2008
Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System
Calculated Variables
(Version #4 - Revised: August 31, 2010)

#### INDRODUCTION:

This document provides information on calculated variables and risk factors for the 2006 Behavioral Risk Factor Survey. These variables are calculated from responses to questions in the survey. There are three types of calculated variables.

The first are those variables used to stratify and weight the data, which are not inclued in this document.

The second are intermediate variables. These are variables are derived from a question response and are used to calculate some other variable or risk factor. For example: WTKG2 is derived from the WEIGHT2 variable in the survey. WTKG2 is then used to calculate the body mass index variable (\_BMI4). Most of the intermediate variables end with an underscore (Example: FTJUDAY\_), but not all of them do.

The third type of calculated variables, are those used to categorize or classify respondents. Most of these begin with an underscore. (Example: \_BMI4.) Exceptions are: \_DENSTR2, \_GEOSTR, and \_STATE, which are determined before the interview. Some of the calculated variables group continuous variables such as weight, age, or body mass index, into categories. Other calculated variables regroup non-continuous variables to simplify analyses. The common focus of these variables is on health behaviors that are associated with a "risk" for illness or injury.

The tables in this report include a description of what the responses mean and a copy of the code used to calculate these variables in SAS®. The syntax of the code may or may not work as is in other statistical programs.

# NEW CALCULATED VARIABLES FOR 2008

\_RFBLDS2 was added in 2008.

# Section 1: Health Status

\_RFHLTH Calculated variable for adults with good or better health. \_RFHLTH is derived from GENHLTH.

- Good or Better Respondents that reported having excellent, very good or Health good health. (GENHLTH =1, 2, 3)
- Fair or Poor Respondents that reported having fair or poor health.

  Health (GENHLTH =4, 5)
- 9 Don't know/ Respondents that reported they didn't know, refused to
  Not Sure Or answer, or had missing responses for the general health
  Refused/ status question. (GENHLTH =7, 9, missing)
  Missing
  - SAS Code: IF 4 LE GENHLTH LE 5 THEN \_RFHLTH=2;
    ELSE IF 1 LE GENHLTH LE 3 THEN \_RFHLTH=1;
    ELSE \_RFHLTH=9;

# Section 2: Healthy Days - Health-Related Quality of Life

There are no calculated Variables for Section 2.

# Section 3: Health Care Access

\_HCVU65 Calculated variable for respondents aged 18-64 that have any form of health care coverage. \_HCVU65 is derived from AGE and HLTHPLAN.

- 1 Have health Respondents that reported having health care coverage (18
  care coverage <= AGE <= 64 and HLTHPLAN = 1)</pre>
- Do not have Respondents that reported not having health care coverage health care (18 <= AGE <= 64 and HLTHPLAN = 2) coverage
- Don't know/ Respondents that reported that reported they didn't know, Not Sure, were not sure, refused to report or had missing responses Refused or for having health care coverage (18 <= AGE <= 64 and HLTHPLAN Missing = 7, 9, or missing or AGE => 65)
  - SAS Code: IF 18 LE AGE LE 64 THEN DO;

    IF HLTHPLAN=1 THEN \_HCVU65=1;

    ELSE IF HLTHPLAN=2 THEN \_HCVU65=2;

    ELSE \_HCVU65=9;

    END;

    ELSE \_HCVU65 = 9;

# Section 4: Sleep

There are no calculated Variables for Section 4.

# Section 5: Exercise

- \_TOTINDA Calculated variable for adults that report doing physical activity or exercise during the past 30 days other than their regular job.

  TOTINDA is derived from EXERANY2.
  - 1 Had physical Respondents that reported doing any physical activity or activity or exercise. (EXERANY2=1) exercise
  - No physical Respondents that report doing no physical activity or activity or exercise. (EXERANY2=2) exercise in last 30 days
  - 9 Don't know/ Respondents that reported they didn't know, refused to Refused/ answer, and those with missing responses for the physical Missing activity/exercise question. (EXERANY2=7, 9, missing)
    - SAS Code: IF EXERANY2 IN (1) THEN \_TOTINDA=1;
      ELSE IF EXERANY2 IN (2) THEN \_TOTINDA=2;
      ELSE IF EXERANY2 IN (.,7,9) THEN \_TOTINDA=9;

# Section 6: Diabetes

There are no calculated Variables for Section 6.

#### Section 7: Oral Health

- \_EXTETH2 Calculated variable for adults aged 18+ that have had permanent teeth extracted. \_EXTETH2 is derived from RMVTETH3.
  - 1 Not at risk Respondents that reported having had no permanent teeth removed. (RMVTETH3=8)
  - 2 At risk Respondents that reported having had permanent teeth removed. (RMVTETH3=1 or 2 or 3)
  - Don't know/ Respondent that reported they didn't know, refused to Not Sure Or answer, or had missing values for the had any permanent Refused/ teeth extracted question. (RMVTETH3=7, 9, missing)
    Missing
    - SAS Code: IF RMVTETH3 IN (1,2,3) THEN \_EXTETH2=2; ELSE IF RMVTETH3=8 THEN \_EXTETH2=1; ELSE EXTETH2=9;

#### Section 7: Oral Health

_ALTETH2	Calculated variable for adults aged 65+ who have had all their natural	
	teeth extractedALTETH2 is derived from AGE and RMVTETH3.	

- No Respondents aged 65 or more that reporteded having none or some natural teeth removed. (AGE > 64 and RMVTETH3=1, 2, 8)
- 2 Yes Respondents aged 65 or more that reporteded having all natural teeth removed. (AGE > 64 and RMVTETH3=3)
- Don't know/ Respondents who didn't know, or refused to report their Not Sure Or age or didn't know, or refused to report if they had any Refused/ natural teeth removed. (AGE=7, 9, missing; or RMVTETH3=7, 9, missing)
- . Missing or Age Respondents aged 18-64. (18 <= AGE <= 64)
  Less Than 65

# SAS Code: IF AGE >= 65 THEN DO;

IF RMVTETH3 IN (1,2,8) THEN \_ALTETH2=1;
ELSE IF RMVTETH3=3 THEN \_ALTETH2=2;

ELSE IF RMVTETH3 IN (.,7,9) THEN \_ALTETH2=9;

END;

ELSE IF AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN \_ALTETH2=9;

ELSE \_ALTETH2=.;

\_DENVST1 Calculated variable for adults that have visited a dentist, dental

#### Section 7: Oral Health

_		dental clinic within the past yearDENVST1 is derived and DENCLEAN.
1	Yes	Respondents that reported having had dental visit or teeth cleaning visit in the past year. (LASTDEN3=1 or DENCLEAN=1)
2	No	Respondents that reported having not had dental visit or teeth cleaning visit in the past year. (LASTDEN3=2, 3, or 4 and DENCLEAN=2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, or missing)
9	Don't know/	Respondents with missing values or who refused or didn't

Don't know/ Respondents with missing values or who refused or didn't Not Sure Or know if they had a dental visit or teeth cleaning visit Refused/ in the past year. (LASTDEN3=.,7,9 and DENCLEAN=7, 9, or missing) Missing

**SAS Code:** IF LASTDEN3=8 THEN \_DENVST1=2;

ELSE IF LASTDEN3 IN (2,3,4) AND DENCLEAN IN (.,2,3,4,7,8,9) THEN

\_DENVST1=2;

ELSE IF LASTDEN3=1 OR DENCLEAN=1 THEN \_DENVST1=1;

ELSE IF LASTDEN3 IN (.,7,9) AND DENCLEAN IN (2,3,4,8) THEN

\_DENVST1=2; ELSE \_DENVST1=9;

# Section 8: Cardiovascular Disease Prevalence

There are no calculated Variables for Section 8.

#### Section 9: Asthma

_LTASTHI		variable for adults who have ever been told they have ASTHM is derived from ASTHMA2.
1	No	Respondents that have not been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma. (ASTHMA2=2)
2	Yes	Respondents that have been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma. (ASTHMA2=1)
9	Don't know/ Not Sure Or Refused/ Missing	Respondents that reporteded they did not know if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, those that refused to answer if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, or those with missing responses.  (ASTHMA2=7, 9, missing)
	SAS Code:	IF ASTHMA2=1 THEN _LTASTHM=2;

ELSE IF ASTHMA2=2 THEN \_LTASTHM=1;

ELSE LTASTHM=9;

# Section 9: Asthma

_CASTHM		Calculated variable for adults who have been told they currently have asthmaCASTHMA is derived from ASTHMA2 and ASTHNOW.					
1	No	Respondents that have not been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma or do not still have asthma. (ASTHMA2=2 or ASTHMA2=1 and ASTHNOW=2)					
2	Yes	Respondents that have been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma and that they still have asthma. (ASTHMA2=1 and ASTHNOW=1)					
9	Don't know/ Not Sure Or Refused/ Missing	Respondents that reporteded they did not know if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, those that refused to answer if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, those that did not know if they still had asthma, those that refused to answer if they still had asthma, or those with missing responses. (ASTHMA2=7, 9, missing or ASTHNOW=7, 9, missing)					
	SAS Code:	<pre>IF ASTHMA2=2 THEN _CASTHMA=1; ELSE IF ASTHMA2=1 AND ASTHNOW=1 THEN _CASTHMA=2; ELSE IF ASTHMA2=1 AND ASTHNOW=2 THEN _CASTHMA=1; ELSE _CASTHMA=9;</pre>					

# Section 9: Asthma

_ASTHMS	Calculated variable for computed asthma statusASTHMST is derived from ASTHMA2 and ASTHNOW.					
1	Current	Respondents that have been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma and that they still have asthma. (ASTHMA2=land ASTHNOW=1)				
2	Former	Respondents that have been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma but do not still have asthma. (ASTHMA2=1 and ASTHNOW=2)				
3	Never	Respondents that have not been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma. (ASTHMA2=2)				
9	Don't know/ Not Sure Or Refused/ Missing	Respondents that reporteded they didn't know if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, those that refused to answer if they had been told by a doctor, nurse or health professional that they had asthma, those that didn't know if they still had asthma, those that refused to answer if they still had asthma, or those with missing responses. (ASTHMA2=7, 9, missing; or ASTHNOW=7, 9, missing)				
	SAS Code:	<pre>IF ASTHMA2=1 AND ASTHNOW=1 THEN _ASTHMST=1; ELSE IF ASTHMA2=1 AND ASTHNOW=2 THEN _ASTHMST=2; ELSE IF ASTHMA2=2 THEN _ASTHMST=3; ELSE _ASTHMST=9;</pre>				

# Section 10: Disability

There are no calculated Variables for Section 10.

### Section 11: Tobacco Use

_SMOKER3	Calculated variable for four-level smoker status: everyday smoker,
	someday smoker, former smoker, non-smokerSMOKER3 is derived from
	SMOKE100 and SMOKDAY2.

- Current Respondents that reported having smoked at least 100 smoker now cigarettes in their lifetime and now smoke every day.

  Smokes every (SMOKE100=1 and SMOKDAY2=1)
  day
- 2 Current Respondents that reported having smoked at least 100 smoker now cigarettes in their lifetime and now smoke some days.

  Smokes some (SMOKE100=1 and SMOKDAY2=2)

  days
- Former smoker Respondents that reported having smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their lifetime and currently do not smoke.

  (SMOKE100=1 and SMOKDAY2=3)
- 4 Never smoked Respondents that reported they had not smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their lifetime. (SMOKE100=2)
- 9 Don't know/ Respondents that reporteded they didn't know if they had smoked 100 cigarettes in their lifetime, those that refused to answer if they had smoked 100 cigarettes in their lifetime, those that didn't know if they now smoked every day, some days or not at all, those that refused to answer if they now smoked every day, some days or not at all, or those with missing responses. (SMOKE100=7, 9, missing; or SMOKDAY2=7, 9, missing)

# SAS Code: IF SMOKE100=2 THEN \_SMOKER3=4;

ELSE IF SMOKE100=1 THEN DO; IF SMOKDAY2=1 THEN \_SMOKER3=1; ELSE IF SMOKDAY2=2 THEN \_SMOKER3=2; ELSE IF SMOKDAY2 = 3 THEN \_SMOKER3=3; ELSE \_SMOKER3=9; END; ELSE SMOKER3=9;

# Section 11: Tobacco Use

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_RFSMOK3		Calculated variable for adults who are current smokersRFSMOK3 is derived from _SMOKER3.				
1	No	Respondents that reported they had not smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their lifetime, those that reported having smoked 100 cigarettes in their lifetime but do not currently smoke. (_SMOKER3=3, 4)				
2	Yes	Respondents that reported having smoked at least 100 cigarettes in their lifetime and currently smoke. (_SMOKER3=1, 2)				
9	Don't know/ Refused/ Missing	Respondents that reporteded they did not know if they had smoked 100 cigarettes in their lifetime, those that refused to answer if they had smoked 100 cigarettes in their lifetime, those that didn't know if they now smoked every day, some days or not at all, those that refused to answer if they now smoked every day, some days or not at all, or those with missing responses. (_SMOKER3=9)				
	SAS Code:	<pre>IF _SMOKER3 IN (1,2) THEN _RFSMOK3=2; ELSE IF _SMOKER3 IN (3,4) THEN _RFSMOK3=1; ELSE _RFSMOK3=9;</pre>				

MRACEOR(	G Calculated variable for mrace with trailing 7,8,9s removed. MRACEORG is derived from MRACE in the original order in which the data were received from the state territory. If MRACE is greater than 9 then any trailing 7, 8, or 9 is removed. If MRACE is less than or equal to 9 then MRACEORG is equal					
	to MRACE.					
1 - 65432 1	Race code(s)	Respondents reported race or races in original order (MRACE=1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or MRACE > 10)				
7	Don't know/ Not sure	Respondents that reported they didn't know, or weren't sure of their race. (MRACE=7)				
9	Refused	Respondents that refused to give their race. (MRACE=9)				
	SAS Code:	<pre>IF LENGTH(MRACE) &gt; 1 THEN DO; MRACEORG = PUT(COMPRESS(MRACE,'789'),6.); END; ELSE DO; MRACEORG=MRACE; END;</pre>				

# Section 12: Demographics

MRACEASC Calculated variable for mrace with 7,8,9s removed, in ascending order. MRACEASC is derived from MRACEORG. The values that make up MRACEORG are sorted from smallest to largest.

```
Race code(s) Respondents reported race or races in ascending order
 1 -
                        (MRACEORG=1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or MRACEORG > 10)
12345
  6
  7
         Don't know/ Respondents that reported they didn't know, or weren't
          Not sure
                        sure of their race. (MRACEORG=7)
  9
                       Respondents that refused to give their race. (MRACEORG=9)
          Refused
                       IF LENGTH(TRIM(LEFT(MRACEORG))) > 1 THEN DO;
          SAS Code:
                        LEN=LENGTH(RIGHT(MRACEORG));
                        DO I = 1 TO LEN-1;
                        DO J = 1 TO LEN-1 WHILE (SUBSTR(MRACEORG, J+1,1) NE ' ');
                        IF SUBSTR(MRACEORG,J,1) > SUBSTR(MRACEORG,J+1,1) THEN
                        SUBSTR(MRACEORG, J, 2) = REVERSE(SUBSTR(MRACEORG, J, 2));
                         END;
                         END;
                         END;
                         MRACEASC = INPUT(MRACEORG, 6.);
```

_PRACE	Calculated variable for preferred race categoryPRACE is derived from MRACEASC and ORACE2. If MRACEASC has only one response, then _PRACE= MRACEASC. If MRACEASC has more than one response then _PRACE=ORACE2.					
1	White	Respondents that reported their race as white. (MRACE=1 or MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=1)				
2	Black or African American	Respondents that reported their race as black. (MRACE=2 or MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=2)				
3	Asian	Respondents that reported their race as Asian. (MRACE=3 or MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=3)				
4	Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander	Respondents that reported their race as Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander . (MRACE=4 or MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=4)				
5	American Indian or Alaskan Native	Respondents that reported their race as American Indian or Alaska Native. (MRACE=5 or MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=5)				
6	Other race	Respondents who report they are of some other race group not listed in the question responses. (MRACE=6 or MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=6)				
7	No preferred race	Respondents that reported they are of more than one race group but did not report a preference or the preferred race is missing (MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=7 or 9)				
8	Multiracial but preferred race not asked	Respondents that reported they are of more than one race group but did not answer the question about which race best represents them NOTE: This is a data collection error. (MRACEASC >11 and ORACE2=8 or MRACEASC >11 and ORACE2=Missing)				
77	Don't know/ Not sure	Respondents that reported they didn't know their race and did not answer the question about which race best represents them. (MRACEASC=7)				
99	Refused	Respondents who refused to give their race and did not answer the question about which race best represents them. (MRACEASC=9)				
	SAS Code:	IF 1 LE MRACEASC LE 6 THEN _PRACE=MRACEASC;  ELSE IF MRACEASC EQ 7 THEN _PRACE=77;  ELSE IF MRACEASC EQ 9 THEN _PRACE=99;  ELSE IF MRACEASC GE 12 AND ORACE2 IN (7,9) THEN _PRACE=7;  ELSE IF MRACEASC GE 12 AND ORACE2 EQ . THEN _PRACE=8;  ELSE IF MRACEASC GE 12 AND ORACE2 EQ 8 THEN _PRACE=8;  ELSE IF 1 LE ORACE2 LE 6 THEN _PRACE=ORACE2;				

_MRACE	Calculated variable for multiracial race categorizationMRACE is derived from MRACEASC. If respondents report more than one race they are assigned to the multiracial category. Otherwise _MRACE=MRACEASC.						
1	White only	Respondents that reported they are white. (MRACEASC=1)					
2	Black or African American only	Respondents that report they are black. (MRACEASC=2)					
3	Asian Only	Respondents that reported they are Asian. (MRACEASC=3)					
4	Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander only	Respondents that reported they are native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander. (MRACEASC=4)					
5	American Indian or Alaskan Native only	Respondents that reported they are American Indian or Alaska Native. (MRACEASC=5)					
6	Other race only	Respondents that reported they are of some other race group not listed in the question responses. (MRACEASC=6)					
7	Multiracial	Respondents that reported they are of more than one race group but do not specify a preferred race. (MRACEASC>11 and ORACE2=7, 8, 9, or missing)					
77	Don't know/ Not sure	Respondents that reported they did not know their race. $(MRACEASC=7)$					
99	Refused Respondents that refused to give their race information (MRACEASC=9)						
	SAS Code:	IF MRACEASC GE 12 THEN _MRACE = 7; ELSE IF MRACEASC EQ 9 THEN _MRACE = 99; ELSE IF MRACEASC EQ 7 THEN _MRACE = 77; ELSE IF 1 LE MRACEASC LE 6 THEN _MRACE = MRACEASC;					

# Section 12: Demographics

RACE2 Calculated variable for race ethnicity categories. RACE2 is derived from \_MRACE and HISPANC2. All respondents who report they are of Hispanic or Latino origin are coded as Hispanic.

- White only, Respondents that reported they are of some other race non-Hispanic group not listed in the question responses and are not of Hispanic origin. (\_MRACE=6 and HISPANC2=2)
- Black only, Respondents that reported they are of more than one race non-Hispanic group and are not of Hispanic origin. (\_MRACE=7 and HISPANC2=2)
- Asian only, Respondents that reported they are of Hispanic origin. non-Hispanic (HISPANC2=1)
- Native Respondents that reported they did not know, or refused Hawaiian or to give their race and are not of Hispanic origin or did other Pacific not know, or refused to answer if they are of Hispanic Islander only, origin. (\_MRACE =77, 99 and HISPANC2=2 or HISPANC2=7, 9)
  Non-Hispanic

#### SAS Code:

```
IF HISPANC2 IN (7,9) OR (_MRACE IN(77,99) AND HISPANC2 EQ 2) THEN
DO:
RACE2 = 9 ;
END;
ELSE IF HISPANC2 = 2 THEN DO;
IF _MRACE = 1 THEN RACE2 = 1 ;
ELSE IF _MRACE = 2 THEN RACE2 = 2;
ELSE IF MRACE = 3 THEN RACE2 = 3;
ELSE IF _MRACE = 4 THEN RACE2 = 4;
ELSE IF _MRACE = 5 THEN RACE2 = 5 ;
ELSE IF _MRACE = 6 THEN RACE2 = 6;
ELSE IF _MRACE = 7 THEN RACE2 = 7;
END;
ELSE IF HISPANC2 = 1 THEN DO;
RACE2 = 8;
END;
```

# Section 12: Demographics

RACEG2 Calculated variable for white hispanic race group. RACEG2 is derived from RACE2. Non-Hispanic Respondents that reported they are white and not of 1 White Hispanic origin. (RACE2=1) 2 Non-White or Respondents that reported they are non-white or of Hispanic origin. (RACE2=2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8) Hispanic 9 Don't know/ Respondents that reported they did not know, or refused to give their race and are not of Hispanic origin or did Not sure/ Refused not know, or refused to answer if they are of Hispanic origin. (RACE2=9) IF RACE2 = 1 THEN \_RACEG2 = 1; SAS Code:

ELSE IF RACE2 IN (2,3,4,5,6,7,8) THEN \_RACEG2 = 2;

# Section 12: Demographics

\_RACEGR2 Calculated variable for five-level race ethnicity category. \_RACEGR2 is derived from RACE2.

White only, Respondents that reported they are white and not of Non-Hispanic Hispanic origin. (RACE2=1)

ELSE IF RACE2 = 9 THEN \_RACEG2 = 9;

- 2 Black only, Respondents that reported they are black and not of Non-Hispanic Hispanic origin. (RACE2=2)
- Other race Respondents that reported they are not white and not black only, and not of Hispanic origin. (RACE2=3, 4, 5, 6)
  Non-Hispanic
- 4 Multiracial, Respondents that reported being multiracial but not of Non-Hispanic Hispanic origin. (RACE2=7)
- 5 Hispanic Respondents that reported they are of Hispanic origin.
  (RACE2=8)
- Don't know/ Respondents that reported they did not know, or refused Not sure/ to give their race and are not of Hispanic origin or did not know, or refused to answer if they are of Hispanic origin. (RACE2=9)

# SAS Code: IF RACE2=1 THEN \_RACEGR2=1; ELSE IF RACE2=2 THEN \_RACEGR2=2; ELSE IF 3 LE RACE2 LE 6 THEN \_RACEGR2=3; ELSE IF RACE2=7 THEN \_RACEGR2=4; ELSE IF RACE2=8 THEN \_RACEGR2=5; ELSE IF RACE2=9 THEN \_RACEGR2=9;

```
Calculated variable for race groups used for internet prevalence
RACE G
          tables. RACE G is derived from RACEGR2.
          White -
                      Respondents that reported they are white and not of
 1
       Non-Hispanic Hispanic origin. (_RACEGR2=1)
  2
          Black -
                    Respondents that reported they are black and not of
       Non-Hispanic Hispanic origin. (_RACEGR2=2)
  3
         Hispanic
                     Respondents that reported that they are of Hispanic
                      origin. (RACEGR2=5)
  4
        Other race All other respondents with valid race responses except
                    for those reporting multiracial or Hispanic origins.
           only,
       Non-Hispanic (_RACEGR2=3)
  5
       Multiracial, All other respondents reporting multiracial but
       Non-Hispanic non-Hispanic origin. (_RACEGR2=4)
        Don't know/
                      Respondents with don't know, refused or missing values
        Not sure/
                     for _RACEGR2. (_RACEGR2=9, missing)
         Refused
         component
         question
                     IF _RACEGR2 = 1 THEN _RACE_G = 1;
         SAS Code:
                      ELSE IF _RACEGR2 = 2 THEN _RACE_G = 2;
                      ELSE IF _RACEGR2 = 3 THEN _RACE_G = 4;
                      ELSE IF _RACEGR2 = 4 THEN _RACE_G = 5;
                       ELSE IF _RACEGR2 = 5 THEN _RACE_G = 3;
```

# Section 12: Demographics

Calculated variable for number of census race categories chosen. CNRACE is derived from MRACEASC and is equal to the number of "census" race categories chosen. 0 Other/ do not No census race categories chosen by the respondent. (6 <= know/ refused MRACEASC <= 9)</pre> 1 1 category Onecensus race category chosen by the respondent. (MRACEASC=1) chosen 2 Two census race categories chosen by the respondent. 2 category (MRACEASC=2) chosen 3 3 category Three census race categories chosen by the respondent. chosen (MRACEASC=3) 4 category Four census race categories chosen by the respondent. 4 (MRACEASC=4) chosen 5 5 category Five census race categories chosen by the respondent. (MRACEASC=5) chosen SAS Code: \*\* REMOVES EXTRA CHARACTERS \*\*; MRACE =COMPRESS(MRACEASC,'679'); \*\* REMOVES BLANK SPACES \*\*; IF MRACEASC NOTIN (6,7,9) THEN DO; CNRACE=LENGTH(COMPRESS(MRACE)); END; ELSE DO;

#### Section 12: Demographics

\_CNRACEC Calculated variable for number of census race categories chosen, collapsed. \_CNRACEC is derived from \_CNRACE.

- One category One census race category chosen by the respondent. chosen  $(\_CNRACE=1)$
- Two or more Two or more census race categories chosen by the categories respondent. (\_CNRACE>1) chosen

```
SAS Code: IF _CNRACE EQ 0 THEN _CNRACEC=.;

ELSE IF _CNRACE EQ 1 THEN _CNRACEC=1;

ELSE _CNRACEC=2;
```

CNRACE=0;

END;

Section	12:	Dem	ogr	aph	ics
_AGEG5Y					variable for fourteen-level age categoryAGEG5YR is m AGE.
1	Age	18	to	24	Respondents with reported age between 18 and 24 years (18 $\leftarrow$ AGE $\leftarrow$ 24)
2	Age	25	to	29	Respondents with reported age between 25 and 29 years (25 <= AGE <= 29)
3	Age	30	to	34	Respondents with reported age between 30 and 34 years (30 <= AGE <= 34)
4	Age	35	to	39	Respondents with reported age between 35 and 39 years (35 <= AGE <= 39)
5	Age	40	to	44	Respondents with reported age between 40 and 44 years (40 <= AGE <= 44)
6	Age	45	to	49	Respondents with reported age between 45 and 49 years (45 <= AGE <= 49)
7	Age	50	to	54	Respondents with reported age between 50 and 54 years (50 <= AGE <= 54)
8	Age	55	to	59	Respondents with reported age between 55 and 59 years (55 <= AGE <= 59)
9	Age	60	to	64	Respondents with reported age between 60 and 64 years (60 <= AGE <= 64)
10	Age	65	to	69	Respondents with reported age between 65 and 69 years (65 <= AGE <= 69)
11	Age	70	to	74	Respondents with reported age between 70 and 74 years (70 <= AGE <= 74)
12	Age	75	to	79	Respondents with reported age between 75 and 79 years (75 <= AGE <= 79)
13	_	ge 80 olde		r	Respondents with reported age between 80 and 99 years (80 <= AGE <= 99)
14	Re	n't l efuse issi	ed/		Respondents that reported they didn't know, were not sure, refused to report or had missing responses for their age. (AGE=7, 9, missing)

# Section 12: Demographics

\_AGEG5YR Calculated variable for fourteen-level age category. \_AGEG5YR is derived from AGE.

```
SAS Code:

IF 18 LE AGE LE 24 THEN _AGEG5YR = 1;

ELSE IF 25 LE AGE LE 29 THEN _AGEG5YR = 2;

ELSE IF 30 LE AGE LE 34 THEN _AGEG5YR = 3;

ELSE IF 35 LE AGE LE 39 THEN _AGEG5YR = 4;

ELSE IF 40 LE AGE LE 44 THEN _AGEG5YR = 5;

ELSE IF 45 LE AGE LE 49 THEN _AGEG5YR = 6;

ELSE IF 50 LE AGE LE 54 THEN _AGEG5YR = 7;

ELSE IF 55 LE AGE LE 59 THEN _AGEG5YR = 8;

ELSE IF 60 LE AGE LE 64 THEN _AGEG5YR = 9;

ELSE IF 65 LE AGE LE 69 THEN _AGEG5YR = 10;

ELSE IF 70 LE AGE LE 74 THEN _AGEG5YR = 11;

ELSE IF 75 LE AGE LE 79 THEN _AGEG5YR = 12;

ELSE IF 80 LE AGE LE 99 THEN _AGEG5YR = 13;

ELSE AGEG5YR = 14;
```

# Section 12: Demographics

\_AGE65YR Calculated variable for two-level age category. \_AGE65YR is derived from AGE.

- 1 Age 18 to 64 Respondents with reported ages 18-64. (18 <= AGE <=64)
- 2 Age 65 or Respondents with reported ages 65-99. (65 >= AGE >= 99) older
- 3 Don't know/ Respondents that reported they didn't know, were not
   Refused/ sure, refused, or had a missing value for AGE. (AGE=7,9,or
   Missing missing)
  - SAS Code: IF 18 LE AGE LE 64 THEN \_AGE65YR=1; ELSE IF 65 LE AGE LE 99 THEN \_AGE65YR=2; ELSE \_AGE65YR = 3;

# Section 12: Demographics

```
AGE G
           Calculated variable for six-level imputed age category. _AGE_G is
          derived from IMPAGE (imputed age).
  1
        Age 18 to 24 Respondents with imputed ages between 18-24 years of age.
                       (18 <= IMPAGE <= 24)
  2
        Age 25 to 34 Respondents with imputed ages between 25-34 years of age.
                       (25 <= _IMPAGE <= 34)
  3
        Age 35 to 44 Respondents with imputed ages between 35-44 years of age.
                       (35 <= IMPAGE <= 44)
  4
        Age 45 to 54 Respondents with imputed ages between 45-54 years of age.
                       (45 <= IMPAGE <= 54)
  5
        Age 55 to 64 Respondents with imputed ages between 55-64 years of age.
                       (55 <= IMPAGE <= 64)
  6
                       Respondents with imputed ages between 65-99 years of age.
          Age 65 or
           older
                       (IMPAGE => 65)
          SAS Code:
                       IF (18<=_IMPAGE<=24) THEN _AGE_G = 1;</pre>
                        ELSE IF (25<=_IMPAGE<=34) THEN _AGE_G = 2;
                        ELSE IF (35<=_IMPAGE<=44) THEN _AGE_G = 3;
                        ELSE IF (45<=_IMPAGE<=54) THEN _AGE_G = 4;
                        ELSE IF (55<=_IMPAGE<=64) THEN _AGE_G = 5;
                        ELSE IF (_IMPAGE >= 65) THEN _AGE_G = 6;
```

```
HTIN3
           Calculated variable for reported height in inches. HTIN3 is derived
           from HEIGHT2. HTIN3 is calculated by adding the foot portion of
          HEIGHT2 multiplied by 12, to the inch portion.
 1 -
          Height in
                        Respondents calculated height in inches. (HTIN3=(HTM3x100)
                        ÷ 2.54 or HTIN3=(height in feet x 12) + height in inches)
 998
           inches
                        Respondents that reported they didn't know, were not
 999
         Don't know/
          Refused/
                        sure, refused to report or had missing responses for their
                        height. (HEIGHT3=777, 999, 7777, 9999 or missing)
          Missing
                        ** CREATE HEIGHT1 CHARACTER VARIABLE **;
          SAS Code:
                        HEIGHT1=PUT(HEIGHT3,4.);
                         IF HEIGHT3 NOT IN (777,999,7777,9999,.) THEN DO;
                         IF 1 LE HEIGHT3 LT 800 and 0 LE (INPUT((substr(HEIGHT1,3,2)),2.))
                        LE 11 THEN DO;
                        HTIN3=(INPUT((substr(HEIGHT1,3,2)),2.)) +
                        ((INPUT((substr(HEIGHT1,2,1)),1.))*12);
                         ELSE IF 9000 LT HEIGHT3 LT 9242 THEN DO;
                         HTIN3=input(((HEIGHT3 - 9000)/2.54),3.0);
                         END;
                         END;
```

```
нтм3
           Calculated variable for reported height in meters. HTM3 is derived
           from the variable HTIN3 by multiplying HTIN3 by 2.54 cm per in and
           dividing by 100 cm per meter.
 1 -
          Height in
                        Respondents reported or calculated height in meters.
                        (HTM3 = (HTIN3 \times 2.54) \div 100 \text{ or } HTM3 = (HEIGHT3 - 9000) \div 100)
 998
          meters [2
           implied
           decimal
           places]
 999
         Don't know/
                        Respondents that reported they didn't know, were not
          Refused/
                        sure, refused to report or had missing responses for their
           Missing
                        height. (HEIGHT3=777, 999, 7777, 9999 or missing)
          SAS Code:
                        ** CONVERSION FACTOR = 39.3701 in/M **;
                         IF HEIGHT3 NOT IN (777,999,7777,9999,.) THEN DO;
                         IF 1 LE HEIGHT3 LT 800 and 0 LE (INPUT((substr(HEIGHT1,3,2)),2.))
                        LE 11 THEN DO;
                         HTM3 = (HTIN3 * 2.54) / 100;
                         END;
                         ELSE IF 9000 LT HEIGHT3 LT 9242 THEN DO;
                        HTM3 = (HEIGHT3 - 9000)/100;
                         END;
                         END;
```

```
Section 12: Demographics
           Calculated variable for reported weight in kilograms. WTKG2 is
WTKG2
          derived from WEIGHT2 by dividing WEIGHT2 by 2.2 kg per lb.
 1 -
          Weight in
                       Respondents reported or calculated weight in kilograms.
99998
        kilograms [2
           implied
           decimal
           places]
99999
         Don't know/
                       Respondents that reported they didn't know, were not
          Refused/
                       sure, refused to report or had missing responses for their
          Missing
                       weight.
                       ** CONVERSION FACTOR = 2.2046 kg/lb **;
          SAS Code:
                        IF WEIGHT2 NOT IN (777,999,7777,9999,.) THEN DO;
                        IF 0001 LE WEIGHT2 < 9000 THEN DO;
                        WTKG2=WEIGHT2/2.2;
                        END;
                        ELSE IF WEIGHT2 > 9000 THEN DO;
                        WTKG2=WEIGHT2-9000;
                        END;
                        END;
```

# Section 12: Demographics

_BMI4		variable for body mass index (bmi)BMI4 is derived from TM3. It is calculated by dividing WTKG2 by HTM32.
1 - 9998	1 or greater	Respondents calculated body mass index (BMI) {units=kilograms per meter squared}. (_BMI4 = WTKG2 / (HTM3xHTM3))
9999	Don't know/ Refused/ Missing	Respondents that had a missing value for their height in meters or weight in kilograms. (WTKG2=missing or HTM3=missing)
	SAS Code:	<pre>IF (WTKG2 NOTIN (.)) AND (HTM3 NOTIN (.)) THEN _BMI4=WTKG2/(HTM3 ** 2); ELSE _BMI4=.; _BMI4=ROUND(_BMI4,.01); IF _BMI4 GT 99.98 THEN _BMI4=99.98; ELSE IF _BMI4=. THEN _BMI4=99.99;</pre>

500010	ii ii. Domograpii	105
_BMI40		variable for three-categories of body mass index (bmi). derived from _BMI4.
1	Neither overweight nor obese	Respondents not classified as overweight or obese based on body mass index. (_BMI4 < 25.00)
2	Overweight	Respondents classified as overweight based on body mass index. (25.00 <= _BMI4 < 30.00)
3	Obese	Respondents classified as obese based on body mass index. (30.00 <= _BMI4 < 99.99)
9	Don't know/ Refused/ Missing	Respondents with an unknown, refused, or missing value for body mass index. (_BMI4=99.99)
	SAS Code:	<pre>IF (0.00 LE _BMI4 &lt; 25.00) THEN _BMI4CAT=1; ELSE IF (25.00 LE _BMI4 &lt; 30.00) THEN _BMI4CAT=2; ELSE IF (30.00 LE _BMI4 &lt; 99.99) THEN _BMI4CAT=3; ELSE IF (_BMI4 = 99.99) THEN _BMI4CAT=9;</pre>

PECCTOIL	iz. Demograpi	ites
_RFBMI4		variable for adults who have a body mass index greater than weight or obese)RFBMI4 is derived from _BMI4.
1	No	Respondents not classified as overweight or obese based on body mass index. (_BMI4 < 25.00)
2	Yes	Respondents classified as overweight or obese based on body mass index. (25.00 <= _BMI4 < 99.99)
9	Don't know/ Refused/ Missing	
	SAS Code:	<pre>IF (0.00 LE _BMI4 &lt; 25.00) THEN _RFBMI4=1; ELSE IF (25.00 &lt;= _BMI4 &lt; 99.99) THEN _RFBMI4=2; ELSE IF (_BMI4 = 99.99) THEN _RFBMI4=9; ** Round off HTM3, WTKG2 and _BMI4 to 2 decimal places and remove the decimal **; HTIN3 = round(HTIN3,1); HTM3 = round((HTM3*100),1); WTKG2 = round((WTKG2*100),1); _BMI4 = ROUND((_BMI4*100),1); IF HTIN3=. THEN HTIN3=999; IF HTM3=. THEN HTM3=999; IF WTKG2=. THEN WTKG2=999999;</pre>

# Section 12: Demographics

\_CHLDCNT Calculated variable for number of children in household. \_CHLDCNT is derived from CHILDREN.

- No children in Respondents that reported having no children. household (CHILDREN=88)
- One child in Respondents that reported having one child. (CHILDREN=1) household
- Two children Respondents that reported having two children. in household (CHILDREN=2)
- Three Respondents that reported having three children. children in (CHILDREN=3) household
- Four children Respondents that reported having four children. in household (CHILDREN=4)
- Five or more Respondents that reported having five or more children. children in (5 <= CHILDREN < 87) household
- 9 Don't know/ Respondents that reported they didn't know, were not Not sure/ sure, refused or had a missing value for CHILDREN.

  Missing (CHILDREN=99)

# SAS Code: IF CHILDREN = 88 THEN \_CHLDCNT = 1; ELSE IF CHILDREN = 01 THEN \_CHLDCNT = 2; ELSE IF CHILDREN = 02 THEN \_CHLDCNT = 3; ELSE IF CHILDREN = 03 THEN \_CHLDCNT = 4; ELSE IF CHILDREN = 04 THEN \_CHLDCNT = 5; ELSE IF 05 <= CHILDREN < 88 THEN \_CHLDCNT = 6; ELSE IF CHILDREN = 99 THEN \_CHLDCNT = 9; ELSE IF CHILDREN = . THEN \_CHLDCNT = 9;

# Section 12: Demographics

Calculated variable for level of education completed. \_EDUCAG is EDUCAG derived from EDUCA. Did not Respondents that reported they did not graduate high 1 graduate High school. (EDUCA=1,2,3) School 2 Graduated Respondents that reported they graduated high school. (EDUCA=4) High School 3 Attended Respondents that reported they attended college or technical school. (EDUCA=5) College or Technical School Respondents that reported they graduated from college or 4 Graduated from College or technical school. (EDUCA=6) Technical School Don't know/ 9 Respondents that reported they did't know, were not sure, refused, or had a missing value for EDUCA. (EDUCA=9, missing) Not sure/ Missing SAS Code: IF EDUCA IN (1,2,3) THEN \_EDUCAG = 1; ELSE IF EDUCA IN (4) THEN \_EDUCAG = 2; ELSE IF EDUCA IN (5) THEN \_EDUCAG = 3; ELSE IF EDUCA IN (6) THEN \_EDUCAG = 4;

ELSE IF EDUCA IN (.,9) THEN \_EDUCAG = 9;

_INCOMG	Calculated	variable for income categoriesINCOMG is derived from
	INCOME2.	
1	Less than \$15,000	Respondents whos reported income is less than \$15,000. (INCOME2=1,2)
2	\$15,000 to less than \$25,000	Respondents whos reported income is \$15,000 to less than \$25,000. (INCOME2=3,4)
3	\$25,000 to less than \$35,000	Respondents whos reported income is \$25,000 to less than \$35,000. (INCOME2=5)
4	\$35,000 to less than \$50,000	Respondents whos reported income is \$35,000 to less than \$50,000. (INCOME2=6)
5	\$50,000 or more	Respondents whos reported income is \$50,000 or more. (INCOME2=7,8)
9	Don't know/ Not sure/ Missing	Respondents that refused to answer, didn't know or had a missing value for INCOME2. (INCOME2=77,99, or missing)
	SAS Code:	<pre>IF INCOME2 IN (1,2) THEN _INCOMG = 1; ELSE IF INCOME2 IN (3,4) THEN _INCOMG = 2; ELSE IF INCOME2 IN (5) THEN _INCOMG = 3; ELSE IF INCOME2 IN (6) THEN _INCOMG = 4; ELSE IF INCOME2 IN (7,8) THEN _INCOMG = 5; ELSE IF INCOME2 IN (77,99,.) THEN _INCOMG = 9;</pre>

# Section 13: Alcohol Consumption

DROCDY2\_ Calculated variable for drink-occasions-per-day. DROCDY2\_ is derived from ALCDAY4 by dividing the ALCDAY4 variable by 7 days per week or 30 days per month.

O No Respondents reported no occasions per day that they Drink-Occasion consumed alcohol. (ALCDAY4=888 or DRNKANY4=2) s per day

1 - Respondents reported number of occasions per day that 899 Drink-Occasion they consumed alcohol. (ALCDAY4 not equal to 777, 888, 999, or s per day missing and DRNKANY4 not equal to 2, 7, 9, or missing)

Don't know/ Respondents that reported they did not know how many days
Not Sure Or they had at least one drink of alcohol, those that refused
Refused/ to answer how many days they had at least one drink of
Missing alcohol, those with missing responses. (ALCDAY4=777, 999,
or missing or DRNKANY4=7, 9, or missing)

SAS Code: IF DRNKANY4 NOTIN (.,2,7,9) AND ALCDAY4 NOTIN (888,777,999,.) THEN DO;

IF 101 LE ALCDAY4 LE 107 THEN DROCDY2\_=(ALCDAY4-100)/7; ELSE IF 201 LE ALCDAY4 LE 230 THEN DROCDY2\_=(ALCDAY4-200)/30; END;

ELSE IF ALCDAY4 EQ 888 THEN DROCDY2\_=0; ELSE IF DRNKANY4 EQ 2 THEN DROCDY2\_=0; ELSE DROCDY2\_=9;

# Section 13: Alcohol Consumption

_RFBING4	drinks on o	variable for binge drinkers (males having five or more ne occasion, females having four or more drinks on one _RFBING4 is derived from DRNK3GE5 and ALCDAY4.
1	No	Respondents that reported they did not drink in the past 30 days, or those that report that they did drink alcohol in the past 30 days but did not report having five or more drinks of alcohol on an occasion. (ALCDAY4<231 and DRNK3GE5=88; or ALCDAY4=888)
2	Yes	Respondents that reported they did drink in the past 30 days and had five or more drinks on one or more occasions in the past month. (ALCDAY4<231 and 1<=DRNK3GE5<=76)
9	Don't know/ Refused/ Missing	Respondents that reporteded that they did not know if they had consumed five or more drinks of alcohol on one occasion or refused to answer if they had consumed five or more drinks of alcohol on one occasion or those with missing responses. (DRNK3GE5=77, 99, missing; or ALCDAY4=777, 999, missing)
	SAS Code:	<pre>IF DRNKANY4 NOTIN (.,2,7,9) AND ALCDAY4 NOTIN (888) THEN DO; IF 1 LE DRNK3GE5 LE 76 THEN _RFBING4=2; ELSE IF DRNK3GE5 IN (.,77,99) THEN _RFBING4=9; ELSE IF DRNK3GE5 IN (88) THEN _RFBING4=1; END; ELSE IF ALCDAY4 = 888 THEN _RFBING4=1; ELSE IF DRNKANY4 = 2 THEN _RFBING4=1; ELSE _RFBING4=9;</pre>

# Section 13: Alcohol Consumption

DRNKDY3 Calculated variable for calculated total number of alcoholic beverages consumed per day. DRNKDY3 is derived from DROCDY2 and AVEDRNK2 by multiplying the total number of drink occasions per day (DROCDY2\_) by the average number of drinks per occasion (AVEDRNK2).

0 Did not drink Respondents who did not drink in the past month. (DROCDY2 = 0)

1 -Number of Respondents reported number of alcholic drinks in the 9899 drinks per day past month. (0 < DROCDY2\_ < 990)

9900 Don't know/ Not sure/ Refused/ Missing

Respondents who refused to report the number of alcohol drinks consumed per day, or respondents who did not know the number of alcohol drinks consumed per day, or those with missing responses or respondents who refused to report the number drink occasions per day, or respondents who did not know the number of drink occasions per day, or those with missing responses. (AVEDRNK2=.,77,99 or DROCDY2\_=900)

SAS Code:

IF DROCDY2\_ = 0 THEN \_DRNKDY3=0; ELSE IF DROCDY2\_ = 9 THEN \_DRNKDY3=99; ELSE IF AVEDRNK2 IN (.,77,99) THEN \_DRNKDY3=99;

ELSE \_DRNKDY3=AVEDRNK2 \* DROCDY2\_;

\_DRNKDY3=ROUND((\_DRNKDY3\*100),1);

\*This is done after all of the alcohol calculations but the code is

included here;

#### Section 13: Alcohol Consumption

DRNKMO3 Calculated variable for calculated total number of alcoholic beverages consumed per month. \_DRNKMO3 is derived by multiplying DRNKDY3 by 30.

0 Did not drink Respondents who did not consume any drinks of alcohol in in the past the past month. (DRNKDY3=0) month

1 -Number of 9998 Drinks

Respondents reported number of alcholic drinks pre day. (0 < DRNKDY3 < 9999)

9999 Don't know/ Respondents that reporteded they did not know if they Refused/ consumed any drinks of alcohol in the past month, or those Missing that refused to answer if they consumed any drinks of alcohol in the past month. (\_DRNKDY3=9999)

> IF \_DRNKDY3 NOTIN (.,99) THEN \_DRNKMO3=\_DRNKDY3\*30; SAS Code: ELSE DRNKMO3=9999; \_DRNKMO3=ROUND(\_DRNKMO3,1);

> > \*This is done after all of the alcohol calculations but the code is included here;

# Section 13: Alcohol Consumption

_RFDRHV3	two drinks p	variable for heavy drinkers (adult men having more than er day and adult women having more than one drink per day).  derived from _DRNKDY3, ALCDAY4, and SEX.
1	No	Male respondents that reported having 2 drinks per day or less, or female respondents that reported having 1 drinks per day or less. (Sex=1 and _DRNKDY3 <= 200 or Sex=2 and _DRNKDY3 <= 100 or ALCDAY4=888)
2	Yes	Male respondents that reported having more than 2 drinks per day, or female respondents that reported having more than 1 drink per day. (Sex=1 and _DRNKDY3 > 200 or Sex=2 and _DRNKDY3 > 100)
9	Don't know/ Refused/ Missing	Respondents with don't know, refused or missing responses for ALCDAY4 or _DRNKDY3. (ALCDAY4=777, 999, or missing, or _DRNKDY3=99, or missing)
	SAS Code:	<pre>IF SEX=1 AND _DRNKDY3 NOTIN (99,.) THEN DO; IF _DRNKDY3 GT 2 THEN _RFDRHV3=2; ELSE IF _DRNKDY3 LE 2 THEN _RFDRHV3=1; END; ELSE IF SEX=2 AND _DRNKDY3 NOTIN (99,.) THEN DO; IF _DRNKDY3 GT 1 THEN _RFDRHV3=2; ELSE IF _DRNKDY3 LE 1 THEN _RFDRHV3=1; END; ELSE IF ALCDAY4 EQ 888 THEN _RFDRHV3=1; ELSE IF DRNKANY4 EQ 2 THEN _RFDRHV3=1; ELSE _RFDRHV3=9;</pre>

\_RFDRMN3 Calculated variable for adult men that are heavy drinkers (having more

# Section 13: Alcohol Consumption

than two drinks per day). \_RFDRMN3 is derived from \_DRNKDY3 and SEX and ALCDAY4. 1 No Male respondents that reported having 2 drinks per day or less. (SEX=1 and \_DRNKDY3 <= 200 or ALCDAY4=888) 2 Yes Male respondents that reported having more than 2 drinks per day. (SEX=1 and \_DRNKDY3 > 200) 9 Don't know/ Male respondents with don't know, refused or missing responses for ALCDAY4 or  $\_DRNKDY3$ . (SEX=1 and ALCDAY4=777, Refused/ 999, or missing, or \_DRNKDY3=99, or missing) Missing Respondent is Female respondents. (SEX=2) female SAS Code: IF SEX=1 THEN DO;

IF SEX=1 THEN DO;
IF \_DRNKDY3 NOTIN (99,.) THEN DO;
IF \_DRNKDY3 GT 2 THEN \_RFDRMN3=2;
ELSE IF \_DRNKDY3 LE 2 THEN \_RFDRMN3=1;
END;
ELSE IF ALCDAY4 IN (888) THEN \_RFDRMN3=1;
ELSE IF DRNKANY4 EQ 2 THEN \_RFDRMN3=1;
ELSE \_RFDRMN3=9;
END;
ELSE IF SEX=2 THEN RFDRMN3=.;

# Section 13: Alcohol Consumption

\_RFDRWM3 Calculated variable for adult women that are heavy drinkers (having more than one drink per day). RFDRWM3 is derived from DRNKDY3 and SEX and ALCDAY4. 1 Female respondents that reported having 1 drink per day No or less. (SEX=2 and \_DRNKDY3 <= 200 or ALCDAY4=888) 2 Yes Female respondents that reported having more than 1 drink per day. (SEX=2 and \_DRNKDY3 > 200) 9 Don't know/ Female respondents with don't know, refused or missing responses for ALCDAY4 or \_DRNKDY3. (SEX=2 and ALCDAY4=777, Refused/ 999, or missing, or \_DRNKDY3=99, or missing) Missing Respondent is Male respondents. (SEX=1) male SAS Code: IF SEX=2 THEN DO; IF \_DRNKDY3 NOTIN (99,.) THEN DO; IF \_DRNKDY3 GT 1 THEN \_RFDRWM3=2; ELSE IF \_DRNKDY3 LE 1 THEN \_RFDRWM3=1; END; ELSE IF ALCDAY4 IN (888) THEN \_RFDRWM3=1; ELSE IF DRNKANY4 EQ 2 THEN \_RFDRWM3=1; ELSE \_RFDRWM3=9; END; Else IF SEX=1 THEN RFDRWM3=.; \*\* ROUND OFF DRNKMO3 TO NO DECIMAL PLACES \*\* MULTIPLY DRNKDY3 BY 100 AND THEN ROUND OFF TO NO DECIMAL PLACES AND THEN REMOVE THE DECIMAL PLACES \*\*; DROCDY2\_=round((DROCDY2\_\*100),1); \_DRNKMO3=ROUND(\_DRNKMO3,1); \_DRNKDY3=ROUND((\_DRNKDY3\*100),1);

# Section 14: Immunization

65

_FLSHOT3	Calculated variable for adults aged 65+ who have had a flu shot within
	the past yearFLSHOT3 is derived from FLUSHOT3.

1	Yes	Respondents aged 65 or older that reporteded having a flu shot within the past 12 months. (AGE >= 65 and FLUSHOT3=1)
2	No	Respondents aged 65 or older that reporteded not having had a flu shot within the past 12 months. (AGE $>=$ 65 and FLUSHOT3=2)
9	Don't know/ Not Sure Or Refused/	Respondents who did not know their age, those that refused to report their age, those that didn't know if they had a flu shot in the past 12 months, or those that refused

Missing to answer if they had a flu shot in the past 12 months, or those with missing responses. (AGE >= 65 and FLUSHOT3=7,9, or missing or AGE=7,9, or missing)

Age Less Than Respondents aged 18-64. (18 <= AGE <= 64)

SAS Code: IF AGE GE 65 THEN DO;

IF FLUSHOT3=1 THEN \_FLSHOT3=1;
ELSE IF FLUSHOT3=2 THEN \_FLSHOT3=2;

ELSE IF FLUSHOT3 IN (.,7,9) THEN \_FLSHOT3=9;

END;

ELSE IF AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN \_FLSHOT3=9;

ELSE \_FLSHOT3=.;

# Section 14: Immunization

_PNEUMO		variable for adults aged 65+ who have ever had a pneumonia PNEUMO2 is derived from PNEUVAC3.
1	Yes	Respondents aged 65 or older that reporteded having a pneumonia shot. (AGE >= 65 and FLUSHOT3=1)
2	No	Respondents aged 65 or older that reporteded not having had a pneumonia shot. (AGE >= 65 and FLUSHOT3=2)
9	Don't know/ Not Sure Or Refused/ Missing	Respondents who did not know their age, those that refused to report their age, those that did not know if they ever had a pneumonia shot, those that refused to answer if they had a pneumonia shot, or those with missing responses.  (AGE >= 65 and PNEUVAC3=7,9, or missing or AGE=7,9, or missing)
	Age Less Than 65	Respondents aged 18-64. (18 <= AGE <= 64)
	SAS Code:	<pre>IF AGE GE 65 THEN DO; IF PNEUVAC3=1 THEN _PNEUMO2=1; ELSE IF PNEUVAC3=2 THEN _PNEUMO2=2; ELSE IF PNEUVAC3 IN (.,7,9) THEN _PNEUMO2=9;</pre>

ELSE IF AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN \_PNEUMO2=9;

# Section 15: Falls

There are no calculated Variables for Section 15.

END;

ELSE \_PNEUMO2=.;

ELSE \_PNEUMO2=.;

#### Section 16: Seatbelt Use

\_RFSEAT2 Calculated variable for always or nearly always wear seat belts calculated variable. \_RFSEAT2 is derived from SEATBELT.

- Always or Respondents that report they always or nearly always use Almost Always a seatbelt when they ride or drive in a car or they never Wear Seat Belt drive or ride in a car. (SEATBELT=1,2,8)
- Sometimes, Respondents that report they sometimes, seldom or never Seldom, or use a seatbelt when they ride or drive in a car.

  Never Wear Seat (SEATBELT=3,4,5)

  Belt
- Don't know/ Respondents that report they don't know, are not sure, Not Sure Or refused or with missing responses for if they use a Refused/ seatbelt when they ride or drive in a car. (SEATBELT=7,9 or missing)
  - SAS Code: IF SEATBELT IN (1,2,8) THEN \_RFSEAT2=1; ELSE IF SEATBELT IN (3,4,5) THEN \_RFSEAT2=2; ELSE \_RFSEAT2=9;

#### Section 16: Seatbelt Use

\_RFSEAT3 Calculated variable for always wear seat belts calculated variable.

RFSEAT3 is derived from SEATBELT.

- Always Wear Respondents that report they always use a seatbelt when Seat Belt they ride or drive in a car or they never drive or ride in a car. (SEATBELT=1,8)
- Don't Always Respondents that report they nearly always, sometimes, Wear Seat Belt seldom or never use a seatbelt when they ride or drive in a car. (SEATBELT=2,3,4,5)
- Don't know/ Respondents that reported they don't know, are not sure, Not Sure Or refused or have missing responses to if they use a Refused/ seatbelt when they ride or drive in a car. (SEATBELT=7,9 or missing)
  - SAS Code: IF SEATBELT IN (1,8) THEN \_RFSEAT3=1; ELSE IF SEATBELT IN (2,3,4,5) THEN \_RFSEAT3=2; ELSE \_RFSEAT3=9;

#### Section 17: Drinking and Driving

There are no calculated Variables for Section 17.

### Section 18: Women's Health

_RFMAM2Y	Calculated variable for women respondents aged 40+ that have had a
	mammogram in the past two yearsRFMAM2Y is derived from SEX, AGE,
	HADMAM, and HOWLONG.

1	Yes	Female respondents aged 40 and older that have received
		a mammogram within the past two years. (Sex=2 and AGE >= 40
		and HADMAM=1 and HOWLONG=1,2)

- 2 No Female respondents aged 40 and older that have not received a mammogram within the past two years. (Sex=2 and AGE >= 40 and HADMAM=2 or HADMAM=1 and HOWLONG=3,4,5)
- Don't know/ Female respondents aged 40 and older with don't know, not sure/ sure, or refused responses for HADMAM or HOWLONG or female responses for AGE, HADMAM or HOWLONG. (Sex=2 and HADMAM=7,9, missing or HOWLONG=7,9, missing or AGE=7,9,missing)
- . Missing or Age Female respondents less than 40 years old, or male less than 40 or respondents. (SEX=1 or SEX=2 and AGE < 40)

  Male

# SAS Code: IF SEX=2 AND AGE GE 40 THEN DO; IF HADMAM=1 THEN DO; IF HOWLONG IN (1,2) THEN \_RFMAM2Y=1;

ELSE IF HOWLONG IN (3,4,5) THEN \_RFMAM2Y=2;

ELSE IF HOWLONG IN (7,9,.) THEN \_RFMAM2Y=9;

END;

ELSE IF HADMAM=2 THEN \_RFMAM2Y=2;

ELSE IF HADMAM IN (7,9,.) THEN \_RFMAM2Y=9;

END;

ELSE IF SEX=2 AND AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN \_RFMAM2Y=9;

ELSE \_RFMAM2Y=.;

### Section 18: Women's Health

9

_MAM502Y	Calculated variable for women respondents aged 50+ that have had a
	mammogram in the past two yearsMAM502y is derived from SEX, AGE,
	HADMAM, and HOWLONG.

1	Yes	Female respondents aged 50 and older that have received
		a mammogram within the past two years. (Sex=2 and AGE >= 50 and HADMAM=1 and HOWLONG=1,2)
2	No	Female respondents aged 50 and older that have not received a mammogram within the past two years. (Sex=2 and

AGE >= 50 and HADMAM=2 or HADMAM=1 and HOWLONG=3,4,5)

Don't know/ Female respondents aged 50 and older with don't know, not sure, or refused responses for HADMAM or HOWLONG or female respondents with don't know, not sure, refused or missing

responses for AGE, HADMAM or HOWLONG. (Sex=2 and HADMAM=7,9, missing or HOWLONG=7,9, missing or AGE=7,9,missing)

. Missing or Age Female respondents less than 50 years old, or male less than 50 or respondents. (SEX=1 or SEX=2 and AGE < 50)

Male

# SAS Code: IF SEX=2 AND AGE GE 50 THEN DO;

IF HADMAM=1 THEN DO;

IF HOWLONG IN (1,2) THEN \_MAM502Y=1;

ELSE IF HOWLONG IN (3,4,5) THEN \_MAM502Y=2;

ELSE IF HOWLONG IN (7,9) THEN \_MAM502Y=9;

END;

ELSE IF HADMAM=2 THEN \_MAM502Y=2;

ELSE IF HADMAM IN (7,9,.) THEN \_MAM502Y=9;

END;

ELSE IF SEX=2 AND AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN \_MAM502Y=9;

ELSE \_MAM502Y=.;

# Section 18: Women's Health

_RFPAP32	pap test in	variable for women respondents aged 18+ that have had a the past three yearsRFPAP32 is derived from the EX, AGE, HADHYST2, PREGNANT, HADPAP2, and LASTPAP2.
1	Yes	Female respondents aged 18 and older, with intact cervix, that have received a pap smear within the past three years. (SEX=2 and AGE GE 18 and HADHYST2 NE 1 or PREGNANT=1 and HADPAP2=1 and LASTPAP2=1,2,3)
2	No	Female respondents aged 18 and older, with intact cervix, that have not received a pap smear within the past three years. (SEX=2 and AGE GE 18 and HADHYST2 NE 1 or PREGNANT=1 and HADPAP2=2 or HADPAP2=1 and LASTPAP2=4,5)
9	Don't know/ Not Sure/ Refused	Female respondents aged 18 and older, with intact cervix, with don't know, not sure or refused responses for HADPAP2 or LASTPAP2 or females with don't know, not sure, refused or missing responses to AGE. (SEX=2 and AGE GE 18 and HADHYST2 NE 1 or PREGNANT=1 and HADPAP2=7,9 or LASTPAP2=7,9 or AGE=7,9,missing)
٠	Missing or Male	Female respondents aged 18 and older with missing responses for HADPAP2 or LASTPAP2, or with yes, responses for having had a hysterectomy or male respondents. (SEX=2 and AGE >=18 and HADHYST2=1 AND PREGNANT NE 1 or HADPAP2=missing or LASTPAP2=missing or SEX=1)
	SAS Code:	<pre>IF SEX=2 AND HADHYST2=1 AND PREGNANT NE 1 THEN DO; _RFPAP32=.; END; ELSE DO; IF SEX=2 AND AGE &gt;= 18 THEN DO; IF HADPAP2=1 THEN DO; IF 1 LE LASTPAP2 LE 3 THEN _RFPAP32=1; ELSE IF 4 LE LASTPAP2 LT 7 THEN _RFPAP32=2; ELSE IF LASTPAP2 IN (7,9) THEN _RFPAP32=9; ELSE IF LASTPAP2=. THEN _RFPAP32=.; END; ELSE IF HADPAP2=2 THEN _RFPAP32=2; ELSE IF HADPAP2=2 THEN _RFPAP32=2; ELSE IF HADPAP2=. THEN _RFPAP32=.; END; ELSE IF SEX=2 AND AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN _RFPAP32=9; ELSE _RFPAP32=.; END;</pre>

# Section 19: Prostate Cancer Screening

_RFPSA2Y	Calculated variable for male respondents aged 40+ that have had a psa
	test in the past 2 yearsRFPSA2Y is derived from SEX, AGE, PSATEST,
	and PSATIME.

1	Yes	Male respondents aged 40 and older that have had a PSA
		test within the past two years. (SEX=1 and AGE >= 40 and
		PSATEST=1 and PSATIME=1 or 2)

9	Don't know/ Not Sure/	Male respondents aged 40 and older with don't know, not sure or refused responses for PSATEST or PSATIME or male
	Refused	respondents with don't know, not sure, refused or missing
		responses to AGE. (SEX=1 and AGE >= 40 and PSATEST=7,9 or PSATIME=7,9 or SEX=1 and AGE=7,9,missing)

Missing or Age Male respondents aged 40 and older with missing responses less than 40 or for PSATEST or PSATIME, Male respondents aged less than Female 40, or female respondents. (SEX=1 and AGE >=40 and PSATEST=missing or PSATIME=missing or SEX=1 and AGE < 40 or SEX=2)

# SAS Code: IF (SEX=1) AND (AGE GE 40) THEN DO; IF PSATEST=1 THEN DO; IF PSATIME IN (1,2) THEN \_RFPSA2Y=1; ELSE IF PSATIME IN (3,4,5) THEN \_RFPSA2Y=2; ELSE IF PSATIME IN (7,9) THEN \_RFPSA2Y=9;

ELSE IF PSATIME=. THEN \_RFPSA2Y=.; END; ELSE IF PSATEST=2 THEN \_RFPSA2Y=2; ELSE IF PSATEST IN (7,9) THEN \_RFPSA2Y=9; ELSE IF PSATEST=. THEN \_RFPSA2Y=.;

END;
ELSE IF (SEX=1) AND AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN \_RFPSA2Y=9;
ELSE \_RFPSA2Y=.;

# Section 20: Colorectal Cancer Screening

No

2

_RFBLDS2	Calculate	d variable for respondents aged 50+ that have had a blood
	stool test	within the past two yearsRFBLDS2 is derived from AGE,
	BLDSTOOL,	and LSTBLDS3.
1	Yes	Respondents aged 50 and older that have had a blood stool
		test within the past two years. (AGE >=50 and BLDSTOOL=1 and
		LSTBLDS3=1,2)

- Respondents aged 50 and older that have not received a blood stool test within the past two years. (AGE >=50 and BLDSTOOL=2 or BLDSTOOL=1 and LSTBLDS3=3,4)
- Don't know/ Respondents aged 50 and older with don't know, not sure Not Sure/ or refused responses to BLDSTOOL or LSTBLDS3 or with don't Refused know, not sure, refused or missing responses for AGE. (AGE >=50 and BLDSTOOL=7,9 or LSTBLDS3=7,9 or AGE=7,9,missing)
- . Missing or Age Respondents aged 50 and older with missing responses for less than 50 BLDSTOOL or LSTBLDS3, or respondents aged less than 50.

  (AGE >=50 and BLDSTOOL=missing or LSTBLDS3=missing or AGE<50)

# 

ELSE \_RFBLDS2=.;

# Section 20: Colorectal Cancer Screening

\_RFSIGM2 Calculated variable for respondents aged 50 or older that have had a sigmoidoscopy or colonoscopy. \_RFSIGM2 is derived from AGE and HADSIGM3.

1	Yes	Respondents aged 50 and older that have had a sigmoidoscopy or colonoscopy. (AGE >=50 and HADSIGM3=1)
2	No	Respondents aged 50 and older that have never had a sigmoidoscopy or colonoscopy. (AGE >=50 and HADSIGM3=2)
9	Don't know/ Not Sure/ Refused	Respondents aged 50 and older with don't know, not sure or refused responses to HADSIGM or with don't know, not sure, refused or missing responses to AGE. (AGE >=50 and HADSIGM3=7,9 or AGE=7,9,missing)

Missing or Age Respondents aged 50 and older with missing responses for less than 50 HADSIGM3, or respondents aged less than 50. (AGE >=50 and HADSIGM3=missing or AGE < 50)

**SAS Code:** IF AGE>=50 THEN DO;

IF HADSIGM3=1 THEN \_RFSIGM2=1;
ELSE IF HADSIGM3=2 THEN \_RFSIGM2=2;

ELSE IF HADSIGM3 IN (7,9) THEN \_RFSIGM2=9;

ELSE IF HADSIGM3=. THEN \_RFSIGM2=.;

END;

ELSE IF AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN \_RFSIGM2=9;

ELSE \_RFSIGM2=.;

# Section 21: HIV/AIDS

_AIDTS	_AIDTST2 Calculated variable for adults aged 18-64 that have ever been tested for hivAIDTST2 is derived from AGE and HIVTST5.		
1	Yes	Respondents with reported ages between 18 and 64 that reported to have been tested for HIV. (18<=AGE<=64 and HIVTST5=1)	
2	No	Respondents with reported ages between 18 and 64 that did not report having been tested for HIV. (18<=AGE<=64 and HIVTST5=2)	
9	Don't know/ Not Sure/ Refused	Respondents with reported ages between18 and 64 that reported they did not know if they had been tested for HIV, or those with reported ages between18 and 64 that refused to answer if they had been tested for HIV. or respondents that reported they did not know their age or respondents that refused to report their age. (18<=AGE<=64 and HIVTST5=7,9 or AGE=7,9)	
٠		Respondents with missing responses for HIVTST5 or respondents with reported ages older than 64 or respondents with missing age responses. (18<=AGE<=64 and HIVTST5=missing or AGE > 64 or AGE=missing)	
	SAS Code:	<pre>IF 18 &lt;= AGE &lt;= 64 THEN DO; IF HIVTST5=1 THEN _AIDTST2=1; FLSE IE HIVTST5=2 THEN _AIDTST2=2;</pre>	

ELSE IF HIVTST5=2 THEN \_AIDTST2=2;

ELSE IF HIVTST5 IN (7,9) THEN \_AIDTST2=9;

ELSE IF HIVTST5=. THEN \_AIDTST2=.;

ELSE IF AGE IN (.,7,9) THEN \_AIDTST2=9;

ELSE \_AIDTST2=.;

# Section 22: Emotional Support and Life Satisfaction

There are no calculated Variables for Section 22.