

Table 3.2 – Part 1 of 2

Numbers and rates* of reported cases† of acute hepatitis C virus infection, by demographic characteristics United States 2016–2020

Characteristics	2016 No.	2016 Rate*	2017 No.	2017 Rate*	2018 No.	2018 Rate*	2019 No.	2019 Rate*	2020 No.	2020 Rate*
Total[§]	2,967	1.0	3,216	1.0	3,621	1.2	4,136	1.3	4,798	1.5
Age (years)										
0–19	86	0.1	103	0.1	81	0.1	63	0.1	57	0.1
20–29	1,135	2.7	1,189	2.7	1,310	3.0	1,262	2.9	1,230	2.8
30–39	868	2.2	937	2.3	1,070	2.6	1,347	3.2	1,526	3.5
40–49	452	1.2	441	1.1	494	1.3	664	1.7	820	2.1
50–59	264	0.6	332	0.8	366	0.9	442	1.1	578	1.4
≥60	141	0.2	185	0.3	295	0.4	358	0.5	586	0.8
Sex										
Male	1,627	1.1	1,775	1.2	2,012	1.3	2,471	1.6	3,105	2.0
Female	1,310	0.8	1,431	0.9	1,605	1.0	1,653	1.0	1,687	1.0
Race/ethnicity										
American Indian/Alaska Native	70	3.1	67	2.9	83	3.6	83	3.6	48	2.1
Asian/Pacific Islander	25	0.1	23	0.1	29	0.1	36	0.2	76	0.4
Black, non-Hispanic	130	0.3	202	0.5	231	0.6	267	0.7	458	1.1
White, non-Hispanic	2,109	1.1	2,227	1.2	2,405	1.3	2,683	1.4	3,060	1.6
Hispanic	191	0.3	234	0.4	280	0.5	350	0.6	415	0.7

* Rates per 100,000 population.

† Reported confirmed cases. For the case definition, see <https://ndc.services.cdc.gov/conditions/hepatitis-c-acute/>.

§ Numbers reported in each category may not add up to the total number of reported cases in a year due to cases with missing data or, in the case of race/ethnicity, cases categorized as “Other”.

Source: CDC, National Notifiable Diseases Surveillance System.

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Viral Hepatitis Surveillance Report – United States, 2020. <https://www.cdc.gov/hepatitis/statistics/2020surveillance/index.htm>. Published September 2022.



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Urbanicity[¶]										
Urban	2,227	0.8	2,397	0.9	2,782	1.0	3,275	1.2	3,957	1.4
Rural	501	1.2	485	1.1	676	1.6	720	1.7	757	1.7
HHS Region**										
Region 1: Boston	471	3.8	391	2.8	172	1.2	237	1.7	329	2.4
Region 2: New York	301	1.0	313	1.1	332	1.2	405	1.4	455	1.6
Region 3: Philadelphia	422	1.4	424	1.4	404	1.4	392	1.3	365	1.2
Region 4: Atlanta	706	1.1	826	1.3	1,056	1.7	1,253	2.0	1,957	2.9
Region 5: Chicago	615	1.2	692	1.3	977	1.9	1,053	2.0	902	1.7
Region 6: Dallas	95	0.2	105	0.2	114	0.3	157	0.4	384	0.9
Region 7: Kansas City	41	0.4	70	0.6	89	0.8	74	0.5	60	0.4
Region 8: Denver	152	1.4	162	1.4	225	1.9	222	1.9	138	1.1
Region 9: San Francisco	76	0.2	138	0.3	133	0.3	222	0.5	71	0.2
Region 10: Seattle	88	0.7	95	0.7	119	0.9	121	0.9	137	1.0

* Rates per 100,000 population.

† Reported confirmed cases. For the case definition, see <https://ndc.services.cdc.gov/conditions/hepatitis-c-acute/>.

¶ Urbanicity was categorized according to the 2013 National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) urban-rural classification scheme for counties and county-equivalent entities (https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data_access/urban_rural.htm). Large central metro, large fringe metro, medium metro, and small metro counties were grouped as urban. Micropolitan and noncore counties were grouped as rural.

** US Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) Regions were categorized according to the grouping of states and US territories assigned under each of the ten Department of Health and Human Services regional offices (<https://www.hhs.gov/about/agencies/iea/regional-offices/index.html>). For the purposes of this report, regions with US territories (Region 2 and Region 9) contain data from states only.

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