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CONTENTS

Introduction	1
Methods	2
Results	3
Discussion	6
Acknowledgments	9
References	9

Abortion Surveillance — United States, 2003

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Abstract

Problem/Condition: CDC began abortion surveillance in 1969 to document the number and characteristics of women obtaining legal induced abortions.

Reporting Period Covered: This report summarizes and describes data voluntarily reported to CDC regarding legal induced abortions obtained in the United States in 2003.

Description of System: For each year since 1969, CDC has compiled abortion data by state or area of occurrence. During 1973–1997, data were received from or estimated for 52 reporting areas in the United States: 50 states, the District of Columbia, and New York City. In 1998 and 1999, CDC compiled abortion data from 48 reporting areas. Alaska, California, New Hampshire, and Oklahoma did not report, and data for these states were not estimated. During 2000–2002, Oklahoma again reported these data, increasing the number of reporting areas to 49, and for 2003, Alaska again reported and West Virginia did not, maintaining the number of reporting areas at 49.

Results: A total of 848,163 legal induced abortions were reported to CDC for 2003 from 49 reporting areas, representing a 0.7% decline from the 854,122 legal induced abortions reported by 49 reporting areas for 2002. The abortion ratio, defined as the number of abortions per 1,000 live births, was 241 in 2003, a decrease from the 246 in 2002. The abortion rate was 16 per 1,000 women aged 15–44 years for 2003, the same as for 2002. For the same 47 reporting areas, the abortion rate remained relatively constant during 1998–2003. During 2001–2002 (the most recent years for which data are available), 15 women died as a result of complications from known legal induced abortion. One death was associated with known illegal abortion.

The highest percentages of reported abortions were for women who were unmarried (82%), white (55%), and aged <25 years (51%). Of all abortions for which gestational age was reported, 61% were performed at ≤8 weeks' gestation and 88% at <13 weeks. From 1992 (when detailed data regarding early abortions were first collected) through 2002, steady increases have occurred in the percentage of abortions performed at ≤6 weeks' gestation, with a slight decline in 2003. A limited number of abortions were obtained at >15 weeks' gestation, including 4.2% at 16–20 weeks and 1.4% at ≥21 weeks. A total of 36 reporting areas submitted data documenting that they performed and enumerated medical (nonsurgical) procedures, making up 8.0% of all known reported procedures from the 45 areas with adequate reporting on type of procedure.

Interpretation: During 1990–1997, the number of legal induced abortions gradually declined. When the same 47 reporting areas are compared, the number of abortions decreased during 1996–2001, then slightly increased in 2002 and again decreased in 2003. In 2000 and 2001, even with one additional reporting state, the number of abortions declined slightly, with a minimal increase in 2002 and a further decrease in 2003. In 2001 and 2002, as in the previous years, deaths related to legal induced abortions occurred rarely.

Public Health Action: Abortion surveillance in the United States continues to provide the data necessary for examining trends in numbers and characteristics of women who obtain legal induced abortions and to increase understanding of this pregnancy outcome. Policymakers and program planners use these data to improve the health and well-being of women and infants.

Introduction

CDC began conducting abortion surveillance in 1969 to document the number and characteristics of women obtaining legal induced abortions. This report is based on abortion data for 2003, provided voluntarily to CDC's National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion (NCCDPHP), Division of Reproductive Health.

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Methods

For 2003, CDC compiled data that were voluntarily provided from 49 reporting areas in the United States: 47 states (excluding California, New Hampshire, and West Virginia), the District of Columbia (DC), and New York City (NYC). Legal induced abortion was defined as a procedure, performed by a licensed physician or someone acting under the supervision of a licensed physician, that was intended to terminate a suspected or known intrauterine pregnancy and to produce a nonviable fetus at any gestational age (1,2). The total number of legal induced abortions was available from all reporting areas; however, not all of these areas collected data on some or all characteristics of women who obtained abortions, and the availability of such data varied by reporting area.

Data on the age of women who obtained abortions were collected and reported adequately (i.e., categorized in accordance with surveillance variables and with <15% of unknown values) by 48 reporting areas (46 states [excluding California, Florida, New Hampshire, and West Virginia], DC, and NYC), representing 89% of all reported procedures, whereas data on ethnicity were collected and reported adequately by only 29 reporting areas, representing 58% of all reported procedures. The findings in this report reflect characteristics of women only from reporting areas that submitted adequate data for the characteristics being examined. For the majority of the state tables presented in this report, the percentage data include a category for unknown values, and the percentage known to be in each category is actually a slight understatement of the true percentage in that category (by its share of the unknown value). However, for trend data, out-of-area residents, adolescent ages, and two-characteristics tables, percentages presented are based on known values only.

For the 49 reporting areas, data concerning the number of women who obtained legal induced abortions were provided by the central health agency.* These agencies provided data on numbers of abortions and characteristics of women who obtained abortions by the reporting area in which the abortion was performed (i.e., state of occurrence). For the majority of reporting areas, abortion totals also were available by the woman's state or area of residence. However, three states (Delaware, Maryland, and Wisconsin) reported characteristics only for residents who obtained abortions in the state but not for women from out-of-state; and one state (Iowa) provided numbers and characteristics only for state residents. Two states (Florida and Louisiana) did not report abortion totals by resident status, and two states (Arizona and Massachusetts) provided only the total number of abortions for out-of-

state residents without specifying individual states or areas of residence.

This report provides overall and state-specific abortion statistics. For all characteristics for which birth or population data were available, abortion ratios (number of abortions per 1,000 live births) or abortion rates (number of abortions per 1,000 women in a given age group) are provided. Beginning with 1996 data, abortion ratios were calculated by using the number of live births to residents of each area from birth data reported to CDC's National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS); these numbers were previously received from state health departments. The population data used for calculating the most recent abortion rates were obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau postcensal data (3).

Women aged 20–44 years who obtained legal induced abortions were categorized by 5-year age groups, adolescents aged 15–19 years were categorized by single years of age, and the relatively few abortions at age <15 years or age ≥40 years each had one group. Abortion numbers, ratios, and rates are presented by age group. Because 94% of abortions among adolescents aged <15 years occurred among those aged 13–14 years in 1988 (the latest year for which this information is known) (4), the population of adolescents aged 13–14 years was used as the denominator for calculating abortion rates for adolescents aged <15 years. Rates for women aged ≥40 years were based on the number of women aged 40–44 years. However, rates for all females who obtained abortions were based on the population of females aged 15–44 years.

Race was categorized by three groups: white, black, and all other races. Other races included Asian or Pacific Islander, American Indian, Alaska Native, and women classified as "other" race. Ethnicity was categorized as either Hispanic or non-Hispanic. As in previous reports, race and ethnicity were provided as separate variables, and abortions were not cross-classified by race and ethnicity. Abortion numbers, ratios, and rates are presented by both race and ethnicity.

Marital status was reported as either married (including women who were married or separated) or unmarried (including those who were never married, widowed, or divorced). Abortion numbers and ratios are presented by marital status.

Gestational age (in weeks) at the time of abortion was categorized as ≤6, 7, 8; and ≤8, 9–10, 11–12, 13–15, 16–20, and ≥21. Weeks of gestation were estimated in 10 reporting areas as the time elapsed since the woman's most recent menstrual period. For 28 other areas, gestational age was reported on the basis of the physician's estimate (data from the clinical examination, including ultrasound results). For the remaining six states, gestational age was derived from a combination of the physician's estimates and the time elapsed since the woman's most recent menstrual period. Of the 44 areas that

* Includes state, DC, and NYC health departments.

reported adequate data on weeks of gestation at the time of abortion, 42 areas also reported abortions performed at ≤ 8 weeks' gestation separately for those performed at ≤ 6 , 7, and 8 weeks' gestation. Abortion numbers are presented by gestational age.

The type of abortion procedure was categorized as curettage (including suction and/or sharp curettage at any gestational age and reported separately for ≤ 12 weeks and >12 weeks), intrauterine instillation, medical (nonsurgical) abortion (methotrexate and misoprostol, or mifepristone and misoprostol were reported for abortions performed at ≤ 8 weeks' gestation; vaginal prostaglandins were primarily reported for abortions performed at later weeks of gestation), and procedures described as other (including hysterectomy and hysterotomy).

CDC has reported data on abortion-related deaths periodically because these deaths were first included in the Abortion Surveillance Report in 1972 (5,6). An abortion-related death was defined as a death resulting from 1) a direct complication of an abortion, 2) an indirect complication caused by the chain of events initiated by an abortion, or 3) aggravation of a preexisting condition by the physiologic or psychologic effects of the abortion (1,2). All deaths causally related to induced abortion are classified as induced abortion-related regardless of the duration of time between the abortion and the death.

Sources of data on abortion-related deaths included national and state vital records, maternal mortality review committees, surveys, private citizens and groups, media reports, health-care providers, medical examiners' reports, and computerized searches of full-text newspaper/print media databases. For each death possibly related to an induced abortion or an abortion of unknown type, clinical records and autopsy reports were requested and reviewed by two clinically experienced medical epidemiologists to determine the cause of death and whether the death was abortion related. Each abortion-related death was then categorized as legal induced, illegal induced, spontaneous, or unknown (whether induced or spontaneous). Data on abortion-related deaths for 1972–2002 are provided in this report. The 2001 and 2002 data have not been published previously and are the most recent data available. National case-fatality rates were calculated as the number of known legal induced abortion-related deaths per 100,000 reported legal induced abortions. Case fatality rates for 1972–1997 are provided in this report. Case fatality rates for 1998–2002 cannot be calculated because a substantial number of the abortions occurred in the nonreporting states and, therefore, the total number of abortions (the denominator) is unknown.

Results

Overall, the annual number of legal induced abortions in the United States increased gradually from 1973 to 1990 (peak

point) and then generally declined thereafter (Figure 1). In 2003, a total of 848,163 legal induced abortions were reported to CDC by 49 reporting areas. This change represents a 0.7% decline from 2002, for which 49 areas reported 854,122 legal induced abortions (Tables 1 and 2).

The national legal induced abortion ratio increased from 196 per 1,000 live births in 1973 (the first year that 52 areas reported) to 358 per 1,000 in 1979 and remained nearly stable through 1981 (Figure 1, Table 2). The ratio peaked at 364 per 1,000 in 1984 and since then has demonstrated a generally steady decline. In 2003, the abortion ratio was 241 per 1,000 in 49 reporting areas and 243 for the same 47 reporting areas for which data were available since 1998 (Table 2).

The national legal induced abortion rate increased from 14 per 1,000 women aged 15–44 years in 1973 to 25 per 1,000 in 1980. The rate remained stable at 23–24 per 1,000 during the 1980s and early 1990s and at 20–21 per 1,000 during 1994–1997. The abortion rate remained unchanged at 17 per 1,000 during 1998–1999 and at 16 per 1,000 during 2000–2002, both overall and in the same 47 reporting areas. In 2003, the abortion rate remained unchanged overall at 16 per 1,000 and decreased to 15 per 1,000 in the 47 reporting areas.

The numbers, ratios, and rates of reported legal induced abortions are presented by area of residence and by area of occurrence (Table 3). In 2003, the highest number of reported legal induced abortions occurred in NYC (90,820), Florida (88,247), and Texas (79,166); the fewest[†] occurred in South Dakota (819), Idaho (911), and North Dakota (1,354) (Table 3). The abortion ratios by state or area of occurrence ranged from 42 per 1,000 live births in Idaho to 758 per 1,000 in NYC. Among women aged 15–44 years, the rates by occurrence ranged from three per 1,000 women in Idaho to 36 per 1,000 in DC. These ratios and rates should be viewed with consideration of the sizable variation by state in the percentage of abortions obtained by out-of-state residents. In 2003, approximately 8% of reported abortions were obtained by out-of-state residents (range: 0.1% [Hawaii] to 56% [DC]) (Table 3). Data by state of residence are incomplete because three states (California, New Hampshire, and West Virginia) did not report any data on abortion, and five states (Arizona, Florida, Iowa, Louisiana, and Massachusetts) did not provide data concerning the residence status of all women obtaining abortions in their state. Thus, ratios and rates by state of residence should be viewed with caution because of the substantial variation in completeness of reporting of residence information.

[†] Wyoming reported seven abortions in 2003. As a result of the small number and because computing abortion ratios and rates for such a limited number is not appropriate, Wyoming was not included in this sequence in the text.

Women aged 20–24 years obtained 33% of all abortions for which age was adequately reported. Adolescents aged <15 years obtained <1.0% of all abortions in the 48 areas that reported age. Among the 48 reporting areas, age was not reported for 0.6% of patients; however, this percentage ranged from 0 (in 19 areas) to 4.6% (Nevada) (Table 4). Abortion ratios were highest for adolescents aged <15 years (830 per 1,000 live births) and lowest for women aged 30–34 years (144 per 1,000) (Figure 2, Table 4). In contrast to abortion ratios, among females for whom age was reported, abortion rates were highest for women aged 20–24 years (31 per 1,000 women) and lowest for females at the extremes of reproductive age (1 per 1,000 adolescents aged 13–14 years and 3 per 1,000 women aged 40–44 years) (Table 4). Among women aged <20 years (46 reporting areas), the percentage of abortions obtained increased with age (Table 5); the abortion ratio, however, was highest for adolescents aged <15 years[§] (828 per 1,000 live births) and lowest for women aged 19 years (328 per 1,000). Conversely, the rates of abortions were lowest (1 per 1,000) for adolescents aged <15 years and highest (27 per 1,000) for women aged 19 years (Table 5).

Abortion trends by age indicate that since 1973, abortion ratios have been higher for adolescents aged <15 years than for any other age group (Figure 3). For females aged ≤19 years and those aged ≥40 years, the abortion ratio generally increased from 1974 through the early 1980s and declined thereafter. The abortion ratio for women aged 20–34 years (those with the highest fertility rates) has declined slightly since the mid-1980s. The abortion ratio for women aged 35–39 years has declined gradually over time (Figure 3).

In 2003, for women from areas where weeks of gestation at the time of abortion were adequately reported (44 reporting areas), 59% of reported legal induced abortions were known to have been obtained at ≤8 weeks' gestation and 87% at <13 weeks (Table 6). Overall (42 reporting areas), 26% of abortions were known to have been obtained at ≤6 weeks' gestation, 18% at 7 weeks, and 15% at 8 weeks (Table 7). Few reported abortions occurred after 15 weeks' gestation: 4.1% at 16–20 weeks and 1.4% at ≥21 weeks.

For women whose type of procedure was adequately reported, 89% of abortions were known to have been performed by curettage (which includes dilatation and evacuation [D&E]) and 0.9% by intrauterine instillation (Table 8). Hysterectomy and hysterotomy were included in the "other" procedure category and were known to have been used in <0.01% of all abortions. Thirty-six reporting areas submitted infor-

mation regarding performance of medical (nonsurgical) procedures,[¶] hereafter referred to as medical abortions. Known medical abortions make up approximately 8% of all procedures reported from the 45 areas with adequate reporting on type of procedure. In addition, three areas that did not collect data separately for medical abortions on their abortion reporting form included medical abortions in the "other" category. For the 36 areas that reported medical abortions separately, 55,048 medical abortion procedures were performed in 2003. Five states reported that no medical abortions were performed in 2003 but did not specify whether such abortions were available. For the 32 states that reported one or more medical abortion for both 2003 and 2002, the data reflect an increase of 47%, from 36,231 in 2002 to 53,379 in 2003 (6). The extent to which the 55,408 medical abortions reported to CDC for 2003 represent the use of this procedure in all reporting areas is unknown.

In the 35 reporting areas for which race was provided, classified according to the same categories used in previous years, approximately 53% of women who obtained legal induced abortions were known to be white; 36%, black; and 8%, other; for 3%, race was not known (Table 9). The abortion ratio for black women (491 per 1,000 live births) was 3.0 times the ratio for white women (165 per 1,000), and the ratio for women of the nonhomogeneous "other" race category (347 per 1,000) was 2.1 times the ratio for white women. The abortion rate for black women (29 per 1,000 women) was 2.9 times the rate for white women (10 per 1,000), and the abortion rate for women of other races (19 per 1,000 women) was 2.0 times the rate for white women.

Twenty-nine reporting areas had separate and adequate data** on the ethnicity of women who obtained legal induced abortions (Table 10). The percentage of abortions known to have been obtained by Hispanic women in these reporting areas was 17% overall (range: <0.1% [Kentucky and North Dakota] to 37% [Texas]). For Hispanic women in these reporting areas, the abortion ratio was 228 per 1,000 live births, and the abortion rate was 23 per 1,000 women. However, only 41% of Hispanic women in the United States lived in these reporting areas.

Reporting areas provide data voluntarily and thus are not required to use the 31 race/ethnicity categories mandated by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for federally funded data collection. Although attempts were made for the 2001 abortion report, *Abortion Surveillance—United States, 2001* (6), to collect data cross-classified by race and ethnicity

[§] Ratios for adolescents aged <15 years differ in Tables 4 and 5 because a different number of areas reported; Table 4 includes 48 reporting areas, and Table 5 includes 46.

[¶] Medical (nonsurgical) abortion procedures involve the administration of a medication or medications to induce abortion.

** After exclusion of 12 areas in which ethnicity data were unknown for >15% of women who obtained an abortion.

in these categories, only 39% of all reported abortions could be included, and the mandated “two or more race categories” included only five nonzero values. Moreover, an examination of the states’ Induced Termination of Pregnancy (ITOP) forms revealed that only two states offered an option of reporting two or more races, and only one state actually had a nonzero value. Thus, although providing data cross-classified by race and ethnicity would be helpful, the decision was made that attempts to collect these data in the future would not continue unless a substantial number of states change their race/ethnicity questions in this direction.

For women whose marital status was adequately reported (38 reporting areas), 80% of women who obtained abortions were known to be unmarried (Table 11). The abortion ratio for unmarried women (538 per 1,000 live births) was 8.6 times that for married women (63 per 1,000).

For women who obtained legal induced abortions and for whom data on previous live births were adequately reported (42 reporting areas), 39% were known to have had no previous live births, and 32% had two or more previous live births (Table 12). The abortion ratio was highest for women who had three previous live births (283 per 1,000 live births) and lowest for those who had one previous live birth (190 per 1,000).

For women who obtained an abortion and whose number of previous abortions were adequately reported (40 reporting areas), 54% were reported to have obtained an abortion for the first time, and 19% were reported to have had at least two previous abortions (Table 13).

For women whose age and race were known (33 reporting areas), the differences in age distributions of white and black women were relatively small. White women had a slightly higher percentage of abortions in the youngest (≤ 19 years) and oldest (≥ 35 years) age groups compared with black women (17.3% versus 16.7% and 12% versus 9%, respectively), whereas women of other races who had abortions tended to be older (Table 14). For women whose marital status and race were both known (29 reporting areas), the percentage of reported abortions among black women who were unmarried was higher (89%) than that among white women (80%) or among women of other races (64%). Among older (aged > 35 years) women obtaining abortions whose age and ethnicity were known and reported adequately (28 reporting areas), the percentage of abortions obtained by non-Hispanic women (12%) exceeded that for Hispanic women (10%) (Table 15). Among women whose marital status and ethnicity were known and reported adequately (27 reporting areas), the percentage of reported abortions obtained by unmarried women was somewhat higher for non-Hispanic women (83%) than for Hispanic women (81%) (Table 15). Adequate data were not available to cross-classify race by Hispanic ethnicity.

As in the past, approximately 88% of all abortions for which gestational age at the time of abortion was known and reported adequately (44 reporting areas) were obtained at ≤ 12 weeks’ gestation (Table 1). The percentage of women who obtained an abortion at ≤ 8 weeks’ gestation increased with age (Figure 4, Table 16). This association was most pronounced for abortions obtained at ≤ 6 weeks’ gestation (41 reporting areas) (Table 17). The percentage of women who obtained an abortion decreased with age among women who obtained an abortion at 9–10, 11–12, and 13–15 weeks’ gestation, through age 30–34 years at 16–20 weeks’ gestation, and through age 25–29 years at ≥ 21 weeks’ gestation (Table 16). Among women with adequately reported race and weeks of gestation (31 reporting areas), white women and women of other races were more likely than black women to obtain abortions at ≤ 6 –7 weeks’ gestation (Table 17). Among women with adequately reported known ethnicity and weeks of gestation (27 reporting areas), the difference in timing of their abortions between Hispanic and non-Hispanic women was minimal ($\leq 2.7\%$) at any gestational age (Tables 16 and 17).

For women whose type of procedure and weeks of gestation were known and adequately reported (40 reporting areas), approximately 91% of reported abortions obtained at ≤ 15 weeks’ gestation were performed by using curettage (primarily suction procedures) (Table 18). Approximately 95% of the 48,262 reported medical abortions were performed at ≤ 8 weeks’ gestation, representing 12.1% of all abortions performed at ≤ 8 weeks’ gestation. At ≥ 16 weeks’ gestation, medical abortions ($n = 706$) made up 2.0% of all abortions. Medical abortions constituted 0.9% of procedures performed in the 9–15 weeks’ gestation range. Intrauterine instillation involving use of saline or prostaglandin was used rarely (0.4% of all abortions), primarily at ≤ 8 weeks or at ≥ 16 weeks’ gestation.

By using data from the National Pregnancy Mortality Surveillance System, CDC identified 19 maternal deaths for 2001 and 21 maternal deaths for 2002 that were thought to be potentially related to abortion. These maternal deaths were identified either by some indication of abortion on the death certificate or from information such as a news report associated with the death. Investigation of the 2001 cases revealed that six of the 19 deaths were related to legal induced abortion and one to illegal induced abortion (Table 19). Seven deaths were attributable to spontaneous abortion (i.e., miscarriage or stillbirth), and four deaths were determined not to be abortion related. The pregnancy outcome for one case could not be determined from available data. Investigation of the 2002 cases revealed that nine of the 21 deaths were related to legal induced abortion. No deaths attributable to illegal induced abortion were identified (Table 19). Five deaths were attributable to spontaneous abortion, and seven deaths were

determined not to be abortion related. Numbers of deaths attributable to legal induced abortion were highest before the 1980s, with few deaths occurring during 2001–2002. Possible abortion-related deaths that occurred during 2003–2005 are being investigated.

Discussion

A total of 848,163 legal induced abortions were reported in the United States for 2003 from 47 states, DC, and NYC, which reflects a decline of 0.7% from the number of legal induced abortions reported for 2002. After five previous annual decreases, a slight increase of 0.1% in the number of abortions occurred in 2002, with another decline of 0.7% in 2003, also apparent when the same 47 reporting areas that reported for all years, 1998–2003, are compared with those that reported for 2001–2003 (Table 2). Before 1998, a substantial number of legal induced abortions were estimated to have been performed in California (e.g., >23% of the U.S. total in 1997) (7). Beginning in 1998, data were no longer estimated for nonreporting states. The lack of data for California for 2003 largely explains the majority of the 28% decrease from the annual number of abortions reported for 1997 (7) and part of the decrease in the total ratio and rate.

Overall, abortion ratios and abortion rates have declined over time until 2002 (Figure 1). The abortion ratio for 2003 (241 per 1,000 live births for 49 reporting areas) decreased from the previous year's ratio of 246. For the same reporting areas as 2000–2002, the abortion rate for women aged 15–44 years (16 per 1,000 women) remained identical to the rate reported since 2000 and then was 15 per 1,000 women for 2003 (Table 2). The overall declines in the reported abortion ratio and rate over time might reflect multiple factors, including a decrease in the number of unintended pregnancies (8); a shift in the age distribution of women toward the older and less fertile ages (9); reduced or limited access to abortion services, including the passage of abortion laws that affect adolescents (e.g., parental consent or notification laws and mandatory waiting periods) (10–14); and changes in contraceptive practices, including increased use of contraceptives (e.g., condoms and, among young women, increased use of long-acting hormonal contraceptive methods that were introduced in the early 1990s) (15–20).

The findings in this report indicated that the abortion rate for the United States was higher than recent rates reported for Canada and Western European countries. Lower rates were reported for China, Cuba, the majority of Eastern European countries, and certain Newly Independent States of the former Soviet Union (21–23).

As in previous years, the abortion ratio in 2003 varied substantially by age. Although the abortion ratio was highest for adolescents in 2003, since the mid-1980s through 2000, the ratio had gradually declined for those aged <15 and 15–19 years but has increased since then (Figure 3). Other studies also have indicated a decrease in birth rates for adolescents aged 10–14 and 15–19 years during 1991–2003 and a decrease in adolescent pregnancy rates during 1990–2000 (24–32). However, abortion rates have not decreased equally among women of all races and ethnicities; rates are declining more slowly among adolescents who are not enrolled in school and among those who are members of minority populations (8,32).

The percentage distribution of abortions by known weeks of gestation has shifted slightly since the late 1970s. From 1992 (when detailed data on early abortions were first available) through 2002, data have indicated steady increases in procedures performed at ≤ 6 weeks' gestation, with a minimal increase in 2003. Data have also indicated decreases in the percentage of abortions performed at 8 and 9–10 weeks' and for 11–12 weeks' gestation from 1992 through 2002, with a slight increase in 2003. The increase in the percentage of abortions known to have been performed at ≤ 6 weeks' gestation might be related to an increase in the availability of early abortion services since 1992 and an increase in medical and surgical procedures that can be performed early in gestation (33,34). Abortions performed early in pregnancy are associated with lower risks of mortality and morbidity (35,36). The proportions of abortions performed later in pregnancy (≥ 13 weeks) have varied minimally since 1992. The gestational age at which an abortion is obtained can be influenced by multiple factors in addition to those for which surveillance data are available (i.e., age, race, and ethnicity). These additional factors include level of education, availability and accessibility of abortion services, timing of confirmation of pregnancy, timing of personal decision-making, timing of prenatal diagnosis, level of fear of discovery of pregnancy, and denial of pregnancy (37–39).

Since the mid-1990s, two medical regimens (mifepristone and methotrexate, each used in conjunction with misoprostol) have been tested in clinical trials and used by clinical practitioners to perform early medical abortions (34,40). CDC surveillance data indicate that approximately 60% of all U.S. abortions are performed at ≤ 8 weeks' gestation, which is similar to the timing of the regimen used for both mifepristone and methotrexate (36,41). Mifepristone for medical abortion was approved in September 2000 by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for distribution and use in the United States. The FDA-approved protocol can be initiated at ≤ 49 days of gestation and requires three office visits by the patient: administration of oral mifepristone, followed 48 hours later by oral misoprostol in the health-care provider's office,

and a follow-up visit in approximately 14 days. Clinical studies of alternative medical abortion regimens have been performed in multiple countries and are ongoing (42–54).

In 1997, the U.S. ITOP standard report published by NCHS and used by providers for abortion reporting to state health departments was revised to include a category for “medical (non-surgical)” procedures (55). Medical abortion procedures have been included in this report since then as a separate category. CDC will continue to monitor early medical procedures and to report on the number of these procedures (Table 8).

The percentage of abortions known to be performed by curettage increased from 88% in 1973 to $\geq 96\%$ from 1980–2001 and then decreased to 90% in 2003 (Table 1), whereas the percentage of abortions performed by intrauterine instillation declined sharply, from 10% to $<1\%$ since 1989. The increase in use of curettage at ≥ 13 weeks’ gestation is likely attributable to the lower risk for complications associated with the procedure (56,57). The percentage of abortions performed by curettage at ≥ 13 weeks’ gestation (D&E) increased from 31% in 1974 (the first year for which these data were available) to 97% in 2003, and the percentage of abortions performed by intrauterine instillation at ≥ 13 weeks’ gestation decreased from 57% to 0.6%; the percentage of medical abortions increased from 1.0% in 2000 to 7.7% in 2003 (Table 18) (58,59).

The proportion differential of the abortion ratio for black women and that for white women increased from 2.0 in 1989 (the first year for which black and other races were reported separately) to 3.0 in 2003 (60). In addition, the abortion rate for black women has been approximately three times as high as that for white women (range: 2.6–3.1) since 1991 (the first year for which rates by race were published) (61). These rates by race are substantially lower than rates previously published by NCHS (31) and indicate that the reporting areas for the 2003 report might not be truly representative of the U.S. black female population of reproductive age. In considering abortion patterns among white and Hispanic women, noting the importance that U.S. Census Bureau estimates and birth certificate data play indicate that a substantial majority of Hispanic women report themselves as white (3,24). Therefore, data for certain white women represent white women of Hispanic ethnicity.

In 2003, a total of 39 states, DC, and NYC reported Hispanic ethnicity of women who obtained abortions. Because of concerns regarding the completeness of such data ($>15\%$ unknown data) in certain states, in 2003, data from only 27 states, DC, and NYC were used to determine the number and percentage of abortions obtained by women of Hispanic ethnicity. These geographic areas represent approximately 41% of reproductive-age Hispanic women in the United States for 2003 and approximately 43% of U.S. Hispanic births (3).

Thus, the number of Hispanic women who obtained abortions was underestimated, and the number, ratio, and rate of abortions for Hispanic women in this report are not generalizable to the overall Hispanic population in the United States. Moreover, the value of making comparisons between the Hispanic and non-Hispanic populations is questionable because each group is substantially diverse.

Abortion ratios for both Hispanic and non-Hispanic women have declined considerably since 1992 (27% each). As in the past, the abortion rate for Hispanic women was higher (23 per 1,000 women) than the rate for non-Hispanic women (14 per 1,000). Race- and ethnicity-specific differences in legal induced abortion ratios and rates might reflect differences among populations in socioeconomic status, access to family planning and contraceptive services, contraceptive use, and incidence of unintended pregnancies.

NCHS vital statistics reports indicate that fertility and live birth rates were substantially higher for Hispanic women as a whole than for non-Hispanic women for all age groups in 2003 (24). However, because fertility and live birth rates differ substantially among both the different Hispanic (i.e., Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, and other Hispanic) and non-Hispanic (white, black, and other) subpopulations, comparisons between Hispanic and non-Hispanic populations are of limited value (24). Available abortion surveillance data do not permit cross-classification of race by Hispanic ethnicity.

Despite efforts to collect and provide a cross-classification of race and ethnicity for the 2001 report in compliance with OMB Directive 15, which specifies federal standards for the collection of data on race and ethnicity (62), only 28 states (accounting for 39% of the total number of reported abortions) were able to provide adequate data for use of the recommended race categories. Eleven states could not adequately break down the data by ethnicity. Moreover, three recommended racial categories (Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, and American Indian or Alaskan Native) had to be combined into one category of “other” to accommodate overlapping categories provided by multiple states. For these reasons, no additional information regarding race or ethnicity was obtained. Therefore, further efforts to collect cross-classified race and ethnicity will not be attempted unless additional states start collecting such data.

Compared with the early 1970s, the annual number of deaths associated with known legal induced abortion in the early 2000s has decreased by approximately two thirds (Table 19). In 1972, a total of 24 women died from causes known to be associated with legal abortions, and 39 died as a result of known illegal abortions. No more than two deaths have occurred as a result of known illegal abortion in any year since 1979. In 2002, nine women died as a result of legal

induced abortion, and none died as a result of illegal induced abortion. National case-fatality rates for 1998–2002 cannot be calculated because a substantial number of the abortions occurred in nonreporting states (four states in 1998 and 1999 and three states in 2000, 2001, and 2002), and, therefore, the total number of abortions (the denominator) is unknown.

Limitations

These data are reported voluntarily and are subject to at least five limitations. First, abortion data are compiled and reported to CDC by the central health agency in the reporting area in which the abortion was performed rather than the area in which the woman resided. This choice of area inflates the numbers, ratios, and rates of abortions for areas in which a high proportion of legal abortions are obtained by out-of-state residents and undercounts procedures for states with limited abortion services or more stringent legal requirements for obtaining an abortion (causing women to seek abortions elsewhere) (Table 3). Second, four states (Alaska, California, New Hampshire, and Oklahoma) did not report abortion data for 1998–1999, three states (Alaska, California, and New Hampshire) did not report data for 2000–2002, and three states (California, New Hampshire, and West Virginia) did not report data for 2003. Data for California and Oklahoma were estimated before 1998; however, data for nonreporting states have not been estimated since 1997. Third, data provided to state or area health departments by providers might be incomplete (63). Fourth, the overall number, ratio, and rate of abortions are conservative estimates; the total numbers of legal induced abortions provided by central health agencies and reported to CDC for 2003 were probably lower than the numbers actually performed. In addition, the abortion total for 2000 provided to CDC by central health agencies is 20% lower than that reported for 2000 (the most recent year for which data are available) for the same reporting areas by The Alan Guttmacher Institute (AGI), a private organization that contacts abortion providers directly (64). A previous report documented a discrepancy of approximately 12% (65); the reasons for this larger discrepancy are unclear. Finally, because not all states collected or reported data on all characteristics (e.g., age, race, and the number of weeks' gestation) of women obtaining a legal induced abortion in 2003, the numbers, rates, and ratios derived in this analysis might not be representative of all women who obtained abortions.

Public Health Actions

Despite these limitations, findings from ongoing national surveillance of legal induced abortion are useful for at least

six purposes. First, public health agencies use data from abortion surveillance to identify characteristics of women who are at high risk for unintended pregnancy. Second, ongoing annual surveillance is used to monitor trends in the number, ratio, and rate of abortions in the United States. Third, statistics regarding the number of pregnancies ending in abortion are used in conjunction with birth data and fetal death computations to estimate pregnancy rates (e.g., pregnancy rates among adolescents) (25–29,31). Fourth, abortion and pregnancy rates can be used to evaluate the effectiveness of family planning programs and programs for preventing unintended pregnancy. Fifth, ongoing surveillance provides data for assessing changes in clinical practice patterns related to abortion (e.g., longitudinal changes in the types of procedures and trends in weeks of gestation at the time of abortion). Finally, numbers of abortions are used as the denominator in calculating abortion mortality rates (35).

The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) was enacted by Congress in 1996 to facilitate the electronic transfer of health data relating primarily to insurance coverage and transferability (66). HIPAA provisions mandate adoption of federal privacy protections for certain individually identifiable health information. The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services issued the Privacy Rule that became effective on April 14, 2003. Because the Privacy Rule exempts protected health information required for public health purposes from privacy protections, covered entities may provide such information without a person's authorization to a public health authority (e.g., CDC) whose stated purpose is to prevent and control disease. Collection of surveillance data for this report is exempt from the Privacy Rule. However, the complexity of the rule might result in difficulty in its interpretation and, therefore, in collecting surveillance data on the part of certain contributing agencies (66).

More than one in five U.S. pregnancies have ended in abortion, according to a national sample survey conducted by AGI during 2001–2002 among all known U.S. abortion providers (64). Inconsistent method use of the pill (75.9%) or condoms (49.3%) were the most common reason for unintended pregnancy reported by women obtained abortions (20). Unintended pregnancy is a pervasive public health problem for all population subgroups and women of reproductive age (8,61,67).

Although induced abortions usually result from unintended pregnancies, which often occur despite the use of contraception, the approximately 4.6 million women who have had intercourse during the 3 months preceding the survey but were not using contraception might be the most at risk for unintended pregnancy (16). Thus, a reduction in the number of abortions will require adapting complex strategies. Insurance coverage of reversible contraception has increased sub-

stantially since 1993 (68), although gaps in coverage remain substantial. Education regarding abstinence and contraceptive use, including emergency contraception, combined with access to and education regarding safe, effective contraception and family planning services, might help reduce the incidence of unintended pregnancy and, therefore, the number of legal induced abortions in the United States (69,70).

Acknowledgments

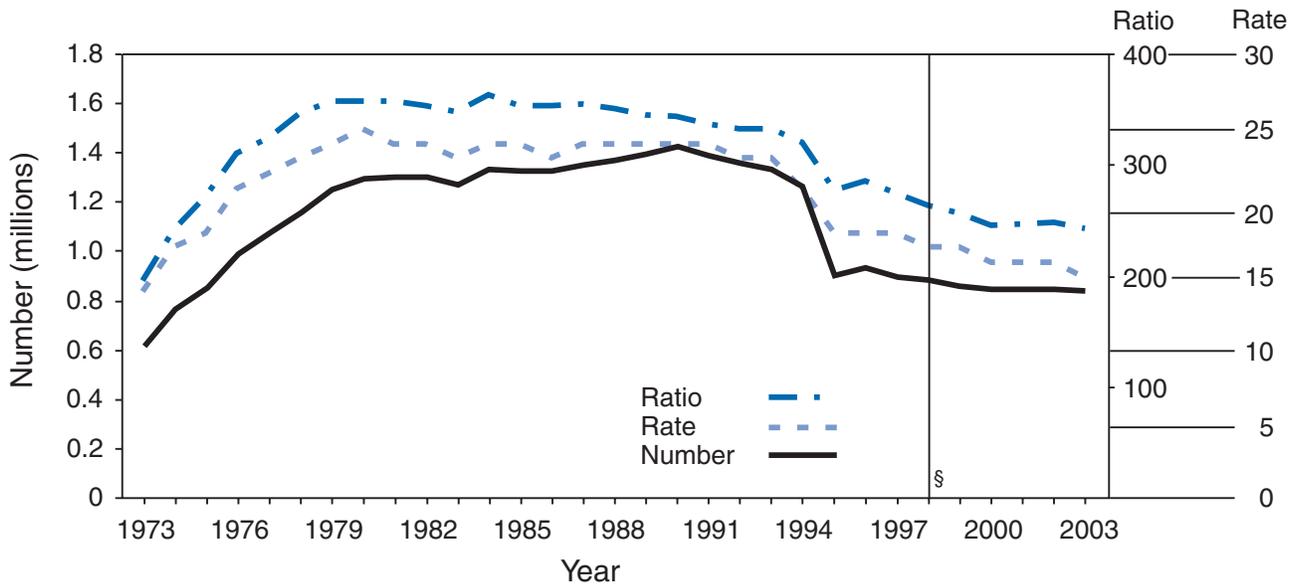
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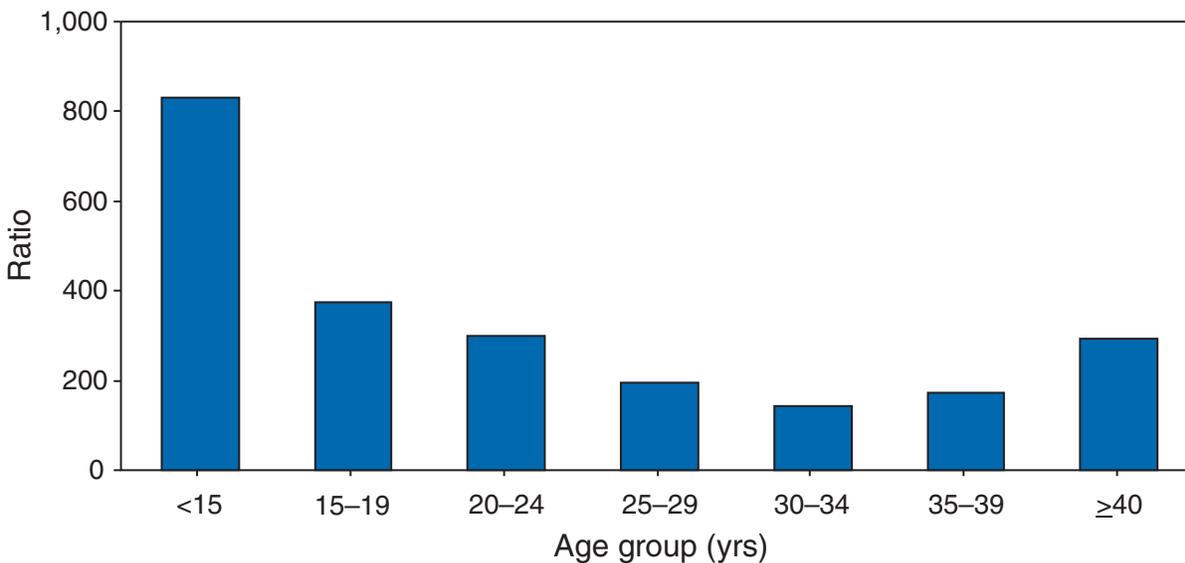
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FIGURE 1. Number, ratio,* and rate† of legal abortions performed, by year — United States, 1973–2003§



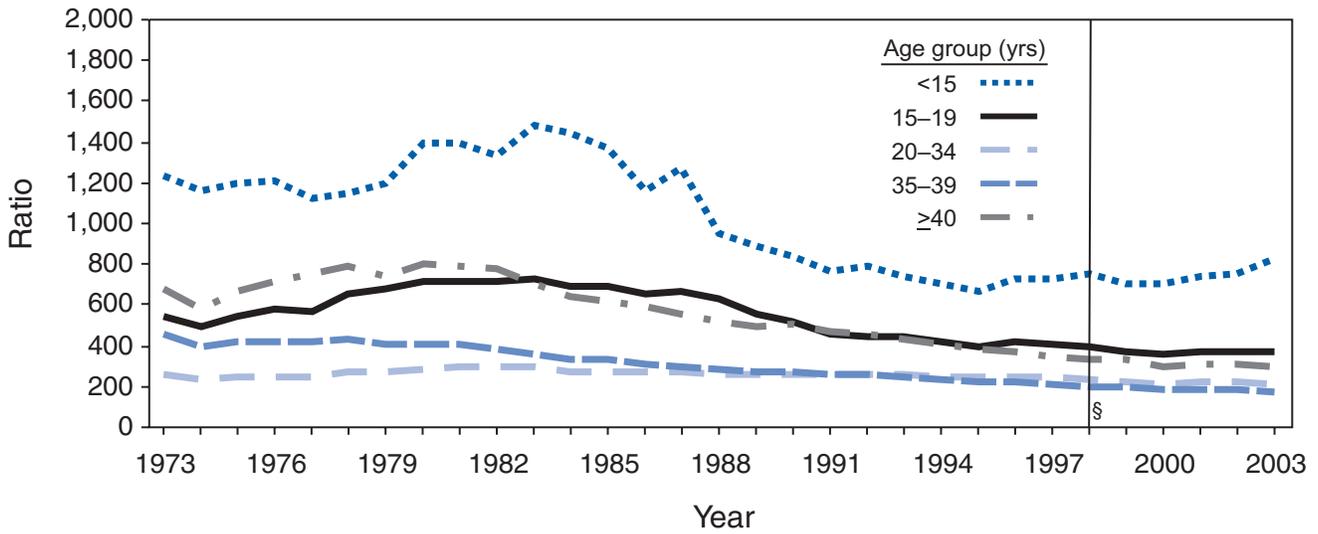
* Number of abortions per 1,000 live births.
 † Number of abortions per 1,000 women aged 15–44 years.
 § For 1998–2003, data are from 47 reporting areas (see Table 2).

FIGURE 2. Abortion ratio,* by age group of women who obtained a legal abortion — selected areas,† United States, 2003



* Number of abortions per 1,000 live births.
 † Data are from 46 states, the District of Columbia, and New York City (see Table 4).

FIGURE 3. Abortion ratio,* by age group† of women who obtained a legal abortion — selected areas,§ United States, 1973–2003

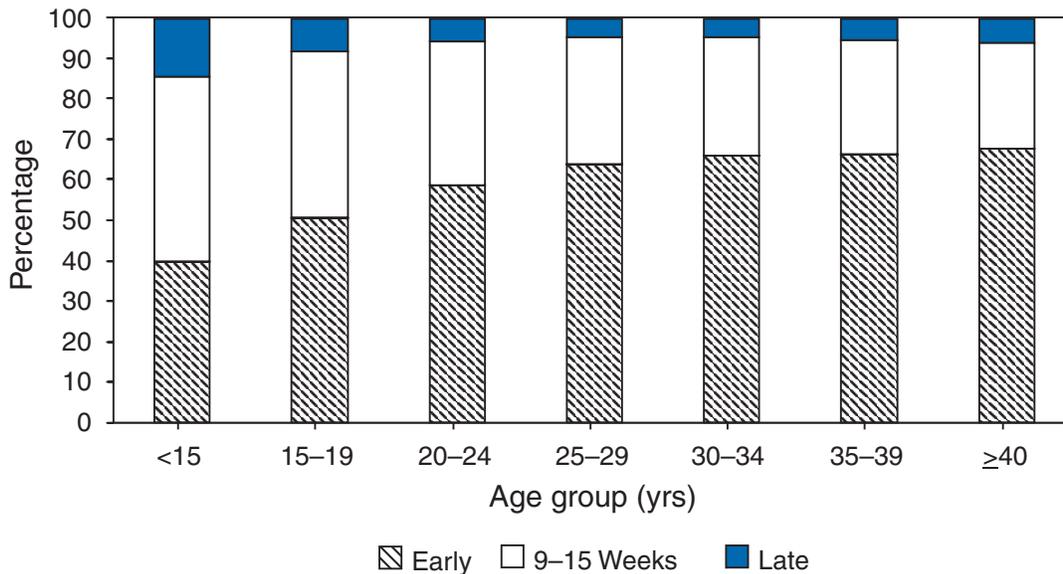


* Number of abortions per 1,000 live births.

† In years.

§ For 1998–1999 and 2003, data are from 47 reporting areas and for 2000–2002, from 48 reporting areas.

FIGURE 4. Percentage* of women who obtained early† or late§ abortions, by age group — selected areas,¶ United States, 2003



* Based on total known weeks of gestation.

† <8 weeks' gestation.

§ >16 weeks' gestation.

¶ Data are for 41 states and New York City; excludes one state (Nebraska) where gestational age was unknown for >15% of women (see Table 16).

TABLE 1. Characteristics of women who obtained legal abortions — United States, 1973–2003

Characteristics	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983
Reported no. of legal abortions*	615,831	763,476	854,853	988,267	1,079,430	1,157,776	1,251,921	1,297,606	1,300,760	1,303,980	1,268,987
	Percentage distribution[§]										
Residence											
In-state/area	74.8	86.6	89.2	90.0	90.0	89.3	90.0	92.6	92.5	92.9	93.3
Out-of-state/area	25.2	13.4	10.8	10.0	10.0	10.7	10.0	7.4	7.5	7.1	6.7
Age group (yrs)											
≤19	32.7	32.6	33.1	32.1	30.8	30.0	30.0	29.2	28.0	27.1	27.1
20–24	32.0	31.8	31.9	33.3	34.5	35.0	35.4	35.5	35.3	35.1	34.7
≥25	35.3	35.6	35.0	34.6	34.7	35.0	34.6	35.3	36.7	37.8	38.2
Race[¶]											
White	72.5	69.7	67.8	66.6	66.4	67.0	68.9	69.9	69.9	68.5	67.6
Black	27.5	30.3	32.2	33.4	33.6	33.0	31.1	30.1	30.1	31.5	32.4
Other**	— ^{††}	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ethnicity											
Hispanic	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-Hispanic	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Marital status											
Married	27.4	27.4	26.1	24.6	24.3	26.4	24.7	23.1	22.1	22.0	21.4
Unmarried	72.6	72.6	73.9	75.4	75.7	73.6	75.3	76.9	77.9	78.0	78.6
No. of live births^{§§}											
0	48.6	47.9	47.1	47.7	53.4	56.6	58.1	58.4	58.3	57.8	57.1
1	18.8	19.6	20.2	20.7	19.0	19.2	19.1	19.4	19.7	20.3	20.7
2	14.2	14.8	15.5	15.4	14.4	14.1	13.8	13.7	13.7	13.9	14.2
3	8.7	8.7	8.7	8.3	7.0	5.9	5.5	5.3	5.3	5.1	5.2
≥4	9.7	9.0	8.5	7.9	6.2	4.2	3.5	3.2	3.0	2.9	2.8
Type of procedure											
Curettage	88.4	89.7	91.0	92.8	93.7	94.6	95.0	95.5	96.1	96.5	96.8
Suction curettage	74.9	77.4	82.6	82.6	90.7	90.2	91.3	89.8	90.4	90.7	91.1
Sharp curettage	13.5	12.3	8.4	10.2	3.0	4.4	3.7	5.7	5.7	5.8	5.7
Intrauterine instillation	10.3	7.8	6.2	6.0	5.4	3.9	3.3	3.1	2.8	2.5	2.1
Hysterotomy/hysterectomy ^{¶¶¶}	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
Other ^{§§}	0.6	1.9	2.4	0.9	0.7	1.4	1.6	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.1
Weeks of gestation											
≤8	36.1	42.6	44.6	47.0	51.1	52.2	52.1	51.7	51.2	50.6	49.7
≤6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
9–10	29.4	28.7	28.4	28.1	27.2	26.9	26.9	26.2	26.8	26.7	26.8
11–12	17.9	15.4	14.9	14.4	13.1	12.3	12.5	12.2	12.1	12.4	12.8
13–15	6.9	5.5	5.0	4.5	3.4	4.0	4.2	5.1	5.2	5.3	5.8
16–20	8.0	6.6	6.1	5.1	4.3	3.7	3.4	3.9	3.7	3.9	3.9
≥21	1.7	1.2	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.0

* See Table 2 for number of areas reporting each year.

† With one exception (i.e., West Virginia), no characteristics were available for the excluded states in years before 2000. Alaska data were available for 2003; Oklahoma for 2000–2003; West Virginia for 1995–2002; and California and New Hampshire provided no data.

§ Based on known values in data from all areas reporting a given characteristic with ≤15% unknowns. The number of areas adequately reporting a given characteristic varied. For 2003, the number of areas included for residence was 45; age, 48; race, 35; ethnicity, 29; marital status, 38; number of previous live births, 42; number of previous induced abortions, 40; type of procedure, 45; and weeks of gestation, 44. Early numbers might differ (by 0.1%) from numbers previously published because of adjusting percentages to total 100.0%.

¶ Black race reported as black and other races through 1984. For 1990–1997, one state included “other” races with blacks.

** Includes all other races.

†† Not available.

§§ For 1973–1977, data indicate number of living children.

¶¶¶ Hysterotomy and hysterectomy included in “other” beginning in 1984. “Other” also included procedures reported as “other” and medical (nonsurgical) procedures (see Table 8) beginning in 1996. For 2003, the number of medical (nonsurgical) procedures reported was 55,408.

*** Data for 36 of 39 areas reporting weeks of gestation.

††† Data for 38 of 41 areas reporting weeks of gestation.

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¶¶¶¶ Data for 37 of 40 areas reporting weeks of gestation.

**** Data for 40 of 42 areas reporting weeks of gestation.

†††† Data for 42 of 44 areas reporting weeks of gestation.

§§§§ Data for 41 of 43 areas reporting weeks of gestation.

TABLE 1. (Continued) Characteristics of women who obtained legal abortions — United States, 1973–2003

Characteristics	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994
Reported no. of legal abortions*	1,333,521	1,328,570	1,328,112	1,353,671	1,371,285	1,396,658	1,429,247	1,388,937	1,359,146	1,330,414	1,267,415
	Percentage distribution[§]										
Residence											
In-state/area	92.0	92.4	92.4	91.7	91.4	91.0	91.8	91.7	92.1	91.4	91.5
Out-of-state/area	8.0	7.6	7.6	8.3	8.6	9.0	8.2	8.3	7.9	8.6	8.5
Age group (yrs)											
≤19	26.4	26.3	25.3	25.8	25.3	24.2	22.4	21.0	20.1	20.0	20.2
20–24	35.3	34.7	34.0	33.4	32.8	32.6	33.2	34.4	34.5	34.4	33.5
≥25	38.3	39.0	40.7	40.8	41.9	43.2	44.4	44.6	45.4	45.6	46.3
Race[¶]											
White	67.4	66.7	67.0	66.4	64.4	64.2	64.8	63.9	61.6	60.9	60.6
Black	32.6	29.8	28.7	29.3	31.1	31.2	31.9	32.5	33.9	34.9	34.7
Other**	— ^{††}	3.5	4.3	4.3	4.5	4.6	3.3	3.6	4.5	4.2	4.7
Ethnicity											
Hispanic	—	—	—	—	—	—	11.4	13.2	15.0	14.5	14.1
Non-Hispanic	—	—	—	—	—	—	88.6	86.8	85.0	85.5	85.9
Marital status											
Married	20.5	19.3	20.2	20.8	20.3	20.1	21.7	21.4	20.8	20.4	19.9
Unmarried	79.5	80.7	79.8	79.2	79.7	79.9	78.3	78.6	79.2	79.6	80.1
No. of live births^{§§}											
0	57.0	56.3	55.1	53.6	52.4	52.2	49.1	47.8	45.9	46.5	46.2
1	20.9	21.6	22.1	22.8	23.4	23.6	24.4	25.3	25.9	25.8	25.9
2	14.4	14.5	14.9	15.5	16.0	15.9	17.0	17.5	18.0	17.8	17.8
3	5.1	5.1	5.3	5.5	5.6	5.7	6.1	6.4	6.7	6.6	6.7
≥4	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	3.4	3.0	3.5	3.3	3.4
Type of procedure											
Curettage	96.8	97.5	97.0	97.2	98.6	98.8	98.9	99.0	98.9	99.1	99.1
Suction curettage	93.1	94.6	94.5	93.4	95.1	97.1	97.2	96.5	95.7	95.5	96.5
Sharp curettage	3.7	2.9	2.5	3.8	3.5	1.7	1.7	2.5	3.2	3.6	2.6
Intrauterine instillation	1.9	1.7	1.4	1.3	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.5
Other ^{¶¶}	1.3	0.8	1.6	1.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4
Weeks of gestation											
≤8	50.5	50.3	51.0	50.4	48.7	49.8	51.6	52.4	52.1	52.3	53.7
≤6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14.3***	14.7†††	15.7§§§
7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	15.6***¶¶¶	16.2†††	16.5§§§
8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	22.2****	21.6†††	21.6§§§
9–10	26.4	26.6	25.8	26.0	26.4	25.8	25.3	25.1	24.2	24.4	23.5
11–12	12.6	12.5	12.2	12.4	12.7	12.6	11.7	11.5	12.1	11.6	10.9
13–15	5.8	5.9	6.1	6.2	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.1	6.0	6.3	6.3
16–20	3.9	3.9	4.1	4.2	4.5	4.2	4.0	3.8	4.2	4.1	4.3
≥21	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.3	1.3

* See Table 2 for number of areas reporting each year.

† With one exception (i.e., West Virginia), no characteristics were available for the excluded states in years before 2000. Alaska data were available for 2003; Oklahoma for 2000–2003; West Virginia for 1995–2002; and California and New Hampshire provided no data.

§ Based on known values in data from all areas reporting a given characteristic with ≤15% unknowns. The number of areas adequately reporting a given characteristic varied. For 2003, the number of areas included for residence was 45; age, 48; race, 35; ethnicity, 29; marital status, 38; number of previous live births, 42; number of previous induced abortions, 40; type of procedure, 45; and weeks of gestation, 44. Early numbers might differ (by 0.1%) from numbers previously published because of adjusting percentages to total 100.0%.

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** Includes all other races.

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§§§§ Data for 41 of 43 areas reporting weeks of gestation.

TABLE 1. (Continued) Characteristics of women who obtained legal abortions — United States, 1973–2003

Characteristics	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Reported no. of legal abortions*	1,210,883	1,225,937	1,186,039	884,273	861,789	857,475	853,485	854,122	848,163
Reported no. of legal abortions excluding AK, CA, NH, OK, WV†	905,577	932,079	897,363	881,535	859,291	847,744	844,115	845,573	839,713
	Percentage distribution§								
Residence									
In-state/area	91.5	91.7	91.8	91.4	91.2	91.3	91.3	91.2	91.5
Out-of-state/area	8.5	8.3	8.2	8.6	8.8	8.7	8.7	8.8	8.5
Age group (yrs)									
≤19	20.1	20.3	20.1	19.8	19.2	18.8	18.1	17.5	17.4
20–24	32.5	31.8	31.7	31.8	32.2	32.8	33.4	33.4	33.5
≥25	47.4	47.9	48.2	48.4	48.6	48.4	48.5	49.1	49.1
Race¶									
White	59.6	59.1	58.4	58.7	56.2	56.6	55.4	55.5	55.0
Black	35.0	35.3	35.9	35.4	37.3	36.3	36.6	36.6	37.1
Other**	5.4	5.6	5.7	5.9	6.5	7.1	8.0	7.9	7.9
Ethnicity									
Hispanic	15.1	15.7	15.6	17.1	17.3	17.2	17.1	18.2	18.1
Non-Hispanic	84.9	84.3	84.4	82.9	82.7	82.8	82.9	81.8	81.9
Marital status									
Married	19.7	19.6	19.0	18.9	19.2	18.7	18.4	18.1	17.9
Unmarried	80.3	80.4	81.0	81.1	80.8	81.3	81.6	81.9	82.1
No. of live births									
0	45.2	44.2	42.2	41.1	40.6	40.0	45.2	40.0	40.2
1	26.5	26.8	27.6	27.9	27.9	27.7	25.2	27.3	27.1
2	18.0	18.4	19.1	19.6	19.8	20.1	18.4	20.2	20.1
3	6.8	7.0	7.3	7.5	7.7	7.9	7.3	8.2	8.2
≥4	3.5	3.6	3.8	3.9	4.0	4.3	3.9	4.3	4.4
Type of procedure									
Curettage	98.9	98.8	98.3	98.3	98.2	97.9	95.5	92.4	90.0
Suction curettage	96.6	96.5	97.3	96.8	96.0	95.6	92.8	90.0	88.3
Sharp curettage	2.3	2.3	1.0	1.5	2.2	2.3	2.7	2.4	1.7
Intrauterine instillation	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.8	0.9
Other§§	0.6	0.8	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.7	3.9	6.8	9.1
Weeks of gestation									
≤8	54.0	54.6	55.4	55.7	57.6	58.1	59.1	60.5	60.5
≤6	15.7†††	16.3¶¶¶	17.6****	19.2††††	21.9§§§§	23.3§§§§	24.9****	27.1††††	26.9††††
7	17.1†††	17.4¶¶¶	18.1****	17.8††††	17.6§§§§	17.8§§§§	17.9****	17.8††††	18.1††††
8	21.2†††	21.0¶¶¶	19.6****	18.8††††	18.2§§§§	17.1§§§§	16.4****	15.6††††	15.5††††
9–10	23.1	22.6	22.0	21.5	20.2	19.8	19.0	18.4	18.0
11–12	10.9	11.0	10.7	10.9	10.2	10.2	10.0	9.6	9.7
13–15	6.3	6.0	6.2	6.4	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.0	6.2
16–20	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.3	4.1	4.2
≥21	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4

* See Table 2 for number of areas reporting each year.

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** Includes all other races.

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§§ For 1973–1977, data indicate number of living children.

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TABLE 2. Number, ratio,* and rate† of legal abortions and source of reporting for all reporting areas and for the 47 areas that reported in 1998–2003, by year — United States, 1970–2003

Year	No. of legal abortions	Ratio*	Rate†	No. of areas reporting	
				Central health agency§	Hospitals/Facilities¶
All reporting areas					
1970	193,491	52	5	8	7
1971	485,816	137	11	19	7
1972	586,760	180	13	21	8
1973	615,831	196	14	26	26
1974	763,476	242	17	37	15
1975	854,853	272	18	39	13
1976	988,267	312	21	41	11
1977	1,079,430	325	22	46	6
1978	1,157,776	347	23	48	4
1979	1,251,921	358	24	47	5
1980	1,297,606	359	25	47	5
1981	1,300,760	358	24	46	6
1982	1,303,980	354	24	46	6
1983	1,268,987	349	23	46	6
1984	1,333,521	364	24	44	8
1985	1,328,570	354	24	44	8
1986	1,328,112	354	23	43	9
1987	1,353,671	356	24	45	7
1988	1,371,285	352	24	45	7
1989	1,396,658	346	24	45	7
1990	1,429,247	344	24	46	6
1991	1,388,937	338	24	47	5
1992	1,359,146	334	23	47	5
1993	1,330,414	333	23	47	5
1994	1,267,415	321	21	47	5
1995	1,210,883	311	20	48	4
1996	1,225,937	315**	21	48	4
1997	1,186,039	306	20	48	4
1998††	884,273	264	17	48	0
1999††	861,789	256	17	48	0
2000§§	857,475	245	16	49	0
2001§§	853,485	246	16	49	0
2002§§	854,122	246	16	49	0
2003¶¶	848,163	241	16	49	0
47 Reporting areas***					
1995	905,577	278	18	46	1
1996	932,079	286**	18	46	1
1997	897,363	275	18	45	2
1998	881,535	265	17	47	0
1999	859,291	257	17	47	0
2000	847,744	247	16	47	0
2001	844,115	248	16	47	0
2002	845,573	249	16	47	0
2003	839,713	243	15	47	0

* Number of abortions per 1,000 live births.

† Number of abortions per 1,000 women aged 15–44 years.

§ State health departments and the health departments of New York City and the District of Columbia.

¶ Hospitals or other medical facilities in state.

** Beginning in 1996, the ratio was based on births reported by the National Center for Health Statistics, CDC.

†† Without estimates for Alaska, California, New Hampshire, and Oklahoma, which did not report number of legal abortions for 1998–1999.

§§ Without estimates for Alaska, California, and New Hampshire, which did not report number of legal abortions for 1998–2002.

¶¶ Without estimates for California, New Hampshire, and West Virginia, which did not report number of legal abortions for 2003.

*** Without estimates for Alaska, which did not report number of legal abortions for 1998–2002; for California and New Hampshire, which did not report for 1998–2003; for Oklahoma, which did not report for 1998–1999; and for West Virginia, which did not report for 2003.

TABLE 3. Reported number,* ratio,[†] and rate[§] of legal abortions by residence and occurrence, and percentage of abortions obtained by out-of-state/area residents,[¶] by area of occurrence — United States, 2003

State/Area	Residence			Occurrence			% of legal abortions obtained by out-of-state/area residents
	No. of legal abortions	Ratio	Rate	No. of legal abortions	Ratio	Rate	
Alabama	10,191	171	11	10,979	184	12	15.0
Alaska	2,040	202	15	1,806	179	13	0.4
Arizona**	10,513	116	9	10,316	113	9	1.6
Arkansas	5,335	141	10	5,408	143	10	15.3
California ^{††}	— ^{§§}	—	—	—	—	—	—
Colorado	8,993	130	9	9,852	142	10	9.9
Connecticut	12,436	290	17	12,404	289	17	3.8
Delaware ^{¶¶}	3,384	299	19	4,178	369	24	25.2
District of Columbia	3,343	439	24	5,121	672	36	55.9
Florida***	424	2	0	88,247	416	26	—
Georgia	30,592	225	16	34,363	253	18	12.1
Hawaii	3,611	200	14	3,608	199	14	0.1
Idaho	1,637	75	6	911	42	3	4.4
Illinois	39,724	218	15	42,247	231	16	8.3
Indiana	12,886	149	10	11,458	133	9	4.6
Iowa ^{¶¶}	6,506	170	11	5,916	155	10	—
Kansas	6,179	157	11	11,600	294	20	47.7
Kentucky	5,865	106	7	3,621	66	4	14.3
Louisiana***	593	9	1	10,642	164	11	—
Maine	2,491	180	9	2,550	184	10	3.0
Maryland ^{¶¶}	12,419	166	10	11,485	153	10	18.8
Massachusetts**	24,558	306	18	25,741	321	18	5.3
Michigan	28,973	221	14	29,540	225	14	3.2
Minnesota	13,522	193	12	14,091	201	13	8.3
Mississippi	6,725	159	11	3,753	89	6	2.9
Missouri	15,205	197	13	8,350	108	7	8.8
Montana	2,010	176	11	2,213	194	12	10.6
Nebraska	3,481	134	10	3,990	154	11	15.6
Nevada	8,737	260	19	9,323	277	20	6.5
New Hampshire ^{††}	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
New Jersey ^{†††}	33,350	285	18	32,762	280	18	5.1
New Mexico	6,311	227	16	5,832	210	15	4.4
New York	120,545	492	29	124,957	509	30	—
City	84,908	709	—	90,820 ^{§§§}	758	—	7.2 ^{¶¶¶}
State	35,637 ^{****}	279	—	34,137	272	—	4.8 ^{¶¶¶}
North Carolina	26,778	226	15	31,006	262	17	15.9
North Dakota	933	117	7	1,354	170	10	39.2
Ohio	33,016	221	14	35,319	236	15	8.9
Oklahoma	7,139	140	10	6,644	130	9	4.6
Oregon	11,489	250	16	12,622	275	17	11.6
Pennsylvania	38,219	262	15	36,908	253	15	4.6
Rhode Island***	126	10	1	5,538	419	24	—
South Carolina	11,895	214	13	6,573	118	7	3.7
South Dakota	971	88	6	819	74	5	17.0
Tennessee	15,452	196	12	17,610	223	14	20.5
Texas	76,337	202	16	79,166	210	16	3.6
Utah	3,494	70	6	3,576	72	7	6.7
Vermont	1,461	222	11	1,679	255	13	14.1
Virginia	28,467	281	18	26,437	261	17	4.8
Washington	25,176	313	19	25,084	312	19	5.1
West Virginia ^{††}	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wisconsin ^{¶¶}	11,500	164	10	10,557	151	9	2.2
Wyoming	827	123	8	7	— ^{††††}	— ^{††††}	28.6
Other residence ^{§§§§}	2,382	—	—	NA ^{¶¶¶¶}	NA	NA	NA
Total known	739,599			848,163	241	16	8.5

TABLE 3. (Continued) Reported number,* ratio,[†] and rate[§] of legal abortions by residence and occurrence, and percentage of abortions obtained by out-of-state/area residents,[¶] by area of occurrence — United States, 2003

State/Area	Residence			Occurrence			% of legal abortions obtained by out-of-state/area residents
	No. of legal abortions	Ratio	Rate	No. of legal abortions	Ratio	Rate	
Unknown residence ^{*****}	4,137						
Not reported by residence ^{†††††}	104,427						
Total	848,163	241	16				

* Abortion data reported by central health agencies.

† Number of abortions per 1,000 live births. **SOURCE:** Martin JA, Hamilton BE, Sutton PD, Ventura SJ, Menacker F, Munson ML. Births: final data for 2003. Atlanta, GA: US Department of Health and Human Services, CDC, National Center for Health Statistics; 2005. (National Vital Statistics Reports; vol. 54, no. 2).

§ Number of abortions per 1,000 women aged 15–44 years. **SOURCE:** US Bureau of the Census, Population Estimates Branch, state estimates by demographic characteristics, 6 race group. Released August 11, 2005. Available at <http://www.census.gov/popest/estimates.php>.

¶ Based on number of abortions for which residence of women were known.

** Reported numbers of abortions for in-state residents without detailed information regarding out-of-state residents.

†† State did not report abortions.

§§ Not available.

¶¶ Reported for own residents only.

*** State did not report abortions by residence; therefore, no information regarding in-state residents is available.

††† Numbers do not include private physicians' procedures.

§§§ Reported by the New York City Department of Health.

¶¶¶ Percentage based on number of abortions reported as "out-of-reporting area."

**** Abortions for women whose state of residence was listed as "New York."

†††† Ratio and rate not provided because of small numbers.

§§§§ Women whose residence was listed as Canada, Mexico, or "other."

¶¶¶¶ Not applicable.

***** Reported as unknown residence (2,633) or out-of-state residence, but not specified (1,504).

††††† Total for states that did not report abortions by residence.

TABLE 4. Reported legal abortions, by age group of women who obtained an abortion and state of occurrence — selected areas,* United States, 2003

State/Area	Age group (yrs)										Total							
	<15		15–19		20–24		25–29		30–34			35–39		≥40		Unknown		No. (%)†
Alabama	106	(1.0)	1,886	(17.2)	3,988	(36.3)	2,473	(22.5)	1,531	(13.9)	737	(6.7)	253	(2.3)	5	(0.0)	10,979	(100.0)
Alaska	12	(0.7)	373	(20.7)	600	(33.2)	364	(20.2)	232	(12.8)	152	(8.4)	67	(3.7)	6	(0.3)	1,806	(100.0)
Arizona	62	(0.6)	1,836	(17.8)	3,507	(34.0)	2,092	(20.3)	1,386	(13.4)	747	(7.2)	331	(3.2)	355	(3.4)	10,316	(100.0)
Arkansas	52	(1.0)	963	(17.8)	1,837	(34.0)	1,269	(23.5)	718	(13.3)	377	(7.0)	183	(3.4)	9	(0.2)	5,408	(100.0)
Colorado	52	(0.5)	1,692	(17.2)	3,287	(33.4)	2,084	(21.2)	1,399	(14.2)	886	(9.0)	414	(4.2)	38	(0.4)	9,852	(100.0)
Connecticut	74	(0.6)	2,401	(19.4)	4,116	(33.2)	2,559	(20.6)	1,722	(13.9)	1,049	(8.5)	354	(2.9)	129	(1.0)	12,404	(100.0)
Delaware§	27	(0.9)	635	(20.3)	1,099	(35.2)	668	(21.4)	384	(12.3)	226	(7.2)	86	(2.8)	0	(0.0)	3,125	(100.0)
District of Columbia	27	(0.5)	958	(18.7)	1,702	(33.2)	1,322	(25.8)	650	(12.7)	342	(6.7)	120	(2.3)	0	(0.0)	5,121	(100.0)
Georgia	281	(0.8)	5,157	(15.0)	11,568	(33.7)	7,999	(23.3)	5,543	(16.1)	2,891	(8.4)	924	(2.7)	0	(0.0)	34,363	(100.0)
Hawaii	37	(1.0)	764	(21.2)	1,178	(32.6)	708	(19.6)	464	(12.9)	322	(8.9)	132	(3.7)	3	(0.1)	3,608	(100.0)
Idaho	3	(0.3)	178	(19.5)	304	(33.4)	171	(18.8)	137	(15.0)	74	(8.1)	44	(4.8)	0	(0.0)	911	(100.0)
Illinois¶	321	(0.8)	7,677	(18.2)	13,224	(31.3)	9,760	(23.1)	6,386	(15.1)	3,389	(8.0)	1,234	(2.9)	256	(0.6)	42,247	(100.0)
Indiana	72	(0.6)	1,756	(15.3)	4,087	(35.7)	2,480	(21.6)	1,662	(14.5)	865	(7.5)	329	(2.9)	207	(1.8)	11,458	(100.0)
Iowa§	33	(0.6)	1,031	(17.4)	2,117	(35.8)	1,221	(20.6)	822	(13.9)	466	(7.9)	188	(3.2)	38	(0.6)	5,916	(100.0)
Kansas	78	(0.7)	1,993	(17.2)	4,175	(36.0)	2,599	(22.4)	1,568	(13.5)	858	(7.4)	329	(2.8)	0	(0.0)	11,600	(100.0)
Kentucky	35	(1.0)	573	(15.8)	1,145	(31.6)	795	(22.0)	566	(15.6)	345	(9.5)	124	(3.4)	38	(1.0)	3,621	(100.0)
Louisiana	103	(1.0)	1,767	(16.6)	3,899	(36.6)	2,475	(23.3)	1,356	(12.7)	692	(6.5)	278	(2.6)	72	(0.7)	10,642	(100.0)
Maine	9	(0.4)	473	(18.5)	919	(36.0)	535	(21.0)	330	(12.9)	194	(7.6)	66	(2.6)	24	(0.9)	2,550	(100.0)
Maryland§	31	(0.3)	1,399	(15.0)	2,912	(31.2)	2,244	(24.1)	1,645	(17.6)	819	(8.8)	271	(2.9)	0	(0.0)	9,321	(100.0)
Massachusetts	101	(0.4)	4,454	(17.3)	7,986	(31.0)	5,630	(21.9)	3,960	(15.4)	2,558	(9.9)	1,004	(3.9)	48	(0.2)	25,741	(100.0)
Michigan	155	(0.5)	5,018	(17.0)	9,734	(33.0)	6,793	(23.0)	4,572	(15.5)	2,299	(7.8)	824	(2.8)	145	(0.5)	29,540	(100.0)
Minnesota	47	(0.3)	2,092	(14.8)	4,874	(34.6)	3,237	(23.0)	2,097	(14.9)	1,282	(9.1)	461	(3.3)	1	(0.0)	14,091	(100.0)
Mississippi	42	(1.1)	648	(17.3)	1,474	(39.3)	822	(21.9)	478	(12.7)	205	(5.5)	77	(2.1)	7	(0.2)	3,753	(100.0)
Missouri	52	(0.6)	1,284	(15.4)	2,867	(34.3)	1,851	(22.2)	1,247	(14.9)	760	(9.1)	287	(3.4)	2	(0.0)	8,350	(100.0)
Montana	9	(0.4)	464	(21.0)	742	(33.5)	471	(21.3)	255	(11.5)	179	(8.1)	89	(4.0)	4	(0.2)	2,213	(100.0)
Nebraska	24	(0.6)	695	(17.4)	1,417	(35.5)	869	(21.8)	518	(13.0)	345	(8.6)	122	(3.1)	0	(0.0)	3,990	(100.0)
Nevada	33	(0.4)	1,486	(15.9)	2,790	(29.9)	1,970	(21.1)	1,467	(15.7)	869	(9.3)	281	(3.0)	427	(4.6)	9,323	(100.0)
New Jersey**	186	(0.6)	5,742	(17.5)	10,649	(32.5)	7,537	(23.0)	4,738	(14.5)	2,801	(8.5)	1,078	(3.3)	31	(0.1)	32,762	(100.0)
New Mexico	35	(0.6)	1,247	(21.4)	1,991	(34.1)	1,205	(20.7)	731	(12.5)	394	(6.8)	151	(2.6)	78	(1.3)	5,832	(100.0)
New York	735	(0.6)	21,632	(17.3)	38,170	(30.5)	28,516	(22.8)	19,393	(15.5)	11,832	(9.5)	4,252	(3.4)	427	(0.3)	124,957	(100.0)
City	518	(0.6)	14,487	(16.0)	26,815	(29.5)	21,748	(23.9)	14,833	(16.3)	8,930	(9.8)	3,166	(3.5)	323	(0.4)	90,820	(100.0)
State	217	(0.6)	7,145	(20.9)	11,355	(33.3)	6,768	(19.8)	4,560	(13.4)	2,902	(8.5)	1,086	(3.2)	104	(0.3)	34,137	(100.0)
North Carolina	189	(0.6)	4,715	(15.2)	10,568	(34.1)	7,131	(23.0)	4,576	(14.8)	2,233	(7.2)	743	(2.4)	851	(2.7)	31,006	(100.0)
North Dakota	12	(0.9)	269	(19.9)	528	(39.0)	286	(21.1)	142	(10.5)	88	(6.5)	29	(2.1)	0	(0.0)	1,354	(100.0)
Ohio	292	(0.8)	6,014	(17.0)	12,441	(35.2)	7,836	(22.2)	4,980	(14.1)	2,660	(7.5)	993	(2.8)	103	(0.3)	35,319	(100.0)
Oklahoma	52	(0.8)	1,241	(18.7)	2,324	(35.0)	1,450	(21.8)	933	(14.0)	449	(6.8)	192	(2.9)	3	(0.0)	6,644	(100.0)
Oregon	52	(0.4)	2,154	(17.1)	4,398	(34.8)	2,690	(21.3)	1,829	(14.5)	1,077	(8.5)	399	(3.2)	23	(0.2)	12,622	(100.0)
Pennsylvania	269	(0.7)	6,245	(16.9)	12,276	(33.3)	8,062	(21.8)	5,545	(15.0)	3,336	(9.0)	1,175	(3.2)	0	(0.0)	36,908	(100.0)
Rhode Island	23	(0.4)	966	(17.4)	1,904	(34.4)	1,207	(21.8)	769	(13.9)	488	(8.8)	180	(3.3)	1	(0.0)	5,538	(100.0)
South Carolina	62	(0.9)	1,153	(17.5)	2,199	(33.5)	1,501	(22.8)	960	(14.6)	522	(7.9)	176	(2.7)	0	(0.0)	6,573	(100.0)
South Dakota	7	(0.9)	162	(19.8)	286	(34.9)	162	(19.8)	105	(12.8)	79	(9.6)	18	(2.2)	0	(0.0)	819	(100.0)
Tennessee	173	(1.0)	2,740	(15.6)	6,199	(35.2)	4,151	(23.6)	2,598	(14.8)	1,294	(7.3)	405	(2.3)	50	(0.3)	17,610	(100.0)
Texas	273	(0.3)	10,777	(13.6)	27,662	(34.9)	18,879	(23.8)	12,075	(15.3)	6,176	(7.8)	2,696	(3.4)	628	(0.8)	79,166	(100.0)
Utah	26	(0.7)	582	(16.3)	1,207	(33.8)	805	(22.5)	524	(14.7)	298	(8.3)	104	(2.9)	30	(0.8)	3,576	(100.0)
Vermont	6	(0.4)	324	(19.3)	601	(35.8)	310	(18.5)	198	(11.8)	137	(8.2)	101	(6.0)	2	(0.1)	1,679	(100.0)
Virginia	118	(0.4)	4,005	(15.1)	8,864	(33.5)	6,029	(22.8)	3,942	(14.9)	2,326	(8.8)	848	(3.2)	305	(1.2)	26,437	(100.0)
Washington	130	(0.5)	4,675	(18.6)	8,508	(33.9)	5,270	(21.0)	3,484	(13.9)	2,067	(8.2)	938	(3.7)	12	(0.0)	25,084	(100.0)
Wisconsin§	63	(0.6)	1,855	(18.0)	3,477	(33.7)	2,255	(21.8)	1,379	(13.4)	945	(9.2)	353	(3.4)	0	(0.0)	10,327	(100.0)
Wyoming††	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	(100.0)
Total††	4,581	(0.6)	126,151	(16.7)	251,800	(33.3)	170,743	(22.6)	111,996	(14.8)	63,130	(8.3)	23,703	(3.1)	4,358	(0.6)	756,469	(100.0)
Abortion ratio§§	830		374		300		195		144		173		293				229	
Abortion rate¶¶	1		16		31		23		14		7		3				15	

* Data from 46 states, the District of Columbia, and New York City.

† Percentages might not add to 100.0% because of rounding.

§ Includes residents only.

¶ Unpublished small numbers distributed as the known numbers by using data from public use tape. Number of procedures for the ≥45 years age group are included with those of the unknown age group because data were not available separately (data have been <0.2% in previous years). The category of ≥40 years, thus, represents the 40–44 years group for Illinois.

** Numbers do not include private physicians' procedures.

†† Wyoming details not displayed because of small numbers.

§§ Calculated as the number of legal abortions obtained by women in a given age group per 1,000 live births to women in the same age group for these states. For each state, data for women of unknown age were distributed according to the known age distribution for that state.

¶¶ Calculated as the number of legal abortions obtained by women in a given age group per 1,000 women in the same age group for these states. Adolescents aged 13–14 years were used for the denominator for the <15 years age group; women aged 40–44 years were used for the denominator for the ≥40 years age group and women aged 15–44 years and were used for the denominator for the total rate. For each state, data for women of unknown age were distributed according to the known age distribution for that state.

TABLE 5. Reported legal abortions obtained by adolescents, by known age and state of occurrence — selected areas,* United States, 2003

State/Area	Age (yrs)										Total			
	<15		15		16		17		18				19	
	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)†		
Alabama	106	(5.3)	146	(7.3)	250	(12.6)	285	(14.3)	531	(26.7)	674	(33.8)	1,992	(100.0)
Alaska	12	(3.1)	23	(6.0)	53	(13.8)	78	(20.3)	110	(28.6)	109	(28.3)	385	(100.0)
Arizona	62	(3.3)	132	(7.0)	195	(10.3)	302	(15.9)	562	(29.6)	645	(34.0)	1,898	(100.0)
Arkansas	52	(5.1)	67	(6.6)	146	(14.4)	173	(17.0)	274	(27.0)	303	(29.9)	1,015	(100.0)
Colorado	52	(3.0)	95	(5.4)	226	(13.0)	331	(19.0)	472	(27.1)	568	(32.6)	1,744	(100.0)
Connecticut	74	(3.0)	177	(7.2)	325	(13.1)	516	(20.8)	662	(26.7)	721	(29.1)	2,475	(100.0)
Delaware§	27	(4.1)	47	(7.1)	77	(11.6)	131	(19.8)	191	(28.9)	189	(28.5)	662	(100.0)
District of Columbia	27	(2.7)	79	(8.0)	147	(14.9)	192	(19.5)	266	(27.0)	274	(27.8)	985	(100.0)
Georgia	281	(5.2)	412	(7.6)	592	(10.9)	933	(17.2)	1,474	(27.1)	1,746	(32.1)	5,438	(100.0)
Hawaii	37	(4.6)	61	(7.6)	117	(14.6)	139	(17.4)	182	(22.7)	265	(33.1)	801	(100.0)
Idaho	3	(1.7)	7	(3.9)	19	(10.5)	21	(11.6)	75	(41.4)	56	(30.9)	181	(100.0)
Indiana	72	(3.9)	97	(5.3)	182	(10.0)	279	(15.3)	554	(30.3)	644	(35.2)	1,828	(100.0)
Iowa§	33	(3.1)	66	(6.2)	136	(12.8)	195	(18.3)	307	(28.9)	327	(30.7)	1,064	(100.0)
Kansas	78	(3.8)	134	(6.5)	265	(12.8)	346	(16.7)	567	(27.4)	681	(32.9)	2,071	(100.0)
Kentucky	35	(5.8)	43	(7.1)	66	(10.9)	112	(18.4)	163	(26.8)	189	(31.1)	608	(100.0)
Louisiana	103	(5.5)	127	(6.8)	191	(10.2)	276	(14.8)	562	(30.1)	611	(32.7)	1,870	(100.0)
Maine	9	(1.9)	32	(6.6)	65	(13.5)	85	(17.6)	140	(29.0)	151	(31.3)	482	(100.0)
Massachusetts	101	(2.2)	249	(5.5)	421	(9.2)	704	(15.5)	1,449	(31.8)	1,631	(35.8)	4,555	(100.0)
Michigan	155	(3.0)	302	(5.8)	624	(12.1)	927	(17.9)	1,503	(29.1)	1,662	(32.1)	5,173	(100.0)
Minnesota	47	(2.2)	103	(4.8)	221	(10.3)	407	(19.0)	663	(31.0)	698	(32.6)	2,139	(100.0)
Mississippi	42	(6.1)	55	(8.0)	63	(9.1)	99	(14.3)	182	(26.4)	249	(36.1)	690	(100.0)
Missouri	52	(3.9)	82	(6.1)	141	(10.6)	153	(11.5)	405	(30.3)	503	(37.6)	1,336	(100.0)
Montana	9	(1.9)	23	(4.9)	68	(14.4)	89	(18.8)	127	(26.8)	157	(33.2)	473	(100.0)
Nebraska	24	(3.3)	41	(5.7)	81	(11.3)	130	(18.1)	226	(31.4)	217	(30.2)	719	(100.0)
Nevada	33	(2.2)	76	(5.0)	178	(11.7)	298	(19.6)	437	(28.8)	497	(32.7)	1,519	(100.0)
New Jersey¶	186	(3.1)	364	(6.1)	764	(12.9)	1,207	(20.4)	1,591	(26.8)	1,816	(30.6)	5,928	(100.0)
New Mexico	35	(2.7)	85	(6.6)	143	(11.2)	243	(19.0)	342	(26.7)	434	(33.9)	1,282	(100.0)
New York	735	(3.3)	1,506	(6.7)	2,859	(12.8)	4,328	(19.3)	6,034	(27.0)	6,905	(30.9)	22,367	(100.0)
City	518	(3.5)	1,062	(7.1)	1,982	(13.2)	2,896	(19.3)	3,958	(26.4)	4,589	(30.6)	15,005	(100.0)
State	217	(2.9)	444	(6.0)	877	(11.9)	1,432	(19.5)	2,076	(28.2)	2,316	(31.5)	7,362	(100.0)
North Carolina	189	(3.9)	320	(6.5)	547	(11.2)	730	(14.9)	1,420	(29.0)	1,698	(34.6)	4,904	(100.0)
North Dakota	12	(4.3)	15	(5.3)	24	(8.5)	48	(17.1)	99	(35.2)	83	(29.5)	281	(100.0)
Ohio	292	(4.6)	435	(6.9)	767	(12.2)	1,012	(16.0)	1,780	(28.2)	2,020	(32.0)	6,306	(100.0)
Oklahoma	52	(4.0)	82	(6.3)	142	(11.0)	201	(15.5)	388	(30.0)	428	(33.1)	1,293	(100.0)
Oregon	52	(2.4)	109	(4.9)	279	(12.6)	415	(18.8)	615	(27.9)	736	(33.4)	2,206	(100.0)
Pennsylvania	269	(4.1)	475	(7.3)	730	(11.2)	927	(14.2)	1,914	(29.4)	2,199	(33.8)	6,514	(100.0)
Rhode Island	23	(2.3)	57	(5.8)	92	(9.3)	135	(13.7)	325	(32.9)	357	(36.1)	989	(100.0)
South Carolina	62	(5.1)	85	(7.0)	135	(11.1)	278	(22.9)	308	(25.3)	347	(28.6)	1,215	(100.0)
South Dakota	7	(4.1)	14	(8.3)	22	(13.0)	23	(13.6)	50	(29.6)	53	(31.4)	169	(100.0)
Tennessee	173	(5.9)	203	(7.0)	296	(10.2)	427	(14.7)	833	(28.6)	981	(33.7)	2,913	(100.0)
Texas	273	(2.5)	543	(4.9)	1,114	(10.1)	1,754	(15.9)	2,996	(27.1)	4,370	(39.5)	11,050	(100.0)
Utah	26	(4.3)	46	(7.6)	61	(10.0)	86	(14.1)	173	(28.5)	216	(35.5)	608	(100.0)
Vermont	6	(1.8)	24	(7.3)	34	(10.3)	55	(16.7)	104	(31.5)	107	(32.4)	330	(100.0)
Virginia	118	(2.9)	229	(5.6)	446	(10.8)	593	(14.4)	1,237	(30.0)	1,500	(36.4)	4,123	(100.0)
Washington	130	(2.7)	281	(5.8)	591	(12.3)	892	(18.6)	1,303	(27.1)	1,608	(33.5)	4,805	(100.0)
Wisconsin§	63	(3.3)	130	(6.8)	206	(10.7)	338	(17.6)	532	(27.7)	649	(33.8)	1,918	(100.0)
Wyoming	0	—**	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	(100.0)
Total	4,229	(3.5)	7,679	(6.3)	14,101	(11.6)	20,893	(17.2)	34,128	(28.1)	40,274	(33.2)	121,304	(100.0)
Abortion ratio††	828		555		456		370		384		328		382	
Abortion rate§§	1		5		9		14		23		27		12	

* Data from 44 states, the District of Columbia, and New York City.

† Percentages might not add to 100.0% because of rounding.

§ Includes residents only.

¶ Numbers do not include private physicians' procedures.

** Not applicable.

†† Calculated as the number of legal abortions obtained by women of a given age per 1,000 live births to women of the same age for these states. For each state, data for women whose age was unknown were distributed according to the known age distribution for that state.

§§ Calculated as the number of legal abortions obtained by women of a given age per 1,000 women of the same age for these states. Women aged 13–14 years were used for the denominator for the <15 years age group. For each state, data for women whose age was unknown were distributed according to the known age distribution for that state.

TABLE 6. Reported legal abortions, by weeks of gestation* and state of occurrence — selected areas, † United States, 2003

State/Area	Weeks of gestation															
	≤8		9–10		11–12		13–15		16–20		≥21		Unknown		Total	
	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%) [§]
Alabama [¶]	6,620	(60.3)	1,894	(17.3)	1,044	(9.5)	824	(7.5)	502	(4.6)	61	(0.6)	34	(0.3)	10,979	(100.0)
Alaska [¶]	1,016	(56.3)	405	(22.4)	282	(15.6)	63	(3.5)	12	(0.7)	1	(0.1)	27	(1.5)	1,806	(100.0)
Arizona [¶]	6,343	(61.5)	1,475	(14.3)	806	(7.8)	525	(5.1)	409	(4.0)	77	(0.7)	681	(6.6)	10,316	(100.0)
Arkansas ^{**}	3,064	(56.7)	911	(16.8)	514	(9.5)	439	(8.1)	438	(8.1)	42	(0.8)	0	(0.0)	5,408	(100.0)
Colorado [¶]	6,046	(61.4)	1,665	(16.9)	854	(8.7)	594	(6.0)	384	(3.9)	229	(2.3)	80	(0.8)	9,852	(100.0)
Connecticut [¶]	7,496 ^{††}	(60.4)	2,226 ^{††}	(17.9)	1,202 ^{††}	(9.7)	665	(5.4)	375	(3.0)	54	(0.4)	386	(3.1)	12,404	(100.0)
Delaware ^{¶,§§}	1,782	(57.0)	587	(18.8)	389	(12.4)	220	(7.0)	106	(3.4)	10	(0.3)	31	(1.0)	3,125	(100.0)
District of Columbia	2,504	(48.9)	1,208	(23.6)	598	(11.7)	492	(9.6)	317	(6.2)	0	(0.0)	2	(0.0)	5,121	(100.0)
Georgia	19,074	(55.5)	6,909	(20.1)	3,569	(10.4)	2,177	(6.3)	1,653	(4.8)	981	(2.9)	0	(0.0)	34,363	(100.0)
Hawaii [¶]	1,713	(47.5)	834	(23.1)	490	(13.6)	277	(7.7)	237	(6.6)	27	(0.7)	30	(0.8)	3,608	(100.0)
Idaho [¶]	540	(59.3)	236	(25.9)	103	(11.3)	13	(1.4)	12	(1.3)	4	(0.4)	3	(0.3)	911	(100.0)
Indiana [¶]	7,619	(66.5)	2,057	(18.0)	1,021	(8.9)	194	(1.7)	100	(0.9)	0	(0.0)	467	(4.1)	11,458	(100.0)
Iowa ^{§§}	4,185	(70.7)	786	(13.3)	509	(8.6)	232	(3.9)	169	(2.9)	5	(0.1)	30	(0.5)	5,916	(100.0)
Kansas [¶]	7,030	(60.6)	1,825	(15.7)	955	(8.2)	712	(6.1)	517	(4.5)	561	(4.8)	0	(0.0)	11,600	(100.0)
Kentucky	2,126	(58.7)	548	(15.1)	367	(10.1)	266	(7.3)	227	(6.3)	59	(1.6)	28	(0.8)	3,621	(100.0)
Louisiana [¶]	5,358	(50.3)	2,116	(19.9)	1,135	(10.7)	996	(9.4)	604	(5.7)	275	(2.6)	158	(1.5)	10,642	(100.0)
Maine ^{¶¶}	1,668	(65.4)	582	(22.8)	214	(8.4)	47	(1.8)	21	(0.8)	11	(0.4)	7	(0.3)	2,550	(100.0)
Michigan ^{¶¶}	18,345	(62.1)	5,177	(17.5)	2,699	(9.1)	1,990	(6.7)	841	(2.8)	244	(0.8)	244	(0.8)	29,540	(100.0)
Minnesota [¶]	9,126	(64.8)	2,185	(15.5)	1,326	(9.4)	669	(4.7)	660	(4.7)	124	(0.9)	1	(0.0)	14,091	(100.0)
Mississippi	2,005	(53.4)	819	(21.8)	491	(13.1)	298	(7.9)	21	(0.6)	1	(0.0)	118	(3.1)	3,753	(100.0)
Missouri	5,080	(60.8)	1,666	(20.0)	949	(11.4)	381	(4.6)	198	(2.4)	19	(0.2)	57	(0.7)	8,350	(100.0)
Montana [¶]	1,185	(53.5)	432	(19.5)	271	(12.2)	171	(7.7)	120	(5.4)	27	(1.2)	7	(0.3)	2,213	(100.0)
Nevada [¶]	5,448	(58.4)	1,773	(19.0)	988	(10.6)	590	(6.3)	306	(3.3)	33	(0.4)	185	(2.0)	9,323	(100.0)
New Jersey ^{***}	18,665	(57.0)	5,416	(16.5)	2,092	(6.4)	3,192	(9.7)	2,502	(7.6)	874	(2.7)	21	(0.1)	32,762	(100.0)
New Mexico ^{¶¶}	3,613	(62.0)	901	(15.4)	529	(9.1)	353	(6.1)	325	(5.6)	63	(1.1)	48	(0.8)	5,832	(100.0)
New York	69,557	(55.7)	22,272	(17.8)	11,636	(9.3)	7,040	(5.6)	6,040	(4.8)	2,644	(2.1)	5,768	(4.6)	124,957	(100.0)
City [¶]	57,273	(63.1)	14,051	(15.5)	7,020	(7.7)	4,766	(5.2)	4,919	(5.4)	2,005	(2.2)	786	(0.9)	90,820	(100.0)
State	12,284	(36.0)	8,221	(24.1)	4,616	(13.5)	2,274	(6.7)	1,121	(3.3)	639	(1.9)	4,982	(14.6)	34,137	(100.0)
North Carolina [¶]	18,096	(58.4)	4,670	(15.1)	2,609	(8.4)	2,287	(7.4)	1,065	(3.4)	8	(0.0)	2,271	(7.3)	31,006	(100.0)
North Dakota [¶]	697	(51.5)	282	(20.8)	229	(16.9)	134	(9.9)	12	(0.9)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	1,354	(100.0)
Ohio [¶]	19,610	(55.5)	6,679	(18.9)	3,891	(11.0)	2,556	(7.2)	1,842	(5.2)	696	(2.0)	45	(0.1)	35,319	(100.0)
Oklahoma [¶]	4,011	(60.4)	1,341	(20.2)	691	(10.4)	396	(6.0)	198	(3.0)	7	(0.1)	0	(0.0)	6,644	(100.0)
Oregon [¶]	7,922	(62.8)	1,852	(14.7)	1,101	(8.7)	688	(5.5)	690	(5.5)	292	(2.3)	77	(0.6)	12,622	(100.0)
Pennsylvania	21,626	(58.6)	7,217	(19.6)	3,929	(10.6)	2,580	(7.0)	1,293	(3.5)	263	(0.7)	0	(0.0)	36,908	(100.0)
Rhode Island [¶]	3,701	(66.8)	867	(15.7)	356	(6.4)	383	(6.9)	206	(3.7)	12	(0.2)	13	(0.2)	5,538	(100.0)
South Carolina	4,377	(66.6)	1,301	(19.8)	662	(10.1)	97	(1.5)	23	(0.3)	25	(0.4)	88	(1.3)	6,573	(100.0)
South Dakota [¶]	402	(49.1)	250	(30.5)	127	(15.5)	33	(4.0)	4	(0.5)	1	(0.1)	2	(0.2)	819	(100.0)
Tennessee [¶]	11,508	(65.3)	2,966	(16.8)	2,219	(12.6)	679	(3.9)	91	(0.5)	12	(0.1)	135	(0.8)	17,610	(100.0)
Texas [¶]	49,279	(62.2)	13,151	(16.6)	7,201	(9.1)	4,999	(6.3)	3,032	(3.8)	910	(1.1)	594	(0.8)	79,166	(100.0)
Utah [¶]	2,246	(62.8)	576	(16.1)	246	(6.9)	251	(7.0)	186	(5.2)	2	(0.1)	69	(1.9)	3,576	(100.0)
Vermont	1,125	(67.0)	319	(19.0)	117	(7.0)	106	(6.3)	10	(0.6)	2	(0.1)	0	(0.0)	1,679	(100.0)
Virginia [¶]	17,962	(67.9)	4,722	(17.9)	2,454	(9.3)	512	(1.9)	232	(0.9)	76	(0.3)	479	(1.8)	26,437	(100.0)
Washington [¶]	15,569	(62.1)	4,181	(16.7)	2,326	(9.3)	1,438	(5.7)	1,081	(4.3)	450	(1.8)	39	(0.2)	25,084	(100.0)
Wisconsin ^{**} ,§§	5,920	(57.3)	1,846	(17.9)	1,136	(11.0)	710	(6.9)	514	(5.0)	201	(1.9)	0	(0.0)	10,327	(100.0)
Wyoming ^{**} ,†††	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	(100.0)
Total^{†††}	401,259	(59.4)	119,125	(17.6)	64,327	(9.5)	41,269	(6.1)	27,575	(4.1)	9,383	(1.4)	12,225	(1.8)	675,170	(100.0)

* Data for legal abortions obtained at ≤8 weeks of gestation are presented in Table 7 by ≤6, 7, and 8 weeks of gestation.

† Data from 42 states, the District of Columbia, and New York City; excludes one state (Nebraska) where gestational age was reported as unknown for >15% of women.

§ Percentages might not add to 100.0% because of rounding.

¶ Weeks of gestation based on physician's estimates.

** Weeks of gestation based on physician's estimates only if date of last menstrual period was unknown.

†† Numbers obtained at ≤12 weeks of gestation were redistributed.

§§ Includes residents only.

¶¶ Weeks of gestation based on date of last menstrual period only if physician's estimates were unknown.

*** Numbers do not include private physicians' procedures.

††† Wyoming detail not displayed because of small numbers.

TABLE 7. Reported legal abortions obtained at ≤ 8 weeks of gestation, by known weeks of gestation and state of occurrence — selected areas,* United States, 2003

State/Area	Weeks of gestation						Total obtained at ≤ 8 weeks of gestation	
	≤ 6		7		8		No.	(%) [†]
	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)		
Alabama [§]	2,907	(26.5)	2,090	(19.0)	1,623	(14.8)	6,620	(60.3)
Alaska [§]	329	(18.2)	386	(21.4)	301	(16.7)	1,016	(56.3)
Arizona [§]	3,225	(31.3)	1,771	(17.2)	1,347	(13.1)	6,343	(61.5)
Arkansas [¶]	1,584	(29.3)	797	(14.7)	683	(12.6)	3,064	(56.7)
Colorado [§]	2,719	(27.6)	1,717	(17.4)	1,610	(16.3)	6,046	(61.4)
Delaware ^{§,**}	761	(24.4)	519	(16.6)	502	(16.1)	1,782	(57.0)
District of Columbia	655	(12.8)	791	(15.4)	1,058	(20.7)	2,504	(48.9)
Georgia	7,700	(22.4)	6,168	(17.9)	5206	(15.2)	19,074	(55.5)
Hawaii [§]	383	(10.6)	727	(20.1)	603	(16.7)	1,713	(47.5)
Idaho [§]	134	(14.7)	161	(17.7)	245	(26.9)	540	(59.3)
Indiana [§]	3,943	(34.4)	1,962	(17.1)	1,714	(15.0)	7,619	(66.5)
Iowa ^{**}	2,455	(41.5)	1,110	(18.8)	620	(10.5)	4,185	(70.7)
Kansas [§]	3,668	(31.6)	1,974	(17.0)	1,388	(12.0)	7,030	(60.6)
Kentucky	904	(25.0)	761	(21.0)	461	(12.7)	2,126	(58.7)
Louisiana [§]	2,115	(19.9)	1,640	(15.4)	1,603	(15.1)	5,358	(50.3)
Maine ^{¶¶}	576	(22.6)	561	(22.0)	531	(20.8)	1,668	(65.4)
Michigan	8,156	(27.6)	5,406	(18.3)	4,783	(16.2)	18,345	(62.1)
Minnesota [§]	4,221	(30.0)	2,801	(19.9)	2,104	(14.9)	9,126	(64.8)
Mississippi	693	(18.5)	690	(18.4)	622	(16.6)	2,005	(53.4)
Missouri	2,278	(27.3)	1,570	(18.8)	1,232	(14.8)	5,080	(60.8)
Montana [§]	501	(22.6)	382	(17.3)	302	(13.6)	1,185	(53.5)
Nevada [§]	2,459	(26.4)	1,404	(15.1)	1,585	(17.0)	5,448	(58.4)
New Jersey ^{§§}	8,262	(25.2)	5,224	(15.9)	5,179	(15.8)	18,665	(57.0)
New Mexico ^{¶¶}	1,841	(31.6)	976	(16.7)	796	(13.6)	3,613	(62.0)
New York	30,101	(24.1)	21,403	(17.1)	18,053	(14.4)	69,557	(55.7)
City [§]	27,638	(30.4)	16,738	(18.4)	12,897	(14.2)	57,273	(63.1)
State	2,463	(7.2)	4,665	(13.7)	5,156	(15.1)	12,284	(36.0)
North Carolina [§]	7,353	(23.7)	5,947	(19.2)	4,796	(15.5)	18,096	(58.4)
North Dakota [§]	187	(13.8)	269	(19.9)	241	(17.8)	697	(51.5)
Ohio [§]	8,142	(23.1)	6,185	(17.5)	5,283	(15.0)	19,610	(55.5)
Oklahoma [§]	1,704	(25.6)	1,319	(19.9)	988	(14.9)	4,011	(60.4)
Oregon [§]	3,995	(31.7)	2,129	(16.9)	1,798	(14.2)	7,922	(62.8)
Pennsylvania	9,126	(24.7)	6,289	(17.0)	6,211	(16.8)	21,626	(58.6)
Rhode Island [§]	2,082	(37.6)	929	(16.8)	690	(12.5)	3,701	(66.8)
South Carolina	2,223	(33.8)	1,084	(16.5)	1,070	(16.3)	4,377	(66.6)
South Dakota [§]	66	(8.1)	107	(13.1)	229	(28.0)	402	(49.1)
Tennessee [§]	5,215	(29.6)	3,885	(22.1)	2,408	(13.7)	11,508	(65.3)
Texas [§]	23,554	(29.8)	13,542	(17.1)	12,183	(15.4)	49,279	(62.2)
Utah [§]	920	(25.7)	638	(17.8)	688	(19.2)	2,246	(62.8)
Vermont	515	(30.7)	362	(21.6)	248	(14.8)	1,125	(67.0)
Virginia [§]	8,163	(30.9)	5,264	(19.9)	4,535	(17.2)	17,962	(67.9)
Washington [§]	6,521	(26.0)	5,056	(20.2)	3,992	(15.9)	15,569	(62.1)
Wyoming ^{¶,¶¶}	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	(57.1)
Total^{¶¶¶}	172,336	(26.4)	115,996	(17.8)	99,511	(15.3)	387,847	(59.4)

* Data from 40 states, the District of Columbia, and New York City; excludes one state (Nebraska) where gestational age was reported as unknown for $>15\%$ of women, and two states that were included in Table 6 but did not provide component weeks of gestation for abortions obtained at ≤ 8 weeks.

† Percentages might not add to total percentage obtained at ≤ 8 weeks because of rounding.

§ Weeks of gestation based on physician's estimates.

¶ Weeks of gestation based on physician's estimates only if date of last menstrual period was unknown.

** Includes residents only.

¶¶ Weeks of gestation based on date of last menstrual period only if physicians' estimates were unknown.

§§ Numbers do not include private physician's procedures.

¶¶¶ Wyoming detail not displayed because of small numbers.

TABLE 8. Reported legal abortions, by type of procedure and state of occurrence — selected areas,* United States, 2003

State/Area	Procedure										Total No. (%) [¶]					
	Curettage ≤12 weeks		Curettage >12 weeks		All curettage [†]		Intrauterine instillation		Medical			Other [§]		Unknown		
	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)		No.	(%)	No.	(%)	
Alabama	8,442	(76.9)	1,324	(12.1)	9,789	(89.2)	5	(0.0)	**	—	1,119 ^{††}	(10.2)	66	(0.6)	10,979	(100.0)
Alaska	1,367	(75.7)	76	(4.2)	1,461	(80.9)	0	(0.0)	335	(18.5)	0	(0.0)	10	(0.6)	1,806	(100.0)
Arizona	5,323	(51.6)	920	(8.9)	6,588	(63.9)	1,005	(9.7)	2,471	(24.0)	0	(0.0)	252	(2.4)	10,316	(100.0)
Arkansas	4,453	(82.3)	913	(16.9)	5,366	(99.2)	5	(0.1)	37	(0.7)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	5,408	(100.0)
Colorado	7,152	(72.6)	903	(9.2)	8,120	(82.4)	7	(0.1)	898	(9.1)	827	(8.4)	0	(0.0)	9,852	(100.0)
Connecticut	— ^{§§}	—	— ^{§§}	—	11,774	(94.9)	3	(0.0)	625	(5.0)	2	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	12,404	(100.0)
Delaware ^{¶¶¶}	2,410	(77.1)	321	(10.3)	2,744	(87.8)	4	(0.1)	344	(11.0)	0	(0.0)	33	(1.1)	3,125	(100.0)
District of Columbia	— ^{§§}	—	— ^{§§}	—	4,831	(94.3)	1	(0.0)	289	(5.6)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	5,121	(100.0)
Georgia	28,586	(83.2)	4,770	(13.9)	33,356	(97.1)	14	(0.0)	**	—	193 ^{††}	(0.6)	800	(2.3)	34,363	(100.0)
Hawaii	3,036	(84.1)	533	(14.8)	3,598	(99.7)	6	(0.2)	***	—	0	(0.0)	4	(0.1)	3,608	(100.0)
Idaho	874	(95.9)	22	(2.4)	898	(98.6)	1	(0.1)	10	(1.1)	1	(0.1)	1	(0.1)	911	(100.0)
Indiana	9,457	(82.5)	293	(2.6)	10,053	(87.7)	1	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	830	(7.2)	574	(5.0)	11,458	(100.0)
Kansas	8,863	(76.4)	1,323	(11.4)	10,186	(87.8)	1	(0.0)	948	(8.2)	465	(4.0)	0	(0.0)	11,600	(100.0)
Kentucky	2,929	(80.9)	540	(14.9)	3,491	(96.4)	0	(0.0)	114	(3.1)	1	(0.0)	15	(0.4)	3,621	(100.0)
Louisiana	7,747	(72.8)	1,840	(17.3)	9,699	(91.1)	0	(0.0)	**	—	793 ^{††}	(7.4)	150	(1.4)	10,642	(100.0)
Maine	2,231	(87.5)	49	(1.9)	2,284	(89.6)	0	(0.0)	236	(9.3)	2	(0.1)	28	(1.1)	2,550	(100.0)
Maryland ^{¶¶¶}	— ^{§§}	—	— ^{§§}	—	8,001	(85.8)	1	(0.0)	495	(5.3)	824	(8.8)	0	(0.0)	9,321	(100.0)
Massachusetts	— ^{§§}	—	— ^{§§}	—	17,974	(69.8)	3,602	(14.0)	3,848	(14.9)	317	(1.2)	0	(0.0)	25,741	(100.0)
Michigan	23,848	(80.7)	3,036	(10.3)	27,110	(91.8)	11	(0.0)	2,405	(8.1)	5	(0.0)	9	(0.0)	29,540	(100.0)
Minnesota	11,664	(82.8)	1,429	(10.1)	13,093	(92.9)	8	(0.1)	974	(6.9)	14	(0.1)	2	(0.0)	14,091	(100.0)
Mississippi	3,314	(88.3)	318	(8.5)	3,750	(99.9)	2	(0.1)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	1	(0.0)	3,753	(100.0)
Missouri	6,520	(78.1)	583	(7.0)	7,154	(85.7)	1	(0.0)	1,188	(14.2)	3	(0.0)	4	(0.0)	8,350	(100.0)
Montana	1,796	(81.2)	315	(14.2)	2,116	(95.6)	0	(0.0)	88	(4.0)	8	(0.4)	1	(0.0)	2,213	(100.0)
Nebraska	— ^{§§}	—	— ^{§§}	—	3,867	(96.9)	0	(0.0)	121	(3.0)	2	(0.1)	0	(0.0)	3,990	(100.0)
Nevada	8,104	(86.9)	925	(9.9)	9,199	(98.7)	1	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	123	(1.3)	9,323	(100.0)
New Jersey ^{†††}	25,768	(78.7)	6,508	(19.9)	32,297	(98.6)	18	(0.1)	437	(1.3)	10	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	32,762	(100.0)
New Mexico	4,436	(76.1)	692	(11.9)	5,144	(88.2)	0	(0.0)	534	(9.2)	0	(0.0)	154	(2.6)	5,832	(100.0)
New York	94,041	(74.5)	15,260	(12.1)	114,042	(90.3)	76	(0.0)	9,928	(7.9)	916	(0.7)	1,343	(1.1)	126,305 ^{§§§}	(100.0)
City	72,061	(79.3)	11,466	(12.6)	84,040	(92.5)	28	(0.0)	6,108	(6.7)	42	(0.0)	602	(0.7)	90,820	(100.0)
State	21,980	(61.9)	3,794	(10.7)	30,002	(84.5)	48	(0.1)	3,820	(10.8)	874	(2.5)	741	(2.1)	35,485 ^{§§§}	(100.0)
North Carolina	22,371	(72.2)	3,180	(10.3)	26,913	(86.8)	50	(0.2)	2,722	(8.8)	19	(0.1)	1,302	(4.2)	31,006	(100.0)
North Dakota	1,208	(89.2)	146	(10.8)	1,354	(100.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	1,354	(100.0)
Ohio	26,358	(74.2)	5,053	(14.2)	31,447	(88.5)	308	(0.9)	3,296	(9.3)	389	(1.1)	100	(0.3)	35,540 ^{§§§}	(100.0)
Oklahoma	4,926	(74.1)	592	(8.9)	5,518	(83.1)	0	(0.0)	759	(11.4)	351	(5.3)	16	(0.2)	6,644	(100.0)
Oregon	8,904	(70.5)	1,627	(12.9)	10,593	(83.9)	9	(0.1)	2,006	(15.9)	8	(0.1)	6	(0.0)	12,622	(100.0)
Pennsylvania	29,138	(78.9)	3,907	(10.6)	33,045	(89.5)	147	(0.4)	3,583	(9.7)	133	(0.4)	0	(0.0)	36,908	(100.0)
Rhode Island	4,662	(84.2)	588	(10.6)	5,263	(95.0)	3	(0.1)	262	(4.7)	8	(0.1)	2	(0.0)	5,538	(100.0)
South Carolina	5,184	(78.9)	106	(1.6)	5,356	(81.5)	4	(0.1)	1,188	(18.1)	25	(0.4)	0	(0.0)	6,573	(100.0)
South Dakota	750	(91.6)	35	(4.3)	786	(96.0)	0	(0.0)	33	(4.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	819	(100.0)
Tennessee	13,459	(76.4)	651	(3.7)	14,207	(80.7)	723	(4.1)	8	(0.0)	35	(0.2)	2,637	(15.0)	17,610	(100.0)
Texas	60,459	(76.4)	8,704	(11.0)	69,511	(87.8)	33	(0.0)	9,111	(11.5)	54	(0.1)	457	(0.6)	79,166	(100.0)
Utah	2,189	(61.2)	436	(12.2)	2,661	(74.4)	0	(0.0)	915	(25.6)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	3,576	(100.0)
Vermont	1,223	(72.8)	111	(6.6)	1,334	(79.5)	1	(0.1)	343	(20.4)	1	(0.1)	0	(0.0)	1,679	(100.0)
Virginia	23,202	(87.8)	704	(2.7)	24,220	(91.6)	21	(0.1)	1,872	(7.1)	162	(0.6)	162	(0.6)	26,437	(100.0)
Washington	19,124	(76.2)	2,903	(11.6)	22,057	(87.9)	27	(0.1)	2,985	(11.9)	15	(0.1)	0	(0.0)	25,084	(100.0)
Wyoming	7	(100.0)	0	(0.0)	7	(100.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	0	(0.0)	7	(100.0)
Total	495,525	(70.8)	71,636	(10.2)	622,257	(89.0)	6,099	(0.9)	55,408	(7.9)	7,532	(1.1)	8,252	(1.2)	699,548	(100.0)

* Data from 43 states, the District of Columbia, and New York City.

† Includes abortions of unknown gestational age. Therefore, the first two columns might not add to the third.

§ Includes hysterotomy/hysterectomy and procedures reported as "other."

¶ Percentages might not add to 100.0% because of rounding.

** Medical procedures included with "other."

†† Includes medical (nonsurgical) procedures; no separate numbers provided.

§§ Not available.

¶¶ Includes residents only.

*** Recording area does not collect medical abortions as a separate category on abortion reporting form; whether any medical procedures are included in the "other" category is unknown.

††† Numbers do not include private physicians' procedures.

§§§ Does not add to total abortions reported because of some reported combination procedures.

TABLE 9. Reported legal abortions, by race of women who obtained an abortion and state of occurrence — selected areas,* United States, 2003

State/Area	Race								Total	
	White		Black		Other		Unknown			
	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%) [†]
Alabama	4,999	(45.5)	5,646	(51.4)	221	(2.0)	113	(1.0)	10,979	(100.0)
Alaska	1,042	(57.7)	115	(6.4)	641	(35.5)	8	(0.4)	1,806	(100.0)
Arkansas	3,132	(57.9)	1,925	(35.6)	273	(5.0)	78	(1.4)	5,408	(100.0)
Colorado	7,626	(77.4)	585	(5.9)	950	(9.6)	691	(7.0)	9,852	(100.0)
Delaware [§]	1,551	(49.6)	1,352	(43.3)	222	(7.1)	0	(0.0)	3,125	(100.0)
District of Columbia	561	(11.0)	3,717	(72.6)	822	(16.1)	21	(0.4)	5,121	(100.0)
Georgia	13,782	(40.1)	18,992	(55.3)	1,589	(4.6)	0	(0.0)	34,363	(100.0)
Hawaii	950	(26.3)	124	(3.4)	2,337	(64.8)	197	(5.5)	3,608	(100.0)
Idaho	845	(92.8)	11	(1.2)	42	(4.6)	13	(1.4)	911	(100.0)
Indiana	7,222	(63.0)	3,137	(27.4)	239	(2.1)	860	(7.5)	11,458	(100.0)
Iowa [§]	4,827	(81.6)	433	(7.3)	418	(7.1)	238	(4.0)	5,916	(100.0)
Kansas	8,272	(71.3)	2,701	(23.3)	619	(5.3)	8	(0.1)	11,600	(100.0)
Kentucky	2,613	(72.2)	711	(19.6)	242	(6.7)	55	(1.5)	3,621	(100.0)
Louisiana	4,316	(40.6)	5,315	(49.9)	308	(2.9)	703	(6.6)	10,642	(100.0)
Maryland [§]	2,463	(26.4)	5,312	(57.0)	908	(9.7)	638	(6.8)	9,321	(100.0)
Massachusetts	13,235	(51.4)	5,281	(20.5)	5,744	(22.3)	1,481	(5.8)	25,741	(100.0)
Michigan	15,797	(53.5)	11,113	(37.6)	942	(3.2)	1,688	(5.7)	29,540	(100.0)
Minnesota	9,085	(64.5)	2,934	(20.8)	1,814	(12.9)	258	(1.8)	14,091	(100.0)
Mississippi	957	(25.5)	2,764	(73.6)	5	(0.1)	27	(0.7)	3,753	(100.0)
Missouri	4,738	(56.7)	3,156	(37.8)	407	(4.9)	49	(0.6)	8,350	(100.0)
Montana	1,830	(82.7)	15	(0.7)	247	(11.2)	121	(5.5)	2,213	(100.0)
New Jersey [¶]	10,120	(30.9)	13,838	(42.2)	6,748	(20.6)	2,056	(6.3)	32,762	(100.0)
New York City	37,546	(41.3)	43,784	(48.2)	6,165	(6.8)	3,325	(3.7)	90,820	(100.0)
North Carolina	13,602	(43.9)	13,149	(42.4)	2,736	(8.8)	1,519	(4.9)	31,006	(100.0)
North Dakota	1,115	(82.3)	30	(2.2)	190	(14.0)	19	(1.4)	1,354	(100.0)
Ohio	20,717	(58.7)	12,463	(35.3)	809	(2.3)	1,330	(3.8)	35,319	(100.0)
Oklahoma	4,758	(71.6)	1,154	(17.4)	732	(11.0)	0	(0.0)	6,644	(100.0)
Oregon	10,644	(84.3)	735	(5.8)	1,151	(9.1)	92	(0.7)	12,622	(100.0)
Pennsylvania	20,696	(56.1)	14,403	(39.0)	1,780	(4.8)	29	(0.1)	36,908	(100.0)
South Carolina	3,821	(58.1)	2,559	(38.9)	193	(2.9)	0	(0.0)	6,573	(100.0)
Tennessee	9,297	(52.8)	7,701	(43.7)	460	(2.6)	152	(0.9)	17,610	(100.0)
Texas	56,954	(71.9)	16,633	(21.0)	3,758	(4.7)	1,821	(2.3)	79,166	(100.0)
Vermont	1,548	(92.2)	29	(1.7)	98	(5.8)	4	(0.2)	1,679	(100.0)
Virginia	11,681	(44.2)	10,802	(40.9)	1,884	(7.1)	2,070	(7.8)	26,437	(100.0)
Wisconsin [§]	7,174	(69.5)	2,432	(23.5)	**	NA ^{††}	721 ^{§§}	(7.0) ^{§§}	10,327	(100.0)
Total	319,516	(53.2)	215,051	(35.8)	45,694	(7.6)	20,385	(3.4)	600,646	(100.0)
Abortion ratio^{¶¶}	165		491		347				232	
Abortion rate^{***}	10		29		19				14	

* Data from 33 states, the District of Columbia, and New York City; excludes 10 states (Maine, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, New York (Upstate), Rhode Island, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming) where race was reported as unknown for >15% of women.

† Percentages might not add to 100.0% because of rounding.

§ Includes residents only.

¶ Numbers do not include private physicians' procedures.

** "Other" included with "unknown."

†† Not applicable.

§§ Includes "other."

¶¶ Calculated as the number of legal abortions obtained by women of a given race per 1,000 live births to women of the same race for these states. For each state, data for women of unknown race were distributed according to the known racial distribution for that state.

*** Calculated as the number of legal abortions obtained by women of a given race per 1,000 women aged 15–44 years of the same race for these states. For each state, data for women of unknown race were distributed according to the known racial distribution for that state. New York City data were excluded because separate population data were not readily available for New York City.

TABLE 10. Reported legal abortions, by ethnicity of women who obtained an abortion and state of occurrence — selected areas,* United States, 2003

State/Area	Ethnicity						Total	
	Hispanic		Non-Hispanic		Unknown			
	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%) [†]
Alabama	263	(2.4)	9,960	(90.7)	756	(6.9)	10,979	(100.0)
Alaska	120	(6.6)	1,542	(85.4)	144	(8.0)	1,806	(100.0)
Arkansas	229	(4.2)	5,150	(95.2)	29	(0.5)	5,408	(100.0)
Colorado	1,961	(19.9)	7,216	(73.2)	675	(6.9)	9,852	(100.0)
Delaware [§]	287	(9.2)	2,794	(89.4)	44	(1.4)	3,125	(100.0)
District of Columbia	529	(10.3)	4,571	(89.3)	21	(0.4)	5,121	(100.0)
Georgia	1,968	(5.7)	30,128	(87.7)	2,267	(6.6)	34,363	(100.0)
Hawaii	163	(4.5)	3,126	(86.6)	319	(8.8)	3,608	(100.0)
Idaho	110	(12.1)	785	(86.2)	16	(1.8)	911	(100.0)
Indiana	728	(6.4)	9,037	(78.9)	1,693	(14.8)	11,458	(100.0)
Kansas	868	(7.5)	10,486	(90.4)	246	(2.1)	11,600	(100.0)
Kentucky	3	(0.1)	3,563	(98.4)	55	(1.5)	3,621	(100.0)
Minnesota	775	(5.5)	13,187	(93.6)	129	(0.9)	14,091	(100.0)
Mississippi	22	(0.6)	3,728	(99.3)	3	(0.1)	3,753	(100.0)
Missouri	183	(2.2)	8,102	(97.0)	65	(0.8)	8,350	(100.0)
New Jersey [¶]	7,648	(23.3)	24,852	(75.9)	262	(0.8)	32,762	(100.0)
New York	33,401	(26.7)	83,471	(66.8)	8,085	(6.5)	124,957	(100.0)
City	29,953	(33.0)	57,678	(63.5)	3,189	(3.5)	90,820	(100.0)
State	3,448	(10.1)	25,793	(75.6)	4,896	(14.3)	34,137	(100.0)
North Dakota	1	(0.1)	1,345	(99.3)	8	(0.6)	1,354	(100.0)
Ohio	1,109	(3.1)	34,020	(96.3)	190	(0.5)	35,319	(100.0)
Oregon	1,315	(10.4)	11,274	(89.3)	33	(0.3)	12,622	(100.0)
Pennsylvania	2,219	(6.0)	34,678	(94.0)	11	(0.0)	36,908	(100.0)
South Carolina	281	(4.3)	6,292	(95.7)	0	(0.0)	6,573	(100.0)
Tennessee	578	(3.3)	16,725	(95.0)	307	(1.7)	17,610	(100.0)
Texas	29,155	(36.8)	48,190	(60.9)	1,821	(2.3)	79,166	(100.0)
Utah	837	(23.4)	2,296	(64.2)	443	(12.4)	3,576	(100.0)
Vermont	20	(1.2)	1,654	(98.5)	5	(0.3)	1,679	(100.0)
Wisconsin [§]	831	(8.0)	9,496	(92.0)	0	(0.0)	10,327	(100.0)
Wyoming ^{**}	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	(100.0)
Total**	85,604	(17.4)	387,668	(79.0)	17,627	(3.6)	490,906	(100.0)
Abortion ratio^{††}	228		234				233	
Abortion rate^{§§}	23		14				15	

* Data from 27 states, the District of Columbia, and New York City; excludes 12 states (Maine, Massachusetts, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Virginia, and Washington) where ethnicity was reported as unknown for >15% of women.

† Percentages might not add to 100.0 because of rounding.

§ Includes residents only.

¶ Numbers do not include private physicians' procedures.

** Wyoming detail not displayed because of small numbers.

†† Calculated as the number of legal abortions obtained by women of a given ethnicity per 1,000 live births to women of the same ethnicity for these states. For each state, data for women of unknown ethnicity were distributed according to the known ethnicity distribution for that state.

§§ Calculated as the number of legal abortions obtained by women of a given ethnicity per 1,000 women aged 15–44 years of the same ethnicity for these states. For each state, data for women of unknown ethnicity were distributed according to the known ethnicity distribution for that state.

TABLE 11. Reported legal abortions, by marital status of women who obtained an abortion and state of occurrence — selected areas,* United States, 2003

State/Area	Marital status						Total	
	Married [†]		Unmarried [§]		Unknown			
	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%) [¶]
Alabama	1,631	(14.9)	9,199	(83.8)	149	(1.4)	10,979	(100.0)
Alaska	373	(20.7)	1,336	(74.0)	97	(5.4)	1,806	(100.0)
Arizona	1,563	(15.2)	7,817	(75.8)	936	(9.1)	10,316	(100.0)
Arkansas	927	(17.1)	4,419	(81.7)	62	(1.1)	5,408	(100.0)
Colorado	1,822	(18.5)	7,593	(77.1)	437	(4.4)	9,852	(100.0)
Delaware**	472	(15.1)	2,653	(84.9)	0	(0.0)	3,125	(100.0)
District of Columbia	450	(8.8)	4,644	(90.7)	27	(0.5)	5,121	(100.0)
Georgia	6,210	(18.1)	27,556	(80.2)	597	(1.7)	34,363	(100.0)
Hawaii	730	(20.2)	2,825	(78.3)	53	(1.5)	3,608	(100.0)
Idaho	238	(26.1)	671	(73.7)	2	(0.2)	911	(100.0)
Illinois ^{††}	6,991	(16.5)	34,227	(81.0)	1,029	(2.4)	42,247	(100.0)
Indiana	1,681	(14.7)	9,125	(79.6)	652	(5.7)	11,458	(100.0)
Kansas	2,188	(18.9)	9,396	(81.0)	16	(0.1)	11,600	(100.0)
Kentucky	561	(15.5)	3,060	(84.5)	0	(0.0)	3,621	(100.0)
Maryland**	1,524	(16.4)	6,412	(68.8)	1,385	(14.9)	9,321	(100.0)
Massachusetts	4,314	(16.8)	20,541	(79.8)	886	(3.4)	25,741	(100.0)
Michigan	4,185	(14.2)	24,969	(84.5)	386	(1.3)	29,540	(100.0)
Minnesota	2,558	(18.2)	11,414	(81.0)	119	(0.8)	14,091	(100.0)
Mississippi	466	(12.4)	3,248	(86.5)	39	(1.0)	3,753	(100.0)
Missouri	1,661	(19.9)	6,532	(78.2)	157	(1.9)	8,350	(100.0)
Nevada	1,947	(20.9)	6,851	(73.5)	525	(5.6)	9,323	(100.0)
New Jersey ^{§§}	5,200	(15.9)	27,202	(83.0)	360	(1.1)	32,762	(100.0)
New Mexico	870	(14.9)	4,820	(82.6)	142	(2.4)	5,832	(100.0)
New York City	14,431	(15.9)	74,571	(82.1)	1,818	(2.0)	90,820	(100.0)
North Carolina	6,656	(21.5)	22,740	(73.3)	1,610	(5.2)	31,006	(100.0)
North Dakota	221	(16.3)	1,130	(83.5)	3	(0.2)	1,354	(100.0)
Ohio	5,885	(16.7)	29,015	(82.2)	419	(1.2)	35,319	(100.0)
Oklahoma	1,389	(20.9)	5,255	(79.1)	0	(0.0)	6,644	(100.0)
Oregon	2,769	(21.9)	9,599	(76.0)	254	(2.0)	12,622	(100.0)
Pennsylvania	5,904	(16.0)	30,997	(84.0)	7	(0.0)	36,908	(100.0)
South Carolina	1,137	(17.3)	5,434	(82.7)	2	(0.0)	6,573	(100.0)
Tennessee	3,104	(17.6)	14,187	(80.6)	319	(1.8)	17,610	(100.0)
Texas	15,969	(20.2)	61,720	(78.0)	1,477	(1.9)	79,166	(100.0)
Utah	809	(22.6)	2,315	(64.7)	452	(12.6)	3,576	(100.0)
Vermont	331	(19.7)	1,299	(77.4)	49	(2.9)	1,679	(100.0)
Virginia	4,658	(17.6)	18,556	(70.2)	3,223	(12.2)	26,437	(100.0)
Wisconsin**	1,681	(16.3)	8,627	(83.5)	19	(0.2)	10,327	(100.0)
Wyoming ^{¶¶}	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	(100.0)
Total^{¶¶¶}	113,506	(17.4)	521,955	(79.9)	17,708	(2.7)	653,176	(100.0)
Abortion ratio^{***}	63		538				228	

* Data from 36 states, the District of Columbia, and New York City; excludes seven states (Iowa, Louisiana, Maine, Montana, Nebraska, Rhode Island, and South Dakota) where marital status was reported as unknown for >15% of women.

† Includes married and separated.

§ Includes never married, divorced, and widowed.

¶ Percentages might not add to 100.0% because of rounding.

** Includes residents only.

†† Unpublished small numbers distributed as the known numbers by using data from public use tape.

§§ Numbers do not include private physicians' procedures.

¶¶ Wyoming detail not displayed because of small numbers.

¶¶¶ Calculated as the number of legal abortions obtained by women of a given marital status per 1,000 live births to women of the same marital status for these states. For each state, data for women of unknown marital status were distributed according to the known marital status distribution for that state.

TABLE 12. Reported legal abortions, by number of previous live births and state of occurrence — selected areas,* United States, 2003

State/Area	No. of previous live births													
	0		1		2		3		>4		Unknown		Total	
	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)†
Alabama	4,402	(40.1)	3,298	(30.0)	2,214	(20.2)	694	(6.3)	337	(3.1)	34	(0.3)	10,979	(100.0)
Alaska	739	(40.9)	499	(27.6)	309	(17.1)	128	(7.1)	119	(6.6)	12	(0.7)	1,806	(100.0)
Arizona	3,273	(31.7)	2,449	(23.7)	1,986	(19.3)	874	(8.5)	490	(4.7)	1,244	(12.1)	10,316	(100.0)
Arkansas	2,056	(38.0)	1,590	(29.4)	1,147	(21.2)	430	(8.0)	182	(3.4)	3	(0.1)	5,408	(100.0)
Colorado	5,003	(50.8)	2,130	(21.6)	1,700	(17.3)	615	(6.2)	331	(3.4)	73	(0.7)	9,852	(100.0)
Delaware§	1,199	(38.4)	815	(26.1)	603	(19.3)	239	(7.6)	149	(4.8)	120	(3.8)	3,125	(100.0)
Georgia	13,550	(39.4)	9,786	(28.5)	6,946	(20.2)	2,728	(7.9)	1,347	(3.9)	6	(0.0)	34,363	(100.0)
Hawaii	1,784	(49.4)	812	(22.5)	557	(15.4)	246	(6.8)	163	(4.5)	46	(1.3)	3,608	(100.0)
Idaho	414	(45.4)	210	(23.1)	176	(19.3)	65	(7.1)	41	(4.5)	5	(0.5)	911	(100.0)
Indiana	3,884	(33.9)	2,886	(25.2)	2,334	(20.4)	970	(8.5)	478	(4.2)	906	(7.9)	11,458	(100.0)
Iowa§	2,548	(43.1)	1,473	(24.9)	1,217	(20.6)	465	(7.9)	208	(3.5)	5	(0.1)	5,916	(100.0)
Kansas	4,721	(40.7)	2,938	(25.3)	2,444	(21.1)	989	(8.5)	508	(4.4)	0	(0.0)	11,600	(100.0)
Kentucky	1,450	(40.0)	1,056	(29.2)	753	(20.8)	258	(7.1)	104	(2.9)	0	(0.0)	3,621	(100.0)
Louisiana	3,741	(35.2)	3,105	(29.2)	2,088	(19.6)	780	(7.3)	359	(3.4)	569	(5.3)	10,642	(100.0)
Maine	1,309	(51.3)	628	(24.6)	427	(16.7)	138	(5.4)	47	(1.8)	1	(0.0)	2,550	(100.0)
Maryland§¶	3,545	(38.0)	2,669	(28.6)	1,964	(21.1)	778	(8.3)	365	(3.9)	0	(0.0)	9,321	(100.0)
Michigan	11,343	(38.4)	7,842	(26.5)	6,215	(21.0)	2,716	(9.2)	1,424	(4.8)	0	(0.0)	29,540	(100.0)
Minnesota	5,841	(41.5)	3,497	(24.8)	2,713	(19.3)	1,252	(8.9)	767	(5.4)	21	(0.1)	14,091	(100.0)
Mississippi	1,301	(34.7)	1,182	(31.5)	834	(22.2)	296	(7.9)	136	(3.6)	4	(0.1)	3,753	(100.0)
Missouri	3,149	(37.7)	2,244	(26.9)	1,792	(21.5)	723	(8.7)	442	(5.3)	0	(0.0)	8,350	(100.0)
Montana	1,069	(48.3)	545	(24.6)	378	(17.1)	155	(7.0)	66	(3.0)	0	(0.0)	2,213	(100.0)
Nebraska	1,679	(42.1)	1,000	(25.1)	823	(20.6)	338	(8.5)	150	(3.8)	0	(0.0)	3,990	(100.0)
Nevada	3,804	(40.8)	2,181	(23.4)	1,861	(20.0)	761	(8.2)	416	(4.5)	300	(3.2)	9,323	(100.0)
New Jersey**	13,127	(40.1)	9,072	(27.7)	6,312	(19.3)	2,618	(8.0)	1,540	(4.7)	93	(0.3)	32,762	(100.0)
New York	52,154	(41.7)	32,008	(25.6)	23,563	(18.9)	10,226	(8.2)	6,155	(4.9)	851	(0.7)	124,957	(100.0)
City	34,274	(37.7)	25,100	(27.6)	18,194	(20.0)	7,807	(8.6)	4,594	(5.1)	851	(0.9)	90,820	(100.0)
State	17,880	(52.4)	6,908	(20.2)	5,369	(15.7)	2,419	(7.1)	1,561	(4.6)	0	(0.0)	34,137	(100.0)
North Carolina	10,961	(35.4)	7,090	(22.9)	5,138	(16.6)	2,254	(7.3)	1,452	(4.7)	4,111	(13.3)	31,006	(100.0)
North Dakota	618	(45.6)	340	(25.1)	239	(17.7)	105	(7.8)	52	(3.8)	0	(0.0)	1,354	(100.0)
Ohio	9,913	(28.1)	9,805	(27.8)	7,358	(20.8)	2,978	(8.4)	1,480	(4.2)	3,785	(10.7)	35,319	(100.0)
Oklahoma¶	2,586	(38.9)	1,860	(28.0)	1,391	(20.9)	573	(8.6)	234	(3.5)	0	(0.0)	6,644	(100.0)
Oregon	5,543	(43.9)	3,188	(25.3)	2,474	(19.6)	906	(7.2)	465	(3.7)	46	(0.4)	12,622	(100.0)
Pennsylvania	14,826	(40.2)	10,027	(27.2)	7,410	(20.1)	3,036	(8.2)	1,603	(4.3)	6	(0.0)	36,908	(100.0)
Rhode Island¶	2,370	(42.8)	1,486	(26.8)	1,044	(18.9)	401	(7.2)	215	(3.9)	22	(0.4)	5,538	(100.0)
South Carolina	2,835	(43.1)	1,865	(28.4)	1,237	(18.8)	441	(6.7)	195	(3.0)	0	(0.0)	6,573	(100.0)
South Dakota¶	358	(43.7)	194	(23.7)	160	(19.5)	78	(9.5)	29	(3.5)	0	(0.0)	819	(100.0)
Tennessee	6,174	(35.1)	5,269	(29.9)	3,822	(21.7)	1,479	(8.4)	784	(4.5)	82	(0.5)	17,610	(100.0)
Texas	30,140	(38.1)	22,016	(27.8)	16,704	(21.1)	6,688	(8.4)	3,262	(4.1)	356	(0.4)	79,166	(100.0)
Utah	1,452	(40.6)	859	(24.0)	672	(18.8)	332	(9.3)	176	(4.9)	85	(2.4)	3,576	(100.0)
Vermont	892	(53.1)	361	(21.5)	292	(17.4)	94	(5.6)	37	(2.2)	3	(0.2)	1,679	(100.0)
Virginia	10,044	(38.0)	6,998	(26.5)	4,963	(18.8)	1,788	(6.8)	802	(3.0)	1,842	(7.0)	26,437	(100.0)
Washington	11,387	(45.4)	6,339	(25.3)	4,698	(18.7)	1,821	(7.3)	797	(3.2)	42	(0.2)	25,084	(100.0)
Wyoming††	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	(100.0)
Total††	257,184	(39.3)	173,612	(26.5)	128,958	(19.7)	52,456	(8.0)	27,907	(4.3)	14,673	(2.2)	654,797	(100.0)
Abortion ratio§§	227		190		271		283		234				227	

* Data from 41 states and New York City; excludes two states (Massachusetts and New Mexico) where the number of previous live births were reported as unknown for >15% of women.

† Percentages might not add to 100.0% because of rounding.

§ Includes residents only.

¶ Indicates number of living children.

** Numbers do not include private physicians' procedures.

†† Wyoming detail not displayed because of small numbers.

§§ Calculated as the number of legal abortions obtained by women with a given number of previous live births per 1,000 live births to women with the same number of previous live births for these states. For each state, data for women whose number of previous live births were unknown were distributed according to the known number of previous live births for that state.

TABLE 13. Reported legal abortions, by number of previous legal induced abortions and state of occurrence — selected areas,* United States, 2003

State/Area	No. of previous induced abortions											
	0		1		2		≥3		Unknown		Total	
	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)†
Alabama	7,061	(64.3)	2,638	(24.0)	861	(7.8)	372	(3.4)	47	(0.4)	10,979	(100.0)
Alaska	1,111	(61.5)	409	(22.6)	170	(9.4)	95	(5.3)	21	(1.2)	1,806	(100.0)
Arkansas	3,353	(62.0)	1,372	(25.4)	470	(8.7)	208	(3.8)	5	(0.1)	5,408	(100.0)
Colorado	6,369	(64.6)	2,454	(24.9)	698	(7.1)	259	(2.6)	72	(0.7)	9,852	(100.0)
Delaware§	1,744	(55.8)	811	(26.0)	308	(9.9)	185	(5.9)	77	(2.5)	3,125	(100.0)
Georgia	20,788	(60.5)	8,933	(26.0)	3,065	(8.9)	1,577	(4.6)	0	(0.0)	34,363	(100.0)
Hawaii	2,090	(57.9)	885	(24.5)	366	(10.1)	238	(6.6)	29	(0.8)	3,608	(100.0)
Idaho	691	(75.9)	159	(17.5)	38	(4.2)	16	(1.8)	7	(0.8)	911	(100.0)
Indiana	6,576	(57.4)	2,781	(24.3)	888	(7.8)	416	(3.6)	797	(7.0)	11,458	(100.0)
Iowa§	3,787	(64.0)	1,439	(24.3)	435	(7.4)	224	(3.8)	31	(0.5)	5,916	(100.0)
Kansas	7,082	(61.1)	2,902	(25.0)	1,072	(9.2)	543	(4.7)	1	(0.0)	11,600	(100.0)
Kentucky	1,996	(55.1)	934	(25.8)	389	(10.7)	302	(8.3)	0	(0.0)	3,621	(100.0)
Maine	1,609	(63.1)	658	(25.8)	201	(7.9)	81	(3.2)	1	(0.0)	2,550	(100.0)
Maryland§	2,760	(29.6)	3,022	(32.4)	1,864	(20.0)	1,675	(18.0)	0	(0.0)	9,321	(100.0)
Massachusetts	12,353	(48.0)	6,618	(25.7)	3,123	(12.1)	2,194	(8.5)	1,453	(5.6)	25,741	(100.0)
Michigan	15,281	(51.7)	7,616	(25.8)	3,741	(12.7)	2,902	(9.8)	0	(0.0)	29,540	(100.0)
Minnesota	7,986	(56.7)	3,664	(26.0)	1,420	(10.1)	1,020	(7.2)	1	(0.0)	14,091	(100.0)
Mississippi	2,483	(66.2)	912	(24.3)	269	(7.2)	87	(2.3)	2	(0.1)	3,753	(100.0)
Missouri	4,710	(56.4)	2,260	(27.1)	872	(10.4)	506	(6.1)	2	(0.0)	8,350	(100.0)
Montana	1,224	(55.3)	593	(26.8)	245	(11.1)	151	(6.8)	0	(0.0)	2,213	(100.0)
Nebraska	2,806	(70.3)	788	(19.7)	248	(6.2)	148	(3.7)	0	(0.0)	3,990	(100.0)
Nevada	4,993	(53.6)	2,366	(25.4)	1,033	(11.1)	714	(7.7)	217	(2.3)	9,323	(100.0)
New Jersey¶	20,876	(63.7)	6,194	(18.9)	3,188	(9.7)	2,394	(7.3)	110	(0.3)	32,762	(100.0)
New York	54,802	(43.9)	30,954	(24.8)	17,522	(14.0)	16,119	(12.9)	5,560	(4.4)	124,957	(100.0)
City	37,754	(41.6)	23,832	(26.2)	14,261	(15.7)	13,605	(15.0)	1,368	(1.5)	90,820	(100.0)
State	17,048	(49.9)	7,122	(20.9)	3,261	(9.6)	2,514	(7.4)	4,192	(12.3)	34,137	(100.0)
North Carolina	15,387	(49.6)	7,254	(23.4)	2,770	(8.9)	1,270	(4.1)	4,325	(13.9)	31,006	(100.0)
North Dakota	1,163	(85.9)	149	(11.0)	34	(2.5)	8	(0.6)	0	(0.0)	1,354	(100.0)
Oklahoma	5,811	(87.5)	657	(9.9)	134	(2.0)	42	(0.6)	0	(0.0)	6,644	(100.0)
Oregon	6,884	(54.5)	3,322	(26.3)	1,445	(11.4)	915	(7.2)	56	(0.4)	12,622	(100.0)
Pennsylvania	20,377	(55.2)	9,643	(26.1)	4,222	(11.4)	2,661	(7.2)	5	(0.0)	36,908	(100.0)
Rhode Island	2,966	(53.6)	1,507	(27.2)	609	(11.0)	428	(7.7)	28	(0.5)	5,538	(100.0)
South Carolina	4,011	(61.0)	1,695	(25.8)	600	(9.1)	267	(4.1)	0	(0.0)	6,573	(100.0)
South Dakota	639	(78.0)	117	(14.3)	45	(5.5)	18	(2.2)	0	(0.0)	819	(100.0)
Tennessee	8,916	(50.6)	4,767	(27.1)	2,203	(12.5)	1,620	(9.2)	104	(0.6)	17,610	(100.0)
Texas	45,811	(57.9)	21,069	(26.6)	7,631	(9.6)	4,079	(5.2)	576	(0.7)	79,166	(100.0)
Utah	2,397	(67.0)	738	(20.6)	230	(6.4)	211	(5.9)	0	(0.0)	3,576	(100.0)
Vermont	1,012	(60.3)	420	(25.0)	152	(9.1)	93	(5.5)	2	(0.1)	1,679	(100.0)
Virginia	13,615	(51.5)	7,186	(27.2)	2,679	(10.1)	1,294	(4.9)	1,663	(6.3)	26,437	(100.0)
Washington	13,226	(52.7)	6,627	(26.4)	3,046	(12.1)	2,131	(8.5)	54	(0.2)	25,084	(100.0)
Wyoming**	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	(100.0)
Total**	336,746	(53.9)	156,513	(25.1)	68,286	(10.9)	47,463	(7.6)	15,246	(2.4)	624,261	(100.0)

* Data from 39 states and New York City; excludes four areas (Arizona, District of Columbia, New Mexico, and Ohio) where number of previous induced abortions were reported as unknown for >15% of women.

† Percentages might not add to 100.0% because of rounding.

§ Includes residents only.

¶ Numbers do not include private physicians' procedures.

** Wyoming detail not displayed because of small numbers.

TABLE 14. Reported legal abortions, by known race, age group, and marital status of women who obtained an abortion — selected areas,* United States, 2003

Characteristic	Race						Total	
	White		Black		Other			
	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)
Age group (yrs)								
<15	1,423	(0.5)	1,829	(0.9)	144	(0.4)	3,396	(0.6)
15–19	51,141	(16.8)	32,396	(15.8)	5,057	(13.0)	88,594	(16.2)
20–24	104,120	(34.2)	69,543	(33.9)	11,299	(29.0)	184,962	(33.7)
25–29	66,212	(21.7)	51,001	(24.9)	9,177	(23.6)	126,390	(23.0)
30–34	44,016	(14.5)	31,410	(15.3)	7,004	(18.0)	82,430	(15.0)
35–39	26,704	(8.8)	14,652	(7.1)	4,393	(11.3)	45,749	(8.3)
≥40	10,813	(3.6)	4,371	(2.1)	1,859	(4.8)	17,043	(3.1)
Total*	304,429	(100.0)	205,202	(100.0)	38,933	(100.0)	548,564	(100.0)
Marital status								
Married	57,279	(19.9)	21,611	(11.3)	13,200	(36.3)	92,090	(17.9)
Unmarried	230,102	(80.1)	169,843	(88.7)	23,206	(63.7)	423,151	(82.1)
Total†	287,381	(100.0)	191,454	(100.0)	36,406	(100.0)	515,241	(100.0)

* Data from 32 states and New York City; excludes 10 states (Maine, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, New York [Upstate], Rhode Island, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming) where race was reported as unknown for >15% of women. Percentages might not add to 100.0% because of rounding.

† Data from 28 states and New York City; excludes 11 states (Iowa, Louisiana, Maine, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Utah, and Wyoming) where race or marital status was reported as unknown for >15% of women.

TABLE 15. Reported legal abortions, by known ethnicity, age group, and marital status of women who obtained an abortion — selected areas, United States, 2003

Characteristic	Ethnicity				Total	
	Hispanic		Non-Hispanic			
	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)
Age groups (yrs)						
<15	441	(0.5)	2,493	(0.7)	2,934	(0.6)
15–19	13,156	(15.5)	63,499	(16.6)	76,655	(16.4)
20–24	29,376	(34.7)	127,351	(33.3)	156,727	(33.6)
25–29	20,845	(24.6)	85,648	(22.4)	106,493	(22.8)
30–34	12,262	(14.5)	57,369	(15.0)	69,631	(14.9)
35–39	6,374	(7.5)	33,162	(8.7)	39,536	(8.5)
≥40	2,276	(2.7)	12,525	(3.3)	14,801	(3.2)
Total*	84,730	(100.0)	382,047	(100.0)	466,777	(100.0)
Marital status						
Married	15,471	(19.3)	61,410	(17.4)	76,881	(17.8)
Unmarried	64,493	(80.7)	291,095	(82.6)	355,588	(82.2)
Total†	79,964	(100.0)	352,505	(100.0)	432,469	(100.0)

* Data from 27 states and New York City; excludes 10 states (Maine, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, Virginia, and Washington) where ethnicity was reported as unknown for >15% of women.

† Data from 26 states and New York City; excludes 10 states (Maine, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, South Dakota, and Virginia) where ethnicity or marital status was reported as unknown for >15% of women.

TABLE 16. Reported legal abortions, by known weeks of gestation, age group, race, and ethnicity of women who obtained an abortion — selected areas, United States, 2003

Characteristic	Weeks of gestation										Total			
	≤8		9–10		11–12		13–15		16–20				≥21	
	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)*
Age group (yrs)														
<15	1,563	(39.9)	800	(20.4)	541	(13.8)	455	(11.6)	374	(9.5)	186	(4.7)	3,919	(100.0)
15–19	53,930	(50.6)	21,619	(20.3)	13,206	(12.4)	9,094	(8.5)	6,301	(5.9)	2,464	(2.3)	106,614	(100.0)
20–24	127,698	(58.9)	40,132	(18.5)	22,471	(10.4)	14,474	(6.7)	9,045	(4.2)	2,930	(1.4)	216,750	(100.0)
25–29	93,417	(64.1)	25,184	(17.3)	12,850	(8.8)	7,880	(5.4)	4,898	(3.4)	1,601	(1.1)	145,830	(100.0)
30–34	63,066	(66.2)	15,719	(16.5)	7,664	(8.0)	4,586	(4.8)	3,144	(3.3)	1,142	(1.2)	95,321	(100.0)
35–39	35,605	(66.5)	8,652	(16.2)	4,049	(7.6)	2,500	(4.7)	2,093	(3.9)	664	(1.2)	53,563	(100.0)
≥40	13,708	(67.9)	3,002	(14.9)	1,417	(7.0)	881	(4.4)	881	(4.4)	299	(1.5)	20,188	(100.0)
Total†	388,987	(60.6)	115,108	(17.9)	62,198	(9.7)	39,870	(6.2)	26,736	(4.2)	9,286	(1.4)	642,185	(100.0)
Race														
White	187,133	(63.8)	48,821	(16.6)	25,739	(8.8)	16,354	(5.6)	11,307	(3.9)	3,956	(1.3)	293,310	(100.0)
Black	111,273	(56.7)	37,785	(19.3)	21,329	(10.9)	14,001	(7.1)	8,933	(4.6)	2,789	(1.4)	196,110	(100.0)
Other	25,233	(66.6)	5,637	(14.9)	2,704	(7.1)	2,182	(5.8)	1,596	(4.2)	518	(1.4)	37,870	(100.0)
Total§	323,639	(61.4)	92,243	(17.5)	49,772	(9.4)	32,537	(6.2)	21,836	(4.1)	7,263	(1.4)	527,290	(100.0)
Ethnicity														
Hispanic	51,237	(61.5)	14,292	(17.2)	7,298	(8.8)	5,507	(6.6)	3,847	(4.6)	1,131	(1.4)	83,312	(100.0)
Non-Hispanic	219,936	(59.5)	67,535	(18.3)	36,861	(10.0)	23,089	(6.2)	16,164	(4.4)	6,222	(1.7)	369,807	(100.0)
Total¶	271,173	(59.8)	81,827	(18.1)	44,159	(9.7)	28,596	(6.3)	20,011	(4.4)	7,353	(1.6)	453,119	(100.0)

* Percentages might not add to 100.0% because of rounding.

† Data from 41 states and New York City.

§ Data from 30 states and New York City; excludes nine states (Maine, Nevada, New Mexico, New York [Upstate], Rhode Island, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming) where race was reported as unknown for >15% of women.

¶ Data from 26 states and New York City; excludes nine states (Maine, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, Virginia, and Washington) where ethnicity was reported as unknown for >15% of women.

TABLE 17. Reported legal abortions obtained at ≤8 weeks of gestation, by known weeks of gestation, age group, race, and ethnicity of women who obtained an abortion — selected areas, United States, 2003

Characteristic	Weeks of gestation						Total	
	≤6		7		8			
	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)*
Age group (yrs)								
<15	570	(14.8)	463	(12.0)	509	(13.2)	1,542	(40.0)
15–19	21,193	(20.2)	16,293	(15.6)	15,556	(14.8)	53,042	(50.6)
20–24	54,820	(25.7)	37,734	(17.7)	33,174	(15.6)	125,728	(59.0)
25–29	42,379	(29.5)	27,383	(19.1)	22,266	(15.5)	92,028	(64.1)
30–34	28,950	(30.8)	18,515	(19.7)	14,760	(15.7)	62,225	(66.2)
35–39	16,224	(30.8)	10,345	(19.7)	8,450	(16.1)	35,019	(66.6)
≥40	6,522	(32.9)	3,855	(19.4)	3,106	(15.7)	13,483	(68.0)
Total†	170,658	(27.0)	114,588	(18.1)	97,821	(15.5)	383,067	(60.6)
Race								
White	89,629	(30.6)	53,377	(18.2)	44,127	(15.0)	187,133	(63.8)
Black	44,598	(22.7)	35,499	(18.1)	31,176	(15.9)	111,273	(56.7)
Other	12,445	(32.9)	7,294	(19.3)	5,494	(14.5)	25,233	(66.6)
Total§	146,672	(27.8)	96,170	(18.2)	80,797	(15.3)	323,639	(61.4)
Ethnicity								
Hispanic	24,025	(28.8)	14,548	(17.5)	12,664	(15.2)	51,237	(61.5)
Non-Hispanic	96,601	(26.1)	66,461	(18.0)	56,874	(15.4)	219,936	(59.5)
Total¶	120,626	(26.6)	81,009	(17.9)	69,538	(15.3)	271,173	(59.8)

* Percentages were calculated using total number of abortions obtained at all known weeks of gestation. Percentages might not add to the percentage obtained at ≤8 weeks of gestation because fewer states are included in certain variables. Also, percentages might not add to the total percentage because of rounding.

† Data from 40 states and New York City.

§ Data from 30 states and New York City; excludes nine states (Maine, Nevada, New Mexico, New York [Upstate], Rhode Island, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming) where race was reported as unknown for >15% of women.

¶ Data from 26 states and New York City; excludes nine states (Maine, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, Virginia, and Washington) where ethnicity was reported as unknown for >15% of women.

TABLE 18. Reported legal abortions, by known weeks of gestation and types of procedures — selected areas,* United States, 2003

Type of procedure	Weeks of gestation										Total			
	≤8		9–10		11–12		13–15		16–20				≥21	
	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)	No.	(%)
Curettage (suction or sharp) [†]	325,019	(86.3)	110,480	(98.1)	60,026	(99.0)	38,617	(99.0)	25,092	(96.3)	7,927	(87.2)	567,161	(90.9)
Intrauterine instillation	1,524	(0.4)	349	(0.3)	137	(0.2)	119	(0.3)	265	(1.1)	69	(0.8)	2,463	(0.4)
Medical [§]	45,685	(12.1)	1,429	(1.3)	291	(0.5)	151	(0.4)	399	(1.5)	307	(3.4)	48,262	(7.7)
Other	4,346	(1.2)	360	(0.3)	201	(0.3)	120	(0.3)	300	(1.1)	786	(8.6)	6,113	(1.0)
Total	376,574	(100.0)	112,618	(100.0)	60,655	(100.0)	39,007	(100.0)	26,056	(100.0)	9,089	(100.0)	623,999	(100.0)

* Data from 39 states and New York City; excludes one state (Nebraska) where gestational age was reported as unknown for >15% of women.

[†] Includes dilatation and evacuation.

[§] Medical (nonsurgical) procedures differed by weeks of gestation (i.e., methotrexate and misoprostol or mifepristone and misoprostol were reported for abortions performed at ≤8 weeks' gestation; vaginal prostaglandins were primarily reported for abortions performed at later weeks of gestation).

^{||} Includes hysterotomy/hysterectomy and procedures reported as "other."

TABLE 19. Number of deaths and case-fatality rates* for abortion-related deaths reported to CDC, by type of abortion — United States, 1972–2002†

Year	Type of abortion			Total	Case-fatality rate*
	Induced		Unknown§		
	Legal	Illegal			
1972	24	39	2	65	4.1
1973	25	19	3	47	4.1
1974	26	6	1	33	3.4
1975	29	4	1	34	3.4
1976	11	2	1	14	1.1
1977	17	4	0	21	1.6
1978	9	7	0	16	0.8
1979	22	0	0	22	1.8
1980	9	1	2	12	0.7
1981	8	1	0	9	0.6
1982	11	1	0	12	0.8
1983	11	1	0	12	0.9
1984	12	0	0	12	0.9
1985	11	1	1	13	0.8
1986	11	0	2	13	0.8
1987	7	2	0	9	0.5
1988	16	0	0	16	1.2
1989	12	1	0	13	0.9
1990	9	0	0	9	0.6
1991	11	1	0	12	0.8
1992	10	0	0	10	0.7
1993	6	1	2	9	0.5
1994	10	2	0	12	0.8
1995	4	0	0	4	0.3
1996	9	0	0	9	0.7
1997	7	0	0	7	0.6
1998	10	0	0	10	—¶
1999	4	0	0	4	—¶
2000	11	0	0	11	—¶
2001	6	1	0	7	—¶
2002	9	0	0	9	—¶
Total	377	94	15	486	1.1**

* Legal induced abortion-related deaths per 100,000 reported legal induced abortions for the United States.

† Certain numbers might differ from those in previously published reports because additional information has been supplied to CDC.

§ Unknown whether induced or spontaneous abortions.

¶ Case-fatality rates for 1998–2002 cannot be calculated because a substantial number of abortions occurred in the nonreporting states/areas, and the total number of abortions (the denominator) is unknown.

** Case-fatality rate computed for 1972–1997 only.

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