Catheter-associated Urinary Tract Infection (CAUTI) Deep Dive for Infection Preventionists

A tool to accompany the CAUTI Targeted Assessment for Prevention (TAP) Facility Assessment

This supplemental tool is designed to be completed *once* per facility by the infection preventionist (or the lead of CAUTI Prevention), allowing for a further assessment of possible areas for improvement in CAUTI prevention practices.

Instructions for Use:

- 1. Complete assessments facility personnel complete CAUTI TAP Facility Assessments (available on <u>TAP Webpage</u>) and Infection Preventionist or CAUTI prevention lead completes this Deep Dive
- 2. Provide additional context to further interpret results and potential gaps in open text fields throughout Deep Dive
 - When answering open-text fields consider exceptions to the rule, variations by role, frequency, and challenges
- 3. Review TAP Facility Assessment data and Deep Dive responses in conjunction by corresponding Domain, noting divergent responses and potential areas of alignment
- 4. After reviewing Assessment results, utilize the <u>TAP Gap Prioritization Worksheet</u> to outline and prioritize next steps for potential interventions

Facility Name:	Title or Role of Person Completing Tool:						
I. General Infrast	ructure						
1. How does your facility's senior leadership promote CAUTI prevention?							
2. Does your	facility have unit-based nurse champions for CAUTI prevention?						
☐ Yes	□ No □ Unknown						
3. Does your	facility have a physician champion for CAUTI prevention?						
□ Yes	□ No □ Unknown						
Please describe additio	nal details or context to facilitate targeting of potential interventions:						
4. Does your	facility have a staff person with dedicated time to coordinate CAUTI prevention?						
☐ Yes	□ No □ Unknown						
Please describe additional details or context to facilitate targeting of potential interventions:							

Trainiı	ng
5.	How often is <i>training</i> on aseptic technique for urinary catheter insertion provided for all personnel with this responsibility?
6.	What topics are included in the <i>training</i> on aseptic technique for urinary catheter insertion provided for all personnel with this responsibility?
7.	How often is <i>training</i> on urinary catheter maintenance provided for all personnel with this responsibility?
8.	What topics are included in the <i>training</i> on urinary catheter maintenance procedures provided for all personne with this responsibility?
9.	How often is <i>training</i> on placement of the drainage bag during transport provided for all personnel that may transport patients, including ancillary personnel?
10.	. Which staff members are included in the <i>training</i> your facility provides on placement of the drainage bag ?

11. How often is *training* on use of **bladder scanners** provided for all personnel who use them?

12. What topics are included in the <i>training</i> on use of bladder scanners for all personnel who use them?
13. If your facility has Agency Staff or Locum Tenens, describe how they are oriented to facility policies/practices related to CAUTI prevention:
Skills and Knowledge Assessments 14. How are skills assessments (e.g., personnel demonstration of tasks) and/or knowledge assessments (e.g., quiz, test) on aseptic technique for urinary catheter insertion conducted for all personnel with this responsibility?
15. How are <i>skills assessments</i> (e.g., personnel demonstration of tasks) and/or <i>knowledge assessments</i> (e.g., quiz, test) on urinary catheter maintenance conducted for all personnel with this responsibility?
16. How are <i>skills assessments</i> (e.g., personnel demonstration of tasks) and/or <i>knowledge assessments</i> (e.g., quiz, test) on use of bladder scanners conducted for all personnel who use them?
Audits and Feedback
17. How is the presence of appropriate indications for indwelling urinary catheters audited (monitored and documented)?

18. How is feedback on appropriate indications for indwelling urinary catheters provided to personnel?
19. How is aseptic technique for urinary catheter insertion <i>audited</i> (monitored and documented) for all personnel with this responsibility?
20. How is <i>feedback</i> on aseptic technique for urinary catheter insertion provided to all personnel with this responsibility?
21. How are urinary catheter maintenance procedures <i>audited</i> (monitored and documented) for all personnel with this responsibility?
22. How is <i>feedback</i> on urinary catheter maintenance procedures provided to all personnel with this responsibility?
23. How is feedback on CAUTI rates and/or standardized infection ratios (SIR) provided to all healthcare personnel?
24. How is <i>feedback</i> on indwelling urinary catheter device utilization (e.g., device utilization ratios (DUR), standardized utilization ratios (SUR)) provided to all healthcare personnel?

II. Appropriate Indications for Indwelling Urinary Catheter Insertion 1. How do ordering providers document an indication for indwelling urinary catheters? 2. Are providers educated on potential complications of indwelling urinary catheters other than CAUTI (i.e., "catheter harm")? *Note: Examples of catheter harm include catheter obstruction, unintended removal, secondary bacteremia, asymptomatic bacteriuria consequences, strictures, urethral injury, pain, and others. ☐ Yes □ No ☐ Unknown Please describe additional details or context to facilitate targeting of potential interventions: 3. Are complications of indwelling urinary catheters other than CAUTI (i.e., "catheter harm") monitored and tracked? *Note: Examples of catheter harm include catheter obstruction, unintended removal, secondary bacteremia, asymptomatic bacteriuria consequences, strictures, urethral injury, pain, and others. ☐ Unknown ☐ Yes □ No Please describe additional details or context to facilitate targeting of potential interventions: 4. Do ordering providers use indwelling urinary catheters for appropriate indications? □ Never □ Rarely □ Sometimes □ Often □ Always □ Unknown Please describe additional details or context to facilitate targeting of potential interventions: 5. Do personnel use bladder scanners to confirm urinary retention before placing or replacing urinary catheters?

□ Never □ Rarely □ Sometimes □ Often □ Always □ Unknown

6.	Do personnel use bladder scanners with intermittent catheterization for management of postoperative urinary retention?							
	\square Never \square Rarely \square Sometimes \square Often \square Always \square Unknown							
7.	7. Are instructions/protocols provided for personnel to act upon bladder scanner results?							
	☐ Never ☐ Rarely ☐ Sometimes ☐ Often ☐ Always ☐ Unknown							
Please c	escribe additional details or context to facilitate targeting of potential interventions:							
8.	How are patients and/or families educated on appropriate indications for and care of urinary catheters?							
9.	Are Emergency Department personnel engaged in CAUTI prevention efforts? Please describe:							
10	In the Emergency Department (ED), is an order provided prior to insertion of an indwelling urinary catheter?							
	□ Never □ Rarely □ Sometimes □ Often □ Always □ Unknown □ No ED							
11	Do Emergency Department providers order indwelling urinary catheters for appropriate indications?							
	☐ Never ☐ Rarely ☐ Sometimes ☐ Often ☐ Always ☐ Unknown ☐ No ED							
12	Do Emergency Department providers document an indication when ordering indwelling urinary catheters?							
	\square Never \square Rarely \square Sometimes \square Often \square Always \square Unknown \square No ED							
Please describe additional details or context to facilitate targeting of potential interventions:								
13. When patients with indwelling urinary catheters are transferred from the Emergency Department to a unit, how is the indication for the indwelling urinary catheter communicated upon transfer?								

III. Aseptic Indwelling Urinary Catheter Insertion

1.	Are supplies/kits for aseptic indwelling urinary catheter insertion available in all patient care locations where urinary catheters are inserted?						
	\square Never \square Rarely \square Sometimes \square Often \square Always \square Unknown						
2.	Are only personnel who are trained on the correct technique for aseptic insertion given the responsibility for inserting urinary catheters?						
	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown						
Please d	Please describe additional details or context to facilitate targeting of potential interventions:						
3.	Do healthcare personnel receive instruction when new urinary catheter equipment or protocols are introduced?						
	□ Never □ Rarely □ Sometimes □ Often □ Always □ Unknown						
	3a. If so, describe the process for providing instruction to personnel when new urinary catheter equipment or protocols are introduced:						
4.	Does your facility require at least two personnel to be present for indwelling urinary catheter insertions – one to perform the insertion and the other(s) to observe the procedure to ensure aseptic technique (e.g., using a checklist) and assist as needed?						
	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown						
	4a. If yes, are at least two personnel present for indwelling urinary catheter insertions?						
	☐ Never ☐ Rarely ☐ Sometimes ☐ Often ☐ Always ☐ Unknown						
	4b. Describe any barriers to having two personnel present for urinary catheter insertions:						

IV. Indwelling Urinary Catheter Maintenance

1.	Does your facility utilize pre-connected, sealed urinary catheter drainage systems?						
	☐ Never ☐ Rarely ☐ Sometimes ☐ Often ☐ Always ☐ Unknown						
Please o	describe additional details or context to facilitate targeting of potential interventions:						
2.	Are the urinary drainage systems kept closed to maintain sterility (e.g., open irrigation of the urinary catheter is not performed)?						
	☐ Never ☐ Rarely ☐ Sometimes ☐ Often ☐ Always ☐ Unknown						
Please o	describe additional details or context to facilitate targeting of potential interventions:						
3.	In the Emergency Department (ED), are pre-connected, sealed urinary drainage systems with urine meters used in critically ill patients (to avoid breaking the system once transferred)?						
	\square Never \square Rarely \square Sometimes \square Often \square Always \square Unknown \square No ED						
Please o	describe additional details or context to facilitate targeting of potential interventions:						
4.	Is routine hygiene provided to the meatal area (e.g., during daily bathing or showering)?						
	\Box Never \Box Rarely \Box Sometimes \Box Often \Box Always \Box Unknown						
5.	Are alcohol-based products avoided when providing routine hygiene to the meatal area?						
	☐ Never ☐ Rarely ☐ Sometimes ☐ Often ☐ Always ☐ Unknown						
Please o	describe additional details or context to facilitate targeting of potential interventions:						
	A walling a variety of the state was warranted.						
6.							
	6a. When there are signs and/or symptoms of infection?						
	\square Never \square Rarely \square Sometimes \square Often \square Always \square Unknown						

6b. When there	are signs a	and/or symptom	s of obstruc	ction (e.g., lea	akage)?				
☐ Never	\square Rarely	\square Sometimes	\square Often	\square Always	□ Unknown				
6c. When the cl	osed systei	m is compromise	ed (i.e., disc	onnection)?					
☐ Never	\square Rarely	\square Sometimes	\square Often	\square Always	□ Unknown				
Please describe additional details or context to facilitate targeting of potential interventions:									
7. Do personnel <u>a</u>	<u>void</u> changi	ng indwelling ur	inary cathe [.]	ters and drai	nage bags at routine, fixed intervals?				
□ Yes □	No □ U	Jnknown							
*Note: "Changing indwelling catheters or drainage bags at routine, fixed intervals is not recommended. Rather, it is suggested to change catheters and drainage bags based on clinical indications such as infection, obstruction, or when the closed system is compromised." (CAUTI Guidelines Guidelines Library Infection Control CDC)									
•	7a. If indwelling urinary catheters or drainage bags are being changed when not clinically indicated, please describe factors that may be contributing to this practice:								
V. Timely Removal of	Indwellin	g Urinary Cath	eters						
1. Does your facili	ty maintain	a daily list of pa	tients with	indwelling u	rinary catheters?				
☐ Never	\square Rarely	\square Sometimes	\square Often	\square Always	□ Unknown				
1a. If so, please describe:									
2. Are patients wi	th indwellir	ng urinary cathet	ers reviewe	ed daily to ass	sess for their continued need?				
☐ Never	\square Rarely	\square Sometimes	\square Often	☐ Always	□ Unknown				
2a. If so, please des continued need:	cribe how p	patients with ind	welling urir	nary catheter	s are reviewed daily to assess for their				

3. Are indwelling urinary catheters removed in the post-anesthesia care unit (PACU) if there is no indication for continued use after surgery?						
\square Never \square Rarely \square Sometimes \square Often \square Always \square Unknown \square No PACU						
Please describe additional details or context to facilitate targeting of potential interventions:						
4. Does your facility use alerts, reminders, or stop orders for indwelling urinary catheter removal?						
\square Never \square Rarely \square Sometimes \square Often \square Always \square Unknown						
4a. If so, please describe how alerts, reminders, or stops orders are used:						
5. De abraicione veces and to cloute ou veces and one by endoring removal of unpreparent uniners, eathertows?						
5. Do physicians respond to alerts or reminders by ordering removal of unnecessary urinary catheters?						
 □ Never □ Rarely □ Sometimes □ Often □ Always □ Unknown □ Alerts, reminders, or stop orders not used 						
6. Do nurses respond to alerts or reminders by removing unnecessary urinary catheters or speaking with the physician?						
 □ Never □ Rarely □ Sometimes □ Often □ Always □ Unknown □ Alerts, reminders, or stop orders not used 						
Please describe additional details or context to facilitate targeting of potential interventions:						
7. If a nurse-directed removal protocol is in place, do nurses remove indwelling urinary catheters at your facility?						
 □ Never □ Rarely □ Sometimes □ Often □ Always □ Unknown □ No nurse-directed removal protocol in place 						
7a. Describe any barriers or challenges to the use of nurse-directed removal protocols at your facility (e.g., are nurses comfortable using the protocol, are physicians supportive):						

VI. Appropriate Urine Culturing Practices

1. For patients with a urinary catheter, are signs and/or symptoms of a urinary tract infection present whe culture is ordered (i.e., for the purpose of making a clinical diagnosis of a urinary tract infection)?							
	☐ Never ☐ Rarely ☐ Sometimes ☐ Often ☐ Always ☐ Unknown						
Please de	Please describe additional details or context to facilitate targeting of potential interventions:						
_							
2.	Is education provided to physicians on when to order urine cultures (e.g., only when appropriate indications a present)?						
	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown						
Please de	escribe additional details or context to facilitate targeting of potential interventions:						
3.	Is feedback provided to physicians on urine culture orders (e.g., frequency, appropriateness)?						
	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown						
3a.	If so, please describe how feedback is provided:						
4.	Is education provided to nurses about signs or symptoms of a urinary tract infection?						
	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown						
Please de	escribe additional details or context to facilitate targeting of potential interventions:						
5.	Is education provided to nurses about how to collect urine cultures aseptically?						
	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown						
Please de	escribe additional details or context to facilitate targeting of potential interventions:						

6.	Are urine cultu	ıre specimei	ns received in th	e microbiol	ogy lab withi	n one hour of collection?
	☐ Never	\square Rarely	☐ Sometimes	☐ Often	\square Always	□ Unknown
ı	hour. If delay i	n transport		ected, samp	_	ny lab as soon as possible, preferably within ar refrigerated (no more than 24 hours) or
		•	ens are not rece ted in preservati		0,	lab within one hour of collection, are they ?
	☐ Never	\square Rarely	☐ Sometimes	\square Often	☐ Always	□ Unknown
	How does the collection?	facility ensu	re that urine cul	tures are tr	ansported to	the lab for testing promptly following
	n this workshe		w of TAP CAUTI practices at you	•	essments, wh	nat are potential opportunities for
Unon	completion of	this form or	ad ravious of race	ances to T	AD Escility As	ssessments: The TAP Strategy GAP
-	<u>-</u>				_	e used by partners to guide in the
prioriti	zation of infec	tion prevent	tion gaps and inf	orm next st	eps.	
	onal resources P Strategy We	•	evention interve	entions, inc	luding the TA	AP Implementation Guides, are available on
For que	estions and re	quests for to	echnical assistar	nce, please	email CDC at	HAIPrevention@cdc.gov.