



Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report

www.cdc.gov/mmwr

Weekly

November 16, 2007 / Vol. 56 / No. 45

Acute Respiratory Disease Associated with Adenovirus Serotype 14 — Four States, 2006–2007

Adenovirus serotype 14 (Ad14) is a rarely reported but emerging serotype of adenovirus that can cause severe and sometimes fatal respiratory illness in patients of all ages, including healthy young adults. In May 2006, an infant in New York aged 12 days died from respiratory illness caused by Ad14. During March-June 2007, a total of 140 additional cases of confirmed Ad14 respiratory illness were identified in clusters of patients in Oregon, Washington, and Texas. Fifty-three (38%) of these patients were hospitalized, including 24 (17%) who were admitted to intensive care units (ICUs); nine (5%) patients died. Ad14 isolates from all four states were identical by sequence data from the full hexon and fiber genes. However, the isolates were distinct from the Ad14 reference strain from 1955, suggesting the emergence and spread of a new Ad14 variant in the United States. No epidemiologic evidence of direct transmission linking the New York case or any of the clusters was identified. This report summarizes the investigation of these Ad14 cases by state and city health authorities, the U.S. Air Force, and CDC. State and local public health departments should be alert to the possibility of outbreaks caused by Ad14.

New York

In May 2006, a fatal case of Ad14 illness occurred in New York City in an infant girl aged 12 days. The infant was born after a full-term pregnancy and uncomplicated delivery. She was found dead in bed, where she had been sleeping. The infant had been examined 3 days after birth and noted to have lost weight but was otherwise healthy. The next week she had decreased tears with crying, suggesting early dehydration. Physical activity and feeding progressively decreased during the week before her death.

Postmortem tracheal and gastric swabs from the infant were sent to the Wadsworth Center laboratory of the New York State Department of Health, where adenovirus was detected by polymerase chain reaction (PCR). Adenovirus also was isolated by culture, confirmed by immunofluorescence assay (IFA), and typed as Ad14 by antibody neutralization assay. Analysis at CDC identified the same unique genetic sequences in this isolate as were later identified in the Ad14 isolates from the three 2007 clusters.

Autopsy and histologic findings at the Office of the Chief Medical Examiner in New York City included presence in the lung of chronic inflammatory cells with intranuclear inclusions, consistent with adenoviral bronchiolitis and acute respiratory distress syndrome. Investigation by the New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene has not identified any other local cases of Ad14 illness.

Oregon

In early April 2007, a clinician alerted the Oregon Public Health Division (OPHD) regarding multiple patients at a single hospital who had been admitted with a diagnosis of severe pneumonia during March 3–April 6. A total of 17 specimens were obtained from patients; 15 (88%)

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The MMWR series of publications is published by the Coordinating Center for Health Information and Service, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Atlanta, GA 30333.

Suggested Citation: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. [Article title]. MMWR 2007;56:[inclusive page numbers].

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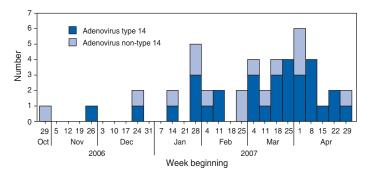
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yielded isolates that were identified by CDC as Ad14. Through retrospective examination of laboratory reports from the three clinical laboratories in the state that have virology capacity and the Oregon State Public Health Laboratory (OSPHL), OPHD identified 68 persons who tested positive (by culture, PCR, or IFA) for adenovirus during November 1, 2006–April 30, 2007. Isolates from 50 (74%) of these patients were available for further adenovirus typing at either CDC or OSPHL. Of the 50 patient isolates, 31 (62%) were identified as Ad14, and 15 (30%) were identified as another adenovirus type (Figure); four (8%) did not test positive for adenovirus.

Among 30 Ad14 patients (i.e., all but one) whose medical charts were reviewed, 22 (73%) were male; median age was 53.4 years (range: 2 weeks–82 years). Five cases (17%) occurred in patients aged <5 years, and the remaining 20 (83%) occurred in patients aged >18 years. Twenty-two patients (73%) required hospitalization, sixteen (53%) required intensive care, and seven (23%) died, all from severe pneumonia. Median age of the patients who died was 63.6 years; five (71%) were male. One death occurred in an infant aged 1 month. Of the 30 Ad14 cases with patient residence information available, 28 (93%) occurred in residents of seven Oregon counties, and two cases occurred in residents of two Washington counties. No link was identified in hospitals or the community to explain transmission of Ad14 from one patient to another.

In comparison with the Ad14 patients, among the 12 adenovirus non-type 14 patients (i.e., all but three) whose medical charts were reviewed, nine (75%) were male. Median age was 1.1 years, and 11 (92%) patients were aged <5 years. Two (17%) adenovirus non-type14 patients required hospitalization; no ICU admissions or deaths were reported in this group.

FIGURE. Number of cases of laboratory-confirmed adenovirus (type 14 and non-type 14*), by week of illness onset — Oregon, November 1, 2006–April 30, 2007



^{*} Confirmatory typing performed at Oregon State Public Health Laboratory or CDC.

Washington

On May 16, 2007, the Tacoma-Pierce County Health Department notified the Washington State Department of Health (WADOH) of four residents housed in one unit of a residential-care facility who had been hospitalized recently for pneumonia of unknown etiology. The patients were aged 40–62 years; three of the four were female. One patient had acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS); the three others had chronic obstructive pulmonary disease. All four were smokers.

The patients had initial symptoms of cough, fever, or shortness of breath during April 22–May 8, 2007. Three patients required intensive care and mechanical ventilation for severe pneumonia. After 8 days of hospitalization, the patient with AIDS died; the other patients recovered. Respiratory specimens from all four patients tested positive for adenovirus by PCR at the WADOH laboratory; isolates were available from three patients, and all three isolates were identified as Ad14 by CDC. Ad14 had last been identified in an isolate from a patient from Washington in May 2006, marking the first identification of Ad14 in the state since 2004. Active surveillance among facility residents and staff did not identify any other cases of Ad14 illness.

Texas

Since February 2007, an outbreak of cases of febrile respiratory infection* associated with adenovirus infection has been reported among basic military trainees at Lackland Air Force Base (LAFB). During an initial investigation, conducted from February 3 to June 23, out of 423 respiratory specimens collected and tested, 268 (63%) tested positive for adenovirus; 118 (44%) of the 268 were serotyped, and 106 (90%) of those serotyped were Ad14. Before this outbreak, the only identification of an Ad14 isolate at LAFB occurred in May 2006 (1).

During February 3–June 23, 2007, a total of 27 patients were hospitalized with pneumonia (median hospitalization: 3 days), including five who required admission to the ICU. One ICU patient required extracorporeal membrane oxygenation for approximately 3 weeks and ultimately died. All 16 hospitalized patients from whom throat swabs were collected, including the five patients admitted to the ICU, tested positive for Ad14. Fifteen of these hospitalized patients tested negative for other respiratory pathogens, and one patient had a sputum culture that was positive for *Haemophilus influenzae*.

All health-care workers from hospital units where trainees had been admitted were offered testing for Ad14, regardless of history of respiratory illness. Of 218 health-care workers tested by PCR, six (3%) were positive for Ad14; five of the six reported direct contact with hospitalized Ad14 patients.

Prevention measures implemented during the outbreak included increasing the number of hand-sanitizing stations, widespread sanitizing of surfaces and equipment with appropriate disinfectants, increasing awareness of Ad14 among trainees and staff members, and taking contact and droplet precautions for hospitalized patients with Ad14. Beginning on May 26, trainees with febrile respiratory illness were confined to one dormitory and both patients and staff members were required to wear surgical masks.

Cases reported postinvestigation. Since the investigation, new cases of febrile respiratory illness have continued to occur at LAFB, but the weekly incidence has declined from a peak of 74 cases with onset during the week of May 27-June 2, to 55 cases with onset during the week of September 23-29 (the most recent period for which data were available). In addition, during March-September 2007, three other military bases in Texas that received trainees from LAFB reported a total of 220 cases of Ad14 illness (Air Force Institute for Operational Health, personal communication, 2007). However, whether Ad14 spread from LAFB to these three bases has not been determined. Ad14 also was detected in April in an eye culture from an outpatient in the surrounding community who had respiratory symptoms and conjunctivitis. No link between this case and the LAFB cases was identified.

Reported by: Oregon Dept of Human Svcs. Washington State Dept of Health Communicable Diseases. 37th Training Wing, 59th Hospital Wing, Air Force Institute for Operational Health, Epidemic and Outbreak Surveillance, US Air Force. Naval Health Research Center, US Navy. Texas Dept of State Health Svcs. New York City Dept of Health and Mental Hygiene. Div of Viral Diseases, National Center for Immunization and Respiratory Diseases; Div of Healthcare Quality Promotion, National Center for Preparedness, Detection, and Control of Infectious Diseases; Career Development Div, Office of Workforce and Career Development, CDC.

Editorial Note: Adenoviruses were first described in the 1950s and are associated with a broad spectrum of clinical illness, including conjunctivitis, febrile upper respiratory illness, pneumonia, and gastrointestinal disease. Severe illness can occur in newborn or elderly patients or in patients with underlying medical conditions but is generally not life-threatening in otherwise healthy adults. Adenoviruses are known to cause outbreaks of disease, including keratoconjunctivitis, and tracheobronchitis and other respiratory diseases among military recruits (2,3). Although adenovi-

^{*} Defined as 1) fever ≥100.5°F (≥38.1°C) plus at least one other sign or symptom of respiratory illness or 2) diagnosis of pneumonia.

rus outbreaks in military recruits are well-recognized (3), infection usually does not require hospitalization and rarely requires admission to an ICU. Beyond the neonatal period, deaths associated with community-acquired adenovirus infection in persons who are not immunodeficient are uncommon and usually sporadic.

Fifty-one adenovirus serotypes have been identified (4). The cases described in this report are unusual because they suggest the emergence of a new and virulent Ad14 variant that has spread within the United States. Ad14 infection was described initially in 1955 (5) and was associated with epidemic acute respiratory disease in military recruits in Europe in 1969 (6) but has since been detected infrequently. For example, during 2001–2002, Ad14 was associated with approximately 8% of respiratory adenoviral infections in the pediatric ward of a Taiwan hospital, with approximately 40% of Ad14 cases in children aged 4–8 years manifesting as lower airway disease (7).

The National Surveillance for Emerging Adenovirus Infections system includes military and civilian laboratories at 15 sites. During 2004–2007, this surveillance system detected 17 isolates of Ad14 from seven sites (8). Ten of the 17 isolates (60%) were collected from three military bases (8). Despite this surveillance, adenovirus infections often go undetected, because few laboratories routinely test for adenovirus and even fewer do serotyping. Wider circulation of Ad14 might have occurred in recent years and might still be occurring.

Further work is needed to understand the natural history of Ad14, risk factors for severe Ad14 disease, and how Ad14 transmission can be prevented effectively. Vaccines against adenovirus serotypes four and seven (i.e., Ad4 and Ad7) were used among military recruits during 1971–1999, before vaccines were no longer available. Adenoviral disease among U.S. military recruits subsequently increased (9). Ad4 and Ad7 oral vaccines have been redeveloped and are being evaluated in clinical trials. Work is ongoing to determine whether the new Ad4 and Ad7 vaccines will protect against Ad14 infection. Management of adenoviral infections is largely supportive. A number of antiviral drugs, including ribavirin, vidarabine, and cidofovir, have been used to treat adenoviral infections such as Ad14, but none have shown definitive efficacy against adenoviruses (2).

Control of adenovirus outbreaks can be challenging because these viruses can be shed in both respiratory secretions and feces and can persist for weeks on environmental surfaces. Guidelines for the care of patients with pneumonia (10) should be followed in cases of suspected adenoviral pneumonia.

Clinicians with questions related to testing of patients for adenovirus or Ad14 infection should contact their state health departments, which can provide assistance. State health departments and military facilities should contact CDC to report unusual clusters of severe adenoviral disease or cases of Ad14 or to obtain additional information regarding laboratory testing.

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Racial Disparities in Diabetes Mortality Among Persons Aged 1–19 Years — United States, 1979–2004

Diabetes is a chronic disease with a U.S. prevalence of 18 cases per 10,000 youths aged <20 years (1). With proper management and access to care, morbidity and mortality from diabetes are preventable, particularly in the pediatric population (2,3). Although diabetes is more common among non-Hispanic white youths, some studies report higher death rates among racial/ethnic minorities and among those in lower socioeconomic strata (3,4). In 2004, ageadjusted diabetes death rates for black persons in the United States were approximately twice those for white persons (5). However, no recent studies on racial disparities that focus specifically on the pediatric population have been

conducted. To assess racial disparities in diabetes mortality among youths, CDC analyzed data on deaths with an underlying cause of diabetes among persons aged 1–19 years for the period 1979–2004. This report summarizes the results of that analysis, which determined that, during 1979–2004, diabetes death rates for black youths were approximately twice those for white youths. During 2003–2004, the annual average diabetes death rate per 1 million youths was 2.46 for black youths and 0.91 for white youths. Further study is needed to discern the specific reasons for increased diabetes mortality in black youths. Better identification and management of the disease among youths, especially among black youths, might help decrease racial disparities and prevent deaths from diabetes.

To obtain stable estimates, diabetes death rates were calculated as 2-year annual averages for the period 1979-2004 for all persons aged 1-19 years and for blacks and whites in that age group. The numbers of diabetes deaths in other racial groups were too small to obtain reliable estimates, and Hispanic origin was not recorded on death certificates in all states until 1997. Infants aged <1 year were excluded because of differences in estimating mortality rates among infants in the neonatal and postneonatal period, compared with children aged ≥1 year. Numbers of deaths for which diabetes was the underlying cause* and population estimates for calculation of rates were obtained from the CDC WONDER online database compressed mortality file of the National Vital Statistics System (NVSS). International Classification of Diseases, Ninth Revision (ICD-9)[†] cause-ofdeath codes for diabetes mellitus (250) were used for 1979-1998, and International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision (ICD-10) codes (E10-E14) were used for 1999-2004. Trends over time for 2-year annual averages were assessed using Hudson's algorithm in statistical software (6) to test whether trends were statistically significant (p<0.05) and to identify points (i.e., joinpoints) where trends changed during the study period. Previous analyses of the comparability of underlying cause-of-death classification between deaths coded using the ICD-9 system and those coded using the ICD-10 system have indicated that the change from ICD-9 to ICD-10 in 1999 likely had little impact on the proportion of deaths attributed to diabetes for the age group included in this study and for blacks and whites of all ages (CDC, unpublished data, 2004). Therefore, the period 1979–2004 was analyzed as a continuous trend. Rate ratios and 95% confidence intervals (CIs) for death rates of blacks compared with death rates of whites were calculated for each 2-year interval. Age-adjusted rates were examined and determined to be identical to crude rates. Thus, crude rates are presented in this report.

During 1979-2004, diabetes death rates among persons aged 1-19 years ranged from 1.34 per million (annual average for 1979-1980) to 0.84 per million (1993-1994) (Table). During 2003-2004, an annual average of 89 diabetes deaths occurred among persons aged 1-19 years (1.15 per million), including 31 among black youths and 55 among white youths. Trend lines for the entire population were similar to those for white youths and indicated a significant decrease in overall diabetes death rates during 1979-1994, with an average annual percentage change (APC) of -2.7% (p<0.05) and a significant increase during 1994-2004 (APC = +3.1%, p<0.05). Diabetes death rates were consistently higher for black youths compared with white youths (Figure), with rate ratios ranging from 1.56 (CI = 1.05-2.31) during 1987-1988 to 2.72 (CI = 2.00-3.70) during 2001-2002 (Table). Trend analysis for black youths indicated a decrease in death rates during 1979-1998 (APC = -0.8%, p ≥ 0.05) but an increase after 1998 (APC = +8.0%, p<0.05). Diabetes death rates for white youths decreased significantly during 1979-1994 (APC = -3.0%, p<0.05) but did not change significantly during 1994–2004 (APC = +2.2%, p≥0.05) (Figure).

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Editorial Note: Although diabetes deaths among youths were rare during 1979–2004, numbering less than an average of 80 per year for the entire period, diabetes death rates for black youths were consistently higher than those for white youths. Additionally, whereas diabetes mortality did not change substantially for white youths during 1994–2004, death rates for black youths increased significantly. A corresponding increase in black-white disparity was not observed in all-cause mortality for persons aged 1–19 during this period (CDC, unpublished data, 2004). Although

^{*} Underlying cause is defined by the World Health Organization as the disease or injury that initiated the train of morbid events leading directly to death or the circumstances of the accident or violence that produced the fatal injury. The underlying cause is selected from the conditions entered by the physician in the cause-of-death section of the death certificate. When more than one cause or condition is entered by the physician, the underlying cause is determined by the sequence of conditions on the certificate, provisions of the *International Classification of Diseases*, and associated selection rules and modifications. Additional information is available at http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr49/nvsr49_08.pdf.

[†] Available at http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/about/major/dvs/icd9des.htm.

[§] Available at http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/about/major/dvs/icd10des.htm.

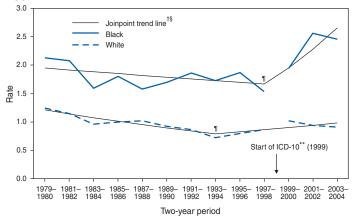
Gomparability ratio tables are available at ftp://ftp.cdc.gov/pub/health_statistics/ nchs/datasets/comparability/icd9_icd10. Information regarding the calculation of comparability ratios is available at http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nvsr/nvsr49/ nvsr49_08.pdf.

TABLE. Two-year annual average diabetes death rates* for persons aged 1–19 years, by race and death rate ratio (blacks compared with whites) — United States, 1979–2004

| 2-year period | All races (SE [†]) | Blacks (SE) | Whites (SE) | Rate ratio (95% CI [§]) |
|---------------|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1979–1980 | 1.34 (0.10) | 2.13 (0.32) | 1.24 (0.10) | 1.72 (1.22–2.41) |
| 1981-1982 | 1.27 (0.10) | 2.08 (0.32) | 1.15 (0.10) | 1.82 (1.28–2.57) |
| 1983-1984 | 1.04 (0.09) | 1.59 (0.28) | 0.96 (0.09) | 1.66 (1.12–2.47) |
| 1985-1986 | 1.08 (0.09) | 1.80 (0.30) | 1.00 (0.10) | 1.80 (1.23-2.62) |
| 1987-1988 | 1.08 (0.09) | 1.58 (0.28) | 1.02 (0.10) | 1.56 (1.05–2.31) |
| 1989-1990 | 1.02 (0.09) | 1.70 (0.29) | 0.92 (0.09) | 1.84 (1.26–2.71) |
| 1991-1992 | 0.99 (0.09) | 1.86 (0.29) | 0.86 (0.09) | 2.15 (1.49–3.12) |
| 1993-1994 | 0.84 (0.08) | 1.73 (0.28) | 0.72 (0.08) | 2.41 (1.65–3.54) |
| 1995–1996 | 0.97 (0.08) | 1.87 (0.28) | 0.80 (0.08) | 2.33 (1.63–3.33) |
| 1997-1998 | 0.93 (0.08) | 1.53 (0.25) | 0.86 (0.09) | 1.77 (1.21–2.57) |
| 1999–2000 | 1.12 (0.09) | 1.94 (0.28) | 1.02 (0.09) | 1.90 (1.36–2.66) |
| 2001–2002 | 1.20 (0.09) | 2.56 (0.32) | 0.94 (0.09) | 2.72 (2.00–3.70) |
| 2003-2004 | 1.15 (0.09) | 2.46 (0.31) | 0.91 (0.09) | 2.70 (1.98–3.68) |

^{*} Per 1,000,000 population.

FIGURE. Two-year annual average diabetes death rates* for persons aged 1–19 years, by race — United States, 1979–2004



^{*} Per 1,000,000 population.

implementation of new ICD-10 cause-of-death coding procedures began in 1999, the coding change is probably not the cause of the increase in diabetes deaths among black youths.

Diabetes mortality among adults traditionally includes deaths for which diabetes was a contributing cause and those for which it was an underlying cause. For children, however, diabetes deaths are less likely to be from consequences of long-standing diabetes (e.g., cardiovascular and cerebrovascular disease) and more likely to be from direct complications (e.g., ketoacidosis and hypoglycemia) and to

occur among persons with short duration of the disease (3,7). Therefore, this analysis included only underlying cause of death.

The factors contributing to racial disparities in pediatric and adolescent diabetes mortality during 1979–2004 likely are complex. Possible explanations include differences in access to and use of health-care services (8) and differences in the quality of disease education and care (3). More in-depth analyses are needed to assess these factors and the effect of recent increases in type 2 diabetes among children in racial/ethnic minority groups (9).

The findings in this report are subject to at least three limitations. First, deaths attributable to diabetes cannot be examined by the specific type of diabetes because of the small number of these deaths and the high percentage of pediatric and adolescent diabetes deaths unclassified by type (76% in 2004). Second, the use of NVSS data precludes adjustment of data comparing racial groups for potential confounders, such as socioeconomic status or healthinsurance status. Finally, this study could not determine the cause of the statistically significant increase in diabetes mortality among black youths during 1998-2004. This increase might be attributed to random variation, given the rarity of diabetes deaths in the 1-19 years age group and the limited period during which the increase was observed. However, further evaluation of this trend is needed.

These findings demonstrate consistent racial disparities in diabetes mortality among youths in the United States during 1979–2004, although, in absolute numbers of deaths, the differences are not sizeable because of the rare occurrence of diabetes-related deaths in this population (annual average of 89 deaths during 2003–2004). However, these disparities remain a public health concern for

[†]Standard error.

[§]Confidence interval.

[†] Joinpoint trend line for black youths: annual percentage change (APC) in death rate = -0.8% (p≥0.05) for 1979–1998 and APC = +8.0% (p<0.05) for 1998–2004.

[§] Joinpoint trend line for white youths: APC in death rate = -3.0% (p<0.05) for 1979–1994 and APC = +2.2% (p>0.05) for 1994–2004.

[¶] Joinpoint (change in trend).

^{**} International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision.

two reasons. First, diabetes deaths among young persons are predominantly attributed to acute complications, such as ketoacidosis, and thus are preventable (3). Metabolic decompensation from acute diabetes complications is easy to recognize in young persons and requires quality care of high urgency but low technology (3). Second, incidence of type 2 diabetes in children and adolescents is increasing (9). Education of health professionals who care for youths, especially black youths, and improved public awareness of increasing diabetes incidence, particularly among minority racial/ethnic groups, might improve identification of diabetes in black and other minority children and adolescents. These practices might lead to improved management of the disease and decreased morbidity and mortality among youths.

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Progress Toward Poliomyelitis Eradication — India, January 2006–September 2007

India is one of four countries where wild poliovirus (WPV) transmission has never been interrupted (the others are Afghanistan, Nigeria, and Pakistan) (1). An outbreak of poliomyelitis cases caused by WPV type 1 (WPV1) occurred in India in 2006, primarily in the northern states of Uttar

Pradesh and Bihar, where polio remains endemic. This outbreak resulted in the greatest annual number of cases of poliomyelitis in India since 2002. In response, the Government of India and its partners implemented additional vaccination measures based on recommendations from the India Expert Advisory Group on Polio Eradication. These measures focused predominantly on use of monovalent oral poliovirus vaccine type 1 (mOPV1),* which has higher efficacy against WPV1 than trivalent OPV (tOPV) (2,3). As a result, WPV1 cases in India decreased approximately 84% to 66 cases during January-September 2007, compared with 405 cases during the corresponding period in 2006. In western Uttar Pradesh, a state in which multiple risk factors have made interruption of WPV transmission challenging, five WPV1 cases have been reported this year, compared with 299 during the same period in 2006. However, a WPV type 3 (WPV3) outbreak also has been reported, with 261 cases occurring through September 30, 2007, primarily in the northern states where polio remains endemic. This report summarizes progress toward polio eradication in India during January 2006–September 2007 and highlights the challenges and strategic adaptations of eradication measures (4).

Acute Flaccid Paralysis (AFP) Surveillance

AFP surveillance[†] is fundamental to monitoring progress toward polio eradication; surveillance quality is monitored according to World Health Organization (WHO) operational targets. The national nonpolio AFP rate (i.e., the number of nonpolio AFP cases per 100,000 population aged <15 years) was similar during January–December 2006 (7.35 cases) and January–September 2007 (7.83 cases). In 2006 and 2007, nonpolio AFP rates were highest in Uttar Pradesh (15.80 cases and 15.32 cases, respectively) and Bihar (19.00 cases and 20.97 cases, respectively). Adequate stool-specimen collection nationally was 82% in 2006 and 85% during January–September 2007.

^{*}mOPV contains polio vaccine virus of either type 1 or type 3 only. mOPV provides greater WPV type-specific immunity per dose than tOPV.

[†]The AFP surveillance system tracks any case of AFP in a child aged <15 years or any case of paralytic illness in a person of any age when polio is suspected. Additional information regarding AFP surveillance is available at http://www.polioeradication.org/content/fixed/afp.shtml.

[§]The current WHO operational target for countries with endemic polio transmission is a nonpolio AFP rate of at least two cases per 100,000 population aged <15 years and adequate stool-specimen collection from ≥80% of AFP cases, in which two specimens are collected ≥24 hours apart, both within 14 days of paralysis onset, and shipped on ice or frozen ice packs to a WHO-accredited laboratory, arriving in good condition. When operational targets for nonpolio AFP incidence and specimen collection are reached or exceeded in all areas, little

Virologic testing of stool specimens from AFP patients in India is conducted at eight laboratories, all of which are accredited by WHO as part of the Global Polio Laboratory Network (5). These laboratories have had an increased workload, with 62,642 specimens processed in 2006 and 58,966 specimens processed during January–September 2007, compared with 52,516 in 2005. Despite this workload, laboratories reported a primary virus isolation result within 28 days of receipt of specimen for 99% of specimens in 2006. The mean interval from receipt of primary isolation results to final intratypic differentiation of poliovirus (i.e., wild or vaccine related) was 8.3 days in 2006.

WPV Incidence

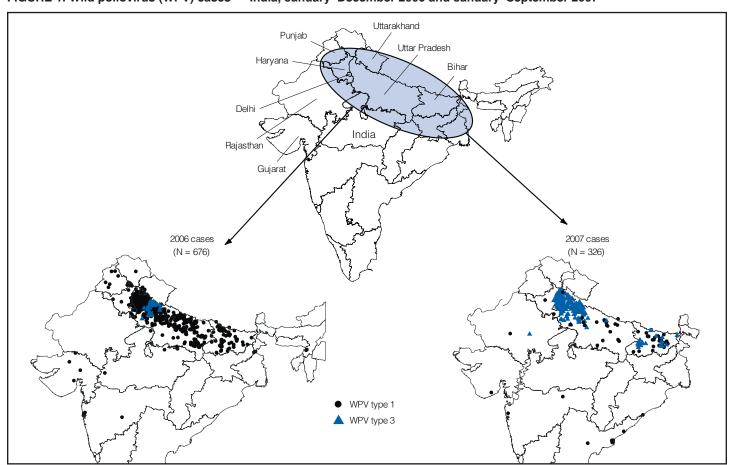
In 2006, India reported a total of 676 polio cases from 114 districts. In 2007, India had reported 326 polio cases from 68 districts, with onset of paralysis during January 1–September 28, compared with 416 cases from 73 districts for the same period in 2006 (Figures 1 and 2). The

majority of cases occurred in children aged <2 years in both 2006 (69%) and 2007 (63%).

WPV1. In 2006, a total of 648 (96%) reported polio cases were WPV1; of these, 581 (85%) occurred in Uttar Pradesh (520 cases) and Bihar (61 cases). The tenfold increase in WPV1 circulation in 2006 compared with 2005 (648 cases versus 62 cases) was the result of an outbreak that originated in western Uttar Pradesh and spread to the rest of Uttar Pradesh and 15 other states.

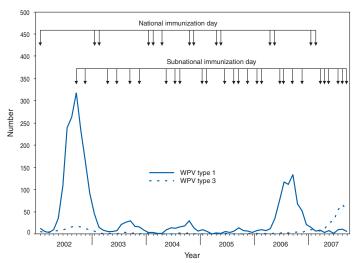
As of October 20, 2007, a total of 66 WPV1 cases had been reported from 40 districts, compared with 405 cases from 73 districts during the same period in 2006. In Uttar Pradesh, 21 WPV1 cases had been reported in 2007, compared with 347 for the same period in 2006. Although the typical peak season for poliovirus transmission is June–September, only five of the 21 cases (24%) in 2007 occurred during this period. Within western Uttar Pradesh, only five cases of WPV1 have been reported in 2007, compared with 299 cases for the same period in 2006 and 19 cases for the same period in 2005. However, WPV1 con-

FIGURE 1. Wild poliovirus (WPV) cases — India, January-December 2006 and January-September 2007*



^{*} As of October 20, 2007.

FIGURE 2. Number of wild poliovirus (WPV) cases, by type, month, and year of onset and type of supplementary immunization activity* — India, January 2002-September 2007[†]



^{*}Mass campaign conducted during a brief period (days to weeks) in which 1 dose of oral poliovirus vaccine is administered to all children aged <5 years, regardless of vaccination history. The geographic extent of campaigns (national or subnational) is determined by analysis of surveillance data. As of October 20, 2007.

tinues to circulate in Bihar, where 33 (50%) of the 66 WPV1 cases have been reported this year, compared with 28 cases for the same period in 2006. Of 433 blocks within Bihar, 268 (62%) have not reported any WPV1 cases since 2001, 93 (21%) have reported only a single case, and 72 (16%) are blocks at high risk for recurrence of WPV1.

WPV3. In 2006, a total of 28 WPV3 cases were reported, all from districts of western Uttar Pradesh. However, in 2007, the number of WPV3 cases has increased to 261, with 231 (83%) occurring in western Uttar Pradesh. During the peak transmission season (June-September), WPV3 spread to areas outside of western Uttar Pradesh, with seven cases reported in the neighboring areas of Delhi, Uttarakhand, Haryana, and Rajasthan; three cases in central Uttar Pradesh; and 23 cases in Bihar. Before this importation, no cases of WPV3 had been reported in Bihar since January 2004.

Immunization Activities

Reported routine vaccination coverage of infants with 3 doses of OPV was 68% in India in 2006 (6). In Bihar and Uttar Pradesh, coverage was lower (48% and 44%, respectively). India continues to implement strategies to improve routine vaccination services in these areas (3).

In 2006, India conducted 10 supplementary immunization activities (SIAs),** which included two rounds of national immunization days (NIDs), targeting 172 million children, and eight rounds of subnational immunization days (SNIDs) in areas with detected WPV circulation or areas at high risk for WPV circulation. During January-September 2007, India conducted nine SIAs (two rounds of NIDs and seven of SNIDs) (Figure 3).

Since mOPV1 and monovalent oral poliovirus vaccine type 3 (mOPV3) became licensed in India in 2005, their use has become an integral part of SIAs in Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, and areas with transmission of imported virus. SNIDs have been conducted every 3-6 weeks in Uttar Pradesh and Bihar, primarily with mOPV1. One SNID round in 2006 (December) and two SNID rounds in 2007 (March and July) with mOPV3 were conducted in selected districts of western Uttar Pradesh and neighboring states with WPV3 circulation. Five SIA rounds with tOPV were conducted in central and eastern Uttar Pradesh during 2006, and one SNID round with tOPV was conducted in April 2007 in all of Uttar Pradesh. In Bihar, nine SIAs using mOPV1 have been conducted in 2007. SNIDs with mOPV3 were conducted in October 2007 after confirmation of WPV3 cases. In addition, in 2007, a new vaccination strategy targeting migrant populations was implemented in two SNIDs. A total of 1.4 million children were administered mOPV1 in the states of Gujarat, Haryana, and Punjab, which have numerous migrant laborers from Uttar Pradesh and Bihar.

SIA quality^{††} has improved from 2006 to 2007. The percentage of missed houses in Moradabad^{§§} in western Uttar Pradesh decreased approximately 50%, from 12% in January 2006 to 6% in April 2007; the percentage of missed houses remained at 6%-8% during all subsequent rounds. In Bihar, the percentage of missed houses remained at approximately 12%-14% (3).

Reported by: Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India; National Polio Surveillance Project; Immunization and Vaccine

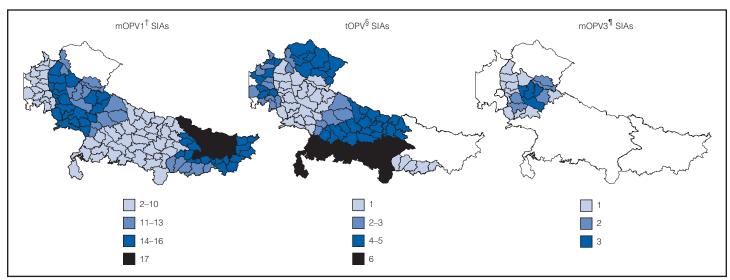
[¶]Administrative divisions within districts; high-risk blocks are those with at least two polio cases from 2001 until week 28 of 2007.

^{**} Mass campaigns conducted during a brief period (days to weeks) in which 1 dose of OPV is administered to all children aged <5 years, regardless of vaccination history. The geographic extent of campaigns (national versus subnational) is determined by analysis of surveillance data. OPV is administered at fixed sites, by mobile teams during house-to-house visits, and by teams at transit points (e.g., train stations or markets).

^{††} SIA quality is defined by the percentage of houses detected, after a vaccination activity has been completed, with a child who might not have been vaccinated.

^{§§} Moradabad is a densely populated district in Uttar Pradesh with an underserved population (i.e., a population with low socioeconomic standing, marginalized status, and poor sanitation).

FIGURE 3. Number of supplementary immunization activity (SIA)* rounds, by vaccine used and district — Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, and surrounding states, India — January 2006–September 2007



^{*} Mass campaign conducted during a brief period (days to weeks) in which 1 dose of oral poliovirus vaccine is administered to all children aged <5 years, regardless of vaccination history.

Development Dept, WHO Regional Office for South-East Asia; UNICEF, New Delhi; Poliovirus Laboratory Network, Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Chennai, Coonoor, Kasauli, Kolkata, Lucknow, and Mumbai, India. Vaccines and Biologicals Dept, WHO, Geneva, Switzerland. Div of Viral Diseases and Global Immunization Div, National Center for Immunization and Respiratory Diseases; AE Sever, MD, EIS Officer, CDC.

Editorial Note: India has continued to make progress towards polio eradication despite a WPV1 outbreak in 2006 and an ongoing WPV3 outbreak in 2007. Based on recommendations of the Global Advisory Committee on Polio Eradication and the India Expert Advisory Group on Polio Eradication, India has prioritized elimination of WPV1 because this virus type has a greater likelihood of causing paralytic disease, has been responsible for >90% of polio cases in the country during the past 5 years, and has been the source for reinfection of six polio-free countries (Angola, Bangladesh, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Myanmar, Namibia, and Nepal). Consequently, the intensified use of mOPV1 during frequent, large-scale SIAs coupled with improvements in the quality and consistency of SIA coverage has been critical to substantially curtailing the outbreak of WPV1. For the first time, this strategy has led to record low numbers of WPV1 cases in the areas that previously had the highest incidence. The limited number of WPV1 cases in western Uttar Pradesh and the continued decline of WPV1 incidence throughout the peak transmission season suggest that an unprecedented opportunity exists to end WPV1 transmission in Uttar Pradesh.

Transmission of WPV1 in Bihar continues despite intensified measures. However, after the series of mOPV1 SIAs implemented during 2006 and 2007, WPV1 transmission is primarily localized in four north/central districts. Eradication activities in high-risk blocks of Bihar are hindered by several operational difficulties, including extensive flooding during the rainy season. Both Uttar Pradesh and Bihar remain areas at risk for ongoing transmission because of multiple factors, including high population density, a large birth cohort, poor sanitation, and high population mobility.

The current WPV3 outbreak is not unexpected. Routine vaccination rates in Uttar Pradesh and Bihar remain low, and the SIA strategy has focused on WPV1 elimination with preferential mOPV1 use for most rounds in areas of WPV transmission. Because of its higher level of transmissibility, WPV1 is more likely to result in wide geographic spread than WPV3. Most of the WPV3 cases in 2007 occurred in certain districts of western Uttar Pradesh that had never conducted an mOPV3 SIA until July 2007.

More frequent, higher quality SIAs have contributed to decreased transmission of WPV. Since early 2006, interventions such as involvement of volunteer public health workers in Uttar Pradesh and Bihar, categorization and tracking of houses with missed children, vaccination of

Monovalent OPV type 1.

[§] Trivalent OPV.

¹ Monovalent OPV type 3.

children at congregation and transit sites, and improved identification and vaccination of migratory populations have been implemented. In addition, the governments of Uttar Pradesh and Bihar have begun tracking newborns to increase the number of children aged <2 years who are vaccinated.

The progress toward elimination of WPV1 in western Uttar Pradesh indicates that poliovirus transmission can be interrupted in India. Sustaining this progress in Uttar Pradesh, reducing the number of WPV1 cases in Bihar, and controlling the WPV3 outbreak are critical. Judicious, intermittent, and timely use of WPV type-specific mOPV, guided by epidemiology, are essential to stopping WPV1 and WPV3 transmission in India in the near future. Eradication of polio in India will require continued diligence and collaboration among the Government of India, governments of Uttar Pradesh and Bihar, and partner organizations. ⁵⁵

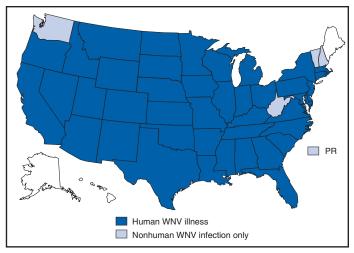
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West Nile Virus Update — United States, January 1–November 13, 2007

This report summarizes 2007 West Nile virus (WNV) surveillance data reported to CDC through ArboNET as of 3 a.m. Mountain Standard Time, November 13, 2007. A total of 43 states had reported 3,304 cases of human WNV illness to CDC (Figure, Table). A total of 1,803 (55%) cases for which such data were available occurred in males; median age of patients was 51 years (range: 1 month–97 years). Dates of illness onset ranged from January 8 to November 6; a total of 93 cases were fatal.

FIGURE. Areas reporting West Nile virus (WNV) activity — United States, 2007*



^{*} As of November 13, 2007.

A total of 286 presumptive West Nile viremic blood donors (PVDs) have been reported to ArboNET during 2007. Of these, 46 were reported from California; 40 from Texas; 24 from North Dakota; 21 from South Dakota; 20 from Colorado; 17 from Minnesota; 16 from Oklahoma; 13 each from Arizona, Mississippi, and Montana; 12 from Missouri; eight from Louisiana; seven from Ohio; five each from Iowa, Kentucky, and Utah; four from New Mexico; three each from Puerto Rico and Wyoming; two each from Indiana and Pennsylvania; and one each from Illinois, New York, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, and Wisconsin. Of the 286 PVDs, two persons (median age: 66 years [range: 60–71 years]) subsequently had neuroinvasive illness, and 59 persons (median age: 48 years [range: 16–79 years]) subsequently had West Nile fever.

In addition, 1,599 dead corvids and 473 other dead birds with WNV infection have been reported in 34 states and New York City during 2007. WNV infections have been reported in horses in 33 states; in four canines in Idaho, Mississippi, and Oregon; in 27 squirrels in California and Oregon; and in three unidentified animal species in Idaho and Montana. WNV seroconversions have been reported in 764 sentinel chicken flocks in 11 states (Arizona, Arkansas, California, Delaware, Florida, Iowa, North Carolina, North Dakota, Oregon, Utah, and Virginia) and Puerto Rico. A total of 7,772 WNV-positive mosquito pools have been reported from 36 states, the District of Columbia, and New York City.

Additional information about national WNV activity is available from CDC at http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dvbid/westnile/index.htm and at http://westnilemaps.usgs.gov.

[§] Major partners include WHO, Rotary International, the World Bank, UNICEF, and the governments of the United Kingdom, United States, Japan, and Germany.

TABLE. Number of human cases of West Nile virus (WNV) illness, by state — United States, 2007*

| | | | , | | |
|--------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------------------|----------------|--------|
| | Neuroinvasive | West Nile | Other clinical/ | Total reported | |
| State | disease [†] | fever§ | unspecified ¹ | to CDC** | Deaths |
| Alabama | 16 | 6 | 0 | 22 | 3 |
| Arizona | 39 | 22 | 24 | 85 | 1 |
| Arkansas | 13 | 6 | 0 | 19 | 1 |
| California | 151 | 213 | 7 | 371 | 16 |
| Colorado | 96 | 459 | 0 | 555 | 6 |
| Connecticut | 4 | 1 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Delaware | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | Ö |
| Florida | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 |
| Georgia | 23 | 21 | 3 | 47 | 2 |
| Idaho | 7 | 100 | 2 | 109 | 1 |
| Illinois | 55 | 25 | 13 | 93 | 4 |
| Indiana | 12 | 7 | 3 | 22 | 1 |
| lowa | 10 | 12 | 2 | 24 | 2 |
| Kansas | 13 | 26 | 0 | 39 | 2 |
| Kentucky | 3 | 0 | Ö | 3 | 0 |
| Louisiana | 20 | 9 | 0 | 29 | 0 |
| Maryland | 6 | 3 | 1 | 10 | 0 |
| Massachus | - | 3 | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| Michigan | 12 | 0 | 1 | 13 | 2 |
| Minnesota | 45 | 54 | 0 | 99 | 2 |
| Mississippi | 42 | 82 | 0 | 124 | 3 |
| Missouri | 56 | 12 | 0 | 68 | 2 |
| Montana | 37 | 160 | 0 | 197 | 4 |
| Nebraska | 18 | 126 | 0 | 144 | 3 |
| Nevada | 1 | 6 | 4 | 11 | 0 |
| New Jersey | = | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| New Mexico | | 22 | 0 | 60 | 3 |
| New York | 12 | 2 | 0 | 14 | 2 |
| North Caroli | | 2 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| North Dakot | | 312 | 0 | 361 | 2 |
| Ohio | 13 | 7 | 1 | 21 | 2 |
| Oklahoma | 51 | 40 | 1 | 92 | 8 |
| Oregon | 7 | 19 | 0 | 26 | 0 |
| Pennsylvani | · · | 4 | 0 | 9 | 0 |
| Rhode Islan | - | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| South Caroli | | 2 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| South Dako | | 159 | 0 | 207 | 6 |
| Tennessee | 40 4 | 2 | 1 | 7 | 1 |
| Texas | 4 114 | 30 | 0 | 144 | 10 |
| Utah | 114 27 | 33 | 0 | 60 | 2 |
| | 27 | 33 1 | 0 | | 0 |
| Virginia | 2 5 | 1 5 | 0 | 3 10 | 0 |
| Wisconsin | | | | | 1 |
| Wyoming | 15 | 152 | 13 | 180 | - |
| Total | 1,082 2 | 2,146 | 76 | 3,304 | 93 |

^{*} As of November 13, 2007.

Notice to Readers

National Family History Day — Thanksgiving Day

Beginning in 2004, Thanksgiving Day was declared National Family History Day by the U.S. Surgeon General to encourage families to discuss their health histories. Although 96% of persons in the United States believe that knowing their family history is important, only one third of them have ever tried to gather and write down their family health history (1).

The Office of the Surgeon General, in collaboration with several agencies in the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, developed a tool for recording family health information (available at https://familyhistory.hhs.gov). In addition, in 2002, CDC's National Office of Public Health Genomics (NOPHG) launched the Family History Public Health Initiative, which collaborates with government agencies, public health organizations, universities, and the private sector to assess and promote the use of family history for improving the health of the U.S. population. Family history resources and tools are available from NOPHG at http://www.cdc.gov/genomics/public/famhist.htm.

To extend this initiative to children, CDC's National Center on Birth Defects and Developmental Disabilities sponsored a meeting in 2006 to assess the use of family history information in pediatric primary care and to evaluate medical conditions that could serve as models for using this information in pediatric and public health settings (2). A supplement to the September 2007 issue of *Pediatrics* contains articles based on the findings from the meeting. Access to the *Pediatrics* supplement and additional information regarding the 2006 meeting are available at http://www.cdc.gov/ncbdd/bd/family_history.htm.

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[†] Cases with neurologic manifestations (i.e., West Nile meningitis, West Nile encephalitis, and West Nile myelitis).

[§] Cases with no evidence of neuroinvasion.

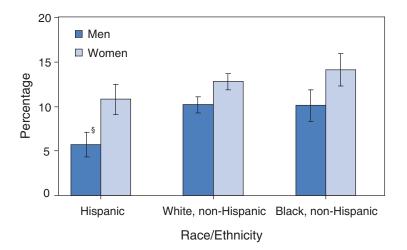
[¶] Illnesses for which sufficient clinical information was not provided.

^{**} Total number of human cases of WNV illness reported to ArboNET by state and local health departments.

QuickStats

FROM THE NATIONAL CENTER FOR HEALTH STATISTICS

Estimated Percentage of Adults Aged ≥18 Years With Asthma,* by Sex and Race/Ethnicity — National Health Interview Survey, United States, 2006[†]



- * Based on response to the following question: "Have you ever been told by a doctor or other health professional that you had asthma?"
- [†] Estimates were age adjusted using the 2000 U.S. population as the standard population and four age groups: 18–44 years, 45–64 years, 65–74 years, and ≥75 years. Estimates were based on household interviews of a sample of the noninstitutionalized, U.S. civilian population. Persons of unknown asthma status were not included.
- § 95% confidence interval.

In 2006, among Hispanic, non-Hispanic black, and non-Hispanic white adults, women were more likely than men to have asthma. Overall, Hispanics were less likely than non-Hispanic whites and non-Hispanic blacks to have asthma.

SOURCE: National Health Interview Survey, 2006. Information available at http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nhis.htm.

TABLE I. Provisional cases of infrequently reported notifiable diseases (<1,000 cases reported during the preceding year) — United States, week ending November 10, 2007 (45th Week)*

| | Current | Cum | 5-year weekly | Total o | cases rep | orted for | previou | s years | |
|--|---------|----------|------------------|----------|-----------|--------------|-----------|----------|--|
| Disease | week | 2007 | average† | 2006 | 2005 | 2004 | 2003 | 2002 | States reporting cases during current week (No. |
| Anthrax | | | | 1 | | | | 2 | |
| Botulism: | | | | | | | | | |
| foodborne | _ | 16 | 0 | 20 | 19 | 16 | 20 | 28 | |
| infant | 1 | 71 | 1 | 97 | 85 | 87 | 76 | 69 | CT(1) |
| other (wound & unspecified) | _ | 19 | 0 | 48 | 31 | 30 | 33 | 21 | |
| Brucellosis | _ | 102 | 3 | 121 | 120 | 114 | 104 | 125 | |
| Chancroid | _ | 28 | 1 | 33 | 17 | 30 | 54 | 67 | |
| Cholera | _ | 6 | 0 | 9 | 8 | 5 | 2 | 2 | |
| Cyclosporiasis§ | _ | 88 | 2 | 136 | 543 | 171 | 75 | 156 | |
| Diphtheria | _ | _ | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 1 | 1 | |
| Domestic arboviral diseases ^{§,¶} : | | | | | | | | | |
| California serogroup | _ | 28 | 1 | 67 | 80 | 112 | 108 | 164 | |
| eastern equine | _ | 3 | 0 | 8 | 21 | 6 | 14 | 10 | |
| Powassan | _ | 1 | _ | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | | 1 | |
| St. Louis | _ | 4 | 0 | 10 | 13 | 12 | 41 | 28 | |
| western equine | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| Ehrlichiosis§: | _ | | | | | | | | 10//0 10//0 15//0 5//0 |
| human granulocytic | 7 | 442 | 9 | 646 | 786 | 537 | 362 | 511 | NY (1), MN (4), MD (1), FL (1) |
| human monocytic | 6 | 562 | 7 | 578 | 506 | 338 | 321 | 216 | NY (2), MN (2), MD (1), FL (1) |
| human (other & unspecified) | _ | 142 | 1 | 231 | 112 | 59 | 44 | 23 | |
| Haemophilus influenzae,** | | | | | | | | | |
| invasive disease (age <5 yrs): | | 4.4 | 0 | 00 | • | 40 | 00 | 0.4 | |
| serotype b | _ | 14 | 0 | 29 | 9 | 19 | 32 | 34 | |
| nonserotype b | _ | 117 | 3 | 175 | 135 | 135 | 117 | 144 | NIV (4) OLL (4) MD (4) |
| unknown serotype | 3 | 183 | 3 | 179 | 217 | 177 | 227 | 153 | NY (1), OH (1), MD (1) |
| Hansen disease§ Hantavirus pulmonary syndrome§ | 1 | 52 23 | 2 1 | 66 40 | 87 26 | 105 24 | 95 26 | 96 19 | FL(1) |
| | 1 | 185 | 4 | 288 | 26 221 | 200 | ∠o 178 | 216 | CT(1) |
| Hemolytic uremic syndrome, postdiarrheal§ Hepatitis C viral, acute | 7 | 568 | 19 | 802 | 652 | 713 | 1,102 | 1,835 | CT (1) NY (2), MD (1), FL (1), OK (2), CO (1) |
| HIV infection, pediatric (age <13 yrs) ^{††} | , | 300 | 5 | 52 | 380 | 436 | 504 | 420 | N1 (2), ND (1), 1 L (1), OR (2), OO (1) |
| Influenza-associated pediatric mortality ^{§,§§} | _ | — 75 | 0 | 43 | 45 | 450 | N | 420 N | TX (2) |
| Listeriosis | 2 | 593 | 16 | 875 | 896 | 753 | 696 | 665 | NY (1), GA (1) |
| Measles [®] | _ | 30 | 1 | 55 | 66 | 37 | 56 | 44 | N1 (1), GA (1) |
| Meningococcal disease, invasive***: | | 00 | | 00 | 00 | 01 | 00 | | |
| A, C, Y, & W-135 | 2 | 240 | 4 | 318 | 297 | _ | _ | _ | NY (1), NC (1) |
| serogroup B | _ | 110 | 2 | 193 | 156 | _ | _ | _ | 111 (1),110 (1) |
| other serogroup | 1 | 26 | 0 | 32 | 27 | _ | _ | _ | OK (1) |
| unknown serogroup | 4 | 504 | 11 | 651 | 765 | _ | _ | _ | NY (1), OH (1), IA (1), FL (1) |
| Mumps | 3 | 646 | 12 | 6,584 | 314 | 258 | 231 | 270 | NY (1), MI (1), FL (1) |
| Novel influenza A virus infections | _ | 4 | <u></u> | N | N | N | N. | N | (.), (.), . = (.) |
| Plaque | _ | 6 | 0 | 17 | 8 | 3 | 1 | 2 | |
| Poliomyelitis, paralytic | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1 | _ | _ | _ | |
| Poliovirus infection, nonparalytic§ | _ | _ | _ | N | N | N | N | N | |
| Psittacosis§ | _ | 6 | 0 | 21 | 16 | 12 | 12 | 18 | |
| Q fever§ | 2 | 146 | 1 | 169 | 136 | 70 | 71 | 61 | CO(2) |
| Rabies, human | _ | _ | 0 | 3 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 3 | |
| Rubella ^{†††} | _ | 11 | _ | 11 | 11 | 10 | 7 | 18 | |
| Rubella, congenital syndrome | _ | _ | _ | 1 | 1 | _ | 1 | 1 | |
| SARS-CoV ^{§,§§§} | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 8 | N | |
| Smallpox§ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| Streptococcal toxic-shock syndrome§ | _ | 83 | 1 | 125 | 129 | 132 | 161 | 118 | |
| Syphilis, congenital (age <1 yr) | 4 | 390 | 8 | 380 | 329 | 353 | 413 | 412 | MI (3), NC (1) |
| Tetanus | _ | 16 | 0 | 41 | 27 | 34 | 20 | 25 | |
| Toxic-shock syndrome (staphylococcal)§ | _ | 67 | 2 | 101 | 90 | 95 | 133 | 109 | |
| Trichinellosis | _ | 6 | 0 | 15 | 16 | 5 | 6 | 14 | |
| Tularemia | 1 | 104 | 1 | 95 | 154 | 134 | 129 | 90 | NE (1) |
| Typhoid fever | , 1 | 298 | 5 | 353 | 324 | 322 | 356 | 321 | FL(1) |
| Vancomycin-intermediate Staphylococcus aure | | 18 | 0 | 6 | 2 | - | N | N | |
| Vancomycin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus | _ | _ | _ | 1 | 3 | 1 | N | N | NIV (4) FL (0) |
| Vibriosis (noncholera <i>Vibrio</i> species infections) | § 3 | 323 | 2 | N | N | N | N | N | NY (1), FL (2) |
| Yellow fever | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1 | |

-: No reported cases.

<sup>No reported cases. N: Not notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts.

Incidence data for reporting year 2007 are provisional, whereas data for 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, and 2006 are finalized.

Calculated by summing the incidence counts for the current week, the 2 weeks preceding the current week, and the 2 weeks following the current week, for a total of 5 preceding years. Additional information is available at http://www.cdc.gov/epo/dphsi/phs/files/Syearweeklyaverage.pdf.

Not notifiable in all states. Data from states where the condition is not notifiable are excluded from this table, except in 2007 for the domestic arboviral diseases and influenza-associated pediatric mortality, and in 2003 for SARS-CoV. Reporting exceptions are available at http://www.cdc.gov/epo/dphsi/phs/infdis.htm.

Includes both neuroinvasive and nonneuroinvasive. Updated weekly from reports to the Division of Vector-Borne Infectious Diseases, National Center for Zoonotic, Vector-Borne, and Enteric Diseases (ArboNET Surveillance). Data for West Nile virus are available in Table II.

Data for H. influenzae (all ages, all serotypes) are available in Table II.

Updated monthly from reports to the Division of HIV/AIDS. Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention, Implementation of HIV reporting.</sup>

Data for H. Influenzae (all ages, all serotypes) are available in Table II.

Updated monthly from reports to the Division of HIV/AIDS Prevention, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention. Implementation of HIV reporting influences the number of cases reported. Updates of pediatric HIV data have been temporarily suspended until upgrading of the national HIV/AIDS surveillance data management system is completed. Data for HIV/AIDS, when available, are displayed in Table IV, which appears quarterly.

Updated weekly from reports to the Influenza Division, National Center for Immunization and Respiratory Diseases. The two cases reported during the 45th Week occurred during the 2006–07 influenza season, bringing the total number of cases occurring during that season to 73.

No measles cases were reported for the current week.

Data for meningococcal disease (all serogroups) are available in Table II.

No rubella cases were reported for the current week.

Updated weekly from reports to the Division of Viral and Rickettsial Diseases, National Center for Zoonotic, Vector-Borne, and Enteric Diseases.

TABLE II. Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending November 10, 2007, and November 11, 2006 (45th Week)*

| (45th Week)* | | | Chlamyd | ia† | | | Coccid | ioidomy | cosis | | | Crvr | tosporid | iosis | |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|---------------------------------|--|---|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|---|---|
| | | | vious | | | | | vious | | | | Pre | /ious | | |
| Reporting area | Current week | <u>52 v</u> Med | veeks Max | Cum 2007 | Cum 2006 | Current week | Med | veeks Max | Cum 2007 | Cum 2006 | Current week | 52 v Med | reeks Max | Cum 2007 | Cum 2006 |
| United States | 10,469 | 20,574 | 25,327 | 882,384 | 886,373 | 4 | 142 | 658 | 6,318 | 6,911 | 89 | 83 | 963 | 9,376 | 4,988 |
| New England Connecticut Maine [§] Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island [§] Vermont [§] | 614 280 — 212 33 89 | 699 213 50 301 39 62 20 | 1,357 829 74 480 74 106 45 | 29,628 8,979 2,168 13,221 1,834 2,677 749 | 29,219 8,577 1,954 13,151 1,706 2,804 1,027 | | 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 0 0 0 1 0 | 2 N — 2 — N | N — — — — N | _ _ _ _ _ | 5 0 1 2 1 0 | 39 39 6 11 5 3 | 285 39 45 107 49 8 37 | 346 38 40 169 41 14 |
| Mid. Atlantic New Jersey New York (Upstate) New York City Pennsylvania | 2,238 152 683 778 625 | 2,766 395 517 973 751 | 4,284 528 2,758 1,982 1,760 | 123,136 17,382 23,502 43,029 39,223 | 108,364 17,603 20,798 35,887 34,076 | N N N | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | N N N N | N N N N | 12 - 5 - 7 | 10 0 3 1 4 | 113 6 20 6 103 | 1,219 41 222 81 875 | 580 42 148 135 255 |
| E.N. Central Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin | 828 — 286 433 9 100 | 3,167 943 399 705 749 369 | 6,215 1,367 646 1,059 3,642 443 | 141,455 39,704 17,988 29,701 38,040 16,022 | 147,381 46,555 17,148 30,628 35,165 17,885 | 1 — — 1 N | 1 0 0 0 0 | 3 0 0 3 1 0 | 28 — 18 10 N | 39 — 33 6 N | 22 — 2 3 14 3 | 19 2 2 3 5 | 131 13 12 11 61 59 | 1,573 146 94 158 532 643 | 1,235 186 89 130 325 505 |
| W.N. Central lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska [§] North Dakota South Dakota | 388 169 156 — — 6 57 | 1,213 160 154 254 451 97 27 49 | 1,465 252 294 314 551 183 61 84 | 52,290 7,596 6,998 10,544 19,688 3,956 1,262 2,246 | 53,722 7,248 6,836 11,213 19,930 4,670 1,578 2,247 | N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N | 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 54 0 0 54 1 0 0 | 7 N N 7 N N | 1 N N - 1 N N N | 8 2 1 4 — 1 — | 13 2 1 3 2 1 0 2 | 123 60 16 34 13 21 11 | 1,428 584 145 262 130 135 15 | 798 166 76 196 180 91 9 |
| S. Atlantic Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland [§] North Carolina South Carolina [§] Virginia [§] West Virginia | 2,886 85 81 1,285 4 194 621 155 457 4 | 3,965 64 111 1,146 614 399 548 508 485 59 | 6,760 140 166 1,767 3,822 696 1,905 3,030 621 94 | 173,454 2,984 4,981 51,015 21,634 17,330 24,293 27,383 21,292 2,542 | 170,636 3,089 2,720 42,830 30,947 18,475 29,270 19,952 20,837 2,516 | N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 | 3 | 4 N N 4 N N | 31 — 21 5 — 3 2 | 20 0 0 11 4 1 1 1 | 68 4 2 35 22 2 18 13 5 | 1,106 20 3 598 207 29 101 77 60 11 | 1,056 15 13 481 251 16 90 125 56 9 |
| E.S. Central Alabama [§] Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee [§] | 879 62 234 — 583 | 1,467 367 150 346 512 | 2,044 577 691 959 721 | 62,813 14,702 7,245 16,805 24,061 | 65,950 20,314 7,202 16,368 22,066 | N N N N | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | N N N N | N N N N | 1 1 — — | 4 1 1 0 | 63 14 40 11 19 | 555 107 241 91 116 | 155 54 38 24 39 |
| W.S. Central Arkansas [§] Louisiana Oklahoma Texas [§] | 1,872 240 157 83 1,392 | 2,333 173 385 261 1,503 | 2,962 328 852 467 1,946 | 106,171 8,359 17,052 11,167 69,593 | 100,500 7,181 15,776 10,864 66,679 | | 0 0 0 0 | 1 0 1 0 0 | 1 N 1 N N | 1 N 1 N N | _ _ _ _ | 5 0 1 1 2 | 41 8 4 11 29 | 323 30 39 113 141 | 364 22 82 37 223 |
| Mountain Arizona Colorado Idaho [§] Montana [§] Nevada [§] New Mexico [§] Utah Wyoming [§] | 382 47 168 — — — — 167 | 1,244 484 209 55 45 174 147 104 23 | 1,710 834 358 252 73 293 393 209 38 | 51,709 19,318 8,122 2,883 1,497 7,279 6,918 4,736 956 | 60,458 19,804 14,227 2,816 2,247 7,338 8,462 4,307 1,257 | 3 N N N | 95 92 0 0 1 0 | 293 293 0 0 0 5 2 7 | 4,104 3,971 N N 50 17 63 3 | 4,681 4,554 N N N 57 18 50 2 | 15 2 9 — — 4 | 7 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 | 572 6 25 71 7 3 8 498 | 2,760 41 142 429 63 18 96 1,921 | 375 27 67 35 135 11 41 15 44 |
| Pacific Alaska California Hawaii Oregon [§] Washington | 382 81 — — 193 108 | 3,348 88 2,628 104 160 269 | 4,362 157 3,627 134 394 621 | 141,728 3,758 114,128 4,584 7,548 11,710 | 150,143 3,860 117,738 4,924 8,200 15,421 | | 43 0 43 0 0 | 311 0 311 0 0 | 2,173 N 2,173 N N N | 2,185 N 2,185 N N | _ _ _ _ | 2 0 0 0 2 0 | 20 2 0 4 16 0 | 127 3 — 6 118 | 79 4 4 71 |
| American Samoa C.N.M.I. Guam Puerto Rico U.S. Virgin Islands | U 58 104 U | 0 3 131 3 | 32 — 207 543 7 | U 488 6,493 U | U U 769 4,414 U | U U N U | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | U U N U | U N U | U U N U | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | U | U N U |

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands.
U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum.

* Incidence data for reporting year 2007 are provisional. Data for HIV/AIDS, AIDS, and TB, when available, are displayed in Table IV, which appears quarterly. Chlamydia refers to genital infections caused by *Chlamydia trachomatis*.

Scontains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending November 10, 2007, and November 11, 2006 (45th Week)*

| (45til Week) | | | Giardiasi | is | | | | onorrhe | a | | Нае | All age | es, all ser | <i>zae</i> , invas otypes† | sive |
|---|----------|--------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|----------|---------|----------------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| | Current | Prev 52 w | | Cum | Cum | Current | | evious weeks | Cum | Cum | Current | | vious veeks | Cum | Cum |
| Reporting area | week | Med | Max | 2007 | 2006 | week | Med | Max | 2007 | 2006 | week | Med | Max | 2007 | 2006 |
| United States | 205 | 305 | 1,513 | 14,548 | 15,545 | 3,338 | 6,674 | 8,941 | 287,184 | 309,100 | 27 | 44 | 184 | 1,936 | 1,958 |
| New England Connecticut | 7 | 25 6 | 54 18 | 1,253 313 | 1,275 269 | 113 66 | 109 41 | 259 204 | 4,710 1,819 | 4,915 2,034 | 2 | 3 | 19 7 | 159 47 | 151 42 |
| Maine§ | 5 | 3 10 | 10 | 173 | 164 | 39 | 2 | 8 96 | 104 | 113 | _ | 0 | 4 | 13 74 | 18 |
| Massachusetts New Hampshire | 1 | 0 | 29 3 | 521 24 | 554 21 | 2 | 51 2 | 8 | 2,249 131 | 2,095 166 | _ | 0 | 6 2 | 15 | 68 11 |
| Rhode Island [§] Vermont [§] | 1 | 0 3 | 15 9 | 73 149 | 100 167 | 6 | 8 1 | 18 5 | 359 48 | 444 63 | _ | 0 0 | 10 1 | 7 3 | 4 8 |
| Mid. Atlantic | 46 | 56 | 127 | 2,525 | 3,054 | 420 | 714 | 1,537 | 31,634 | 28,944 | 4 | 10 | 27 | 387 | 404 |
| New Jersey New York (Upstate) | 35 | 6 23 | 11 108 | 221 1,012 | 420 1,068 | 47 127 | 114 112 | 159 1,035 | 5,056 5,894 | 4,749 5,406 | 4 | 1 2 | 5 15 | 55 112 | 72 128 |
| New York City Pennsylvania | 4 7 | 15 14 | 25 29 | 681 611 | 838 728 | 115 131 | 201 240 | 359 586 | 8,864 11,820 | 8,982 9,807 | _ | 2 | 6 10 | 84 136 | 74 130 |
| E.N. Central | 21 | 46 | 80 | 2,116 | 2,511 | 327 | 1,260 | 2,591 | 57,343 | 60,988 | 9 | 6 | 15 | 254 | 326 |
| Illinois Indiana | N | 12 0 | 30 0 | 573 N | 626 N | 98 | 347 166 | 498 307 | 14,786 7,751 | 17,448 7,607 | 3 | 2 1 | 6 7 | 73 53 | 99 71 |
| Michigan Ohio | 3 18 | 11 15 | 20 37 | 474 716 | 634 726 | 199 5 | 259 339 | 747 1,570 | 12,076 17,131 | 12,991 16.860 | 1 5 | 0 2 | 5 5 | 23 91 | 23 73 |
| Wisconsin | _ | 7 | 20 | 353 | 525 | 25 | 127 | 206 | 5,599 | 6,082 | _ | 0 | 2 | 14 | 60 |
| W.N. Central lowa | 9 | 21 5 | 553 23 | 1,057 266 | 1,616 264 | 84 22 | 378 39 | 514 60 | 16,306 1,659 | 16,852 1,642 | _ | 3 | 24 1 | 116 1 | 137 2 |
| Kansas Minnesota | 5 | 3 | 11 514 | 171 12 | 175 479 | 57 | 43 66 | 86 86 | 1,980 2,720 | 1,922 2,813 | _ | 0 | 2 17 | 9 56 | 16 72 |
| Missouri | | 7 | 22 | 380 | 494 | _ | 196 | 266 | 8,504 | 8,794 | _ | 1 | 5 | 34 | 32 |
| Nebraska [§] North Dakota | 4 | 2 0 | 8 16 | 129 18 | 104 19 | _ | 26 2 | 57 5 | 1,140 80 | 1,226 131 | _ | 0 0 | 2 2 | 14 2 | 9 6 |
| South Dakota | _ | 1 | 6 | 81 | 81 | 5 | 5 | 11 | 223 | 324 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | - |
| S. Atlantic Delaware | 50 — | 57 1 | 106 6 | 2,511 39 | 2,424 36 | 1,267 29 | 1,545 26 | 3,209 43 | 67,944 1,128 | 76,831 1,287 | 7 | 11 0 | 34 3 | 498 8 | 486 1 |
| District of Columbia Florida | 26 | 0 24 | 7 47 | 34 1,125 | 55 983 | 39 486 | 47 478 | 71 717 | 2,024 20,825 | 1,556 20,991 | <u></u> | 0 3 | 1 8 | 3 140 | 7 149 |
| Georgia Maryland [§] | 11 4 | 10 4 | 42 18 | 542 220 | 578 213 | 2 49 | 290 116 | 2,068 227 | 9,016 5,285 | 15,585 6,247 | 1 | 2 1 | 7 6 | 105 71 | 99 69 |
| North Carolina South Carolina [§] | 3 | 0 | 0 | 90 | 93 | 386 67 | 248 206 | 675 1,361 | 12,027 11,456 | 15,287 9,291 | 3 | 0 | 9 | 51 42 | 49 31 |
| Virginia [§] | 6 | 9 | 22 | 415 | 440 | 208 | 123 | 220 | 5,404 | 5,763 | _ | 1 | 22 | 53 | 62 |
| West Virginia E.S. Central | 9 | 0 10 | 21 23 | 46 474 | 26 391 | 1 304 | 18 550 | 37 752 | 779 24,292 | 824 27,018 | _ 2 | 0 2 | 6 9 | 25 106 | 19 98 |
| Alabama [§] Kentucky | 1 N | 5 | 16 0 | 222 N | 184 N | 28 74 | 155 57 | 242 268 | 6,490 2,859 | 9,408 2,648 | _ | 0 0 | 3 | 22 2 | 20 5 |
| Mississippi | N | 0 | 0 | N | N | _ | 141 | 310 | 6,387 | 6,478 | _ | 0 | 1 | 7 | 12 |
| Tennessee [§] W.S. Central | 8 | 5 6 | 16 55 | 252 302 | 207 318 | 202 672 | 181 989 | 261 1,200 | 8,556 44,083 | 8,484 44,264 | 2 | 1 2 | 6 34 | 75 87 | 61 74 |
| Arkansas§ | _ | 2 | 13 | 102 | 123 | 92 | 78 | 120 | 3,573 | 3,741 | <u>.</u> | 0 | 2 | 8 | 8 |
| Louisiana Oklahoma | 3 | 1 | 9 42 | 74 126 | 81 114 | 68 27 | 222 99 | 384 235 | 9,819 4,319 | 9,517 4,069 | 1 | 0 | 2 29 | 6 66 | 19 40 |
| Texas [§] Mountain | N 34 | 0 30 | 0 67 | N 1,434 | N 1,490 | 485 65 | 581 246 | 731 346 | 26,372 10,380 | 26,937 13,431 | _ 1 | 0 4 | 3 12 | 7 213 | 7 186 |
| Arizona | _ | 3 | 11 | 169 | 143 | 23 | 104 | 175 | 4,060 | 4,955 | | 1 | 6 | 79 | 77 |
| Colorado Idaho [§] | 26 3 | 8 3 | 24 12 | 409 157 | 492 167 | 34 | 49 3 | 93 19 | 2,075 215 | 3,245 171 | _ | 1 0 | 4 1 | 45 6 | 44 6 |
| Montana [§] Nevada [§] | 1 | 2 2 | 8 8 | 99 89 | 93 102 | _ | 1 43 | 7 87 | 57 1,781 | 173 2,478 | _ | 0 | 1 2 | 2 9 | 14 |
| New Mexico [§] Utah | <u> </u> | 2 7 | 5 32 | 92 385 | 72 386 | 8 | 30 17 | 58 35 | 1,432 695 | 1,551 745 | _ | 1 | 4 | 35 32 | 28 14 |
| Wyoming§ | | 1 | 4 | 34 | 35 | _ | 1 | 5 | 65 | 113 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 3 |
| Pacific Alaska | 26 — | 62 1 | 558 5 | 2,876 65 | 2,466 103 | 86 13 | 706 10 | 875 27 | 30,492 426 | 35,857 528 | 1 | 3 0 | 16 3 | 116 14 | 96 10 |
| California Hawaii | _ | 44 1 | 93 4 | 1,902 60 | 1,961 45 | = | 604 12 | 734 22 | 26,375 542 | 29,574 811 | _ | 0 | 10 2 | 34 11 | 29 16 |
| Oregon§ | 7 | 9 | 17 | 397 | 357 | 53 | 22 | 63 | 971 | 1,263 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 55 | 41 |
| Washington American Samoa | 19 U | 8 | 449 0 | 452 U | _ U | 20 U | 50 0 | 142 2 | 2,178 U | 3,681 U | U | 0 | 5 0 | 2 U | U U |
| C.N.M.I. | Ü | _ | _ | Ü | Ü | Ü | _ | _ | Ü | Ū | Ü | _ | _ | Ü | U |
| Guam Puerto Rico | _ | 0 5 | 0 15 | 165 | 224 | 6 2 | 1 | 38 23 | 97 294 | 93 267 | _ | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| U.S. Virgin Islands | U | 0 | 0 | U | U | U | 1 | 3 | U | U | U | 0 | 0 | U | U |

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands.
U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum.

^{*} Incidence data for reporting year 2007 are provisional.

Data for *H. influenzae* (age <5 yrs for serotype b, nonserotype b, and unknown serotype) are available in Table I. Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending November 10, 2007, and November 11, 2006 (45th Week)*

| (45th Week)* | | | | is (viral, ac | cute), by ty | pe [†] | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|---------|----------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|---------|------------|-------------|--------------|---------|---------|---------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | Previ | A | | | | Prev | B rious | | | | | egionello: vious | sis | |
| | Current | 52 we | eeks | Cum | Cum | Current | 52 w | eeks | Cum | Cum | Current | 52 v | veeks | Cum | Cum |
| Reporting area | week | Med | Max | 2007 | 2006 | week | Med | Max | 2007 | 2006 | week | Med | Max | 2007 | 2006 |
| United States | 15 | 52 2 | 201 6 | 2,381 108 | 3,048 167 | 39 | 77 1 | 405 | 3,411 65 | 3,818 106 | 37 | 42 2 | 106 | 1,995 113 | 2,400 159 |
| New England Connecticut | 2 2 | 0 | 3 | 25 | 37 | _ | 0 | 5 5 | 28 | 44 | 2 2 | 0 | 13 5 | 36 | 46 |
| Maine§ Massachusetts | _ | 0 1 | 1 4 | 3 49 | 8 80 | _ | 0 | 2 1 | 11 4 | 22 19 | _ | 0 | 1 3 | 5 21 | 9 63 |
| New Hampshire | _ | Ö | 3 | 12 | 22 | _ | 0 | 1 | 5 | 9 | _ | 0 | 2 | 8 | 13 |
| Rhode Island§ Vermont§ | _ | 0 | 2 1 | 11 8 | 12 8 | _ | 0 | 3 1 | 13 4 | 9 3 | _ | 0 | 6 2 | 34 9 | 21 7 |
| Mid. Atlantic | 2 | 8 | 18 | 371 | 347 | 3 | 8 | 21 | 394 | 465 | 8 | 12 | 35 | 626 | 875 |
| New Jersey New York (Upstate) | _ 1 | 2 1 | 6 11 | 93 66 | 97 80 | | 1 2 | 8 13 | 79 87 | 151 54 | 4 | 1 4 | 11 22 | 76 197 | 109 298 |
| New York City | _ | 3 | 7 | 136 | 111 | _ | 2 | 6 | 82 | 108 | _ | 2 | 10 | 98 | 168 |
| Pennsylvania E.N. Central | 1 2 | 2 5 | 5 13 | 76 254 | 59 314 | 1 | 3 9 | 8 23 | 146 374 | 152 433 | 4 7 | 4 9 | 21 27 | 255 456 | 300 538 |
| Illinois | _ | 2 | 5 | 91 | 94 | _ | 2 | 6 | 97 | 120 | _ | 2 | 12 | 82 | 115 |
| Indiana Michigan | _ 1 | 0 1 | 7 8 | 30 68 | 24 107 | _ 1 | 0 2 | 21 8 | 47 95 | 46 127 | | 1 3 | 7 10 | 47 131 | 46 131 |
| Ohio | 1 | 1 | 4 | 58 | 48 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 115 | 108 | 5 | 3 | 17 | 186 | 202 |
| Wisconsin W.N. Central | _ | 0 2 | 3 18 | 7 147 | 41 122 | _ | 0 | 3 15 | 20 114 | 32 129 | _ | 1 | 3 9 | 10 86 | 44 76 |
| Iowa | _ | 1 | 4 | 37 | 11 | _ | 0 | 3 | 20 | 19 | _ | 0 | 1 | 9 | 10 |
| Kansas Minnesota | _ | 0 | 1 17 | 6 62 | 26 17 | _ | 0 | 2 13 | 9 18 | 10 18 | _ | 0 | 1 6 | 3 23 | 8 24 |
| Missouri | _ | 0 | 2 | 24 | 42 17 | _ | 1 | 5 | 52 10 | 59 | _ 2 | 1 | 3 | 36 | 20 |
| Nebraska [§] North Dakota | _ | 0 | 2 | 12 | _ | _ | 0 | 1 1 | _ | 18 | _ | 0 | 1 1 | 11 | 9 |
| South Dakota | _ | 0 | 1 | 6 | 9 | _ | 0 | 1 | 5 | 5 | _ | 0 | 1 | 4 | 5 |
| S. Atlantic Delaware | 6 | 10 0 | 21 1 | 446 7 | 484 12 | 9 | 18 0 | 56 2 | 842 15 | 1,059 46 | 15 — | 7 0 | 25 2 | 332 8 | 411 11 |
| District of Columbia | | 0 | 5 7 | 14 137 | 7 | 5 | 0 | 2 | 1 302 | 7 361 | 7 | 0 | 2 10 | 1 | 27 140 |
| Florida Georgia | _ | 1 | 4 | 63 | 188 50 | 3 | 2 | 14 7 | 106 | 182 | _ | 0 | 2 | 137 19 | 31 |
| Maryland [§] North Carolina | _ | 1 0 | 5 11 | 69 56 | 59 83 | 1 | 2 1 | 6 16 | 98 120 | 132 143 | 3 2 | 1 1 | 4 4 | 61 39 | 95 33 |
| South Carolina§ | _ | 0 | 4 | 15 | 23 | _ | 1 | 5 | 53 | 81 | _ | 0 | 2 | 15 | 5 |
| Virginia [§] West Virginia | | 1 0 | 5 2 | 77 8 | 56 6 | _ | 3 0 | 8 23 | 108 39 | 59 48 | 2 1 | 1 0 | 4 4 | 40 12 | 56 13 |
| E.S. Central | _ | 2 | 5 | 90 | 113 | _ | 7 | 17 | 307 | 287 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 84 | 94 |
| Alabama [§] Kentucky | _ | 0 | 3 2 | 16 19 | 13 31 | _ | 2 1 | 10 7 | 108 61 | 82 65 | _ | 0 1 | 1 4 | 9 43 | 9 39 |
| Mississippi Tennessee§ | _ | 0 | 4 5 | 8 47 | 8 61 | _ | 0 3 | 8 8 | 25 113 | 11 129 | _ 1 | 0 1 | 1 4 | 32 | 4 |
| W.S. Central | _ | 4 | 43 | 188 | 336 | 20 | 3 17 | 169 | 736 | 777 | 1 | 2 | 4 16 | 3∠ 95 | 42 59 |
| Arkansas§ | _ | 0 | 2 | 10 | 44 | _ | 1 | 7 | 58 | 69 | _ | 0 | 3 | 8 | 4 |
| Louisiana Oklahoma | _ | 0 | 3 8 | 24 11 | 27 6 | 13 | 1 1 | 4 38 | 62 116 | 50 60 | _ | 0 | 1 6 | 3 5 | 10 1 |
| Texas§ | _ | 3 | 39 | 143 | 259 | 7 | 12 | 135 | 500 | 598 | 1 | 2 | 13 | 79 | 44 |
| Mountain Arizona | 1 | 4 3 | 15 11 | 216 154 | 243 147 | 2 | 3 | 7 4 | 145 49 | 122 | 1 | 2 | 7 5 | 94 37 | 111 35 |
| Colorado | 1 | 0 | 3 | 22 | 36 | 1 | Ö | 3 | 25 | 32 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 15 | 24 |
| Idaho [§] Montana [§] | _ | 0 | 1 2 | 4 9 | 9 11 | 1 | 0 | 1 3 | 12 | 12 2 | _ | 0 0 | 1 1 | 5 3 | 11 6 |
| Nevada [§] New Mexico [§] | _ | 0 | 2 | 9 9 | 11 14 | _ | 1 0 | 3 2 | 29 10 | 33 21 | _ | 0 | 2 | 7 8 | 8 5 |
| Utah | _ | 0 | 1 | 6 | 13 | _ | 0 | 4 | 18 | 22 | _ | 0 | 3 | 16 | 22 |
| Wyoming [§] | _ | 0 | 1 | 3 | 2 | _ | 0 | 1 | 2 | _ | _ | 0 | 1 | 3 | _ |
| Pacific Alaska | | 13 0 | 92 1 | 561 4 | 922 1 | 2 1 | 10 0 | 106 1 | 434 7 | 440 8 | _ | 2 0 | 11 1 | 109 | 77 — |
| California Hawaii | _ | 10 0 | 40 2 | 482 4 | 875 11 | _ | 7 0 | 31 2 | 318 7 | 351 7 | _ | 1 0 | 11 1 | 79 2 | 77 |
| Oregon§ | 1 | 1 | 2 | 27 | 35 | - | 1 | 4 | 55 | 74 | _ | 0 | 1 | 9 | _ |
| Washington American Samoa | 1 U | 0 | 52 0 | 44 U | — U | 1 U | 1 | 74 0 | 47 U | _ U | _ U | 0 | 3 0 | 19 U | _ U |
| C.N.M.I. | U | _ | _ | U | U | U | _ | _ | U | U | U | _ | _ | Ü | U |
| Guam Puerto Rico | _ | 0 1 | 0 10 | — 45 | — 61 | _ | 0 1 | 0 9 | — 44 | — 56 | _ | 0 | 0 2 | _ 3 | _ 1 |
| U.S. Virgin Islands | U | Ö | 0 | Ü | Ü | U | Ö | ő | Ü | Ü | U | ő | 0 | ŭ | Ú |

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands.
U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date co
* Incidence data for reporting year 2007 are provisional.
Data for acute hepatitis C, viral are available in Table I.
Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS). Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum.

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending November 10, 2007, and November 11, 2006 (45th Week)*

| | | | yme disea | ase | | | | /lalaria | | | Men | Al | serogrou | se, invasi ups | ve [†] |
|--|---------|--------------|------------|----------------|----------------|---------|--------|--------------|-----------|-----------|---------|--------|----------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| | Current | Prev 52 w | | Cum | Cum | Current | | ious eeks | Cum | Cum | Current | | vious veeks | Cum | Cum |
| Reporting area | week | Med | Max | 2007 | 2006 | week | Med | Max | 2007 | 2006 | week | Med | Max | 2007 | 2006 |
| United States | 234 | 258 | 1,218 | 17,912 | 17,500 | 13 | 21 | 105 | 938 | 1,247 | 8 | 21 | 87 | 880 | 965 |
| New England | 27 | 41 | 296 | 3,234 | 4,059 | _ | 1 | 5 | 49 | 49 | _ | 1 | 3 | 36 | 47 |
| Connecticut Maine§ | 18 9 | 10 4 | 214 61 | 1,573 436 | 1,627 238 | _ | 0 | 3 2 | 1 7 | 10 4 | _ | 0 | 1 1 | 6 7 | 10 7 |
| Massachusetts | _ | 2 7 | 27 | 211 | 1,410 | _ | 0 | 3 4 | 29 | 24 9 | _ | 0 | 2 | 19 | 22 |
| New Hampshire Rhode Island [§] | _ | 0 | 81 93 | 739 151 | 596 93 | _ | 0 0 | 1 | 8 | 1 | _ | 0 | 1 1 | 1 | 4 2 |
| Vermont§ | _ | 2 | 13 | 124 | 95 | _ | 0 | 2 | 4 | 1 | _ | 0 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| Viid. Atlantic New Jersey | 90 | 109 27 | 622 146 | 9,021 1,942 | 8,984 2,309 | 1 | 5 0 | 14 2 | 231 | 326 83 | 2 | 3 0 | 8 2 | 120 13 | 143 18 |
| New York (Úpstate) | 73 | 49 | 426 | 2,994 | 3,346 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 57 | 41 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 33 | 31 |
| New York City Pennsylvania | 17 | 1 40 | 22 303 | 169 3,916 | 289 3,040 | _ | 3 1 | 7 4 | 138 36 | 158 44 | _ | 0 1 | 4 5 | 26 48 | 55 39 |
| E.N. Central | _ | 8 | 151 | 1,278 | 1,661 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 97 | 148 | 2 | 3 | 9 | 127 | 148 |
| llinois | _ | 1 | 12 | 112 | 108 | _ | 1 0 | 6 | 41 9 | 76 | _ | 1 | 3 | 40 24 | 39 22 |
| ndiana Michigan | _ | 0 | 7 5 | 41 53 | 21 53 | _ | 0 | 2 | 16 | 11 17 | 1 | 0 | 4 3 | 23 | 22 25 |
| Ohio Wisconsin | _ | 0 6 | 3 138 | 19 1,053 | 42 1,437 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 22 9 | 27 17 | 1 | 1 0 | 2 | 31 9 | 43 19 |
| W.N. Central | | 5 | 195 | 527 | 716 | 5 | 0 | 12 | 34 | 49 | 1 | 1 | 5 5 | 58 | 58 |
| owa | _ | 1 | 11 | 107 | 94 | _ | 0 | 1 | 3 | 2 | i | 0 | 3 | 14 | 17 |
| Kansas Minnesota | _ | 0 1 | 2 188 | 9 374 | 4 601 | 5 | 0 | 1 11 | 3 16 | 7 29 | _ | 0 | 1 3 | 2 18 | 4 13 |
| Missouri | _ | 0 | 6 | 29 | 5 | _ | 0 | 1 | 5 | 6 | _ | 0 | 3 | 14 | 14 |
| Nebraska [§] North Dakota | _ | 0 | 1 7 | 6 2 | 11 | _ | 0 | 1 1 | 6 | 3 1 | _ | 0 | 2 | 5 2 | 6 1 |
| South Dakota | _ | Ö | 0 | _ | 1 | _ | Ö | 1 | 1 | 1 | _ | Ö | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| S. Atlantic | 115 | 62 | 175 | 3,576 | 1,913 | 1 | 4 | 13 | 220 | 306 | 2 | 3 | 11 | 149 | 167 |
| Delaware District of Columbia | _ | 12 0 | 34 7 | 631 13 | 444 55 | _ | 0 0 | 1 2 | 4 3 | 5 3 | _ | 0 | 1 1 | 1 — | 4 1 |
| Florida Georgia | 2 | 1 0 | 11 1 | 77 2 | 22 7 | _ | 1 0 | 7 5 | 52 31 | 53 82 | 1 | 1 0 | 7 5 | 57 24 | 66 14 |
| ∕laryland§ | 98 | 28 | 111 | 1,971 | 1,074 | _ | 1 | 5 | 54 | 72 | _ | 0 | 2 | 20 | 13 |
| North Carolina South Carolina§ | _ | 0 | 8 2 | 42 23 | 29 18 | _ | 0 | 4 1 | 20 6 | 28 9 | 1 | 0 | 6 2 | 18 14 | 24 19 |
| √irginia [§] | 15 | 13 | 61 | 750 | 251 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 48 | 52 | _ | 0 | 2 | 13 | 18 |
| West Virginia | _ | 0 | 14 | 67 | 13 | _ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | _ | 0 | 2 | 2 | 8 |
| E.S. Central Alabama§ | 1 | 1 0 | 5 3 | 49 12 | 34 10 | _ | 0 | 3 1 | 31 5 | 23 9 | _ | 1 0 | 4 2 | 42 7 | 39 5 |
| Kentucky Mississippi | _ | 0 | 2 | 5 | 7 3 | _ | 0 | 1 1 | 8 2 | 3 6 | _ | 0 | 2 4 | 10 9 | 10 5 |
| Tennessee [§] | 1 | 0 | 4 | 32 | 14 | _ | 0 | 2 | 16 | 5 | _ | 0 | 2 | 16 | 19 |
| W.S. Central | _ | 1 | 6 | 62 | 23 | _ | 1 | 29 | 76 | 92 | 1 | 2 | 15 | 89 | 87 |
| Arkansas [§] Louisiana | _ | 0 | 1 1 | 1 2 | | _ | 0 | 1 2 | 2 14 | 4 8 | _ | 0 | 2 4 | 9 25 | 10 34 |
| Oklahoma | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 3 | 5 | 7 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 16 | 11 |
| Texas [§] | _ | 1 | 6 | 59 | 22 | _ | 1 | 25 | 55 | 73 | _ | 1 | 11 | 39 | 32 |
| Mountain Arizona | 1 | 1 0 | 4 1 | 38 2 | 28 10 | 1 | 1 0 | 6 3 | 51 12 | 71 23 | _ | 1 0 | 4 2 | 53 12 | 64 15 |
| Colorado daho§ | _ 1 | 0 | 1 2 | 2 8 | <u> </u> | _ 1 | 0 | 2 | 16 3 | 19 1 | _ | 0 | 2 1 | 17 3 | 20 3 |
| √lontana§ | | 0 | 2 | 4 | _ | | 0 | 1 | 3 | 2 | _ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| Nevada [§] New Mexico [§] | _ | 0 | 2 1 | 8 4 | 3 3 | _ | 0 | 1 1 | 2 4 | 4 5 | _ | 0 | 1 1 | 4 2 | 6 6 |
| Utah | _ | 0 | 2 | 7 | 5 | _ | 0 | 3 | 11 | 17 | _ | 0 | 2 | 11 | 6 |
| Wyoming [§] | _ | 0 | 1 | 3 | 1 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| Pacific Alaska | _ | 2 | 16 1 | 127 7 | 82 3 | 4 | 3 0 | 45 1 | 149 2 | 183 23 | _ | 4 0 | 48 1 | 206 1 | 212 3 |
| California | | 2 | 9 | 114 | 73 | _ | 2 | 7 | 106 | 141 | _ | 3 | 10 | 146 | 164 |
| Hawaii Oregon§ | N | 0 0 | 1 | N 3 | N 6 | 1 | 0 0 | 1 3 | 2 14 | 8 11 | _ | 0 0 | 2 | 8 30 | 8 37 |
| Washington | _ | 0 | 8 | 3 | _ | 3 | 0 | 43 | 25 | _ | _ | 0 | 43 | 21 | _ |
| American Samoa C.N.M.I. | U | 0 | 0 | U U | U U | U U | 0 | 0 | U U | U U | U U | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Guam | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Puerto Rico U.S. Virgin Islands | N U | 0 | 0 | N U | N U | _ U | 0 | 1 0 | 3 U | 2 U | | 0 | 1 0 | 6 | 6 |

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands.
U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum.

* Incidence data for reporting year 2007 are provisional.

* Data for meningococcal disease, invasive caused by serogroups A, C, Y, & W-135; serogroup B; other serogroup; and unknown serogroup are available in Table I.

* Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending November 10, 2007, and November 11, 2006 (45th Week)*

| | | | Pertussi | s | | | Rab | ies, anim | nal | | Ro | | | otted feve | er |
|--|-----------------|---------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------|--------------|-------------|-------------|---------|--------|---------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Curant | | rious reeks | Cum | Cu | Current | | vious | C | | Current | | vious veeks | C | C |
| Reporting area | Current week | Med | <u>eeks</u> Max | Cum 2007 | Cum 2006 | week | Med | veeks Max | Cum 2007 | Cum 2006 | week | Med | <u>reeks</u> Max | Cum 2007 | Cum 2006 |
| United States | 45 | 172 | 1,479 | 7,495 | 12,270 | 18 | 94 | 157 | 4,328 | 4,961 | 6 | 32 | 211 | 1,779 | 1,950 |
| New England | 1 | 28 | 77 | 1,175 | 1,575 | 8 | 11 | 22 | 513 | 428 | _ | 0 | 10 | 4 | 11 |
| Connecticut Maine [†] | _ | 1 1 | 5 13 | 59 71 | 105 129 | 3 | 4 2 | 10 5 | 205 75 | 186 109 | _ | 0 0 | 0 0 | _ | _ |
| Massachusetts New Hampshire | _ | 23 1 | 39 6 | 928 50 | 995 200 | _ 1 | 0 1 | 0 4 | — 44 | 42 | _ | 0 | 1 0 | 4 | 10 1 |
| Rhode Island† Vermont† | 1 | 0 0 | 31 9 | 20 47 | 49 97 | <u>.</u> 4 | 0 | 4 13 | 37 152 | 30 61 | _ | 0 | 9 | _ | |
| Mid. Atlantic | 4 | 23 | 155 | 999 | 1,616 | 2 | 3 14 | 44 | 735 | 480 | _ | 1 | 6 | — 58 | 83 |
| New Jersey New York (Upstate) | 3 | 3 11 | 11 146 | 139 501 | 269 729 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 2 | 9 | 38 |
| New York City | _ | 2 | 6 | 105 | 88 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 42 | 31 | _ | 0 | 3 | 24 | 22 |
| Pennsylvania | 1 1 | 6 28 | 15 79 | 254 | 530 | _ | 13 4 | 44 | 693 | 449 | _ | 0 1 | 3 4 | 22 41 | 23 |
| E.N. Central Illinois | _ | 3 | 23 | 1,214 125 | 1,964 496 | 1 — | 1 | 48 15 | 377 112 | 153 46 | _ | 0 | 3 | 24 | 63 26 |
| Indiana Michigan | 1 | 0 7 | 45 20 | 52 249 | 204 541 | 1 | 0 1 | 1 27 | 12 177 | 11 45 | _ | 0 | 2 1 | 4 3 | 6 4 |
| Ohio Wisconsin | _ | 14 3 | 54 24 | 589 199 | 524 199 | _ | 1 0 | 11 0 | 76 — | 51 | _ | 0 | 2 | 10 | 26 1 |
| W.N. Central | 1 | 13 | 151 | 580 | 1,122 | 1 | 5 | 13 | 239 | 284 | 1 | 5 | 31 | 367 | 192 |
| Iowa Kansas | _ | 2 | 16 12 | 119 122 | 280 266 | _ 1 | 0 2 | 3 7 | 30 101 | 57 67 | _ | 0 | 4 1 | 14 1 | 5 1 |
| Minnesota | _ | 0 | 119 | 157 | 161 | _ | 0 | 5 | 32 | 38 | _ | 0 4 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Missouri Nebraska [†] | 1 | 2 1 | 9 12 | 68 56 | 282 88 | _ | 0 0 | 3 0 | 39 | 63 | 1 | 0 | 25 2 | 333 14 | 158 25 |
| North Dakota South Dakota | _ | 0 1 | 18 7 | 4 54 | 25 20 | _ | 0 0 | 6 2 | 16 21 | 22 37 | _ | 0 0 | 0 1 | 4 | _ |
| S. Atlantic | 13 | 16 | 163 | 814 | 990 | 5 | 40 | 76 | 1,849 | 2,061 | 4 | 14 | 112 | 860 | 1,091 |
| Delaware District of Columbia | _ | 0 0 | 2 1 | 11 2 | 3 6 | _ | 0 0 | 0 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 0 | 2 1 | 14 1 | 21 1 |
| Florida Georgia | _ | 4 1 | 18 4 | 194 27 | 191 90 | _ | 0 4 | 29 34 | 108 234 | 176 240 | 1 | 0 | 4 5 | 21 33 | 14 50 |
| Maryland [†] North Carolina | 3 9 | 2 | 8 112 | 103 282 | 130 177 | 5 | 7 9 | 18 19 | 324 444 | 377 467 | 1 | 1 4 | 7 96 | 59 545 | 76 794 |
| South Carolina [†] | _ | 2 | 9 | 66 | 163 | _ | 0 | 11 | 46 | 156 | _ | 1 | 7 | 60 | 37 |
| Virginia [†] West Virginia | 1 | 2 0 | 11 19 | 100 29 | 187 43 | _ | 13 0 | 31 10 | 629 64 | 550 95 | | 2 0 | 11 3 | 122 5 | 95 3 |
| E.S. Central | 3 | 6 | 32 | 363 | 309 | _ | 3 | 9 | 140 | 228 78 | _ | 4 1 | 16 | 236 | 352 |
| Alabama† Kentucky | 2 | 2 0 | 18 4 | 79 18 | 74 56 | _ | 0 0 | 2 3 | 18 | 27 | _ | 0 | 9 2 | 80 5 | 84 3 |
| Mississippi Tennessee [†] | _ 1 | 1 1 | 29 7 | 193 73 | 34 145 | _ | 0 3 | 1 7 | 1 121 | 4 119 | _ | 0 2 | 2 10 | 13 138 | 7 258 |
| W.S. Central | _ | 20 | 226 | 825 | 762 | _ | 1 | 27 | 73 | 890 | 1 | 1 | 168 | 172 | 110 |
| Arkansas† Louisiana | _ | 2 0 | 17 1 | 130 14 | 85 24 | _ | 0 0 | 5 1 | 28 | 26 6 | _ | 0 0 | 53 1 | 90 2 | 49 4 |
| Oklahoma Texas [†] | _ | 0 17 | 36 174 | 6 675 | 19 634 | _ | 0 | 22 20 | 45 — | 58 800 | _ 1 | 0 | 108 7 | 47 33 | 28 29 |
| Mountain | 12 | 22 | 61 | 951 | 2,270 | 1 | 3 | 14 | 205 | 206 | _ | 0 | 4 | 33 | 46 |
| Arizona Colorado | _ | 4 6 | 13 17 | 179 230 | 466 669 | 1 | 2 | 12 0 | 144 | 133 | _ | 0 | 1 2 | 7 4 | 11 4 |
| Idaho [†] Montana [†] | _ | 0 | 5 7 | 34 38 | 82 110 | _ | 0 | 0 | 17 | 24 15 | _ | 0 | 1 1 | 4 1 | 14 2 |
| Nevada [†] | _ | 0 | 5 | 12 | 66 | _ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 5 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| New Mexico [†] Utah | 11 | 1 8 | 7 47 | 64 372 | 126 677 | _ | 0 0 | 2 2 | 8 16 | 10 11 | _ | 0 0 | 1 1 | 4 1 | 8 |
| Wyoming [†] | 1 | 0 | 4 | 22 | 74 | _ | 0 | 4 | 18 | 8 | _ | 0 | 2 | 12 | 7 |
| Pacific Alaska | 10 6 | 13 0 | 547 8 | 574 51 | 1,662 89 | _ | 4 0 | 10 6 | 197 39 | 231 16 | N | 0 0 | 3 0 | 8 N | 2 N |
| California Hawaii | _ | 3 | 167 2 | 152 18 | 1,393 84 | N | 2 | 8 0 | 147 N | 190 N | N | 0 | 3 0 | 6 N | N |
| Oregon† Washington | <u> </u> | 2 2 | 14 377 | 112 241 | 96 | | 0 | 3 | 11 | 25 | | 0 | 1 0 | 2 N | 2 N |
| American Samoa | U | 0 | 0 | 241 U | U | U | 0 | 0 | U | U | U | 0 | 0 | U | U |
| C.N.M.I. Guam | Ü | | 1 | U | U 62 | U | | 0 | Ü | Ü | U N | | 0 | U N | U N |
| Puerto Rico | - | 0 | 0 | _ | 3 | _ | 0 | 5 | 37 | 75 | N | 0 | 0 | N | N |
| U.S. Virgin Islands | U alth of North | 0 | 0 no Jolondo | U | U | U | 0 | 0 | U | U | U | 0 | 0 | U | U |

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands.
U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum.

* Incidence data for reporting year 2007 are provisional.

Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending November 10, 2007, and November 11, 2006 (45th Week)*

| (45th Week)* | | s | almonello | sis | | Shiga t | oxin-pro | ducing E | E. coli (ST | EC)† | | | Shigellos | is | |
|--|---|--|---|--|--|---------------------------------|--|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|---|
| | Current | | rious reeks | Cum | Cum | Current | | /ious /eeks | Cum | Cum | Current | | vious veeks | Cum | Cum |
| Reporting area | week | Med | Max | 2007 | 2006 | week | Med | Max | 2007 | 2006 | week | Med | Max | 2007 | 2006 |
| United States | 443 | 866 | 2,338 | 37,988 | 38,381 | 43 | 80 | 336 | 3,882 | 3,546 | 238 | 346 | 1,287 | 14,383 | 12,222 |
| New England Connecticut Maine§ Massachusetts New Hampshire Rhode Island§ Vermont§ | 2 — — 1 1 | 37 0 3 24 3 2 | 388 373 14 57 10 20 5 | 2,009 373 127 1,198 144 94 73 | 2,050 503 116 1,084 197 83 67 | | 4 0 1 2 0 0 | 67 61 4 10 4 2 1 | 263 61 35 130 20 6 | 262 75 41 94 25 8 19 | _ _ _ _ | 4 0 0 3 0 0 | 41 38 5 8 2 9 | 222 38 14 144 5 18 | 255 67 4 159 6 13 |
| Mid. Atlantic New Jersey New York (Upstate) New York City Pennsylvania | 42 — 26 3 13 | 100 16 28 24 33 | 184 36 112 50 69 | 4,892 723 1,290 1,226 1,653 | 4,796 994 1,164 1,129 1,509 | 5 -4 - 1 | 8 1 3 0 3 | 63 20 15 5 47 | 403 48 185 41 129 | 427 110 152 42 123 | 4 - 2 2 | 12 2 3 5 2 | 47 10 42 11 21 | 635 114 140 231 150 | 801 276 202 244 79 |
| E.N. Central Illinois Indiana Michigan Ohio Wisconsin | 61 19 9 32 1 | 99 30 15 18 27 16 | 252 186 54 41 65 50 | 4,915 1,498 652 793 1,198 774 | 4,988 1,407 783 891 1,095 812 | 7 -2 -5 - | 10 1 1 1 3 3 | 34 10 13 6 11 10 | 569 84 92 82 149 162 | 610 100 79 85 160 186 | 24 1 7 — 15 1 | 34 12 2 1 13 3 | 131 32 13 7 104 13 | 1,941 457 126 63 1,089 206 | 1,248 560 147 144 171 226 |
| W.N. Central lowa Kansas Minnesota Missouri Nebraska [§] North Dakota South Dakota | 14 1 7 4 — 2 — | 49 9 7 13 15 4 0 3 | 102 19 20 44 29 13 23 11 | 2,477 416 368 612 671 230 36 144 | 2,362 415 324 617 675 172 29 130 | 7 1 2 1 — 3 — | 13 3 1 4 2 1 0 | 45 38 4 17 12 6 12 5 | 705 168 53 229 130 79 2 44 | 599 116 23 183 150 72 6 49 | 2 1 1 | 34 2 0 5 22 0 0 | 156 14 3 24 72 7 127 30 | 1,623 79 25 218 1,166 21 5 | 1,575 101 129 200 609 118 94 324 |
| S. Atlantic Delaware District of Columbia Florida Georgia Maryland [§] North Carolina South Carolina [§] Virginia [§] West Virginia | 250 — 156 47 12 — 17 15 3 | 222 2 0 85 34 15 28 18 19 2 | 429 8 4 181 88 43 110 51 38 31 | 10,289 127 16 4,176 1,840 784 1,368 920 890 168 | 10,111 138 56 4,151 1,632 686 1,465 952 907 124 | 9 — 6 2 1 — | 15 0 0 2 2 2 1 0 3 | 37 3 1 13 9 6 24 3 9 | 629 14 1 139 96 86 122 18 135 | 547 9 2 78 78 110 101 12 145 12 | 79 — 33 30 2 9 5 — | 88 0 0 42 29 2 0 2 3 | 177 2 5 75 95 7 14 20 11 36 | 4,016 10 4 2,021 1,453 96 84 146 142 60 | 2,929 10 15 1,342 1,119 119 143 77 100 4 |
| E.S. Central Alabama [§] Kentucky Mississippi Tennessee [§] | 23 7 7 — 9 | 59 16 10 13 17 | 137 78 22 101 34 | 2,812 810 508 765 729 | 2,514 693 408 730 683 | 3 1 2 — | 4 1 1 0 2 | 26 19 12 1 | 291 61 111 5 114 | 274 29 90 10 145 | 77 12 2 44 19 | 30 13 3 10 4 | 169 67 35 108 27 | 2,300 606 420 1,030 244 | 722 264 224 92 142 |
| W.S. Central Arkansas [§] Louisiana Oklahoma Texas [§] | 17 — 17 — | 83 14 14 9 42 | 595 51 33 103 470 | 3,658 740 573 574 1,771 | 4,568 822 999 448 2,299 | _ _ _ _ | 3 0 0 0 2 | 73 3 2 8 68 | 146 32 3 17 94 | 211 44 17 35 115 | 39 — — 8 31 | 39 2 7 2 24 | 655 10 22 63 580 | 1,607 79 349 119 1,060 | 1,724 101 230 118 1,275 |
| Mountain Arizona Colorado Idaho ^{\$} Montana ^{\$} Nevada ^{\$} New Mexico ^{\$} Utah Wyomina ^{\$} | 18 | 48 17 10 3 2 3 5 4 | 90 44 22 9 6 10 13 18 4 | 2,199 831 448 124 90 148 228 269 61 | 2,310 775 548 159 119 196 232 239 42 | 6 1 4 — — 1 | 8 2 1 1 0 0 0 1 | 31 8 9 16 0 3 3 9 | 429 99 67 122 — 18 33 90 | 499 98 103 93 — 30 45 111 | 6 | 18 9 2 0 0 0 2 1 | 57 33 7 2 13 9 4 5 | 803 481 93 11 21 47 85 34 31 | 1,278 639 212 14 39 118 168 64 24 |
| Pacific Alaska California Hawaii Oregon§ Washington | 16 — — — — 16 | 113 1 90 5 7 11 | 890 5 260 16 15 625 | 4,737 72 3,583 226 276 580 | 4,682 68 4,020 220 372 2 | 6 N | 8 0 4 0 1 | 164 0 33 4 11 162 | 447 N 223 19 79 126 | 117 N N 17 100 | 7 - - - 7 | 27 0 22 0 1 | 256 2 84 2 6 170 | 1,236 7 1,006 22 72 129 | 1,690 7 1,525 45 113 |
| American Samoa C.N.M.I. Guam Puerto Rico U.S. Virgin Islands | U - - | 0 0 11 0 | 0 0 66 0 | U U 446 U | U U 562 U | U N U | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 0 | U N U | U N — U | U - | 0 0 0 0 | 0 0 4 0 | U U — 18 U | U - 37 U |

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands.
U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Me

* Incidence data for reporting year 2007 are provisional.
Includes *E. coli* O157:H7; Shiga toxin-positive, serogroup non-O157; and Shiga toxin-positive, not serogrouped.

* Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending November 10, 2007, and November 11, 2006 (45th Week)*

| (45th Week)* | Stre | ptococcal | disease, | invasive, gr | oup A | Streptococcu | ıs pneumoni | iae, invasiv Age <5 ye | | nondrug resis | tant [†] |
|--|-----------------|-------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|---------------------------|----------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Reporting area | Current week | <u> </u> | ious | Cum 2007 | Cum 2006 | Curren week | | vious veeks Max | Cum 2007 | Cum 2006 | |
| United States | 44 | 98 | 261 | 4,257 | 4,592 | 22 | 29 | 108 | 1,327 | 1,139 | |
| New England Connecticut Maine [§] | 1 1 | 5 0 0 | 28 23 3 | 345 112 23 | 311 81 17 | _ | 2 0 0 | 11 6 1 | 108 15 2 | 103 | |
| Massachusetts | _ | 3 | 12 | 155 | 158 | _ | 2 | 6 | 72 | 61 | |
| New Hampshire Rhode Island§ | _ | 0 0 | 4 12 | 33 6 | 35 7 | _ | 0 | 2 2 | 9 8 | 8 4 | |
| Vermont§ | _ | 0 | 2 | 16 | 13 | _ | 0 | 1 | 2 | _ | |
| Mid. Atlantic | 8 | 17 | 41 | 782 | 827 | _ | 4 | 37 | 230 | 163 | |
| New Jersey New York (Upstate) | <u> </u> | 3 5 | 10 27 | 113 258 | 134 264 | _ | 1 3 | 4 15 | 31 94 | 55 81 | |
| New York City | _ | 4 | 13 | 181 | 148 | _ | 1 | 35 | 105 | 27 | |
| Pennsylvaniá | 3 | 5 | 11 | 230 | 281 | N | 0 | 0 | N | N | |
| E.N. Central | 4 | 16 | 33 | 704 | 869 | 2 | 4 | 14 | 182 | 303 | |
| Illinois Indiana | | 5 2 | 13 12 | 195 106 | 266 104 | _ | 1 0 | 6 10 | 36 18 | 81 47 | |
| Michigan | 2 | 4 | 10 | 172 | 180 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 61 | 67 | |
| Ohio Wisconsin | _ 1 | 4 0 | 14 6 | 200 31 | 215 | 1 | 1 0 | 7 | 55 12 | 65 43 | |
| | | 5 | | 288 | 104 312 | 3 | 2 | 2 8 | 105 | 43 98 | |
| W.N. Central lowa | _ | 0 | 32 0 | 288 | 312 | <u>3</u> | 0 | 0 | 105 | 98 | |
| Kansas | _ | 0 | 3 | 30 | 50 | _ | 0 | 1 | 3 | 11 | |
| Minnesota Missouri | _ | 0 2 | 29 6 | 144 68 | 143 69 | 2 | 1 0 | 6 2 | 70 19 | 61 13 | |
| Nebraska§ | _ | 0 | 3 | 23 | 28 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 12 | 10 | |
| North Dakota South Dakota | _ | 0 0 | 2 2 | 13 10 | 12 10 | _ | 0 | 2 0 | 1 | 3 | |
| S. Atlantic | 21 | 21 | 52 | 1,096 | 1,039 | 3 | 5 | 14 | 238 | 73 | |
| Delaware | _ | 0 | 1 | 1,090 | 10 | _ | 0 | 0 | | - | |
| District of Columbia | _ | 0 | 3 | 8 | 15 | _ | 0 | 1 | _ | 1 | |
| Florida Georgia | 7 3 | 6 5 | 16 13 | 276 220 | 263 223 | <u>2</u> | 1 0 | 5 5 | 60 44 | _ | |
| Maryland [§] | 5 | 4 | 10 | 189 | 189 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 54 | 60 | |
| North Carolina South Carolina§ | 5 | 1 1 | 22 7 | 150 84 | 145 56 | _ | 0 1 | 0 4 | <u> </u> | _ | |
| Virginia§ | 1 | 2 | 11 | 134 | 113 | _ | 0 | 4 | 31 | _ | |
| West Virginia | _ | 0 | 3 | 25 | 25 | _ | 0 | 4 | 7 | 12 | |
| E.S. Central | 3 | 4 | 13 | 189 | 186 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 81 | 17 | |
| Alabama§ Kentucky | N — | 0 1 | 0 3 | N 35 | N 41 | <u>N</u> | 0 | 0 0 | N — | N — | |
| Mississippi | N | 0 | 0 | N | N | _ | 0 | 2 | 3 | 17 | |
| Tennessee§ | 3 | 3 | 13 | 154 | 145 | 3 | 1 | 6 | 78 | _ | |
| W.S. Central Arkansas§ | 3 | 6 0 | 90 2 | 268 17 | 349 24 | 9 | 4 0 | 43 2 | 196 10 | 186 20 | |
| Louisiana | _ | 0 | 4 | 16 | 16 | _ | 0 | 4 | 27 | 20 | |
| Oklahoma Texas [§] | 1 2 | 1 3 | 23 64 | 64 171 | 92 217 | 3 6 | 1 2 | 13 27 | 48 111 | 47 99 | |
| Mountain | 3 | 10 | 23 | 464 | 590 | 2 | 4 | 12 | 159 | 174 | |
| Arizona | _ | 4 | 11 | 180 | 304 | _ | 2 | 7 | 92 | 95 | |
| Colorado Idaho§ | 3 | 3 0 | 9 2 | 131 16 | 106 8 | 2 | 0 | 4 1 | 38 2 | 47 3 | |
| Montana§ | N | 0 | 0 | N | 8 N | N | 0 | 0 | N | N N | |
| Nevada [§] | _ | 0 | 1 | 2 | | _ | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | |
| New Mexico§ Utah | _ | 1 2 | 4 7 | 50 80 | 112 56 | _ | 0 | 4 2 | 19 7 | 27 — | |
| Wyoming [§] | _ | 0 | 1 | 5 | 4 | _ | Ö | 0 | <u>.</u> | _ | |
| Pacific | 1 | 3 | 9 | 121 | 109 | _ | 0 | 4 | 28 | 22 | |
| Alaska California | 1 N | 0 0 | 3 0 | 32 N | N N | N | 0 | 2 0 | 26 N | N | |
| Hawaii | _ | 2 | 9 | 89 | 109 | _ | 0 | 2 | 2 | 22 | |
| Oregon [§] Washington | N N | 0 | 0 | N N | N N | N N | 0 | 0 | N N | N N | |
| • | U | | | | U | N U | | | U | U | |
| American Samoa C.N.M.I. | U | 0 | 0 | U U | U | U | 0 | 0 | U | U | |
| Guam | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | N | 0 | 0 | N | N | |
| Puerto Rico U.S. Virgin Islands | U | 0 0 | 0 0 | U | U | N U | 0 | 0 0 | N U | N U | |
| viigiii isiailas | | | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | |

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands.
U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum.

* Incidence data for reporting year 2007 are provisional.

Includes cases of invasive pneumococcal disease, in children aged <5 years, caused by *S. pneumoniae*, which is susceptible or for which susceptibility testing is not available (NNDSS event code 11717).

**Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending November 10, 2007, and November 11, 2006 (45th Week)*

| | | Str | | | <i>oniae</i> , inva | sive diseas | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|---------------------|-------------|-----|----------------|-------------|----------|--------------|---------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| | | | All ages | | | | | <5 year | s | | Syp | | | d seconda | ary |
| | Cumant | Prev 52 w | | C | Cum | Current | | /ious /eeks | C | Cum | Current | | vious | C | Cum |
| Reporting area | Current week | Med | Max | Cum 2007 | 2006 | week | Med | Max | Cum 2007 | 2006 | Current week | Med | veeks Max | Cum 2007 | 2006 |
| United States | 28 | 46 | 256 | 1,984 | 2,076 | 5 | 9 | 35 | 391 | 343 | 155 | 201 | 310 | 9,008 | 8,285 |
| New England | 2 | 2 | 12 | 89 | 111 | _ | 0 | 3 | 11 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 14 | 227 | 173 |
| Connecticut | _ | 1 | 5 | 50 | 84 | _ | 0 | 2 | 4 | _ | _ | 0 | 10 | 28 | 38 |
| Maine [§] Massachusetts | _ | 0 0 | 2 0 | 9 | 7 | _ | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 0 3 | 2 8 | 9 136 | 8 105 |
| New Hampshire | _ | 0 | 0 | | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 3 | 26 | 11 |
| Rhode Island [§] Vermont [§] | | 0 0 | 4 2 | 15 15 | 9 11 | _ | 0 | 1 1 | 3 2 | 3 | _ | 0 | 5 1 | 26 2 | 9 2 |
| Mid. Atlantic | 2 | 2 | 9 | 105 | 129 | _ | 0 | 5 | 23 | 20 | 21 | 27 | 45 | 1,316 | 994 |
| New Jersey | _ | 0 | 0 | | | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | 4 | 4 | 8 | 180 | 149 |
| New York (Upstate) New York City | _ | 1 0 | 5 0 | 35 — | 42 | _ | 0 | 4 0 | 7 | 9 | 2 8 | 3 17 | 14 35 | 119 808 | 131 479 |
| Pennsylvania | 2 | 1 | 6 | 70 | 87 | _ | 0 | 2 | 16 | 11 | 7 | 4 | 10 | 209 | 235 |
| E.N. Central | 3 | 9 | 40 | 482 | 440 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 92 | 75 | 4 | 15 7 | 27 | 661 | 763 |
| Illinois Indiana | 3 | 3 | 8 31 | 51 124 | 22 120 | 1 | 0 | 4 5 | 28 23 | 6 21 | _ | 1 | 13 6 | 291 50 | 368 81 |
| Michigan | _ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 16 | _ | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | _ | 2 | 9 | 101 | 100 |
| Ohio Wisconsin | N | 5 0 | 38 0 | 305 N | 282 N | 1 | 1 | 5 0 | 40 | 46 | 2 | 4 1 | 9 4 | 169 50 | 154 60 |
| W.N. Central | _ | 2 | 124 | 120 | 88 | _ | 0 | 15 | 10 | 13 | 2 | 7 | 14 | 299 | 254 |
| lowa | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 2 | 15 | 18 |
| Kansas Minnesota | _ | 0 0 | 11 123 | 64 | — 51 | _ | 0 | 2 15 | 6 | 10 | 2 | 0 1 | 2 4 | 20 62 | 23 43 |
| Missouri | _ | 1 | 5 | 47 | 35 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | 3 | _ | 4 | 11 | 193 | 150 |
| Nebraska [§] North Dakota | _ | 0 0 | 1 0 | 2 | 1 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 1 0 | 2 | 7 1 |
| South Dakota | _ | 0 | 3 | 7 | 1 | _ | 0 | 1 | 4 | _ | _ | 0 | 3 | 7 | 12 |
| S. Atlantic | 19 | 20 | 59 | 868 | 991 | 3 | 4 | 15 | 185 | 160 | 66 | 50 | 180 | 2,162 | 1,881 |
| Delaware District of Columbia | _ | 0 | 1 1 | 8 5 | 24 | _ | 0 | 1 0 | 2 | | 8 | 0 3 | 3 12 | 15 157 | 16 104 |
| Florida | 14 | 11 | 29 | 501 | 526 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 106 | 102 | 36 | 17 | 44 | 823 | 638 |
| Georgia Maryland [§] | 4 | 7 0 | 17 1 | 298 | 340 | 1 | 1 | 10 0 | 69 | 56 — | 5 | 7 6 | 153 15 | 326 269 | 358 263 |
| North Carolina | _ | 0 | 0 | 1 — | | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | 7 | 5 | 23 | 286 | 266 |
| South Carolina§ | N | 0 | 0 | _ | | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | 3 7 | 2 4 | 11 | 86 | 58 |
| Virginia§ West Virginia | 1 | 1 | 17 | N 55 | N 101 | _ | 0 | 1 | 8 | _ | _ | 0 | 16 1 | 195 5 | 169 9 |
| E.S. Central | 2 | 3 | 9 | 142 | 163 | _ | 0 | 3 | 32 | 29 | 15 | 18 | 30 | 772 | 630 |
| Alabama§ | N | 0 | 0 | N | N 32 | _ | 0 | 0 1 | _ 3 | <u> </u> | 1 2 | 7 1 | 16 | 304 53 | 278 |
| Kentucky Mississippi | _ | 0 0 | 2 2 | 21 — | 32 22 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | — | _ | 2 | 7 9 | 92 | 63 68 |
| Tennessee§ | 2 | 2 | 8 | 121 | 109 | _ | 0 | 3 | 29 | 23 | 12 | 7 | 15 | 323 | 221 |
| W.S. Central | _ | 2 | 12 | 123 | 71 | _ | 0 | 3 | 17 | 7 | 40 | 35 | 55 | 1,613 | 1,365 |
| Arkansas§ Louisiana | _ | 0 1 | 1 4 | 3 52 | 10 61 | _ | 0 | 0 2 | 7 | 2 5 | 1 8 | 2 9 | 10 23 | 108 416 | 68 278 |
| Oklahoma | _ | 0 | 10 | 68 | _ | _ | 0 | 2 | 10 | _ | 1 | 1 | 4 | 53 | 61 |
| Texas [§] | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | 30 | 21 | 39 | 1,036 | 958 |
| Mountain Arizona | _ | 1 0 | 6 0 | 55 — | 83 | _ | 0 | 3 0 | 18 | 35 | 3 2 | 8 3 | 22 22 | 326 149 | 426 166 |
| Colorado | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | - | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | 1 | 1 | 5 | 32 | 60 |
| Idaho§ Montana§ | N | 0 | 0 | N — | N | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 0 | 1 2 | 1 3 | 3 |
| Nevada§ | _ | 0 | 3 | 18 | 16 | _ | Ō | 2 | 5 | 2 | _ | 2 | 6 | 87 | 116 |
| New Mexico§ Utah | _ | 0 0 | 0 6 | 23 | 35 | _ | 0 | 0 3 | 11 | 23 | _ | 1 0 | 7 2 | 38 13 | 65 15 |
| Wyoming [§] | _ | Ö | 2 | 14 | 32 | _ | Ö | 1 | 2 | 10 | _ | Ö | 1 | 3 | _ |
| Pacific | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 1 | 3 | _ | 1 | 39 | 58 | 1,632 | 1,799 |
| Alaska California | N | 0 | 0 | N | N | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 36 | 1 55 | 7 1,488 | 10 1,598 |
| Hawaii | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 1 | 3 | _ | _ | 0 | 2 | 7 | 17 |
| Oregon [§] Washington | N N | 0 | 0 | N N | N N | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | 1 | 0 2 | 6 12 | 15 115 | 18 156 |
| American Samoa | U | 0 | 0 | U | U | U | 0 | 1 | U | U | U | 0 | 0 | U | U |
| C.N.M.I. | Ū | _ | _ | Ü | Ü | Ü | _ | _ | Ü | Ü | Ü | _ | _ | Ü | Ü |
| Guam Puerto Rico | N N | 0 | 0 | N N | N N | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | <u> </u> | 0 3 | 1 10 | 3 138 | 128 |
| U.S. Virgin Islands | U | 0 | 0 | U | U | U | 0 | 0 | U | U | U U | 0 | 0 | 138 U | 128 U |

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands. U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not noti U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Max * Incidence data for reporting year 2007 are provisional. † Includes cases of invasive pneumococcal disease caused by drug-resistant *S. pneumoniae* (DRSP) (NNDSS event code 11720). Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS). Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum.

TABLE II. (Continued) Provisional cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending November 10, 2007, and November 11, 2006 (45th Week)*

| | | Varice | ella (chick | (enpox) | | | Neu | roinvasiv | | ST NIIE VII | us disease | | neuroinv | asive§ | |
|---|--|----------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------|----------|----------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------|----------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | | ious | | | | | /ious | | | | | vious | | |
| B | Current | | eeks | Cum | Cum | Current | | reeks | Cum | Cum | Current | | veeks | Cum | Cum |
| Reporting area United States | week 447 | Med 776 | Max 2,813 | 2007 29,304 | 2006 38,576 | week | Med 1 | Max 134 | 2007 1,087 | 2006 1,487 | week 1 | Med 2 | Max 291 | 2007 2,217 | 2006 2,766 |
| New England | 15 | 15 | 124 | 607 | 3,704 | | 0 | 2 | 7 | 9 | ı | 0 | 2 | 5 | 2,700 |
| Connecticut | _ | 0 | 76 | 2 | 1,397 | _ | 0 | 2 | 4 | 7 | _ | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Maine [¶] Massachusetts | _ | 0 | 7 1 | _ | 207 1,141 | _ | 0 | 0 2 | 3 | _ | _ | 0 | 0 2 | 3 | _ 1 |
| New Hampshire | _ | 7 | 14 | 284 | 354 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Rhode Island ¹ Vermont ¹ | 15 | 0 5 | 0 66 | — 321 | 605 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 1 0 | 1 | = |
| Mid. Atlantic | 1 | 91 | 195 | 3.333 | 4,281 | _ | 0 | 3 | 18 | 26 | _ | 0 | 1 | 6 | 12 |
| New Jersey | N | 0 | 0 | N | N | _ | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | 3 |
| New York (Upstate) New York City | N — | 0 | 0 | N | N | _ | 0 | 0 3 | 12 | 8 8 | _ | 0 | 0 1 | _ | 4 |
| Pennsylvania | 1 | 91 | 195 | 3,333 | 4,281 | _ | 0 | 1 | 5 | 8 | _ | 0 | 1 | 4 | 1 |
| E.N. Central Illinois | 117 | 212 2 | 568 11 | 8,235 128 | 12,508 125 | _ | 0 | 18 13 | 101 58 | 244 127 | _ | 0 | 11 8 | 58 35 | 174 88 |
| Indiana | N | 0 | 0 | 120 N | 125 N | _ | 0 | 4 | 12 | 27 | _ | 0 | 2 | 10 | 53 |
| Michigan Ohio | 44 73 | 85 85 | 258 449 | 3,327 3,942 | 4,046 7,440 | _ | 0 | 5 4 | 13 13 | 43 36 | _ | 0 | 0 3 | 8 | 12 11 |
| Wisconsin | —————————————————————————————————————— | 18 | 80 | 838 | 897 | _ | 0 | 2 | 5 | 11 | _ | 0 | 1 | 5 | 10 |
| W.N. Central | 7 | 32 | 136 | 1,419 | 1,540 | _ | 0 | 40 | 239 | 224 | _ | 0 | 115 | 703 | 484 |
| Iowa Kansas | N 6 | 0 9 | 0 52 | N 491 | N 290 | _ | 0 | 4 3 | 10 13 | 22 17 | _ | 0 | 3 7 | 14 26 | 15 13 |
| Minnesota | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 9 | 45 | 31 | _ | 0 | 12 | 54 | 34 |
| Missouri Nebraska [¶] | N | 15 0 | 78 0 | 780 N | 1,129 N | _ | 0 | 9 5 | 56 18 | 51 45 | _ | 0 | 2 15 | 12 126 | 11 219 |
| North Dakota | _ | 0 | 60 | 84 | 45 | _ | 0 | 11 | 49 | 20 | _ | 0 | 47 | 312 | 117 |
| South Dakota | 1 | 1 | 15 | 64 | 76 | _ | 0 | 9 | 48 | 38 | _ | 0 | 32 | 159 | 75 |
| S. Atlantic Delaware | 86 — | 95 1 | 239 4 | 4,273 38 | 3,912 62 | _ | 0 | 12 1 | 40 1 | 18 | _ | 0 0 | 6 0 | 33 | 14 |
| District of Columbia Florida | <u> </u> | 0 23 | 8 76 | 14 1.100 | 42 N | _ | 0 | 0 1 | _ 3 | _ 3 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | 2 |
| Georgia | N | 0 | 0 | 1,100 N | N | _ | 0 | 8 | 23 | 2 | _ | 0 | 4 | 24 | 6 |
| Maryland [¶] North Carolina | _N | 0 | 0 | N | N | _ | 0 | 2 1 | 6 3 | 10 1 | _ | 0 | 2 1 | 4 2 | 1 |
| South Carolina ¹ | 16 | 22 | 72 | 928 | 992 | _ | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | _ | 0 | 1 | 2 | _ |
| Virginia [¶] West Virginia | 10 | 21 22 | 190 50 | 1,200 993 | 1,493 1,323 | _ | 0 | 1 0 | 2 | _ 1 | _ | 0 | 1 | 1 | 5 |
| E.S. Central | 2 | 9 | 571 | 487 | 28 | _ | 0 | 11 | 65 | 118 | _ | 0 | 14 | 91 | 99 |
| Alabama [¶] | 2 N | 9 | 571 0 | 484 N | 26 N | _ | 0 | 2 1 | 16 3 | 8 5 | _ | 0 | 1 0 | 6 | _ 1 |
| Kentucky Mississippi | _ | 0 | 2 | 3 | 2 | _ | 0 | 7 | 42 | 89 | _ | 0 | 12 | 82 | 92 |
| Tennessee ¹ | N | 0 | 0 | N | N | _ | 0 | 1 | 4 | 16 | _ | 0 | 1 | 3 | 6 |
| W.S. Central Arkansas ¹ | 168 | 149 11 | 1,640 105 | 8,711 593 | 10,148 822 | _ | 0 | 28 5 | 198 13 | 370 24 | _ | 0 | 13 2 | 86 6 | 234 5 |
| Louisiana | _ | 1 | 11 | 99 | 194 | _ | 0 | 5 | 20 | 90 | _ | 0 | 3 | 9 | 87 |
| Oklahoma Texas ¹ | 168 | 0 138 | 0 1,534 | 8,019 | 9,132 | _ | 0 | 11 16 | 51 114 | 27 229 | _ | 0 | 7 5 | 41 30 | 21 121 |
| Mountain | 50 | 52 | 131 | 2,204 | 2,455 | _ | 0 | 36 | 261 | 390 | _ | 1 | 139 | 996 | 1,484 |
| Arizona | _ | 0 | 0 | · — | ´ — | _ | 0 | 7 | 39 | 65 | _ | 0 | 12 | 46 | 79 |
| Colorado Idaho ¹ | 20 N | 21 0 | 62 0 | 845 N | 1,291 N | _ | 0 | 17 2 | 96 8 | 66 139 | _ | 0 | 65 19 | 459 101 | 279 857 |
| Montana ¹ | 5 | 6 | 40 | 352 | N | _ | 0 | 10 | 37 | 12 | _ | 0 | 30 | 160 | 22 |
| Nevada ¹ New Mexico ¹ | _ | 0 5 | 1 37 | 1 318 | 10 339 | _ | 0 0 | 1 8 | 1 38 | 34 3 | _ | 0 0 | 3 6 | 10 22 | 90 5 |
| Utah Wyoming ¹ | 25 | 12 0 | 73 9 | 654 34 | 756 59 | _ | 0 | 8 4 | 27 15 | 56 15 | _ | 0 | 7 33 | 33 165 | 102 50 |
| Pacific | 1 | 0 | 9 | 35 | | _ | 0 | 18 | 158 | 88 | 1 | 0 | 22 | 239 | 262 |
| Alaska | i | 0 | 9 | 35 | N | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| California Hawaii | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | N — | _ | 0 | 17 0 | 151 — | 81 — | 1 | 0 0 | 21 0 | 220 | 197 |
| Oregon [¶] | N | 0 | 0 | N | N | _ | 0 | 3 | 7 | 7 | _ | 0 | 4 | 19 | 62 |
| Washington | N | 0 | 0 | N | N | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | 3 |
| American Samoa C.N.M.I. | U | 0 | 0 | U | U | U U | 0 | 0 | U U | U U | U | 0 | 0 | U | U |
| Guam | _ | 5 | 30 | 168 | 231 | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |
| Puerto Rico | _ | 11 | 30 0 | 467 U | 528 U | U | 0 | 0 | U | _ U | U | 0 | 0 0 | _ U | _ U |

C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands.
U: Unavailable. —: No reported cases. N: Not notifiable. Cum: Cumulative year-to-date counts. Med: Median. Max: Maximum.

† Incidence data for reporting year 2007 are provisional.
Updated weekly from reports to the Division of Vector-Borne Infectious Diseases, National Center for Zoonotic, Vector-Borne, and Enteric Diseases (ArboNET Surveillance). Data for California serogroup, eastern equine, Powassan, St. Louis, and western equine diseases are available in Table I.
Not notifiable in all states. Data from states where the condition is not notifiable are excluded from this table, except in 2007 for the domestic arboviral diseases and influenzanassociated pediatric mortality, and in 2003 for SARS-CoV. Reporting exceptions are available at http://www.cdc.gov/epo/dphsi/phs/infdis.htm.

Contains data reported through the National Electronic Disease Surveillance System (NEDSS).

TABLE III. Deaths in 122 U.S. cities.* week ending November 10, 2007 (45th Week)

| TABLE III. Deaths | 1 122 0. | | auses, b | | | 501 10 | , 2001 (| | All ca | uses, by | / age (ye | ars) | | П | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|----------|--------------|--------------|---------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------|----------|--------------------|---------|---------------------------|
| Paparting Area | All | ≥65 | 45-64 | 25-44 | 1-24 | <1 | P&I [†] Total | Panarting Area | All | ≥65 | 45-64 | 25-44 | 1-24 | <1 | P&I [†] Total |
| Reporting Area New England | Ages 531 | 370 | 120 | 19 | 10 | 11 | 45 | Reporting Area S. Atlantic | Ages 985 | <u>></u> 601 | 268 | 61 | 1 -24 27 | 28 | 43 |
| Boston, MA | 116 | 74 | 30 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 10 | Atlanta, GA | 114 | 57 | 43 | 10 | 2 | 20 | 43 |
| Bridgeport, CT | 31 | 19 | 10 | 1 | _ | 1 | 3 | Baltimore, MD | 144 | 76 | 44 | 11 | 9 | 4 | 14 |
| Cambridge, MA | 16 | 10 | 5 | _ | _ | _ | _ | Charlotte, NC | 114 | 79 | 20 | 7 | 2 | 6 | 7 |
| Fall River, MA | 17 | 16 | 1 | _ | _ | _ | 1 | Jacksonville, FL | 118 | 68 | 35 | 9 | 2 | 4 | _ |
| Hartford, CT | 51 | 37 | 6 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 5 | Miami, FL | U | U | U | U | U | U | U |
| Lowell, MA | 23 | 17 | 5 | 1 | _ | _ | 2 | Norfolk, VA | 53 | 36 | 9 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Lynn, MA New Bedford, MA | 11 | 6 | 3 | 2 | _ | _ | 1 | Richmond, VA | 55 | 34 | 16 | 2 | 2 2 | 1 | 2 |
| New Haven, CT | 32 50 | 25 38 | 6 10 | 1 2 | _ | _ | 3 4 | Savannah, GA St. Petersburg, FL | 49 38 | 38 27 | 8 9 | 1 1 | _ | _ 1 | 5 1 |
| Providence, RI | 51 | 36 | 12 | 1 | _ | 2 | 2 | Tampa, FL | 172 | 106 | 46 | 9 | <u></u> | 6 | 8 |
| Somerville, MA | 3 | 2 | 1 | | _ | _ | _ | Washington, D.C. | 110 | 67 | 34 | 7 | 1 | 1 | _ |
| Springfield, MA | 39 | 25 | 13 | _ | 1 | _ | 3 | Wilmington, DE | 18 | 13 | 4 | 1 | | _ | _ |
| Waterbury, CT | 34 | 24 | 9 | _ | _ | 1 | 5 | | | | | | 10 | 00 | |
| Worcester, MA | 57 | 41 | 9 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 6 | E.S. Central Birmingham, AL | 847 179 | 572 117 | 192 41 | 41 13 | 19 4 | 23 4 | 55 10 |
| Mid. Atlantic | 1,964 | 1,311 | 459 | 121 | 40 | 31 | 93 | Chattanooga, TN | 76 | 58 | 11 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Albany, NY | 54 | 41 | 8 | 2 | - | 3 | _ | Knoxville, TN | 100 | 66 | 25 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 8 |
| Allentown, PA | 15 | 8 | 4 | 2 | _ | 1 | _ | Lexington, KY | 27 | 20 | 6 | 1 | _ | | 2 |
| Buffalo, NY | 68 | 47 | 17 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 4 | Memphis, TN | 184 | 128 | 41 | 7 | 3 | 5 | 14 |
| Camden, NJ | 24 | 14 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Mobile, AL | 80 | 50 | 22 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Elizabeth, NJ | 6 | 5 | 1 | _ | _ | _ | 1 | Montgomery, AL | 54 | 36 | 12 | 3 | _ | 3 | 3 |
| Erie, PA | 51 | 41 | 10 | - | | | 1 | Nashville, TN | 147 | 97 | 34 | 7 | 6 | 3 | 15 |
| Jersey City, NJ | U | U | U | U | U | U | U | W.S. Central | 1,420 | 913 | 335 | 102 | 27 | 28 | 63 |
| New York City, NY | 1,050 | 683 | 251 | 74 | 21 | 19 | 46 — | Austin, TX | 79 | 54 | _ | 8 | _ | 2 | 3 |
| Newark, NJ Paterson, NJ | 23 21 | 9 16 | 11 2 | 2 | 1 | _ | _ | Baton Rouge, LA | 30 | 24 | 6 | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Philadelphia, PA | 278 | 166 | 80 | 19 | 11 | 2 | 11 | Corpus Christi, TX | 65 | 47 | 11 | 4 | _ | 3 | 1 |
| Pittsburgh, PA§ | 33 | 25 | 3 | 4 | - :- | 1 | 3 | Dallas, TX | 188 | 116 | 50 | 14 | 5 | 3 | 10 |
| Reading, PA | 22 | 17 | 4 | 1 | _ | _ | _ | El Paso, TX | 81 | 61 | 12 | 5 | _ | 3 | 3 |
| Rochester, NY | 137 | 101 | 29 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 16 | Fort Worth, TX | 127 | 77 | 41 80 | 6 | 1 8 | 2 8 | 4 |
| Schenectady, NY | 17 | 12 | 3 | 1 | _ | 1 | 2 | Houston, TX Little Rock, AR | 336 87 | 211 51 | 21 | 29 13 | 2 | | 16 2 |
| Scranton, PA | 27 | 21 | 6 | _ | _ | _ | 3 | New Orleans, LA [¶] | Ü | Ü | Ü | Ü | Ū | U | Ū |
| Syracuse, NY | 66 | 51 | 12 | 2 | 1 | _ | 3 | San Antonio, TX | 229 | 142 | 60 | 16 | 7 | 4 | 16 |
| Trenton, NJ | 24 | 16 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Shreveport, LA | 67 | 45 | 19 | 2 | 1 | _ | 1 |
| Utica, NY Yonkers, NY | 22 26 | 16 22 | 5 3 | 1 | 1 | _ | 1 | Tulsa, OK | 131 | 85 | 35 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 7 |
| * | | | | | | _ | | Mountain | 1,125 | 743 | 247 | 70 | 28 | 33 | 74 |
| E.N. Central | 1,899 | 1,228 | 464 | 115 | 42 | 49 | 120 | Albuquerque, NM | 124 | 88 | 28 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 8 |
| Akron, OH | 51 | 38 | 8 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | Boise, ID | 65 | 44 | 13 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 6 |
| Canton, OH | 42 | 30 | 10 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 5 | Colorado Springs, CO | 64 | 45 | 10 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 3 |
| Chicago, IL Cincinnati, OH | 319 93 | 171 50 | 94 27 | 33 8 | 4 | 10 4 | 22 12 | Denver, CO | 76 | 48 | 20 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 8 |
| Cleveland, OH | 239 | 160 | 57 | 14 | 3 | 5 | 6 | Las Vegas, NV | 292 | 191 | 73 | 13 | 7 | 8 | 17 |
| Columbus, OH | 225 | 145 | 53 | 16 | 6 | 5 | 14 | Ogden, UT | 32 | 24 | 6 | 2 | _ | _ | 1 |
| Dayton, OH | 118 | 81 | 28 | 7 | Ĭ. | 1 | 5 | Phoenix, AZ | 214 | 126 | 53 | 15 | 8 | 8 | 13 |
| Detroit, MI | U | U | U | U | U | U | U | Pueblo, CO Salt Lake City, UT | 40 97 | 27 60 | 7 15 | 6 16 | 5 | 1 | 3 11 |
| Evansville, IN | 44 | 32 | 10 | 2 | _ | _ | 3 | Tucson, AZ | 121 | 90 | 22 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 4 |
| Fort Wayne, IN | 69 | 51 | 16 | 1 | 1 | _ | 5 | | | | | | | | |
| Gary, IN | 14 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 | _ | Pacific | 1,149 | 806 | 225 | 63 | 23 | 32 | 72 |
| Grand Rapids, MI | 51 176 | 28 111 | 15 45 | 1 10 | 2 | 5 8 | 2 20 | Berkeley, CA | 17 U | 10 U | 3 U | 1 U | 1 U | 2 U | U |
| Indianapolis, IN Lansing, MI | 59 | 44 | 45 11 | 10 | 1 | 2 | 20 1 | Fresno, CA Glendale, CA | U | U | U | U | U | U | U |
| Milwaukee, WI | 83 | 48 | 27 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 5 | Honolulu, HI | 53 | 43 | 6 | 4 | _ | _ | 2 |
| Peoria, IL | 48 | 38 | 7 | _ | 3 | | 5 | Long Beach, CA | 66 | 44 | 11 | 8 | 3 | _ | 6 |
| Rockford, IL | 47 | 35 | 11 | 1 | _ | _ | 2 | Los Angeles, CA | Ü | U | Ü | Ū | Ū | U | Ū |
| South Bend, IN | 60 | 40 | 14 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | Pasadena, CA | 28 | 15 | 9 | 3 | _ | 1 | _ |
| Toledo, OH | 87 | 64 | 15 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 6 | Portland, OR | 121 | 79 | 32 | 7 | 1 | 2 | 11 |
| Youngstown, OH | 74 | 56 | 12 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | Sacramento, CA | 149 | 108 | 26 | 7 | 2 | 6 | 7 |
| W.N. Central | 546 | 345 | 117 | 43 | 21 | 19 | 41 | San Diego, CA | 159 | 105 | 35 | 9 | 3 | 7 | 10 |
| Des Moines, IA | 54 | 33 | 9 | 9 | 1 | 2 | 2 | San Francisco, CA | 111 | 80 | 17 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 12 |
| Duluth, MN | 33 | 25 | 7 | 1 | _ | _ | 2 | San Jose, CA | 170 | 131 | 24 | 9 | 3 | 3 | 11 |
| Kansas City, KS | 17 | 11 | 4 | 2 | _ | _ | 1 | Santa Cruz, CA | 26 72 | 17 45 | 4 22 | 2 | 2 | 1 1 | 2 4 |
| Kansas City, MO | 84 | 59 | 15 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 9 | Seattle, WA Spokane, WA | 69 | 45 51 | 12 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Lincoln, NE | 48 | 31 | 12 | 3 | 2 | _ | 4 | Tacoma, WA | 108 | 78 | 24 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 6 |
| Minneapolis, MN | 73 | 38 | 20 | 6 | 2 | 7 | 3 | | | | | | | | |
| Omaha, NE | 80 | 54 | 18 | 5 | 3 | _ | 9 | Total | 10,466** | 6,889 | 2,427 | 635 | 237 | 254 | 606 |
| St. Louis, MO | 26 | 7 | 3 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 2 | | | | | | | | |
| St. Paul, MN | 56 75 | 40 | 10 | 3 | 3 | _ | 7 | | | | | | | | |
| Wichita, KS | 75 | 47 | 19 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 2 | l | | | | | | | |

U: Unavailable.

U: Unavailable. —:No reported cases.

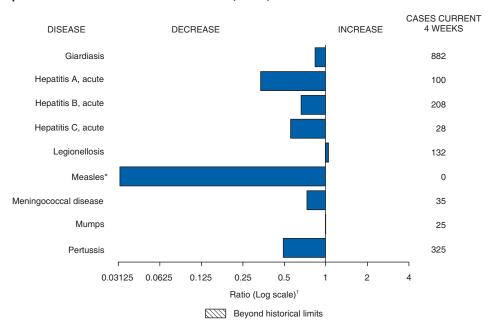
* Mortality data in this table are voluntarily reported from 122 cities in the United States, most of which have populations of ≥100,000. A death is reported by the place of its occurrence and by the week that the death certificate was filed. Fetal deaths are not included.

† Pneumonia and influenza.

[§] Because of changes in reporting methods in this Pennsylvania city, these numbers are partial counts for the current week. Complete counts will be available in 4 to 6 weeks.
¶ Because of Hurricane Katrina, weekly reporting of deaths has been temporarily disrupted.

** Total includes unknown ages.

FIGURE I. Selected notifiable disease reports, United States, comparison of provisional 4-week totals November 10, 2007, with historical data



* No measles cases were reported for the current 4-week period yielding a ratio for week 45 of zero (0).

Notifiable Disease Data Team and 122 Cities Mortality Data Team

Patsy A. Hall

Deborah A. Adams Rosaline Dhara Willie J. Anderson Carol Worsham Lenee Blanton Pearl C. Sharp

Patio of current 4-week total to mean of 15 4-week totals (from previous, comparable, and subsequent 4-week periods for the past 5 years). The point where the hatched area begins is based on the mean and two standard deviations of these 4-week totals.

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☆U.S. Government Printing Office: 2008-723-026/41060 Region IV ISSN: 0149-2195