21.1)
Sussex County, New Jersey	546	25.0	2.5	(20.1–29.9)
Union County, New Jersey	712	16.5	1.5	(13.5–19.5)
Warren County, New Jersey	531	26.3	2.4	(21.5–31.0)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	2,057	21.5	1.0	(19.5–23.5)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	708	23.6	1.8	(20.1–27.2)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	655	26.8	2.2	(22.5–31.1)
San Juan County, New Mexico	649	21.2	1.8	(17.6–24.7)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	695	24.4	1.8	(20.8–28.0)
Kings County, New York	495	25.1	2.8	(19.6–30.7)
Guilford County, North Carolina	510	21.1	2.0	(17.2–25.1)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	728	17.7	1.6	(14.6–20.8)
Robeson County, North Carolina	546	34.1	3.7	(26.7–41.4)
Wake County, North Carolina	697	18.4	1.7	(15.1–21.8)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	567	25.8	2.3	(21.3–30.3)
Cass County, North Dakota	841	19.2	1.6	(16.0–22.3)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	862	29.0	1.8	(25.4–32.6)
Franklin County, Ohio	836	25.7	1.8	(22.2–29.1)
Hamilton County, Ohio	768	25.7	1.8	(22.1–29.3)
Lorain County, Ohio	613	31.3	2.7	(25.9–36.6)
Lucas County, Ohio	620	31.6	2.6	(26.5–36.8)
Mahoning County, Ohio	590	35.7	3.1	(29.5–41.9)
Montgomery County, Ohio	663	30.0	2.2	(25.8–34.3)
Stark County, Ohio	620	35.3	2.6	(30.3–40.3)
Summit County, Ohio	630	26.3	2.2	(22.0–30.6)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	1,186	25.6	1.4	(22.8–28.4)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	1,200	22.4	1.3	(19.8–25.0)
Clackamas County, Oregon	507	27.9	2.5	(23.0–32.7)
Lane County, Oregon	522	29.0	2.4	(24.4–33.7)
Multnomah County, Oregon	888	22.7	1.8	(19.2–26.2)
Washington County, Oregon	617	22.9	2.0	(18.9–26.9)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	1,880	28.8	1.2	(26.4–31.2)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	1,862	30.2	1.9	(26.6–33.9)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	542	22.0	2.1	(17.9–26.0)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	2,058	24.9	1.2	(22.6–27.2)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	1,888	29.4	1.7	(26.1–32.7)
Kent County, Rhode Island	810	30.5	2.0	(26.5–34.4)
Providence County, Rhode Island	3,335	26.4	0.9	(24.5–28.2)
Washington County, Rhode Island	655	25.0	2.1	(20.8–29.2)

TABLE 60. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they have some form of arthritis, rheumatoid arthritis, gout, lupus, or fibromyalgia, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aiken County, South Carolina	555	26.8	2.3	(22.3–31.4)
Beaufort County, South Carolina	801	22.4	2.0	(18.5–26.3)
Charleston County, South Carolina	1,009	24.9	1.8	(21.3–28.4)
Greenville County, South Carolina	901	27.3	1.9	(23.6–30.9)
Horry County, South Carolina	771	33.4	2.1	(29.3–37.4)
Richland County, South Carolina	957	26.6	2.0	(22.7–30.4)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	650	34.0	2.7	(28.8–39.3)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	499	16.4	1.9	(12.7–20.0)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	873	19.4	1.5	(16.4–22.4)
Pennington County, South Dakota	602	24.3	2.0	(20.5–28.2)
Davidson County, Tennessee	556	24.8	2.2	(20.6–29.1)
Shelby County, Tennessee	533	22.2	2.0	(18.3–26.1)
Bexar County, Texas	583	23.0	2.1	(18.9–27.1)
Dallas County, Texas	512	19.3	2.1	(15.1–23.6)
El Paso County, Texas	620	19.6	2.1	(15.4–23.8)
Harris County, Texas	775	19.6	1.6	(16.5–22.8)
Hidalgo County, Texas	623	21.6	2.4	(17.0–26.2)
Tarrant County, Texas	568	20.2	1.9	(16.5–24.0)
Travis County, Texas	1,047	14.8	1.5	(11.8–17.8)
Davis County, Utah	1,146	21.1	1.3	(18.5–23.6)
Salt Lake County, Utah	4,037	19.2	0.7	(17.8–20.5)
Tooele County, Utah	564	17.5	2.1	(13.5–21.5)
Utah County, Utah	1,677	16.9	1.0	(15.0–18.9)
Wasatch County, Utah	512	16.8	2.4	(12.1–21.6)
Weber County, Utah	1,044	23.8	1.5	(20.9–26.7)
Chittenden County, Vermont	916	21.5	1.5	(18.6–24.4)
Rutland County, Vermont	592	31.8	2.3	(27.3–36.2)
Washington County, Vermont	517	25.5	2.2	(21.3–29.7)
Windsor County, Vermont	544	28.2	2.3	(23.8–32.7)
Fairfax County, Virginia	737	18.0	1.6	(14.8–21.2)
Clark County, Washington	787	25.1	1.8	(21.7–28.6)
King County, Washington	3,890	21.2	0.8	(19.7–22.8)
Kitsap County, Washington	563	31.1	2.4	(26.4–35.8)
Pierce County, Washington	1,175	23.5	1.4	(20.7–26.3)
Snohomish County, Washington	1,170	23.9	1.5	(21.0–26.9)
Spokane County, Washington	941	28.1	1.8	(24.6–31.7)
Thurston County, Washington	515	30.0	2.6	(24.8–35.2)
Whatcom County, Washington	841	22.8	1.9	(19.1–26.4)
Yakima County, Washington	525	25.1	2.5	(20.2–30.1)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	635	33.0	2.0	(29.1–36.9)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	957	25.6	1.9	(21.8–29.4)
Laramie County, Wyoming	951	25.0	2.0	(21.1–28.8)
Natrona County, Wyoming	827	24.4	2.0	(20.4–28.4)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	663	21.1	1.7	(17.7–24.4)
<i>Median</i>		24.5		
<i>Range</i>		14.8–35.9		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

TABLE 61. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they have a depressive disorder,* by state/territory — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	8,983	21.9	0.6	(20.7–23.1)
Alaska	4,313	16.9	0.8	(15.4–18.5)
Arizona	7,266	18.8	0.8	(17.3–20.3)
Arkansas	5,157	22.2	0.8	(20.6–23.7)
California	14,558	11.7	0.4	(10.9–12.4)
Colorado	12,215	17.4	0.5	(16.4–18.3)
Connecticut	8,738	16.7	0.6	(15.6–17.8)
Delaware	5,165	14.8	0.7	(13.4–16.1)
District of Columbia	3,802	16.3	1.0	(14.4–18.3)
Florida	7,575	16.9	0.7	(15.6–18.2)
Georgia	6,069	16.7	0.7	(15.4–18.0)
Hawaii	7,552	11.5	0.6	(10.4–12.6)
Idaho	5,876	19.9	0.9	(18.1–21.8)
Illinois	5,567	15.0	0.7	(13.7–16.4)
Indiana	8,585	19.5	0.6	(18.4–20.6)
Iowa	7,148	17.0	0.6	(15.9–18.1)
Kansas	11,746	16.5	0.5	(15.6–17.4)
Kentucky	11,176	23.5	0.6	(22.2–24.7)
Louisiana	9,044	17.2	0.6	(15.9–18.4)
Maine	9,884	22.7	0.5	(21.7–23.8)
Maryland	12,763	14.2	0.5	(13.2–15.1)
Massachusetts	21,598	18.9	0.4	(18.1–19.7)
Michigan	10,464	20.6	0.6	(19.5–21.7)
Minnesota	12,204	17.1	0.4	(16.2–17.9)
Mississippi	7,749	18.4	0.6	(17.2–19.7)
Missouri	6,731	20.1	0.7	(18.7–21.4)
Montana	8,638	20.0	0.6	(18.9–21.1)
Nebraska	19,115	16.8	0.4	(16.0–17.5)
Nevada	4,825	16.3	0.7	(14.8–17.7)
New Hampshire	7,500	19.7	0.7	(18.3–21.0)
New Jersey	15,683	13.0	0.4	(12.3–13.8)
New Mexico	8,747	19.9	0.5	(18.8–20.9)
New York	6,016	14.8	0.6	(13.5–16.0)
North Carolina	11,848	17.6	0.5	(16.7–18.5)
North Dakota	4,850	15.0	0.7	(13.6–16.4)
Ohio	12,987	18.9	0.5	(18.0–19.9)
Oklahoma	7,985	21.9	0.6	(20.7–23.1)
Oregon	5,276	23.4	0.8	(21.8–24.9)
Pennsylvania	19,868	18.0	0.4	(17.2–18.9)
Rhode Island	5,447	20.3	0.7	(18.9–21.8)
South Carolina	12,713	18.0	0.5	(17.0–19.0)
South Dakota	7,841	15.3	0.6	(14.1–16.5)
Tennessee	7,023	20.2	0.7	(18.9–21.5)
Texas	9,076	15.5	0.5	(14.5–16.5)
Utah	12,387	21.0	0.5	(20.0–21.9)
Vermont	6,028	21.9	0.7	(20.5–23.2)
Virginia	7,360	16.6	0.6	(15.5–17.8)
Washington	15,244	22.3	0.5	(21.4–23.3)
West Virginia	5,382	20.9	0.7	(19.6–22.2)
Wisconsin	5,275	16.1	0.8	(14.6–17.6)
Wyoming	6,243	18.0	0.8	(16.3–19.6)
Guam	2,008	9.0	0.9	(7.2–10.8)
Puerto Rico	6,311	16.3	0.6	(15.2–17.4)
<i>Median</i>		17.6		
<i>Range</i>		9.0–23.5		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* Including depression, major depression, dysthymia, or minor depression.

TABLE 62. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they have a depressive disorder,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	551	17.7	1.8	(14.1–21.3)
Akron, Ohio	743	17.2	1.8	(13.6–20.8)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	3,258	21.2	0.9	(19.5–23.0)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	1,347	18.2	1.5	(15.3–21.2)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California†	1,036	9.2	1.2	(6.9–11.5)
Anchorage, Alaska	1,496	18.0	1.2	(15.5–20.4)
Asheville, North Carolina	590	19.8	2.0	(15.8–23.8)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	2,527	14.5	0.9	(12.7–16.4)
Atlantic City-Hammonton, New Jersey	1,016	16.4	1.8	(12.8–19.9)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	1,030	19.1	2.2	(14.7–23.5)
Augusta-Waterville, Maine	830	23.4	1.8	(19.9–26.8)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	1,380	15.6	1.6	(12.5–18.6)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	4,706	16.3	0.8	(14.7–17.9)
Bangor, Maine	926	23.1	1.7	(19.7–26.5)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	558	18.1	2.1	(13.9–22.2)
Barre, Vermont	514	25.2	2.5	(20.3–30.0)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	1,387	18.8	1.7	(15.5–22.0)
Bellingham, Washington	840	23.1	2.4	(18.3–27.8)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	706	21.0	2.6	(15.9–26.2)
Billings, Montana	848	22.5	1.7	(19.1–25.8)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	1,817	20.4	1.2	(18.1–22.8)
Bismarck, North Dakota	817	15.4	1.8	(11.8–18.9)
Boise City, Idaho	1,481	20.0	1.6	(16.9–23.1)
Boston, Massachusetts†	5,882	16.6	0.8	(15.1–18.1)
Boulder, Colorado	515	18.3	2.2	(14.0–22.5)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	565	24.6	2.3	(20.1–29.1)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	2,176	15.2	1.2	(12.9–17.5)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	1,520	20.3	1.3	(17.8–22.8)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts†	6,896	17.4	0.7	(16.0–18.7)
Camden, New Jersey†	1,974	16.9	1.1	(14.7–19.1)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	681	21.4	2.3	(16.9–26.0)
Casper, Wyoming	826	21.8	2.2	(17.5–26.1)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	583	15.4	1.9	(11.7–19.1)
Charleston, West Virginia	770	20.5	1.7	(17.3–23.8)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	1,706	17.3	1.3	(14.7–19.8)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	2,520	14.6	0.9	(12.9–16.4)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	630	22.4	2.6	(17.3–27.4)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	953	17.4	1.9	(13.7–21.1)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	3,718	14.0	0.9	(12.3–15.7)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	2,361	20.2	1.1	(18.1–22.3)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	1,947	21.8	1.4	(19.1–24.5)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	1,779	19.2	1.4	(16.4–22.0)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	1,157	17.7	1.5	(14.9–20.6)
Columbia, South Carolina	1,791	15.1	1.2	(12.8–17.4)
Columbus, Ohio	1,599	18.5	1.2	(16.1–20.9)
Concord, New Hampshire	702	21.7	2.2	(17.3–26.0)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas†	903	13.3	1.3	(10.7–15.9)
Dayton, Ohio	853	17.4	1.7	(14.1–20.7)
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	4,844	17.3	0.7	(16.0–18.7)
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	1,156	19.4	1.5	(16.5–22.3)

See table footnotes on page 117.

TABLE 62. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they have a depressive disorder,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan†	2,217	19.9	1.4	(17.2–22.6)
Dover, Delaware	1,437	14.2	1.3	(11.6–16.7)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	512	21.9	2.6	(16.8–26.9)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	792	15.4	1.5	(12.4–18.4)
El Paso, Texas	621	17.2	2.3	(12.7–21.6)
Eugene, Oregon	523	24.2	2.4	(19.4–29.0)
Fairbanks, Alaska	594	17.8	1.9	(14.0–21.6)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	934	20.0	2.1	(15.9–24.1)
Farmington, New Mexico	647	19.1	1.9	(15.4–22.7)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	505	16.1	1.9	(12.3–19.9)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	810	20.0	2.1	(16.0–24.1)
Fort Collins, Colorado	593	17.6	1.9	(13.8–21.4)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	537	19.4	2.1	(15.2–23.5)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas†	725	13.8	1.7	(10.5–17.1)
Grand Island, Nebraska	850	16.1	1.6	(13.0–19.3)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	886	18.6	1.8	(15.2–22.1)
Great Falls, Montana	704	21.6	1.9	(17.8–25.4)
Greeley, Colorado	534	18.6	2.3	(14.1–23.0)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	806	18.6	1.7	(15.2–21.9)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	1,678	19.9	1.2	(17.5–22.4)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	743	24.3	2.1	(20.1–28.4)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	759	20.7	2.3	(16.3–25.2)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	663	18.3	1.9	(14.6–21.9)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	2,653	17.5	1.0	(15.6–19.5)
Heber, Utah	510	20.4	4.7	(11.2–29.7)
Hilo, Hawaii	1,344	14.2	1.4	(11.4–17.0)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	931	11.2	1.7	(8.0–14.5)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	1,142	15.6	1.3	(13.0–18.1)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	1,112	23.8	1.7	(20.5–27.0)
Huntsville, Alabama	616	20.8	2.0	(16.8–24.7)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	538	16.5	2.7	(11.2–21.8)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	2,183	19.6	1.1	(17.4–21.7)
Jackson, Mississippi	918	17.4	1.5	(14.4–20.4)
Jacksonville, Florida	517	18.7	2.7	(13.3–24.0)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	1,214	13.1	1.3	(10.6–15.6)
Kalispell, Montana	559	19.5	2.0	(15.5–23.5)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	4,725	16.7	1.0	(14.7–18.6)
Kapaa, Hawaii	666	11.3	1.5	(8.4–14.2)
Keene, New Hampshire	546	15.1	2.0	(11.2–19.0)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	533	19.3	2.2	(15.1–23.6)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	565	22.2	2.5	(17.2–27.1)
Knoxville, Tennessee	833	20.8	1.9	(17.1–24.4)
Laconia, New Hampshire	565	20.7	2.7	(15.4–25.9)
Lafayette, Louisiana	557	13.8	1.8	(10.3–17.2)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	705	20.8	1.9	(17.1–24.4)
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	2,007	15.4	0.9	(13.6–17.3)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	697	28.3	2.1	(24.2–32.5)
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	530	20.8	2.2	(16.4–25.1)

See table footnotes on page 117.

TABLE 62. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they have a depressive disorder,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Lincoln, Nebraska	1,664	18.6	1.1	(16.4–20.8)
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	1,169	22.6	1.6	(19.5–25.8)
Logan, Utah-Idaho	505	17.3	2.2	(12.9–21.7)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California†	3,499	10.6	0.7	(9.2–12.0)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	2,175	22.2	1.4	(19.4–25.0)
Lumberton, North Carolina	545	19.1	3.3	(12.7–25.5)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	1,901	19.0	1.2	(16.7–21.3)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	621	14.4	2.1	(10.2–18.5)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	1,303	18.7	1.6	(15.5–21.9)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	1,655	13.4	1.2	(11.1–15.7)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	1,249	15.9	1.5	(12.9–18.8)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	7,871	16.5	0.6	(15.4–17.7)
Missoula, Montana	781	23.9	1.9	(20.2–27.6)
Mobile, Alabama	814	21.3	2.2	(17.0–25.5)
Montgomery, Alabama	531	19.7	2.3	(15.3–24.2)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania†	1,311	15.1	1.4	(12.5–17.8)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	945	17.6	1.6	(14.4–20.8)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	1,332	16.6	1.2	(14.2–19.0)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York†	895	12.2	1.4	(9.5–15.0)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania†	6,537	10.9	0.6	(9.8–12.1)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	2,007	16.4	1.1	(14.1–18.6)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	1,275	15.3	1.4	(12.6–17.9)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey†	7,406	13.3	0.8	(11.8–14.8)
Norfolk, Nebraska	568	12.1	1.7	(8.8–15.4)
North Platte, Nebraska	612	19.7	2.4	(14.9–24.5)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	997	16.9	1.8	(13.3–20.5)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California†	974	11.8	1.3	(9.3–14.4)
Ocean City, New Jersey	551	19.1	3.1	(12.9–25.2)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	2,424	21.4	1.0	(19.4–23.4)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	2,427	21.0	1.1	(18.9–23.2)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	514	23.9	2.5	(19.0–28.9)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	5,580	18.0	0.7	(16.5–19.4)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	570	18.2	2.4	(13.5–22.9)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania†	2,451	17.8	1.0	(15.8–19.9)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	2,593	18.2	1.0	(16.1–20.2)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	3,354	18.2	0.8	(16.5–19.8)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	547	14.6	1.8	(11.1–18.2)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	3,323	22.4	0.9	(20.7–24.2)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	3,117	21.9	1.0	(20.0–23.8)
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	8,090	20.1	0.7	(18.8–21.4)
Provo-Orem, Utah	1,744	19.1	1.1	(16.8–21.3)
Raleigh, North Carolina	943	15.2	1.4	(12.5–17.9)
Rapid City, South Dakota	1,052	17.4	1.6	(14.3–20.5)
Reno, Nevada	1,505	18.8	1.5	(15.8–21.8)

See table footnotes on page 117.

TABLE 62. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they have a depressive disorder,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Richmond, Virginia	1,011	13.9	1.6	(10.8–16.9)
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	1,527	11.6	1.0	(9.5–13.6)
Rockingham County-Strafford County, New Hampshire†	1,662	19.9	1.4	(17.2–22.5)
Rutland, Vermont	597	25.1	2.4	(20.3–29.9)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	998	10.6	1.4	(7.9–13.3)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	2,061	16.9	1.1	(14.7–19.1)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	2,120	15.4	1.3	(12.8–18.0)
Salt Lake City, Utah	4,602	22.6	0.8	(21.0–24.2)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	776	16.0	1.7	(12.7–19.3)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	1,127	11.5	1.3	(8.9–14.1)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California†	595	10.9	1.6	(7.7–14.0)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	684	11.3	1.6	(8.2–14.5)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	3,951	16.1	0.7	(14.8–17.4)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	696	19.4	1.7	(16.0–22.8)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	1,859	15.6	2.2	(11.3–20.0)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	630	17.3	2.4	(12.5–22.0)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	742	19.5	2.0	(15.6–23.3)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington†	5,077	21.3	0.8	(19.8–22.8)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	578	13.9	1.9	(10.3–17.6)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland†	2,296	11.4	0.9	(9.6–13.1)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	1,198	16.9	2.5	(11.9–21.8)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	1,454	15.5	1.2	(13.1–17.8)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	706	25.2	2.3	(20.8–29.7)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	1,095	21.6	1.6	(18.4–24.8)
Springfield, Massachusetts	2,330	25.1	1.4	(22.3–27.8)

TABLE 62. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they have a depressive disorder,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington†	1,176	24.9	1.7	(21.6–28.2)
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	821	16.6	1.8	(13.0–20.2)
Toledo, Ohio	969	19.4	2.2	(15.0–23.8)
Topeka, Kansas	1,080	18.9	1.5	(15.9–21.9)
Torrington, Connecticut	660	16.8	2.0	(12.9–20.6)
Trenton, New Jersey	575	16.2	2.3	(11.8–20.7)
Tucson, Arizona	994	20.9	1.8	(17.4–24.4)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	1,741	22.4	1.3	(19.8–24.9)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	581	22.1	2.8	(16.5–27.6)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	4,328	10.7	0.7	(9.4–12.1)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	556	15.2	2.1	(11.0–19.4)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	1,494	16.7	1.4	(13.9–19.4)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan†	2,182	16.3	1.0	(14.4–18.3)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia†	8,166	13.3	0.6	(12.0–14.5)
Wichita, Kansas	2,350	16.8	1.0	(14.9–18.8)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey†	3,230	15.6	0.9	(13.8–17.4)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	791	21.6	2.0	(17.8–25.5)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	2,832	19.3	1.1	(17.2–21.4)
Yakima, Washington	532	26.5	2.8	(21.0–32.0)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	925	17.7	1.9	(14.0–21.4)
<i>Median</i>		18.2		
<i>Range</i>		9.2–28.3		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* Including depression, major depression, dysthymia, or minor depression.

† Metropolitan division.

TABLE 63. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they have a depressive disorder,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	956	17.7	1.4	(14.9–20.5)
Madison County, Alabama	513	21.4	2.3	(16.9–25.9)
Mobile County, Alabama	814	21.3	2.2	(17.0–25.5)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	895	18.1	1.5	(15.1–21.1)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	594	17.8	1.9	(14.0–21.6)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	601	17.6	1.9	(13.9–21.4)
Maricopa County, Arizona	2,113	18.0	1.1	(15.9–20.2)
Pima County, Arizona	994	20.9	1.8	(17.4–24.4)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	747	22.7	2.1	(18.5–26.9)
Alameda County, California	618	12.7	1.8	(9.1–16.3)
Los Angeles County, California	3,499	10.6	0.7	(9.2–12.0)
Orange County, California	1,036	9.2	1.2	(6.9–11.5)
Riverside County, California	823	11.2	1.3	(8.6–13.8)
Sacramento County, California	609	10.3	1.7	(7.0–13.6)
San Bernardino County, California	704	11.9	1.6	(8.7–15.0)
San Diego County, California	1,127	11.5	1.3	(8.9–14.1)
Santa Clara County, California	665	11.6	1.6	(8.4–14.8)
Adams County, Colorado	808	19.4	1.8	(15.9–22.9)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	856	16.5	1.5	(13.7–19.4)
Boulder County, Colorado	515	18.3	2.2	(14.0–22.5)
Denver County, Colorado	994	17.9	1.4	(15.1–20.7)
Douglas County, Colorado	547	14.5	2.0	(10.7–18.3)
El Paso County, Colorado	1,019	18.0	1.5	(15.0–20.9)
Jefferson County, Colorado	1,117	16.4	1.3	(13.9–19.0)
Larimer County, Colorado	593	17.6	2.0	(13.8–21.4)
Weld County, Colorado	534	18.6	2.3	(14.1–23.0)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	2,176	15.2	1.2	(12.9–17.5)
Hartford County, Connecticut	1,977	18.6	1.1	(16.4–20.7)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	660	16.8	1.9	(13.0–20.6)
New Haven County, Connecticut	2,007	16.4	1.1	(14.1–18.6)
New London County, Connecticut	997	16.9	1.9	(13.3–20.5)
Kent County, Delaware	1,437	14.2	1.3	(11.6–16.7)
New Castle County, Delaware	2,331	14.8	0.9	(12.9–16.6)
Sussex County, Delaware	1,397	14.9	1.3	(12.4–17.4)
District of Columbia, District of Columbia	3,802	16.3	1.0	(14.3–18.3)
Broward County, Florida	525	13.6	2.1	(9.5–17.8)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	807	12.9	1.7	(9.6–16.1)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	1,344	14.2	1.4	(11.4–17.0)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	4,328	10.7	0.7	(9.4–12.1)
Kauai County, Hawaii	666	11.3	1.5	(8.4–14.2)
Maui County, Hawaii	1,214	13.1	1.3	(10.6–15.6)
Ada County, Idaho	809	20.2	2.1	(16.1–24.2)
Canyon County, Idaho	503	21.6	3.0	(15.8–27.4)
Cook County, Illinois	1,501	14.5	1.2	(12.1–16.9)
Lake County, Indiana	882	12.2	1.6	(9.0–15.4)
Marion County, Indiana	1,273	17.6	1.3	(15.0–20.2)
Polk County, Iowa	806	19.9	1.8	(16.4–23.4)
Johnson County, Kansas	2,169	13.8	1.0	(11.8–15.7)
Sedgwick County, Kansas	1,791	16.4	1.1	(14.2–18.5)
Shawnee County, Kansas	762	21.6	1.9	(17.9–25.3)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	870	16.8	2.2	(12.4–21.1)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	1,690	23.8	1.9	(20.1–27.4)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	570	18.6	2.3	(14.1–23.1)
Androscoggin County, Maine	697	28.4	2.1	(24.2–32.5)
Aroostook County, Maine	536	19.0	2.0	(15.2–22.9)
Cumberland County, Maine	1,754	23.5	1.3	(21.0–26.0)
Kennebec County, Maine	830	23.4	1.8	(19.9–26.8)
Penobscot County, Maine	926	23.1	1.7	(19.7–26.5)

See table footnotes on page 119.

TABLE 63. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they have a depressive disorder,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
York County, Maine	1,189	20.8	1.4	(18.0–23.6)
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	892	16.1	1.8	(12.6–19.6)
Baltimore County, Maryland	1,518	15.8	1.4	(13.1–18.6)
Charles County, Maryland	512	11.1	1.9	(7.4–14.8)
Frederick County, Maryland	751	14.6	2.2	(10.2–19.0)
Montgomery County, Maryland	1,545	10.9	1.0	(9.0–12.9)
Prince George's County, Maryland	1,137	9.0	1.3	(6.4–11.6)
Washington County, Maryland	537	21.3	3.0	(15.4–27.2)
Baltimore city, Maryland	737	15.5	2.0	(11.6–19.3)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	558	18.1	2.1	(13.9–22.2)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	2,643	20.8	1.4	(18.1–23.6)
Essex County, Massachusetts	2,557	17.8	1.3	(15.3–20.3)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	1,952	25.6	1.5	(22.6–28.6)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	4,339	17.2	0.8	(15.6–18.9)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	1,753	14.2	1.2	(11.8–16.7)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	1,829	19.1	1.6	(16.0–22.3)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	2,300	16.8	1.1	(14.6–19.0)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	2,587	19.1	1.1	(16.9–21.3)
Kent County, Michigan	524	18.0	2.4	(13.3–22.7)
Macomb County, Michigan	613	15.3	1.6	(12.2–18.5)
Oakland County, Michigan	1,166	15.9	1.4	(13.1–18.8)
Wayne County, Michigan	2,217	19.9	1.4	(17.2–22.6)
Anoka County, Minnesota	543	18.0	2.0	(14.0–21.9)
Dakota County, Minnesota	669	13.1	1.5	(10.2–16.1)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	3,292	17.5	0.9	(15.7–19.3)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	1,938	19.5	1.8	(15.9–23.0)
Jackson County, Missouri	881	17.9	2.1	(13.8–21.9)
St. Louis County, Missouri	948	14.8	1.5	(11.8–17.7)
Cascade County, Montana	704	21.6	1.9	(17.8–25.4)
Flathead County, Montana	559	19.5	2.0	(15.5–23.5)
Hill County, Montana	578	17.8	2.4	(13.1–22.5)
Lake County, Montana	896	20.8	2.1	(16.7–24.9)
Missoula County, Montana	781	23.9	1.9	(20.2–27.6)
Yellowstone County, Montana	751	22.6	1.8	(19.2–26.1)
Dakota County, Nebraska	729	23.2	4.7	(14.0–32.5)
Douglas County, Nebraska	3,566	18.0	0.9	(16.3–19.7)
Hall County, Nebraska	532	14.0	1.9	(10.4–17.7)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	1,444	18.7	1.2	(16.5–21.0)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	588	19.8	2.5	(14.8–24.7)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	1,175	16.8	1.4	(14.1–19.6)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	577	17.2	2.5	(12.3–22.1)
Clark County, Nevada	2,007	15.4	0.9	(13.6–17.3)
Washoe County, Nevada	1,486	18.7	1.5	(15.7–21.8)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	565	20.7	2.7	(15.4–25.9)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	532	16.1	2.3	(11.6–20.5)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	546	15.1	2.0	(11.2–19.0)
Coos County, New Hampshire	537	22.0	3.2	(15.8–28.2)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	565	22.1	2.6	(17.0–27.3)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	1,901	19.0	1.2	(16.7–21.3)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	702	21.7	2.2	(17.3–26.0)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	1,042	19.9	1.7	(16.6–23.3)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	620	19.6	2.2	(15.4–23.9)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	1,016	16.4	1.8	(12.8–19.9)
Bergen County, New Jersey	1,006	12.2	1.4	(9.5–14.8)
Burlington County, New Jersey	684	15.6	1.9	(11.9–19.3)
Camden County, New Jersey	741	19.0	2.0	(15.1–23.0)
Cape May County, New Jersey	551	19.1	3.1	(12.9–25.2)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	556	15.2	2.1	(11.0–19.4)
Essex County, New Jersey	1,335	11.8	1.1	(9.6–14.0)

See table footnotes on page 119.

TABLE 63. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they have a depressive disorder,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Gloucester County, New Jersey	549	15.7	1.9	(11.9–19.4)
Hudson County, New Jersey	1,300	13.2	1.3	(10.6–15.7)
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	570	12.8	1.9	(9.0–16.5)
Mercer County, New Jersey	575	16.2	2.3	(11.8–20.7)
Middlesex County, New Jersey	882	10.2	1.3	(7.7–12.7)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	712	12.1	1.6	(9.0–15.2)
Morris County, New Jersey	847	10.3	1.4	(7.7–13.0)
Ocean County, New Jersey	662	13.4	1.8	(9.9–16.9)
Passaic County, New Jersey	683	12.9	1.6	(9.8–16.0)
Salem County, New Jersey	585	17.9	2.2	(13.6–22.3)
Somerset County, New Jersey	639	9.0	1.4	(6.2–11.8)
Sussex County, New Jersey	546	17.8	2.5	(12.9–22.8)
Union County, New Jersey	711	8.5	1.2	(6.2–10.8)
Warren County, New Jersey	533	17.6	2.4	(12.8–22.3)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	2,057	22.5	1.1	(20.4–24.7)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	705	20.8	1.9	(17.1–24.4)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	653	16.5	1.8	(13.0–19.9)
San Juan County, New Mexico	647	19.1	1.9	(15.4–22.7)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	696	19.4	1.7	(16.0–22.8)
Kings County, New York	495	16.1	2.3	(11.5–20.6)
Guilford County, North Carolina	510	17.0	2.1	(12.8–21.1)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	728	11.8	1.4	(8.9–14.6)
Robeson County, North Carolina	545	19.1	3.3	(12.7–25.6)
Wake County, North Carolina	701	14.1	1.6	(11.1–17.1)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	564	15.4	2.1	(11.2–19.6)
Cass County, North Dakota	838	16.5	1.9	(12.8–20.3)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	864	18.9	1.8	(15.5–22.4)
Franklin County, Ohio	837	19.0	1.7	(15.7–22.2)
Hamilton County, Ohio	771	19.3	1.8	(15.9–22.8)
Lorain County, Ohio	615	18.3	2.5	(13.5–23.2)
Lucas County, Ohio	621	18.7	2.8	(13.3–24.2)
Mahoning County, Ohio	589	19.7	2.8	(14.2–25.2)
Montgomery County, Ohio	660	18.9	2.0	(14.9–22.8)
Stark County, Ohio	623	20.3	2.4	(15.6–24.9)
Summit County, Ohio	630	20.2	2.3	(15.7–24.7)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	1,183	20.5	1.4	(17.7–23.4)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	1,201	20.6	1.4	(17.7–23.4)
Clackamas County, Oregon	508	24.3	2.5	(19.4–29.2)
Lane County, Oregon	523	24.2	2.4	(19.4–29.0)
Multnomah County, Oregon	890	22.0	1.8	(18.4–25.5)
Washington County, Oregon	615	21.9	2.1	(17.8–26.0)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	1,881	18.0	1.2	(15.8–20.3)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	1,859	15.6	2.2	(11.3–20.0)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	544	12.2	1.5	(9.3–15.1)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	2,056	19.2	1.2	(16.9–21.6)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	1,889	13.3	1.0	(11.3–15.4)
Kent County, Rhode Island	809	21.1	2.0	(17.1–25.1)
Providence County, Rhode Island	3,325	21.9	0.9	(20.1–23.8)
Washington County, Rhode Island	653	12.3	1.6	(9.2–15.4)

TABLE 63. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years told by a health care professional that they have a depressive disorder,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aiken County, South Carolina	552	20.9	2.4	(16.2–25.6)
Beaufort County, South Carolina	799	12.0	1.9	(8.4–15.7)
Charleston County, South Carolina	1,012	16.7	1.7	(13.3–20.1)
Greenville County, South Carolina	898	17.8	1.6	(14.7–21.0)
Horry County, South Carolina	776	15.9	1.6	(12.8–19.1)
Richland County, South Carolina	958	16.0	1.8	(12.5–19.5)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	652	24.8	2.3	(20.2–29.4)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	496	12.0	1.8	(8.4–15.5)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	870	16.4	1.4	(13.6–19.3)
Pennington County, South Dakota	603	17.5	1.8	(13.9–21.0)
Davidson County, Tennessee	553	15.4	1.8	(12.0–18.9)
Shelby County, Tennessee	535	18.2	2.1	(14.1–22.4)
Bexar County, Texas	584	16.4	2.0	(12.5–20.3)
Dallas County, Texas	510	13.4	1.8	(9.9–16.9)
El Paso County, Texas	620	17.2	2.3	(12.7–21.7)
Harris County, Texas	771	17.2	1.7	(13.9–20.4)
Hidalgo County, Texas	621	14.4	2.1	(10.2–18.5)
Tarrant County, Texas	572	13.8	1.9	(10.1–17.5)
Travis County, Texas	1,045	14.9	1.7	(11.6–18.1)
Davis County, Utah	1,145	20.7	1.4	(18.0–23.4)
Salt Lake County, Utah	4,040	22.7	0.9	(21.0–24.4)
Tooele County, Utah	562	20.2	2.7	(14.8–25.6)
Utah County, Utah	1,676	19.1	1.2	(16.8–21.4)
Wasatch County, Utah	510	20.4	4.7	(11.2–29.7)
Weber County, Utah	1,046	22.9	1.7	(19.6–26.1)
Chittenden County, Vermont	917	20.4	1.6	(17.3–23.5)
Rutland County, Vermont	597	25.1	2.4	(20.3–29.9)
Washington County, Vermont	514	25.2	2.5	(20.3–30.0)
Windsor County, Vermont	543	21.7	2.2	(17.4–26.0)
Fairfax County, Virginia	740	12.5	1.6	(9.4–15.6)
Clark County, Washington	790	22.3	1.9	(18.7–25.9)
King County, Washington	3,910	20.3	0.9	(18.6–22.0)
Kitsap County, Washington	565	24.6	2.3	(20.1–29.1)
Pierce County, Washington	1,176	24.9	1.7	(21.6–28.2)
Snohomish County, Washington	1,167	24.1	1.6	(20.9–27.3)
Spokane County, Washington	949	22.0	1.8	(18.5–25.6)
Thurston County, Washington	514	23.9	2.5	(19.0–28.9)
Whatcom County, Washington	840	23.1	2.4	(18.3–27.8)
Yakima County, Washington	532	26.5	2.8	(21.0–32.0)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	640	20.1	1.8	(16.5–23.7)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	957	18.8	2.0	(15.0–22.7)
Laramie County, Wyoming	953	17.4	1.9	(13.7–21.1)
Natrona County, Wyoming	826	21.8	2.2	(17.5–26.2)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	667	10.8	1.4	(8.0–13.5)
<i>Median</i>		17.8		
<i>Range</i>		8.5–28.4		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* Including depression, major depression, dysthymia, or minor depression.

TABLE 64. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥ 45 years who have ever been told by a health care professional that they have coronary heart disease,* by state/territory — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	6,783	14.8	0.6	(13.6–15.9)
Alaska	2,624	8.9	0.7	(7.4–10.3)
Arizona	5,489	11.4	0.7	(10.1–12.8)
Arkansas	3,924	14.6	0.7	(13.2–16.0)
California	9,640	9.0	0.4	(8.2–9.8)
Colorado	8,646	7.7	0.3	(7.0–8.4)
Connecticut	6,189	9.2	0.5	(8.3–10.2)
Delaware	3,640	12.3	0.7	(10.8–13.8)
District of Columbia	2,665	9.8	0.8	(8.2–11.3)
Florida	5,776	13.1	0.7	(11.8–14.4)
Georgia	4,402	12.3	0.7	(11.0–13.6)
Hawaii	4,841	7.4	0.5	(6.3–8.4)
Idaho	4,497	9.7	0.7	(8.4–11.0)
Illinois	4,069	10.8	0.6	(9.6–12.1)
Indiana	6,006	13.1	0.5	(12.0–14.2)
Iowa	5,176	11.8	0.5	(10.8–12.8)
Kansas	8,580	11.6	0.4	(10.8–12.4)
Kentucky	8,212	15.6	0.6	(14.4–16.8)
Louisiana	6,899	13.3	0.6	(12.2–14.5)
Maine	7,302	11.6	0.5	(10.7–12.4)
Maryland	9,615	10.4	0.4	(9.5–11.3)
Massachusetts	15,204	10.1	0.4	(9.4–10.8)
Michigan	7,743	12.9	0.5	(11.9–13.9)
Minnesota	8,405	9.3	0.4	(8.5–10.1)
Mississippi	5,917	13.5	0.6	(12.4–14.7)
Missouri	4,997	12.1	0.6	(10.9–13.3)
Montana	6,267	10.4	0.5	(9.5–11.3)
Nebraska	13,948	10.8	0.4	(10.1–11.5)
Nevada	3,349	11.1	0.8	(9.5–12.7)
New Hampshire	5,780	9.9	0.5	(8.9–10.8)
New Jersey	10,740	10.3	0.4	(9.5–11.0)
New Mexico	6,059	10.5	0.5	(9.6–11.5)
New York	3,978	12.0	0.8	(10.4–13.7)
North Carolina	8,106	11.5	0.4	(10.7–12.4)
North Dakota	3,509	11.5	0.7	(10.2–12.8)
Ohio	9,504	12.9	0.5	(12.0–13.8)
Oklahoma	5,679	14.1	0.6	(13.0–15.2)
Oregon	3,908	11.4	0.6	(10.1–12.7)
Pennsylvania	14,406	11.7	0.4	(11.0–12.5)
Rhode Island	3,905	10.9	0.6	(9.7–12.0)
South Carolina	9,362	13.3	0.5	(12.2–14.3)
South Dakota	5,386	10.7	0.7	(9.4–12.0)
Tennessee	5,232	17.4	0.8	(15.9–18.9)
Texas	6,006	10.4	0.5	(9.4–11.4)
Utah	7,723	9.0	0.4	(8.2–9.8)
Vermont	4,533	10.0	0.5	(9.0–11.1)
Virginia	5,168	11.8	0.5	(10.7–12.8)
Washington	11,070	9.6	0.3	(8.9–10.3)
West Virginia	3,900	19.0	0.7	(17.6–20.4)
Wisconsin	3,851	10.5	0.8	(9.0–12.0)
Wyoming	4,914	10.1	0.6	(8.9–11.2)
Guam	890	11.8	1.6	(8.7–15.0)
Puerto Rico	3,986	16.7	0.7	(15.3–18.1)
<i>Median</i>		11.4		
<i>Range</i>		7.4–19.0		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* Including heart attack, also known as myocardial infarction, and angina.

TABLE 65. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥ 45 years who have ever been told by a health care professional that they have coronary heart disease,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	345	14.9	2.1	(10.9–19.0)
Akron, Ohio	557	9.9	1.6	(6.8–12.9)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	2,178	9.2	0.8	(7.7–10.7)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	995	13.4	1.7	(10.1–16.6)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California [†]	677	7.2	1.1	(5.1–9.3)
Anchorage, Alaska	864	8.4	1.1	(6.1–10.6)
Asheville, North Carolina	439	13.4	2.1	(9.2–17.6)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	1,737	10.5	1.0	(8.5–12.5)
Atlantic City-Hammonton, New Jersey	787	13.4	1.5	(10.4–16.4)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	795	7.8	1.3	(5.3–10.3)
Augusta-Waterville, Maine	580	12.4	1.6	(9.2–15.6)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	961	7.8	1.1	(5.5–10.0)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	3,429	11.3	0.7	(9.9–12.7)
Bangor, Maine	659	12.5	1.4	(9.6–15.3)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	468	11.1	1.6	(8.0–14.3)
Barre, Vermont	386	10.7	1.9	(7.0–14.5)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	1,043	12.2	1.4	(9.5–14.9)
Bellingham, Washington	619	8.4	1.4	(5.6–11.3)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	570	13.5	1.9	(9.7–17.3)
Billings, Montana	549	11.1	1.4	(8.3–13.9)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	1,301	12.0	1.1	(9.8–14.2)
Bismarck, North Dakota	582	14.0	1.8	(10.5–17.6)
Boise City, Idaho	1,078	7.9	1.1	(5.7–10.1)
Boston, Massachusetts [†]	4,015	10.4	0.8	(8.9–11.9)
Boulder, Colorado	355	6.1	1.3	(3.5–8.7)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	425	8.8	1.5	(5.9–11.8)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	1,450	8.1	0.9	(6.4–9.8)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	1,024	8.4	1.0	(6.4–10.3)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts [†]	4,741	9.5	0.6	(8.3–10.7)
Camden, New Jersey [†]	1,408	11.6	1.1	(9.4–13.8)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	531	14.0	2.0	(10.2–17.9)
Casper, Wyoming	647	10.2	1.6	(7.0–13.3)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	409	8.0	1.4	(5.2–10.7)
Charleston, West Virginia	536	23.3	2.1	(19.1–27.4)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	1,209	12.1	1.3	(9.5–14.7)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	1,607	10.2	0.9	(8.4–12.0)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	497	17.6	2.2	(13.2–22.0)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	753	10.1	1.7	(6.8–13.4)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	2,572	8.6	0.8	(7.0–10.2)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	1,638	12.9	1.1	(10.8–14.9)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	1,505	9.3	0.8	(7.7–11.0)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	1,295	11.4	1.2	(9.0–13.7)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	763	7.3	1.0	(5.3–9.4)
Columbia, South Carolina	1,240	14.6	1.6	(11.5–17.8)
Columbus, Ohio	1,021	13.4	1.4	(10.8–16.1)
Concord, New Hampshire	525	9.0	1.5	(6.0–11.9)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas [†]	525	10.2	1.4	(7.4–13.0)
Dayton, Ohio	613	12.5	1.7	(9.2–15.9)
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	3,175	7.0	0.5	(6.0–8.0)
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	782	9.6	1.2	(7.2–12.0)

See table footnotes on page 122.

TABLE 65. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥45 years who have ever been told by a health care professional that they have coronary heart disease,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan†	1,608	13.2	1.4	(10.5–15.9)
Dover, Delaware	1,030	11.8	1.3	(9.3–14.3)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	380	12.3	2.1	(8.2–16.4)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	512	6.7	1.2	(4.3–9.1)
El Paso, Texas	440	10.2	2.6	(5.1–15.3)
Eugene, Oregon	391	9.3	1.7	(6.0–12.6)
Fairbanks, Alaska	329	12.2	2.3	(7.7–16.7)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	630	9.2	1.6	(6.0–12.3)
Farmington, New Mexico	425	10.1	1.7	(6.8–13.4)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	319	14.2	2.5	(9.2–19.1)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	588	14.6	2.0	(10.7–18.5)
Fort Collins, Colorado	414	9.0	1.7	(5.7–12.3)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	353	13.4	2.5	(8.5–18.4)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas†	502	10.6	1.6	(7.4–13.7)
Grand Island, Nebraska	633	9.8	1.3	(7.2–12.3)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	654	11.0	1.4	(8.2–13.8)
Great Falls, Montana	542	11.9	1.6	(8.7–15.1)
Greeley, Colorado	338	9.2	1.7	(5.9–12.5)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	555	12.6	1.6	(9.4–15.8)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	1,142	14.5	1.4	(11.9–17.2)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	547	16.5	1.9	(12.9–20.2)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	571	15.1	2.3	(10.6–19.6)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	444	12.3	1.8	(8.8–15.9)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	1,869	8.9	0.8	(7.3–10.5)
Heber, Utah	358	8.0	1.4	(5.3–10.8)
Hilo, Hawaii	941	9.4	1.5	(6.6–12.3)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	792	9.6	1.4	(6.8–12.5)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	619	8.9	1.3	(6.4–11.4)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	809	20.0	1.7	(16.7–23.4)
Huntsville, Alabama	416	13.6	2.2	(9.3–17.8)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	393	11.4	2.8	(5.9–16.9)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	1,465	11.0	1.0	(9.1–12.9)
Jackson, Mississippi	637	11.6	1.5	(8.7–14.5)
Jacksonville, Florida	379	12.0	2.1	(7.8–16.2)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	857	6.3	1.0	(4.4–8.3)
Kalispell, Montana	398	8.8	1.6	(5.7–11.9)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	3,497	10.7	1.0	(8.7–12.6)
Kapaa, Hawaii	534	8.1	1.5	(5.1–11.1)
Keene, New Hampshire	440	11.0	1.8	(7.4–14.6)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	370	11.3	2.0	(7.4–15.2)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	457	21.4	2.9	(15.7–27.2)
Knoxville, Tennessee	625	17.0	2.0	(13.2–20.8)
Laconia, New Hampshire	471	10.7	2.0	(6.8–14.7)
Lafayette, Louisiana	396	13.9	2.3	(9.5–18.4)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	475	12.4	1.8	(8.9–15.9)
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	1,210	11.3	1.1	(9.2–13.4)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	466	11.8	1.8	(8.2–15.4)
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	320	11.3	2.0	(7.4–15.3)
Lincoln, Nebraska	950	9.2	1.1	(7.0–11.5)

See table footnotes on page 122.

TABLE 65. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥45 years who have ever been told by a health care professional that they have coronary heart disease,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	857	12.3	1.4	(9.7–15.0)
Logan, Utah-Idaho	294	7.7	1.7	(4.3–11.1)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California†	2,126	8.5	0.9	(6.7–10.4)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	1,567	15.0	1.4	(12.3–17.7)
Lumberton, North Carolina	402	18.0	4.1	(10.0–26.0)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	1,367	9.8	1.0	(7.9–11.7)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	386	12.9	2.4	(8.2–17.5)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	930	16.2	1.8	(12.7–19.8)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	1,183	8.8	1.1	(6.7–11.0)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	862	12.0	1.8	(8.5–15.6)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	5,349	8.6	0.6	(7.4–9.7)
Missoula, Montana	540	8.1	1.3	(5.5–10.6)
Mobile, Alabama	641	17.1	2.2	(12.8–21.3)
Montgomery, Alabama	379	14.3	2.2	(10.1–18.6)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania†	842	8.9	1.2	(6.6–11.2)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	716	14.7	1.7	(11.4–18.0)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	868	14.6	1.5	(11.6–17.7)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York†	622	10.3	1.4	(7.5–13.1)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania†	4,700	9.1	0.6	(7.9–10.3)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	1,439	10.9	1.1	(8.8–13.0)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	946	11.2	1.2	(8.8–13.6)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey†	4,408	11.1	1.1	(9.0–13.2)
Norfolk, Nebraska	444	9.2	1.5	(6.2–12.2)
North Platte, Nebraska	491	10.3	1.6	(7.2–13.4)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	758	9.8	1.3	(7.2–12.4)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California†	676	6.8	1.3	(4.2–9.4)
Ocean City, New Jersey	456	11.1	1.9	(7.4–14.9)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	1,495	8.6	0.9	(6.9–10.4)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	1,556	13.2	1.0	(11.2–15.2)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	383	10.3	1.8	(6.9–13.8)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	3,576	9.9	0.6	(8.7–11.2)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	408	14.1	2.6	(9.1–19.1)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania†	1,619	11.9	1.1	(9.7–14.0)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	1,764	11.3	1.0	(9.4–13.3)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	2,453	12.1	0.8	(10.6–13.6)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	347	15.8	2.5	(11.0–20.6)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	2,419	10.0	0.7	(8.5–11.5)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	2,200	9.9	0.8	(8.3–11.5)
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	5,847	11.6	0.6	(10.4–12.7)
Provo-Orem, Utah	894	8.4	1.0	(6.5–10.4)
Raleigh, North Carolina	511	9.3	1.5	(6.4–12.3)
Rapid City, South Dakota	700	10.0	1.4	(7.3–12.8)
Reno, Nevada	1,094	8.7	1.2	(6.4–11.0)
Richmond, Virginia	708	8.2	1.0	(6.2–10.2)

See table footnotes on page 122.

TABLE 65. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥ 45 years who have ever been told by a health care professional that they have coronary heart disease,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	1,000	11.8	1.3	(9.2–14.5)
Rockingham County-Strafford County, New Hampshire†	1,264	9.6	1.0	(7.7–11.5)
Rutland, Vermont	471	13.1	1.9	(9.4–16.7)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	700	9.5	1.3	(6.9–12.1)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	1,465	12.7	1.2	(10.4–15.1)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	1,720	16.6	1.4	(13.9–19.4)
Salt Lake City, Utah	2,903	8.2	0.6	(7.0–9.3)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	522	9.1	1.5	(6.2–12.0)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	730	9.5	1.3	(6.9–12.1)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California†	389	6.5	1.6	(3.3–9.7)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	418	8.8	1.9	(5.1–12.5)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	2,482	16.2	0.9	(14.4–18.0)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	506	8.4	1.6	(5.2–11.6)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	1,463	11.6	0.9	(9.9–13.4)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	518	13.2	2.2	(8.9–17.5)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	552	13.3	1.7	(10.0–16.7)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington†	3,452	8.5	0.6	(7.3–9.6)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	421	10.9	1.7	(7.6–14.1)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland†	1,700	8.3	0.8	(6.6–9.9)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	926	14.6	2.4	(9.9–19.3)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	836	11.3	1.5	(8.5–14.2)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	509	14.1	2.2	(9.8–18.5)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	834	8.5	1.1	(6.4–10.6)
Springfield, Massachusetts	1,671	11.4	1.2	(9.1–13.7)
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington†	809	9.0	1.1	(6.8–11.1)

TABLE 65. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥ 45 years who have ever been told by a health care professional that they have coronary heart disease,* by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	610	13.4	1.7	(10.0–16.8)
Toledo, Ohio	716	11.4	1.5	(8.6–14.3)
Topeka, Kansas	794	11.0	1.3	(8.4–13.6)
Torrington, Connecticut	506	7.4	1.4	(4.8–10.1)
Trenton, New Jersey	408	8.3	1.4	(5.6–11.0)
Tucson, Arizona	729	9.3	1.5	(6.4–12.2)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	1,200	13.7	1.2	(11.3–16.1)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	428	13.7	2.0	(9.9–17.5)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	2,509	7.1	0.7	(5.7–8.5)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	401	12.1	2.0	(8.2–16.0)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	1,077	11.3	1.2	(9.0–13.6)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan†	1,560	10.4	0.9	(8.6–12.1)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia†	5,565	8.4	0.6	(7.3–9.6)
Wichita, Kansas	1,675	12.1	1.0	(10.1–14.1)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey†	2,186	11.3	1.0	(9.4–13.2)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	548	12.2	1.6	(9.0–15.3)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	1,990	10.0	1.0	(8.2–11.9)
Yakima, Washington	364	9.4	1.8	(5.8–13.0)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	741	13.2	2.2	(8.8–17.6)
<i>Median</i>		11.0		
<i>Range</i>		6.1–23.3		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* Including heart attack, also known as myocardial infarction, and angina.

† Metropolitan division.

TABLE 66. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥45 years who have ever been told by a health care professional that they have coronary heart disease,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	646	12.4	1.6	(9.3–15.4)
Madison County, Alabama	355	14.1	2.4	(9.3–18.8)
Mobile County, Alabama	641	17.1	2.2	(12.8–21.3)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	485	7.7	1.4	(5.0–10.5)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	329	12.2	2.3	(7.7–16.7)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	379	9.9	1.7	(6.5–13.3)
Maricopa County, Arizona	1,389	11.0	1.0	(9.0–13.0)
Pima County, Arizona	729	9.3	1.5	(6.4–12.2)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	561	11.7	1.7	(8.5–15.0)
Alameda County, California	408	6.4	1.7	(3.1–9.7)
Los Angeles County, California	2,126	8.5	0.9	(6.7–10.4)
Orange County, California	677	7.2	1.1	(5.1–9.3)
Riverside County, California	562	12.8	2.0	(8.9–16.6)
Sacramento County, California	425	10.2	1.8	(6.7–13.7)
San Bernardino County, California	438	10.6	1.7	(7.3–14.0)
San Diego County, California	730	9.5	1.3	(6.9–12.1)
Santa Clara County, California	405	8.5	1.9	(4.7–12.2)
Adams County, Colorado	505	9.8	1.6	(6.7–12.9)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	557	7.0	1.1	(4.8–9.1)
Boulder County, Colorado	355	6.1	1.3	(3.5–8.7)
Denver County, Colorado	575	7.2	1.1	(4.9–9.4)
Douglas County, Colorado	336	N/A [†]	N/A	(N/A)
El Paso County, Colorado	641	7.3	1.1	(5.2–9.4)
Jefferson County, Colorado	795	6.6	1.0	(4.7–8.5)
Larimer County, Colorado	414	9.0	1.7	(5.7–12.3)
Weld County, Colorado	338	9.2	1.7	(5.9–12.5)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	1,450	8.1	0.9	(6.4–9.8)
Hartford County, Connecticut	1,391	8.5	0.9	(6.7–10.2)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	506	7.4	1.4	(4.8–10.1)
New Haven County, Connecticut	1,439	10.9	1.1	(8.8–13.0)
New London County, Connecticut	758	9.8	1.3	(7.2–12.4)
Kent County, Delaware	1,030	11.8	1.3	(9.3–14.3)
New Castle County, Delaware	1,495	11.2	1.1	(9.0–13.4)
Sussex County, Delaware	1,115	15.4	1.4	(12.7–18.1)
District of Columbia, District of Columbia	2,665	9.8	0.8	(8.2–11.3)
Broward County, Florida	382	6.5	1.5	(3.6–9.4)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	554	8.9	1.7	(5.5–12.3)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	941	9.4	1.5	(6.6–12.3)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	2,509	7.1	0.7	(5.7–8.5)
Kauai County, Hawaii	534	8.1	1.5	(5.1–11.1)
Mauai County, Hawaii	857	6.3	1.0	(4.4–8.3)
Ada County, Idaho	578	6.7	1.2	(4.4–9.0)
Canyon County, Idaho	369	10.7	2.8	(5.2–16.2)
Cook County, Illinois	984	8.9	1.2	(6.5–11.3)
Lake County, Indiana	665	11.8	1.8	(8.3–15.3)
Marion County, Indiana	858	11.3	1.4	(8.6–14.1)
Polk County, Iowa	543	9.9	1.5	(6.9–12.8)
Johnson County, Kansas	1,587	6.8	0.6	(5.5–8.0)
Sedgwick County, Kansas	1,234	12.3	1.0	(10.4–14.3)
Shawnee County, Kansas	541	11.8	1.7	(8.6–15.0)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	672	12.8	1.6	(9.6–15.9)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	1,246	15.2	1.8	(11.8–18.7)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	398	12.2	2.0	(8.4–16.0)
Androscoggin County, Maine	466	11.8	1.8	(8.2–15.4)
Aroostook County, Maine	409	20.0	2.4	(15.3–24.7)
Cumberland County, Maine	1,257	10.2	1.1	(8.1–12.4)
Kennebec County, Maine	580	12.4	1.6	(9.2–15.6)
Penobscot County, Maine	659	12.5	1.4	(9.6–15.3)

See table footnotes on page 124.

TABLE 66. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥45 years who have ever been told by a health care professional that they have coronary heart disease,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
York County, Maine	867	9.6	1.1	(7.5–11.8)
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	641	9.6	1.4	(6.9–12.2)
Baltimore County, Maryland	1,095	11.9	1.2	(9.6–14.3)
Charles County, Maryland	357	10.4	2.1	(6.3–14.4)
Frederick County, Maryland	577	9.2	1.7	(5.9–12.6)
Montgomery County, Maryland	1,123	8.2	1.0	(6.2–10.1)
Prince George's County, Maryland	806	6.8	1.0	(4.9–8.7)
Washington County, Maryland	420	15.9	3.3	(9.4–22.4)
Baltimore city, Maryland	536	14.4	2.4	(9.7–19.1)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	468	11.1	1.6	(8.0–14.3)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	1,942	13.3	1.4	(10.5–16.0)
Essex County, Massachusetts	1,889	10.1	1.1	(7.9–12.4)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	1,400	12.5	1.4	(9.8–15.1)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	2,852	9.2	0.8	(7.7–10.7)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	1,255	9.3	1.3	(6.8–11.8)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	1,327	9.8	1.3	(7.4–12.3)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	1,433	11.8	1.4	(9.1–14.4)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	1,823	9.8	1.0	(7.8–11.8)
Kent County, Michigan	389	11.4	1.9	(7.7–15.1)
Macomb County, Michigan	420	11.6	1.7	(8.3–15.0)
Oakland County, Michigan	858	9.6	1.2	(7.3–11.9)
Wayne County, Michigan	1,608	13.2	1.4	(10.5–15.9)
Anoka County, Minnesota	364	7.3	1.7	(4.0–10.6)
Dakota County, Minnesota	422	7.8	1.6	(4.7–10.9)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	2,196	7.0	1.0	(5.1–8.9)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	1,447	11.6	1.5	(8.6–14.5)
Jackson County, Missouri	669	9.1	1.5	(6.2–12.1)
St. Louis County, Missouri	669	9.0	1.5	(6.1–11.9)
Cascade County, Montana	542	11.9	1.6	(8.7–15.1)
Flathead County, Montana	398	8.8	1.6	(5.7–11.9)
Hill County, Montana	430	9.6	1.9	(6.0–13.3)
Lake County, Montana	701	11.3	1.8	(7.8–14.8)
Missoula County, Montana	540	8.1	1.3	(5.5–10.6)
Yellowstone County, Montana	475	11.7	1.5	(8.7–14.7)
Dakota County, Nebraska	574	11.7	2.2	(7.4–16.1)
Douglas County, Nebraska	2,285	9.9	0.8	(8.5–11.4)
Hall County, Nebraska	379	9.6	1.6	(6.5–12.8)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	781	9.5	1.2	(7.1–11.9)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	475	10.4	1.6	(7.2–13.6)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	732	9.6	1.4	(6.9–12.3)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	475	13.0	2.3	(8.5–17.6)
Clark County, Nevada	1,210	11.3	1.1	(9.2–13.4)
Washoe County, Nevada	1,081	8.8	1.2	(6.5–11.1)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	471	10.7	2.0	(6.8–14.7)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	461	8.7	1.9	(5.0–12.4)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	440	11.0	1.8	(7.4–14.6)
Coos County, New Hampshire	434	12.7	2.1	(8.5–16.8)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	439	9.3	1.5	(6.4–12.2)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	1,367	9.8	1.0	(7.9–11.7)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	525	9.0	1.5	(6.0–11.9)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	785	8.0	1.1	(5.7–10.2)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	479	13.8	1.9	(10.2–17.5)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	787	13.4	1.5	(10.4–16.4)
Bergen County, New Jersey	606	7.3	1.2	(4.9–9.6)
Burlington County, New Jersey	488	8.5	1.5	(5.6–11.5)
Camden County, New Jersey	516	14.2	2.1	(10.1–18.3)
Cape May County, New Jersey	456	11.1	1.9	(7.4–14.9)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	401	12.1	2.0	(8.2–16.0)
Essex County, New Jersey	793	9.3	1.2	(7.0–11.6)

See table footnotes on page 124.

TABLE 66. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥45 years who have ever been told by a health care professional that they have coronary heart disease,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Gloucester County, New Jersey	404	11.2	1.9	(7.4–14.9)
Hudson County, New Jersey	741	14.7	1.9	(11.0–18.3)
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	437	9.7	2.1	(5.6–13.9)
Mercer County, New Jersey	408	8.3	1.4	(5.6–11.0)
Middlesex County, New Jersey	518	9.5	1.5	(6.5–12.5)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	507	10.0	1.6	(6.9–13.1)
Morris County, New Jersey	610	10.2	1.5	(7.2–13.1)
Ocean County, New Jersey	477	14.6	2.0	(10.6–18.5)
Passaic County, New Jersey	407	9.3	1.7	(6.0–12.5)
Salem County, New Jersey	447	13.6	2.0	(9.8–17.4)
Somerset County, New Jersey	453	8.4	1.6	(5.2–11.6)
Sussex County, New Jersey	424	8.0	1.7	(4.7–11.3)
Union County, New Jersey	440	7.9	1.5	(5.1–10.8)
Warren County, New Jersey	420	11.2	1.8	(7.7–14.8)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	1,286	8.5	0.9	(6.7–10.3)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	475	12.4	1.8	(8.9–15.9)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	483	10.8	2.0	(7.0–14.7)
San Juan County, New Mexico	425	10.1	1.7	(6.8–13.4)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	506	8.4	1.6	(5.2–11.6)
Kings County, New York	208	10.0	2.6	(4.8–15.1)
Guilford County, North Carolina	332	9.4	1.7	(6.0–12.7)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	361	7.6	1.7	(4.3–10.8)
Robeson County, North Carolina	402	18.0	4.1	(10.0–26.0)
Wake County, North Carolina	358	7.4	1.6	(4.4–10.5)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	398	16.2	2.4	(11.5–20.9)
Cass County, North Dakota	579	7.5	1.4	(4.9–10.2)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	585	11.0	1.5	(8.2–13.9)
Franklin County, Ohio	478	13.1	1.9	(9.3–16.8)
Hamilton County, Ohio	512	12.8	1.8	(9.2–16.4)
Lorain County, Ohio	498	12.1	1.7	(8.7–15.5)
Lucas County, Ohio	465	11.0	1.9	(7.3–14.6)
Mahoning County, Ohio	489	12.6	2.0	(8.6–16.6)
Montgomery County, Ohio	490	12.4	1.8	(8.9–15.9)
Stark County, Ohio	483	13.9	2.1	(9.9–18.0)
Summit County, Ohio	481	9.8	1.6	(6.7–12.9)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	732	13.4	1.4	(10.7–16.2)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	805	10.9	1.2	(8.5–13.3)
Clackamas County, Oregon	388	8.9	1.9	(5.1–12.6)
Lane County, Oregon	391	9.3	1.7	(6.0–12.6)
Multnomah County, Oregon	602	10.4	1.7	(7.1–13.7)
Washington County, Oregon	416	10.5	2.0	(6.6–14.3)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	1,371	10.7	1.0	(8.7–12.7)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	1,463	11.6	0.9	(9.9–13.4)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	347	6.2	1.4	(3.5–8.9)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	1,378	12.2	1.2	(9.8–14.6)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	1,543	10.8	0.8	(9.1–12.4)
Kent County, Rhode Island	584	8.8	1.3	(6.3–11.4)
Providence County, Rhode Island	2,299	12.2	0.9	(10.4–13.9)
Washington County, Rhode Island	519	9.5	1.4	(6.8–12.3)
Aiken County, South Carolina	429	12.7	2.0	(8.8–16.6)

TABLE 66. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥45 years who have ever been told by a health care professional that they have coronary heart disease,* by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Beaufort County, South Carolina	689	8.8	1.4	(6.1–11.5)
Charleston County, South Carolina	735	9.7	1.5	(6.8–12.6)
Greenville County, South Carolina	573	14.0	2.0	(10.2–17.9)
Horry County, South Carolina	579	14.2	1.7	(10.9–17.6)
Richland County, South Carolina	655	14.0	2.4	(9.3–18.6)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	467	12.9	2.1	(8.8–17.1)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	313	7.7	1.8	(4.2–11.3)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	469	12.4	1.8	(8.8–15.9)
Pennington County, South Dakota	358	9.8	1.7	(6.4–13.1)
Davidson County, Tennessee	365	12.7	2.2	(8.3–17.1)
Shelby County, Tennessee	329	14.7	2.5	(9.8–19.6)
Bexar County, Texas	374	9.1	1.7	(5.8–12.4)
Dallas County, Texas	287	10.3	2.0	(6.3–14.3)
El Paso County, Texas	439	10.2	2.6	(5.1–15.3)
Harris County, Texas	386	7.8	1.4	(5.0–10.6)
Hidalgo County, Texas	386	12.9	2.4	(8.2–17.5)
Tarrant County, Texas	386	9.4	1.7	(6.2–12.7)
Travis County, Texas	738	8.7	1.2	(6.4–11.1)
Davis County, Utah	652	7.4	1.1	(5.2–9.5)
Salt Lake County, Utah	2,544	8.0	0.6	(6.9–9.2)
Tooele County, Utah	359	10.6	2.9	(5.0–16.2)
Utah County, Utah	849	8.5	1.0	(6.5–10.5)
Wasatch County, Utah	358	8.0	1.4	(5.3–10.8)
Weber County, Utah	679	11.1	1.7	(7.7–14.4)
Chittenden County, Vermont	589	7.3	1.3	(4.6–9.9)
Rutland County, Vermont	471	13.1	1.9	(9.4–16.7)
Washington County, Vermont	386	10.7	1.9	(7.0–14.5)
Windsor County, Vermont	423	8.1	1.4	(5.4–10.8)
Fairfax County, Virginia	461	6.8	1.4	(4.1–9.5)
Clark County, Washington	558	11.5	1.5	(8.5–14.6)
King County, Washington	2,647	8.2	0.6	(7.0–9.5)
Kitsap County, Washington	425	8.8	1.5	(5.9–11.8)
Pierce County, Washington	809	9.0	1.1	(6.8–11.1)
Snohomish County, Washington	805	9.2	1.3	(6.6–11.9)
Spokane County, Washington	718	9.0	1.2	(6.7–11.3)
Thurston County, Washington	383	10.3	1.8	(6.9–13.8)
Whatcom County, Washington	619	8.4	1.4	(5.6–11.3)
Yakima County, Washington	364	9.4	1.8	(5.8–13.0)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	441	20.6	2.3	(16.1–25.0)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	657	11.9	2.0	(8.1–15.8)
Laramie County, Wyoming	753	10.1	1.7	(6.8–13.4)
Natrona County, Wyoming	647	10.2	1.6	(7.0–13.3)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	423	11.4	1.9	(7.6–15.2)
<i>Median</i>		10.0		
<i>Range</i>		6.1–20.6		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* Including heart attack also known as myocardial infarction, and angina.

† Estimate not available (N/A) if the unweighted sample size for the denominator was <50 or if the relative standard error is >0.3.

TABLE 67. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥45 years who have ever been told by a health care professional that they had a stroke, by state/territory — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	6,780	6.6	0.4	(5.8–7.4)
Alaska	2,611	4.7	0.5	(3.6–5.8)
Arizona	5,467	4.7	0.4	(3.9–5.6)
Arkansas	3,915	6.1	0.5	(5.2–6.9)
California	9,634	3.9	0.3	(3.3–4.4)
Colorado	8,629	3.1	0.2	(2.7–3.5)
Connecticut	6,173	3.4	0.3	(2.9–3.9)
Delaware	3,634	5.3	0.5	(4.4–6.3)
District of Columbia	2,662	7.1	1.0	(5.2–8.9)
Florida	5,767	4.6	0.4	(3.9–5.3)
Georgia	4,393	5.8	0.5	(4.9–6.8)
Hawaii	4,827	4.5	0.4	(3.7–5.4)
Idaho	4,486	4.4	0.5	(3.4–5.3)
Illinois	4,069	4.2	0.4	(3.5–5.0)
Indiana	5,993	5.7	0.4	(4.9–6.4)
Iowa	5,167	5.2	0.4	(4.5–5.9)
Kansas	8,558	4.9	0.3	(4.3–5.4)
Kentucky	8,192	6.7	0.4	(5.9–7.6)
Louisiana	6,887	6.5	0.5	(5.6–7.4)
Maine	7,285	4.3	0.3	(3.7–4.8)
Maryland	9,600	4.1	0.3	(3.5–4.7)
Massachusetts	15,161	3.4	0.2	(3.0–3.9)
Michigan	7,710	5.5	0.3	(4.8–6.2)
Minnesota	8,384	3.8	0.3	(3.2–4.4)
Mississippi	5,908	7.3	0.4	(6.5–8.2)
Missouri	4,979	6.0	0.5	(5.1–6.9)
Montana	6,247	4.5	0.3	(3.9–5.1)
Nebraska	13,912	4.0	0.2	(3.6–4.4)
Nevada	3,342	5.1	0.7	(3.8–6.4)
New Hampshire	5,768	3.6	0.3	(3.0–4.2)
New Jersey	10,727	3.8	0.2	(3.3–4.2)
New Mexico	6,046	4.8	0.3	(4.1–5.5)
New York	3,969	4.5	0.6	(3.4–5.6)
North Carolina	8,090	5.2	0.3	(4.6–5.7)
North Dakota	3,503	4.2	0.4	(3.3–5.0)
Ohio	9,490	5.1	0.3	(4.5–5.7)
Oklahoma	5,659	6.1	0.4	(5.3–6.8)
Oregon	3,885	4.8	0.4	(4.0–5.6)
Pennsylvania	14,370	4.6	0.2	(4.1–5.1)
Rhode Island	3,899	3.9	0.4	(3.2–4.7)
South Carolina	9,361	6.0	0.3	(5.4–6.7)
South Dakota	5,368	4.0	0.4	(3.1–4.8)
Tennessee	5,221	6.6	0.5	(5.7–7.5)
Texas	5,991	4.7	0.3	(4.0–5.4)
Utah	7,710	4.0	0.3	(3.5–4.5)
Vermont	4,528	3.7	0.3	(3.1–4.3)
Virginia	5,156	5.5	0.4	(4.7–6.2)
Washington	11,037	4.0	0.2	(3.5–4.4)
West Virginia	3,895	5.8	0.4	(5.0–6.6)
Wisconsin	3,846	3.7	0.5	(2.8–4.6)
Wyoming	4,901	3.7	0.4	(3.0–4.4)
Guam	893	5.6	1.0	(3.7–7.5)
Puerto Rico	3,982	3.4	0.3	(2.8–4.1)
<i>Median</i>		4.7		
<i>Range</i>		3.1–7.3		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

TABLE 68. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥45 years who have ever been told by a health care professional that they had a stroke, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	344	N/A†	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Akron, Ohio	555	5.1	1.2	(2.8–7.4)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	2,175	4.6	0.6	(3.5–5.7)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	993	3.0	0.8	(1.4–4.5)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California*	677	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Anchorage, Alaska	861	3.9	0.7	(2.4–5.3)
Asheville, North Carolina	439	6.8	1.6	(3.7–9.9)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	1,733	5.0	0.7	(3.6–6.5)
Atlantic City-Hammonton, New Jersey	786	4.8	1.0	(2.8–6.7)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	792	5.7	1.1	(3.5–7.9)
Augusta-Waterville, Maine	578	3.4	0.9	(1.8–5.1)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	960	3.6	0.8	(2.0–5.1)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	3,424	4.6	0.5	(3.7–5.6)
Bangor, Maine	658	4.4	1.0	(2.5–6.4)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	466	3.8	1.0	(1.8–5.9)
Barre, Vermont	386	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	1,044	4.8	0.9	(3.1–6.6)
Bellingham, Washington	612	3.4	0.7	(2.0–4.8)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	568	5.4	1.2	(3.0–7.8)
Billings, Montana	548	4.0	0.9	(2.3–5.7)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	1,301	6.0	0.8	(4.4–7.6)
Bismarck, North Dakota	582	6.6	1.4	(3.9–9.3)
Boise City, Idaho	1,076	4.8	0.9	(3.0–6.6)
Boston, Massachusetts*	3,999	2.6	0.4	(1.9–3.4)
Boulder, Colorado	354	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	425	5.7	1.2	(3.5–8.0)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	1,446	2.8	0.5	(1.8–3.9)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	1,025	3.8	0.6	(2.5–5.0)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts*	4,731	3.0	0.3	(2.4–3.6)
Camden, New Jersey*	1,403	4.3	0.7	(2.8–5.7)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	530	6.0	1.2	(3.6–8.5)
Casper, Wyoming	646	4.8	1.1	(2.5–7.0)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	410	3.6	1.0	(1.6–5.5)
Charleston, West Virginia	535	6.4	1.1	(4.3–8.5)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	1,211	6.3	0.9	(4.5–8.0)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	1,604	4.4	0.6	(3.3–5.6)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	496	5.3	1.2	(2.9–7.6)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	748	3.5	0.7	(2.1–4.9)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	2,569	3.6	0.4	(2.7–4.4)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	1,633	7.1	0.9	(5.3–8.8)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	1,505	3.5	0.5	(2.6–4.4)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	1,292	4.8	0.8	(3.1–6.4)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	760	3.0	0.7	(1.7–4.2)
Columbia, South Carolina	1,240	4.2	0.7	(2.8–5.6)
Columbus, Ohio	1,022	5.2	0.8	(3.7–6.8)
Concord, New Hampshire	522	3.9	1.1	(1.7–6.1)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas*	525	3.5	0.8	(1.9–5.1)
Dayton, Ohio	613	4.4	0.9	(2.6–6.2)
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	3,167	3.1	0.3	(2.4–3.7)
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	780	4.4	0.8	(2.8–6.0)

See table footnotes on page 127.

TABLE 68. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥45 years who have ever been told by a health care professional that they had a stroke, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan*	1,599	5.8	0.8	(4.3–7.4)
Dover, Delaware	1,030	6.9	1.2	(4.5–9.3)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	381	3.8	1.1	(1.7–5.9)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	512	4.7	1.0	(2.7–6.7)
El Paso, Texas	438	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Eugene, Oregon	391	4.3	1.1	(2.1–6.5)
Fairbanks, Alaska	328	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	628	3.1	0.9	(1.3–4.9)
Farmington, New Mexico	424	4.6	1.3	(2.2–7.1)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	318	4.8	1.4	(2.1–7.6)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	586	4.4	1.1	(2.1–6.6)
Fort Collins, Colorado	412	4.4	1.1	(2.2–6.5)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	353	4.4	1.2	(2.0–6.8)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas*	500	4.9	1.3	(2.3–7.5)
Grand Island, Nebraska	633	3.8	0.8	(2.3–5.4)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	653	4.2	0.9	(2.5–6.0)
Great Falls, Montana	539	6.6	1.2	(4.2–9.1)
Greeley, Colorado	337	4.0	1.2	(1.7–6.3)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	552	5.0	1.1	(2.9–7.1)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	1,143	6.2	0.9	(4.4–7.9)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	547	7.6	1.4	(4.9–10.2)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	569	3.9	0.9	(2.1–5.6)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	441	3.5	1.0	(1.7–5.4)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	1,865	3.2	0.4	(2.4–4.0)
Heber, Utah	356	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Hilo, Hawaii	939	5.2	1.2	(2.9–7.4)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	791	2.3	0.5	(1.3–3.2)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	619	4.8	0.9	(3.1–6.5)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	808	5.8	0.9	(4.0–7.6)
Huntsville, Alabama	416	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	394	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	1,462	5.1	0.8	(3.6–6.7)
Jackson, Mississippi	636	7.8	1.1	(5.5–10.0)
Jacksonville, Florida	380	5.3	1.3	(2.8–7.8)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	853	3.4	0.7	(2.0–4.8)
Kalispell, Montana	398	4.2	1.1	(2.0–6.5)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	3,492	6.0	0.8	(4.3–7.6)
Kapaa, Hawaii	532	2.8	0.8	(1.2–4.4)
Keene, New Hampshire	439	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	369	2.7	0.8	(1.2–4.2)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	457	8.0	1.6	(4.8–11.2)
Knoxville, Tennessee	623	5.6	1.0	(3.6–7.6)
Laconia, New Hampshire	469	4.4	1.3	(1.9–6.9)
Lafayette, Louisiana	396	5.1	1.5	(2.2–8.0)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	474	4.7	1.1	(2.5–6.9)
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	1,206	5.9	1.0	(4.0–7.8)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	466	8.0	1.6	(4.9–11.1)
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	321	3.6	1.1	(1.5–5.7)
Lincoln, Nebraska	947	3.5	0.7	(2.1–4.8)

See table footnotes on page 127.

TABLE 68. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥45 years who have ever been told by a health care professional that they had a stroke, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	856	4.3	0.8	(2.7–5.8)
Logan, Utah-Idaho	292	2.7	0.8	(1.1–4.2)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California*	2,125	3.4	0.5	(2.4–4.4)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	1,557	6.3	1.0	(4.3–8.3)
Lumberton, North Carolina	402	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	1,366	3.5	0.6	(2.3–4.7)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	384	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	929	8.7	1.4	(6.0–11.4)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	1,181	3.6	0.8	(2.1–5.2)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	861	5.5	1.4	(2.8–8.2)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	5,333	4.3	0.5	(3.3–5.3)
Missoula, Montana	539	5.1	1.1	(3.0–7.3)
Mobile, Alabama	641	9.3	1.7	(6.0–12.6)
Montgomery, Alabama	378	8.2	1.8	(4.7–11.7)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania*	840	3.7	0.7	(2.4–5.1)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	714	5.4	0.9	(3.6–7.2)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	867	5.1	0.9	(3.3–6.8)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York*	621	2.7	0.7	(1.3–4.1)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania*	4,691	3.9	0.5	(3.1–4.8)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	1,435	3.7	0.6	(2.6–4.9)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	945	4.8	0.8	(3.1–6.4)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey*	4,405	4.7	0.8	(3.2–6.2)
Norfolk, Nebraska	444	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
North Platte, Nebraska	489	4.7	1.1	(2.6–6.7)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	757	3.3	0.8	(1.8–4.8)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California*	676	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Ocean City, New Jersey	454	6.0	1.1	(3.8–8.2)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	1,499	4.2	0.6	(3.0–5.4)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	1,550	5.5	0.6	(4.2–6.7)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	382	4.1	1.1	(1.9–6.3)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	3,556	4.6	0.5	(3.6–5.5)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	408	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania*	1,614	5.6	0.7	(4.3–7.0)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	1,758	4.4	0.6	(3.2–5.6)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	2,453	5.1	0.5	(4.1–6.2)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	347	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	2,411	3.7	0.5	(2.7–4.7)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	2,190	4.3	0.5	(3.3–5.3)
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	5,836	3.8	0.3	(3.1–4.4)
Provo-Orem, Utah	893	4.1	0.7	(2.7–5.4)
Raleigh, North Carolina	509	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Rapid City, South Dakota	697	4.5	0.9	(2.7–6.3)
Reno, Nevada	1,093	2.2	0.4	(1.4–3.1)
Richmond, Virginia	708	4.3	0.8	(2.8–5.8)

See table footnotes on page 127.

TABLE 68. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥ 45 years who have ever been told by a health care professional that they had a stroke, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	999	3.7	0.8	(2.3–5.2)
Rockingham County-Strafford County, New Hampshire*	1,262	3.2	0.5	(2.2–4.2)
Rutland, Vermont	470	3.8	1.0	(1.9–5.7)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	699	4.4	1.2	(2.0–6.8)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	1,462	5.4	0.8	(3.8–7.0)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	1,718	5.8	0.7	(4.3–7.2)
Salt Lake City, Utah	2,899	3.9	0.4	(3.1–4.7)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	522	4.0	0.9	(2.2–5.9)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	728	3.2	0.8	(1.6–4.8)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California*	389	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	418	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	2,482	3.6	0.4	(2.8–4.5)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	505	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	1,457	4.2	0.6	(3.0–5.4)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	518	3.4	0.8	(1.8–4.9)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	552	4.2	1.0	(2.3–6.1)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington*	3,445	3.5	0.4	(2.7–4.3)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	419	4.8	1.2	(2.4–7.2)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland*	1,699	2.1	0.3	(1.4–2.8)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	923	4.7	1.2	(2.3–7.0)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	833	3.8	0.8	(2.2–5.4)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	509	8.0	1.7	(4.7–11.3)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	830	4.6	0.8	(3.1–6.0)
Springfield, Massachusetts	1,667	5.1	0.9	(3.5–6.8)
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington*	809	4.4	0.8	(2.8–6.0)

TABLE 68. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥ 45 years who have ever been told by a health care professional that they had a stroke, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	609	4.1	0.8	(2.4–5.7)
Toledo, Ohio	717	5.1	1.1	(3.0–7.2)
Topeka, Kansas	791	3.8	0.7	(2.4–5.2)
Torrington, Connecticut	506	4.1	1.0	(2.1–6.0)
Trenton, New Jersey	407	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Tucson, Arizona	726	4.5	0.9	(2.8–6.2)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	1,197	5.1	0.7	(3.6–6.6)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	430	8.5	1.4	(5.6–11.3)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	2,503	4.8	0.6	(3.6–5.9)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	402	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	1,076	5.7	0.8	(4.0–7.3)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan*	1,551	5.2	0.7	(3.8–6.7)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia*	5,553	4.6	0.5	(3.7–5.5)
Wichita, Kansas	1,669	5.3	0.7	(3.9–6.7)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey*	2,179	4.9	0.6	(3.8–6.1)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	546	5.6	1.2	(3.3–7.8)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	1,983	4.2	0.7	(2.8–5.6)
Yakima, Washington	364	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	740	3.2	0.9	(1.4–5.0)
<i>Median</i>		4.4		
<i>Range</i>		2.1–9.3		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* Metropolitan division.

† Estimate not available (N/A) if the unweighted sample size for the denominator was <50 or if the relative standard error is >0.3.

TABLE 69. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥45 years who have ever been told by a health care professional that they had a stroke, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	646	5.2	1.0	(3.2–7.2)
Madison County, Alabama	355	N/A*	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Mobile County, Alabama	641	9.3	1.7	(6.0–12.6)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	483	3.7	0.9	(1.9–5.5)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	328	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	378	4.3	1.1	(2.2–6.3)
Maricopa County, Arizona	1,383	4.4	0.7	(3.1–5.7)
Pima County, Arizona	726	4.5	0.9	(2.8–6.2)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	561	4.7	1.1	(2.6–6.7)
Alameda County, California	408	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Los Angeles County, California	2,125	3.4	0.5	(2.4–4.4)
Orange County, California	677	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Riverside County, California	561	3.7	1.0	(1.8–5.6)
Sacramento County, California	425	5.5	1.6	(2.4–8.6)
San Bernardino County, California	438	3.3	1.0	(1.4–5.2)
San Diego County, California	728	3.2	0.8	(1.6–4.8)
Santa Clara County, California	405	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Adams County, Colorado	504	4.8	1.1	(2.6–7.0)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	557	4.3	1.0	(2.3–6.2)
Boulder County, Colorado	354	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Denver County, Colorado	574	2.5	0.7	(1.1–3.8)
Douglas County, Colorado	335	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
El Paso County, Colorado	638	3.0	0.7	(1.7–4.4)
Jefferson County, Colorado	793	2.6	0.5	(1.6–3.6)
Larimer County, Colorado	412	4.4	1.1	(2.2–6.5)
Weld County, Colorado	337	4.0	1.2	(1.7–6.3)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	1,446	2.8	0.5	(1.8–3.9)
Hartford County, Connecticut	1,390	3.4	0.5	(2.4–4.4)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	506	4.1	1.0	(2.1–6.0)
New Haven County, Connecticut	1,435	3.7	0.6	(2.6–4.9)
New London County, Connecticut	757	3.3	0.8	(1.8–4.8)
Kent County, Delaware	1,030	6.9	1.2	(4.5–9.3)
New Castle County, Delaware	1,490	4.7	0.7	(3.4–6.0)
Sussex County, Delaware	1,114	5.8	0.8	(4.3–7.4)
District of Columbia, District of Columbia	2,662	7.0	0.9	(5.2–8.8)
Broward County, Florida	382	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	552	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	939	5.2	1.2	(2.9–7.4)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	2,503	4.8	0.6	(3.6–5.9)
Kauai County, Hawaii	532	2.8	0.8	(1.2–4.4)
Maui County, Hawaii	853	3.4	0.7	(2.0–4.8)
Ada County, Idaho	578	4.5	1.2	(2.2–6.9)
Canyon County, Idaho	367	6.4	1.9	(2.6–10.1)
Cook County, Illinois	984	3.7	0.7	(2.4–5.1)
Lake County, Indiana	665	5.6	1.3	(3.1–8.1)
Marion County, Indiana	856	5.4	0.9	(3.6–7.2)
Polk County, Iowa	542	4.7	1.0	(2.8–6.6)
Johnson County, Kansas	1,582	3.4	0.5	(2.4–4.3)
Sedgwick County, Kansas	1,230	5.4	0.9	(3.7–7.1)
Shawnee County, Kansas	539	3.7	0.9	(2.0–5.5)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	671	6.8	1.5	(3.9–9.7)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	1,238	6.4	1.2	(4.1–8.7)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	398	4.9	1.3	(2.4–7.4)
Androscoggin County, Maine	466	8.0	1.6	(4.9–11.1)
Aroostook County, Maine	409	6.5	1.5	(3.6–9.4)
Cumberland County, Maine	1,253	3.7	0.8	(2.2–5.2)
Kennebec County, Maine	578	3.4	0.9	(1.8–5.1)
Penobscot County, Maine	658	4.4	1.0	(2.5–6.4)
York County, Maine	865	3.7	0.7	(2.3–5.1)

See table footnotes on page 129.

TABLE 69. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥45 years who have ever been told by a health care professional that they had a stroke, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	640	4.7	1.0	(2.8–6.5)
Baltimore County, Maryland	1,095	4.5	0.7	(3.1–5.8)
Charles County, Maryland	357	4.9	1.3	(2.3–7.5)
Frederick County, Maryland	576	4.4	0.9	(2.6–6.1)
Montgomery County, Maryland	1,123	1.5	0.4	(0.8–2.2)
Prince George's County, Maryland	803	5.0	1.3	(2.5–7.5)
Washington County, Maryland	419	3.5	0.9	(1.6–5.4)
Baltimore city, Maryland	534	6.7	1.6	(3.6–9.8)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	466	3.8	1.0	(1.8–5.9)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	1,937	3.8	0.6	(2.5–5.1)
Essex County, Massachusetts	1,887	3.1	0.5	(2.1–4.2)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	1,399	4.5	0.8	(3.0–6.0)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	2,844	2.9	0.4	(2.1–3.6)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	1,253	1.7	0.5	(0.8–2.6)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	1,320	3.8	1.0	(1.9–5.7)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	1,426	2.9	0.5	(1.8–3.9)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	1,819	4.0	0.8	(2.5–5.5)
Kent County, Michigan	389	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Macomb County, Michigan	418	7.2	1.5	(4.2–10.2)
Oakland County, Michigan	852	4.9	1.1	(2.7–7.1)
Wayne County, Michigan	1,599	5.8	0.8	(4.3–7.4)
Anoka County, Minnesota	361	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Dakota County, Minnesota	422	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	2,189	4.6	1.0	(2.7–6.6)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	1,443	4.9	1.2	(2.6–7.2)
Jackson County, Missouri	668	5.5	1.3	(2.9–8.1)
St. Louis County, Missouri	668	4.8	1.3	(2.3–7.3)
Cascade County, Montana	539	6.6	1.2	(4.2–9.1)
Flathead County, Montana	398	4.2	1.1	(2.0–6.5)
Hill County, Montana	432	2.8	0.7	(1.4–4.2)
Lake County, Montana	701	5.3	1.0	(3.4–7.2)
Missoula County, Montana	539	5.1	1.1	(3.0–7.3)
Yellowstone County, Montana	474	4.3	0.9	(2.5–6.1)
Dakota County, Nebraska	573	7.0	2.0	(3.1–10.9)
Douglas County, Nebraska	2,273	4.3	0.5	(3.3–5.2)
Hall County, Nebraska	379	3.7	0.9	(1.9–5.5)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	778	3.4	0.7	(2.0–4.8)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	473	4.6	1.1	(2.5–6.7)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	726	3.4	0.8	(1.8–5.0)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	475	3.1	0.8	(1.5–4.7)
Clark County, Nevada	1,206	5.9	1.0	(4.0–7.8)
Washoe County, Nevada	1,080	2.2	0.4	(1.4–3.1)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	469	4.4	1.3	(1.9–6.9)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	458	2.9	0.8	(1.4–4.4)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	439	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Coos County, New Hampshire	433	4.4	1.1	(2.1–6.6)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	440	3.3	0.8	(1.8–4.8)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	1,366	3.5	0.6	(2.3–4.7)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	522	3.9	1.1	(1.7–6.1)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	785	2.5	0.6	(1.4–3.6)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	477	4.9	1.2	(2.6–7.3)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	786	4.8	1.0	(2.8–6.7)
Bergen County, New Jersey	606	2.5	0.7	(1.1–3.9)
Burlington County, New Jersey	486	4.7	1.4	(2.0–7.4)
Camden County, New Jersey	516	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Cape May County, New Jersey	454	6.0	1.1	(3.8–8.2)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	402	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Essex County, New Jersey	792	5.2	1.0	(3.2–7.2)
Gloucester County, New Jersey	401	4.1	1.1	(2.0–6.3)
Hudson County, New Jersey	741	4.2	0.9	(2.4–6.0)

See table footnotes on page 129.

TABLE 69. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥ 45 years who have ever been told by a health care professional that they had a stroke, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	437	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Mercer County, New Jersey	407	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Middlesex County, New Jersey	518	3.3	0.9	(1.6–5.0)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	507	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Morris County, New Jersey	610	3.0	0.9	(1.3–4.7)
Ocean County, New Jersey	477	5.4	1.3	(2.8–8.0)
Passaic County, New Jersey	407	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Salem County, New Jersey	445	7.4	1.6	(4.2–10.6)
Somerset County, New Jersey	453	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Sussex County, New Jersey	423	4.1	1.0	(2.0–6.1)
Union County, New Jersey	440	3.3	0.9	(1.4–5.1)
Warren County, New Jersey	419	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	1,285	4.8	0.7	(3.4–6.1)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	474	4.7	1.1	(2.5–6.9)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	482	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
San Juan County, New Mexico	424	4.6	1.3	(2.2–7.1)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	505	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Kings County, New York	208	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Guilford County, North Carolina	331	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	360	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Robeson County, North Carolina	402	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Wake County, North Carolina	358	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	398	8.2	1.9	(4.5–12.0)
Cass County, North Dakota	578	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	586	4.5	1.0	(2.7–6.4)
Franklin County, Ohio	478	4.6	1.1	(2.5–6.7)
Hamilton County, Ohio	509	6.0	1.1	(3.9–8.0)
Lorain County, Ohio	495	6.2	1.4	(3.6–8.9)
Lucas County, Ohio	465	5.4	1.2	(2.9–7.8)
Mahoning County, Ohio	488	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Montgomery County, Ohio	491	4.7	1.2	(2.4–7.1)
Stark County, Ohio	482	5.9	1.3	(3.4–8.4)
Summit County, Ohio	479	5.9	1.4	(3.2–8.7)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	727	6.0	1.0	(4.1–7.8)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	803	3.9	0.7	(2.5–5.3)
Clackamas County, Oregon	386	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Lane County, Oregon	391	4.3	1.1	(2.1–6.5)
Multnomah County, Oregon	600	5.4	1.1	(3.3–7.6)
Washington County, Oregon	414	4.3	1.2	(2.1–6.6)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	1,372	5.4	0.7	(3.9–6.8)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	1,457	4.2	0.6	(3.0–5.4)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	347	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	1,373	6.5	0.9	(4.8–8.2)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	1,536	3.7	0.5	(2.7–4.7)
Kent County, Rhode Island	584	2.9	0.8	(1.4–4.4)
Providence County, Rhode Island	2,294	4.3	0.6	(3.2–5.4)
Washington County, Rhode Island	517	5.0	1.1	(2.8–7.2)
Aiken County, South Carolina	426	7.2	1.7	(4.0–10.5)
Beaufort County, South Carolina	688	2.1	0.5	(1.1–3.1)

TABLE 69. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥ 45 years who have ever been told by a health care professional that they had a stroke, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Charleston County, South Carolina	736	6.5	1.3	(4.0–9.0)
Greenville County, South Carolina	572	6.4	1.3	(3.9–9.0)
Horry County, South Carolina	577	5.7	1.1	(3.6–7.8)
Richland County, South Carolina	657	4.0	0.9	(2.2–5.8)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	467	9.0	1.9	(5.2–12.7)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	312	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	468	3.8	1.0	(1.9–5.7)
Pennington County, South Dakota	357	5.3	1.2	(2.9–7.6)
Davidson County, Tennessee	364	6.2	1.5	(3.2–9.2)
Shelby County, Tennessee	329	8.3	1.8	(4.7–11.9)
Bexar County, Texas	374	3.0	0.8	(1.5–4.5)
Dallas County, Texas	288	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
El Paso County, Texas	437	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Harris County, Texas	387	4.4	1.0	(2.4–6.3)
Hidalgo County, Texas	384	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Tarrant County, Texas	384	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Travis County, Texas	738	3.8	0.9	(2.1–5.5)
Davis County, Utah	656	4.3	0.9	(2.6–6.1)
Salt Lake County, Utah	2,540	3.9	0.4	(3.0–4.7)
Tooele County, Utah	359	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Utah County, Utah	848	4.1	0.7	(2.8–5.5)
Wasatch County, Utah	356	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Weber County, Utah	679	3.0	0.8	(1.6–4.5)
Chittenden County, Vermont	589	3.6	0.8	(2.1–5.2)
Rutland County, Vermont	470	3.8	1.0	(1.9–5.7)
Washington County, Vermont	386	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Windsor County, Vermont	422	2.2	0.6	(1.0–3.4)
Fairfax County, Virginia	459	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Clark County, Washington	554	4.2	0.9	(2.4–6.0)
King County, Washington	2,644	3.6	0.5	(2.6–4.5)
Kitsap County, Washington	425	5.7	1.2	(3.5–8.0)
Pierce County, Washington	809	4.4	0.8	(2.8–6.0)
Snohomish County, Washington	801	3.5	0.9	(1.8–5.2)
Spokane County, Washington	714	4.6	0.8	(3.1–6.2)
Thurston County, Washington	382	4.1	1.1	(1.9–6.3)
Whatcom County, Washington	612	3.4	0.7	(2.0–4.8)
Yakima County, Washington	364	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	440	5.4	1.1	(3.2–7.6)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	656	5.0	1.2	(2.7–7.3)
Laramie County, Wyoming	748	3.5	0.7	(2.1–4.9)
Natrona County, Wyoming	646	4.8	1.1	(2.5–7.0)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	423	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Median		4.4		
Range		1.5–9.3		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* Estimate not available (N/A) if the unweighted sample size for the denominator was < 50 or if the relative standard error is > 0.3 .

TABLE 70. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported limited activities because of physical, mental, or emotional problems, by state/territory — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	8,935	28.0	0.7	(26.7–29.3)
Alaska	4,288	20.5	0.8	(18.9–22.2)
Arizona	7,177	21.1	0.8	(19.6–22.6)
Arkansas	5,106	25.0	0.8	(23.5–26.5)
California	13,467	19.5	0.5	(18.6–20.4)
Colorado	11,721	19.6	0.5	(18.6–20.5)
Connecticut	8,645	18.6	0.6	(17.5–19.8)
Delaware	5,163	17.5	0.7	(16.2–18.9)
District of Columbia	3,756	18.1	1.0	(16.0–20.1)
Florida	7,485	22.4	0.7	(21.0–23.8)
Georgia	5,910	20.1	0.7	(18.7–21.4)
Hawaii	7,524	16.3	0.6	(15.1–17.6)
Idaho	5,828	24.0	0.9	(22.2–25.9)
Illinois	5,539	19.0	0.8	(17.5–20.5)
Indiana	8,513	21.3	0.6	(20.2–22.4)
Iowa	7,022	18.6	0.5	(17.5–19.6)
Kansas	11,724	20.3	0.5	(19.4–21.3)
Kentucky	10,912	26.2	0.6	(24.9–27.4)
Louisiana	9,004	23.1	0.7	(21.7–24.4)
Maine	9,822	23.0	0.5	(22.0–24.1)
Maryland	12,516	16.7	0.5	(15.7–17.8)
Massachusetts	20,836	18.1	0.4	(17.3–18.9)
Michigan	10,390	22.3	0.5	(21.3–23.4)
Minnesota	11,942	16.2	0.4	(15.3–17.0)
Mississippi	7,716	24.6	0.6	(23.4–25.9)
Missouri	6,679	23.7	0.7	(22.3–25.1)
Montana	8,585	23.2	0.6	(22.1–24.4)
Nebraska	19,018	18.4	0.4	(17.7–19.2)
Nevada	4,782	19.2	0.8	(17.7–20.8)
New Hampshire	7,437	21.3	0.6	(20.0–22.5)
New Jersey	15,115	15.4	0.4	(14.6–16.2)
New Mexico	8,660	22.6	0.6	(21.5–23.7)
New York	5,950	19.2	0.7	(17.8–20.7)
North Carolina	11,782	19.7	0.4	(18.9–20.6)
North Dakota	4,829	16.2	0.7	(14.9–17.6)
Ohio	12,677	20.3	0.5	(19.3–21.2)
Oklahoma	7,957	25.7	0.6	(24.5–26.9)
Oregon	5,166	26.4	0.8	(24.9–28.0)
Pennsylvania	19,657	20.1	0.5	(19.2–21.0)
Rhode Island	5,393	20.0	0.7	(18.6–21.5)
South Carolina	12,584	23.0	0.5	(22.0–24.0)
South Dakota	7,820	20.0	0.7	(18.6–21.4)
Tennessee	6,827	23.1	0.7	(21.8–24.4)
Texas	8,996	17.9	0.5	(16.8–18.9)
Utah	12,199	19.1	0.4	(18.2–19.9)
Vermont	5,972	19.7	0.6	(18.5–21.0)
Virginia	7,176	19.0	0.6	(17.8–20.1)
Washington	15,142	23.7	0.5	(22.8–24.6)
West Virginia	5,394	28.6	0.7	(27.2–30.1)
Wisconsin	5,142	19.2	0.8	(17.6–20.8)
Wyoming	6,186	19.1	0.7	(17.6–20.5)
Guam	2,003	15.0	1.0	(12.9–17.0)
Puerto Rico	6,286	19.0	0.6	(17.8–20.1)
<i>Median</i>		20.0		
<i>Range</i>		15.0–28.6		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

TABLE 71. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported limited activities because of physical, mental, or emotional problems, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	549	20.5	2.0	(16.6–24.4)
Akron, Ohio	724	20.8	2.0	(16.9–24.7)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	3,224	21.7	0.9	(20.0–23.4)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	1,319	19.3	1.5	(16.3–22.3)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California*	965	15.0	1.6	(11.9–18.2)
Anchorage, Alaska	1,489	19.8	1.3	(17.4–22.3)
Asheville, North Carolina	591	24.9	2.2	(20.7–29.2)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	2,460	17.8	1.0	(15.7–19.8)
Atlantic City-Hammonton, New Jersey	988	21.7	1.8	(18.1–25.2)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	1,008	24.0	2.6	(19.0–29.0)
Augusta-Waterville, Maine	826	24.3	1.8	(20.9–27.8)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	1,372	17.5	1.5	(14.6–20.4)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	4,626	18.0	0.8	(16.4–19.6)
Bangor, Maine	925	24.3	1.7	(21.0–27.5)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	541	19.7	2.1	(15.6–23.9)
Barre, Vermont	508	17.7	2.0	(13.8–21.6)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	1,382	20.6	1.5	(17.6–23.5)
Bellingham, Washington	841	23.9	2.1	(19.7–28.1)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	699	28.1	2.7	(22.9–33.3)
Billings, Montana	843	22.5	1.6	(19.3–25.7)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	1,800	25.4	1.4	(22.7–28.1)
Bismarck, North Dakota	816	17.3	1.7	(14.0–20.6)
Boise City, Idaho	1,470	23.6	1.6	(20.4–26.8)
Boston, Massachusetts*	5,677	16.2	0.7	(14.8–17.7)
Boulder, Colorado	494	20.0	2.1	(15.8–24.2)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	561	27.0	2.3	(22.4–31.5)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	2,145	16.8	1.2	(14.5–19.1)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	1,502	17.3	1.1	(15.1–19.6)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts*	6,619	16.4	0.6	(15.1–17.6)
Camden, New Jersey*	1,930	18.8	1.2	(16.4–21.2)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	666	20.0	2.0	(16.0–23.9)
Casper, Wyoming	819	23.0	2.1	(18.8–27.2)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	573	17.0	1.7	(13.7–20.4)
Charleston, West Virginia	767	27.8	1.8	(24.2–31.4)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	1,680	21.1	1.4	(18.4–23.8)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	2,499	18.4	1.0	(16.4–20.4)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	611	21.4	2.2	(17.2–25.7)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	942	20.5	1.9	(16.7–24.2)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	3,696	16.7	0.9	(15.0–18.4)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	2,317	20.2	1.1	(18.1–22.3)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	1,931	20.6	1.2	(18.2–23.0)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	1,699	19.8	1.3	(17.2–22.4)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	1,118	20.7	1.5	(17.8–23.6)
Columbia, South Carolina	1,782	20.4	1.4	(17.7–23.1)
Columbus, Ohio	1,564	19.3	1.3	(16.8–21.8)
Concord, New Hampshire	694	24.1	2.2	(19.7–28.5)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas*	892	15.4	1.4	(12.7–18.2)
Dayton, Ohio	836	19.6	1.7	(16.2–22.9)
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	4,650	18.5	0.7	(17.2–19.9)
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	1,141	19.1	1.4	(16.4–21.8)

See table footnotes on page 132.

TABLE 71. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported limited activities because of physical, mental, or emotional problems, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan*	2,190	24.3	1.4	(21.5–27.1)
Dover, Delaware	1,438	18.1	1.4	(15.5–20.8)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	510	18.5	2.1	(14.4–22.6)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	789	16.4	1.4	(13.6–19.2)
El Paso, Texas	619	16.1	2.0	(12.2–20.0)
Eugene, Oregon	515	31.7	2.6	(26.6–36.9)
Fairbanks, Alaska	595	24.7	2.4	(19.9–29.5)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	930	16.1	1.6	(12.9–19.3)
Farmington, New Mexico	636	22.0	2.0	(18.1–25.9)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	502	20.3	2.1	(16.1–24.4)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	801	22.9	2.1	(18.7–27.1)
Fort Collins, Colorado	576	18.0	1.8	(14.5–21.6)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	527	20.4	2.3	(16.0–24.9)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas*	717	18.7	1.8	(15.3–22.2)
Grand Island, Nebraska	851	16.5	1.4	(13.7–19.3)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	887	18.8	1.7	(15.5–22.1)
Great Falls, Montana	703	26.2	2.1	(22.1–30.3)
Greeley, Colorado	514	17.2	1.9	(13.5–20.9)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	804	20.1	1.7	(16.9–23.4)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	1,668	24.6	1.4	(21.9–27.2)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	740	29.9	2.1	(25.8–34.0)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	752	21.1	2.2	(16.7–25.4)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	665	22.2	1.9	(18.6–25.9)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	2,636	18.3	0.9	(16.5–20.2)
Heber, Utah	503	12.0	1.8	(8.5–15.5)
Hilo, Hawaii	1,342	20.1	1.6	(17.0–23.1)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	925	17.1	1.8	(13.5–20.7)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	1,123	16.1	1.3	(13.6–18.6)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	1,102	28.4	1.7	(25.2–31.7)
Huntsville, Alabama	611	23.1	2.2	(18.8–27.4)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	531	23.7	3.0	(17.8–29.6)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	2,161	19.9	1.1	(17.8–22.0)
Jackson, Mississippi	912	20.8	1.6	(17.7–24.0)
Jacksonville, Florida	512	21.3	2.5	(16.4–26.2)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	1,210	18.4	1.5	(15.4–21.3)
Kalispell, Montana	551	24.2	2.1	(20.0–28.4)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	4,697	21.1	1.0	(19.1–23.1)
Kapaa, Hawaii	662	17.6	2.2	(13.3–21.9)
Keene, New Hampshire	540	16.8	2.0	(12.8–20.8)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	527	19.8	2.1	(15.7–23.9)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	550	28.6	2.7	(23.4–33.9)
Knoxville, Tennessee	814	25.3	1.9	(21.5–29.1)
Laconia, New Hampshire	556	22.4	2.5	(17.6–27.3)
Lafayette, Louisiana	556	18.0	2.1	(14.0–22.1)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	702	22.3	2.0	(18.3–26.3)
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	1,990	18.1	1.0	(16.2–20.1)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	694	23.8	1.9	(20.1–27.5)
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	521	21.1	2.2	(16.8–25.3)
Lincoln, Nebraska	1,662	15.8	1.0	(13.8–17.8)

See table footnotes on page 132.

TABLE 71. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported limited activities because of physical, mental, or emotional problems, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	1,153	22.6	1.5	(19.6–25.6)
Logan, Utah-Idaho	502	14.8	2.1	(10.7–18.8)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California*	3,165	17.7	0.9	(15.8–19.5)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	2,109	23.4	1.4	(20.7–26.1)
Lumberton, North Carolina	538	29.0	3.7	(21.8–36.3)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	1,890	20.9	1.1	(18.6–23.1)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	615	19.1	2.4	(14.5–23.8)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	1,275	18.1	1.4	(15.4–20.9)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	1,627	18.4	1.4	(15.7–21.1)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	1,206	18.4	1.7	(15.0–21.8)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	7,680	15.8	0.6	(14.7–17.0)
Missoula, Montana	778	24.7	1.9	(21.0–28.4)
Mobile, Alabama	810	28.4	2.3	(23.8–33.0)
Montgomery, Alabama	531	29.7	2.7	(24.3–35.0)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania*	1,299	17.7	1.4	(14.9–20.5)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	929	22.8	1.7	(19.5–26.1)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	1,304	18.4	1.3	(15.9–20.8)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York*	885	15.3	1.5	(12.5–18.2)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania*	6,367	14.2	0.6	(13.0–15.5)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	1,986	20.8	1.3	(18.3–23.3)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	1,264	21.1	1.5	(18.1–24.0)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey*	7,106	17.1	0.8	(15.4–18.7)
Norfolk, Nebraska	567	16.8	1.8	(13.2–20.4)
North Platte, Nebraska	608	21.1	2.4	(16.5–25.8)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	981	18.3	1.9	(14.6–21.9)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California*	913	17.9	1.9	(14.2–21.7)
Ocean City, New Jersey	533	25.1	3.1	(19.1–31.2)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	2,392	20.3	1.0	(18.4–22.3)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	2,422	24.2	1.1	(22.1–26.3)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	509	26.8	2.6	(21.6–31.9)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	5,524	18.4	0.7	(17.1–19.7)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	556	24.5	2.9	(18.8–30.1)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania*	2,408	20.2	1.1	(18.1–22.3)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	2,555	20.1	1.0	(18.0–22.1)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	3,319	20.8	0.9	(19.1–22.5)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	547	19.6	2.0	(15.7–23.5)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	3,299	20.7	0.8	(19.1–22.4)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	3,051	22.8	1.0	(20.9–24.7)
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	7,944	20.1	0.7	(18.8–21.4)
Provo-Orem, Utah	1,721	18.3	1.1	(16.1–20.5)
Raleigh, North Carolina	939	13.3	1.2	(10.9–15.7)
Rapid City, South Dakota	1,045	25.4	1.8	(21.9–28.8)
Reno, Nevada	1,488	22.2	1.6	(19.1–25.2)
Richmond, Virginia	982	15.9	1.4	(13.1–18.7)

See table footnotes on page 132.

TABLE 71. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported limited activities because of physical, mental, or emotional problems, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	1,409	21.1	1.5	(18.2–24.0)
Rockingham County-Strafford County, New Hampshire*	1,652	20.4	1.3	(17.9–22.9)
Rutland, Vermont	587	21.3	2.1	(17.2–25.5)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	935	20.2	1.7	(17.0–23.5)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	2,046	21.4	1.4	(18.8–24.1)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	2,098	20.6	1.5	(17.6–23.6)
Salt Lake City, Utah	4,519	19.2	0.7	(17.8–20.6)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	769	17.5	1.6	(14.3–20.7)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	1,056	18.6	1.6	(15.5–21.7)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California*	543	18.0	2.2	(13.6–22.4)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	641	15.6	1.9	(11.9–19.2)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	3,940	17.7	0.7	(16.3–19.0)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	686	20.1	1.8	(16.5–23.6)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	1,835	18.8	1.4	(16.1–21.5)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	630	22.1	2.4	(17.3–26.9)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	734	23.4	2.0	(19.4–27.4)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington*	5,045	20.7	0.7	(19.3–22.1)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	574	22.1	2.1	(18.0–26.3)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland*	2,235	15.7	1.1	(13.6–17.8)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	1,191	21.0	2.5	(16.1–25.9)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	1,461	16.4	1.3	(13.9–18.9)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	701	26.1	2.4	(21.4–30.8)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	1,087	27.4	1.7	(24.1–30.8)
Springfield, Massachusetts	2,276	22.9	1.3	(20.4–25.5)

TABLE 71. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported limited activities because of physical, mental, or emotional problems, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington*	1,170	27.2	1.7	(23.9–30.4)
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	817	21.7	1.8	(18.1–25.3)
Toledo, Ohio	948	18.2	1.6	(15.0–21.4)
Topeka, Kansas	1,087	25.2	1.7	(21.9–28.5)
Torrington, Connecticut	655	18.3	2.0	(14.3–22.3)
Trenton, New Jersey	560	14.1	1.6	(10.9–17.2)
Tucson, Arizona	983	24.7	1.9	(21.1–28.4)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	1,733	23.8	1.2	(21.5–26.2)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	574	28.2	2.9	(22.4–33.9)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	4,310	15.2	0.8	(13.6–16.8)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	540	18.7	2.2	(14.3–23.1)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	1,472	22.0	1.5	(19.0–25.0)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan*	2,160	20.4	1.1	(18.3–22.5)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia*	8,025	14.7	0.6	(13.5–16.0)
Wichita, Kansas	2,339	19.5	1.0	(17.5–21.4)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey*	3,209	16.7	0.8	(15.1–18.4)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	790	22.0	1.8	(18.5–25.4)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	2,745	19.2	1.0	(17.2–21.3)
Yakima, Washington	528	22.3	2.4	(17.5–27.1)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	905	22.7	2.2	(18.4–26.9)
<i>Median</i>		20.3		
<i>Range</i>		12.0–31.7		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* Metropolitan division.

TABLE 72. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported limited activities because of physical, mental, or emotional problems, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	945	22.4	1.6	(19.3–25.6)
Madison County, Alabama	510	22.0	2.3	(17.5–26.5)
Mobile County, Alabama	810	28.4	2.3	(23.8–33.0)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	894	18.5	1.5	(15.6–21.4)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	595	24.7	2.4	(19.9–29.5)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	595	23.6	2.1	(19.6–27.6)
Maricopa County, Arizona	2,080	20.3	1.1	(18.2–22.5)
Pima County, Arizona	983	24.7	1.9	(21.1–28.4)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	738	22.1	2.0	(18.2–26.0)
Alameda County, California	583	17.5	2.3	(12.9–22.0)
Los Angeles County, California	3,165	17.7	0.9	(15.9–19.5)
Orange County, California	965	15.1	1.6	(11.9–18.2)
Riverside County, California	753	20.2	1.9	(16.5–23.9)
Sacramento County, California	565	21.4	2.2	(17.0–25.7)
San Bernardino County, California	656	21.2	2.1	(17.0–25.3)
San Diego County, California	1,056	18.6	1.6	(15.5–21.7)
Santa Clara County, California	623	15.5	1.9	(11.9–19.2)
Adams County, Colorado	778	20.6	1.7	(17.2–24.1)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	827	18.4	1.6	(15.2–21.6)
Boulder County, Colorado	494	20.0	2.1	(15.8–24.2)
Denver County, Colorado	930	18.5	1.4	(15.7–21.3)
Douglas County, Colorado	525	13.2	1.7	(9.9–16.5)
El Paso County, Colorado	984	20.5	1.5	(17.5–23.5)
Jefferson County, Colorado	1,084	19.1	1.4	(16.3–21.9)
Larimer County, Colorado	576	18.0	1.8	(14.5–21.6)
Weld County, Colorado	514	17.2	1.9	(13.5–21.0)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	2,145	16.8	1.2	(14.5–19.1)
Hartford County, Connecticut	1,957	18.9	1.1	(16.7–21.1)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	655	18.3	2.0	(14.3–22.3)
New Haven County, Connecticut	1,986	20.8	1.3	(18.3–23.3)
New London County, Connecticut	981	18.3	1.9	(14.6–21.9)
Kent County, Delaware	1,438	18.1	1.4	(15.5–20.8)
New Castle County, Delaware	2,328	16.2	0.9	(14.4–18.1)
Sussex County, Delaware	1,397	20.2	1.4	(17.5–22.9)
District of Columbia, District of Columbia	3,756	18.0	1.1	(15.9–20.1)
Broward County, Florida	519	18.2	2.5	(13.3–23.1)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	789	17.1	2.0	(13.2–21.0)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	1,342	20.1	1.6	(17.0–23.1)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	4,310	15.2	0.8	(13.6–16.8)
Kauai County, Hawaii	662	17.6	2.2	(13.3–21.9)
Maui County, Hawaii	1,210	18.4	1.5	(15.4–21.3)
Ada County, Idaho	803	21.7	2.0	(17.7–25.7)
Canyon County, Idaho	498	26.5	3.2	(20.3–32.7)
Cook County, Illinois	1,494	17.4	1.3	(14.9–19.9)
Lake County, Indiana	874	23.7	2.6	(18.6–28.7)
Marion County, Indiana	1,258	17.9	1.3	(15.4–20.5)
Polk County, Iowa	794	19.8	1.6	(16.5–23.0)
Johnson County, Kansas	2,160	15.9	1.0	(13.9–17.8)
Sedgwick County, Kansas	1,783	19.0	1.1	(16.9–21.1)
Shawnee County, Kansas	771	24.6	1.9	(20.9–28.3)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	869	27.5	2.6	(22.3–32.7)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	1,632	24.3	1.8	(20.8–27.7)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	568	17.9	2.0	(14.0–21.9)
Androscoggin County, Maine	694	23.8	1.9	(20.1–27.5)
Aroostook County, Maine	533	28.3	2.4	(23.7–32.9)
Cumberland County, Maine	1,738	20.2	1.1	(17.9–22.4)
Kennebec County, Maine	826	24.3	1.8	(20.9–27.8)
Penobscot County, Maine	925	24.3	1.7	(21.0–27.5)
York County, Maine	1,180	21.7	1.4	(19.0–24.4)

See table footnotes on page 134.

TABLE 72. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported limited activities because of physical, mental, or emotional problems, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	883	18.5	1.8	(14.9–22.1)
Baltimore County, Maryland	1,493	17.9	1.4	(15.3–20.6)
Charles County, Maryland	499	14.6	1.9	(10.8–18.3)
Frederick County, Maryland	746	18.4	2.4	(13.6–23.1)
Montgomery County, Maryland	1,489	15.1	1.2	(12.8–17.5)
Prince George's County, Maryland	1,119	11.7	1.5	(8.9–14.6)
Washington County, Maryland	530	20.9	3.0	(14.9–26.8)
Baltimore city, Maryland	723	21.4	2.2	(17.1–25.7)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	541	19.7	2.1	(15.6–23.9)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	2,551	21.3	1.4	(18.5–24.0)
Essex County, Massachusetts	2,480	18.9	1.3	(16.4–21.5)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	1,899	25.5	1.6	(22.4–28.6)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	4,139	15.3	0.8	(13.8–16.8)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	1,694	14.3	1.2	(12.0–16.7)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	1,757	20.1	1.6	(16.9–23.3)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	2,226	15.9	1.1	(13.8–18.0)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	2,503	18.9	1.1	(16.7–21.0)
Kent County, Michigan	522	16.8	1.8	(13.2–20.4)
Macomb County, Michigan	608	20.7	2.0	(16.9–24.6)
Oakland County, Michigan	1,153	18.6	1.4	(15.9–21.3)
Wayne County, Michigan	2,190	24.3	1.4	(21.5–27.1)
Anoka County, Minnesota	531	16.7	2.0	(12.8–20.7)
Dakota County, Minnesota	659	14.4	1.6	(11.4–17.5)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	3,189	14.8	0.9	(13.1–16.5)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	1,902	19.1	1.8	(15.6–22.6)
Jackson County, Missouri	865	22.0	2.1	(17.9–26.1)
St. Louis County, Missouri	946	20.5	1.7	(17.1–23.8)
Cascade County, Montana	703	26.2	2.1	(22.1–30.3)
Flathead County, Montana	551	24.2	2.1	(20.0–28.4)
Hill County, Montana	576	22.2	2.4	(17.5–27.0)
Lake County, Montana	888	28.5	2.4	(23.8–33.1)
Missoula County, Montana	778	24.7	1.9	(21.0–28.4)
Yellowstone County, Montana	747	21.9	1.7	(18.6–25.2)
Dakota County, Nebraska	728	18.4	2.7	(13.1–23.8)
Douglas County, Nebraska	3,531	20.1	0.9	(18.4–21.7)
Hall County, Nebraska	534	17.0	1.8	(13.4–20.5)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	1,440	15.8	1.1	(13.7–17.9)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	584	21.4	2.4	(16.6–26.1)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	1,165	16.2	1.4	(13.5–18.9)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	578	23.1	2.5	(18.1–28.0)
Clark County, Nevada	1,990	18.1	1.0	(16.2–20.1)
Washoe County, Nevada	1,469	22.2	1.6	(19.1–25.2)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	556	22.4	2.5	(17.6–27.3)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	525	22.0	2.4	(17.2–26.7)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	540	16.8	2.0	(12.8–20.8)
Coos County, New Hampshire	530	28.0	3.1	(21.9–34.2)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	562	22.8	2.4	(18.1–27.4)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	1,890	20.9	1.1	(18.6–23.1)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	694	24.1	2.2	(19.7–28.5)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	1,038	18.8	1.5	(15.8–21.8)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	614	24.2	2.3	(19.7–28.8)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	988	21.7	1.8	(18.1–25.2)
Bergen County, New Jersey	901	14.0	1.5	(11.0–16.9)
Burlington County, New Jersey	668	16.8	2.1	(12.7–20.9)
Camden County, New Jersey	722	20.5	2.1	(16.4–24.6)
Cape May County, New Jersey	533	25.1	3.1	(19.1–31.2)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	540	18.7	2.3	(14.3–23.1)
Essex County, New Jersey	1,299	15.6	1.2	(13.2–17.9)
Gloucester County, New Jersey	540	20.2	2.3	(15.8–24.6)
Hudson County, New Jersey	1,242	14.2	1.3	(11.7–16.7)

See table footnotes on page 134.

TABLE 72. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported limited activities because of physical, mental, or emotional problems, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	548	13.0	1.8	(9.6–16.5)
Mercer County, New Jersey	560	14.1	1.6	(10.9–17.2)
Middlesex County, New Jersey	862	12.2	1.4	(9.5–15.0)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	688	15.3	1.7	(11.9–18.7)
Morris County, New Jersey	822	11.8	1.3	(9.3–14.4)
Ocean County, New Jersey	633	16.2	1.7	(12.9–19.6)
Passaic County, New Jersey	656	14.2	1.8	(10.8–17.7)
Salem County, New Jersey	571	23.8	2.4	(19.0–28.5)
Somerset County, New Jersey	612	12.8	1.8	(9.3–16.2)
Sussex County, New Jersey	532	19.6	2.3	(15.0–24.1)
Union County, New Jersey	681	13.3	1.5	(10.3–16.3)
Warren County, New Jersey	517	18.8	2.4	(14.1–23.5)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	2,037	21.8	1.1	(19.7–23.9)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	702	22.3	2.0	(18.3–26.3)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	644	19.0	1.9	(15.3–22.7)
San Juan County, New Mexico	636	22.0	2.0	(18.1–25.9)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	686	20.1	1.8	(16.6–23.6)
Kings County, New York	482	17.3	2.4	(12.7–22.0)
Guilford County, North Carolina	510	17.1	2.0	(13.2–21.0)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	721	16.4	1.9	(12.8–20.1)
Robeson County, North Carolina	538	29.1	3.7	(21.8–36.3)
Wake County, North Carolina	696	11.3	1.3	(8.7–14.0)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	565	18.5	2.2	(14.2–22.8)
Cass County, North Dakota	834	15.5	1.6	(12.3–18.8)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	809	22.6	1.9	(19.0–26.3)
Franklin County, Ohio	814	19.6	1.8	(16.1–23.2)
Hamilton County, Ohio	751	18.0	1.7	(14.7–21.3)
Lorain County, Ohio	597	18.0	2.4	(13.2–22.8)
Lucas County, Ohio	609	19.0	2.1	(15.0–23.1)
Mahoning County, Ohio	573	24.9	3.1	(18.9–30.9)
Montgomery County, Ohio	649	21.1	2.0	(17.2–24.9)
Stark County, Ohio	609	19.5	2.1	(15.3–23.6)
Summit County, Ohio	612	21.8	2.3	(17.4–26.3)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	1,181	23.2	1.4	(20.3–26.0)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	1,198	21.1	1.4	(18.4–23.8)
Clackamas County, Oregon	497	24.0	2.7	(18.8–29.2)
Lane County, Oregon	515	31.7	2.6	(26.6–36.9)
Multnomah County, Oregon	872	24.3	1.9	(20.6–28.0)
Washington County, Oregon	605	20.1	2.0	(16.2–23.9)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	1,859	19.5	1.1	(17.2–21.7)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	1,835	18.8	1.4	(16.1–21.5)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	542	16.1	1.9	(12.4–19.9)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	2,017	21.4	1.2	(19.0–23.7)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	1,873	20.3	1.5	(17.3–23.2)
Kent County, Rhode Island	805	22.9	2.0	(18.9–26.8)
Providence County, Rhode Island	3,289	20.3	0.9	(18.4–22.1)
Washington County, Rhode Island	646	15.5	2.0	(11.6–19.4)

TABLE 72. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who reported limited activities because of physical, mental, or emotional problems, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aiken County, South Carolina	545	25.0	2.5	(20.1–29.8)
Beaufort County, South Carolina	796	16.7	1.9	(12.9–20.5)
Charleston County, South Carolina	1,000	20.9	1.8	(17.3–24.4)
Greenville County, South Carolina	891	23.1	1.8	(19.5–26.6)
Horry County, South Carolina	761	22.0	1.8	(18.6–25.5)
Richland County, South Carolina	955	17.0	1.6	(13.8–20.2)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	647	25.9	2.5	(21.0–30.8)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	498	13.7	2.1	(9.5–18.0)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	875	17.5	1.6	(14.4–20.6)
Pennington County, South Dakota	603	25.5	2.1	(21.5–29.5)
Davidson County, Tennessee	540	17.1	1.9	(13.4–20.9)
Shelby County, Tennessee	515	15.5	1.8	(12.0–19.1)
Bexar County, Texas	578	17.1	1.9	(13.4–20.8)
Dallas County, Texas	503	17.0	2.0	(13.1–20.9)
El Paso County, Texas	618	16.1	2.0	(12.2–20.0)
Harris County, Texas	757	16.8	1.6	(13.7–19.9)
Hidalgo County, Texas	615	19.1	2.4	(14.5–23.8)
Tarrant County, Texas	563	18.9	2.0	(15.0–22.8)
Travis County, Texas	1,035	15.8	1.7	(12.6–19.1)
Davis County, Utah	1,126	18.7	1.4	(16.1–21.4)
Salt Lake County, Utah	3,971	19.2	0.7	(17.7–20.6)
Tooele County, Utah	548	18.9	2.8	(13.4–24.4)
Utah County, Utah	1,654	18.4	1.1	(16.1–20.6)
Wasatch County, Utah	503	12.0	1.8	(8.5–15.5)
Weber County, Utah	1,032	22.2	1.6	(19.1–25.3)
Chittenden County, Vermont	905	16.6	1.4	(13.9–19.3)
Rutland County, Vermont	587	21.3	2.1	(17.2–25.5)
Washington County, Vermont	508	17.7	2.0	(13.8–21.6)
Windsor County, Vermont	535	19.7	2.1	(15.5–23.8)
Fairfax County, Virginia	708	14.1	1.6	(10.9–17.2)
Clark County, Washington	777	23.0	1.8	(19.6–26.5)
King County, Washington	3,882	20.0	0.8	(18.4–21.6)
Kitsap County, Washington	561	27.0	2.3	(22.4–31.5)
Pierce County, Washington	1,170	27.2	1.7	(23.9–30.4)
Snohomish County, Washington	1,163	22.6	1.5	(19.6–25.6)
Spokane County, Washington	941	27.1	1.9	(23.5–30.7)
Thurston County, Washington	509	26.8	2.6	(21.6–31.9)
Whatcom County, Washington	841	23.9	2.1	(19.7–28.1)
Yakima County, Washington	528	22.3	2.4	(17.5–27.1)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	639	27.7	2.0	(23.7–31.7)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	916	21.0	2.1	(16.8–25.2)
Laramie County, Wyoming	942	20.5	1.9	(16.7–24.2)
Natrona County, Wyoming	819	23.0	2.2	(18.8–27.2)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	664	15.2	1.6	(12.0–18.5)
<i>Median</i>		19.5		
<i>Range</i>		11.3–31.7		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

TABLE 73. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who required use of special equipment* because of any health problem, by state/territory — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

State/Territory	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Alabama	8,966	11.1	0.5	(10.2–12.0)
Alaska	4,309	7.2	0.5	(6.2–8.2)
Arizona	7,189	8.1	0.4	(7.2–8.9)
Arkansas	5,113	10.2	0.5	(9.2–11.2)
California	13,474	6.9	0.3	(6.4–7.5)
Colorado	11,755	6.4	0.3	(5.8–6.9)
Connecticut	8,662	8.5	0.4	(7.8–9.2)
Delaware	5,161	8.4	0.5	(7.4–9.4)
District of Columbia	3,766	9.2	0.6	(8.0–10.4)
Florida	7,512	8.9	0.4	(8.0–9.7)
Georgia	5,921	7.9	0.4	(7.1–8.7)
Hawaii	7,531	6.8	0.4	(5.9–7.6)
Idaho	5,840	7.4	0.5	(6.4–8.4)
Illinois	5,537	7.9	0.5	(6.9–8.9)
Indiana	8,548	8.5	0.4	(7.8–9.2)
Iowa	7,042	7.2	0.3	(6.6–7.8)
Kansas	11,753	7.9	0.3	(7.3–8.4)
Kentucky	10,933	11.6	0.5	(10.7–12.5)
Louisiana	9,028	9.2	0.4	(8.4–10.1)
Maine	9,867	8.4	0.3	(7.7–9.0)
Maryland	12,530	7.0	0.3	(6.4–7.6)
Massachusetts	20,904	6.9	0.3	(6.4–7.4)
Michigan	10,395	8.7	0.3	(8.1–9.4)
Minnesota	11,964	5.8	0.3	(5.3–6.3)
Mississippi	7,736	10.2	0.4	(9.4–11.0)
Missouri	6,693	10.4	0.5	(9.5–11.4)
Montana	8,605	7.9	0.4	(7.2–8.6)
Nebraska	19,053	6.8	0.2	(6.4–7.3)
Nevada	4,794	7.7	0.5	(6.6–8.7)
New Hampshire	7,459	7.1	0.4	(6.4–7.8)
New Jersey	15,142	6.4	0.3	(5.9–6.9)
New Mexico	8,670	9.6	0.4	(8.9–10.3)
New York	5,958	8.3	0.5	(7.3–9.3)
North Carolina	11,815	8.0	0.3	(7.5–8.6)
North Dakota	4,842	5.8	0.4	(5.1–6.6)
Ohio	12,704	8.0	0.3	(7.5–8.6)
Oklahoma	7,960	9.2	0.4	(8.5–9.9)
Oregon	5,204	9.1	0.5	(8.1–10.0)
Pennsylvania	19,707	8.6	0.3	(8.0–9.2)
Rhode Island	5,414	8.7	0.5	(7.8–9.7)
South Carolina	12,644	9.6	0.4	(8.9–10.3)
South Dakota	7,824	7.2	0.4	(6.4–8.0)
Tennessee	6,835	9.3	0.4	(8.4–10.1)
Texas	9,021	7.3	0.3	(6.6–7.9)
Utah	12,238	5.8	0.2	(5.4–6.3)
Vermont	6,001	6.6	0.3	(5.9–7.2)
Virginia	7,184	7.9	0.4	(7.2–8.6)
Washington	15,231	8.1	0.3	(7.6–8.6)
West Virginia	5,402	11.2	0.4	(10.3–12.0)
Wisconsin	5,148	7.3	0.5	(6.4–8.3)
Wyoming	6,190	7.2	0.4	(6.3–8.0)
Guam	2,002	4.8	0.7	(3.5–6.1)
Puerto Rico	6,298	9.7	0.4	(8.9–10.6)
<i>Median</i>		8.0		
<i>Range</i>		4.8–11.6		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* Including use of a cane, wheelchair, special bed, or special telephone, occasionally or in certain circumstances.

TABLE 74. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who required use of special equipment* because of any health problem, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Aguadilla-Isabela, Puerto Rico	550	9.3	1.3	(6.7–11.8)
Akron, Ohio	725	9.1	1.1	(6.9–11.3)
Albuquerque, New Mexico	3,220	8.8	0.6	(7.7–9.9)
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, Pennsylvania-New Jersey	1,322	8.6	1.0	(6.6–10.6)
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Irvine, California [†]	968	4.8	0.8	(3.1–6.4)
Anchorage, Alaska	1,490	7.1	0.7	(5.7–8.6)
Asheville, North Carolina	593	9.5	1.4	(6.8–12.2)
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Georgia	2,467	6.4	0.6	(5.3–7.6)
Atlantic City-Hammonton, New Jersey	991	7.1	0.9	(5.3–8.8)
Augusta-Richmond County, Georgia-South Carolina	1,013	11.8	1.8	(8.3–15.2)
Augusta-Waterville, Maine	828	10.2	1.2	(7.9–12.5)
Austin-Round Rock, Texas	1,379	4.8	0.6	(3.7–5.9)
Baltimore-Columbia-Towson, Maryland	4,634	7.6	0.5	(6.6–8.5)
Bangor, Maine	927	8.3	1.0	(6.3–10.3)
Barnstable Town, Massachusetts	540	5.6	1.0	(3.7–7.5)
Barre, Vermont	514	5.4	1.0	(3.5–7.3)
Baton Rouge, Louisiana	1,382	9.5	1.0	(7.6–11.5)
Bellingham, Washington	845	7.6	1.0	(5.6–9.7)
Berlin, New Hampshire-Vermont	706	11.9	2.1	(7.8–16.1)
Billings, Montana	844	8.8	1.1	(6.6–11.0)
Birmingham-Hoover, Alabama	1,807	10.7	1.0	(8.7–12.6)
Bismarck, North Dakota	819	6.8	1.1	(4.7–8.9)
Boise City, Idaho	1,465	6.2	0.8	(4.7–7.7)
Boston, Massachusetts [†]	5,686	6.5	0.4	(5.7–7.4)
Boulder, Colorado	498	4.0	0.9	(2.3–5.7)
Bremerton-Silverdale, Washington	562	9.9	1.4	(7.2–12.6)
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, Connecticut	2,145	7.7	0.8	(6.2–9.3)
Burlington-South Burlington, Vermont	1,506	5.3	0.6	(4.1–6.5)
Cambridge-Newton-Framingham, Massachusetts [†]	6,647	6.6	0.4	(5.7–7.4)
Camden, New Jersey [†]	1,930	7.3	0.6	(6.1–8.6)
Canton-Massillon, Ohio	665	7.1	1.1	(4.9–9.2)
Casper, Wyoming	818	7.8	1.0	(5.8–9.7)
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	577	6.4	0.9	(4.5–8.2)
Charleston, West Virginia	771	12.4	1.3	(9.9–15.0)
Charleston-North Charleston, South Carolina	1,695	9.9	1.0	(8.0–11.8)
Charlotte-Concord-Gastonia, North Carolina-South Carolina	2,510	6.9	0.6	(5.8–8.1)
Chattanooga, Tennessee-Georgia	611	8.5	1.2	(6.1–10.8)
Cheyenne, Wyoming	943	8.4	1.2	(6.0–10.8)
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, Illinois-Indiana-Wisconsin	3,696	7.5	0.6	(6.3–8.7)
Cincinnati, Ohio-Kentucky-Indiana	2,323	8.3	0.7	(6.9–9.7)
Claremont-Lebanon, New Hampshire-Vermont	1,936	8.0	0.7	(6.6–9.4)
Cleveland-Elyria, Ohio	1,703	8.7	0.9	(7.0–10.5)
Colorado Springs, Colorado	1,119	7.5	0.8	(5.9–9.1)
Columbia, South Carolina	1,782	9.3	0.9	(7.4–11.1)
Columbus, Ohio	1,568	7.2	0.8	(5.7–8.7)
Concord, New Hampshire	701	7.4	1.2	(5.1–9.7)
Dallas-Plano-Irving, Texas [†]	896	6.4	0.8	(4.8–8.0)
Dayton, Ohio	839	6.8	0.9	(5.0–8.5)
Denver-Aurora-Lakewood, Colorado	4,660	6.3	0.4	(5.5–7.1)
Des Moines-West Des Moines, Iowa	1,145	8.1	0.9	(6.3–9.8)

See table footnotes on page 137.

TABLE 74. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who required use of special equipment* because of any health problem, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia, Michigan†	2,188	11.4	0.9	(9.6–13.2)
Dover, Delaware	1,440	9.7	1.1	(7.5–11.9)
Duluth, Minnesota-Wisconsin	509	7.6	1.4	(4.9–10.3)
Durham-Chapel Hill, North Carolina	790	5.2	0.8	(3.7–6.7)
El Paso, Texas	619	7.7	1.3	(5.1–10.3)
Eugene, Oregon	516	9.7	1.4	(6.9–12.5)
Fairbanks, Alaska	596	8.3	1.6	(5.2–11.5)
Fargo, North Dakota-Minnesota	932	5.5	0.9	(3.8–7.2)
Farmington, New Mexico	640	8.9	1.3	(6.4–11.5)
Fayetteville, North Carolina	502	10.2	1.6	(7.2–13.3)
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, Arkansas-Missouri	798	8.1	1.1	(5.8–10.3)
Fort Collins, Colorado	576	5.7	0.9	(3.9–7.4)
Fort Wayne, Indiana	529	9.6	1.8	(6.1–13.2)
Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas†	719	7.4	1.1	(5.3–9.6)
Grand Island, Nebraska	853	6.8	0.9	(5.0–8.5)
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, Michigan	888	6.9	1.1	(4.6–9.1)
Great Falls, Montana	707	8.5	1.1	(6.4–10.6)
Greeley, Colorado	514	4.9	0.9	(3.2–6.6)
Greensboro-High Point, North Carolina	804	7.6	0.9	(5.7–9.4)
Greenville-Anderson-Mauldin, South Carolina	1,676	9.2	0.8	(7.5–10.8)
Gulfport-Biloxi-Pascagoula, Mississippi	740	12.3	1.3	(9.7–14.9)
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, Maryland-West Virginia	752	10.0	1.7	(6.7–13.3)
Harrisburg-Carlisle, Pennsylvania	664	8.3	1.4	(5.6–10.9)
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, Connecticut	2,646	8.0	0.6	(6.7–9.2)
Heber, Utah	504	4.2	1.1	(2.1–6.4)
Hilo, Hawaii	1,346	6.4	0.8	(4.9–8.0)
Hilton Head Island-Bluffton-Beaufort, South Carolina	925	6.8	1.1	(4.7–8.9)
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas	1,124	7.2	0.9	(5.4–9.0)
Huntington-Ashland, West Virginia-Kentucky-Ohio	1,103	12.1	1.1	(9.9–14.4)
Huntsville, Alabama	611	9.1	1.4	(6.3–11.8)
Idaho Falls, Idaho	535	7.7	1.8	(4.2–11.3)
Indianapolis-Carmel-Anderson, Indiana	2,168	8.1	0.7	(6.8–9.4)
Jackson, Mississippi	911	9.9	1.1	(7.7–12.1)
Jacksonville, Florida	513	8.3	1.3	(5.9–10.8)
Kahului-Wailuku-Lahaina, Hawaii	1,212	6.2	1.0	(4.3–8.2)
Kalispell, Montana	555	8.7	1.4	(5.9–11.5)
Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas	4,705	9.0	0.7	(7.6–10.5)
Kapaa, Hawaii	663	5.6	1.1	(3.5–7.7)
Keene, New Hampshire	543	7.0	1.6	(3.9–10.2)
Kennewick-Richland, Washington	536	8.2	1.4	(5.5–10.9)
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, Tennessee-Virginia	549	14.7	2.6	(9.6–19.8)
Knoxville, Tennessee	816	8.1	1.0	(6.2–10.1)
Laconia, New Hampshire	559	6.4	1.1	(4.2–8.6)
Lafayette, Louisiana	556	6.8	1.4	(4.1–9.5)
Las Cruces, New Mexico	701	10.7	1.4	(7.9–13.4)
Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, Nevada	1,993	8.3	0.7	(6.9–9.6)
Lewiston-Auburn, Maine	699	9.8	1.3	(7.3–12.3)
Lexington-Fayette, Kentucky	519	11.1	1.8	(7.5–14.6)
Lincoln, Nebraska	1,661	6.0	0.7	(4.7–7.3)

See table footnotes on page 137.

TABLE 74. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who required use of special equipment* because of any health problem, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, Arkansas	1,155	9.0	0.9	(7.2–10.8)
Logan, Utah-Idaho	504	5.1	1.3	(2.5–7.7)
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Glendale, California†	3,170	6.7	0.6	(5.5–7.8)
Louisville/Jefferson County, Kentucky-Indiana	2,107	11.0	1.0	(9.0–13.0)
Lumberton, North Carolina	539	13.3	2.7	(8.0–18.7)
Manchester-Nashua, New Hampshire	1,890	6.9	0.6	(5.7–8.1)
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, Texas	617	9.5	1.7	(6.2–12.7)
Memphis, Tennessee-Mississippi-Arkansas	1,285	10.7	1.2	(8.4–13.0)
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Florida	1,637	6.7	0.8	(5.1–8.2)
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, Wisconsin	1,206	7.8	1.0	(5.9–9.7)
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, Minnesota-Wisconsin	7,690	5.4	0.3	(4.8–6.0)
Missoula, Montana	778	6.9	1.1	(4.8–9.0)
Mobile, Alabama	814	12.1	1.6	(9.0–15.1)
Montgomery, Alabama	532	12.8	1.8	(9.3–16.3)
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pennsylvania†	1,300	7.1	1.0	(5.2–9.0)
Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina-North Carolina	941	7.2	0.9	(5.5–8.9)
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, Tennessee	1,302	6.5	0.7	(5.0–7.9)
Nassau County-Suffolk County, New York†	891	5.8	0.9	(4.1–7.5)
Newark, New Jersey-Pennsylvania†	6,384	6.2	0.5	(5.3–7.1)
New Haven-Milford, Connecticut	1,984	9.7	0.8	(8.1–11.3)
New Orleans-Metairie, Louisiana	1,266	7.7	0.8	(6.0–9.3)
New York-Jersey City-White Plains, New York-New Jersey†	7,109	8.2	0.6	(7.0–9.4)
Norfolk, Nebraska	568	7.7	1.1	(5.5–10.0)
North Platte, Nebraska	611	6.8	1.2	(4.4–9.2)
Norwich-New London, Connecticut	989	9.4	1.6	(6.4–12.5)
Oakland-Hayward-Berkeley, California†	914	7.0	1.2	(4.6–9.3)
Ocean City, New Jersey	534	9.4	1.6	(6.2–12.6)
Ogden-Clearfield, Utah	2,396	6.2	0.5	(5.2–7.3)
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma	2,425	9.2	0.7	(7.8–10.6)
Olympia-Tumwater, Washington	515	13.6	2.0	(9.6–17.5)
Omaha-Council Bluffs, Nebraska-Iowa	5,534	6.8	0.4	(6.0–7.6)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, Florida	555	8.1	1.4	(5.4–10.8)
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania†	2,415	9.0	0.7	(7.6–10.3)
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Arizona	2,555	7.3	0.6	(6.1–8.5)
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania	3,321	9.4	0.6	(8.3–10.6)
Ponce, Puerto Rico	548	11.4	1.7	(8.1–14.6)
Portland-South Portland, Maine	3,312	7.2	0.5	(6.3–8.2)
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, Oregon-Washington	3,084	7.2	0.6	(6.1–8.3)
Providence-Warwick, Rhode Island-Massachusetts	7,980	8.4	0.4	(7.6–9.2)
Provo-Orem, Utah	1,721	5.2	0.6	(4.0–6.4)
Raleigh, North Carolina	939	6.2	0.8	(4.6–7.8)
Rapid City, South Dakota	1,049	10.0	1.1	(7.7–12.2)
Reno, Nevada	1,494	5.9	0.8	(4.3–7.4)
Richmond, Virginia	987	5.9	0.8	(4.3–7.4)

See table footnotes on page 137.

TABLE 74. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who required use of special equipment* because of any health problem, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, California	1,409	7.2	0.8	(5.7–8.8)
Rockingham County-Strafford County, New Hampshire†	1,653	6.4	0.6	(5.2–7.6)
Rutland, Vermont	590	8.6	1.3	(6.1–11.2)
Sacramento-Roseville-Arden-Arcade, California	934	8.1	1.1	(6.0–10.2)
St. Louis, Missouri-Illinois	2,046	8.5	0.7	(7.0–9.9)
Salisbury, Maryland-Delaware	2,100	9.6	0.8	(8.1–11.2)
Salt Lake City, Utah	4,546	5.8	0.4	(5.0–6.5)
San Antonio-New Braunfels, Texas	774	7.8	1.0	(5.8–9.9)
San Diego-Carlsbad, California	1,056	6.2	0.8	(4.6–7.8)
San Francisco-Redwood City-South San Francisco, California†	543	7.7	1.5	(4.7–10.6)
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, California	639	5.1	0.9	(3.4–6.8)
San Juan-Carolina-Caguas, Puerto Rico	3,946	9.2	0.5	(8.2–10.3)
Santa Fe, New Mexico	690	8.5	1.2	(6.1–10.8)
Sayre, Pennsylvania	1,845	7.9	0.7	(6.4–9.3)
Scottsbluff, Nebraska	630	7.8	1.3	(5.4–10.3)
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton, Pennsylvania	733	12.7	2.2	(8.3–17.1)
Seattle-Bellevue-Everett, Washington†	5,071	6.8	0.4	(5.9–7.6)
Shreveport-Bossier City, Louisiana	577	8.8	1.3	(6.2–11.4)
Silver Spring-Frederick-Rockville, Maryland†	2,240	5.5	0.6	(4.4–6.6)
Sioux City, Iowa-Nebraska-South Dakota	1,193	7.4	1.3	(4.8–9.9)
Sioux Falls, South Dakota	1,456	5.9	0.8	(4.3–7.5)
Spartanburg, South Carolina	702	10.5	1.8	(7.0–13.9)
Spokane-Spokane Valley, Washington	1,090	7.4	0.8	(5.8–9.0)
Springfield, Massachusetts	2,288	8.4	0.9	(6.7–10.1)
Tacoma-Lakewood, Washington†	1,174	8.4	0.9	(6.6–10.1)

TABLE 74. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who required use of special equipment* because of any health problem, by metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

MMSA(s)	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, Florida	818	9.1	1.3	(6.6–11.6)
Toledo, Ohio	948	8.5	1.0	(6.4–10.5)
Topeka, Kansas	1,088	8.3	0.9	(6.5–10.0)
Torrington, Connecticut	655	7.9	1.2	(5.6–10.2)
Trenton, New Jersey	564	5.5	1.0	(3.5–7.6)
Tucson, Arizona	981	8.8	1.0	(6.8–10.8)
Tulsa, Oklahoma	1,729	7.3	0.6	(6.1–8.5)
Tuscaloosa, Alabama	579	9.6	1.7	(6.2–12.9)
Urban Honolulu, Hawaii	4,310	6.9	0.6	(5.8–8.1)
Vineland-Bridgeton, New Jersey	543	6.6	1.0	(4.6–8.7)
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, Virginia-North Carolina	1,472	9.1	1.0	(7.1–11.0)
Warren-Troy-Farmington Hills, Michigan†	2,165	8.0	0.7	(6.6–9.3)
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, District of Columbia-Virginia-Maryland-West Virginia†	8,036	6.4	0.4	(5.7–7.1)
Wichita, Kansas	2,344	8.0	0.6	(6.7–9.2)
Wilmington, Delaware-Maryland-New Jersey†	3,206	7.2	0.6	(6.1–8.3)
Winston-Salem, North Carolina	794	8.9	1.1	(6.8–11.0)
Worcester, Massachusetts-Connecticut	2,746	7.2	0.6	(6.0–8.4)
Yakima, Washington	531	8.8	1.5	(5.8–11.8)
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, Ohio-Pennsylvania	908	10.0	1.6	(6.9–13.2)
<i>Median</i>		7.8		
<i>Range</i>		4.0–14.7		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; MMSA = metropolitan and micropolitan statistical area; SE = standard error.

* Including use of a cane, wheelchair, special bed, or special telephone, occasionally or in certain circumstances.

† Metropolitan division.

TABLE 75. Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who required use of special equipment* because of any health problem, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Jefferson County, Alabama	951	10.0	1.1	(7.9–12.0)
Madison County, Alabama	508	8.1	1.5	(5.1–11.1)
Mobile County, Alabama	814	12.1	1.6	(9.0–15.1)
Anchorage Municipality, Alaska	893	5.9	0.8	(4.3–7.4)
Fairbanks North Star Borough, Alaska	596	8.3	1.6	(5.2–11.5)
Matanuska-Susitna Borough, Alaska	597	11.1	1.6	(8.0–14.1)
Maricopa County, Arizona	2,077	7.4	0.7	(6.1–8.7)
Pima County, Arizona	981	8.8	1.0	(6.8–10.9)
Pulaski County, Arkansas	743	10.5	1.4	(7.8–13.2)
Alameda County, California	583	7.7	1.6	(4.4–10.9)
Los Angeles County, California	3,170	6.7	0.6	(5.6–7.8)
Orange County, California	968	4.8	0.8	(3.2–6.5)
Riverside County, California	753	7.5	1.1	(5.4–9.7)
Sacramento County, California	564	9.1	1.5	(6.2–12.0)
San Bernardino County, California	656	6.9	1.2	(4.6–9.3)
San Diego County, California	1,056	6.2	0.8	(4.6–7.8)
Santa Clara County, California	621	5.0	0.9	(3.3–6.7)
Adams County, Colorado	780	6.7	0.9	(4.9–8.5)
Arapahoe County, Colorado	830	6.3	1.0	(4.4–8.2)
Boulder County, Colorado	498	4.0	0.9	(2.3–5.7)
Denver County, Colorado	932	7.6	0.9	(5.9–9.3)
Douglas County, Colorado	526	2.8	0.7	(1.4–4.2)
El Paso County, Colorado	984	7.6	0.9	(5.9–9.3)
Jefferson County, Colorado	1,085	6.1	0.8	(4.4–7.7)
Larimer County, Colorado	576	5.7	0.9	(3.9–7.4)
Weld County, Colorado	514	4.9	0.9	(3.2–6.6)
Fairfield County, Connecticut	2,145	7.7	0.8	(6.2–9.3)
Hartford County, Connecticut	1,969	7.7	0.7	(6.4–9.0)
Litchfield County, Connecticut	655	7.9	1.2	(5.6–10.2)
New Haven County, Connecticut	1,984	9.7	0.8	(8.1–11.4)
New London County, Connecticut	989	9.5	1.6	(6.4–12.5)
Kent County, Delaware	1,440	9.7	1.1	(7.5–11.9)
New Castle County, Delaware	2,325	7.1	0.6	(5.9–8.3)
Sussex County, Delaware	1,396	10.6	1.0	(8.7–12.6)
District of Columbia, District of Columbia	3,766	9.2	0.6	(8.0–10.4)
Broward County, Florida	519	6.9	1.4	(4.1–9.7)
Miami-Dade County, Florida	797	5.8	1.0	(3.9–7.7)
Hawaii County, Hawaii	1,346	6.4	0.8	(4.9–8.0)
Honolulu County, Hawaii	4,310	6.9	0.6	(5.8–8.1)
Kauai County, Hawaii	663	5.6	1.1	(3.5–7.7)
Mauai County, Hawaii	1,212	6.2	1.0	(4.3–8.2)
Ada County, Idaho	800	6.1	1.1	(4.0–8.1)
Canyon County, Idaho	497	6.7	1.3	(4.1–9.3)
Cook County, Illinois	1,492	8.3	0.9	(6.6–10.0)
Lake County, Indiana	877	10.0	1.3	(7.5–12.5)
Marion County, Indiana	1,263	8.8	0.9	(7.0–10.6)
Polk County, Iowa	798	8.3	1.1	(6.2–10.4)
Johnson County, Kansas	2,165	5.5	0.6	(4.4–6.5)
Sedgwick County, Kansas	1,786	8.0	0.7	(6.5–9.4)
Shawnee County, Kansas	771	8.8	1.1	(6.5–11.0)
Wyandotte County, Kansas	871	11.7	1.5	(8.7–14.6)
Jefferson County, Kentucky	1,629	12.0	1.3	(9.4–14.6)
East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana	569	9.2	1.3	(6.8–11.7)
Androscoggin County, Maine	699	9.8	1.3	(7.3–12.3)
Aroostook County, Maine	534	9.9	1.5	(7.0–12.9)
Cumberland County, Maine	1,747	6.8	0.7	(5.5–8.2)
Kennebec County, Maine	828	10.2	1.2	(7.9–12.5)
Penobscot County, Maine	927	8.3	1.0	(6.3–10.3)

See table footnotes on page 139.

TABLE 75. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who required use of special equipment* because of any health problem, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
York County, Maine	1,184	8.0	0.9	(6.3–9.7)
Anne Arundel County, Maryland	883	7.2	1.1	(5.0–9.3)
Baltimore County, Maryland	1,496	8.3	0.9	(6.6–10.0)
Charles County, Maryland	502	N/A [†]	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Frederick County, Maryland	746	5.8	0.9	(4.0–7.6)
Montgomery County, Maryland	1,494	5.3	0.7	(4.0–6.6)
Prince George's County, Maryland	1,118	5.9	0.8	(4.4–7.4)
Washington County, Maryland	530	10.2	2.4	(5.6–14.8)
Baltimore city, Maryland	725	10.5	1.4	(7.7–13.2)
Barnstable County, Massachusetts	540	5.6	1.0	(3.7–7.5)
Bristol County, Massachusetts	2,566	8.6	0.8	(6.9–10.2)
Essex County, Massachusetts	2,492	7.6	0.8	(5.9–9.2)
Hampden County, Massachusetts	1,910	9.5	0.9	(7.7–11.3)
Middlesex County, Massachusetts	4,155	6.1	0.5	(5.2–7.0)
Norfolk County, Massachusetts	1,695	6.3	0.7	(4.8–7.7)
Plymouth County, Massachusetts	1,762	6.2	0.9	(4.5–8.0)
Suffolk County, Massachusetts	2,229	7.2	0.7	(5.8–8.6)
Worcester County, Massachusetts	2,503	7.0	0.6	(5.7–8.2)
Kent County, Michigan	522	7.1	1.8	(3.7–10.5)
Macomb County, Michigan	609	9.2	1.3	(6.6–11.8)
Oakland County, Michigan	1,156	7.0	0.8	(5.4–8.7)
Wayne County, Michigan	2,188	11.4	0.9	(9.6–13.2)
Anoka County, Minnesota	534	4.1	0.9	(2.3–5.9)
Dakota County, Minnesota	662	4.7	0.9	(2.9–6.5)
Hennepin County, Minnesota	3,188	5.1	0.4	(4.2–5.9)
Ramsey County, Minnesota	1,905	8.6	1.5	(5.6–11.5)
Jackson County, Missouri	867	9.5	1.4	(6.8–12.2)
St. Louis County, Missouri	945	10.8	1.3	(8.2–13.3)
Cascade County, Montana	707	8.5	1.1	(6.4–10.6)
Flathead County, Montana	555	8.7	1.4	(5.9–11.5)
Hill County, Montana	577	7.1	1.3	(4.6–9.6)
Lake County, Montana	891	7.5	0.9	(5.8–9.2)
Missoula County, Montana	778	6.9	1.1	(4.8–9.0)
Yellowstone County, Montana	748	8.7	1.1	(6.4–10.9)
Dakota County, Nebraska	730	6.3	1.2	(3.8–8.7)
Douglas County, Nebraska	3,537	7.0	0.5	(6.1–8.0)
Hall County, Nebraska	533	6.9	1.1	(4.7–9.1)
Lancaster County, Nebraska	1,439	6.0	0.7	(4.6–7.3)
Lincoln County, Nebraska	587	6.7	1.2	(4.3–9.1)
Sarpy County, Nebraska	1,169	6.4	0.9	(4.7–8.1)
Scotts Bluff County, Nebraska	577	8.0	1.4	(5.3–10.7)
Clark County, Nevada	1,993	8.3	0.7	(6.9–9.6)
Washoe County, Nevada	1,475	5.9	0.8	(4.3–7.4)
Belknap County, New Hampshire	559	6.4	1.1	(4.2–8.7)
Carroll County, New Hampshire	527	7.3	1.4	(4.7–10.0)
Cheshire County, New Hampshire	543	7.0	1.6	(3.9–10.2)
Coos County, New Hampshire	536	12.4	2.6	(7.3–17.5)
Grafton County, New Hampshire	561	8.5	1.3	(5.9–11.0)
Hillsborough County, New Hampshire	1,890	6.9	0.6	(5.7–8.1)
Merrimack County, New Hampshire	701	7.4	1.2	(5.1–9.7)
Rockingham County, New Hampshire	1,037	5.6	0.7	(4.2–7.0)
Strafford County, New Hampshire	616	8.1	1.1	(5.9–10.4)
Atlantic County, New Jersey	991	7.1	0.9	(5.3–8.8)
Bergen County, New Jersey	905	4.7	0.8	(3.2–6.2)
Burlington County, New Jersey	666	6.6	0.9	(4.7–8.4)
Camden County, New Jersey	722	7.6	0.9	(5.8–9.5)
Cape May County, New Jersey	534	9.4	1.6	(6.2–12.6)
Cumberland County, New Jersey	543	6.6	1.0	(4.6–8.7)
Essex County, New Jersey	1,307	6.6	0.7	(5.2–8.1)

See table footnotes on page 139.

TABLE 75. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who required use of special equipment* because of any health problem, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Gloucester County, New Jersey	542	7.9	1.5	(5.0–10.8)
Hudson County, New Jersey	1,239	7.1	0.9	(5.4–8.9)
Hunterdon County, New Jersey	550	3.4	0.7	(2.0–4.7)
Mercer County, New Jersey	564	5.6	1.1	(3.5–7.6)
Middlesex County, New Jersey	860	5.8	1.0	(3.8–7.9)
Monmouth County, New Jersey	688	5.1	1.0	(3.2–7.0)
Morris County, New Jersey	824	5.6	0.9	(3.7–7.5)
Ocean County, New Jersey	638	9.3	1.3	(6.7–11.8)
Passaic County, New Jersey	652	5.1	0.9	(3.2–6.9)
Salem County, New Jersey	572	10.4	1.5	(7.5–13.2)
Somerset County, New Jersey	612	5.3	1.1	(3.1–7.5)
Sussex County, New Jersey	532	8.3	1.8	(4.8–11.8)
Union County, New Jersey	683	6.4	1.3	(3.8–9.0)
Warren County, New Jersey	518	6.9	1.2	(4.6–9.3)
Bernalillo County, New Mexico	2,036	9.1	0.7	(7.8–10.5)
Dona Ana County, New Mexico	701	10.7	1.4	(7.9–13.4)
Sandoval County, New Mexico	640	6.0	1.0	(4.0–8.0)
San Juan County, New Mexico	640	8.9	1.3	(6.4–11.5)
Santa Fe County, New Mexico	690	8.5	1.2	(6.1–10.8)
Kings County, New York	487	9.3	2.0	(5.4–13.2)
Guilford County, North Carolina	509	5.8	0.9	(4.0–7.7)
Mecklenburg County, North Carolina	724	5.0	0.9	(3.3–6.8)
Robeson County, North Carolina	539	13.3	2.7	(8.0–18.7)
Wake County, North Carolina	695	5.6	0.9	(3.8–7.4)
Burleigh County, North Dakota	567	7.2	1.3	(4.6–9.9)
Cass County, North Dakota	836	5.2	0.9	(3.4–7.0)
Cuyahoga County, Ohio	810	11.0	1.4	(8.2–13.7)
Franklin County, Ohio	818	7.8	1.1	(5.7–10.0)
Hamilton County, Ohio	754	9.2	1.3	(6.7–11.7)
Lorain County, Ohio	600	7.5	1.3	(4.9–10.0)
Lucas County, Ohio	607	8.7	1.3	(6.2–11.2)
Mahoning County, Ohio	576	7.8	1.3	(5.2–10.3)
Montgomery County, Ohio	649	7.4	1.0	(5.3–9.4)
Stark County, Ohio	608	6.5	1.1	(4.4–8.6)
Summit County, Ohio	613	9.9	1.3	(7.3–12.5)
Oklahoma County, Oklahoma	1,185	9.3	0.9	(7.5–11.1)
Tulsa County, Oklahoma	1,193	6.6	0.7	(5.2–7.9)
Clackamas County, Oregon	503	7.1	1.8	(3.6–10.6)
Lane County, Oregon	516	9.7	1.4	(6.9–12.5)
Multnomah County, Oregon	880	6.5	0.9	(4.7–8.3)
Washington County, Oregon	609	7.2	1.3	(4.8–9.7)
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania	1,862	9.2	0.8	(7.7–10.8)
Bradford County, Pennsylvania	1,845	7.9	0.7	(6.4–9.3)
Montgomery County, Pennsylvania	540	5.9	1.1	(3.8–8.0)
Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania	2,024	9.6	0.8	(8.1–11.1)
Pike County, Pennsylvania	1,876	8.0	0.7	(6.6–9.4)
Kent County, Rhode Island	807	8.8	1.1	(6.7–11.0)
Providence County, Rhode Island	3,299	8.9	0.6	(7.7–10.2)
Washington County, Rhode Island	651	5.8	1.0	(3.9–7.7)
Aiken County, South Carolina	549	11.4	1.7	(8.1–14.8)

TABLE 75. (Continued) Estimated prevalence of adults aged ≥18 years who required use of special equipment* because of any health problem, by county — Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, United States, 2012

County	Sample size	%	SE	95% CI
Beaufort County, South Carolina	794	7.0	1.2	(4.6–9.4)
Charleston County, South Carolina	1,005	8.5	1.2	(6.3–10.8)
Greenville County, South Carolina	896	8.3	1.1	(6.1–10.4)
Horry County, South Carolina	771	7.3	0.9	(5.5–9.2)
Richland County, South Carolina	956	8.0	1.0	(5.9–10.0)
Spartanburg County, South Carolina	649	11.0	1.9	(7.2–14.8)
Lincoln County, South Dakota	494	N/A	N/A	(N/A–N/A)
Minnehaha County, South Dakota	874	6.3	0.9	(4.5–8.1)
Pennington County, South Dakota	605	9.5	1.3	(7.0–11.9)
Davidson County, Tennessee	539	6.7	1.2	(4.4–9.0)
Shelby County, Tennessee	520	11.4	1.7	(8.1–14.7)
Bexar County, Texas	582	8.0	1.2	(5.6–10.4)
Dallas County, Texas	504	6.7	1.1	(4.6–8.9)
El Paso County, Texas	618	7.7	1.3	(5.1–10.3)
Harris County, Texas	756	7.5	1.1	(5.3–9.7)
Hidalgo County, Texas	617	9.5	1.7	(6.2–12.7)
Tarrant County, Texas	565	7.6	1.2	(5.2–10.0)
Travis County, Texas	1,043	4.5	0.6	(3.4–5.6)
Davis County, Utah	1,128	5.8	0.7	(4.4–7.2)
Salt Lake County, Utah	3,991	5.8	0.4	(5.0–6.5)
Tooele County, Utah	555	5.8	1.2	(3.5–8.2)
Utah County, Utah	1,654	5.2	0.6	(4.0–6.4)
Wasatch County, Utah	504	4.2	1.1	(2.1–6.4)
Weber County, Utah	1,034	6.2	0.8	(4.5–7.8)
Chittenden County, Vermont	906	4.7	0.7	(3.3–6.1)
Rutland County, Vermont	590	8.7	1.3	(6.1–11.2)
Washington County, Vermont	514	5.4	1.0	(3.5–7.3)
Windsor County, Vermont	537	6.3	1.0	(4.3–8.3)
Fairfax County, Virginia	706	5.1	0.9	(3.3–6.9)
Clark County, Washington	786	8.5	1.1	(6.3–10.7)
King County, Washington	3,907	6.6	0.5	(5.7–7.5)
Kitsap County, Washington	562	9.9	1.4	(7.2–12.6)
Pierce County, Washington	1,174	8.4	0.9	(6.6–10.2)
Snohomish County, Washington	1,164	7.3	0.9	(5.5–9.2)
Spokane County, Washington	943	7.0	0.9	(5.3–8.7)
Thurston County, Washington	515	13.6	2.0	(9.6–17.5)
Whatcom County, Washington	845	7.6	1.1	(5.6–9.7)
Yakima County, Washington	531	8.8	1.5	(5.8–11.8)
Kanawha County, West Virginia	641	12.9	1.5	(9.9–15.8)
Milwaukee County, Wisconsin	917	10.2	1.3	(7.6–12.8)
Laramie County, Wyoming	943	8.4	1.2	(6.1–10.8)
Natrona County, Wyoming	818	7.8	1.0	(5.8–9.7)
San Juan Municipio, Puerto Rico	665	8.6	1.3	(6.1–11.2)
<i>Median</i>		7.5		
<i>Range</i>		2.8–13.6		

Abbreviations: CI = confidence interval; SE = standard error.

* Including use of a cane, wheelchair, special bed, or special telephone, occasionally or in certain circumstances.

† Estimate not available (N/A) if the unweighted sample size for the denominator was <50 or if the relative standard error is >0.3.

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