



## MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY WEEKLY REPORT

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# Imported Dengue — United States, 1993–1994

Dengue is a mosquito-transmitted acute disease caused by any of four virus serotypes (DEN-1, DEN-2, DEN-3, and DEN-4) and characterized by the sudden onset of fever, headache, myalgia, rash, nausea, and vomiting. The disease is endemic in most tropical areas of the world and has occurred in U.S. residents returning from travel to such areas. This report summarizes information about cases of imported dengue among U.S. residents during 1993 and 1994.

Serum samples from 148 U.S. residents who had suspected dengue with onset in 1993 (57 cases) and 1994 (91 cases) were submitted to CDC for diagnostic testing from 33 states (Table 1). Of these, 46 (31%) cases from 17 states were serologically or virologically diagnosed as dengue (1) by isolation of dengue virus, detection of dengue-specific IgM, single high titers of IgG antibodies in acute serum samples, or a fourfold or greater rise in dengue-specific antibodies between acute- and convalescent-phase serum samples. Dengue serotype (DEN-2 and DEN-3) was identified for two cases.

Of the 46 persons with laboratory-diagnosed dengue, 25 (54%) were males. Age was reported for 32 and ranged from 1 year to 87 years (median: 27 years). Travel histories were available for 43 persons (Table 1); infections probably were acquired in the Caribbean islands (21 cases), Mexico and Central America (10), and Asia (10). Two patients reported possible exposure in two locations: Australia and Asia, and Asia and Africa.

Clinical information was available for 40 of 46 laboratory-confirmed cases. The most commonly reported symptoms were consistent with classic dengue fever (e.g., fever [92%], myalgia [48%], rash [48%], and headache [42%]). Other manifestations included petechiae or purpura (four patients); low white blood cell count (1000–2700/mm³ [normal: 3200–9800/mm³]) (13 patients); low platelet count (20,000–134,000/mm³ [normal: 150,000–450,000/mm³]) (13 patients); and elevated liver enzymes (seven patients).

Six patients were hospitalized. One patient (aged 12 years) with secondary dengue infection developed fever, thrombocytopenia, epistaxis, right pleural effusion, ascites, and hypotension—signs compatible with dengue shock syndrome (DSS). One patient (aged 11 years), who also had a secondary infection, developed mild disseminated intravascular coagulation. One patient (aged 49 years) with an unspecified serologic

Imported Dengue — Continued

TABLE 1. Suspected and laboratory-diagnosed cases of imported dengue, by state — United States, 1993–1994

	Са	ises	Travel history, if known, of persons with laboratory-
State	Suspected	Laboratory- diagnosed	diagnosed dengue (serotype, if known)
Alabama	1	0	
Arizona	3	1	Puerto Rico
California	5	1	India
Colorado	3	2	Mexico, Nicaragua
District of Columbia	4	2	Sri Lanka, Mexico
Florida	12	3	Costa Rica, Puerto Rico, Bali
Georgia	5	1	Puerto Rico, French West Indies
Hawaii	4	0	
Illinois	3	2	Dominican Republic, Guatemala
lowa	3	0	Castomara
Kansas	1	0	
Louisiana	2	0	
Maine	1	0	
Maryland	4	0	
Massachusetts	22	9	Philippines and Thailand, Haiti,
			Bangladesh, four from Puerto Rico
Minnesota	4	3	Somalia, Kenya, Cambodia; Thailand; Mexico
Mississippi	5	0	
Montana	1	0	
New York	24	12	Philippines, Thailand, Myanmar, Dominican Republic, Grenada, two from Jamaica, five from Puerto Rico
North Carolina	6	1	Philippines and India
North Dakota	1	1	Puerto Rico and Dominican Republic
Ohio	5	4	Australia and Southeast Asia (DEN-3), El Salvador, two from British Virgin Islands
Oklahoma	2	0	C .
Oregon	4	0	
Pennsylvania	3	0	
South Carolina	1	0	
Tennessee	2	0	
Texas	3	1	Honduras
Utah	1	1	Mexico (DEN-2)
Vermont	1	0	
Virginia	3	1	
Washington	6	1	Belize
Wisconsin	3	0	DGIIZG
Total	148	46	

Imported Dengue — Continued

response had fever, myalgias, thrombocytopenia, leukopenia, elevated liver function test results, and hypotension (blood pressure 90/48 mmHg).

Reported by: State and territorial health depts. Dengue Br, Div of Vector-Borne Infectious Diseases, National Center for Infectious Diseases, CDC.

**Editorial Note**: Dengue is not endemic in the United States. However, because the incubation period is 3–14 days, U.S. residents who become infected during travel to tropical areas may have onset of illness after returning to the United States (2). Although most dengue infections are associated with mild illness, the risk for dengue hemorrhagic fever (DHF) is greater in some persons—particularly those with repeat (secondary) infection. DHF is characterized by fever, platelet count  $\leq 100,000/\text{mm}^3$ , hemorrhagic manifestations, and leaky capillary syndrome (hemoconcentration, hypoalbuminemia, or pleural or abdominal effusions). DSS includes DHF and hypotension or narrow pulse pressure ( $\leq 20$  mmHg) (3,4) and is associated with a high fatality rate (5).

The incidence of DHF is increasing in the Americas: since 1982, dengue epidemics with associated DHF have occurred in Aruba, Brazil, Colombia, Curacao, Dominican Republic, El Salvador, French Guiana, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Puerto Rico, St. Lucia, Suriname, and Venezuela. In addition, dengue is endemic in many islands in the Caribbean, in Mexico, and in most countries in Central and South America (6). In 1994, outbreaks of dengue were reported from Brazil, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, Haiti, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Puerto Rico, and Venezuela. Nicaragua and Panama recently confirmed infections attributable to DEN-3 (7), a serotype that was last isolated in the Americas in 1977 (8).

In the Americas, dengue is transmitted by *Aedes aegypti* mosquitoes. Although nearly eradicated from the region during the 1960s, this species is now present in most tropical areas of the Americas. In the United States, *A. aegypti* is present year-round in the southernmost Gulf of Mexico coast states from Texas to Florida; a small focus also exists on the island of Molokai in Hawaii. Autochthonous transmission of dengue has not occurred in the United States since 1986 (6); however, introduction of the virus by persons who have acquired infections in other countries could result in local transmission.

The 37 laboratory-confirmed cases identified in 1994 represent almost twice the average number of similar cases identified annually during 1987–1993 (n=20) and the highest number of positives identified since 1982 (n=45) (6). However, these totals do not include cases that may have been reported to state health departments but for which specimens were not submitted for testing at CDC. In addition, in 1994, the California Department of Health Services received reports of five cases of suspected dengue that were documented at the state's Viral and Rickettsial Disease Laboratory (9).

Compared with previous years, a higher proportion of cases reported in 1994 were characterized by severe disease. The three persons with life-threatening illness underscore the importance of early recognition and treatment of the severe manifestations of dengue infection.

The prevention of dengue infection in tropical locations requires avoiding exposure to mosquitoes (10) and includes the continuous use of mosquito repellent and protective clothing. Although the *Aedes* species that transmits dengue may bite at any time during the day, peak activity occurs during the early morning and late afternoon.

Imported Dengue — Continued

Ae. aegypti usually is present in peridomestic settings and is found most often in dark areas such as closets and bathrooms, behind curtains, and under beds. For tourists, the risk for exposure to dengue may be lower in some settings, including beaches, hotels with well-kept grounds, and heavily forested areas and jungles.

Health-care providers should consider dengue in the differential diagnosis for all patients who have compatible manifestations and a recent history of travel to tropical areas. When dengue is suspected, patients should be monitored for evidence of hypotension, hemoconcentration, and thrombocytopenia. Because of the anticoagulant properties of acetylsalicylic acid (i.e., aspirin), only acetaminophen products are recommended for management of fever. Acute- and convalescent-phase serum samples should be obtained for viral isolation and serodiagnosis and sent for confirmation through state or territorial health department to CDC's Dengue Branch, Division of Vector-Borne Infectious Diseases, National Center for Infectious Diseases, 2 Calle Casia, San Juan, PR 00921-3200; telephone (809) 766-5181; fax (809) 766-6596. Serum specimens should be accompanied by a summary of clinical and epidemiologic information, including a detailed travel history with dates and location of travel and dates of onset of illness and blood collection.

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# Carbon Monoxide Poisoning from Use of Gasoline-Fueled Power Washers in an Underground Parking Garage — District of Columbia, 1994

On June 17, 1994, five workers in the District of Columbia were treated in an emergency department for carbon monoxide (CO) poisoning following exposure to the exhaust from two gasoline-fueled power washers (i.e., pressure washers), which they had used in an empty underground parking garage. These cases were identified by The George Washington University (GWU) Division of Occupational and

Carbon Monoxide Poisoning — Continued

Environmental Medicine (DOEM) through ongoing surveillance for work-related injuries among construction workers treated in the GWU emergency department (1). This report summarizes the results of an investigation by DOEM of this incident.

At 11 p.m. on June 16, four laborers and a foreman (age range: 22–39 years) began preparing to resurface the floor of an underground parking garage that had been closed for business when the crew began work. At approximately 12:30 a.m., the workers started two power washers equipped with 8-horsepower, gasoline-fueled engines. A pedestal fan used previously in such situations was not operable. In addition, the garage exhaust fan was not in operation, and the main door of the garage (located approximately two levels above the work site) was closed.

At approximately 3:30 a.m., a worker collapsed. His three co-workers and the foreman assisted him out of the garage and remained outside with him for a few minutes before they returned to the garage and resumed work. A second worker then collapsed; the co-workers immediately turned off the washers, evacuated the garage, and contacted the District of Columbia Fire Department. Onsite evaluation by fire department officials indicated that all five men had acute symptoms including dizziness, confusion, headache, and nervousness. The two workers who had collapsed were transported by ambulance to a local emergency department. At the hospital, carboxyhemoglobin (COHb) levels, obtained from the workers at 5:10 a.m., were 20% and 17%, respectively (normal: ≤5%−10% for smokers and ≤1% for nonsmokers [2]). Carbon monoxide poisoning was diagnosed, and they were treated with hyperbaric oxygen and released later that day. The three other workers were transported to the hospital where their COHb levels, obtained at 7:15 a.m., were 10.3%, 13.4%, and 7.9%, respectively. They were administered 100% oxygen and released.

At 4:14 a.m., the fire department's hazardous materials team responded to investigate the incident. Based on measurements using a hand-operated air pump and indicator tube approximately 1 hour after the washers had been turned off, the concentration of CO was 648 parts per million (ppm).\* The only identified source of CO was the exhaust from the gasoline-powered washers.

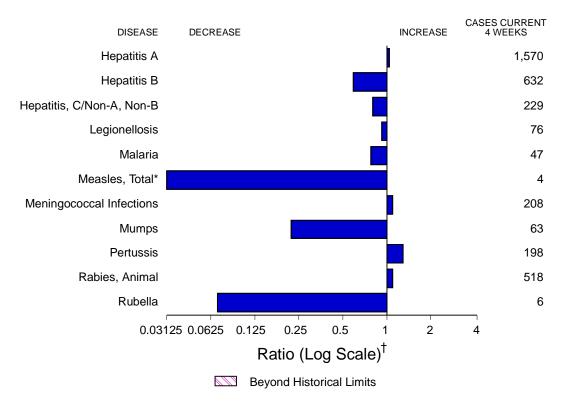
Reported by: L Nessel-Stephens, MSS, LS Welch, MD, JL Weeks, ScD, KL Hunting, PhD, J Càrdenas-Amaya, MD, Div of Occupational and Environmental Medicine, The George Washington Univ, Washington, DC. Div of Surveillance, Hazard Evaluations, and Field Studies, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, CDC.

**Editorial Note:** CO is a potentially lethal gas with nonspecific warning properties. Levels of CO uptake vary among persons and are a function of air concentration, level of exertion and ventilatory rate, and duration of exposure. For example, among workers engaged in light work and who were exposed to a CO concentration of 700 ppm, COHb levels were 20% after 35 minutes and 40% after approximately 1 hour (4). In general, COHb levels >20% are associated with symptoms; dizziness and unsteady gait may result from levels >30% (5).

Based on estimates of the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS), in 1992 CO exposure accounted for 867 nonfatal work-related CO poisonings in private industry in the United States that resulted in days away from work (BLS, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, unpublished data, 1992) and for 32 fatal work-related CO poisonings (BLS, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, unpublished data, 1992). The

<sup>\*</sup>The NIOSH recommended exposure limit for CO is 35 ppm (as an 8-hour time-weighted average), and the recommended ceiling limit is 200 ppm (3).

FIGURE I. Notifiable disease reports, comparison of 4-week totals ending May 6, 1995, with historical data — United States



<sup>\*</sup>The large apparent decrease in the number of reported cases of measles (total) reflects dramatic fluctuations in the historical baseline.

TABLE I. Summary — cases of specified notifiable diseases, United States, cumulative, week ending May 6, 1995 (18th Week)

	Cum. 1995		Cum. 1995
Anthrax Brucellosis Cholera Congenital rubella syndrome Diphtheria Haemophilus influenzae* Hansen Disease Plague Poliomyelitis, Paralytic	19 3 3 - 473 42 2	Psittacosis Rabies, human Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever Syphilis, congenital, age < 1 year <sup>†</sup> Tetanus Toxic shock syndrome Trichinosis Typhoid fever	19 1 35 - 8 68 18 98

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup>Ratio of current 4-week total to mean of 15 4-week totals (from previous, comparable, and subsequent 4-week periods for the past 5 years). The point where the hatched area begins is based on the mean and two standard deviations of these 4-week totals.

<sup>\*</sup>Of 460 cases of known age, 110 (24%) were reported among children less than 5 years of age.

†Updated quarterly from reports to the Division of Sexually Transmitted Diseases and HIV Prevention, National Center for Prevention Services. First quarter data not yet available.

<sup>-:</sup> no reported cases

TABLE II. Cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending May 6, 1995, and May 7, 1994 (18th Week)

			•								
Reporting Area	AIDS*	Gono	rrhea	P	\	В	}	C/NA	A,NB	Legion	ellosis
noporting / nou	Cum. 1995	Cum. 1995	Cum. 1994	Cum. 1995	Cum. 1994	Cum. 1995	Cum. 1994	Cum. 1995	Cum. 1994	Cum. 1995	Cum. 1994
UNITED STATES	19,652	125,381	126,613	8,306	7,493	3,020	4,183	1,349	1,535	429	495
NEW ENGLAND	842	1,836	2,808	64	121	63	150	30	53	5	6
Maine N.H.	23 38	23 35	24 25	13 3	11 4	2 8	6 9	2	5	-	-
Vt. Mass.	7 457	17 1,027	11 1,018	3 20	1 57	1 19	4 101	- 27	6 31	- 4	2
R.I.	59	189	153	9	12	7	3	1	11	1	4
Conn. MID. ATLANTIC	258 4,550	545 12,591	1,577 15,787	16 432	36 514	26 337	27 501	113	188	N 46	N 55
Upstate N.Y.	521	2,640	3,431	112	170	122	132	64	85	12	14
N.Y. City N.J.	2,342 1,112	3,932 1,185	6,289 1,803	207 54	179 113	81 74	104 131	1 37	1 88	7	10
Pa.	575	4,834	4,264	59	52	60	134	11	14	27	31
E.N. CENTRAL Ohio	1,622 409	26,295 8,137	24,100 8,064	1,105 699	680 187	327 35	425 65	89 4	136 4	113 55	174 65
Ind. III.	106 737	2,480 7,511	2,712 5,269	53 160	123 218	80 64	77 123	- 17	3 40	24 7	56 10
Mich.	278	6,532	5,696	137	90	135	127	68	89	14	28
Wis. W.N. CENTRAL	92 427	1,635 6,714	2,359 7,092	56 412	62 331	13 184	33 218	33	26	13 42	15 35
Minn.	93	1,040	1,119	51	66	16	23	1	5	-	-
lowa Mo.	20 148	532 4,047	437 3,839	24 270	11 161	13 128	12 159	3 20	7 5	8 27	20 7
N. Dak. S. Dak.	1 1	10 65	12 63	11 11	1 15	2 1	-	- 1	-	3	3
Nebr.	43	-	334	9	40	8	12	3	4	2	3
Kans. S. ATLANTIC	121 5,708	1,020 36,515	1,288 34,439	36 381	37 438	16 457	12 912	5 113	5 281	2 67	2 131
Del.	113	703	620	6	13	2	6	1	1	-	-
Md. D.C.	978 373	4,257 1,703	6,466 2,307	71 2	57 9	79 9	126 16	4	13	13 3	28 4
Va. W. Va.	374 21	3,778 224	4,411 243	70 10	42 4	34 21	36 9	2 20	15 11	4	2 1
N.C.	248	8,642	8,253	43	37	116	101	23	24	11	8
S.C. Ga.	280 594	4,016 5,871	4,258 U	12 39	11 21	19 47	14 370	3 11	2 145	14 8	3 63
Fla.	2,727	7,321	7,881	128	244	130	234	49	70	11	22
E.S. CENTRAL Ky.	612 63	17,246 2,913	11,607 1,527	461 16	151 79	249 26	437 40	385 6	288 10	10 1	21 3
Tenn. Ala.	269 159	4,605 6,696	4,612 5,468	377 44	51 21	181 42	371 26	377 2	273 5	5 3	13 5
Miss.	121	3,032	5,400 U	24	Ü	-	U	-	Ű	1	Ű
W.S. CENTRAL Ark.	1,404 64	11,830 1,325	14,973 2,277	875 62	917 20	427 11	419 7	184 1	125 3	4	11 4
La.	299	4,197	4,313	32	35	64	66	43	34	2	-
Okla. Tex.	84 957	809 5,499	1,364 7,019	168 613	84 778	132 220	117 229	128 12	64 24	2	7 -
MOUNTAIN	637	2,683	3,363	1,514	1,444	253	200	161	141	89	33
Mont. Idaho	8 17	30 45	32 30	23 160	10 126	8 34	6 31	7 21	2 40	2 1	11 -
Wyo. Colo.	4 214	18 1,037	32 1,151	60 199	6 167	6 46	7 <b>3</b> 8	63 29	34 23	2 26	1 4
N. Mex.	69	300	367	277	370	83	66	19	25	3	1
Ariz. Utah	133 37	1,002 39	1,045 115	430 316	552 136	42 24	19 13	14 3	4 9	44 2	1 1
Nev.	155	212	591	49	77	10	20	5	4	9	14
PACIFIC Wash.	3,850 360	9,671 883	12,444 1,032	3,062 199	2,897 421	723 57	921 88	241 67	297 104	53 4	29 7
Oreg. Calif.	122 3,261	18 8,265	337 10,537	527 2,261	254 2,132	32 624	53 755	13 151	12 177	44	20
Alaska	29	291	292	15	76	4	5	1	-	-	-
Hawaii Guam	78	214 23	246 50	60 1	14 3	6	20	9	4	5	2 2
P.R.	649	180	192	17	30	236	128	164	53	-	-
V.I. Amer. Samoa	14 -	4 8	9 14	5	4	1 -	1	-	-	-	-
C.N.M.I.	-	9	21	9	2	5	-	-	-	-	

N: Not notifiable U: Unavailable -: no reported cases C.N.M.I.: Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands \*Updated monthly to the Division of HIV/AIDS, National Center for Infectious Diseases; last update March 30, 1995.

TABLE II. (Cont'd.) Cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending May 6, 1995, and May 7, 1994 (18th Week)

							Measle	es (Rube	eola)			Meningococcal			
Reporting Area	Lyi Dise	me ease	Mal	aria	Indig	enous	Impo	rted*	То	tal	Infections		Mu	mps	
	Cum. 1995	Cum. 1994	Cum. 1995	Cum. 1994	1995	Cum. 1995	1995	Cum. 1995	Cum. 1995	Cum. 1994	Cum. 1995	Cum. 1994	Cum. 1995	Cum. 1994	
UNITED STATES	1,340	1,511	287	342	2	146	-	5	151	507	1,188	1,164	281	531	
NEW ENGLAND	122	147	15	24	-	3	-	1	4	14	65	54	3	10	
Maine N.H.	1 8	5	1 1	1 3	-	-	-	-	-	2	3 13	10 4	2	3 4	
Vt.	1	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	6	1	-	-	
Mass. R.I.	37 10	24 20	4 2	9 4	-	1 2	-	1	2 2	3 5	23	23	-	1	
Conn.	65	97	7	6	-	-	-	-	-	3	20	16	1	2	
MID. ATLANTIC	998	1,113	64	51	-	1	-	-	1	143	123	112	35	46	
Upstate N.Y. N.Y. Citv	608 7	937 1	12 30	15 12	-	- 1	-	-	1	11 1	46 11	39 15	12 5	11 -	
N.J.	87	108	13	15	-	-	-	-	-	129	26	27	-	9	
Pa.	296	67	9	9	-	-	-	-	-	2	40	31	18	26	
E.N. CENTRAL Ohio	18 14	14 6	23 2	40 5	-	2	-	-	2	54 10	152 51	179 45	52 18	137 19	
Ind.	3	2	2	9	-	-	-	-	-	1	25	36	1	5	
III. Mich.	1	5 1	14 4	15 10	-	-	-	-	-	34 6	42 30	60 18	16 17	88 22	
Wis.	-	-	1	1	-	2	-	-	2	3	4	20	-	3	
W.N. CENTRAL	18	22	7	18	-	1	-	-	1	139	69	80	17	24	
Minn. Iowa	1	1	3	5 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	14 14	8 8	2 3	4 6	
Mo.	4	18	3	7	-	1	-	-	1	138	23	40	10	12	
N. Dak. S. Dak.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	6	-	1	
Nebr.	-	-	1	2	Ū	_	Ū	-	-	1	6	7	2	1	
Kans.	13	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	11	-	-	
S. ATLANTIC Del.	132 7	157 17	69 1	74 3	1	1	-	-	1	5 -	218 2	185 2	40	81	
Md.	91	51	19	30	-	-	-	-	-	_	12	11	-	21	
D.C. Va.	- 8	1 13	7 12	7 8	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	1 27	1 26	- 12	- 19	
W. Va.	7	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	8	-	3	
N.C. S.C.	9 5	22	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	37 29	31 6	16 5	23 5	
Ga.	4	44	10	10	-	-	-	-	-	1	53	39	-	6	
Fla.	1	4	14	12	1	1	-	-	1	3	54	61	7	4	
E.S. CENTRAL Ky.	7 1	12 8	6	7 2	-	-	-	-	-	28	72 30	72 17	13	-	
Tenn.	3	3	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	28	11	21	4	-	
Ala. Miss.	1 2	1 U	5	1 U	-	-	-	-	-	Ū	16 15	34 U	3 6	- U	
W.S. CENTRAL	24	21	6	7	-	2	-	-	2	11	146	138	16	122	
Ark.	2	-	2	-	-	2	_	_	2	-	15	20	2	3	
La. Okla.	- 12	- 12	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	1	20 14	20 11	6	10 21	
Tex.	10	9	3	5	-	-	-	-	-	10	97	87	8	88	
MOUNTAIN	2	1	22	14	-	39	-	1	40	86	96	91	15	15	
Mont. Idaho	-	1	2 1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 3	2 12	2	3	
Wyo.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	2	-	-	
Colo. N. Mex.	1	-	12 3	5 2	-	28	-	-	- 28	16 -	20 21	12 8	1 N	1 N	
Ariz.	-	-	2	1	-	26 10	-	-	10	-	36	37	4	2	
Utah	- 1	-	1	3 1	U	- 1	U	1	1 1	70	2 7	14 4	1 6	5 3	
Nev. PACIFIC	19	-	1 75	107	- 1	97	-	3	100	- 27	, 247	253	90		
Wash.	-	24	/5 8	107	-	13	-	1	14	-	38	253 44	6	96 7	
Oreg.	1	2	4	9	- 1	1	-	-	1	-	46	57	N	N	
Calif. Alaska	18 -	22	55 1	79 -	1 -	83	-	1 -	84 -	26 -	158 3	146 1	75 8	80 2	
Hawaii	-	-	7	8	-	-	-	1	1	1	2	5	1	7	
Guam	-	-	-	-	U	-	U	-	-	171	1	-	2	2	
P.R. V.I.	-	-	-	-	Ū	3	Ū	-	3	22	12	5 -	1	2	
Amer. Samoa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
C.N.M.I.	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	26	-	-	-	-	

 $<sup>{\</sup>rm *For}\ imported\ measles,\ cases\ include\ only\ those\ resulting\ from\ importation\ from\ other\ countries.$ 

N: Not notifiable

TABLE II. (Cont'd.) Cases of selected notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending May 6, 1995, and May 7, 1994 (18th Week)

UNITED STATES 69 1,065 1,280 1994 1998 1998	Reporting Area		Pertussis			Rubella		Sypl (Prima Secon	ary &	Tuberculosis		Rab Anii	
NEW ENGLAND		1995		Cum. 1994	1995			Cum. 1995					
Maine	UNITED STATES	69	1,065	1,280	1	26	141	5,808	6,548	5,583	6,208	2,225	2,454
N.H.					-	2	96			110	125	616	653
Vet.		4					-			- 1	-	- 75	- 70
R.I.  Conn.  Conn.  R.I.  Conn.  R.I.  Conn.  R.I.  R.I.  Conn.  R.I.  R		-				-	_	-	-				
Conn 6 7 4 41 37 30 47 136 288  MID. ATLANTIC  5 80 228 - 2 5 5 322 491 1,092 4171 213 420  N.Y. City  - 18 39 - 1 5 74 63 898  Upstate N.Y.  1 46 90 - 1 5 24 63 92 110 192 213 420  N.Y. City  - 18 39 - 1 5 70 76 82 218 221 116 117  P.A. CITY  - 18 39 - 1 5 70 76 82 218 221 116 117  E.N. CENTRAL  E.N. CENTRAL  26 106 266 111 953 896 591 676 2 111  Ind.  1 5 31 838 898 591 676 2 111  Ind.  1 1 5 31 838 898 591 676 2 111  Ind.  1 1 5 31 838 898 591 676 2 111  Ind.  1 1 2 5 31 838 898 591 676 2 111  Ind.  1 1 2 5 31 838 898 591 676 2 111  Ind.  1 1 2 5 31 838 898 591 676 2 111  Ind.  1 1 2 5 31 838 898 591 676 2 111  Ind.  1 1 2 5 31 838 898 591 676 2 111  Ind.  1 1 2 5 2 42 838 898 591 676 2 111  Wis.  W.N. CENTRAL  12 62 155 112 113 113 113 113 113 113 114  Wis.  W.N. CENTRAL  22 16 155 112 113 113 113 113 12 2 2 5  Iowa  5 12 273 459 118 115 2 4  Mo.  N. Dak.  5 12 222 392 78 71 11 2 6  Mohn.  N. Dak.  5 12 17 16 21 11 2 9 2  S. Dak.  5 12 17 16 21 11 2 9 2  S. Dak.  6 7 13 1 1 3 2 9 2  S. Dak.  6 7 13 1 1 3 2 9 2  S. Dak.  5 12 1 1 3 9 3 14 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		-				1	96						
MID. ATLANTIC   5   80   228   -   2   5   322   491   10,092   1,166   527   584   10,544   10,545		-		2 7		-	-						
Upstate N.Y.   1		5											
N.J. ' - ' 9 ' - ' - ' 67 ' 82 ' 218 ' 221 ' 116 ' 117 ' E.N. CENTRAL													
Pa. CENTRAL 26 106 266 11 395 386 591 676 2 111 Ohio A 37 59 1 320 380 93 86 1 1 1 11					-							-	-
EN CENTRAL  26 106 266 - 11 1 953 896 991 676 2 111  Driver Start													
Ohio		-			_	_							
III.					-	-							
Mich.         1         32         20         -         -         5         113         115         127         150         -         4           WN. CENTRAL         -         52         42         -         -         -         273         459         198         152         94         60           Minn.         -         22         16         -         -         -         17         459         198         152         94         60           Mon.         -         1         3         -         -         -         225         16         28         12         34         23           Mon.         -         5         12         -         -         -         22         392         78         71         12         9         2           NEDR.         -         6         -         -         -         -         -         5         6         2         -         -         -         -         1         9         9         33         14         4         4         9         1         9         3         1         4         9         1         2         1					-	-						-	
Wis 12 62 55 100 18 15 - 3 WN. CENTRAL - 52 42 273 459 198 152 94 Mol. CENTRAL - 52 16 17 16 31 32 2 5 Mol 13 3 25 16 31 32 2 5 Mol 5 12 252 16 31 32 2 5 Mol 5 12 252 16 31 32 2 2 S. Dak 6 6 222 392 78 71 12 2 S. Dak 6 6 16 9 15 9 Nebr. U 3 3 3 U 5 16 9 15 9 Nebr. U 3 3 3 U 5 5 16 2 15 6 9 15 9 Nebr. U 3 3 3 U 5 5 12 10 10 6 1						-						1 -	
Minn.   -		-				-						-	
Noma	W.N. CENTRAL	_	52	42	-	_	_	273	459	198	152	94	60
Mo.   -   5   12   -   -   -   222   392   78   71   12   6		-											
N. Dak. S. Dak. Dak. Dak. Dak. Dak. Dak. Dak. Dak.		-				-							
Nebr.         U         3         3         U         -         -         -         5         6         2         -         9         30         38         224         22         15         674         674         9         -         -         9         33         14         Mdd         -         -         9         33         14         Mdd         -         -         9         33         14         Mdd         -         -         9         30         14         Md         5         2         2         15         67         61         11         143         210         2         1         143         210         2         1         143         210         2         2         2         2         1         140         5         2         2         1         140         5         2         2         1         150		-	5			-	-	-	-		2		2
Kans 10 6 9 9 30 38 24 22 15 S.ATLANTIC 2 101 140 - 5 5 5 1,297 1,995 1,056 850 745 674 Del 5 5 5 7 9 9 9 9 33 14 Md 7 49 - 2 2 3 - 2 9 9 33 14 Md 7 7 49 - 2 2 3 - 2 9 9 33 14 Md 7 7 13 - 2 46 97 37 40 5 22 Va 7 13 3 - 2 2 1 1 18 35 33 35 28 N.C 49 40 - 2 1 18 8 35 33 35 28 N.C 49 40 - 2 1 18 8 35 33 35 28 N.C 111 8 - 2 2 19 15 6 5 5 148 323 103 146 47 60 Ga 11 10 - 2 1 72 314 196 248 105 139 Fila. 2 19 15 - 5 5 5 148 323 382 - 98 5 E.S. CENTRAL - 21 72 - 1 151 89 54 109 7 5 Fenn 2 2 13 - 2 1 151 89 54 109 7 5 Fenn 2 2 13 - 2 1 151 89 54 109 7 5 Fenn 2 2 13 - 2 2 19 13 - 2 26 151 89 54 109 7 5 Fenn 1 2 2 13 2 - 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		-				-	-	-				15	9
S. ATLANTIC   2		- -				-	_	9				22	15
Del.         -         5         -         -         -         -         7         9         -         9         33         144           Md.         -         7         49         -         -         -         24         90         152         115         143         210           D.C.         -         2         3         -         -         46         97         37         40         5         2           W.Va.         -         -         2         2         -         -         40         644         90         140         150         66           S.C.         -         411         8         -         -         -         248         253         103         146         47         60           Ga.         -         11         10         -         -         248         253         103         146         47         60           S.C.         -         11         10         -         -         -         172         314         196         248         109         7         73           E.S. CENTRAL         -         21         72         -		2			_	5	5						
D.C.         -         2         3         -         -         -         46         97         37         40         5         2           W. Va.         -         7         13         -         -         251         261         119         129         150           W. Va.         -         -         2         -         -         -         11         8         35         33         35         28           N.C.         -         49         40         -         -         -         400         644         90         140         150         66           S.C.         -         11         10         -         -         -         124         196         248         105         139           Fla.         2         19         15         -         5         5         148         133         146         47         60           Ga.         -         -         21         72         -         -         -         -         9         6         10         9         7         -         -         -         -         9         1         6         -         - <td>Del.</td> <td>-</td> <td>5</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>7</td> <td>. 9</td> <td>· -</td> <td>9</td> <td>33</td> <td>14</td>	Del.	-	5	-	-	-		7	. 9	· -	9	33	14
Va.         -         7         13         -         -         251         257         61         119         129         150           W. Va.         -         -         2         -         -         1         8         35         33         35         28           N.C.         -         49         40         -         -         -         400         644         90         140         150         66           S.C.         -         11         8         -         -         -         400         644         90         140         150         66           S.C.         -         11         10         -         -         -         172         314         196         248         105         139           Fla.         2         19         15         -         5         5         148         323         382         -         98         5           Fla.         2         19         15         -         -         177         184         133         11         33           Ky.         2         13         2         7         13         1,499         66		-			-	-							
N.C. S.C. S.C. S.C. S.C. S.C. S.C. S.C.		-			-	-							
S.C.         -         11         8         -         -         -         248         253         103         146         47         60           Ga.         -         1         10         -         -         -         172         314         196         248         105         139           Fla.         2         19         15         -         5         5         148         323         382         -         98         5           E.S. CENTRAL         -         21         72         -         -         1,793         681         413         377         67         73           Ky.         -         -         52         -         -         -         151         89         54         109         7         5           Tenn.         -         2         13         -         -         -         161         33         11         33           Ala.         -         19         7         -         -         226         255         146         135         49         35           Mris.         -         1         1         2         7         813 <th< td=""><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>		-			-	-							
Ga 1 1 10 172 314 196 248 105 139		-			-	-							
E.S. CENTRAL		-	1	10	-			172					
Ky.         -         -         52         -         -         151         89         54         109         7         5           Tenn.         -         2         13         -         -         -         321         337         148         133         11         33           Ala.         -         19         7         -         -         -         226         255         146         135         49         35           Miss.         -         -         U         -         -         226         255         146         135         49         35           Miss.         -         -         U         -         -         10         10         0         0         66         10         -         U         U         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         11         11         14         43         3         1         2         37         813         1,449         666         738         39         259           Misc.         -         1         5         -         -         177         1	Fla.	2	19	15	-	5	5	148	323	382	-	98	5
Ténn.         -         2         13         -         -         -         321         337         148         133         11         33           Ala.         -         19         7         -         -         -         226         255         146         135         49         35           Wiss.         -         -         U         -         -         U         1,095         U         65         U         -         U           W.S. CENTRAL         11         44         33         1         2         7         813         1,449         666         738         39         259           Ark.         -         -         1         5         -         -         397         663         -         -         9         41           Okla.         6         9         20         -         -         4         21         51         1         79         19         17           Tex.         5         34         7         1         2         3         218         551         603         596         -         190           Mont.         -         3         3 </td <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		-				-							
Ala.         -         19         7         -         -         -         10         1,095         U         65         U         -         U         0           W.S. CENTRAL         11         44         33         1         2         7         813         1,449         666         738         39         259           Ark.         -         -         1         5         -         -         177         184         62         63         11         11         1         1         -         -         177         184         62         63         11         11         1         1         1         -         -         177         184         62         63         11         11         1<		-				-							
W.S. CENTRAL         11         44         33         1         2         7         813         1,449         666         738         39         259           Ark.         -         -         1         -         -         -         177         184         62         63         11         11         11         La.         -         -         -         -         177         184         62         63         11         11         11         La.         -         -         -         -         -         -         377         184         62         63         11         11         11         La.         -         -         -         -         4         21         51         1         79         19         17         Tex.         5         34         7         1         2         3         218         551         603         596         -         190         10         17         184         62         63         11         11         11         19         16         60         7         190         180         180         180         180         11         11         11         11         11	Ala.	-		7	-	-	-	226	255	146	135		35
Ark.         -         -         1         -         -         -         177         184         62         63         11         11         La.         -         -         1         5         -         -         -         397         663         -         -         9         41           Collar         6         9         20         -         -         4         21         51         1         79         19         17           Tex.         5         34         7         1         2         3         218         551         603         596         -         190           MOUNTAIN         13         384         108         -         3         1         92         111         192         163         34         37           Mont.         -         3         3         -         -         3         -         190         190           Molot.         -         3         3         -         -         -         3         -         15         6         6         -         -         190         6         6         -         -         -         -         - <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>U</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		-	-						U				
La.         -         1         5         -         -         -         -         -         397         663         -         -         9         41           Okla.         6         9         20         -         -         4         21         51         1         79         19         17           Tex.         5         34         7         1         2         3         218         551         603         596         -         190           MOUNTAIN         13         384         108         -         3         1         92         111         192         163         34         37           Mont.         -         3         3         -         -         -         3         -         15         6           Idaho         4         70         22         -         -         -         1         6         6         -         -           Wyo.         -         -         -         -         -         2         2         -         1         1         9         6           Colo.         -         1         62         -         -		11											
Okla.         6         9         20         -         -         4         21         51         1         79         19         17           Tex.         5         34         7         1         2         3         218         551         603         596         -         190           MOUNTAIN         13         384         108         -         3         1         92         111         192         163         34         37           Mont.         -         3         3         -         -         -         3         -         15         6         -         -         15         6         -         -         -         -         -         3         -         -         3         -         -         -         3         -		-			-	-	-			62	- 63		
MOUNTAIN         13         384         108         -         3         1         92         111         192         163         34         37           Mont.         -         3         3         -         -         -         3         -         15         6           Idaho         4         70         22         -         -         -         1         6         6         -         -           Wyo.         -         -         -         -         -         2         -         1         1         9         6           Colo.         -         1         62         -         -         -         2         -         1         1         9         6           N. Mex.         -         16         5         -         -         -         2         5         22         26         -         -           N. Mex.         -         16         5         -         -         2         2         5         22         26         -         -           Nev.         -         3         -         -         -         7         14         59         40<	Okla.					-			51			19	
Mont.         -         3         3         -         -         -         3         -         3         -         15         6           Idaho         4         70         22         -         -         -         -         1         6         6         -         -         -         -         -         1         6         6         -         -         -         -         1         1         9         6         6         -         -         -         -         2         9         1         1         1         9         6         - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td></t<>					1							-	
Idaho         4         70         22         -         -         -         -         1         6         6         -         -         Wyo.         -	84 .	13	_	_	-	3	1	_		_	163		
Colo.         -         1         62         -         -         -         59         57         4         13         -         -           N. Mex.         -         16         5         -         -         -         2         5         22         26         -         -           Ariz.         9         286         11         -         3         -         15         29         87         77         9         24           Utah         U         5         5         U         -         1         4         5         10         -         -         -           Nev.         -         3         -         -         -         7         14         59         40         1         1           PACIFIC         8         150         258         -         12         16         195         396         1,265         1,961         101         103           Wash.         6         27         35         -         1         -         6         15         89         76         -         -           Calif.         -         108         180         -		4				-	_				6		
N. Mex 16 5 2 2 5 22 26 Ariz. 9 286 11 - 3 - 15 29 87 77 9 24 12 14	Wyo.	-	-	-	-	-			-	1	1		
Ariz.       9       286       11       -       3       -       15       29       87       77       9       24         Utah       U       5       5       U       -       1       4       5       10       -       -       -         Nev.       -       3       -       -       -       7       14       59       40       1       1         PACIFIC       8       150       258       -       12       16       195       396       1,265       1,961       101       103         Wash.       6       27       35       -       1       -       6       15       89       76       -       -         Oreg.       -       6       39       -       1       -       -       12       3       45       -       -         Calif.       -       108       180       -       9       15       188       367       1,091       1,737       97       77         Alaska       -       -       -       -       -       1       1       1       24       26       4       26         Hawaii		-			-	-		59 2					
Nev.         -         3         -         -         -         -         7         14         59         40         1         1           PACIFIC         8         150         258         -         12         16         195         396         1,265         1,961         101         103           Wash.         6         27         35         -         1         -         6         15         89         76         -         -           Oreg.         -         6         39         -         1         -         -         12         3         45         -         -           Calif.         -         108         180         -         9         15         188         367         1,091         1,737         97         77           Alaska         -         -         -         -         -         1         1         1         24         26         4         26           Hawaii         2         9         4         -         1         1         1         1         4         18         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         <		9	286	11	-				29				
PACIFIC         8         150         258         -         12         16         195         396         1,265         1,961         101         103           Wash.         6         27         35         -         1         -         6         15         89         76         -         -           Oreg.         -         6         39         -         1         -         -         12         3         45         -         -           Calif.         -         108         180         -         9         15         188         367         1,091         1,737         97         77           Alaska         -         -         -         -         -         -         1         1         24         26         4         26           Hawaii         2         9         4         -         1         1         -         1         58         77         -         -           Guam         U         -         -         U         -         1         1         1         4         18         -         -         -           PR.         -         5													
Wash.       6       27       35       -       1       -       6       15       89       76       -       -         Oreg.       -       6       39       -       1       -       -       12       3       45       -       -         Calif.       -       108       180       -       9       15       188       367       1,091       1,737       97       77         Alaska       -       -       -       -       -       -       1       1       24       26       4       26         Hawaii       2       9       4       -       1       1       -       1       58       77       -       -         Guam       U       -       -       U       -       1       1       1       4       18       -       -         PR.       -       5       3       -       -       98       114       23       71       18       30         VI.       U       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -													
Oreg.       -       6       39       -       1       -       -       12       3       45       -       -         Calif.       -       108       180       -       9       15       188       367       1,091       1,737       97       77         Alaska       -       -       -       -       -       1       1       1       24       26       4       26         Hawaii       2       9       4       -       1       1       -       1       58       77       -       -         Guam       U       -       -       U       -       1       1       1       4       18       -       -         PR.       -       5       3       -       -       -       98       114       23       71       18       30         VI.       U       -       -       U       -       -       1       19       -       -       -       -       -         Amer. Samoa       -       -       1       -       -       -       2       2       -       -       -       -       -       -													103
Alaska     -     -     -     -     -     1     1     24     26     4     26       Hawaii     2     9     4     -     1     1     -     1     58     77     -     -       Guam     U     -     -     U     -     1     1     1     4     18     -     -       PR.     -     5     3     -     -     -     98     114     23     71     18     30       VI.     U     -     -     U     -     1     19     -     -     -     -       Amer. Samoa     -     -     1     -     -     -     -     2     2     -     -	Oreg.		6	39		1	-	-	12	3	45	-	
Hawaii       2       9       4       -       1       1       -       1       58       77       -       -         Guam       U       -       -       U       -       1       1       1       4       18       -       -         PR.       -       5       3       -       -       -       98       114       23       71       18       30         VI.       U       -       -       U       -       -       1       19       -       -       -       -         Amer. Samoa       -       -       1       -       -       -       -       2       2       -       -	Calif.	-		180	-								
Guam     U     -     -     U     -     1     1     1     4     18     -     -       PR.     -     5     3     -     -     -     98     114     23     71     18     30       VI.     U     -     -     U     -     -     1     19     -     -     -     -       Amer. Samoa     -     -     1     -     -     -     -     2     2     -     -		2		4	-			I -				4 -	2b -
P.R 5 3 98 114 23 71 18 30 V.I. U U 1 19 Amer. Samoa - 1 - 1 2 2					U	-		1				_	-
Amer. Samoa 1 2 2	P.R.	-			-	-		98	114				
	V.I.	U	-			-	-			- 2		-	-
		-	-			-	-			2 5			-

U: Unavailable -: no reported cases

TABLE III. Deaths in 121 U.S. cities,\* week ending May 6, 1995 (18th Week)

All Causes By Age (Vears)					y (10th 1100k)	All Causes, By Age (Years)									
Reporting Area	All Ages	≥65	45-64	25-44	1-24	<1	P&I <sup>†</sup> Total	Reporting Area	All Ages	≥65	45-64		1-24	<1	P&I <sup>™</sup> Total
NEW ENGLAND Boston, Mass. Bridgeport, Conn. Cambridge, Mass. Fall River, Mass. Hartford, Conn. Lowell, Mass. Lynn, Mass. New Bedford, Mass. New Haven, Conn. Providence, R.I. Somerville, Mass.	34 68 6 50	452 94 25 14 20 55 19 13 19 25 52 6 38	36 6 4 14 3 - 6 10	47 18 1 3 - 5 3 - 4 - 2 - 6	18 2 2 2 3 3 - - 1 2	12 5 - - 2 - - 2 2 - 1	61 63 2 2 11 3 4 2 6 5	S. ATLANTIC Atlanta, Ga. Baltimore, Md. Charlotte, N.C. Jacksonville, Fla. Miami, Fla. Norfolk, Va. Richmond, Va. Savannah, Ga. St. Petersburg, Fla. Tampa, Fla. Washington, D.C. Wilmington, Del.	1,351 184 145 95 137 127 70 119 51 58 156 205	824 117 87 63 76 74 46 74 33 46 102	260 34 30 16 34 26 16 22 - 8 33 40 1	167 22 16 9 20 18 6 14 8 2 15 36	58 6 7 2 2 8 1 5 10 2 2 13	38 5 5 5 1 1 2 - 4 10	63 6 10 4 6 1 3 5 8 4 8 8
Waterbury, Conn. Worcester, Mass. MID. ATLANTIC Albany, N.Y. Allentown, Pa. Buffalo, N.Y. Camden, N.J. Elizabeth, N.J. Erie, Pa.§ Jersey City, N.J. New York City, N.Y. Newark, N.J. Paterson, N.J. Philadelphia, Pa. Pittsburgh, Pa.§ Reading, Pa. Rochester, N.Y. Schenectady, N.Y. Scranton, Pa.§ Syracuse, N.Y. Trenton, N.J. Utica, N.Y. Yonkers, N.Y.	28 68 2,492 53 28 91 40 23 42 42 1,284 62 17 327 15 135 26 36 100 21 19 34	23 49 37 76 24 76 18 24 26 8 199 67 11 102 22 32 80 14 14 18 24	10 472 8 3 14 8 5 10 9 250 14 7 65 23 4 20 2 3 15 4	258 3 1 - 9 3 2 10 154 16 2 41 4 - 8 2 1 2	22 4	68 4 1 3 1 1 2 34 2 10 3 - - - 2 2 2	1 16 118 4 - 1 - 34 5 - 31 10 2 12 1 1 1	E.S. CENTRAL Birmingham, Ala. Chattanooga, Tenn. Knoxville, Tenn. Lexington, Ky. Memphis, Tenn. Mobile, Ala. Montgomery, Ala. Nashville, Tenn. W.S. CENTRAL Austin, Tex. Baton Rouge, La. Corpus Christi, Tex. Dallas, Tex. El Paso, Tex. Ft. Worth, Tex. Houston, Tex. Little Rock, Ark. New Orleans, La. San Antonio, Tex. Shreveport, La. Tulsa, Okla.	97 54 68 197 53 154 1,332 76 47 192 83 319 74 U U 230 70 109	510 66 42 625 32 42 132 30 101 875 52 30 29 112 65 61 208 49 157 41	171 31 12 23 10 13 42 11 29 259 10 7 7 12 39 10 11 66 13 U 47 18 26	74 12 4 8 5 7 13 8 17 128 10 4 5 24 5 13 29 9 U 15 8 6	19 3 2 1 6 2 5 46 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 0 6 2 5	14 1 1 6 4 2 2 24 2 1 1 2 4 2 2 4 2 1 1	62 3 6 15 7 9 5 4 13 101 6 2 4 3 6 12 29 3 U 22 4 10
E.N. CENTRAL Akron, Ohio Canton, Ohio Chicago, III. Cincinnati, Ohio Cleveland, Ohio Columbus, Ohio Dayton, Ohio Detroit, Mich. Evansville, Ind. Fort Wayne, Ind. Gary, Ind. Grand Rapids, Mich Indianapolis, Ind. Madison, Wis. Milwaukee, Wis. Peoria, III. Rockford, III. South Bend, Ind. Toledo, Ohio Youngstown, Ohio W.N. CENTRAL Des Moines, Iowa Duluth, Minn. Kansas City, Mo. Lincoln, Nebr. Minneapolis, Minn. Omaha, Nebr. St. Louis, Mo. St. Paul, Minn. Wichita, Kans.	164 43 114 38 42 110 U 677 136 21 U 114 35	1,318 35 23 190 76 117 140 95 126 41 175 107 30 731 333 U 479 106 18 U 59 29 29 25 31 43 44 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41	7 - 109 244 45 366 366 468 9 7 143 3 5 26 9 6 6 17 U 28 5 19 10 18 8	230 2 109 61 112 4 25 12 4 8 11 3 2 4 4 U 37 9 2 U 8 2 7 1 U 8 1 1 U 8 1 1 U 8 1 1 U 8 1 1 U 8 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	112 66 1 12 2 5 2 1 1 3 4 2 3 7 2 1 7 1 1 2 2 3 3 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 0 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 3 0 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 3 1 2 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 2 1 3 1 3	25 4 4 5 5 5 4 4 6 6 2 8 8 2 2 1 1 1 3 U U 2 1 1 7 7 7 3 3 - U	132   5   15   16   15   11   10   7   11   10   7   8   9   0   3   3   7   4   9   9   9   9   9   9   9   9   9   9	MOUNTAIN Albuquerque, N.M. Colo. Springs, Colo Denver, Colo. Las Vegas, Nev. Ogden, Utah Phoenix, Ariz. Pueblo, Colo. Salt Lake City, Utah Tucson, Ariz. PACIFIC Berkeley, Calif. Fresno, Calif. Glendale, Calif. Honolulu, Hawaii Long Beach, Calif. Pasadena, Calif. Pasadena, Calif. Pasadena, Calif. San Francisco, Calif. San Diego, Calif. San Francisco, Calif. San Francisco, Calif. San Francisco, Calif. Santa Cruz, Calif. Seattle, Wash. Spokane, Wash. Tacoma, Wash. TOTAL	112 204 25 152 37 95 152 1,355 16 97 30 42 85 435 35 U	660 68 39 71 153 20 101 265 117 919 13 66 20 29 53 27 U 101 77 137 427 U 4 4 7 7,686	158 20 8 22 34 2 27 7 14 24 225 27 75 3 U U 20 23 27 3 U U 7 18 2,197	72 9 4 15 12 11 3 9 7 130 4 5 4 8 57 3 UU 15 11 10 2 U 3 8 1,143	24 2 1 4 1 9 1 3 3 37 4 2 3 17 5 1 1 U 5 1 3 1 1 0 1 3 1 3 1 7 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	13 1 1 3 1 2 4 1 1 6 - 2 2 3 2 U U 2 1 3 1 3 1 2 4 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	65 7 11 12 9 3 5 11 100 2 10 1 4 6 17 2 2 8 19 5 5 U 2 8 7 40 7

<sup>\*</sup>Mortality data in this table are voluntarily reported from 121 cities in the United States, most of which have populations of 100,000 or more. A death is reported by the place of its occurrence and by the week that the death certificate was filed. Fetal deaths are not included.

Pneumonia and influenza.

Because of changes in reporting methods in these 3 Pennsylvania cities, these numbers are partial counts for the current week. Complete counts will be available in 4 to 6 weeks.

Total includes unknown ages.
U: Unavailable -: no reported cases

Carbon Monoxide Poisoning — Continued

occurrence of nonfatal work-related CO poisonings probably is underestimated because workers with mild symptoms may not seek treatment, medical providers may not recognize nonspecific symptoms as manifestations of CO poisoning, and some correctly diagnosed cases may not be reported as work-related.

Since November 1990, DOEM has identified four other cases of CO poisoning among construction workers; all required emergency medical treatment (1). Two cases involved use of gasoline-powered forklifts in an enclosed warehouse, and two involved use of gasoline-fueled saws. Similar incidents have been reported among workers in other industries, including farmers using gasoline-fueled pressure washers to clean structures housing animals (6; NIOSH, unpublished data, 1993) and workers using liquid propane-powered floor burnishers to clean floors in a retail establishment (7). During January 1985–February 1995, the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) received reports of 147 cases of occupational CO poisoning related to the use of gasoline-powered equipment; of these, 13 (9%) were associated with use of pressure washers (CDPHE, unpublished data, 1995).

The investigation described in this report and other incidents indicate that many workers may not be aware of the risks of CO poisoning associated with gasoline-fueled engines and may not be able to assess accurately whether ventilation is adequate for their safe use. For example, in 1993, to characterize risk awareness and behavior related to the indoor use of small engines, NIOSH surveyed 416 persons involved in flood-cleanup activities in Missouri. Of those who had ever used a gasoline-powered pressure washer, 38% reported bringing the engine component of the washer inside a building (NIOSH, unpublished data, 1993).

For many construction projects, CO exposure cannot be consistently controlled because of the involvement of multiple contractors. The employer of the laborers involved in the incident described in this report has discontinued use of the gasoline-powered pressure washers in underground parking garages and now uses electric- or diesel-powered washers. However, other contractors routinely use gasoline-powered equipment in maintaining and resurfacing parking garage floors—often without additional ventilation. Alternatives to gasoline-powered equipment (i.e., electric and diesel equipment) are associated with other potential hazards (e.g., improper use of electric equipment can result in electrocution, and unfiltered diesel exhaust contains hazardous particulates). Even though diesel equipment and well-maintained gasoline-fueled equipment that are fitted with catalytic converters emit less CO, the reduced levels may be too high for safe indoor use.

The risk for CO exposure to workers can be reduced through improved ventilation. In addition, however, risk-reduction efforts must include air monitoring for CO levels. Reliable air monitoring includes the requirement for persons who have been trained to perform the monitoring and for equipment that has been properly calibrated and maintained. Training and warning labels can increase awareness among contractors and workers about the risks associated with use of gasoline-fueled equipment in enclosed spaces.

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Carbon Monoxide Poisoning — Continued

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# Eve Injuries to Agricultural Workers — Minnesota, 1992–1993

During 1993, U.S. farm workers incurred an estimated 13,500 eye injuries that resulted in lost work time (1); many of these injuries could have been prevented. To determine the incidence of eye injuries and use of eye protection among farm workers, the Minnesota Occupational Health Nurses in Agricultural Communities (OHNAC)\* examined data from the Minnesota Farming Health Survey (MFHS) conducted during January–April 1992 and December 1992–April 1993. This report summarizes the results of this analysis.

Occupational health nurses administered questionnaires during on-farm visits. Square-mile sections of land in three agricultural regions of the state were sampled at a sampling rate of 3.5%. All farms on any portion of the sampled land were selected. Farms were considered eligible for the survey if farm operators reported that they actively farmed, that they sold ≥\$1000 of farm produce annually, and that their farm income accounted for at least half of their total household income. Overall, 1359 farm household members living on 372 (68.5%) of 543 eligible farms were included in the survey; respondents were farm operators and selected adult household members. Farm injuries were defined as self-reported events related to farm operation that resulted in restricted activities for at least four hours, loss of consciousness, or seeking of medical care.

Respondents reported 106 farm injuries during the two periods<sup>†</sup> (annual rate: 78.0 injuries per 1000 farm household members [95% confidence interval (CI)=63.7–92.2]). Ten persons sustained 11 farm-related eye injuries (10% of all injuries and 8.1 eye injuries per 1000 farm household members [95% CI=3.3–12.9]).

Of the 11 farm-related eye injuries, four were caused by chemicals and seven by foreign bodies. Chemical-related eye injuries involved splashes of liquid agricultural chemicals (two cases) and fungicidal dust (one case); the fourth incident involved discovery of an eye injury in a child who had exited a chemical storage shed, although the details of the injury could not be ascertained. Foreign body-related injuries were

<sup>†</sup>The reporting period for the winter 1992 survey was January 1991–December 1991; the period for the winter 1993 survey was November 1991–October 1992.

<sup>\*</sup>OHNAC is a national surveillance program conducted by CDC's National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, which has placed public health nurses in rural communities and hospitals in 10 states (California, Georgia, Iowa, Kentucky, Maine, Minnesota, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, and Ohio) to conduct surveillance for agriculture-related illnesses and injuries that occur among farmers and their family members. These surveillance data are used to assist in reducing the risk for occupational illness and injury in agricultural populations.

Eye Injuries — Continued

sustained in association with activities including working with hand and power tools, welding, grinding, cutting metal, and augering grain. The injured person was reported to have been using eye protection in only one of these incidents. Medical care was sought for nine (82%) of the 11 injuries; seven required immediate medical attention. However, no residual problems or restrictions were reported by respondents; three of the 10 injuries to adults resulted in lost work time.

Farm operators also were asked about their use of protective equipment and/or procedures while performing specific work tasks involving potential dermal exposures to agricultural chemicals (Table 1). For mixing or loading agricultural chemicals or for sprayer maintenance, 50% reported never wearing eye protection (e.g., goggles or safety glasses), and 9% reported never using protective gloves.

Of the 207 respondents who worked with anhydrous ammonia (an extremely caustic alkali that is stored under pressure and applied as a liquid fertilizer), 73 (35%) reported that they never or sometimes wore goggles, and 92 (44%) reported that they never or sometimes checked the water supply in their field emergency water tank.§

Reported by: C Lexau, MPH, D Bishop, PhD, Div of Family Health, Minnesota Dept of Health. Div of Safety Research, and Div of Surveillance, Hazard Evaluations, and Field Studies, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, CDC.

Editorial Note: The MFHS findings document the occurrence of eye injuries in a specific production-agriculture worker group—farmers and household members living on family-operated farms—and are consistent with other recent reports. For example, the Regional Rural Injury Study, a population-based survey in five midwestern states, documented an annual rate of 58.3 farm injury events per 1000 household members—farm-related eye injuries accounted for 8.2% of all farm injuries (2). Based on the Traumatic Injury Surveillance of Farmers survey during 1993, the estimated 13,500 eye injuries among farm workers in the United States that resulted in lost time from work accounted for approximately 6.7% of all lost-time injuries estimated for farming operations (1). Although the survey participation rate was relatively low, MFHS data for selected characteristics of farm operators and farm operations were consistent with data from the 1992 Census of Agriculture.

TABLE 1. Percentage of respondents who reported using protective equipment during mixing and loading of agricultural chemicals and during sprayer maintenance — Minnesota Farming Health Survey Minnesota, 1992–1993\*

		ays/ the time	Some of	the time	Ne	ver
Equipment	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Protective gloves	238	(77)	46	(15)	27	( 9)
Eye protection	82	(26)	74	(24)	155	(50)
Face shield	11	(4)	22	(7)	278	(89)

<sup>\*</sup>Respondents were farm operators (n=311) who reported performing these work tasks.

<sup>§</sup>Keeping an emergency water supply in the field is a standard safety precaution; immediate flushing of skin or eyes following contact with anhydrous ammonia is necessary to mitigate the severe burns that will otherwise result.

The questionnaire for farm injuries used on the MFHS was adapted from the Regional Rural Injury Study, but the population eligible for inclusion in the MFHS included more full-time farmers.

Eye Injuries — Continued

Based on the incident descriptions obtained by MFHS, each of the 10 eye injuries to adults would most likely have been prevented if appropriate and well-fitting eye protection had been worn while those persons engaged in work with agricultural chemicals, power and hand tools, and grain- or seed-moving equipment. Personal protective equipment traditionally has not been considered a primary strategy for hazard control. The preferred strategies have included hazard substitution (i.e., replacing a hazardous chemical with a less hazardous one) and hazard isolation or use of engineering controls (3). Although these strategies are applicable in agricultural settings (e.g., use of closed pesticide-handling systems), use of eye protection provides a practical and cost-effective method of preventing eye injuries among farm workers. Goggles are recommended for chemical splash protection, and safety glasses with side shields can provide adequate protection (except in dusty environments) against flying particles or objects (4,5).

In Minnesota, OHNAC is working with individual agricultural chemical dealers to promote the use of eye protection among their clients. Concurrent with educational programs and media promotions by Minnesota OHNAC staff, the chemical dealers have agreed to sell eye protection devices at a discount during the spring and early summer. Minnesota OHNAC has successfully used a similar approach with operators of local grain elevators to increase the availability of respiratory protection (6).

Chemical-related eye injuries are a focus for prevention efforts in Minnesota because they accounted for many of the eye injuries reported in the MFHS and represented most (67%) of the reported chemical injuries. The recently implemented U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Worker Protection Standard (7) requires farm operators (including family farmers) to adopt preventive measures when working with pesticides. This standard includes requirements that all workers comply with personal protective equipment recommendations detailed on pesticide labels, that decontamination sites—including an emergency water supply—be furnished for employees, and that eye protection be used when closed pesticide-handling systems are operated under pressure.

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## Notice to Readers

## **National Chronic Disease Prevention and Control Conference**

CDC is soliciting abstracts for the Tenth National Conference on Chronic Disease Prevention and Control to be held in Atlanta, December 6–8, 1995. The 12 topic areas are: forming coalitions with nontraditional partners; the changing nature of leadership and advocacy; moving from a service provision model to a population-based model; social marketing; system changes to incorporate or implement prevention; program institutionalization with communities; new research paradigms—broadening chronic disease epidemiology; measuring chronic diseases, behaviors, and other risks; translating science into reasonable policy and effective implementation; critical points in the life cycle for behavior change; trends in the chronic disease burden—the changing priorities of chronic disease; and use of technology to improve the prevention of chronic disease. The deadline for submission of abstracts is June 23, 1995.

Additional information and abstract forms are available from Dr. Philip Huang, Chief, Bureau of Disease Prevention, Texas Department of Health, 1100 West 49th St., Austin, TX 78756-3199; telephone (512) 458-7200; fax (512) 459-7618.

# Notice to Readers

# **Course in Hospital Epidemiology**

CDC, the Society for Healthcare Epidemiology of America (SHEA), and the American Hospital Association will cosponsor a hospital epidemiology training course October 14–17, 1995, in Miami, Florida. The course, designed for infectious disease fellows, new hospital epidemiologists, and infection-control practitioners, provides hands-on exercises to improve skills in detection, investigation, and control of epidemiologic problems encountered in the hospital setting and lectures and seminars on fundamental aspects of hospital epidemiology.

Additional information is available from SHEA Meetings Department, Suite 200, 875 Kings Highway, Woodbury, NJ 08095-3172; telephone (609) 845-1720; fax (609) 853-0411.

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